DOW CHEMICAL CO /DE/ Form 424B2 November 08, 2002

> PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (To Prospectus dated September 12, 2002)

> > Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2) Registration No. 333-91228

[LOGO] DOW

\$500,000,000

The Dow Chemical Company

5.75% Notes due 2009

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The notes will bear interest at the rate of 5.75% per year. Interest on the notes is payable on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2003. The notes will mature on November 15, 2009. We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at the price described under the heading "Description of Notes--Optional Redemption." In addition, we may redeem all of the notes under the circumstances described under "Description of Notes--Redemption for Tax Reasons."

The notes will be senior obligations of our company and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness.

We will apply to list the notes on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

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Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the related prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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Per Note Total

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Interest on the notes will accrue from November 12, 2002 to date of delivery.

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The underwriters expect to deliver the notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System on or about November 12, 2002.

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Sole Book-Running Manager Salomon Smith Barney

Banc One Capital Markets, Inc. Deutsche Bank Securities

BNY Capital Markets, Inc. Mizuho International plc

SG Cowen

Tokyo-Mitsubishi International plc Wachovia Securities

November 6, 2002

You should rely on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus supplement.

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Unless the context indicates otherwise, the words "Dow", "we", "our", "ours" and "us" refer to The Dow Chemical Company. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement and do not define the term in this document, it is defined in the accompanying prospectus.

The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the offering of the notes may be restricted in certain jurisdictions. You should inform yourself about and observe any such restrictions. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus include particulars given in compliance with the rules governing the listing of securities on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. We accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and,

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having made all reasonable inquiries, confirm that to the best of our knowledge and belief there are no other facts the omission of which would make any statement contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus misleading.

Unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus to "dollars," "" and "U.S." are to United States dollars.

#### ABOUT DOW

We are a leading science and technology company that provides innovative chemical, plastic and agricultural products and services to many essential consumer markets. We serve customers in more than 170 countries and a wide range of markets that are vital to human progress, including food, transportation, health and medicine, personal and home care, and building and construction, among others. We have 208 manufacturing sites in 38 countries and supply more than 3,200 products.

We were incorporated in 1947 under Delaware law and are the successor to a Michigan corporation, of the same name, organized in 1897. Our principal executive offices are located at 2030 Dow Center, Midland, Michigan 48674, and our telephone number is 989-636-1000.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the sale of notes is expected to be approximately \$494.8 million. We will use the net proceeds for general corporate purposes, which may include the repayment of debt.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the nine months ended For September 30, the year ended December 31,

	2002	2001	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	2.1x	(a)	(b)	3.6x	4.3x	4.3x	6.1x

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- (a) As a result of \$1,454 million in pretax costs recorded for merger-related expenses and restructuring, earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 were inadequate to cover fixed charges, with a deficiency of \$626.6 million.
- (b) As a result of \$1,487 million in pretax costs recorded for merger-related expenses and restructuring, earnings for the year ended December 31, 2001 were inadequate to cover fixed charges, with a deficiency of \$582 million.

For the purpose of these ratios, earnings consist of income before (1) income taxes, (2) minority interests, (3) extraordinary items, (4) cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles, (5) amortization of capitalized interest and (6) fixed charges (adjusted to exclude capitalized interest) and after adjustment for unremitted earnings of 20% to 50% owned companies. Fixed charges consist of interest on all indebtedness, amortization of capitalized debt costs, discount or premium and a portion of rentals deemed to represent an interest factor. The ratios of earnings to fixed charges give retroactive effect to the February 6, 2001 merger of Union Carbide Corporation with a subsidiary of Dow, resulting in Union Carbide becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of Dow (the "Union Carbide merger").

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#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth as of September 30, 2002, our short-term debt and long-term debt and stockholders' equity. The table should be read in conjunction with our financial statements, the notes to our financial statements, and the other financial data included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	As of Se 20	ptember 02
	Actual	As Adjus
	(in mi	llions)
Short-term debt(1)	\$ 1,628	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 6
Long-term debt: Notes issued hereby	<u> </u>	ć r
Notes issued hereby Other long-term debt	\$ 10,360	ş 5 10 <b>,</b> 3
Total long-term debt	10,360	 10,8

Common stock (authorized 1,500,000,000 shares of \$2.50 par value each; issued 981,377,562)	2,453	2,4
Additional paid-in capital		
Unearned ESOP shares	(86)	(
Retained earnings	10,654	10,6
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,016)	(1,0
Treasury stock at cost (70,270,027 shares)	(2,233)	(2,2
Net stockholders' equity	9,772	 9 <b>,</b> 7
Total long-term debt and stockholders' equity	\$20,132	 \$20,6

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(1) Includes current portion of long-term debt of \$725 million.

Since September 30, 2002, we have issued approximately \$94.7 million of our InterNotes at varying interest rates and maturities. Except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in our consolidated capitalization since September 30, 2002.

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#### SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected consolidated financial data for each of the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, 1999 and 1998 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. The selected consolidated financial data for the year ended December 31, 1997 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 have been derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements. The selected consolidated financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) which, in the opinion of management, are considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods covered. The consolidated financial data have been prepared to give retroactive effect to the Union Carbide merger and include the combined accounts of Dow and Union Carbide for all periods presented. This data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

	For the ni ended Sept		For	the year	rs ended	December	31,
	2002	2001	2001	2000	1999	1998	1
			(in m	illions)			
Income statement data:							
Net sales	\$20 <b>,</b> 520	\$21,459	\$27 <b>,</b> 805	\$29 <b>,</b> 534	\$25,859	\$25 <b>,</b> 101	\$27
Cost of sales	17,319	18,232	23,652	24,131	20,300	19,395	20
Research and development							
expenses	784	804	1,072	1,119	1,075	1,026	
Selling, general and							
administrative expenses	1,185	1,341	1,765	1,825	1,776	1,964	2
Amortization of intangibles	49	118	178	139	160	106	

Purchased in-process research and		69	69	6	6	349	
development charges		69	69	0 	ь 94	349 458	
Merger related expenses and					71	100	
restructuring(1)	55	1,454	1,487				
Insurance and finance company operations, pretax income	12	20	30	85	150	124	
Equity in earnings of							
nonconsolidated affiliates	42	84	29		95	31	
Sundry incomenet	1	384	394	352	329	1,135	
Earnings (loss) before interest, income							
taxes and minority interests	1,183	(71)	35	3,105	3,022	3,093	4
Interest income Interest expense and amortization	43	61	85	146	132	149	
of debt discount	571	555	733	665	564	607	
<pre>Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests</pre>	655	(565)	(613)	2,586	2,590	2,635	3
Provision (credit) for income taxes Minority interests' share in	202	(200)	(228)	839	874	902	1
income	49	15	32	72	74	20	
Preferred stock dividends					5	6	
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting							
principles	404	(380)	(417)	1,675	1,637	1,707	2
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles(2)	67	32	32		(20)		

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	For the n ended Sept	ine months tember 30,	For the	-			
	2002	2001		2000	1999	1998	1997
		(1	in millid				
Net income (loss) available for common stockholders	\$ 471	\$ (348)	\$ (385)			\$1,707	
Depreciation	\$1,207	\$1,174 ======	\$1,595				
Earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations (before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles)diluted	\$ 0.44	\$(0.42)	\$(0.46)	\$ 1.85	\$ 1.84	\$ 1.89	\$ 2.63
Earnings (loss) per common share diluted Dividends declared per share of Dow	\$ 0.51	\$(0.39)	\$(0.43)	\$ 1.85	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.89	\$ 2.61
common stock	\$1.005	\$ 0.96	\$1.295	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.12

	At September			December	,	
	30, 2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
		(1	in millid	ons)		
Balance sheet data						
Total assets	\$36 <b>,</b> 788	\$35,515	\$35,991	\$33,456	\$31,121	\$31,004
Working capital	2,320	2,183	1,150	2,848	1,570	1,925
Propertygross	37,394	35,890	34,852	33,333	32,844	31,052
Propertynet	13,688	13,579	13,711	13,011	12,628	11,832
Long-term debt and redeemable preferred						
stock	10,360	9,266	6,613	6,941	5,890	5,703
Total debt	11,988	10,883	9,450	8,708	8,099	8,145
Net stockholders' equity	9,772	9,993	11,840	10,940	9,878	9,974
Capital expenditures	1,086	1,587	1,808	2,176	2,328	1,953

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- (1) In 2001, pretax costs of \$1,487 million were recorded for merger-related expenses and restructuring. Pretax costs of \$55 million and \$1,454 million were recorded for similar charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. These costs included transaction costs, employee severance, the write-down of duplicative assets and facilities and other merger-related expenses.
- (2) On January 1, 2001, we recorded a cumulative transition adjustment gain of \$32 million (net of related income tax of \$19 million) upon adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities."

In the first quarter of 2002, we recorded a net after-tax gain of \$67 million related to the adoption of two new accounting standards, SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations," and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets."

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DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT

Directors

Name	Principal Occupation
Arnold A. Allemang	Executive Vice President, Operations
Jacqueline K. Barton	Professor of Chemistry, California Institute of
	Technology
Anthony J. Carbone	Senior Consultant
J. Michael Cook	Retired Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of
	Deloitte & Touche LLP
John C. Danforth	Partner, Bryan Cave LLP; Former U.S. Senator
Willie D. Davis	President and Chief Executive Officer, All Pro
	Broadcasting, Inc.
Barbara Hackman Franklin	President and Chief Executive Officer, Barbara Franklin

Enterprises; Former U.S. Secretary of Commerce Michael D. Parker..... President and Chief Executive Officer J. Pedro Reinhard..... Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer James M. Ringler..... Vice Chairman, Illinois Tool Works, Inc. Harold T. Shapiro..... President Emeritus and Professor of Economics and Public Affairs, Princeton University William S. Stavropoulos.... Chairman of the Board Paul G. Stern..... Partner, Thayer Capital Partners Officers Name Office Held William S. Stavropoulos.... Chairman of the Board Anthony J. Carbone..... Vice Chairman of the Board Michael D. Parker..... President and Chief Executive Officer J. Pedro Reinhard..... Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Arnold A. Allemang..... Executive Vice President, Operations Richard L. Manetta..... Corporate Vice President and General Counsel Lawrence J. Washington, Jr. Corporate Vice President, Environment, Health and Safety, Human Resources and Public Affairs Richard M. Gross..... Corporate Vice President, Research & Development David E. Kepler II...... Corporate Vice President and Chief Information Officer Fernando Ruiz..... Vice President and Treasurer Frank H. Brod..... Vice President and Controller Tina S. Van Dam..... Corporate Secretary Charles J. Hahn ..... Assistant Secretary Thomas E. Moran..... Assistant Secretary Douglas J. Anderson..... Corporate Auditor

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#### DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

#### General

The following description of the particular terms of the 5.75% Notes due 2009 offered by this prospectus supplement supplements the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities included in the accompanying prospectus. The notes will be issued under an indenture, dated as of April 1, 1992, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture, dated as of January 1, 1994, a second supplemental indenture, dated as of October 1, 1999, and a third supplemental indenture, dated as of May 15, 2001, between us and Bank One Trust Company, N.A. (as successor in interest to The First National Bank of Chicago), as trustee. The following summary of the notes is qualified in its entirety by reference to the description of the debt securities and indenture contained in the accompanying prospectus.

The notes will mature on November 15, 2009. The notes will be unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of that amount.

We may, without the consent of the holders of notes, issue additional notes having the same ranking and the same interest rate, maturity and other terms as the notes. Any additional debt securities having such similar terms, together with the notes, will constitute a single series of debt securities under the indenture. In the event that we issue additional notes, we will make a new application to list such notes on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Interest

We will pay interest on the notes at a rate of 5.75% per annum semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing May 15, 2003, to the persons in whose names the notes are registered at the close of business on May 1 or November 1, as the case may be (whether or not a business day), immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date falls on a day that is not a business day, the interest payment will be postponed to the next day that is a business day, and no interest on such payment will accrue for the period from and after such interest payment date. If the maturity date of the notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of interest and principal may be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment will accrue for the period from and after the maturity date. Interest payments for the notes will include accrued interest from and including the date of issue or from and including the last date in respect of which interest has been paid, as the case may be, to, but excluding, the interest payment date or the date of maturity, as the case may be.

As used in this prospectus supplement, a business day means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

The notes will not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

Optional Redemption

All or a portion of the notes may be redeemed at our option at any time or from time to time. The redemption price for the notes to be redeemed on any redemption date will be equal to the greater of the following amounts:

. 100% of the principal amount of the notes being redeemed on the redemption date; and

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. the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the notes being redeemed on that redemption date (not including any portion of any payments of interest accrued to the redemption date), discounted to the redemption date on a semiannual basis at the Treasury Rate (as defined below), plus 30 basis points, as determined by the Reference Treasury Dealer (as defined below),

plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the notes to the redemption date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, installments of interest on notes that are due and payable on interest payment dates falling on or prior to a redemption date will be payable on the interest payment date to the registered holders as of the close of business on the relevant record date according to the notes and the indenture. The redemption price will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

We will mail notice of any redemption at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each registered holder of the notes to be redeemed. Once notice of redemption is mailed, the notes called for redemption will become due and payable on the redemption date and at the applicable

redemption price, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue, assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such redemption date.

"Comparable Treasury Issue" means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the notes.

"Comparable Treasury Price" means, with respect to any redemption date, (A) the average of the Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for such redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (B) if the trustee obtains fewer than three such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such Quotations, or (C) if only one Reference Treasury Dealer Quotation is received, such Quotation.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means Salomon Smith Barney Inc. (or its affiliates which are Primary Treasury Dealers) and its successors; provided, however, that if Salomon Smith Barney shall cease to be a primary U.S. Government securities dealer in New York City (a "Primary Treasury Dealer"), we will substitute therefor another Primary Treasury Dealer; and (B) any other Primary Treasury Dealer(s) selected by the trustee after consultation with us.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotation" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the trustee, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the trustee by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

On and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the notes or any portion of the notes called for redemption (unless we default in the payment of the redemption price and accrued interest). On or before the redemption date, we will deposit with a paying agent (or the trustee) money sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest on the notes to be redeemed on that date. If less than all of the notes are to be redeemed, the notes to be redeemed shall be selected by lot by DTC, in the case of notes represented by a global security, or by the trustee by a method the trustee deems to be fair and appropriate, in the case of notes that are not represented by a global security.

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#### Book-entry, Delivery and Form

The notes will be issued in the form of one or more fully registered global notes which will be deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC and registered in the name of the Cede & Co., DTC's nominee. Beneficial interests in the global notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the global notes through DTC, Clearstream Banking, societe anonyme, Luxembourg ("Clearstream"), or Euroclear Bank S.A./NV, as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") if they are participants of such systems, or indirectly through organizations which are

participants in such systems. Clearstream and Euroclear will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream's and Euroclear's names on the books of their respective depositaries. Clearstream's and Euroclear's depositaries will hold interests in customers' securities accounts in the depositaries' names on the books of DTC. Citibank, N.A. will act as depositary for Clearstream and The Chase Manhattan Bank will act as depositary for Euroclear (in such capacities, the "U.S. Depositaries"). Except as set forth below, the global notes may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to another nominee of DTC or to a successor of DTC or its nominee.

DTC has advised us that DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. DTC holds securities deposited with it by its participants and facilitates the settlement of transactions among its participants in those securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC's participants include securities brokers and dealers, including the underwriters, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom, and/or their representatives, own DTC. Access to the DTC book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

According to DTC, the foregoing information with respect to DTC has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind. We make no representation as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Clearstream has advised that it is incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as a professional depositary. Clearstream holds securities for its participating organizations ("Clearstream participants"). Clearstream facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of Clearstream participants, eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream provides to Clearstream participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. As a professional depositary, Clearstream is subject to regulation by the Luxembourg Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector (CSSF). Clearstream participants are recognized financial institutions around the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. Indirect access to Clearstream is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream participant, either directly or indirectly.

Distributions, to the extent received by the U.S. Depositary for Clearstream, with respect to the notes held beneficially through Clearstream will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream participants in accordance with its rules and procedures.

Euroclear has advised that it was created in 1968 to hold securities for its participants ("Euroclear participants") and to clear and settle transactions between Euroclear participants through simultaneous electronic

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book-entry delivery against payment, eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates and eliminating any risk from lack of simultaneous transfers of securities and cash. Euroclear provides various other services, including securities lending and borrowing and interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Euroclear is operated by Euroclear Bank S.A./NV (the "Euroclear Operator"), under contract with Euroclear Clearance Systems S.C., a Belgian cooperative corporation (the "Cooperative"). All operations are conducted by the Euroclear Operator, and all Euroclear securities clearance accounts and Euroclear cash accounts are accounts with the Euroclear Operator not the Cooperative. The Cooperative establishes policy for Euroclear on behalf of Euroclear participants. Euroclear participants include banks (including central banks), securities brokers and dealers and other professional financial intermediaries and may include the underwriters. Indirect access to Euroclear is also available to other firms that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear participant, either directly or indirectly.

The Euroclear Operator has advised us that it is licensed by the Belgian Banking and Finance Commission to carry out banking activities on a global basis. As a Belgian bank, it is regulated and examined by the Belgian Banking Commission.

Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear Operator are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable Belgian law (collectively, the "Terms and Conditions"). The Terms and Conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear, withdrawals of securities and cash from Euroclear, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear. All securities in Euroclear are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear Operator acts under the Terms and Conditions only on behalf of Euroclear participants, and has no record of or relationship with persons holding through Euroclear participants.

Distributions, to the extent received by the U.S. Depositary for Euroclear, with respect to notes held beneficially through Euroclear will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

In the event definitive notes are issued, we will appoint a paying agent and transfer agent in Luxembourg (the "Luxembourg Paying and Transfer Agent"). Holders of definitive notes will be able to receive payments and effect transfers at the offices of the Luxembourg Paying and Transfer Agent.

Individual certificates in respect of the notes will not be issued in exchange for the global notes, except in very limited circumstances. If DTC, Clearstream or Euroclear notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as a clearing system in connection with the global notes or DTC ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor clearing system is not appointed by us within 90 days after receiving that notice from DTC, Clearstream or Euroclear or upon becoming aware that DTC is no longer so registered, we will issue or cause to be issued individual certificates in registered form on registration of transfer of, or in exchange for, book-entry interests in the notes represented by such global notes upon delivery of such global notes for cancellation.

Title to book-entry interests in the global notes will pass by book-entry registration of the transfer within the records of DTC, Clearstream or Euroclear in accordance with their respective procedures. Book-entry interests

in the global notes may be transferred within DTC in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by DTC. Book-entry interests in the notes may be transferred within Euroclear and within Clearstream and between Euroclear and Clearstream in accordance with procedures established for these purposes by Euroclear and Clearstream. A further description of DTC's procedures with respect to the global notes is set forth in the prospectus under "Description of Debt Securities--Global Securities". Transfers of book-entry interests in the notes between Euroclear and Clearstream and DTC may be effected in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by Euroclear, Clearstream and DTC.

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#### Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the notes will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC's rules and will be settled in immediately available funds using the DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through the DTC on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected in the DTC in accordance with the DTC's rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its U.S. Depositary. However, a cross-market transfer will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system, by the counterparty in such European international clearing system, in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its U.S. Depositary to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving notes in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Clearstream participants and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to their respective U.S. Depositaries.

Because of time-zone differences, credits of notes received in Clearstream or Euroclear as a result of a transaction with a DTC participant will be made during subsequent securities settlement processing and dated the business day following the DTC settlement date. Credits or any transactions of the type described above settled during subsequent securities settlement processing will be reported to the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream participants on the business day that the processing occurs. Cash received in Clearstream or Euroclear as a result of sales of notes by or through a Clearstream participant or a Euroclear participant to a DTC participant will be received with value on the DTC settlement date but will be available in the relevant Clearstream or Euroclear cash account only as of the business day following settlement in DTC.

Although DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of notes among participants of DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform these procedures. The foregoing procedures may be changed or discontinued at any time.

Proposed EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income

The European Union is currently considering proposals for a new directive regarding the taxation of savings income. Subject to a number of conditions being met, it is proposed that member states of the European Union will be

required to provide to the tax authorities of another member state details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a paying agent resident within its jurisdiction to an individual resident in that other member state, subject to the right of certain member states (including possibly Luxembourg) to opt instead for a withholding system for a transitional period in relation to such payments. This directive, if adopted, may be conditioned on the adoption of equivalent measures in non-European Union countries with significant financial centers (such as the United States) and in dependent or associated territories of certain member states. Pending agreement on the precise text of the directive, it is difficult to say what effect, if any, the adoption of the directive would have on the notes or payments in respect thereof. Additional amounts, as described below, will not, in any event, be payable by Dow as a result of such directive.

If any such directive is implemented or any law implementing or complying with or introduced in order to conform to such directive is introduced, Dow will ensure that it maintains a paying agent in an EU Member State that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to any such directive or law.

### Payment of Additional Amounts

We will pay to the holder of any of the notes who is a non-United States person (as defined below) such additional amounts as may be necessary in order that every net payment in respect of the principal, premium, if

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any, or interest, if any, on the notes, after deduction or withholding by Dow or any paying agent for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of such payment by the United States or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, will not be less than the amount provided for in the notes to be then due and payable before any such deduction or withholding for or on account of any such tax, assessment or governmental charge. The foregoing obligation to pay such additional amounts shall not apply to:

(a) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge which would not have been so imposed but for:

- . the existence of any present or former connection between such holder (or a fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder of, or holder of a power over, such holder, if such holder is an estate, trust, partnership or corporation) and the United States, including, without limitation, such holder (or such fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member, shareholder of, or holder of a power) being or having been a citizen or resident or treated as a resident thereof or being or having been engaged in a trade or business therein or being or having been present therein or having or having had a permanent establishment therein, or
- such holder's present or former status as a personal holding company or foreign personal holding company or controlled foreign corporation for United States federal income tax purposes or corporation which accumulates earnings to avoid United States federal income tax;

(b) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge which would not have been so imposed but for the presentation by the holder of the notes for payment on a date more than 10 days after the date on which such payment became due and payable or the date on which payment thereof is duly provided for, whichever occurs later; (c) any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer, personal property or excise tax or any similar tax, assessment or governmental charge;

(d) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge which is payable otherwise than by withholding from payments in respect of principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any of the notes;

(e) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed on interest received by a holder or beneficial owner of the notes who actually or constructively owns 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of Dow entitled to vote within the meaning of Section 871(h)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(f) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed as a result of the failure to comply with:

- . certification, information, documentation, reporting or other similar requirements concerning the nationality, residence, identity or connection with the United States of the holder or beneficial owner of the notes, if such compliance is required by statute, or by regulation of the United States Treasury Department, as a precondition to relief or exemption from such tax, assessment or other governmental charge (including backup withholding), or
- . any other certification, information, documentation, reporting or other similar requirements under United States income tax laws or regulations that would establish entitlement to otherwise applicable relief or exemption from such tax, assessment or other governmental charge;

(g) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge required to be withheld by any paying agent from any payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any of the notes, if such payment can be made without such withholding by at least one other paying agent;

(h) any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that is required to be made pursuant to any European Union directive on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced to conform to, any such directive (see "Proposed EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income" above); or

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(i) any combination of items (a) through (h), inclusive;

nor will such additional amounts be paid to any holder who is a fiduciary or partnership or other than the sole beneficial owner of the notes to the extent a settlor or beneficiary with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or a beneficial owner of the notes would not have been entitled to payment of such additional amounts had such beneficiary, settlor, member or beneficial owner been the holder of the notes. The notes are subject in all cases to any tax, fiscal or other law or regulation or administrative or judicial interpretation applicable thereto. Except as specifically provided under this heading "--Payment of Additional Amounts" and under the heading "--Redemption for Tax Reasons," Dow shall not be required to make any payment with respect to any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed by any government or a political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein.

As used under this heading "--Payment of Additional Amounts" and under the

headings "--Redemption for Tax Reasons" and "United States Federal Taxation--Tax Consequences to Non-United States Persons" the term "United States" means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia) and its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction. "United States person" has the meaning set forth under "United States Federal Taxation--Tax Consequences to United States Persons" and "non-United States person" has the meaning set forth under "United States Federal Taxation--Tax Consequences to Non-United States Persons."

Redemption for Tax Reasons

If, as a result of:

- . any change in or amendment to the laws (including any regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder) of the United States or any political subdivision thereof or therein affecting taxation, which becomes effective after the date of this prospectus supplement or which proposal is made after such date,
- . any change in the official application or interpretation of such laws, including any official proposal for such a change, amendment or change in the application or interpretation of such laws, which change, amendment, application or interpretation is announced or becomes effective after the date of this prospectus supplement or which proposal is made after such date,
- any action taken by any taxing authority of the United States which action is taken or becomes generally known after the date of this prospectus supplement, or any commencement of a proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction in the United States after such date, whether or not such action was taken or such proceeding was brought with respect to Dow,

there is, in such case, in the written opinion of independent legal counsel of recognized standing to Dow, a material increase in the probability that Dow has or may become obligated to pay additional amounts (as described above under "--Payment of Additional Amounts"), and Dow in its business judgment, determines that such obligation cannot be avoided by the use of reasonable measures available to it, not including assignment of the notes, the notes may be redeemed, as a whole but not in part, at Dow's option at any time thereafter, upon notice to the trustee and the holders of the notes in accordance with the provisions of the indenture at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed together with accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

#### Notices

Notices to holders of the notes will be published in authorized daily newspapers in The City of New York, in London, and, so long as the notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, in Luxembourg. It is expected that publication will be made in The City of New York in The Wall Street Journal, in London in the Financial Times, and in Luxembourg in the Luxemburger Wort. Any notice given pursuant to these provisions shall be deemed to have been given on the date of publication or, if published more than once, on the date first published.

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Concerning the Trustee

Dow maintains banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the trustee's affiliate, Bank One, N.A. In addition, Banc One Capital Markets, Inc., an affiliate of the trustee, is one of the underwriters of the notes. The trustee's principal corporate trust office is located at 1 Bank One Plaza, Chicago, Illinois 60670-0126. The trustee's principal office in New York City is located at 55 Water Street, 1st Floor, Jeanette Park Entrance, New York, New York 10041.

#### UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXATION

The following summary describes the material United States federal income and certain estate tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the notes. This summary provides general information only and is directed solely to original holders purchasing notes at the "issue price", that is, the first price to the public at which a substantial amount of the notes in an issue is sold (excluding sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof (the "Code"), existing administrative pronouncements and judicial decisions, existing and proposed Treasury Regulations currently in effect, and interpretations of the foregoing, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement may affect the tax consequences described herein, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary discusses only notes held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. This summary does not discuss all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to a holder in light of the holder's particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, such as certain financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers in securities, persons holding notes in connection with a hedging transaction, "straddle," conversion transaction or other integrated transaction or persons who have ceased to be United States citizens or to be taxed as resident aliens or United States persons whose functional currency (as defined in Section 985 of the Code) is not the U.S. dollar. Persons considering the purchase of notes should consult their tax advisors with regard to the application of the United States federal income and estate tax laws to their particular situations as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

Tax Consequences to United States Persons

For purposes of the following discussion, "United States person" means a beneficial owner of a note that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- . a citizen or resident of the United States,
- . a corporation or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof,
- . an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source, or
- . a trust if (1) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and (2) one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

If a partnership holds notes, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Partners of partnerships holding notes should consult their tax advisors.

Payments of Interest

Interest on a note will generally be taxable to a United States person as ordinary interest income at the time it is accrued or is received in accordance with the United States person's method of accounting for tax purposes.

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A United States person that purchases a note at issuance for an amount greater than the note's stated redemption price at maturity (in this case, the note's stated principal amount) will be considered to hold the note with bond premium equal to the difference. A holder of a bond premium note may elect to reduce its taxable interest income on the note in each interest accrual period by the portion of bond premium allocable to that accrual period. The portion allocable to each interest payment or accrual is determined under Treasury regulations and is based on the holder's yield to maturity, calculated on a constant accrual basis from the date the holder acquires the note, the note's interest accrual periods and the holder's tax basis in the note. The election to amortize bond premium, once made, applies to all taxable premium bonds of the holder owned during the year of election and all subsequent years, and generally may not be revoked without the consent of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Holders of bond premium notes should consult their tax advisors about the advisability, time and manner of making such an election in their own particular circumstances.

#### Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Notes

Upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a note, a United States person will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement and the United States person's adjusted tax basis in the note. For these purposes, the amount realized does not include any amount attributable to interest on the note that has not previously been included in income, which will be includable as interest as described under "--Payments of Interest" above. A United States person's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the cost of the note to the United States person, reduced, in the case of holders of notes who have elected to amortize bond premium, by the amount of bond premium used as an offset to interest accrual.

In general, gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or redemption of a note will be capital gain or loss. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the treatment of capital gains (which may be taxed at lower rates than ordinary income for taxpayers who are individuals, trusts or estates) and losses (the deductibility of which is subject to limitations).

#### Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Backup withholding and information reporting requirements may apply to certain payments of principal, premium and interest on a note, and to payments of proceeds of the sale or redemption of a note, to certain non-corporate United States persons. Dow, its agent, a broker, or any paying agent, as the case may be, will be required to withhold from any payment a tax equal to up to 30 percent of such payment if the United States person fails to furnish or certify his correct taxpayer identification number to the payor in the manner required, fails to certify that such United States person is not subject to backup withholding, or otherwise fails to comply with the applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to a United States person may be credited against that United States person's United States federal income tax and may entitle that United States person to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the United States Internal Revenue Service. Tax Consequences to Non-United States Persons

As used herein, the term "non-United States person" means an owner of a note that is, for United States federal income tax purposes:

- . a nonresident alien individual,
- . a foreign corporation, or
- . a nonresident alien fiduciary of a foreign estate or trust.

If a partnership holds notes, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Partners of partnerships holding notes should consult their tax advisors.

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Income and Withholding Tax

Subject to the discussion of backup withholding below:

(a) payments of principal and interest on a note that is beneficially owned by a non-United States person will not be subject to United States federal withholding tax; provided, that in the case of interest,

- (1) the beneficial owner does not actually or constructively own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of Dow entitled to vote, (2) the beneficial owner is not a controlled foreign corporation that is related, directly or indirectly, to Dow through stock ownership, and (3) either (A) the beneficial owner of the note certifies (generally on an IRS Form W-8BEN) to the person otherwise required to withhold United States federal income tax from such interest, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a United States person and provides its name and address or (B) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business (a "financial institution") and holds the note certifies to the person otherwise required to withhold United States federal income tax from such interest, under penalties of perjury, that such statement has been received from the beneficial owner by it or by a financial institution between it and the beneficial owner and furnishes the payor with a copy thereof;
- . the beneficial owner is entitled to the benefits of an income tax treaty under which the interest is exempt from United States federal withholding tax and the beneficial owner of the note or such owner's agent provides an IRS Form W-8BEN claiming the exemption; or
- the beneficial owner conducts a trade or business in the United States to which the interest is effectively connected and the beneficial owner of the note or such owner's agent provides an IRS Form W-8ECI;

provided that in each such case, the relevant certification or IRS Form is delivered pursuant to applicable procedures and is properly transmitted to the person otherwise required to withhold United States federal income tax, and none of the persons receiving the relevant certification or IRS Form has actual knowledge that the certification or any statement on the IRS Form is false.

(b) a non-United States person will not be subject to United States federal withholding tax on any gain realized on the sale, exchange or other disposition of a note unless the gain is effectively connected with the beneficial owner's trade or business in the United States or, in the case of an individual, the holder is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year in which the sale, exchange or other disposition occurs and certain other conditions are met; and

(c) a note owned by an individual who at the time of death is not, for United States estate tax purposes, a citizen or resident of the United States generally will not be subject to United States federal estate tax as a result of such individual's death if the individual does not actually or constructively own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of Dow's stock entitled to vote and, at the time of such individual's death the income on the note would not have been effectively connected with a United States trade or business of the individual.

With respect to the certification requirement referred to in subparagraph (a), for notes held by a foreign partnership, unless the foreign partnership has entered into a withholding agreement with the IRS, a foreign partnership will be required, in addition to providing a Form W-8IMY, to attach an appropriate certification by each partner. Prospective investors, including foreign partnerships and their partners, should consult their tax advisors regarding possible additional reporting requirements.

If a non-United States person holding a note is engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and if interest on the note (or gain realized on its sale, exchange or other disposition) is effectively connected with the conduct of such trade or business, such holder, although exempt from the withholding tax discussed in the preceding paragraphs, will generally be subject to regular United States income tax on such effectively connected

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income in the same manner as if it were a United States person. Such a holder may also need to provide a United States taxpayer identification number on the forms referred to in paragraph (a) above in order to meet the requirements set forth above. In addition, if such holder is a foreign corporation, it may be subject to a 30% branch profits tax (unless reduced or eliminated by an applicable treaty) of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments. For purposes of the branch profits tax, interest on, and any gain recognized on the sale, exchange or other disposition of, a note will be included in the effectively connected earnings and profits of such holder if such interest or gain, as the case may be, is effectively connected with the conduct by such holder of a trade or business in the United States.

Each holder of a note should be aware that if it does not properly provide the required IRS form, or if the IRS form (or if permissible a copy of such form) is not properly transmitted to and received by the United States person otherwise required to withhold United States federal income tax, interest on the note may be subject to United States withholding tax at a 30% rate and the holder, including the beneficial owner, will not be entitled to any additional amounts from Dow described under the heading "Description of Notes--Payment of Additional Amounts" with respect to such tax. Such tax, however, may in certain circumstances be allowed as a refund or as a credit against such holder's United States federal income tax. The foregoing does not deal with all aspects of federal income tax withholding that may be relevant to foreign holders of the notes. Investors are advised to consult their own tax advisors for specific

advice concerning the ownership and disposition of notes.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Under current Treasury Regulations, backup withholding (imposed at the rate of up to 30%) will not apply to payments made by Dow or a paying agent to a non-United States person in respect of a note if the certifications required by Sections 871(h) and 881(c) of the Code, which are described above, are received, provided in each case that Dow or the paying agent, as the case may be, does not have actual knowledge that the payee is a United States person.

Under current Treasury Regulations, payments of the proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposition of a note made to or through a foreign office of a broker (including a custodian, nominee or other agent acting on behalf of the beneficial owner of a note) generally will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding. However, if such broker is a United States person, a controlled foreign corporation for United States federal tax purposes, a foreign person 50% or more of whose gross income is effectively connected with a United States trade or business for a specified three-year period, or a foreign partnership with certain connections with the United States, then information reporting will be required unless the broker has in its records documentary evidence that the beneficial owner is not a United States person and certain other conditions are met or the beneficial owner otherwise establishes an exemption. Backup withholding may apply to any payment that such broker is required to report if such broker has actual knowledge that the payee is a United States person. Payments to or through the United States office of a broker are subject to information reporting and backup withholding unless the holder or beneficial owner certifies, under penalties of perjury that it is a non-United States person and that it satisfies certain other conditions or otherwise establishes an exemption from information reporting and backup withholding.

Non-United States persons holding notes should consult their tax advisors regarding the application of information reporting and backup withholding in their particular situations, the availability of an exemption therefrom, and the procedure for obtaining such an exemption, if available. Backup withholding is not a separate tax, but is allowed as a refund or credit against the holder's United States federal income tax, provided the necessary information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

Interest on a note that is beneficially owned by a non-United States person will be reported annually on IRS Form 1042S, which must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service and furnished to such beneficial owner.

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The United States federal income tax discussion set forth above is included for general information only and may not be applicable depending upon a holder's particular situation. Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences to them of the ownership and disposition of the notes, including the tax consequences under state, local, foreign and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in federal or other tax laws.

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#### UNDERWRITING

Salomon Smith Barney Inc. is acting as representative of the underwriters

named below.

Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus supplement, each underwriter named below has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to that underwriter, the principal amount of notes set forth opposite the underwriter's name.

Underwriter	Principal Amount of Notes
Salomon Smith Barney Inc Banc One Capital Markets, Inc Deutsche Bank Securities Inc BNY Capital Markets, Inc Mizuho International plc SG Cowen Securities Corporation Tokyo-Mitsubishi International plc Wachovia Securities, Inc	\$250,000,000 100,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,00
Total	\$500,000,000

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the notes included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to purchase all the notes if they purchase any of the notes.

The underwriters propose to offer some of the notes directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and some of the notes to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed 0.250% of the principal amount of the notes. The underwriters may allow, and dealers may reallow a concession not to exceed 0.125% of the principal amount of the notes on sales to other dealers. After the initial offering of the notes to the public, the representative may change the public offering price and concessions.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the notes).

Paid by Dow

Per note 0.400%

Although we will apply to list the notes on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, a listing may not be obtained. The notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. Dow has been advised by the underwriters that the underwriters intend to make a market in the notes but are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of the trading market for the notes.

The notes are offered for sale in those jurisdictions in the United States,

Europe, Asia and Canada where it is legal to make such offers. Only offers and sales of the notes in the United States, as part of the initial distribution thereof or in connection with resales thereof under circumstances where this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus must be delivered, are made pursuant to the registration statement of which the accompanying prospectus, as supplemented by this prospectus supplement, is a part.

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that it will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers the notes or possesses or distributes this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer or sale by it of the notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers or sales and neither Dow nor any other underwriter shall have responsibility therefor.

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Each underwriter, severally and not jointly, has represented and agreed that:

- . it has not offered or sold and, prior to the expiry of the period of six months from the issue date of the notes, will not offer or sell any notes to persons in the United Kingdom except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995;
- . it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 of the United Kingdom (the "FSMA")) received by it in connection with the issue of the notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to us; and
- . it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

In connection with the offering, Salomon Smith Barney, on behalf of the underwriters, may purchase and sell notes in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Over-allotment involves syndicate sales of notes in excess of the principal amount of notes to be purchased by the underwriters in the offering, which creates a syndicate short position. Syndicate covering transactions involve purchases of the notes in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover syndicate short positions. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases of notes made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when Salomon Smith Barney, in covering syndicate short positions or making stabilizing purchases, repurchases notes originally sold by that syndicate member.

Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes. They may also cause the price of the notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriters may conduct these transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. If the underwriters commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

We estimate that our total expenses for this offering will be \$350,000.

The underwriters have performed investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they have received customary fees and expenses. The underwriters may, from time to time, engage in transactions with us and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business. In addition, Bank One Trust Company, N.A., the trustee under the indenture for the notes, is an affiliate of one of the underwriters.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

#### VALIDITY OF NOTES

The validity of the notes will be passed upon for Dow by Charles J. Kalil, Dow's Assistant General Counsel. As of November 6, 2002, Mr. Kalil beneficially owned 1,294 shares, and held options to purchase 77,050 shares, of Dow common stock, of which options to purchase 47,966 shares of Dow common stock were exercisable. Mayer, Brown, Rowe & Maw, Chicago, Illinois, will pass on certain matters for the underwriters. Mayer, Brown, Rowe & Maw from time to time represents Dow in connection with certain matters.

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#### GENERAL INFORMATION

We will apply to list the notes on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. In connection with the listing application and if the application is to be approved, the Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws of Dow and a legal notice relating to the issuance of the notes will be deposited prior to listing with the Greffier en Chef du Tribunal d'Arrondissement de et a Luxembourg, where copies thereof may be obtained upon request.

Copies of the above documents together with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, the indenture and Dow's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 as well as all Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed since December 31, 2001, so long as any of the notes are outstanding, will be made available for inspection at the main office of Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise, 43 Boulevard Royal, L-2955 Luxembourg. Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise will act as intermediary between the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and Dow and the holders of the notes. Copies of the Annual Reports, Quarterly Reports and Current Reports of Dow may be obtained free of charge at such office. In addition, copies of our financial statements for the past two years may be obtained free of charge at the main office of our paying agent, Credit Agricole Indosuez Luxembourg, 39 Allee Schoffer, L-2520 Luxembourg.

Except as may be disclosed herein (including the documents incorporated by reference), there has been (1) no material adverse change in the financial or trading position of Dow since December 31, 2001 and (2) no material change in

Dow's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Except as may be disclosed in the documents incorporated by reference, Dow is not a party to any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any that are pending or threatened) which may have or have had during the previous 12 months a significant effect on Dow's consolidated financial position.

Resolutions relating to the issuance and sale of the notes were adopted by the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of Dow on June 14, 2002 and September 16, 2002.

The notes, the indenture and the underwriting agreement are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, United States of America.

The notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream and have been assigned Euroclear and Clearstream Common Code No. 015794895, International Security Identification Number (ISIN) US260543BS19 and CUSIP No. 260543 BS 1.

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PROSPECTUS

#### The Dow Chemical Company

By this prospectus, Dow may offer from time to time a total of up to \$1,500,000,000 of securities, which may include:

#### . common stock

- . preferred stock
- . warrants to purchase common stock
- . warrants to purchase preferred stock
- . debt securities
- . warrants to purchase debt securities

Dow will provide you with the specific terms and the public offering prices of these securities in supplements to this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and the prospectus supplements carefully before you invest. This prospectus may not be used to offer and sell securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "Dow."  $% \mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$ 

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus is dated September 12, 2002

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### ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that Dow filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the shelf registration process. Dow may sell common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants to purchase common stock, warrants to purchase preferred stock and warrants to purchase debt securities. The total sales of all securities sold under this prospectus, however, may not exceed \$1,500,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities Dow may offer. Each time Dow sells securities, Dow will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with additional information described under the heading "Where You Can Find More Information."

#### THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Dow is a leading science and technology company that provides innovative chemical, plastic and agricultural products and services to many essential consumer markets. Dow serves customers in more than 170 countries and a wide range of markets that are vital to human progress, including food, transportation, health and medicine, personal and home care, and building and construction, among others. Dow has 208 manufacturing sites in 38 countries and supplies more than 3,200 products. Dow's corporate offices are located at 2030 Dow Center, Midland, Michigan 48674, and Dow's telephone number is (989) 636-1000.

Additional information concerning Dow and its subsidiaries is included in the documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated in this prospectus by reference. See the discussion under the heading "Where You Can Find More Information."

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#### SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected consolidated financial data for each of the years ended

December 31, 2001, 2000, 1999 and 1998 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. The selected consolidated financial data for the year ended December 31, 1997 and the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 have been derived from Dow's unaudited consolidated financial statements. The selected consolidated financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) which, in the opinion of management, are considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods covered. The consolidated financial data have been prepared to give retroactive effect to the Union Carbide merger and include the combined accounts of Dow and Union Carbide Corporation for all periods presented. This data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

	For the six months ended June 30,					For	-		ende		
	2002		2002 2001				2001		2000		
										.11i	
Income statement data: Net sales	\$1	3 <b>,</b> 479	\$1	4,730	\$2	27,805	\$2	29,534	\$2	25,8	
<pre>Income (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles Net income (loss) available for common stockholders Earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in</pre>											
accounting principles per common sharediluted Earnings (loss) per common sharediluted Dividends declared per share of Dow common stock	\$	0.37	\$	(0.45)	\$	(0.43)	\$	1.85	\$	1.	
Balance sheet data: Total assets Long-term obligations and redeemable preferred stock											

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The following table provides pro forma results for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, as if the non-amortization provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which Dow adopted on January 1, 2002, had been applied.

	E	For th De	e ye cemb	
in millions, except per share amounts		2001	20	
Reported income (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles Reported net income (loss)				
Adjustments: Goodwill amortization, net of tax Negative goodwill amortization, net of tax		128 (10)	Ş	

Equity method goodwill amortization, net of tax	11	
Total adjustments		\$
Adjusted income (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles Adjusted net income (loss)		
Reported earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles per common sharebasic Reported earnings (loss) per common sharebasic	\$(0.46)	\$ 1
Adjustments: Goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$ 0.14	\$ C
Negative goodwill amortization, net of tax Equity method goodwill amortization, net of tax		С
Total adjustments	\$ 0.14 =====	
Adjusted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles per common sharebasic		ė o
Adjusted earnings (loss) per common share-basic		\$ 2
Reported earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles per common sharediluted		¢ 1
Reported earnings (loss) per common sharediluted		\$ 1
Adjustments: Goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$ 0.14	\$ C
Negative goodwill amortization, net of tax Equity method goodwill amortization, net of tax	(0.01)	C
Total adjustments		\$ C
Adjusted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles		
per common sharediluted Adjusted earnings (loss) per common sharediluted		\$ 1

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

	For	the					
	S	ix					
	Mont	lhs					
	End	ded					
	June	30,	For the	Years	Ended	Decemb	er 31,
	2002	2001	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	2.1x	(a)	(b)	3.6x	4.3x	4.3x	6.1x

For the purposes of these ratios, earnings consist of income before (1) income taxes, (2) minority interests, (3) extraordinary items, (4) cumulative

effect of changes in accounting principles, (5) amortization of capitalized interest and (6) fixed charges (adjusted to exclude capitalized interest) and after adjustment for unremitted earnings of 20%-50% owned companies. Fixed charges consist of interest on all indebtedness, amortization of capitalized debt costs, discount or premium and a portion of rentals deemed to represent an interest factor. The ratios of earnings to fixed charges give retroactive effect to the February 6, 2001 merger of Union Carbide Corporation with a subsidiary of Dow, resulting in Union Carbide becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of Dow.

(a) As a result of \$1,408 million in pretax costs recorded for merger-related expenses and restructuring, earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2001 were inadequate to cover fixed charges, with a deficiency of \$691 million.

(b) As a result of \$1,487 million in pretax costs recorded for merger-related expenses and restructuring, earnings for the year ended December 31, 2001 were inadequate to cover fixed charges, with a deficiency of \$582 million.

### USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect to use the net proceeds from sales of any securities described in this prospectus for our general corporate purposes, which may include funding capital expenditures, pursuing growth initiatives, whether through acquisitions, joint ventures or otherwise, repaying or refinancing indebtedness or other obligations, and financing working capital increases. Pending the application of the net proceeds, we expect to invest the net proceeds in marketable securities or reduce our short-term indebtedness.

#### DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary of common stock and preferred stock of Dow does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the relevant provisions of Delaware law, and by Dow's certificate of incorporation and bylaws, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Dow is authorized to issue 1,750,000,000 shares of all classes of stock, 1,500,000,000 of which are shares of common stock, par value \$2.50 per share, and 250,000,000 of which are shares of preferred stock. As of June 30, 2002, there were 910,718,107 shares of common stock issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding. All issued and outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and non-assessable. Any additional shares of common stock and preferred stock that Dow issues will be fully paid and non-assessable. Neither Dow's common stockholders nor preferred stockholders have preemptive rights.

#### Common Stock

#### General

Dow's certificate of incorporation provides that, subject to all of the rights of holders of preferred stock provided for by the board of directors or by Delaware corporate law, the holders of common stock will have full voting rights on all matters requiring stockholder action, with each share of common stock being entitled to one vote and having equal rights of participation in the dividends and assets of Dow.

Board of Directors

Dow's certificate of incorporation divides Dow's board of directors into three classes of directors that are as nearly equal in number as possible with three-year terms. As a result, approximately one-third of Dow's board of directors is elected each year. A quorum of directors consists of a majority of Dow's entire board of directors then holding office.

Number, Filling of Vacancies and Removal of Directors

Dow's certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that its board of directors may not have less than six or more than twenty-one members. The actual number of directors is determined by a vote of a majority of Dow's entire board of directors. Currently, Dow has thirteen members on its board of directors. Vacancies on Dow's board of directors and any newly created directorships are filled by a vote of the majority of the other directors then in office. Directors elected to fill a vacancy or a new position hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders. Directors can be removed only for cause and only by the vote of stockholders holding 80% of the voting power of Dow's outstanding stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.

#### Dividends

Delaware corporate law generally provides that a corporation, subject to restrictions in its certificate of incorporation, including preferred stockholders' rights to receive dividends prior to common stockholders, may declare and pay dividends out of:

- . surplus; or
- . net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year, if there is no surplus.

Dividends may not be paid out of net profits if the capital of the corporation is less than the aggregate amount of capital represented by the issued and outstanding stock of all classes having a preference on the distribution of assets. Dividends on Dow common stock are not cumulative. Dow's certificate of incorporation does not contain any additional restrictions on the declaration or payment of dividends.

Special Meetings of Stockholders

Dow's bylaws provide that a special stockholders' meeting for any purpose may be called only by the board of directors by a resolution adopted by a majority of the entire board:

- . upon motion of a director; or
- . upon written request of stockholders holding at least 50% of the voting power of the shares of capital stock outstanding and entitled to vote generally in the election of directors.

Stockholder notices requesting a special meeting must be given to Dow's Secretary. The notice must include, as to each matter the stockholder proposes to bring before the meeting:

- . the name and address of the stockholder;
- . the class or series and number of shares of capital stock that are beneficially owned by the stockholder;

- a brief description of the business to be brought before the meeting, including the text of any proposed amendment to the certificate of incorporation or bylaws;
- . a description of all arrangements or understandings between the stockholder and any other persons related to the business proposal;

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- . any material business interests of the stockholder in the business proposal; and
- . a representation that the stockholder intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to bring the business before the meeting.

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Proposals Other than Election of Directors  $% \left( {{{\left( {{{{\bf{n}}_{{\rm{c}}}}} \right)}_{{\rm{c}}}}} \right)$ 

Dow's bylaws provide that a stockholder may bring business before an annual stockholders' meeting if the stockholder is a stockholder on the record date of giving notice and on the record date of the meeting and gives notice to Dow's Secretary of business that is proper to be brought at the meeting under Delaware corporate law:

- . no earlier than 120 days or later than 60 days before the anniversary date of the first mailing of proxy materials for the last annual meeting; or
- . if the annual meeting is more than 30 days before or after the anniversary date of the last annual meeting, Dow must receive the stockholder's notice no later than the close of business on the 10th day after the earlier of the date on which notice of the annual meeting date was mailed or publicly disclosed.

The notice must include the same information required to be included in a stockholder's notice in connection with requesting a special meeting. See the section of this prospectus captioned "Special Meetings of Stockholders."

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations of Directors at an Annual Meeting

Dow's bylaws provide that a stockholder may nominate a person for election to the board of directors at an annual stockholders' meeting if the stockholder gives notice to Dow's Secretary:

- . no more than 120 days and no less than 60 days before the anniversary date of the first mailing of proxy materials for the last annual meeting; or
- . if the annual meeting is more than 30 days before or after the anniversary date of the last annual meeting, Dow must receive the stockholder's notice no later than the close of business on the 10th day after the earlier of the day on which notice of the annual meeting date was mailed or publicly disclosed.

The notice must include the following:

. a description of all arrangements or understandings between the stockholder and the nominee and any other person pursuant to which the nomination is made;

- . the information regarding the nominee that would have been required to be included in a proxy statement filed under the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission if the nominee had been nominated by the board of directors;
- . the consent of the nominee to serve as a director if he or she is elected; and
- . the information required to be included in a stockholder's notice in connection with requesting a special meeting. See the section of this prospectus captioned "Special Meetings of Stockholders."

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations of Directors at a Special Meeting

Dow's bylaws provide that a stockholder may nominate a person for election to the board of directors at a special meeting of stockholders if the stockholder gives Dow's secretary notice of the nomination no later than the close of business on the seventh day after notice of the special meeting is first given to stockholders.

In addition to the information required to be included in a stockholder's notice in connection with a special meeting, the notice must include the same information that would be required to nominate a person for election as a director at an annual meeting. See the section of this prospectus captioned "Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations of Directors at an Annual Meeting."

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#### Stockholder Action by Written Consent

Under Delaware corporate law, unless otherwise provided in a corporation's certificate of incorporation, any action required or permitted to be taken at an annual or special stockholders' meeting may be taken by written consent, without a meeting, prior notice or a vote. The written consent must be signed by holders of outstanding stock having the minimum number of votes necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote on the matter were present and voted. Dow's certificate of incorporation, however, provides that any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders must be taken at a duly called annual or special stockholders' meeting and may not be taken by written consent.

Transactions with Interested Stockholders and a Merger or Sale of Assets

Delaware corporate law requires the approval of the board of directors and a majority of a corporation's outstanding stock entitled to vote to authorize a merger or consolidation unless the company's certificate of incorporation requires a greater percentage. Unless required by a corporation's certificate of incorporation, stockholder approval, however, is not required in certain cases, such as where either:

- . no shares of common stock of the surviving corporation and no shares, securities or obligations convertible into common stock are to be issued or delivered in the merger; or
- . the authorized and unissued shares or the treasury shares of common stock of the surviving corporation to be issued or delivered in the merger, plus those initially issuable upon conversion of any other shares, securities or obligations to be issued or delivered in the merger do not exceed 20%

of the shares of common stock of the corporation outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger.

A sale of all or substantially all of a Delaware corporation's assets or a voluntary dissolution of a Delaware corporation requires the vote of a majority of the board of directors and a majority of the corporation's outstanding shares entitled to vote on the matter unless the company's certificate of incorporation requires a greater percentage. Dow's certificate of incorporation does not require a greater percentage, except as described below.

Delaware corporate law generally defines an interested stockholder as a person, other than the corporation and any direct or indirect majority owned subsidiary of the corporation:

- . who is the direct or indirect owner of 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation; or
- . is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the direct or indirect owner of 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time within the three-year period immediately prior to the date it asked for determination of its status as an interested stockholder; and
- . the affiliates and associates of that person.

Delaware corporate law prohibits an interested stockholder from engaging in a business combination with the Delaware corporation for three years following the time of becoming an interested stockholder. This three-year waiting period does not apply when:

- . prior to the time of becoming an interested stockholder, the board of directors approves either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- . as a result of becoming an interested stockholder, the stockholder owned, excluding shares owned by directors who are also officers and employee stock plans in which participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer, at least 85% of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at the time the transaction began; or
- . at or after the time of becoming an interested stockholder, the business combination is approved by the board of directors and authorized at a meeting of stockholders by a vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

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These restrictions also do not apply in other circumstances, which are set forth in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, including business combinations with an interested stockholder that are proposed after a public announcement of and prior to the consummation or abandonment of:

- certain mergers or consolidations specified in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law;
- . sales of 50% or more of the aggregate market value of a corporation's assets or outstanding voting stock; or
- . tender offers or exchange offers for 50% or more of a corporation's voting

stock.

Delaware corporate law allows a corporation to specify in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws that it will not be governed by the section relating to transactions with interested stockholders. Dow has not made that election in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws.

Dow's certificate of incorporation provides that, in addition to the vote required pursuant to Delaware corporate law, the vote of stockholders owning at least 80% of the voting power of the shares of capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, is required to approve any of the following business combination transactions:

. a merger or consolidation of Dow or a subsidiary of which Dow ultimately owns 50% or more of the capital stock with:

--an interested stockholder; or

- --any other individual or entity that, after the merger or consolidation, would be an affiliate or associate of an interested stockholder;
- . a sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer or other disposition, in one or more transactions with or on behalf of an interested stockholder or an affiliate or associate of an interested stockholder, of any assets of Dow or any subsidiary of Dow constituting 5% or more of Dow's total consolidated assets as of the end of the most recent quarter;
- . the issuance or transfer by Dow or any of its subsidiaries of any securities of Dow or its subsidiaries in one or more transactions to, or proposed by or on behalf of, an interested stockholder or an affiliate or associate of an interested stockholder in exchange for cash, securities or other property constituting not less than 5% of Dow's consolidated total assets as of the end of the most recent quarter;
- . the adoption of a plan or proposal for liquidation or dissolution of Dow or any spin-off or split-up of any kind of Dow or any subsidiary of Dow that is proposed by or on behalf of an interested stockholder or an affiliate or associate of an interested stockholder; or
- . any reclassification of securities or recapitalization of Dow, or any merger or consolidation of Dow with a subsidiary of Dow or other transaction that has the direct or indirect effect of increasing the percentage of the outstanding shares of:
  - --any class of equity securities of Dow or any subsidiary of Dow; or
  - --any class of securities of Dow or any subsidiary convertible into equity securities of Dow or any subsidiary that are owned directly or indirectly by an interested stockholder and all of its affiliates and associates.

However, the vote of only a majority of the stockholders entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, is required to approve a business combination transaction that:

- . has been approved by a majority of continuing directors, even if they constitute less than a quorum; or
- . meets price and consideration conditions and procedures that are set forth in Dow's certificate of incorporation.

A "continuing director" is:

- --anymember of the board of directors who is not an interested stockholder involved in a business combination described above or an affiliate, associate, employee, agent or nominee of an interested stockholder or relative of any of the foregoing persons, and was a member of the board before the interested stockholder became an interested stockholder; or
  - --asuccessor of a director described above who is recommended or elected to succeed a director described above by the vote of a majority of the directors then on the board.

Dow's certificate of incorporation defines an interested stockholder as any person or entity other than Dow, any subsidiary of Dow, any employee benefit plan of Dow or a subsidiary of Dow or any trustee or fiduciary with respect to any employee benefit plan when acting in a fiduciary capacity, that:

- . is, or was at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, the direct or indirect beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting power of the then-outstanding voting stock of Dow;
- . is an affiliate of Dow and, at any time within the two-year period immediately prior to the date in question, was the direct or indirect beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting power of the outstanding voting stock of Dow; or
- . is an assignee of, or has otherwise succeeded to, any shares of voting stock of Dow of which an interested stockholder was the direct or indirect beneficial owner, at any time within the two-year period immediately prior to the date in question, if the assignment or succession occurred in the course of a transaction or series of transactions not involving a public offering under the Securities Act of 1933.

For purposes of determining whether a person is an interested stockholder, the outstanding voting stock of Dow includes unissued shares of voting stock of Dow beneficially owned by the interested stockholder but not other shares of voting stock of Dow that may be issuable pursuant to an agreement, arrangement or understanding or upon the exercise of conversion rights, warrants or options, or otherwise, to any person who is not an interested stockholder.

### Preferred Stock

Dow's board of directors is authorized, subject to Delaware corporate law and without a vote of its stockholders, to issue shares of preferred stock from time to time in one or more series and to determine the voting rights, designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions of any series of preferred stock. The prospectus supplement relating to an offering of shares of Dow's preferred stock will describe the terms of the series of preferred stock Dow is offering.

### DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

The following description of the debt securities summarizes the material terms and provisions of the debt securities to which a prospectus supplement may relate. Each time Dow offers debt securities, the prospectus supplement related to that offering will describe the terms of the debt securities Dow is offering.

The debt securities will be issued under an indenture, dated as of April 1, 1992, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture, dated as of January 1, 1994, a second supplemental indenture dated as of October 1, 1999, and a third supplemental indenture dated as of May 15, 2001, between Dow and Bank One Trust Company, N.A. (successor in interest to The First National Bank of Chicago), as trustee. The indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indentures is referred to in this section as the "indenture." The following summary of the debt securities and the indenture does not purport to be complete and is subject to the provisions of the indenture,

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including the defined terms. Whenever Dow refers to particular sections, articles or defined terms of the indenture, those sections, articles or defined terms are incorporated by reference in this prospectus and prospectus supplement. You should review the indenture that is filed as exhibits to the registration statement for additional information.

### General

Dow may issue debt securities from time to time in one or more series without limitation as to aggregate principal amount. The indenture does not limit the amount of other indebtedness or securities which Dow may issue.

The debt securities will be unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of Dow's other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness.

The prospectus supplement will describe the following terms of the debt securities Dow is offering:

- . the title of the debt securities or the series in which the debt securities will be included;
- . any limit on the aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of that series;
- . whether the debt securities may be issued as registered securities or bearer securities or both, whether any of the debt securities may be issued initially in temporary global form and whether any of the debt securities may be issued in permanent global form;
- . the price or prices at which the debt securities will be issued;
- . the date or dates on which the principal amount of the debt securities is payable;
- . the interest rate or rates, or the formula by which the interest rate or rates will be determined, if any, and the date from which any interest will accrue;
- . the interest payment dates on which any interest will be payable, the regular record date for any interest payable on any debt securities that are registered securities on any interest payment date, and the extent to which, or the manner in which, any interest payable on a global security on an interest payment date will be paid if different from the manner described below under the section of this prospectus captioned "Global Securities";
- . any mandatory or optional sinking fund or analogous provisions;

- . each office or agency where the principal of and any premium and interest on the debt securities will be payable and each office or agency where the debt securities may be presented for registration of transfer or exchange;
- . the date, if any, after which and the price or prices at which the debt securities may, pursuant to any optional or mandatory redemption provisions, be redeemed, in whole or in part, and the other detailed terms and provisions of any optional or mandatory redemption provisions;
- . the denominations in which Dow may issue any debt securities which are registered securities, if other than denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof, and the denominations in which Dow may issue any debt securities which are bearer securities, if other than denominations of \$5,000;
- . the currency or currencies of payment of principal of and any premium and interest on the debt securities;
- . any index used to determine the amount of payments of principal of and any premium and interest on the debt securities;
- . any additional covenants applicable to the debt securities; and
- . any other terms and provisions of the debt securities not inconsistent with the terms and provisions of the indenture.

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The prospectus supplement also will describe any special provisions for the payment of additional amounts with respect to the debt securities.

If the purchase price of any of the debt securities is denominated in one or more foreign currencies or currency units or if the principal of, or any premium and interest on, any series of debt securities is payable in one or more foreign currencies or currency units, the restrictions, elections, general tax considerations, specific terms and other information with respect to such debt securities and such foreign currency or currency units will be set forth in the related prospectus supplement.

Some of the debt securities may be issued as original issue discount securities (bearing no interest or bearing interest at a rate which at the time of issuance is below market rates) to be sold at a substantial discount below their principal amount. The prospectus supplement will describe the federal income tax considerations and other special considerations which apply to any original issue discount securities.

#### Denominations, Registration and Transfer

The debt securities may be issued as registered securities, bearer securities or both. Debt securities may be issued in the form of one or more global securities, as described below under the section of this prospectus captioned "Global Securities." Unless otherwise provided in the prospectus supplement, registered securities denominated in U.S. dollars will be issued only in denominations of \$1,000 or any integral multiple thereof and bearer securities denominated in U.S. dollars will be issued only in denominations of \$5,000 with coupons attached. A global security will be issued in a denomination equal to the aggregate principal amount of outstanding debt securities represented by that global security. The prospectus supplement relating to debt securities denominated in a foreign or composite currency will specify the denominations in which the debt securities will be issued.

During the "restricted period" as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(7), no bearer security will be mailed or otherwise delivered to any location in the United States and a bearer security may be delivered during the restricted period only if the person entitled to receive the bearer security furnishes proper written certification that the bearer security is owned by:

- . a person that is not a U.S. person;
- . a qualifying foreign branch of a U.S. financial institution;
- . a U.S. person who acquired the obligation through the qualifying foreign branch of a U.S. financial institution and holds the obligation through that qualifying foreign branch of a U.S. financial institution on the date of certification; or
- . a financial institution for resale during the restricted period but not for resale directly or indirectly to a U.S. person or to a person within the United States or its possessions.

Registered securities of any series may be exchanged for other registered securities of the same series and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor of different authorized denominations. In addition, if debt securities of any series may be issued as both registered securities and as bearer securities, at the option of the holder upon written request, and subject to the terms of the indenture, bearer securities (with all unmatured coupons, except as provided below, and all matured coupons in default attached) of any series may be exchanged for registered securities of the same series of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor. Unless otherwise indicated in the prospectus supplement, any bearer security surrendered in exchange for a registered security between a record date and the relevant date for payment of interest will be surrendered without the coupon relating to the date for payment of interest attached, and interest may be paid only to the holder of the coupon when due in accordance with the terms of the indenture. Except as indicated in the prospectus supplement, bearer securities will not be issued in exchange for registered securities.

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Debt securities may be presented for exchange as described in the previous paragraph, and registered securities, other than a global security, may be presented for registration of transfer, with the form of transfer duly executed, at the office of the security registrar designated by Dow or at the office of any transfer agent designated by Dow for that purpose, without service charge and upon payment of any taxes and other governmental charges as described in the indenture. The transfer or exchange will be effected when the security registrar or the transfer agent is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. Dow has initially appointed the trustee as the security registrar under the indenture. If a prospectus supplement refers to any transfer agent initially designated by Dow with respect to any series of debt securities, Dow may at any time cancel the designation of the transfer agent or approve a change in the location through which the transfer agent acts, except that:

. if debt securities of a series