CARRIAGE SERVICES INC Form 10-Q November 07, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES þ **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008 OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES 0 **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the transition period from _____ to Commission file number: 1-11961 CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) **DELAWARE** 76-0423828 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) organization) 3040 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 300, Houston, TX 77056

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (713) 332-8400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o Accelerated filer b (Do not check if a smaller reporting

company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

The number of shares of the registrant s Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding as of November 1, 2008 was 18,209,399.

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Total liabilities

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data)

December September 31, 30, 2007 2008 (unaudited) **ASSETS** Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,446 \$ 3,257 Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,142 in 2007 and \$770 in 2008 16,421 13,016 Inventories and other current assets 13,686 12,120 Total current assets 33,553 28,393 Preneed cemetery trust investments 61,114 52,408 Preneed funeral trust investments 68,292 62,679 Preneed receivables, net of allowance for cancellations and doubtful accounts of \$1,159 in 2007 and \$761 in 2008 18,333 13,463 13,593 Receivables from preneed funeral trusts 15,012 Property, plant and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$53,304 in 2007 and \$57,564 in 2008 125,608 125,953 Cemetery property 69,646 68,028 Goodwill 167,263 164,520 Deferred charges and other non-current assets 16,402 16,130 Cemetery perpetual care trust investments 37,202 31,271 Total assets 610,807 \$ 578,056 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of senior long-term debt and capital leases obligations \$ 1.256 \$ 801 Accounts payable 6,091 5,742 Accrued liabilities 14,559 12,128 Total current liabilities 21,906 18,671 Senior long-term debt, net of current portion 132,532 132,994 Convertible junior subordinated debenture due in 2029 to an affiliated trust 93,750 93,750 Obligations under capital leases, net of current portion 4,602 4,663 Deferred preneed cemetery revenue 50,610 50,038 Deferred preneed funeral revenue 34,277 24,707 Non-controlling interests in cemetery trust investments 61,114 52,408 Non-controlling interests in funeral trust investments 68,292 62,679

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467,606

439,387

Commitments and contingencies		
Non-controlling interests in perpetual care trust investments	36,301	31,208
Mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred stock		200
Stockholders equity:		
Common Stock, \$.01 par value; 80,000,000 shares authorized; 19,216,000		
and 18,668,000 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2007 and		
September 30, 2008, respectively	192	195
Additional paid-in capital	193,006	194,687
Accumulated deficit	(86,298)	(84,239)
Treasury stock, at cost; 854,700 shares at September 30, 2008		(3,382)
Total stockholders equity	106,900	107,261
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 610,807	\$ 578,056

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited and in thousands, except per share data)

	For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2008		For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 2008		
Revenues:					
Funeral	\$ 29,478	\$31,596	\$ 91,625	\$ 100,764	
Cemetery	10,924	11,616	32,255	32,328	
Field costs and expenses:	40,402	43,212	123,880	133,092	
Funeral	19,199	21,587	57,378	64,832	
Cemetery	7,553	8,301	21,316	23,476	
Depreciation and amortization	2,061	2,270	6,106	6,540	
Regional and unallocated funeral and cemetery costs	1,843	1,837	5,442	5,309	
	30,656	33,995	90,242	100,157	
Gross profit	9,746	9,217	33,638	32,935	
Corporate costs and expenses:	0.704	4 1 1 4	10.725	10.541	
General, administrative and other	3,734	·	10,735	12,541	
Home office depreciation and amortization	337	400	1,047	1,204	
	4,071	4,514	11,782	13,745	
Interest and other:					
Interest expense	4,579	4,525	13,785	13,701	
Interest income and other, net	(191)	(83)	(1,066)	(224)	
	4,388	4,442	12,719	13,477	
Income from continuing operations before income					
taxes	1,287	261	9,137	5,713	
Provision for income taxes	584	103	3,607	2,256	
Net income from continuing operations	703	158	5,530	3,457	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(9))	538	(1,390)	
Net income Preferred stock dividend	694	158 4	6,068	2,067 8	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 694	\$ 154	\$ 6,068	\$ 2,059	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:					
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.29 0.03	\$ 0.18 (0.07)	

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Net income	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.11
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.28 0.03	\$ 0.18 (0.07)
Net income	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.11
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding:				
Basic	19,117	19,279	18,949	19,351
Diluted	19,586	19,354	19,439	19,655

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited and in thousands)

	For the ninended Sept 2007		
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ (0 (0	Φ 2.067	
Net income	\$ 6,068	\$ 2,067	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	(538)	1,390	
(Income) loss from discontinued operations Depreciation and amortization	7,153	1,390 7,744	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	536	536	
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	2,047	2,969	
	2,047	1,235	
Stock-based compensation expense Deferred income taxes	3,302	2,179	
Other	3,302 16	(78)	
	10	(76)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (required) cash, net of effects from acquisitions and dispositions:			
Accounts receivable	(440)	485	
Inventories and other current assets	(449) 432	446 446	
Deferred charges and other	(1,161)	60	
Preneed funeral and cemetery trust investments	(6,786)	7,872	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5,486)	(3,963)	
Deferred preneed funeral and cemetery revenue	(4,385)	(9,321)	
Non-controlling interests in preneed funeral and cemetery trusts	7,700	(9,321) $(1,566)$	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	217	156	
Net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations	217	130	
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,534	12,211	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisitions	(32,531)		
Maturities of corporate investments	10,303		
Capital expenditures	(8,372)	(9,647)	
Withdrawal of restricted cash	2,888	(),017)	
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations	2,520	1,029	
The cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations	2,520	1,02)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(25,192)	(8,618)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Payments on senior long-term debt and obligations under capital leases	(1,007)	(978)	
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	1,210	584	
Dividend on redeemable preferred stock	1,210	(6)	
Purchase of treasury stock		(3,382)	
Net cash used in financing activities of discontinued operations	(124)	(3,302)	
1100 cash ased in financing activities of discontinued operations	(127)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	79	(3,782)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(15,579)	(189)	

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

22,820

3,446

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

\$ 7,241

\$ 3,257

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) The Company

Carriage Services, Inc. (Carriage or the Company) is a leading provider of death care services and merchandise in the United States. As of September 30, 2008, the Company owned and operated 136 funeral homes in 25 states and 32 cemeteries in 11 states.

(b) Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

(c) Interim Condensed Disclosures

The information for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2008 is unaudited, but in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments which are normal, recurring and necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations as of and for the interim periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in annual financial statements, have been condensed or omitted. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared consistent with the accounting policies described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, and should be read in conjunction therewith.

(d) Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(e) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an on-going basis, we evaluate estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, realization of accounts receivable, intangible assets, property and equipment and deferred tax assets. We base our estimates on historical experience, third party data and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these considerations form the basis for making judgments about the amount and timing of revenues and expenses, the carrying value of assets and the recorded amounts of liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates and such estimates may change if the underlying conditions or assumptions change. Historical performance should not be viewed as indicative of future performance, as there can be no assurance the margins, operating income and net earnings as a percentage of revenues will be consistent from year to year.

(f) Business Combinations

Tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value and goodwill is recognized for any difference between the price of the acquisition and our fair value determination. We customarily estimate our purchase costs and other related transactions known at closing of the acquisition. To the extent that information not available to us at the closing date subsequently becomes available during the allocation period we may adjust goodwill, assets, or liabilities associated with the acquisition.

(g) Discontinued Operations

In accordance with the Company s strategic portfolio optimization model, non-strategic businesses are reviewed to determine whether the business should be sold and proceeds redeployed elsewhere. A marketing plan is then developed for those locations which are identified as held for sale. When the Company receives a letter of intent and financing commitment from the buyer and the sale is expected to occur within one year, the location is no longer reported within the Company s continuing operations. The assets and liabilities associated with the location are reclassified as held for sale on the balance sheet and the operating results, as well as impairments, are presented on a comparative basis in the discontinued operations section of the consolidated statements of operations, along with the income tax effect.

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(h) Stock Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has stock-based employee compensation plans in the form of restricted stock, performance units, stock option and employee stock purchase plans, which are described in more detail in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment (FAS No. 123R). The Company adopted FAS No. 123R in the first quarter of 2006, using the modified prospective application method. FAS No. 123R requires companies to recognize compensation expense in an amount equal to the fair value of the share-based awards issued to employees over the period of vesting and applies to all transactions involving issuance of equity by a company in exchange for goods and services, including employee services. The fair value of options or awards containing options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model.

(i) Fair Value Measurements

FAS 157, which the Company adopted effective January 1, 2008, defines fair value as the price that would be received in the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FAS 157 requires disclosure of the extent to which fair value is used to measure financial assets and liabilities, the inputs utilized in calculating valuation measurements, and the effect of the measurement of significant unobservable inputs on earnings, or changes in net assets, as of the measurement date.

FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-2 (FSP 157-2), issued in February 2008, delayed the effective date of FAS No. 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), until fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. We adopted FAS No. 157 effective January 1, 2008, with the exceptions allowed under FSP 157-2, the adoption of which has not affected our financial position or results of operations but did result in additional required disclosures, which are provided in Note 19.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (FAS No. 159). FAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. FAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not elected to apply the provisions of Statement No. 159 to any additional financial instruments; therefore, the adoption of Statement No. 159 effective January 1, 2008 has not affected our financial position or results of operations.

2. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (FAS No. 141R). FAS No. 141R requires the acquiring entity to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at the fair values as of that date. Goodwill is measured as a residual of the fair values at acquisition date. Acquisition related costs are recognized separately from the acquisition. This statement is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS No. 141R will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements , an amendment of ARB No. 51 (FAS No. 160). FAS No. 160 requires that non-controlling interests in a subsidiary be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements, the attributable net income be identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income and changes in the ownership be accounted for consistently. The statement also includes requirements when an interest is deconsolidated. Disclosure should be sufficient to clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the reporting entity and that of the non-controlling interest owners. This statement is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS No. 160 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAX UNCERTAINTIES

In June 2006, FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise s financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN 48 prescribes how tax benefits for

uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured, and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax position should be classified on the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim period guidance, among other provisions. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and was adopted by the Company at the beginning of the first quarter of 2007. The Company has reviewed its income tax positions and identified certain tax deductions, primarily related to business acquisitions that are not certain. The cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 has been recorded as a reduction to the 2007 opening balance of Retained Earnings and an increase in noncurrent liabilities in the amount of \$0.2 million to the January 1, 2007 retained earnings balance.

The Company has unrecognized tax benefits for Federal and state income tax purposes totaling \$6.0 million as of December 31, 2007, resulting from deductions totaling \$15.2 million on Federal returns and \$13.4 million on various state returns. The effect of applying FIN 48 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was not material to the Company s operations. The Company has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards exceeding these deductions, and has accounted for these

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unrecognized tax benefits by reducing the net operating loss carryforwards by the amount of these unrecognized deductions. In certain states without net operating loss carryforwards, the Company has previously reduced its taxes payable by deductions that are not considered more likely than not. The cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 specifically relates to those state income tax returns.

The entire balance of unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized, would affect the Company s effective tax rate. The Company does not anticipate a significant increase or decrease in its unrecognized tax benefits during the next twelve months. The amount of penalty and interest recognized in the balance sheet and statement of operations was not material. The Company s policy with respect to potential penalties and interest is to record them as other expense and interest expense, respectively.

4. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company continually reviews locations to optimize the sustainable earning power and return on invested capital of the Company. The Company s strategy, the Strategic Portfolio Optimization Model, uses strategic ranking criteria to identify disposition candidates. The execution of this strategy entails selling non-strategic businesses.

Two funeral home businesses were sold during the second quarter of 2008 for approximately \$1.0 million, from which a net loss of \$1.4 million was recorded. No businesses were sold during the first or third quarters of 2008.

In the first quarter of 2007, the Company sold two funeral home businesses for approximately \$2.4 million and recognized a gain of \$0.6 million. In the second quarter of 2007, the Company sold a funeral home business for approximately \$0.8 million and recognized a gain of \$0.1 million.

No businesses were held for sale at December 31, 2007 and September 30, 2008.

The operating results of businesses discontinued during the periods presented, as well as gains or losses on the disposal, are presented on a comparative basis in the discontinued operations section of the consolidated statements of operations, along with the income tax effect. Revenues and operating income for the businesses presented in the discontinued operations section are as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine month ended September 30	
	2007	2008	2007	2008
Revenues	\$ 297	\$	\$ 1,341	\$ 477
Operating income	\$ 14	\$	\$ 173	\$ 146
(Gain) loss on sale	31		(697)	2,370
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(8)		332	(834)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (9)	\$	\$ 538	\$ (1,390)

5. GOODWILL

Many of the acquired funeral homes, former owners and staff have provided high quality service to families for generations. The resulting loyalty often represents a substantial portion of the value of a funeral business. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired, as determined by management in business acquisition transactions accounted for as purchases, is recorded as goodwill.

The following table presents the changes in goodwill in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet (in thousands):

	September 30,	
		2008
Goodwill at beginning of year	\$	167,263
Acquisitions		30
Discontinued operations		(2,773)
Goodwill at end of period	\$	164,520

6. PRENEED TRUST INVESTMENTS

Preneed cemetery trust investments

Market value as a percentage of cost

Preneed cemetery trust investments represent trust fund assets that the Company will withdraw when the merchandise or services are provided. The cost and market values associated with preneed cemetery trust investments at September 30, 2008 are detailed below (in thousands). The Company determines whether or not the assets in the preneed cemetery trusts have an other-than-temporary impairment on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its market value. Any reduction in the cost basis due to an other-than-temporary impairment is recorded in deferred revenue. There will be no impact on earnings unless and until such time that this asset is withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations at an amount that is less than its original basis.

	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Market
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 5,684	\$	\$	\$ 5,684
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. and Agency obligations	8,438	117	(5)	8,550
State and municipal obligations	351		(3)	348
Corporate	1,659	9	(33)	1,635
Other	4			4
Common stock	18,917	463	(3,702)	15,678
Mutual funds:				
Equity	18,466	2	(3,891)	14,577
Fixed income	6,697		(957)	5,740
Trust investments	\$ 60,216	\$ 591	\$ (8,591)	\$ 52,216
Accrued investment income	\$ 192			\$ 192
Trust assets				\$ 52,408

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

	Net			
	Unrealized			
	Cost	Gain	/(Loss)	Market
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,810	\$	2	\$ 1,812
Due in one to five years	8,225		86	8,311
Due in five to ten years	413		(3)	410
Thereafter	4			4
	\$ 10,452	\$	85	\$ 10,537

87.0%

Preneed funeral trust investments

Preneed funeral trust investments represent trust fund assets that the Company expects to withdraw when the services and merchandise are provided. Such contracts are secured by funds paid by the customer to the Company. Preneed funeral receivables and trust investments are reduced by the trust investment earnings the Company has been allowed to withdraw prior to performance by the Company and amounts received from customers that are not required to be deposited into trust, pursuant to various state laws.

The cost and market values associated with preneed funeral trust investments at September 30, 2008 are detailed below (in thousands). The Company determines whether or not the assets in the preneed funeral trusts have an other-than-temporary impairment on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its market value. Any reduction in the cost basis due to an other-than-temporary impairment is recorded in deferred revenue. There will be no impact on earnings unless and until such time that this asset is withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations at an amount that is less than its original basis.

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	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Market
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 18,558	\$	\$	\$ 18,558
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. Treasury	6,098	264		6,362
State and municipal obligations	464	17		481
Corporate	1,655	18	(26)	1,647
Mortgage Backed Securities	3,833	32	12	3,877
Common stock	7,825	494	(1,670)	6,649
Mutual funds:				
Equity	20,145	161	(3,931)	16,375
Fixed income	9,469	73	(812)	8,730
Trust investments	\$ 68,047	\$ 1,059	\$ (6,427)	\$ 62,679

Market value as a percentage of cost

92.1%

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

	Net Unrealized			
	Cost		/(Loss)	Market
Due in one year or less	\$ 3,488	\$	(85)	\$ 3,403
Due in one to five years	8,444		397	8,841
Due in five to ten years	118		5	123
	\$ 12,050	\$	317	\$ 12,367

Upon cancellation of a preneed funeral or cemetery contract, a customer is generally entitled to receive a refund of the corpus and some or all of the earnings held in trust. In certain jurisdictions, the Company is obligated to fund any shortfall if the amounts deposited by the customer exceed the funds in trust including some or all investment income. As a result, when realized or unrealized losses of a trust result in the trust being under-funded, the Company assesses whether it is responsible for replenishing the corpus of the trust, in which case a loss provision would be recorded. No loss amounts have been required to be recognized for the periods presented herein.

Trust Investment Security Transactions

Cemetery and funeral trust investment security transactions recorded in Interest income and other, net in the Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months		For the nine months	
	ended September 30,		ended September 30	
	2007	2008	2007	2008
Investment income	\$ 1,104	\$ 1,044	\$ 2,928	\$ 3,648
Realized gains	713	144	2,193	516
Realized losses	(90)	(459)	(384)	(592)
Expenses	(280)	(348)	(831)	(1,565)
Increase in non-controlling interests in trust investments	(1,447)	(381)	(3,906)	(2,007)

\$ \$ \$

7. RECEIVABLES FROM PRENEED FUNERAL TRUSTS

The receivables from preneed funeral trusts represent assets in trusts which are controlled and operated by third parties in which the Company does not have a controlling financial interest (less than 50%) in the trust assets. The Company accounts for these investments at cost (in thousands).

		ecember 31, 2007	•	ptember 30, 2008
Amount due from preneed funeral trust funds Less: allowance for contract cancellation		\$ 16,717 (1,705)	\$	15,136 (1,543)
		\$ 15,012	\$	13,593
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8. CONTRACTS SECURED BY INSURANCE

Market value as a percentage of cost

Certain preneed funeral contracts are secured by life insurance contracts. Generally, the proceeds of the life insurance policies have been assigned to the Company and will be paid upon the death of the insured. The proceeds will be used to satisfy the beneficiary s obligations under the preneed contract for services and merchandise. The preneed funeral contracts secured by insurance totaled \$195 million at September 30, 2008, and are not included in the Company s consolidated balance sheet.

9. CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE TRUST INVESTMENTS

The Company is required by state law to pay a portion of the proceeds from the sale of cemetery property interment rights into perpetual care trust funds. The cost and market values associated with the trust investments held in perpetual care trust funds at September 30, 2008 are detailed below (in thousands). The Company determines whether or not the assets in the cemetery perpetual care trusts have an other-than-temporary impairment on a security-by-security basis. This assessment is made based upon a number of criteria including the length of time a security has been in a loss position, changes in market conditions and concerns related to the specific issuer. If a loss is considered to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is adjusted downward to its market value. Any reduction in the cost basis due to an other-than-temporary impairment is recorded in deferred revenue. There will be no impact on earnings unless and until such time that this asset is withdrawn from the trust in accordance with state regulations at an amount that is less than its original basis.

Cash and money market accounts	Cost \$ 3,962	Unrealized Gains \$	Unrealized Losses \$	Market \$ 3,962
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. and Agency Obligations	4,329	68		4,397
State and municipal obligations	489		(5)	484
Corporate	826	17	(3)	840
Mortgage backed securities	253			253
Common stock	12,439	337	(2,635)	10,141
Mutual funds:				
Equity	8,634		(2,200)	6,434
Fixed income	5,501	1	(793)	4,709
Trust investments	\$ 36,433	\$ 423	\$ (5,636)	\$31,220
Accrued net investment income	\$ 51			51
Trust assets				\$31,271

The estimated maturities of the fixed income securities included above are as follows (in thousands):

		Net	
		Unrealized	
	Cost	Gain/(Loss)	Market
Due in one year or less	\$ 812	\$ 9	\$ 821
Due in one to five years	4,271	71	4,342

85.8%

Due in five to ten years	814	(3)	811
	\$ 5.897	\$ 77	\$ 5,974

Non-controlling interests in cemetery perpetual care trusts represent the corpus of those trusts plus undistributed income. The components of non-controlling interests in cemetery perpetual care trusts as of December 31, 2007 and September 30, 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

	I	December 31, 2007	Se	ptember 30, 2008
Trust assets, at market value Pending withdrawals of income	\$	37,202 (901)	\$	31,271 (63)
Non-controlling interests	\$	36,301	\$	31,208
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Trust Investment Security Transactions

Perpetual care trust investment security transactions recorded in Interest income and other, net in the Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008 are as follows (in thousands).

	For the threended Seption 2007	ree months tember 30, 2008	For the ninended September 2007	
Undistributable realized gains	\$	\$ 34	\$ 976	\$ 129
Undistributable realized losses	(34)	(31)	(91)	(96)
Decrease (increase) in non-controlling interests in perpetual				
care trust investments	34	(3)	(885)	(33)
	\$	\$	\$	\$

10. MAJOR SEGMENTS OF BUSINESS

Carriage conducts funeral and cemetery operations only in the United States. The following table presents revenue, pre-tax income from continuing operations and total assets by segment (in thousands):

	Funeral	Cemetery	Corporate	Consolidated
Revenues from continuing operations:		·	•	
Nine months ended September 30, 2008	\$100,764	\$ 32,328	\$	\$133,092
Nine months ended September 30, 2007	\$ 91,625	\$ 32,255	\$	\$123,880
Income (loss) from continuing operations				
before income taxes:				
Nine months ended September 30, 2008	\$ 27,546	\$ 5,013	\$(26,846)	\$ 5,713
Nine months ended September 30, 2007	\$ 26,393	\$ 6,766	\$(24,022)	\$ 9,137
Total assets:				
September 30, 2008	\$354,021	\$193,459	\$ 30,576	\$578,056
December 31, 2007	\$371,921	\$206,840	\$ 32,046	\$610,807

11. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION

The following information is supplemental disclosure for the Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30	
	2007	2008	2007	2008
Revenues				
Goods				
Funeral	\$ 12,144	\$ 12,807	\$ 38,280	\$ 40,886
Cemetery	7,239	8,329	22,333	22,090
Total goods	\$ 19,383	\$21,136	\$ 60,613	\$ 62,976
Services				
Funeral	\$ 17,334	\$ 18,789	\$ 53,345	\$ 59,878
Cemetery	3,685	3,287	9,922	10,238

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Total services	\$21,019	\$ 22,076	\$ 63,267	\$ 70,116
Total revenues	\$40,402	\$ 43,212	\$ 123,880	\$ 133,092
Cost of revenues Goods				
Funeral	\$ 10,332	\$ 11,256	\$ 31,721	\$ 34,441
Cemetery	5,325	6,296	15,586	17,010
Total goods	\$ 15,657	\$ 17,552	\$ 47,307	\$ 51,451
Services				
Funeral	\$ 8,867	\$ 10,331	\$ 25,657	\$ 30,391
Cemetery	2,228	2,005	5,730	6,466
Total services	\$ 11,095	\$12,336	\$ 31,387	\$ 36,857
Total cost of revenues	\$ 26,752	\$ 29,888	\$ 78,694	\$ 88,308
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12. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The following information is supplemental disclosure for the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	For the nine	months ended
	Septer	mber 30,
	2007	2008
Cash paid for interest and financing costs	\$16,039	\$ 16,011
Cash paid for income taxes	407	831
Restricted common stock issued to officers and directors	2,271	1,227
Restricted common stock withheld for payroll taxes		133
Net (deposits) withdrawals into preneed funeral trusts	(376)	1,056
Net (deposits) withdrawals into/from preneed cemetery trusts	(4,766)	1,121
Net deposits into perpetual care trusts	(2,206)	(593)
Net decrease in preneed funeral receivables	918	4,323
Net (increase) decrease in preneed cemetery receivables	(729)	547
Net withdrawals of receivables from preneed funeral trusts	373	1,418
Net change in preneed funeral receivables decreasing deferred revenue	(1,734)	(9,569)
Net change in preneed cemetery receivables increasing (decreasing) deferred		
revenue	(2,651)	248
Net deposits (withdrawals) in preneed funeral trust accounts increasing		
(decreasing) noncontrolling interests	377	(1,056)
Net deposits (withdrawals) in cemetery trust accounts increasing (decreasing)		
noncontrolling interests	4,766	(1,121)
Net deposits in perpetual care trust accounts increasing noncontrolling interests	2,557	611
Restricted cash investing and financing activities:		
Proceeds from the sale of available for sale securities within the funeral and		
cemetery trusts	29,653	108,724
Purchases of available for sale securities within the funeral and cemetery trusts	56,601	126,994
13. DEBT		

The Company has outstanding a principal amount of \$130 million of 7.875% Senior Notes, due in 2015, and \$93.75 million of 7.00% subordinated debt payable to an unconsolidated affiliate, Carriage Services Capital Trust, due in 2029. The Company also has a \$35 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the credit facility) for which borrowings bear interest at prime or LIBOR options with the current LIBOR option set at LIBOR plus 275 basis points and is collateralized by all personal property and by funeral home real property in certain states. Interest is payable semiannually on the Senior Notes and quarterly on the subordinated debt and credit facility. The credit facility matures in 2010 is currently undrawn except for \$0.4 million in letters of credit that were issued and outstanding under the credit facility at September 30, 2008.

Carriage, the parent entity, has no material assets or operations independent of its subsidiaries. All assets and operations are held and conducted by subsidiaries, each of which (except for Carriage Services Capital Trust which is a single purpose entity that holds the debentures issued in connection with our TIDES) have fully and unconditionally guaranteed our obligations under the 7.875% Senior Notes. Additionally, the Company does not currently have any significant restrictions on our ability to receive dividends or loans from any subsidiary guarantor under the 7.875% Senior Notes.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

We are a party to various litigation matters and proceedings. For each of our outstanding legal matters, we evaluate the merits of the case, our exposure to the matter, possible legal or settlement strategies, and the likelihood of an

unfavorable outcome. We intend to defend ourselves in the lawsuits described herein; however, if we determine that an unfavorable outcome is probable and can be reasonably estimated, we establish the necessary accruals. We hold certain insurance policies that may reduce cash outflows with respect to an adverse outcome of certain of these litigation matters.

Spencer Cranney, et al., v. Carriage Services, Inc., et al., United States District Court, District of Nevada, Case No. 2:07-cv-01587 On November 28, 2007, five former Funeral Directors filed suit for themselves and on behalf of all non-exempt employees of Carriage in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada. Plaintiffs allege violations of state wage and hour laws and the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), as well as related tort and contract claims. Specifically, Plaintiffs allege that Carriage: failed to compensate employees properly for time spent on community work, on-call time, pre-needs appointments, and training; failed to provide required meal and rest breaks under California state law; and failed to maintain proper records. Carriage filed its Answer to the Complaint on January 28, 2008, denying all material allegations and asserting appropriate affirmative defenses. On February 29, 2008, the Court granted Plaintiffs

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motion for conditional certification under the FLSA. The parties then effectuated notice of the lawsuit to all potential class members pursuant to the Court sorder. The opt-in period expired on August 5, 2008, by which time 441 people had filed consent forms to join the action. Currently, the litigation is in the discovery stage, but has been stayed while the parties engaged in mediation. The mediation was not successful. Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, we cannot predict the outcome of this matter.

Means v. Carriage Cemetery Services, Inc., et al., Indiana Superior Court, Marion County, Indiana, Case No. 49D12-0704-PL-016504. On April 20, 2007, Plaintiff Cecilia Means (Plaintiff) filed a putative class action alleging that one or more of the current and past owners of Grandview Cemetery in Madison, Indiana including the Carriage subsidiaries that owned the cemetery from January 1997 until February 2001 and one or more of the bank trustees who served as trustee of Grandview Cemetery s Pre-Arrangement Trust Fund (the Grandview Trust Fund), improperly withdrew funds from the Grandview Trust Fund. Carriage denies all material allegations because the subject withdrawals occurred in a period other than during Carriage s ownership, and filed a motion for summary judgment with respect to Plaintiff s claims against it. Plaintiff, in turn, has filed a motion to certify a class. On October 2, 2008, Plaintiff and Carriage entered into a settlement agreement, under which Carriage has agreed to provide, among other things, pre-paid burial goods to class members at their time of need. The Court preliminarily approved the settlement on October 7, 2008. The settlement remains subject to final approval by the Court on January 23, 2009 after notice to potential class members.

Leathermon, et al. v. Grandview Memorial Gardens, Inc., et al., United States District Court, Southern District of Indiana, Case No. 4:07-cv-137. On August 17, 2007, five plaintiffs (Plaintiffs) filed a putative class action against the current and past owners of Grandview Cemetery in Madison, Indiana including the Carriage subsidiaries that owned the cemetery from January 1997 until February 2001 on behalf of all individuals who purchased cemetery and burial goods and services at Grandview Cemetery. Plaintiffs claim that the cemetery owners performed burials negligently, breached plaintiffs contracts, and made misrepresentations regarding the cemetery. On October 15, 2007, the case was removed from Jefferson County Circuit Court, Indiana to the Southern District of Indiana. The Company has filed its answer denying the claims and will defend this action vigorously. Because the lawsuit is in its preliminary stages, we are unable to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the Company or to estimate the amount or range of any potential loss, if any, at this time.

Fuqua, et al., v. Lytle-Gans-Andrews Funeral Home, et al., United States District Court, Southern District of Indiana, Case No. 4:08-cv-00134-DFH-WGH. On July 29, 2008, Kenneth R. Fuqua, II and Elizabeth R. Fuqua (Plaintiffs) filed an action against several defendants in Indiana Circuit Court, Jefferson County, Indiana, alleging improper handling of remains and improper burial practices by Lytle-Gans-Andrews Funeral Home and Grandview Memorial Gardens, Inc. Carriage has denied these allegations because the burial occurred before Carriage owned Lytle-Gans-Andrews Funeral Home and Grandview Memorial Gardens, Inc. On August 28, 2008, the case was removed from Jefferson County Circuit Court, Indiana to the Southern District of Indiana, but briefing is currently pending with the Court regarding whether the case should be remanded to the Jefferson County Circuit Court. Carriage has moved to dismiss Plaintiffs claims with respect to the funeral home because, among other reasons, Carriage assumed only Lytle-Gans-Andrews assets, and not its liabilities, under the Asset Purchase Agreement. The court has not yet ruled on Carriage's motion. The Company will defend these actions vigorously. Because the lawsuit is in its preliminary stages, we are unable to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the Company or to estimate the amount or range of any potential loss, if any, at this time.

Kendall v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc., et al., Indiana Circuit Court, Jefferson County, Indiana, Case No. 39C01-0707-CT-386 (filed July 27, 2007); Lapine Hillard, et al. v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc., et al., Indiana Circuit Court, Jefferson County, Case No. 39C01-0708-CT-398 (filed August 7, 2007); Lawson v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc., Indiana Circuit Court, Jefferson County, Indiana, Case No. 39C01-0708-CT-429 (filed August 17, 2007); Wiley, et al. v. Carriage Funeral Holdings, Inc., et al., Indiana Circuit Court, Jefferson County, Indiana, Case No. 39C01-0706-CT-287 (filed June 6, 2007). In these individual actions, Plaintiffs allege improper handling of remains or improper burial practices by Vail-Holt Funeral Home in Madison, Indiana and/or Grandview Memorial Gardens, Inc. Carriage has denied these allegations because these burials all occurred before Carriage owned Grandview Cemetery and Vail-Holt Funeral Home. Carriage has moved to dismiss Plaintiffs claims with

respect to the funeral home because, among other reasons, Carriage assumed only Vail-Holt s assets, and not its liabilities, under the Asset Purchase Agreement. Carriage has also moved to dismiss certain claims with respect to Grandview Cemetery because Plaintiffs released Grandview Cemetery from contractual liability pursuant to an exculpatory clause. The court has not yet ruled on Carriage s motions. The Company will defend these actions vigorously. Because the lawsuit is in its preliminary stages, we are unable to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the Company or to estimate the amount or range of any potential loss, if any, at this time.

15. REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

During the second quarter of 2008 the Company issued 20,000 shares of a newly designated series of mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred stock (the Preferred Stock) to a key employee in exchange for certain intellectual property rights. The preferred stock has a liquidation value of \$10 per share and is convertible at any time prior to February 22, 2013 into

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the Company s common stock on a one-for-one basis. If not converted into the Company s common stock, the preferred stock is subject to mandatory redemption on February 22, 2013. Dividends accrue on a cumulative basis at the rate of 7% per year, payable quarterly.

16. SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

During June 2008, the Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to an aggregate of \$5 million of the Company s common stock. The repurchase is executed in the open market and through privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, normal trading restrictions and other relevant factors. Through September 30, 2008, the Company repurchased 854,700 shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$3,381,631 and an average cost per share of \$3.93. The repurchased shares are held as treasury stock.

17. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock options and employee stock purchase plan

No stock options were awarded during the nine months ended September 30, 2008. For the third quarter of 2008, employees purchased a total of 35,314 shares of common stock through the employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) at a weighted average price of \$2.98 per share. The Company recorded pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for the ESPP and for vesting of stock options totaling \$33,000 and \$37,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, and \$104,000 and \$145,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively. All currently outstanding stock options have vested.

The fair value of the right (option) to purchase shares under the ESPP during 2007 and 2008, respectively, is estimated on the date of grant to the four quarterly purchase dates using the Black-Sholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Employee Stock Purchase Plan	2007	2008
Dividend yield	None	None
Expected volatilities	23.65%	39.48%
Risk-free interest rate	4.94%, 4.91%, 4.96%, 5.00%	3.26%, 3.32%, 3.25%, 3.17%
Expected life (in years)	0.25, .50, .75, 1	0.25, .50, .75, 1

Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility during the previous twelve months of the underlying common stock. The risk-free rate for the quarterly purchase periods is based on the U.S. Treasury yields in effect at the time of grant (January 1).

Common stock grants

The Company granted 155,428 shares of restricted common stock to certain officers and employees during the first quarter of 2008 and 15,000 in the third quarter. The restricted stock vests in 25% increments over four years. The Company recorded \$501,000 and \$861,000 in pre-tax compensation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively, related to the vesting of previous restricted stock awards. As of September 30, 2008, there was \$2.4 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested restricted stock awards, which are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.7 years.

Directors may elect to receive all or a portion of their fees in stock. During the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, the Company issued 2,866 and 4,918 shares of unrestricted common stock to directors in lieu of payment in cash for their fees, the value of which totaled \$23,000 and \$24,600, respectively, and is included in general, administrative and other expenses. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, the Company issued 24,888 and 27,312 shares of unrestricted common stock to directors in lieu of payment in cash for their fees, the value of which totaled \$179,216 and \$187,000, respectively.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company engaged law firms in which one of their partners is the spouse of the Company s Senior Vice President and General Counsel. The firms were used for various legal matters during the period. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company paid the law firm \$0.7 million.

19. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FAS 157, which the Company adopted effective January 1, 2008, defines fair value as the price that would be received in the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at

the measurement date. FAS 157 requires disclosure of the extent to which fair value is used to measure financial assets and liabilities, the inputs utilized in calculating valuation measurements, and the effect of the measurement of significant unobservable inputs on earnings, or changes

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in net assets, as of the measurement date. FAS 157 establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy based upon the transparency of inputs utilized in the measurement and valuation of financial assets or liabilities as of the measurement date:

Level 1 unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

Level 2 quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable or that can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation; and

Level 3 unobservable inputs based upon the reporting entity s internally developed assumptions which market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The Company evaluated its financial assets and liabilities for those financial assets and liabilities that met the criteria of the disclosure requirements and fair value framework of FAS 157. The Company identified investments in fixed income securities, common stock and mutual funds presented within the preneed and perpetual trust investments categories on the consolidated balance sheets as having met such criteria.

The Company accounts for its investments under SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Instruments (as amended), which established standards of financial accounting and reporting for investments in equity instruments that have readily determinable fair values and for all investments in debt securities. Accordingly, the Company designates these investments as available-for-sale and measures them at fair value.

The table below presents information about our assets measured at fair value (in thousands) on a recurring basis and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by us to determine the fair values as of September 30, 2008. These assets have previously been measured at fair value in accordance with existing generally accepted accounting principles, and our accounting for these assets and liabilities was not impacted by our adoption of Statement No. 159. Certain fixed income and other securities are reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. For these securities, the Company uses pricing services and dealer quotes. As of September 30, 2008, the Company did not have any assets that had fair values determined by Level 3 inputs and no liabilities measured at fair value.

Fair Value Measurements (in 000s) U

	Quoted Prices			
	in	Significant Other	Significant	
	Active			
	Markets	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs	September 30,
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2008
Assets:				
Fixed				
income				
securities	\$23,185	\$ 5,693	\$	\$ 28,878
Common				
stock	32,468			32,468
Mutual				
funds and				
other	37,386	19,179		56,565
			- 16 -	
stock Mutual funds and	,	,	- 16 -	,

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements within the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include any projections of earnings, revenues, asset sales, acquisitions, cash balances and cash flow, debt levels or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Forward-looking statements may include the words may , will , estimate , intend , believe , expect , project , forecast , plan , anticipate and other similar words.

Cautionary Statements

We caution readers that the following important factors, among others, in some cases have affected, and in the future could affect, our actual consolidated results and could cause our actual consolidated results in the future to differ materially from the goals and expectations expressed herein and in any other forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of us. For further information regarding risks associated with our business and the death care industry, see Item 1A Risk Factors in our Annual Report filed on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Risks related to our business

- (1) Marketing and sales activities by existing and new competitors could cause us to lose market share and lead to lower revenues and margins.
- (2) Our ability to generate preneed sales depends on a number of factors, including sales incentives and local and general economic conditions.
- (3) Price competition could also reduce our market share or cause us to reduce prices to retain or recapture market share, either of which could reduce revenues and margins.
- (4) Our ability to execute our growth strategy is highly dependent upon our ability to successfully identify suitable acquisition candidates and negotiate transactions on favorable terms.
- (5) Increased or unanticipated costs, such as insurance, taxes or litigation, may have a negative impact on our earnings and cash flows.
- (6) Improved performance in our funeral and cemetery segments is highly dependent upon successful execution of our Standards Operating Model.
- (7) The success of our businesses is typically dependent upon one or a few key employees for success because of the localized and personal nature of our business.
- (8) Earnings from and principal of trust funds and insurance contracts could be reduced by changes in financial markets and the mix of securities owned.
- (9) Covenant restrictions under our debt instruments may limit our flexibility in operating and growing our business.

Risks related to the death care industry

- (1) Declines in the number of deaths in our markets can cause a decrease in revenues. Changes in the number of deaths are not predictable from market to market or over the short term.
- (2) The increasing number of cremations in the United States could cause revenues to decline because we could lose market share to firms specializing in cremations. In addition, direct cremations produce minimal revenues for cemetery operations and lower funeral revenues.
- (3) If we are not able to respond effectively to changing consumer preferences, our market share, revenues and profitability could decrease.
- (4) Because the funeral and cemetery businesses are high fixed-cost businesses, changes in revenues can have a disproportionately large effect on cash flow and profits.
- (5) Changes or increases in, or failure to comply with, regulations applicable to our business could increase costs or decrease cash flows.

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OVERVIEW

General

We operate two types of businesses: funeral homes, which account for approximately 75% of our revenues, and cemeteries, which account for approximately 25% of our revenues. Funeral homes are principally service businesses that provide funeral services (burial and cremation) and sell related merchandise, such as caskets and urns. Cemeteries are primarily a sales business that sells interment rights (grave sites and mausoleums) and related merchandise, such as markers and outer burial containers. As of September 30, 2008, we operated 136 funeral homes in 25 states and 32 cemeteries in 11 states within the United States. Substantially all administrative activities are conducted or coordinated through our home office in Houston, Texas.

We have implemented several significant long-term initiatives in our operations designed to improve operating and financial results by growing market share and increasing profitability. We introduced a more decentralized, entrepreneurial and local operating model that included operating and financial standards developed from our best operations, along with an incentive compensation plan to reward business managers for successfully meeting or exceeding the standards. The model essentially eliminated the use of financial budgets in favor of the standards. The operating model and standards, which we refer to as Being the Best, focus on the key drivers of a successful operation, organized around three primary areas market share, people and operating and financial metrics. The model and standards are the measures by which we judge the success of each business. To date, the Being the Best operating model and standards have driven significant changes in our organization, leadership and operating practices.

Funeral Operations

Factors affecting our funeral operating results include: demographic trends in terms of population growth and average age, which impact death rates and number of deaths; establishing and maintaining leading market share positions supported by strong local heritage and relationships; effectively responding to increasing cremation trends by packaging complementary services and merchandise; controlling salary and merchandise costs; and exercising pricing leverage related to our at-need business to increase average revenues per contract. In simple terms, volume and price are the two variables that affect funeral revenues. The average revenue per contract is influenced by the mix of traditional and cremation services because our average cremation service revenue is approximately one-third of the average revenue earned from a traditional burial service. Funeral homes have a relatively fixed cost structure. Thus, small changes in revenues, up or down, normally cause significant changes to our profitability.

Our same store volumes have declined gradually each year from 21,588 in 2004 to 20,716 in 2007 (compound annual decline of 1.4%) consistent with a period of weak death rates nationally and the loss of market share in certain markets. We experienced higher volumes equal to 1.8% during the first three quarters of 2008 compared to the first three quarters of 2007. Our same store funeral operations have increased revenue steadily from \$106.5 million in 2004 to \$113.0 million in 2007 (compound annual increase of 2.0%) because we have been able to increase the average revenue per funeral through expanded service offerings and packages. Continuing that trend into 2008, same store revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 were up 2.3% compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The percentage of funeral services involving cremations has increased from 30.7% for 2003 to 35.8% for 2007, an average increase of 1.3% per year, and 39.9% for the first nine months of 2008. We expect our average revenue per funeral to increase over time as we seek to provide increased services to our cremation families in order to offset higher cremation rates.

Cemetery Operations

The cemetery operating results are affected by the size and success of our sales organization. Approximately 50% of our cemetery revenues relate to preneed sales of interment rights and mausoleums and related merchandise and services. We believe that changes in the level of consumer confidence (a measure of whether consumers will spend for discretionary items) also affect the amount of cemetery revenues. Approximately 10% of our cemetery revenues are attributable to investment earnings on trust funds and finance charges on installment contracts. Changes in the capital markets and interest rates affect this component of our cemetery revenues.

Our same store cemetery financial performance from 2003 through 2007 was characterized by increasing revenues but slightly declining field level profit margins. Revenues and profits on a same store basis have declined for the first nine months of 2008 compared to the same period of 2007 in part, we believe, from the negative impact of the

economy on the consumer and in part due to turnover in sales personnel at certain large parks. Our goal is to build broader and deeper teams of sales leaders and counselors in our larger and more strategically located cemeteries that can sustain consistent, modest growth in preneed property sales over time and to diversify and substantially increase our cemetery operating and financial results. Additionally, a portion of our capital expenditures in 2008 is designed to expand our cemetery product offerings.

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Acquisitions

Our growth strategy includes the execution of the Strategic Portfolio Optimization Model. The goal of that model is to build concentrated groups of businesses in ten to fifteen strategic markets. We assess acquisition candidates using six strategic ranking criteria. These criteria enable us to determine the price we are willing to pay for a particular acquisition candidate. Those criteria are:

Size of business

Size of market

Competitive standing

Demographics

Strength of brand

Barriers to entry

In general terms, our price expectations range from four to five times pre-tax earnings before depreciation for tuck-ins to six to seven times pre-tax earnings before depreciation for businesses that rank very high in the ranking criteria. We derive the pre-tax earnings amounts used in the pricing based primarily on the size and product mix of the target business applied to our standards-based operating model. During 2007 we completed seven acquisitions. The consideration paid in each of the acquisitions was cash. We have not incurred any debt to buy these businesses. The number of completed acquisitions during 2007 was greater than expected. We have not acquired any businesses to date in 2008. Our five year goal is to acquire approximately \$10 million of annualized revenue each year.

Financial Highlights

Net income from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2008 totaled \$0.2 million, equal to \$0.01 per diluted share, compared to net income from continuing operations for the third quarter of 2007 of \$0.7 million, or \$0.04 per diluted share. The negative variance between the two periods was primarily due to pre-tax declines of \$0.4 million in gross profit from our same store funeral operations and \$0.6 million from our same store cemetery operations, along with an increase of \$0.4 million in corporate general and administrative expenses. These three areas combined to reduce diluted earnings per share by \$0.05. Acquired businesses provided an increase in pre-tax gross profit of \$0.5 million, equal to approximately \$0.02 per diluted share.

We sold two funeral homes at a loss during the three months ended June 30, 2008. The loss from discontinued operations attributable to those two funeral homes for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was \$1.4 million, equal to \$0.07 per diluted share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company completed the sale of three funeral home businesses, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$0.7 million.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an on-going basis, we evaluate estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, realization of accounts receivable, intangible assets, property and equipment and deferred tax assets. We base our estimates on historical experience, third party data and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these considerations form the basis for making judgments about the amount and timing of revenues and expenses, the carrying value of assets and the recorded amounts of liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates and such estimates may change if the underlying conditions or assumptions change. Historical performance should not be viewed as indicative of future performance, as there can be no assurance the margins, operating income and net earnings as a percentage of revenues will be consistent from year to year.

Management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements presented herewith, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States excluding certain year end adjustments because of the interim nature of the consolidated financial statements. Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Funeral and Cemetery Operations

We record the sales of funeral and cemetery merchandise and services when the merchandise is delivered or service is performed. Sales of cemetery interment rights are recorded as revenue in accordance with the retail land sales provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) No. 66, Accounting for Sales of Real Estate. This method generally provides for the recognition of revenue in the period in which the customer's cumulative payments exceed 10% of the contract price related to the real estate. Costs related to the sales of interment rights, which include property and other costs related to cemetery development activities, are charged to operations using the specific identification method in the period in which the sale of the interment right is recognized as revenue. Revenues to be recognized and cash flow from the delivery of merchandise and performance of services related to preneed contracts that were acquired in acquisitions are typically lower than those originated by us.

Allowances for bad debts and customer cancellations are provided at the date that the sale is recognized as revenue. In addition, we monitor changes in delinquency rates and provide additional bad debt and cancellation reserves when warranted.

When preneed funeral services and merchandise are funded through third-party insurance policies, we earn a commission on the sale of the policies. Insurance commissions earned by the Company are recognized as revenues when the commission is no longer subject to refund, which is usually one year after the policy is issued. Preneed selling costs consist of sales commissions that we pay our sales counselors and other direct related costs of originating preneed sales contracts and are expensed as incurred.

Goodwill

The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired, as determined by management in transactions accounted for as purchases, is recorded as goodwill. Many of the acquired funeral homes have provided high quality service to families for generations. The resulting loyalty often represents a substantial portion of the value of a funeral business. Goodwill is typically not associated with or recorded for the cemetery businesses. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Tangible Assets, we review the carrying value of goodwill at least annually on reporting units (aggregated geographically) to determine if facts and circumstances exist which would suggest that this intangible asset might be carried in excess of fair value. Fair value is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows of the businesses in each reporting unit at the Company s weighted average cost of capital less debt allocable to the reporting unit and by reference to recent sales transactions of similar businesses. The calculation of fair value can vary dramatically with changes in estimates of the number of future services performed, inflation in costs, and the Company s cost of capital, which is impacted by long-term interest rates. If impairment is indicated, then an adjustment will be made to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill to fair value.

Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries file a consolidated U.S. Federal income tax return and separate income tax returns in the states in which we operate. We record deferred taxes for temporary differences between the tax basis and financial reporting basis of assets and liabilities, in accordance with SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes and account for uncertain tax positions in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 48 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB No. 109. The Company records a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated amount of deferred tax assets for which realization is uncertain. Management reviews the valuation allowance at the end of each quarter and makes adjustments if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the tax benefits will be realized.

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Stock Compensation Plans

The Company has stock-based employee compensation plans in the form of restricted stock, performance unit, stock option and employee stock purchase plans. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, Share-Based Payment (FAS No. 123R). FAS No. 123R requires companies to recognize compensation expense in an amount equal to the fair value of the share-based payment issued to employees over the period of vesting. The fair value of stock options and awards containing options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. FAS No. 123R applies to all transactions involving issuance of equity by a company in exchange for goods and services, including employee services. *Discontinued Operations*

In accordance with the Company s strategic portfolio policy, non-strategic businesses are reviewed to determine whether the businesses should be sold and the proceeds redeployed elsewhere. A marketing plan is then developed for those locations which are identified as held for sale. When the Company receives a letter of intent and financing commitment from the buyer and the sale is expected to occur within one year, the location is no longer reported within the Company s continuing operations. The assets and liabilities associated with the held for sale location are reclassified on the balance sheet and the operating results, as well as impairments, are presented on a comparative basis in the discontinued operations section of the Consolidated Statements of Operations, along with the income tax effect.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion of the Company s results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2008. Funeral homes and cemeteries owned and operated for the entirety of each period being compared are referred to as same-store or existing operations. Funeral homes and cemeteries purchased after January 2005 (date of refinancing our Senior Debt) are referred to as acquired.

<u>Funeral Home Segment</u>. The following table sets forth certain information regarding the revenues and gross profit of the Company from its funeral home operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to three months ended September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				
	September 30,		Change		
	2007	2008	Amount	%	
Total same-store revenue	\$ 25,884	\$ 26,657	\$ 773	3.0%	
Acquired	3,092	4,313	1,221	*	
Preneed insurance commissions revenue	502	626	124	24.7%	
Revenues from continuing operations	\$ 29,478	\$31,596	\$ 2,118	7.2%	
Revenues from discontinued operations	\$ 297	\$	\$ (297)	*	
Total same-store gross profit	\$ 6,450	\$ 6,048	\$ (402)	(6.2%)	
Acquired	1,064	1,101	37	*	
Preneed insurance gross profit	46	145	99	*	
Gross profit from continuing operations	\$ 7,560	\$ 7,294	\$ (266)	(3.5%)	
Gross profit from discontinued operations	\$ 7	\$	\$ (7)	*	

not meaningful

Funeral same-store revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2008 increased \$0.8 million, or 3.0%, when compared to the three months ended September 30, 2007 as we experienced a 0.9% increase in the number of contracts and an increase of 2.1% to \$5,422 in the average revenue per contract for those existing operations. The average per contract for at need burial services declined slightly, an indication that the economy may be affecting the consumer. The cremation rate for the same-store businesses rose from 35.9% to 37.7%. The growth in total contracts was concentrated in cremation contracts which increased 5.8%.

Total same-store gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2008 decreased \$0.4 million, or 6.2% from the comparable three months of 2007, and as a percentage of funeral same-store revenue, decreased from 24.9% to 22.7% as we experienced higher costs and expenses. Salaries and benefits at our same-store funeral businesses increased \$0.3 million or 4.1%, year over year, while self-insurance costs increased \$0.4 million.

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As previously disclosed, we completed seven acquisitions in 2007 involving twelve new funeral homes. Acquired revenue and gross profit is related primarily to the businesses acquired during 2007. The cremation rate for the acquired businesses was 49.8% for the third quarter of 2008 as these businesses are located in higher cremation areas compared to the existing locations. The average revenue per contract for the third quarter of 2008 was \$4,116, a slight decline compared to the prior year quarter.

Gross profit for acquired businesses as a percentage of revenue from acquired businesses was 25.5% for the third quarter of 2008 compared to 34.4% for the third quarter of 2007. As a percentage of revenues, salaries and benefits increased year over year from 29.7% to 32.3%.

Nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended				
	Septen	nber 30,	Change		
	2007	2008	Amount	%	
Total same-store revenue	\$83,066	\$ 84,685	\$ 1,619	1.9%	
Acquired	6,805	14,026	7,221	*	
Preneed insurance commissions revenue	1,754	2,053	299	17.0%	
Revenues from continuing operations	\$ 91,625	\$ 100,764	\$ 9,139	10.0%	
Revenues from discontinued operations	\$ 1,341	\$ 477	\$ (864)	*	
Total same-store gross profit	\$ 24,214	\$ 23,179	\$ (1,035)	(4.3%)	
Acquired	2,198	3,863	1,665	*	
Preneed insurance gross profit	366	824	458	*	
Gross profit from continuing operations	\$ 26,778	\$ 27,866	\$ 1,088	4.1%	
Gross profit from discontinued operations	\$ 173	\$ 146	\$ (27)	*	

* not meaningful

Funeral same-store revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 increased \$1.6 million, or 1.9%, when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as we experienced a 1.8% increase in the number of contracts and the average revenue per contract increased 0.1% to \$5,363. The cremation rate for the first nine months of 2008 was 37.4% compared to 34.6% for the first nine months of 2007.

The number of same-store burial contracts declined 2.4% in comparison to the prior year period and the average revenue for those burial contracts was \$7,572. The number of same-store cremation contracts increased by 543, or 10.1%, and the average revenue for those cremation contracts was \$3,013.

Funeral same-store gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 declined \$1.0 million, or 4.3%, when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007, due to higher costs. Our largest area of costs in the funeral homes is salaries and benefits for the location personnel. Year to date, those labor costs have risen \$1.0 million to 27.4% of same-store funeral revenues. The next largest area of cost increase is the cost of maintaining the funeral home facilities, which increased \$0.5 million to 4.4% of same-store revenues.

Acquired funeral homes generated \$14.0 million in revenue, equal to 13.9% of our funeral home revenue, and \$3.9 million in gross profit, equal to 13.9% of our funeral home gross profit. Year to date, the average revenue per contract in our acquired businesses is \$4,028, and the cremation rate is 51.2%.

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<u>Cemetery Segment</u>. The following table sets forth certain information regarding the revenues and gross profit of the Company from its cemetery operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to three months ended September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				
	Septem	ıber 30,	Change		
	2007	2008	Amount	%	
Total same-store revenue	\$ 9,681	\$ 9,923	\$ 242	2.5%	
Acquired	1,243	1,693	450	36.2%	
Revenues from continuing operations	\$ 10,924	\$11,616	\$ 692	6.3%	
Revenues from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$	*	
Total same-store gross profit Acquired	\$ 2,089 97	\$ 1,402 522	\$ (687) 425	(32.9%)	
Gross profit from continuing operations	\$ 2,186	\$ 1,924	\$ (262)	(12.0%)	
Gross profit from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$	*	

* not meaningful

Cemetery same-store revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2008 increased \$0.2 million, or 2.5% compared to the three months ended September 30, 2007. Company-wide, same-store revenue from preneed property sales increased \$0.7 million.

Cemetery same-store gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2008 decreased \$0.7 million, or 32.9%. As a percentage of revenues, cemetery same store gross profit decreased from 21.6% to 14.1%. The primary reasons for the decline were an increase of bad debt expense of \$0.4 million and an increase in salaries and benefits of \$0.2 million.

Financial revenues (trust earnings and finance charges on installment contracts) are included in revenues and decreased \$0.3 million to \$1.0 million due to declines of the perpetual care trust earnings. Earnings from perpetual care trust funds are included in financial revenues and totaled \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 compared to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007.

Nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Mon Septen	Change		
	2007	2008	Amount	%
Total same-store revenue	\$ 29,519	\$ 27,614	\$ (1,905)	(6.5%)
Acquired	2,736	4,714	1,978	*
Revenues from continuing operations	\$ 32,255	\$ 32,328	\$ 73	0.2%
Revenues from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$	*

Total same-store gross profit Acquired	\$ 6,449 411	\$ 3,669 1,400	\$ (2,780) 989	(43.1%)
Gross profit from continuing operations	\$ 6,860	\$ 5,069	\$ (1,791)	(26.1%)
Gross profit from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$	*

* not meaningful

Cemetery same-store revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 decreased \$1.9 million, or 6.5%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Preneed property revenue at existing cemeteries declined \$1.3 million, or 11.6%, to \$10.1 million as the number interments sold on a preneed basis declined 15.6% and the percentage of those we were able to recognize as revenue because we received at least 10% of the sales price from the customer declined from 85.1% to 80.6%. Atneed revenues from property, merchandise and services declined \$0.6 million, or 5.9%, to \$9.9 million as the average sale per atneed contract and the number or interments both declined. The revenue decline was primarily at Rolling Hills Memorial Park where revenues from atneed and preneed operations were down \$1.7 million, or 22.5%, year over year. Turnover in key sales positions has been the primary cause of the weaker results at Rolling Hills.

Cemetery same-store gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 decreased \$2.8 million, or 43.1%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Cost inflation was evident in most categories of costs and expenses, but the majority of the decline in gross profit was due to lower revenues.

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The three cemeteries acquired in 2007 produced \$1.4 million in gross profit equal to 29.7% of the revenue from the acquired businesses.

Total financial revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 increased \$0.1 million, or 2.5%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Corporate General, Administrative and Other. Corporate general, administrative and other expenses totaled \$4.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of \$0.5 million compared to the three months ended September 30, 2007. Approximately \$0.3 million of the increase was related to severance and benefits for former employees and \$0.2 million of the increase was due to higher legal and professional fees related primarily due to the litigation described in Note 14.

Corporate general, administrative and other expenses totaled \$13.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of \$2.0 million compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Approximately \$1.0 million of the increase was related to severance and benefits for the former Chief Financial Officer and other employees. The remainder of the year over year increase was due to higher legal and professional fees related primarily due to litigation described in Note 14 and higher salaries and benefits.

Income Taxes. The Company recorded income taxes on earnings from continuing operations at the effective rate of 39.5% during 2008. For Federal income tax reporting purposes, Carriage has net operating loss carryforwards totaling \$1.4 million net of unrecognized tax benefits available at September 30, 2008 to offset future Federal taxable income, which expire between 2023 and 2025, if not utilized. Carriage also has approximately \$54.2 million of state net operating loss carryforwards that will expire between 2009 and 2029, if not utilized. Based on management s assessment of the various state net operating losses, it was determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will not be able to realize tax benefits on a substantial amount of the state losses. Accordingly, the Company established a valuation allowance against a substantial portion of the deferred tax asset related to the state operating losses.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2008 totaled \$3.3 million compared to \$3.4 million at December 31, 2007, a decrease of \$0.1 million since year end 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008, cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations was \$12.1 million as compared to \$9.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Additionally, capital expenditures totaled \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 compared to \$8.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Capital expenditures during 2008 include \$2.4 million for the purchase of a tract of land to construct a new funeral home and approximately \$2.3 million for cemetery inventory development projects.

The Company s senior debt at September 30, 2008 totaled \$137.9 million and consisted of \$130.0 million in Senior Notes and \$7.9 million in acquisition indebtedness and capital lease obligations.

The Company has a \$35 million senior secured revolving credit facility that matures in 2010 and is collateralized by all personal property and funeral home real property in certain states. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility will bear interest at prime or LIBOR options with the current LIBOR option set at LIBOR plus 275 basis points. The revolving credit facility is currently undrawn except for \$0.4 million in letters of credit that are outstanding under the credit facility at September 30, 2008.

The outstanding principal amount of the Company s convertible junior subordinated debenture is \$93.75 million, is payable to the Company s unconsolidated affiliate, Carriage Services Capital Trust (the Trust), bears interest at 7% and matures in 2029. Substantially all the assets of the Trust consist of the convertible junior subordinated debenture of the Company. The Trust, in turn, issued 1.875 million shares of convertible preferred term income deferrable equity securities (TIDES) in the public markets. The rights of the debenture are functionally equivalent to those of the TIDES.

The convertible junior subordinated debenture payable to the affiliated trust and the TIDES each contain a provision for the deferral of interest payments and distributions for up to 20 consecutive quarters. During any period in which distribution payments are deferred, distributions continue to accumulate at the 7% annual rate. Also, the deferred distributions themselves accumulate distributions at the annual rate of 7%. During any deferral period, Carriage is prohibited from paying dividends on the common stock or repurchasing its common stock, subject to

limited exceptions. The Company currently expects to continue paying the distributions as due.

The Company intends to use its cash, cash flow and proceeds from the sale of businesses, to repurchase common stock, acquire funeral home and cemetery businesses and for internal growth projects, such as cemetery inventory development. As discussed in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements we have a share repurchase program, whereby the Company may purchase up to \$5.0 million of its common stock. The Company also has the ability to draw on its revolving credit facility, subject to customary terms and conditions of the credit agreement, to finance acquisitions.

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SEASONALITY

The Company s business can be affected by seasonal fluctuations in the death rate. Generally, the rate is higher during the winter months because the incidences of deaths from influenza and pneumonia are higher during this period than other periods of the year.

INFLATION

Inflation has not had a significant impact on the results of operations of the Company.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Carriage is currently exposed to market risk primarily related to changes in interest rates related to the Company s debt, decreases in interest rates related to the Company s short-term investments and changes in the values of securities associated with its preneed and perpetual care trusts. For information regarding the Company s exposure to certain market risks, see Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Market Risk Disclosure in the Company s Annual Report filed on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. There have been no significant changes in the Company s market risk from that disclosed in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2008 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms. Our disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In addition to the matters in Note 14, we and certain of our subsidiaries are parties to a number of other legal proceedings that have arisen in the ordinary course of business. We self-insure against certain risks and carry insurance with coverage and coverage limits for risk in excess of the coverage amounts consistent with our assessment of risks in our business and of an acceptable level of financial exposure. Although there can be no assurance that self-insurance reserves and insurance will be sufficient to mitigate all damages, claims or contingencies, we believe that our reserves and insurance provide reasonable coverage for known asserted or unasserted claims. In the event the Company sustains a loss from a claim and the insurance carrier disputes coverage or coverage limits, the Company may record a charge in a different period than the recovery, if any, from the insurance carrier.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Information required by Item 701 of Regulation S-K for unregistered sales of equity securities was previously provided in a Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed on April 22, 2008.

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As discussed in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company initiated a share repurchase program in June 2008 under which the Company may purchase up to an aggregate of \$5 million of its common stock. Pursuant to the program, we repurchased the following shares during the second and third quarter of 2008:

			Total Number		
			of	D	ollar Value
			Shares		
			Purchased	of	Shares That
			as Part of		
	Total	Average	Publicly	\mathbf{N}	Iay Yet Be
	Number of	Price		I	Purchased
	Shares	Paid	Announced		Under
Period	Purchased	Per Share	Program	th	e Program
April 1, 2008 April 30, 2008	Turchased	Share	Tiogram	u	ic i logialii
May 1, 2008 May 31, 2008					
June 1, 2008 June 30, 2008	17,900	\$ 6.80	17,900	\$	4,878,234
Julie 1, 2000 Julie 30, 2000	17,500	φ 0.00	17,500	Ψ	1,070,231
Total for quarter ending June 30, 2008	17,900		17,900		
July 1, 2008 July 30, 2008				\$	4,878,234
August 1, 2008 August 31, 2008	208,900	\$ 4.50	208,900	\$	3,937,992
September 1, 2008 September 30, 2008	627,900	\$ 3.65	627,900	\$	1,643,473
Total for quarter ending September 30,					
2008	836,800		836,800		
Total for year to date September 30, 2008	854,700		854,700		

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5. Other Information

The Company reported on Form 8-K during the quarter covered by this report all information required to be reported on such form.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1 Employment agreement with Jay Dodds dated August 7, 2007.
- 11.1 Computation of Per Share Earnings
- 31.1 Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Melvin C. Payne in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Terry E. Sanford in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32 Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Melvin C. Payne and Terry E. Sanford in satisfaction of Section 906 of the

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CARRIAGE SERVICES, INC.

November 7, 2008 /s/ Terry E. Sanford

Date Terry E. Sanford

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer

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