

Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.
Form 424B3
August 15, 2007

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) (3)
Registration File No.: 333-124582-10

Supplement No. 5 to market-making prospectus dated May 19, 2007

The date of this Supplement is August 15, 2007

On August 14, 2007, Cooper Standard Holdings Inc. filed the attached Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 333-123708

COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)
39550 Orchard Hill Place Drive
Novi, Michigan 48375

20-1945088
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(248) 596-5900

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Act. (check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of common stock of registrant outstanding, at July 31, 2007:

3,233,600 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2007
(UNAUDITED)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|------------------|--------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Sales | \$ 592,479 | \$ 623,998 | \$ 1,132,850 | \$ 1,200,259 |
| Cost of products sold | 491,360 | 517,190 | 945,036 | 999,974 |
| Gross profit | 101,119 | 106,808 | 187,814 | 200,285 |
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | 51,099 | 51,309 | 99,935 | 100,029 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 7,872 | 7,930 | 15,380 | 15,739 |
| Restructuring | 3,725 | 9,049 | 5,948 | 13,792 |
| Operating profit | 38,423 | 38,520 | 66,551 | 70,725 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | (21,949) | (21,040) | (42,216) | (42,884) |
| Equity earnings | 398 | 322 | 1,347 | 654 |
| Other income (expense) | 5,138 | 461 | 4,181 | (781) |
| Income before income taxes | 22,010 | 18,263 | 29,863 | 27,714 |
| Provision for income tax expense | 1,943 | 8,577 | 4,314 | 13,354 |
| Net income | \$ 20,067 | \$ 9,686 | \$ 25,549 | \$ 14,360 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| | December 31, 2006 | June 30, 2007 (Unaudited) |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 56,322 | \$ 74,980 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 383,779 | 443,657 |
| Inventories, net | 120,865 | 114,428 |
| Prepaid expenses | 11,349 | 17,300 |
| Other | 10,071 | 10,071 |
| Total current assets | 582,386 | 660,436 |
| Property, plant, and equipment, net | 542,536 | 552,863 |
| Goodwill | 435,636 | 440,232 |
| Intangibles, net | 284,539 | 270,538 |
| Other assets | 66,336 | 69,902 |
| | \$ 1,911,433 | \$ 1,993,971 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Debt payable within one year | \$ 17,414 | \$ 20,415 |
| Accounts payable | 165,992 | 215,655 |
| Payroll liabilities | 71,650 | 81,861 |
| Accrued liabilities | 76,278 | 87,840 |
| Total current liabilities | 331,334 | 405,771 |
| Long-term debt | 1,038,047 | 1,013,168 |
| Pension benefits | 60,994 | 59,081 |
| Postretirement benefits other than pensions | 99,300 | 103,414 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 34,008 | 34,783 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 27,041 | 26,856 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 3,500,000 shares authorized, 3,238,100 and 3,233,600 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively | 32 | 32 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 323,778 | 323,655 |
| Retained earnings (deficit) | (4,151) | 10,014 |
| Cumulative other comprehensive income | 1,050 | 17,197 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 320,709 | 350,898 |
| | \$ 1,911,433 | \$ 1,993,971 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2007

(UNAUDITED)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| | 2006 | 2007 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Operating Activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 25,549 | \$ 14,360 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 52,293 | 45,569 |
| Amortization | 15,380 | 15,739 |
| Non-cash restructuring charges | 829 | 7 |
| Amortization of debt issuance cost | 2,188 | 2,435 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | — | 328 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | (32,729) | 13,298 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 63,510 | 91,736 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment | (36,569) | (43,775) |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | (210,043) | (9,958) |
| Gross proceeds from sale-leaseback transaction | — | 4,806 |
| Cost of equity investments | (400) | — |
| Other | (913) | 297 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (247,925) | (48,630) |
| Financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 214,858 | — |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | (5,917) | (28,910) |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock | 300 | — |
| Debt issuance cost | (4,797) | — |
| Other | (447) | 1,919 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 203,997 | (26,991) |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash | (1,702) | 2,543 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | 17,880 | 18,658 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 62,204 | 56,322 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 80,084 | \$ 74,980 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share amounts)

1. Overview

Description of business

Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. (the “Company”), through its wholly-owned subsidiary Cooper-Standard Automotive Inc., is a leading global manufacturer of body & chassis and fluid handling components, systems, subsystems, and modules, primarily for use in passenger vehicles and light trucks primarily for global original equipment manufacturers (“OEMs”) and replacement markets. The Company conducts substantially all of its activities through its subsidiaries.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for interim financial information and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as filed with the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. These financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the Company. The operating results for the interim period ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year.

Acquisition of FHS

On February 6, 2006, the Company completed the acquisition of the automotive fluid handling systems business of ITT Industries, Inc. (“FHS”). FHS, based in Auburn Hills, Michigan, was a leading manufacturer of steel and plastic tubing for fuel and brake lines and quick-connects, and operated 15 facilities in seven countries. FHS was acquired for \$205,000, subject to an adjustment based on the difference between targeted working capital and working capital at the closing date, which was settled in September 2006. Additionally, the Company incurred direct acquisition costs, principally for investment banking, legal, and other professional services. After adjusting for working capital and additional acquisition costs, the total acquisition value under purchase accounting was \$201,638.

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company reflect the acquisition under the purchase method of accounting, in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, “Business Combinations” (“SFAS 141”).

The acquisition of FHS was funded pursuant to an amendment to the Company’s Senior Credit Facilities which established a Term Loan D facility, with a notional amount of \$215,000. The Term Loan D facility was structured in two tranches, with \$190,000 borrowed in US dollars and €20,725 borrowed in Euros, to take into consideration the value of the European assets acquired in the transaction. The Company incurred approximately \$4,800 of issuance costs associated with these borrowings, primarily for loan arrangement and syndication services, which are included in Other Assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities provides for interest on Term Loan D borrowings at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus a base rate established by reference to various market-based rates and amends the interest rate margins previously applicable to Term Loan B and Term Loan

C borrowings to mirror those applicable to Term Loan D borrowings, which were market levels at the time the facility closed. The amendment also includes modifications to certain covenants under the Senior Credit Facilities, although the covenant threshold levels remain unchanged.

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The following unaudited pro forma financial data summarizes the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, as if the acquisition of FHS had occurred as of January 1, 2006. Pro forma adjustments include the removal of the results of operations of certain facilities retained by ITT Industries, Inc., liquidation of inventory fair value write-up as it had occurred during the reporting periods, depreciation and amortization to reflect the fair value of property, plant, and equipment and identified finite-lived intangible assets, the elimination of the amortization of unrecognized pension and other post retirement benefit losses, interest expense to reflect the Company's new capital structure, and certain corresponding adjustments to income tax expense. These unaudited pro forma amounts are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been attained if the acquisition had occurred at January 1, 2006 or that may be attained in the future and do not include other effects of the acquisition of FHS.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 | Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Sales | \$ 592,479 | \$ 1,173,808 |
| Operating Profit | 38,423 | 69,017 |
| Net income | 20,067 | 25,970 |
| Stock-based compensation | | |

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment, using the prospective method. The prospective method requires compensation cost to be recognized beginning on the effective date based on the requirements of SFAS 123(R) for all share-based payments granted after the effective date. All awards granted prior to the effective date will be accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees.

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 159 "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, including an amendment to FASB Statement 115" (SFAS 159). This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. This statement also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company will be required to adopt FAS No. 159 as of January 1, 2008 and is currently evaluating the impact adopting this statement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, ‘‘Employers’ Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)’’. This statement requires employers to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit post-retirement plan as an asset or liability in the statement of financial position. Further, this statement requires employers to recognize changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. In addition, this statement requires an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. SFAS No. 158 requires prospective application and is effective for non-public companies for fiscal years ending after June 15, 2007. The Company will be required to adopt SFAS No. 158 effective December 31, 2007 and is currently evaluating the impact adopting this statement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, ‘‘Fair Value Measurements.’’ SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting

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principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurement. This statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for the fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company will be required to adopt FAS No. 157 in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2008 and is currently evaluating the impact adopting this statement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (‘‘FIN’’) 48, ‘‘Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109.’’ This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity’s financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, ‘‘Accounting for Income Taxes.’’ It prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Company adopted this interpretation as of January 1, 2007, and recognized the cumulative impact of adoption of \$195 as an increase to its liability for unrecognized tax benefits with a corresponding reduction in the Company’s retained earnings balance as of January 1, 2007. See Note 7 Income Taxes for additional discussion of FIN 48.

2. Goodwill and Intangibles

In connection with the acquisition of FHS, the Company has recorded goodwill totaling \$52,481 as of June 30, 2007. In addition, the Company recorded goodwill totaling \$658 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 based on the preliminary allocation of the purchase price in connection with the El Jarudo acquisition. Other changes to goodwill primarily consisted of deferred tax and other purchase accounting adjustments in connection with the acquisition of the automotive segment of Cooper Tire & Rubber Company. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2007 are summarized as follows:

| | Body & Chassis | Fluid | Total |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ 154,903 | \$ 280,733 | \$ 435,636 |

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| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Adjustments to the Acquisition of FHS | — | (308) | (308) |
| Acquisition of El Jarudo | — | 658 | 658 |
| Other | 4,252 | (6) | 4,246 |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 159,155 | \$ 281,077 | \$ 440,232 |

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The following table presents intangible assets and accumulated amortization balances of the Company as of December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively:

| | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount | Amortization Period |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Customer contracts | \$ 153,905 | \$ (38,158) | \$ 115,747 | 7 to 9 years |
| Customer relationships | 166,595 | (16,384) | 150,211 | 15 to 20 years |
| Developed technology | 17,548 | (3,382) | 14,166 | 5 to 12 years |
| Trademarks and tradenames | 3,000 | (187) | 2,813 | 12 to 20 years |
| Other | 2,753 | (1,151) | 1,602 | |
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | \$ 343,801 | \$ (59,262) | \$ 284,539 | |
| Customer contracts | \$ 154,865 | \$ (48,178) | \$ 106,687 | 7 to 9 years |
| Customer relationships | 167,723 | (20,722) | 147,001 | 15 to 20 years |
| Developed technology | 17,582 | (4,427) | 13,155 | 5 to 12 years |
| Trademarks and tradenames | 3,000 | (295) | 2,705 | 12 to 20 years |
| Other | 2,752 | (1,762) | 990 | |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 345,922 | \$ (75,384) | \$ 270,538 | |

Amortization expense totaled \$7,872 and \$7,930 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and \$15,380 and \$15,739 for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007. Estimated amortization expense will total approximately \$31,000 for the year ending December 31, 2007.

3. Restructuring

2005 Initiatives

In 2005, the Company implemented a restructuring strategy and announced the closure of two manufacturing facilities in the United States and the decision to exit certain businesses within and outside the U.S. One of the closures was substantially completed in 2006, the other one is expected to be completed in 2007

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recorded total costs of \$2,706 related to the previously announced U.S. closures and workforce reductions in Europe. These costs consisted of severance and other exit costs of \$412 and \$2,294. The following table summarizes the activity for this initiative during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

| | Employee Separation Costs | Other Exit Costs | Asset Impairments | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ 3,672 | \$ 313 | \$ — | \$ 3,985 |
| Expense incurred | 412 | 2,294 | — | 2,706 |
| Cash payments | (2,527) | (2,234) | — | (4,761) |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 1,557 | \$ 373 | \$ — | \$ 1,930 |

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2006 Initiatives

In May 2006, the Company implemented a restructuring action and announced the closure of a manufacturing facility located in Canada and the transfer of related production to other facilities in North America. The closure is essentially complete as of June 30, 2007 at a total cost of \$3,288. The following table summarizes the activity for this initiative during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

| | Employee Separation Costs | Other Exit Costs | Asset Impairments | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ 138 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 138 |
| Expense incurred | 8 | 319 | — | 327 |
| Cash payments | (112) | (319) | — | (431) |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 34 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 34 |

2007 Initiatives

In May 2007, the Company implemented a restructuring action and announced the closure of a manufacturing facility located in Mexico and the transfer of related production to other facilities in North America. The closure is expected to be substantially complete in 2007 at an estimated total cost of approximately \$1,200. The following table summarizes the activity for this initiative during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

| | Employee Separation Costs | Other Exit Costs | Asset Impairments | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Expense incurred | 422 | 105 | 5 | 532 |
| Cash payments | (422) | (105) | (5) | (532) |
| Utilization of reserve | — | — | — | — |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |

European Initiatives

In 2006, the Company implemented a European restructuring initiative, which addresses the operations of our

non-strategic facilities. The initiative includes the closure of a manufacturing facility, terminations, and the transfer of production to other facilities in Europe and North America. The initiative is expected to be completed by the end of 2007 at an estimated total cost of approximately \$18,100. The Company recorded severance, asset impairment, and other exit costs of \$5,386, \$2, and \$4,090, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2007. The following table summarizes the activity for this initiative during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

| | Employee Separation Costs | Other Exit Costs | Asset Impairments | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ 2,534 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 2,534 |
| Expense incurred | 5,386 | 4,090 | 2 | 9,478 |
| Cash payments | (3,174) | (3,313) | (2) | (6,489) |
| Utilization of reserve | — | — | — | — |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 4,746 | \$ 777 | \$ — | \$ 5,523 |

FHS Acquisition Initiatives

In connection with the acquisition of FHS, the Company formalized a restructuring plan to address the redundant positions created by the consolidation of the businesses. In connection with this restructuring plan, the Company announced the closure of several manufacturing facilities located in

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North America, Europe, and Asia and the transfer of related production to other facilities. The closures are expected to be completed in 2007 and 2008 at an estimated total cost of approximately \$18,900, including costs recorded through purchase accounting. As a result of this initiative, the Company recorded certain severance and other exit costs of \$11,833 and \$720, respectively, through purchase accounting. The following table summarizes the activity for this initiative during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

| | Employee Separation Costs | Other Exit Costs | Asset Impairments | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007 | \$ 9,256 | \$ 720 | \$ — | \$ 9,976 |
| Expense incurred | 103 | 646 | — | 749 |
| Cash payments | (752) | (533) | — | (1,285) |
| Balance at June 30, 2007 | \$ 8,607 | \$ 833 | \$ — | \$ 9,440 |

4. Inventories

Inventories are comprised of the following:

| | December 31, 2006 | June 30, 2007 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 35,441 | \$ 34,542 |
| Work in process | 21,271 | 22,697 |
| Raw materials and supplies | 64,153 | 57,189 |
| | \$ 120,865 | \$ 114,428 |

In connection with the acquisition of FHS, a \$2,136 fair value write-up was recorded to inventory at the date of the acquisition. Such inventory was liquidated as of March 31, 2006 and recorded as an increase to cost of products sold.

5. Debt

Outstanding debt consisted of the following at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007:

| | December 31, 2006 | June 30, 2007 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Senior Notes | \$ 200,000 | \$ 200,000 |
| Senior Subordinated Notes | 330,500 | 330,500 |
| Term Loan A | 42,238 | 41,887 |
| Term Loan B | 82,738 | 67,367 |
| Term Loan C | 176,300 | 168,406 |
| Term Loan D | 215,183 | 214,779 |
| Revolving Credit Facility | — | — |
| Capital leases and other borrowings | 8,502 | 10,644 |
| Total debt | 1,055,461 | 1,033,583 |
| Less: debt payable within one year | (17,414) | (20,415) |
| Total long-term debt | \$ 1,038,047 | \$ 1,013,168 |

The Term Loan D facility consists of two tranches, with \$187,150 outstanding in US dollars and €20,414 outstanding in Euros as of June 30, 2007. In addition, the Company had \$19,804 of standby letters of credit outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility as of June 30, 2007, leaving \$105,196 of undrawn availability.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company made voluntary prepayments totaling \$15,000 on the Term Loan B facility and \$7,000 on the Term Loan C facility.

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6. Pension and Postretirement Benefits other than Pensions

The following tables disclose the amount of net periodic benefit costs for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 for the Company's defined benefit plans and other postretirement benefit plans:

| | Pension Benefits | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
| | 2006 | | 2007 | |
| | U.S. | Non-U.S. | U.S. | Non-U.S. |
| Service cost | \$ 2,549 | \$ 1,297 | \$ 3,008 | \$ 1,403 |
| Interest cost | 2,997 | 952 | 3,597 | 1,321 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (3,488) | (884) | (4,235) | (993) |
| Amortization of prior service cost and recognized actuarial loss | 70 | 54 | 60 | 178 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ 2,128 | \$ 1,419 | \$ 2,430 | \$ 1,909 |

| | Pension Benefits | | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------|----------|------------|
| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
| | 2006 | | 2007 | |
| | U.S. | Non-U.S. | U.S. | Non-U.S. |
| Service cost | \$ 5,098 | \$ 2,138 | \$ 6,015 | \$ 2,708 |
| Interest cost | 5,995 | 1,893 | 7,195 | \$ 2,542 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (6,977) | (1,754) | (8,470) | \$ (1,923) |
| Amortization of prior service cost and recognized actuarial loss | 141 | 54 | 120 | \$ 343 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ 4,257 | \$ 2,331 | \$ 4,860 | \$ 3,670 |

| | Other Postretirement Benefits | | Other Postretirement Benefits | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Service cost | \$ 861 | \$ 862 | \$ 1,718 | \$ 1,717 |
| Interest cost | 1,386 | 1,385 | 2,768 | 2,763 |
| Amortization of prior service cost and recognized actuarial loss | (22) | (22) | (44) | (44) |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ 2,225 | \$ 2,225 | \$ 4,442 | \$ 4,436 |

7. Income Taxes

Under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting, the Company is required to compute its effective tax rate each quarter based upon its estimated annual effective tax rate. The Company is also required to record the tax impact of certain unusual or infrequently occurring items, including changes in judgment about valuation allowances and effects of changes in tax laws or rates, in the interim period in which they occur. In addition, jurisdictions with a projected loss for the year where no tax benefit can be recognized are excluded from the estimated annual effective tax rate.

The effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, were 9% and 14%, respectively, as compared to 47% and 48%, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. The income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 varies from statutory rates due to the benefit of tax losses and credits in the U.S. and the distribution of income between the U.S. and foreign sources. The income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 varies from statutory rates due to non-recognition of income tax benefits on certain operating losses, primarily in the U.S., and other foreign jurisdictions. Further, the Company's current

and future provision for income taxes will be significantly impacted by the recognition of valuation allowances in certain countries, particularly the United States. The Company intends to maintain these allowances until it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized. Accordingly, income taxes are impacted by the U.S. valuation allowance and the mix of earnings among jurisdictions.

The Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109” (“FIN 48”) as of January 1, 2007. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity’s financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, “Accounting for Income Taxes.” FIN 48 only allows the recognition of tax benefits that have a greater than 50% likelihood of being sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities. As a result of implementing FIN 48, the Company recognized a \$195 increase in the reserve for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 2007 retained earnings (deficit) balance.

Including the cumulative effect increase, as of January 1, 2007, the Company has \$4,201 (including interest and penalties) of total unrecognized tax benefits. Of this total, \$1,400 represents the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would effect the effective income tax rate. The total unrecognized tax benefits differ from the amount which would effect the effective tax rate due to the impact of valuation allowances and the impact of Cooper Tire indemnifying substantially all income tax liabilities resulting from periods prior to the 2004 Acquisition.

The Company, or one its subsidiaries, files income tax returns in the United States and other foreign jurisdictions. Under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement with Cooper Tire, the Company is indemnified against substantially all income tax liabilities related to periods prior to the 2004 Acquisition. Subsequently, in the United States, all Internal Revenue Service examinations prior to the 2004 Acquisition are the responsibility of Cooper Tire, therefore the Company is not subject to U.S. federal, state, or local tax examinations for years ending December 23, 2004 and prior. The Company’s foreign subsidiaries are legally required to comply with the statute of limitations in each jurisdiction; however the Company is indemnified against substantially all income tax liabilities that may result from periods prior to the 2004 Acquisition. The Company’s major foreign jurisdictions are Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, Mexico, and U.K. The Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations in major foreign jurisdictions for years prior to 1999.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, the Company settled an audit with Revenue Canada which resulted in a cash payment of approximately USD \$362. This resulted in a reduction of the total unrecognized tax benefits. The Company does not anticipate any significant changes to its total unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months.

The Company classifies all tax related interest and penalties as income tax expense. As of January 1, 2007, the Company recorded \$180 in liabilities for tax related interest and penalties on its Consolidated Balance Sheet.

8. Comprehensive Income

On an annual basis, disclosure of comprehensive income is incorporated into the statement of stockholders’ equity, which is not presented on a quarterly basis. The components of comprehensive income, net of related tax, are as follows:

| Three Months Ended June | Six Months Ended June |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30, | 30, |

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| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Net income | \$ 20,067 | \$ 9,686 | \$ 25,549 | \$ 14,360 |
| Currency translation adjustment | 8,574 | 9,103 | 15,433 | 13,146 |
| Minimum pension liability | (51) | (124) | (63) | (184) |
| Fair value change of derivatives | — | 3,482 | — | 3,185 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 28,590 | \$ 22,147 | \$ 40,919 | \$ 30,507 |

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9. Other Income (Expense)

The components of other income (expense) are as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|---------------------------|----------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Foreign currency gains (losses) | \$ 5,697 | \$ 109 | \$ 5,261 | \$ (854) |
| Minority interest | (559) | 359 | (1,080) | 78 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | — | (7) | — | (5) |
| Other income (expense) | \$ 5,138 | \$ 461 | \$ 4,181 | \$ (781) |

10. Related Party Transactions

In connection with the acquisition of FHS, the Company paid \$1,000 of transaction advisory fees to each of its two Sponsors in February 2006.

Sales to NISCO, a 50% owned joint venture, totaled \$7,941 and \$6,683 in the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively and \$16,459 and \$12,984 in the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.

Purchases of materials from Guyoung Technology Co. Ltd, a 20% owned joint venture, totaled \$916 and \$2,014 in the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and \$1,118 and \$3,855 in the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.

11. Business Segments

Effective January 1, 2007 the Company consolidated the NVH segment with the Sealing segment creating a new business segment called Body & Chassis Systems segment. All prior period segment information has been restated to reflect the new segment structure.

The Company evaluates segment performance based on segment profit before tax. The following table details information on the Company's business segments:

Three Months Ended June Six Months Ended June 30,

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| | 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Sales to external customers | | | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 309,499 | \$ 319,499 | \$ 609,569 | \$ 623,008 |
| Fluid | 282,980 | 304,499 | 523,281 | 577,251 |
| Consolidated | \$ 592,479 | \$ 623,998 | \$ 1,132,850 | \$ 1,200,259 |
| Intersegment sales | | | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 5,526 | \$ 6,323 | \$ 10,961 | \$ 12,205 |
| Fluid | — | 136 | — | 166 |
| Eliminations and other | (5,526) | (6,459) | (10,961) | (12,371) |
| Consolidated | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Segment profit | | | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 10,032 | \$ 6,840 | \$ 11,626 | \$ 12,644 |
| Fluid | 11,978 | 11,423 | 18,237 | 15,070 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 22,010 | \$ 18,263 | \$ 29,863 | \$ 27,714 |

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| | December 31, 2006 | June 30, 2007 |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Segment assets | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 862,149 | \$ 912,873 |
| Fluid | 984,935 | 1,016,736 |
| Other | 64,349 | 64,362 |
| Consolidated | \$ 1,911,433 | \$ 1,993,971 |

Restructuring costs included in segment profit for Body & Chassis and Fluid totaled \$8,123 and \$926, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$2,732 and \$993 during the same period in 2006. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, restructuring costs included in segment profit for Body & Chassis and Fluid totaled \$12,695 and \$1,097, respectively, compared to \$4,954 and \$994 for each segment during the same period in 2006.

12. Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries

In connection with the December 2004 acquisition by the Company of the automotive segment of Cooper Tire & Rubber Company, Cooper-Standard Automotive Inc. (the "Issuer"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, issued the Senior Notes and Senior Subordinated Notes with a total principal amount of \$550,000. Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. (the "Parent") and all wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries of Cooper-Standard Automotive Inc. (the "Guarantors") unconditionally guarantee the notes. The following condensed consolidated financial data provides information regarding the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Guarantors. Separate financial statements of the Guarantors are not presented because management has determined that those would not be material to the holders of the notes. The Guarantors account for their investments in the non-guarantor subsidiaries on the equity method. The principal elimination entries are to eliminate the investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions (dollars in millions).

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CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|---|---------|----------|------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Sales | \$ — | \$ 134.0 | \$ 167.0 | \$ 322.6 | \$ (31.1) | \$ 592.5 |
| Cost of products sold | — | 111.1 | 137.4 | 274.0 | (31.1) | 491.4 |
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | — | 26.9 | 11.5 | 12.7 | — | 51.1 |
| Amortization of intangibles | — | 5.5 | 0.7 | 1.7 | — | 7.9 |
| Restructuring | — | 0.7 | — | 3.0 | — | 3.7 |
| Operating profit (loss) | — | (10.2) | 17.4 | 31.2 | — | 38.4 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | — | (18.8) | — | (3.1) | — | (21.9) |
| Equity earnings | — | — | 0.4 | — | — | 0.4 |
| Other income (expense) | — | 7.8 | (0.3) | (2.4) | — | 5.1 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | — | (21.2) | 17.5 | 25.7 | — | 22.0 |
| Provision for income tax expense (benefit) | — | (6.6) | 5.7 | 2.8 | — | 1.9 |
| Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries | — | (14.6) | 11.8 | 22.9 | — | 20.1 |
| Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries | 20.1 | 34.7 | — | — | (54.8) | — |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$ 20.1 | \$ 20.1 | \$ 11.8 | \$ 22.9 | \$ (54.8) | \$ 20.1 |

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2007

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|--|--------|----------|------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Sales | \$ — | \$ 125.8 | \$ 195.0 | \$ 332.2 | \$ (29.0) | \$ 624.0 |
| Cost of products sold | — | 112.0 | 155.8 | 278.4 | (29.0) | 517.2 |
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | — | 28.2 | 7.3 | 15.8 | — | 51.3 |
| Amortization of intangibles | — | 5.4 | 0.7 | 1.8 | — | 7.9 |
| Restructuring | — | 1.3 | 0.4 | 7.4 | — | 9.1 |
| Operating profit (loss) | — | (21.1) | 30.8 | 28.8 | — | 38.5 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | — | (18.5) | — | (2.5) | — | (21.0) |
| Equity earnings (losses) | — | (0.4) | 0.8 | — | — | 0.4 |
| Other income (expense) | — | 11.3 | 0.1 | (11.0) | — | 0.4 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | — | (28.7) | 31.7 | 15.3 | — | 18.3 |
| | — | 9.1 | (9.0) | 8.5 | — | 8.6 |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Provision for income tax expense (benefit) | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries | — | (37.8) | 40.7 | 6.8 | — | 9.7 |
| Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries | 9.7 | 47.5 | — | — | (57.2) | — |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$ 9.7 | \$ 9.7 | \$ 40.7 | \$ 6.8 | \$ (57.2) | \$ 9.7 |

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CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|--|---------|----------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Sales | \$ — | \$ 271.0 | \$ 305.3 | \$ 616.3 | \$ (59.7) | \$ 1,132.9 |
| Cost of products sold | — | 231.1 | 254.0 | 519.6 | (59.7) | 945.0 |
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | — | 51.8 | 23.5 | 24.6 | — | 99.9 |
| Amortization of intangibles | — | 10.9 | 1.2 | 3.3 | — | 15.4 |
| Restructuring | — | 1.0 | — | 5.0 | — | 6.0 |
| Operating profit (loss) | — | (23.8) | 26.6 | 63.8 | — | 66.6 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | — | (36.0) | — | (6.2) | — | (42.2) |
| Equity earnings | — | — | 1.3 | — | — | 1.3 |
| Other income (expense) | — | 16.9 | (0.3) | (12.4) | — | 4.2 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | — | (42.9) | 27.6 | 45.2 | — | 29.9 |
| Provision for income tax expense (benefit) | — | (15.1) | 9.7 | 9.7 | — | 4.3 |
| Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries | — | (27.8) | 17.9 | 35.5 | — | 25.6 |
| Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries | 25.6 | 53.4 | — | — | (79.0) | — |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$ 25.6 | \$ 25.6 | \$ 17.9 | \$ 35.5 | \$ (79.0) | \$ 25.6 |

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|-----------------------|--------|----------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Sales | \$ — | \$ 249.6 | \$ 363.8 | \$ 644.8 | \$ (57.9) | \$ 1,200.3 |
| Cost of products sold | — | 223.9 | 290.5 | 543.5 | (57.9) | 1,000.0 |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|---------|
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | — | 56.7 | 14.0 | 29.4 | — | 100.1 |
| Amortization of intangibles | — | 10.7 | 1.4 | 3.6 | — | 15.7 |
| Restructuring | — | 2.0 | 0.4 | 11.4 | — | 13.8 |
| Operating profit (loss) | — | (43.7) | 57.5 | 56.9 | — | 70.7 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | — | (37.6) | — | (5.2) | — | (42.8) |
| Equity earnings (losses) | — | (0.5) | 1.2 | — | — | 0.7 |
| Other income (expense) | — | 21.0 | 0.1 | (21.9) | — | (0.8) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | — | (60.8) | 58.8 | 29.8 | — | 27.8 |
| Provision for income tax expense (benefit) | — | 10.9 | (11.2) | 13.7 | — | 13.4 |
| Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries | — | (71.7) | 70.0 | 16.1 | — | 14.4 |
| Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries | 14.4 | 86.1 | — | — | (100.5) | — |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$ 14.4 | \$ 14.4 | \$ 70.0 | \$ 16.1 | \$ (100.5) | \$ 14.4 |

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CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2006

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|--|----------|------------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ — | \$ 21.9 | \$ 0.4 | \$ 34.0 | \$ — | \$ 56.3 |
| Accounts receivable, net | — | 67.6 | 94.8 | 221.4 | — | 383.8 |
| Inventories | — | 27.9 | 30.3 | 62.7 | — | 120.9 |
| Prepaid Expenses | — | (3.5) | 1.1 | 13.7 | — | 11.3 |
| Other | — | 10.1 | — | — | — | 10.1 |
| Total current assets | — | 124.0 | 126.6 | 331.8 | — | 582.4 |
| Investments in affiliates and intercompany accounts, net | 320.7 | 175.0 | 415.5 | 185.1 | (1,078.7) | 17.6 |
| Property, plant, and equipment, net | — | 91.4 | 145.9 | 305.2 | — | 542.5 |
| Goodwill | — | 378.3 | 17.8 | 39.5 | — | 435.6 |
| Other assets | — | 270.2 | 4.7 | 58.4 | — | 333.3 |
| | \$ 320.7 | \$ 1,038.9 | \$ 710.5 | \$ 920.0 | \$ (1,078.7) | \$ 1,911.4 |
| LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Debt payable within one year | \$ — | \$ 4.1 | \$ — | \$ 13.3 | \$ — | \$ 17.4 |
| Accounts payable | — | 39.4 | 36.2 | 90.4 | — | 166.0 |

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| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|--------------|------------|
| Accrued liabilities | — | 66.4 | 9.6 | 72.0 | — | 148.0 |
| Total current liabilities | — | 109.9 | 45.8 | 175.7 | — | 331.4 |
| Long-term debt | — | 918.3 | — | 119.7 | — | 1,038.0 |
| Other long-term liabilities | — | 168.2 | 6.3 | 46.8 | — | 221.3 |
| | — | 1,196.4 | 52.1 | 342.2 | — | 1,590.7 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 320.7 | (157.5) | 658.4 | 577.8 | (1,078.7) | 320.7 |
| | \$ 320.7 | \$ 1,038.9 | \$ 710.5 | \$ 920.0 | \$ (1,078.7) | \$ 1,911.4 |

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CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2007

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|--|----------|------------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ — | \$ 32.4 | \$ — | \$ 42.6 | \$ — | \$ 75.0 |
| Accounts receivable, net | — | 76.0 | 126.8 | 240.9 | — | 443.7 |
| Inventories | — | 22.4 | 30.7 | 61.3 | — | 114.4 |
| Prepaid Expenses | — | (0.4) | 1.3 | 16.4 | — | 17.3 |
| Other | — | 10.1 | — | — | — | 10.1 |
| Total current assets | — | 140.5 | 158.8 | 361.2 | — | 660.5 |
| Investments in affiliates and intercompany accounts, net | 324.7 | 253.7 | 434.3 | 179.7 | (1,174.0) | 18.4 |
| Property, plant, and equipment, net | — | 92.6 | 134.4 | 325.9 | — | 552.9 |
| Goodwill | — | 383.2 | 17.4 | 39.5 | — | 440.1 |
| Other assets | — | 228.2 | 35.3 | 58.6 | — | 322.1 |
| | \$ 324.7 | \$ 1,098.2 | \$ 780.2 | \$ 964.9 | \$ (1,174.0) | \$ 1,994.0 |
| LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Debt payable within one year | \$ — | \$ 4.1 | \$ — | \$ 16.4 | \$ — | \$ 20.5 |
| Accounts payable | — | 64.6 | 35.0 | 116.0 | — | 215.6 |
| Accrued liabilities | — | 57.7 | 10.1 | 101.8 | — | 169.6 |
| Total current liabilities | — | 126.4 | 45.1 | 234.2 | — | 405.7 |
| Long-term debt | — | 909.9 | — | 103.3 | — | 1,013.2 |
| Other long-term liabilities | — | 170.8 | 6.6 | 46.8 | — | 224.2 |
| | — | 1,207.1 | 51.7 | 384.3 | — | 1,643.1 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 324.7 | (108.9) | 728.5 | 580.6 | (1,174.0) | 350.9 |
| | \$ 324.7 | \$ 1,098.2 | \$ 780.2 | \$ 964.9 | \$ (1,174.0) | \$ 1,994.0 |

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CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|---|--------|---------|------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ — | \$ 53.3 | \$ 16.4 | \$ (6.2) | \$ — | \$ 63.5 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment | — | (8.9) | (11.7) | (16.0) | — | (36.6) |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | — | (210.0) | — | — | — | (210.0) |
| Cost of equity investment | — | (0.4) | — | — | — | (0.4) |
| Other | — | (1.0) | — | 0.1 | — | (0.9) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | — | (220.3) | (11.7) | (15.9) | — | (247.9) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | — | 214.9 | — | — | — | 214.9 |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | — | (2.1) | — | (3.8) | — | (5.9) |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock | 0.3 | — | — | — | — | 0.3 |
| Debt issuance costs | — | (4.8) | — | — | — | (4.8) |
| Net change in intercompany advances | (0.3) | 0.3 | — | — | — | — |
| Other | — | — | — | (0.5) | — | (0.5) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | — | 208.3 | — | (4.3) | — | 204.0 |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash | — | — | — | (1.7) | — | (1.7) |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | — | 41.3 | 4.7 | (28.1) | — | 17.9 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | — | 5.5 | (0.1) | 56.8 | — | 62.2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ — | \$ 46.8 | \$ 4.6 | \$ 28.7 | — | 80.1 |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ — | \$ 24.5 | \$ 14.0 | \$ 29.2 | \$ — | \$ 67.7 |

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

| | Parent | Issuer | Guarantors | Non-Guarantors | Eliminations | Consolidated Totals |
|---|--------|---------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ — | \$ 14.7 | \$ 4.9 | \$ 72.1 | \$ — | \$ 91.7 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment | — | (6.8) | (5.2) | (31.7) | — | (43.7) |
| Gross proceeds from sale-leaseback transaction | | | | 4.8 | | 4.8 |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | — | — | — | (10.0) | — | (10.0) |
| Other | — | 0.1 | — | 0.2 | — | 0.3 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | — | (6.7) | (5.2) | (36.7) | — | (48.6) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | — | (9.4) | — | (19.4) | — | (28.8) |
| Net change in intercompany advances | 0.5 | (0.5) | — | — | — | — |
| Other | (0.4) | — | — | 2.3 | — | 1.9 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 0.1 | (9.9) | — | (17.1) | — | (26.9) |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash | — | 1.1 | — | 1.4 | — | 2.5 |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | 0.1 | (0.8) | (0.3) | 19.7 | — | 18.7 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | — | 21.9 | 0.4 | 34.0 | — | 56.3 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 0.1 | \$ 21.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ 53.7 | \$ — | \$ 75.0 |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ — | \$ 20.1 | \$ 15.0 | \$ 26.1 | \$ — | \$ 61.2 |

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13. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Interest Rate Swaps — During 2006, the Company entered into interest rate swap contracts to manage cash flow fluctuations of variable rate debt due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate swap contracts which fix the interest payments of certain variable rate debt instruments or fix the market rate component of anticipated fixed rate debt instruments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

The Company formally documents its hedge relationships, including the identification of the hedging instruments and the hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking the cash flow hedges. The Company also formally assesses whether a cash flow hedge is highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item. The changes in the cash flows of the interest rate swap contracts are expected to exactly offset the changes in cash flows attributed to the fluctuations in the variable rate debt.

As of June 30, 2007, interest rate swap contracts representing \$272,854 of notional amount were outstanding with maturity dates of December, 2010 through December, 2011. These contracts modify the variable rate characteristics of

the Company's variable rate debt instruments, which are generally set at three-month USD LIBOR rates or Canadian Dollar Bankers Acceptance Rates. These contracts convert variable rate obligations into fixed rate obligations with a weighted average interest rate of 5.7%. Of the above amount, \$246,242 of notional amount pertains to the swap of USD denominated debt fixed at 5.764% and \$26,612 pertains to Canadian dollar denominated debt fixed at 4.91%. The fair market value of all outstanding interest rate swap contracts is subject to changes in value due to changes in interest rates. As of June 30, 2007, the fair market value of \$(4,037) of these swaps were recorded in other long-term liabilities and the same amount of net losses were recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Forward foreign exchange contracts — The Company uses forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on Term Loan B, a U.S. dollar denominated obligation of our Canadian subsidiary, the Euro portion of our Term Loan D, and short-term foreign currency denominated intercompany transactions. Gains and losses on the derivative instruments are intended to offset gains and losses on the hedged transaction in an effort to reduce the earnings volatility resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The currencies hedged by these arrangements are the Canadian Dollar, Euro and Brazilian Real. Losses of \$3,367 related to these contracts were recorded in other expense during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

The Company also uses forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the Mexican peso to reduce the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on a portion of the forecasted operating expenses of our Mexican facilities. These contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. As of June 30, 2007, forward foreign exchange contracts representing \$7,153 of notional amount were outstanding with maturities of less than twelve months and the fair market value of these contracts was approximately \$277.

Commodity price hedges — The Company has exposure to the prices of commodities in the procurement of certain raw materials. The primary purpose of the Company's commodity price hedging activities is to manage the volatility associated with these forecasted purchases. The Company primarily utilizes forward contracts with maturities of less than 24 months, which qualify as cash flow hedges. These instruments are intended to offset the effect of changes in commodity prices on forecasted inventory purchases. As of June 30, 2007, commodity contracts representing \$828 of notional amount were outstanding with a fair market value of approximately \$53.

14. Acquisitions

On June 10, 2007 the Company entered into a definitive Sale and Purchase Agreement with Automotive Sealing Systems S.A. providing for the acquisition by the Company of Metzeler Automotive Profile Systems sealing systems operations in Germany, Italy, Poland and Belgium, including joint venture interests in India and China. The acquisition, which is valued at approximately 100 million euros, is subject to certain conditions including regulatory approvals, and is expected to

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close in the third quarter of 2007. Our principal shareholders, Goldman Sachs Capital Partners and The Cypress Group will invest a total of approximately 22 million euros of new equity as part of the financing of the acquisition.

On March 31, 2007 the Company completed its purchase of the Automotive Components Holdings' fuel rail manufacturing operations at its El Jarudo plant in Juarez, Mexico for \$9,958, after adjustments related to inventory valuation, certain prepaid items, and capital expenditures under certain programs and target amounts. Under the sales agreement, Automotive Components Holdings, LLC, transferred ownership of its equity interest in Manufactura El

Jarudo, S. de R.L. de C.V. to Cooper-Standard along with its related U.S. assets.

The El Jarudo operation is a North American maquiladora plant and employs approximately 450 people. It was part of Automotive Components Holdings, LLC, a Ford-managed temporary company formed in October 2005. The impact of this acquisition on the Company's operations was not material.

15. Sale Leaseback Transaction

During the quarter ended June 30, 2007 the Company sold a manufacturing facility to an independent third party. Gross proceeds from this sale were \$4,806. Concurrent with this sale, the Company entered into an agreement to lease the facility back from the purchaser over a lease term of 10 years. This lease will be accounted for as an operating lease. A gain of \$723 was deferred and is being amortized over the lease term.

16. Subsequent Event

On July 26, 2007, the Company entered into the Second Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "Amendment"), among Holdings, the Company, Cooper-Standard Automotive Canada Limited, a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Steffens Beheer BV, a corporation organized under the laws of the Netherlands, the lenders party thereto, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., as syndication agent, and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners, L.P., UBS Securities LLC and The Bank of Nova Scotia, as co-documentation agents. The Amendment permits the Metzeler Automotive Profile Systems Acquisition ("MAPS Acquisition"), and the Company therefore plans, upon consummation of the MAPS Acquisition, to borrow up to an incremental Euro 65,000,000 through a term loan under the Credit Agreement (as amended) to finance, in part, the MAPS Acquisition and to pay related fees and expenses. The Amendment also provides for a new dual dollar and Euro currency borrowing facility accessible, upon consummation of the MAPS Acquisition, directly by a European subsidiary of the Company in an amount up to USD 35,000,000. In addition, the Amendment further provides some additional operating and investment flexibility for the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") presents information related to the condensed consolidated results of operations of the Company, including the impact of restructuring costs on the Company's results, a discussion of the past results and future outlook of each of the Company's segments, and information concerning both the liquidity and capital resources of the Company. The following discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes included elsewhere in this report, contains certain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future financial conditions and operating results of the Company and its current business plans. In the future, the financial condition and operating results of the Company could differ materially from those discussed herein and its current business plans could be altered in response to market conditions and other factors beyond the Company's control. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences or changes include those discussed elsewhere in this report (see "Forward-Looking Statements") and in our most recently filed annual report on Form 10-K (see Item 1A. Risk Factors).

Business Environment and Outlook

Our business is greatly affected by the automotive build rates in North America and Europe. New vehicle demand is driven by macro-economic and other factors such as interest rates, manufacturer

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and dealer sales incentives, fuel prices, consumer confidence, and employment and income growth trends. According to CSM Worldwide, light vehicle production in North America is expected to be 15.1 million units in 2007, which is down from 15.3 million units in 2006. European production levels in 2007 are expected to be 21.3 million units as compared to 20.4 million units in 2006. Light vehicle production in South America is expected to increase to 3.5 million vehicles in 2007 from 3.0 million vehicles in 2006.

In the second quarter of 2007, our business was negatively impacted by decreased OEM production volumes on certain platforms in North America. Additionally, we continued to experience significant pricing pressure from our customers as well as significant increases in certain raw material prices, especially steel-based components, synthetic rubber, and other compounding materials. Our contracts typically do not allow us to pass these price increases on to our customers. These negative impacts were partially offset by cost savings and restructuring initiatives, and favorable foreign currency translation.

According to CSM Worldwide, North America and Europe light vehicle production in the third quarter of 2007 is estimated at 3.6 million and 4.7 million units, respectively, which is a 0.2 million unit increase for both North America and Europe compared to the third quarter of 2006. We expect that our performance in 2007 will be impacted by changes in light vehicle production volumes, customer pricing pressures, and the cost of raw materials.

Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations

(dollar amounts in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Sales | \$ 592,479 | \$ 623,998 | \$ 1,132,850 | \$ 1,200,259 |
| Cost of products sold | 491,360 | 517,190 | 945,036 | 999,974 |
| Gross profit | 101,119 | 106,808 | 187,814 | 200,285 |
| Selling, administration, & engineering expenses | 51,099 | 51,309 | 99,935 | 100,029 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 7,872 | 7,930 | 15,380 | 15,739 |
| Restructuring | 3,725 | 9,049 | 5,948 | 13,792 |
| Operating profit | 38,423 | 38,520 | 66,551 | 70,725 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | (21,949) | (21,040) | (42,216) | (42,884) |
| Equity earnings | 398 | 322 | 1,347 | 654 |
| Other income (expense) | 5,138 | 461 | 4,181 | (781) |
| Income before income taxes | 22,010 | 18,263 | 29,863 | 27,714 |
| Provision for income tax expense | 1,943 | 8,577 | 4,314 | 13,354 |
| Net income | \$ 20,067 | \$ 9,686 | \$ 25,549 | \$ 14,360 |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

Sales: Consolidated sales increased \$31.5 million, or 5.3%, in the second quarter of 2007. This increase resulted primarily from the acquisition of El Jarudo and favorable foreign exchange (\$17.2 million). Although sales in North America were down for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006, sales in Europe and Brazil increased in the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006. These favorable items were slightly offset by customer price concessions.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$5.7 million to \$106.8 million (approximately 17.1% of sales) in the second quarter of 2007 as compared to \$101.1 million (approximately 17.1% of sales) in the second quarter of 2006. This increase resulted primarily from increased volume and the favorable impact of various cost saving initiatives. These positive items were partially offset by increased material costs and customer price concessions.

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Selling, Administration, and Engineering: Selling, administration, and engineering expenses of \$51.3 million in the second quarter of 2007 were relatively flat compared to the second quarter of 2006.

Amortization of Intangibles: Amortization of intangibles of \$7.9 million in the second quarter of 2007 was relatively flat compared to the second quarter of 2006.

Interest Expense, net: The decrease in interest expense of \$0.9 million in the second quarter of 2007 resulted primarily from voluntary debt prepayments made in 2007 and the second half of 2006.

Other Income (Expense): Other expense decreased \$4.7 million in the second quarter of 2007 due primarily to a \$5.6 million decrease in foreign exchange gains offset by a \$0.9 million decrease in minority interest expense.

Provision for Income Tax Expense (Benefit): Our effective tax rate increased from 8.8% in 2006 to 47.0% in 2007. The effective rate for 2006 was impacted by the benefit of tax losses and credits in the U.S. and the distribution of income between the U.S. and foreign sources. For 2007, the effective tax rate was impacted primarily by the need for valuation allowances recorded on tax losses and credits generated in the U.S. and the distribution of income between U.S. and foreign sources.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

Sales: Consolidated sales increased \$67.4 million, or 6.0%, in the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase resulted primarily from the full six months impact of the FHS acquisition, the El Jarudo acquisition, and favorable foreign exchange (\$30.3 million). Although sales in North America were down for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006, sales in Europe and Brazil increased in 2007 compared to 2006. These favorable items were partially offset by customer price concessions.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$12.5 million to \$200.3 million (approximately 16.7% of sales) in the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to \$187.8 million (approximately 16.6% of sales) in the six months ended June 30, 2006. This increase resulted primarily from the favorable impact of various cost saving initiatives and the El Jarudo acquisition. In addition, as a result of the acquisition of FHS, cost of products sold was increased by \$2.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006 due to the liquidation of the inventory fair value adjustment. Such positive items were partially offset by customer price concessions and increased material costs.

Selling, Administration, and Engineering: Selling, administration, and engineering expenses of \$100.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007 were relatively flat compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Amortization of Intangibles: Amortization of intangibles increased \$0.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006 due to a full six months of amortization of FHS intangible assets being recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest Expense, net: The increase in interest expense of \$0.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007 resulted primarily from increased indebtedness used to finance the acquisition of FHS and higher interest expense related to variable rate debt, partially offset by voluntary debt prepayments made in 2007 and in the second half of 2006.

Other Income (Expense): Other expense increased \$5.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007 due primarily to a \$6.1 million decrease in foreign exchange gains offset by a \$1.2 million decrease in minority interest expense.

Provision for Income Tax Expense (Benefit): Our effective tax rate increased from 14.4% in 2006 to 48.2% in 2007. The effective rate for 2006 was impacted by the benefit of tax losses and credits in the U.S. and the distribution of income between the U.S. and foreign sources. For 2007, the effective tax rate was impacted primarily by the need for valuation allowances recorded on tax losses and credits generated in the U.S. and the distribution of income between U.S. and foreign sources.

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Segment Results of Operations

(dollar amounts in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Sales to external customers | | | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 309,499 | \$ 319,499 | \$ 609,569 | \$ 623,008 |
| Fluid | 282,980 | 304,499 | 523,281 | 577,251 |
| Consolidated | \$ 592,479 | \$ 623,998 | \$ 1,132,850 | \$ 1,200,259 |
| Segment profit | | | | |
| Body & Chassis | \$ 10,032 | \$ 6,840 | \$ 11,626 | \$ 12,644 |
| Fluid | 11,978 | 11,423 | 18,237 | 15,070 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 22,010 | \$ 18,263 | \$ 29,863 | \$ 27,714 |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

Body & Chassis: Sales increased \$10.0 million, or 3.2%, primarily due to favorable foreign exchange (\$8.8 million) and higher unit sales volume, partially offset by customer price concessions. Segment profit decreased by \$3.2 million, primarily due to customer price concessions, increased material costs and increased restructuring costs (\$5.4 million), partially offset by the favorable impact of various cost savings initiatives and higher unit sales volumes.

Fluid: Sales increased \$21.5 million, or 7.6%, primarily due to the acquisition of El Jarudo and favorable foreign exchange (\$8.4 million). Segment profit decreased by \$0.6 million, primarily due to increased material costs, customer price concessions and increased interest costs on indebtedness used to finance the acquisition of FHS, partially offset by the favorable impact of various cost savings initiatives and the acquisition of El Jarudo.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

Body & Chassis: Sales increased \$13.4 million, or 2.2%, primarily due to favorable foreign exchange (\$14.4 million) and higher unit sales volume, partially offset by customer price concessions. Segment profit increased by \$1.0 million, primarily due to the favorable impact of various cost savings initiatives and higher unit sales volumes, partially offset by customer price concessions, increased material costs and increased restructuring costs (\$7.7 million).

Fluid: Sales increased \$54.0 million, or 10.3%, primarily due to the full six months impact of the FHS acquisition, the El Jarudo acquisition and favorable foreign exchange (\$15.9 million), partially offset by lower unit sales volumes and customer price concessions. Segment profit decreased by \$3.2 million, primarily due to customer price concessions, increased material costs and increased interest costs on indebtedness used to finance the acquisition of FHS, partially offset by the favorable impact of various cost savings initiatives.

Restructuring

We continually evaluate alternatives in an effort to align our business with the changing needs of our customers and lower the operating cost of our Company. This may include the realignment of our existing manufacturing capacity, facility closures, or similar actions. See the Notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for discussion of restructuring activities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Operating Activities: Cash provided by operations in the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$91.7 million as compared to cash provided by operations of \$63.5 million in the six months ended

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June 30, 2006. This change was primarily the result of changes in other working capital components, which decreased by \$46.0 million primarily due to increased accounts payable. We anticipate that cash flows from operations for the next twelve months will be positive and will exceed our projected capital expenditures and working capital needs.

Investing Activities: Cash used in investing activities was \$48.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007, primarily consisting of acquisition cost of \$10.0 million related to the acquisition of El Jarudo and capital spending of \$43.8 million partially offset by gross proceeds of \$4.8 million from the sale-leaseback transaction, as compared to \$247.9 million usage in the six months ended June 30, 2006, which primarily consisted of acquisition costs of \$210.0 million related to the acquisition of FHS and \$36.6 million of capital spending. We anticipate that we will spend approximately \$93 million on capital expenditures in the year ending December 31, 2007.

Financing Activities: Cash used in financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$27.0 million, which consisted primarily of normal debt payments and voluntary prepayments on our term loans, as compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$204.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006, which consisted primarily of proceeds from issuance of acquisition-related debt of \$214.9 million, partially offset by payment of \$4.8 million of debt issuance costs and \$5.9 million principal payments on long-term debt.

The Company is significantly leveraged. As of June 30, 2007, we had outstanding \$1,033.6 million in aggregate indebtedness, with an additional \$105.2 million of borrowing capacity available under our revolving credit facility (after giving effect to \$19.8 million of outstanding letters of credit). Our future liquidity requirements will likely be significant, primarily due to debt service obligations. Future debt service obligations will include required prepayments from annual excess cash flows, as defined, under our senior credit agreement, which would be due five days after filing of our Form 10-K or in connection with specific transactions, such as certain asset sales and the incurrence of debt not permitted under the senior credit agreement.

Our compliance with certain of the covenants contained in the indentures governing the notes and in our senior credit agreement is determined based on financial ratios that are derived using our reported EBITDA, as adjusted for unusual items and certain other contingencies described in those agreements. The breach of such covenants in our senior credit agreement could result in a default under that agreement and the lenders could elect to declare all amounts borrowed due and payable. Any such acceleration would also result in a default under our indentures. Additionally, under our debt agreements, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments, and paying dividends is also partially tied to similar financial ratios. We refer to EBITDA as adjusted under the indentures as Indentures EBITDA and EBITDA as adjusted under the senior credit agreement as Consolidated EBITDA.

We believe that the inclusion of supplementary adjustments to EBITDA applied in presenting Indentures EBITDA are appropriate to provide additional information to investors to demonstrate compliance with our financing covenants. However, EBITDA and Indentures EBITDA are not recognized terms under GAAP and do not purport to be alternatives to net income as a measure of operating performance. Additionally, EBITDA and Indentures EBITDA are not intended to be measures of free cash flow for management's discretionary use, as they do not consider certain cash requirements such as interest payments, tax payments, debt service requirements, and capital expenditures. Because not all companies use identical calculations, these presentations of EBITDA and Indentures EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

The adjustments to EBITDA in determining covenant compliance under the credit agreement are generally similar to those made under the indentures.

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| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|---------|------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 |
| Net income | \$ 20.1 | 9.7 | \$ 25.6 | \$ 14.4 |
| Provision for income tax expense | 1.9 | 8.6 | 4.3 | 13.4 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | 21.9 | 21.1 | 42.2 | 42.9 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 35.3 | 31.3 | 67.7 | 61.2 |
| EBITDA | \$ 79.2 | \$ 70.7 | \$ 139.8 | \$ 131.9 |
| Restructuring | 3.7 | 9.1 | 5.9 | 13.8 |
| Foreign exchange gain ⁽¹⁾ | (5.2) | (0.2) | (5.1) | (0.5) |
| Inventory write-up ⁽²⁾ | — | — | 2.1 | — |
| | 77.7 | 79.6 | 142.7 | 145.2 |
| Pro Forma adjustments related to FHS ⁽³⁾ | — | — | 4.4 | — |
| Equity earnings in joint venture ⁽⁴⁾ | (0.4) | — | (0.4) | — |
| Indentures EBITDA | \$ 77.3 | \$ 79.6 | \$ 146.7 | \$ 145.2 |

(1) Unrealized foreign exchange gain on indebtedness related to 2004 Acquisition.

- (2) A write-up of inventory to fair value at the date of the acquisition.
- (3) Pro Forma adjustments to FHS's reported EBITDA for the period from January 1, 2006 to February 6, 2006.
- (4) The Company's share of earnings in one of its joint ventures less cash dividends received from the joint venture.

Our covenant levels and ratios for the four quarters ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

| | Covenant Level at June 30, 2007 | Covenant Thresholds |
|--|--|------------------------|
| Senior Credit Facilities | | |
| Minimum Consolidated EBITDA to cash interest ratio | 2.9 to 1.0 | ≥ 2.7 to 1.0 |
| Maximum net debt to Consolidated EBITDA ratio | 4.0 to 1.0 | ≤ 4.3 to 1.0 |
| Indentures | | |
| Consolidated Coverage Ratio | 3.0 to 1.0 | ≥ 2.0 to 1.0 |

On July 26, 2007, the Company entered into the Second Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "Amendment"), among Holdings, the Company, Cooper-Standard Automotive Canada Limited, a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Steffens Beheer BV, a corporation organized under the laws of the Netherlands, the lenders party thereto, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., as syndication agent, and Goldman Sachs Credit Partners, L.P., UBS Securities LLC and The Bank of Nova Scotia, as co-documentation agents. The Amendment permits the Metzeler Automotive Profile Systems Acquisition ("MAPS Acquisition"), and the Company therefore plans, upon consummation of the MAPS Acquisition, to borrow up to an incremental Euro 65,000,000 through a term loan under the Credit Agreement (as amended) to finance, in part, the MAPS Acquisition and to pay related fees and expenses. The Amendment also provides for a new dual dollar and Euro currency borrowing facility accessible, upon consummation of the MAPS Acquisition, directly by a European subsidiary of the Company in an amount up to USD 35,000,000. In addition, the Amendment further provides some additional operating and investment flexibility for the Company. The Company would have been in compliance with the covenant levels required by the Amendment if they had applied on June 30, 2007.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

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Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes what the Company believes are "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenue or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, business trends, and other information that is not historical information. When used in this report, the words "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "intends," "forecasts," or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "should," "could," or "may," and variations of such words or

expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends and data are based upon our current expectations and various assumptions. Our expectations, beliefs, and projections are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, we cannot assure you that these expectations, beliefs, and projections will be achieved.

Such risks, uncertainties, and other important factors include, among others: our substantial leverage; limitations on flexibility in operating our business contained in our debt agreements; our dependence on the automotive industry; availability and cost of raw materials; our dependence on certain major customers; competition in our industry; sovereign and other risks related to our conducting operations outside the United States; the uncertainty of our ability to achieve expected cost reduction savings; our exposure to product liability and warranty claims; labor conditions; our vulnerability to rising interest rates; our ability to meet our customers' needs for new and improved products in a timely manner; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; the possibility that our owners' interests will conflict with yours; our recent status as a stand-alone company; our legal rights to our intellectual property portfolio; our underfunded pension plans; environmental and other regulation; and the possibility that our acquisition strategy will not be successful. There may be other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements.

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf apply only as of the date of this report and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate and Currency Exchange Risk

We are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates and currency exchange rates. We actively monitor our exposure to risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates through the use of derivative financial instruments in accordance with management's guidelines. We do not enter into derivative instruments for trading purposes.

As of June 30, 2007, we had \$492.4 million of variable rate debt. A 1% increase in the average interest rate would increase future interest expense by approximately \$2.2 million per year, after considering the effects of the interest rate swap contracts, which were used to manage cash flow fluctuations of certain variable rate debt due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate swap contracts which fix the interest payments of certain variable rate debt instruments or fix the market rate component of anticipated fixed rate debt instruments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

As of June 30, 2007, interest rate swap contracts representing \$272.9 million of notional amount were outstanding with maturity dates of December, 2010 through December, 2011. These contracts modify the variable rate characteristics of the Company's variable rate debt instruments, which are generally set at three-month USD LIBOR rates or Canadian Dollar Bankers Acceptance Rates. Of the above amount, \$246.3 million of notional amount pertains to the swap of USD denominated debt fixed at 5.764% and \$26.6 million pertains to Canadian dollar denominated debt fixed at 4.91%. These contracts convert variable rate obligations into fixed rate obligations with a weighted average interest

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rate of 5.7%. The fair market value of all outstanding interest rate swap contracts is subject to changes in value due to changes in interest rates. As of June 30, 2007, the fair market value of \$(4.0) million of these swaps were recorded in other long-term liabilities and the same amount of net losses were recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

The Company uses forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on Term Loan B, a U.S. dollar denominated obligation of our Canadian subsidiary, the Euro portion of our Term Loan D and short-term, foreign currency denominated intercompany transactions. Gains and losses on the derivative instruments are intended to offset gains and losses on the hedged transaction in an effort to reduce the earnings volatility resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The currencies hedged by these arrangements are the Canadian Dollar, Euro and Brazilian Real.

The Company also uses forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the Mexican peso to reduce the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on a portion of the forecasted operating expenses of our Mexican facilities. As of June 30, 2007, forward foreign exchange contracts representing \$7.2 million of notional amount were outstanding with maturities of less than twelve months and the fair market value of these contracts was approximately \$0.3 million. A 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar relative to the Mexican peso would result in a decrease of \$0.7 million in the fair market value of these contracts. A 10% weakening of the U.S. dollar relative to the Mexican peso would result in an increase of \$0.8 million in the fair market value of these contracts.

The Company has exposure to the prices of commodities in the procurement of certain raw materials. The primary purpose of the Company's commodity price hedging activities is to manage the volatility associated with these forecasted purchases. The Company primarily utilizes forward contracts with maturities of less than 24 months. These instruments are intended to offset the effect of changes in commodity prices on forecasted inventory purchases. As of June 30, 2007, commodity contracts representing \$0.8 million of notional amount were outstanding with a fair market value of approximately \$0.1 million. A 10% change in the equivalent commodity price would result in a change of \$0.1 million in the fair market value of these contracts.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Based on their evaluation as of June 30, 2007, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is periodically involved in claims, litigation and various legal matters that arise in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Company conducts and monitors environmental investigations and remedial actions at certain locations. Each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties, and some of these matters may be resolved unfavorably with respect to the Company. A reserve estimate is established for each matter and updated as additional

information becomes available. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

On May 11, 2007, the shareholders of the Company met in an annual meeting to elect directors. The Company's directors, James S. McElya, S. A. Johnson, Gerald J. Cardinale, Jack Daly, Michael F.

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Finley, Leo F. Mullin, and Kenneth L. Way, were reelected as directors of the Company's Board of Directors. Also, James A. Stern was elected to the Company's Board of Directors. All of the 3,233,600 shares were voted for the election or reelection of all of the directors and there were no votes cast against or withheld from the election or reelection of any of such directors.

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Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the "Index to Exhibits" are filed with this Form 10-Q or incorporated by reference as set forth below.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Description of Exhibit |
|-------------|---|
| 31.1* | Certification of James S. McElya, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31.2* | Certification of Allen J. Campbell, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.1* | Certification of James S. McElya, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.2* | Certification of Allen J. Campbell, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |

* Filed herewith

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| August 14, 2007 Date | COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC. /s/ James S. McElya James S. McElya Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer) |
| August 14, 2007 Date | /s/ Allen J. Campbell Allen J. Campbell Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) |
| August 14, 2007 Date | /s/ Helen T. Yantz Helen T. Yantz Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) |