Fibrocell Science, Inc. Form 10-Q November 15, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010 OR

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Fibrocell Science, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its Charter.)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) **001-31564** (Commission File Number) 87-0458888

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

405 Eagleview Boulevard

Exton, Pennsylvania 19341

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(484) 713-6000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for any shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to

submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer o	Non-accelerated filer o	Smaller reporting
			company þ
		(Do not check if a smaller	
		reporting company)	
T 1 ¹ / 1 1 1 1 1 / 1			

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes b No o

As of November 9, 2010, issuer had 20,375,343 shares issued and outstanding of common stock, par value \$0.001.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial statements.

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Successor Balance Sheets (unaudited)

	Se	ptember 30, 2010	De	cember 31, 2009
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	205,083	\$	1,362,488
Accounts receivable, net		278,815		269,759
Inventory, net		208,111		226,032
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		562,957		525,024
Total current assets		1,254,966		2,383,303
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,612 and \$0,				
respectively		24,062		
Other assets		250		250
Intangible assets		6,340,656		6,340,656
Total assets	\$	7,619,934	\$	8,724,209
Liabilities, Redeemable Preferred Stock, Shareholders Deficit and Noncontrolling Interest Current liabilities:				
Current debt	\$		\$	47,795
Accounts payable		1,073,376		245,023
Accrued expenses		2,094,432		544,260
Total current liabilities		3,167,808		837,078
Long-term debt		6,000,060		6,000,060
Deferred tax liability		2,500,000		2,500,000
Warrant liability		4,653,838		635,276
Other long-term liabilities		284,007		369,210
Total liabilities		16,605,713		10,341,624
Commitments and contingencies				
Preferred stock series A, \$0.001 par value; 9,000 shares authorized; 3,250 shares issued and outstanding Preferred stock series B, \$0.001 par value; 9,000 shares authorized; 2,977		2,365,309		2,511,070
shares issued and outstanding		391,766		
Preferred stock series B, \$0.001 par value; subscription receivable		(792,000)		

Fibrocell Science, Inc. shareholders deficit:		
Successor common stock, \$0.001 par value; 250,000,000 shares authorized	19,769	14,692
Additional paid-in capital	1,924,899	508,347
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(13,331,244)	(5,049,999)
Total Fibrocell Science, Inc. shareholders deficit	(11,386,576)	(4,526,960)
Noncontrolling interest	435,722	398,475
Total deficit and noncontrolling interest	(10,950,854)	(4,128,485)
Total liabilities, preferred stock, shareholders deficit and noncontrolling interest	\$ 7,619,934	\$ 8,724,209

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

	Successor For the three months ended September 30,			Successor For the one month ded September 30, 2000	Predecessor For the two months ended August 31, 2009		
Revenue		2010		2009		2009	
Product sales	\$	243,677	\$	75,029	\$	130,740	
Total revenue		243,677		75,029		130,740	
Cost of sales		118,916		53,323		252,420	
Gross profit		124,761		21,706		(121,680)	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		1,583,418		1,372,122		1,158,959	
Research and development expenses		1,387,466		556,242		614,511	
Operating loss Other income (expense)		(2,846,123)		(1,906,658)		(1,895,150)	
Interest income				1		1	
Reorganization items, net						74,132,188	
Other expense						(6,243)	
Warrant income		1,265,571					
Interest expense		(211,919)		(58,333)		(290,063)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(1,792,471)		(1,964,990)		71,940,733	
income (1033) from continuing operations		(1,7)2,771)		(1,704,770)		71,740,755	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of							
tax		(8,575)		5,799		216,203	
Net income (loss)		(1,801,046)		(1,959,191)		72,156,936	
Not income (loss) attributelle to popertrolling							
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		(20,859)		1,644		(214,292)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Fibrocell							
Science, Inc. common shareholders		(1,821,905)	\$	(1,957,547)	\$	71,942,644	
Per share information:							
Income (loss) from continuing operations-basic							
and diluted	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.13)	\$	1.85	
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Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders per common share basic and diluted	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.13)	\$	1.85				
Weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding		19,557,842		14,666,666		38,820,380				
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.										

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

	Successor	Successor	Successor Cumulative period	Predecessor	Predecessor Cumulative period	
	For the nine months ended	For the one month ended	from September 1, 2009 (date of	For the eight	from December 28, 1995 (date of	
	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2009	inception) to September 30, 2010	months ended August 31, 2009	inception) to August 31, 2009	
Revenue	2010	2009	50, 2010	2007	2009	
Product sales License fees	\$ 716,809	\$ 75,029	\$ 1,046,750	\$ 538,620	\$ 4,818,994 260,000	
Total revenue	716,809	75,029	1,046,750	538,620	5,078,994	
Cost of sales	395,351	53,323	577,399	424,139	2,279,335	
	,	,	,	,	, ,	
Gross profit	321,458	21,706	469,351	114,481	2,799,659	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,424,661	1,372,122	8,133,017	3,427,374	84,805,520	
Research and development expenses	4,053,817	556,242	5,877,013	2,107,718	56,269,869	
Operating loss Other income (expense)	(9,157,020)	(1,906,658)	(13,540,679)	(5,420,611)	(138,275,730)	
Interest income		1	1	248	6,989,539	
Reorganization items, net	3,303		(69,174)	73,538,984	73,538,984	
Other income (expense)			,	(6,243)		
Warrant income	1,560,757		1,241,673			
Interest expense	(612,917)	(58,333)	(860,091)	(2,232,138)	(18,790,218)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations						
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes Income tax benefit	(8,205,877)	(1,964,990)	(13,228,270)	65,880,240	(76,221,087) 190,754	
					190,754	
In some (less) from continuing constitutions	(0.005.077)	(1.064.000)	(12 229 270)	65 000 240	(76,020,222)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(8,205,877) (38,121)	(1,964,990) 5,799	(13,228,270) (50,234)	65,880,240 46,923	(76,030,333) (41,091,311)	
income (loss) from discontinued operations	(38,121)	5,799	(30,234)	40,923	(41,091,311)	
Net income (loss) Deemed dividend associated with beneficial	(8,243,998)	(1,959,191)	(13,278,504)	65,927,163	(117,121,644)	
conversion					(11,423,824)	
Preferred stock dividends					(1,589,861)	
	(37,247)	1,644	(52,740)	(205,632)	1,799,523	

Net income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest

Net income (loss) attributable to Fibrocell Science, Inc. common shareholders.	\$ (8,281,245)	\$ (1,957,547)	\$ (13,331,244)	\$ 65,721,531	\$ (128,335,806)
Per share information: Income (loss) from continuing operations-basic and diluted Loss from discontinued operations-basic and diluted Income attributable to noncontrolling interest	\$	(0.45)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.77)	\$ 1.72	\$ (4.30) (2.32) 0.10
Deemed dividend associated with beneficial conversion of preferred stock Preferred stock dividends						(0.65) (0.09)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders per common share basic and diluted	\$	(0.45)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.78)	\$ 1.72	\$ (7.26)
Weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding	1	8,291,301	14,666,666	17,104,057	38,230,886	17,678,219

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity (Deficit) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	a .	. .					A	Accumulated		
	Series A Preferrel Stock NumberNu of Sha AemoS	of	Common Number of t Shares		Additional N	umber of Com	Other	During S deivelopment	bhare Eq	otal holders juity eficit)
Issuance of common	Sildhigioti	Hang touti	t Shares	Amount	Capital			Juge	(DC	licit)
stock for cash on 12/28/95 Issuance of common	\$	\$	2,285,291	\$ 2,285	\$ (1,465)) \$	\$	\$	\$	820
stock for cash on 11/7, Issuance of common	/96		11,149	11	49,989				:	50,000
stock for cash on 11/29/96 Issuance of common			2,230	2	9,998					10,000
stock for cash on 12/19/96 Issuance of common			6,690	7	29,993				-	30,000
stock for cash on 12/26/96 Net loss			11,148	11	49,989			(270,468)		50,000 70,468)
Balance, 12/31/96 (Predecessor) Issuance of common	\$	\$	2,316,508	\$ 2,316	\$ 138,504	\$	\$	\$ (270,468)	\$ (12	29,648)
stock for cash on 12/27/97 Issuance of common			21,182	21	94,979				9	95,000
stock for services on 9/1/97 Issuance of common stock for services on			11,148	11	36,249				-	36,260
12/28/97 Net loss			287,193	287	9,968			(52,550)		10,255 52,550)
Balance, 12/31/97(Predecessor) The ac	scompanying	\$ notes are		-	\$ 279,700 ese consolic		\$ ancial st	\$ (323,018) tatements.	\$ (4	40,683)

	G		a •					A	ccumulated	
		A	Series B teferred					Accumula	te D eficit	Total
	S		Stock	Common Number	Stock		Treasu Number	ıry Stock Other	During	Shareholders
	of	ſ	of	of t Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	of		leivel opment Stage	Equity (Deficit)
Issuance of common sto for cash on 8/23/98 Repurchase common sto on 9/29/98 Net loss	of	\$	\$	4,459	\$4	\$ 20,063	2,400	\$ \$ \$ (50,280)	\$ (195,675)	\$ 20,067 (50,280) (195,675)
Balance, 12/31/98 (Predecessor Issuance of common sto		\$	\$	2,640,490	\$ 2,639	\$ 299,763	2,400	\$ (50,280) \$ \$	\$ (518,693)	\$ (266,571)
for cash on 9/10/99 Net loss				52,506	53	149,947			(1,306,778)	150,000 (1,306,778)
Balance, 12/31/99 (Predecesson Issuance of common sto		\$	\$	2,692,996	\$ 2,692	\$ 449,710	2,400	\$ (50,280) \$ \$	\$ (1,825,471)	\$ (1,423,349)
for cash on 1/18/00 Issuance of	ak			53,583	54	1,869				1,923
common sto for services 3/1/00 Issuance of common sto	on			68,698	69	(44))			25
for services 4/4/00 Net loss	on			27,768	28	(18))		(807,076)	10 (807,076)
Balance, 12/31/00 (Predecessor	-	\$ ie acco	\$ mpanyii					\$ (50,280) \$ Solidated financial		\$ (2,228,467)

	G		a •						Ac	cumu	late	d
		ries A	Series B Preferred					Ac	cumu	1 Ditefäl e	it	Total
	St Numb	ock	Stock umber	Common Number	Stock	Additional	Number	-			0	areholders
	of Shar	erno Si	of htar les nount	of t Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	of Shares		-	-		Equity Deficit)
Issuance of common stock	for											
services on 7/1. Issuance of	/01	\$	\$	156,960	\$ 157	\$ (101)		\$	\$	\$	\$	56
common stock services on 7/1, Issuance of	/01			125,000	125	(80)						45
common stock capitalization o accrued salaries	of											
on 8/10/01 Issuance of common stock	for			70,000	70	328,055						328,125
conversion of convertible deb on 8/10/01				1,750,000	1,750	1,609,596						1,611,346
Issuance of common stock conversion of	for			1,720,000	1,700	1,007,070						1,011,210
convertible shareholder not payable on 8/10/01	tes			208,972	209	135,458						135,667
Issuance of common stock				200,972	209	155,150						155,007
bridge financin on 8/10/01 Retirement of	-			300,000	300	(192)						108
treasury stock of 8/10/01 Issuance of						(50,280)	(2,400)	50,280)			
common stock net assets of Gemini on	IOr											
8/10/01 Issuance of common stock	for			3,942,400	3,942	(3,942)						
net assets of Al				2 000 5 15	0.000	(3 000)						
on 8/10/01				3,899,547 1,346,669	3,900 1,347	(3,900) 2,018,653						2,020,000

Issuance of				
common stock for				
cash on 8/10/01				
Transaction and				
fund raising				
expenses on				
8/10/01			(48,547)	(48,547)
Issuance of				
common stock for				
services on				
8/10/01	60,000	60		60
Issuance of				
common stock for				
cash on 8/28/01	26,667	27	39,973	40,000
Issuance of				
common stock for				
services on				
9/30/01	314,370	314	471,241	471,555
The accompanying note	es are an integ	gral part o	of these consolidated financial statements.	

			Series							A	ccumulated		
	Series	s A	В						ccumulate	ed	Deficit		Total
	Preferred Number	l Stocl	Preferred k Stock Number	Common	Stock	A	dditional	Treasuı Stock lumber			During	Sh	areholders
	of Shares	Amo	of u Shanes our	Number of t Shares	Amount		Paid-In Capital S		-	iD	evelopment Stage		Equity (Deficit)
Uncompensated contribution of services 3rd quarter Issuance of common stock for services on		\$	\$		\$	\$	55,556	5 \$	\$	\$		\$	55,556
11/1/01 Uncompensated contribution of services 4th				145,933	146		218,754	Ļ					218,900
quarter Net loss							100,000)			(1,652,004))	100,000 (1,652,004)
Balance, 12/31/01 (Predecessor) Uncompensated contribution of services 1st		\$	\$	15,189,563	\$ 15,190	\$	5,321,761	\$	\$	\$	(4,284,551))\$	1,052,400
quarter Issuance of preferred stock							100,000)					100,000
for cash on 4/26/02 Issuance of preferred stock	905,000	9	05				2,817,331						2,818,236
for cash on 5/16/02 Issuance of preferred stock	890,250	8	90				2,772,239)					2,773,129
for cash on 5/31/02 Issuance of preferred stock for cash on	795,000	7	95				2,473,380)					2,474,175
6/28/02 Uncompensated contribution of services 2nd	229,642	2	30				712,991 100,000						713,221 100,000

quarter Issuance of preferred stock for cash on 7/15/02 Issuance of common stock	75,108	75			233,886			233,961
for cash on 8/1/02 Issuance of warrants for			38,400	38	57,562			57,600
services on 9/06/02 Uncompensated contribution of					103,388			103,388
services 3rd quarter Uncompensated contribution of					100,000			100,000
services 4th quarter Issuance of					100,000			100,000
preferred stock for dividends Deemed dividend associated with beneficial	143,507	144			502,517		(502,661)	
conversion of preferred stock Comprehensive					10,178,944		(10,178,944)	
income: Net loss Other comprehensive income, foreign currency							(5,433,055)	(5,433,055)
translation adjustment						13,875		13,875
Comprehensive loss								(5,419,180)
Balance, 12/31/02 (Predecessor)	3,038,507 \$ The acco		\$ 15,227,963 notes are an integ				S (20,399,211) nents.	\$ 5,206,930

Series	ь А	Serie	es B						ed I
Preferred	Stock	Preferree Number		Common	Stock	Additional	Stock umber	Other	D
Number of Shares	Amount	of Shares	Amount	Number of t Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital S		-	ji ⊉ ev
-	\$		\$	61,600	\$ 62	\$ 92,338	\$	\$	\$
<u>.</u>				100,000 (79,382)) (119,380)))		
						2,773,218 1,145,704	5		
(70,954)) (72)			147,062 114,598		40,626			
er				117,070	11.	100,000	-		(1
				202 500	202	1,244,880			(2
				202,500 3,359,331	202 3,359	,			
(2,967,553)	(2,967)	(155,750)) (156)	7,188,793 212,834			-		
				136,500 393	137	412,812 279,363			
									(1
								360,505	
	.\$	- ,	\$					\$ 374,380	\$(3
r	Preferred Number of Shares (70,954)	Shares Amount (70,954) (72) (2,967,553) (2,967)	Preferred Stock Preferree Number of Shares \$ (70,954) (72) (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750) (2,967,553) Preferree (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750)	Preferred Stock Number of Shares Preferred Stock Number of Shares Amount Amount \$ 110,250 110 (70,954) (72) (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750) (156)	Preferred Stock Preferred Stock Number of Shares Sh	Preferred Stock Number of Shares Preferred Stock Number of Shares Number of Amount 61,600 Amount 8 \$ Amount \$ Shares 100,000 (79,382) Amount (79,9382) (70,954) (72) 110 45,500 110 46 (70,954) (72) 147,062 114,598 147 114,598 (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750) (156) 7,188,793 212,834 202 213 \$ \$ 26,672,192 \$26,672 \$26,672	Preferred Stock Number Preferred Stock Number Common Stock Additional No Number of Shares Amount Amount Shares Amount Shares Shares Amount 61,600 Paid-In Shares Paid-In Capital S 100,000 100 \$ 62 \$ 92,338 100,000 100 539,900 (79,382) (79) (119,380) 110,250 110 2,773,218 45,500 46 147,062 147 (70,954) (72) 147,062 147 40,626 114,598 114 (114) 100,000 9r 202,500 202 309,798 3,359,331 3,359 18,452,202 (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750) (156) 7,188,793 7,189 (82,875) (2,967,553) (2,967) (155,750) (156) 7,188,793 7,189 412,812 136,500 137 279,363 393 137 279,363 393 \$ 26,672,192 \$26,672	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Treferred Stock Number Common Stock Number of of Shares Tegid-In Common Stock Number of Shares Amount Shares Amount S Number of $Shares Amount Shares Number of Shares Amount Shares Amount S Number of Shares Amount Shares Amount Shares Paid-In O Comprehense (100,000) (100,000) (100,000) (119,380) (119,380) (119,380) (119,380) (110,000) (100,000) (110,250) (110) (114,706) (147,062) (147,16$

	c •	~ C •							Accumulated	
	Α	es Series B n ed eferre	d					Accumulated	l Deficit	Total
	Stoc	k Stock Number	Common	1 Stock	Additional	Treas Number	ury Stock	Other	During	Shareholo
	of	of	Number of nt Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	of Shares	Amount	Comprehensiv t Income	D evelopment Stage	Equity (Defici
version of ants into non stock s	ţ				-				C	
	\$	\$	78,526	\$ 79	\$ (79)	\$	\$	\$	\$
nce of non stock fo in										
ection with vise of stock										
ns ¶ qtr nce of non stock fo			15,000	15	94,985					95,
in										
ection with cise of										
ants ^s l qtr pensation nse on			4,000	4	7,716					7,
ns and ants issued t	to									
employees lirectors अ										
					1,410,498					1,410,
nce of non stock ir ection with vise of										
ants ne of)r		51,828	52	(52)				
non stock for P qtr pensation use on uns and unts issued to employees			7,200,000	7,200	56,810,234					56,817,
lirectors ¹²¹					143,462					143.
nce of non stock ir	1		7,431	7	143,462 (7					143,

		Edga	gi i isi i						
ection with									
vise of									
ants ¹ 9 qtr									/
nce of									/
non stock for									/
in									/
ection with									/
ise of stock									/
ns 19 qtr	11/	0,000 11	10 1	189,890					190,
nce of									/
non stock for									/
in									/
ection with									/
ise of									/
ants 🧐 qtr	25	28,270 2	28	59,667					59,
pensation									/
nse on									/
ns and									/
ants issued to									/
employees									/
lirectors ¹ 3									
_			2	229,133					229,
ince of									/
non stock in									/
ection with									I
tise of	2		•••	(20)					I
ants 4 qtr	Ζ.)	27,652 2	28	(28)					I
pensation									I
nse on									
ns and ants issued to									I
employees, ovees and									
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)	\$ \$	34,362,731 \$34,363 \$111,516,561 4,000,000 \$(25,974,000) \$(127,462) \$ The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial state		\$2,104,373	\$ (

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r)	\$ \$	41,639,657 \$41,640 \$129,208,631 4,000,000 \$(25,974,000) \$718,926 \$(162,646,158) \$1,858,026 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.	\$(

i		Series								Accumulated	
		B Edeferre Stock	d Commo	on Stock	2	Additional	Treas	sury Stock	Accumulated Other	Deficit During	
Nu		umber of	Number o			Paid-In	Number of	·			Noncontrolling
Sh	ane se	hránesou	nt Shares	Amo	unt	Capital	Shares	Amount	(Loss)	Stage	Interest
ted to	\$	\$		\$	\$	44,849		\$	\$	\$	\$
ion :0	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	ψ	77,072		Ψ	ų	Ψ	ψ
h						151,305					
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n of ge ntial		(31,411,179) (1,680,676)
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08	\$\$	41,639,492 \$41,639 \$131,341,227 4,000,000 \$(25,974,000) \$ \$(194,057,337) \$ 177,350 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

13

	Sc	rios	Series							1	Accumulated	1	
		A	B B B Badeferred	4					А	ccumula	tedDeficit		
I	St	tock	Stock Imber	Common	Stock	Ad	ditional	Treasu	ury Stock	Other	During		
	of	•	of	Number of		Ра	aid-In	Number of	Co	mprehei Income	-	Noncontrolli	ing l
	Sha	10 B G	hetmesour	nt Shares	Amount	C	apital	Shares	Amount	(Loss)	Stage	Interest	(]
ion vested ted to													
vees ^s t c ion option ed to	qtr	\$	\$		\$	\$	1,746		\$	\$\$	5	\$	\$
and qtr of debt							138,798						
on stock ion option ed to				37,564	38		343,962						
and nd qtr of debt on stock							112,616						
9 option ed to and months				1,143,324	1,143	10	0,468,857						1
09 expense ellation ssued to and	2						35,382						
2 mon 09	ths						294,912						
sive													

65,721,531 205,632

1/09 r) n of · common esh start	\$ \$	42,820,380	\$ 42,820	\$	142,737,500	4,000,000	\$ (25,974,000)	\$ \$ (128,335,806)	\$ 382,982	\$ (
of		(42,820,380)	(42,820)) ((150,426,331)	(4,000,000)	25,974,000			(1
d deficit dated ehensive								128,335,806		1
/09 vr)	\$ \$		\$	\$	(7,688,831)		\$	\$ \$	\$ 382,982	\$
n shares stock in with										
from		11,400,000	11,400		5,460,600					
/09	\$ \$	11,400,000	\$ 11,400	\$	(2,228,231)		\$	\$ \$	\$ 382,982	\$
shares of ock in with the										
ng common		2,666,666	2,667		1,797,333					
t. 28, on shares		25,501	25		58,627					
nt ion option		600,000	600		167,400					
ed to on option					326,838					
ed to vees					386,380					

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sive

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sive loss:					
			(5,049,999)	15,493	
sive loss					
31/09					

14,692,167 \$ 14,692 \$ 508,347

14

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

\$

\$

\$

\$ \$ (5,049,999) \$ 398,475 \$

	Sam	•	Contor									A	ccumulated			
	Ser		Series B							Acc	umu	late	edDeficit			
			deferre	d]	Freasu						
		ck	Stock		Common	s S	tock	Additiona	ıl		•	er	During			Total
	of		of	N	umber of			Paid-In		¢£omj	oreh ncor		eiwelopmenN	oncontrol	ling	Equity
	Shame	BR I	n éne rou	nt	Shares	A	Amount	Capital	S				Stage	Interest		(Deficit)
Issuance of 5.1 million																
shares of common stock	in															
March 2010, net of																
issuance costs of \$338,10	00	\$	\$		5,076,664	\$	5,077	\$ 3,464,32	23	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	3,469,400
Warrant fair value																
associated with common	l															
shares issued in																
March 2010								(2,890,71	1))						(2,890,711)
Compensation expense of	on															
shares issued to																
management 1Q10								18,00)0							18,000
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
directors/employees-1Q1								324,37	7							324,377
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
non-employees-1Q10								18,39	91							18,391
Compensation expense of	on															
shares issued to																
management 2Q10								18,00)0							18,000
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
directors/employees-2Q1	10							222,01	1							222,011
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
non-employees-2Q10								33,20)6							33,206
Compensation expense of	on															
shares issued to																
management 3Q10								18,00)0							18,000
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
directors/employees-3Q								183,23	31							183,231
Compensation expense of	on															
option awards issued to																
non-employees-3Q10								7,72	24							7,724
Comprehensive loss:																
Net loss													(8,281,245)	37,247	7	(8,243,998)
Table of Conte	ents															36

Comprehensive loss									(8,243,998)
Balance 9/30/10 (Successor)	\$	\$	19,768,831	\$ 19,769	\$ 1,924,899	\$	\$	\$(13,331,244) \$435,722	\$ (10,950,854)
	The accord	mpanyin	ng notes are an	integral pa	art of these cons	solidat	ed f	inancial statements.	

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	Successor	Successor	Successor Cumulative period from September 1,	Predecessor	Predecessor Cumulative period from December 28,
	Nine months ended September	One month ended September	2009 (date of inception) to September	Eight months ended	1995 (date of inception) to
	30, 2010	30, 2009	30, 2010	August 31, 2009	August 31, 2009
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net (loss) income Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ (8,281,245)	\$ (1,957,547)	\$ (13,331,244)	\$ 65,721,531	\$ (115,322,121)
Reorganization items, net Expense related to equity awards			72,477	(74,648,976)	(74,648,976)
and issuance of stock Warrant income Uncompensated contribution of	842,940 (1,560,757)	745,616	1,724,158 (1,241,673)	583,453	10,608,999
services					755,556
Depreciation and amortization Provision for doubtful accounts	5,612 (12,839)	668	5,612 (59,458)	501	9,091,990 337,810
Provision for excessive and/or					
obsolete inventory Amortization of debt issue costs Amortization of debt discounts	(51,165)	5,126	(39,501)	169,085 985,237	259,427 4,107,067
on investments					(508,983)
Loss on disposal or impairment of property and equipment					17,668,477
Foreign exchange (gain) loss on substantial liquidation of foreign					
entity Net loss (income) attributable to	(3,031)	(7,084)	(5,645)	30,012	(2,256,408)
non-controlling interest Change in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisition:	37,247	(1,644)	52,740	205,632	(1,799,523)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	3,783	15,226	27,327	91,666	(91,496)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables	(105)	4,126	4,635	23,632	218,978

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Decrease (increase) in inventory Decrease (increase) in prepaid	69,086	23,508	100,009	29,543	(455,282)	
expenses Decrease (increase) in other	(37,812)	(301,488)	(282,717)	628,197	34,341	
assets		4,120	4,120	(112,441)	71,000	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	828,353	4,184	935,975	(230,592)	57,648	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses, liabilities subject to compromise and other liabilities Decrease in deferred revenue	1,228,707	(192,824)	802,913	1,868,162 (7,522)	3,311,552 (50,096)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(6,931,226)	(1,658,013)	(11,230,272)	(4,662,880)	(148,610,040)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of Agera, net of cash acquired					(2,016,520)	
Purchase of property and equipment Proceeds from the sale of	(29,675)		(29,675)		(25,515,170)	
property and equipment, net of selling costs Purchase of investments Proceeds from sales and					6,542,434 (152,998,313)	
maturities of investments					153,507,000	
Net cash used in investing activities	(29,675)		(29,675)		(20,480,569)	
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from convertible debt Offering costs associated with					91,450,000	
the issuance of convertible debt Proceeds from notes payable to					(3,746,193)	
shareholders, net Proceeds from the issuance of					135,667	
preferred stock, net Proceeds from the issuance of					12,931,800	
redeemable preferred stock series A, net Proceeds from the issuance of redeemable preferred stock			2,870,000			
redeemable preferred stock series B, net	2,388,168		2,388,168			
Deposit received for issuance of shares in October 2010 Proceeds from the issuance of	130,000		130,000			
common stock, net	3,469,400	1,800,000	5,269,400		93,753,857	

Costs associated with secured loan and debtor-in-possession loan Proceeds from secured loan Proceeds from				(360,872) 500,471	(360,872) 500,471
debtor-in-possession loan	(47 705)	(8 204)	(60,696)	2,750,000	2,750,000
Payments on insurance loan Cash dividends paid on preferred	(47,795)	(8,304)	(69,686)	(63,983)	(79,319)
stock	(139,750)		(139,750)		(1,087,200)
Cash paid for fractional shares of preferred stock Merger and acquisition expenses Repurchase of common stock					(38,108) (48,547) (26,024,280)
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,800,023	1,791,696	10,448,132	2,825,616	170,137,276
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash balances Net increase (decrease) in cash	3,473	3,174	6,622	(6,760)	(36,391)
and cash equivalents	(1,157,405)	136,857	(805,193)	(1,844,024)	1,010,276
		16			

	S	uccessor	S	Successor	Ci pe	Successor umulative eriod from eptember 1,	P	redecessor	C pe	redecessor umulative eriod from December 28,
		ne months ended eptember		one month ended eptember	ine	09 (date of ception) to eptember		Eight months ended		95 (date of ception) to
		30, 2010	D	30, 2009		30, 2010	A	August 31, 2009	A	ugust 31, 2009
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,362,488		1,010,276		1,010,276		2,854,300		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	205,083	\$	1,147,133	\$	205,083	\$	1,010,276	\$	1,010,276
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Predecessor cash paid for interest	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	12,715,283
Successor cash paid for dividends		139,750				139,750				
Non-cash investing and financing activities: Predecessor deemed dividend associated with beneficial conversion of preferred stock	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	11,423,824
Predecessor preferred stock dividend										1,589,861
Successor accrued preferred stock dividend		85,183				85,183				
Predecessor uncompensated contribution of services										755,556
Predecessor common stock issued for intangible assets										540,000
Predecessor common stock issued in connection with conversion of debt								10,814,000		10,814,000
								10,011,000		167,154
Table of Contents										41

Predecessor equipment acquired through capital lease				
Successor/Predecessor financing of insurance premiums		81,517		87,623
Successor issuance of notes payable			6,000,060	6,000,060
Successor common stock issued in connection with reorganization			5,472,000	5,472,000
Successor intangible assets			6,340,656	6,340,656
Successor deferred tax liability in connection with fresh-start			2,500,000	2,500,000
Elimination of Predecessor common stock and fresh start adjustment			14,780,320	14,780,320
Successor subscription receivable Successor accrued warrant liability	792,000 5,579,319	792,000 5,895,511		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Fibrocell Science, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Emergence from Voluntary Reorganization Under Chapter 11 Proceedings and Reorganization Plan *Background*

On June 15, 2009 Isolagen, Inc. (the Predecessor) and Isolagen s wholly owned subsidiary, Isolagen Technologies, Inc. (Isolagen Tech) (Isolagen and Isolagen Tech are referred as the Debtors), each filed a voluntary petition for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the Bankruptcy Code) in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in Wilmington (the Bankruptcy Court) under Case Nos. 09-12072 and 09-12073, respectively.

On August 27, 2009 (the Confirmation Date), the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the Confirmation Order) confirming the Debtors Joint First Amended Plan of Reorganization dated July 30, 2009, as supplemented by the Plan Supplement dated August 21, 2009 (as so modified and supplemented, the Plan). The effective date of the Plan (Effective Date) was September 3, 2009. Isolagen and Isolagen Tech emerged from bankruptcy as the reorganized debtors, Fibrocell Science, Inc. (Fibrocell or the Company or the Successor) and Fibrocell Technologies, Inc. (Fibrocell Technologies), respectively (collectively, the Reorganized Debtors). Fibrocell now operates outside of the restraints of the bankruptcy process, free of the debts and liabilities discharged by the Plan.

The Predecessor Company's officers and directors as of the effective date were all deemed to have resigned and a new board of directors was appointed. As of the effective date, the Successor Company's initial board of directors consisted of: David Pernock, Paul Hopper and Kelvin Moore. Dr. Robert Langer was appointed to the Board in late September 2009. Declan Daly remained as chief operating officer and chief financial officer of the reorganized company, and in November 2009, he was appointed to the Board of Directors. Mr. Daly received 5% of the Common Stock of the Successor as of the date of his appointment, which is subject to a two-year vesting schedule whereby 50% vested on the Effective Date, 25% shall vest on the first anniversary and 25% shall vest on the second anniversary. Mr. Daly was the acting interim chief executive officer until February 1, 2010. On February 1, 2010, David Pernock became the Chief Executive Officer. Marc Mazur was appointed to the Board of Directors in April 2010. George J. Korkos, M.D., D.D.S., F.A.C.S. was appointed to the Board of Directors in July 2010.

Plan of Reorganization

Pursuant to the Plan, all of the Predecessor Company s equity interests, including without limitation its common stock, options and warrants outstanding as of the effective date were cancelled. On the effective date, the Successor Company completed an exit financing of common stock in the amount of \$2 million, after which the equity holders of the Successor Company were:

7,320,000 shares, to our pre-bankruptcy lenders and the lenders that provided us our debtor-in-possession facility, collectively;

3,960,000 shares, to the holders of our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes;

600,000 shares, to our management as of the effective date, which was our chief operating officer;

120,000 shares, to the holders of our general unsecured claims; and

2,666,666 shares, to the purchasers of shares in the \$2 million exit financing (our pre-bankruptcy lenders, the lenders that provided us our debtor-in-possession facility and the holders of our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes were permitted to participate in our exit financing).

In the Plan, in addition to the common stock set forth above, each holder of Isolagen s 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, due November 2024, in the approximate non-converted aggregate principal amount of \$81 million, received, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge of and in exchange for any and all claims arising out of the 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, its pro rata share of an unsecured note in the principal amount of \$6 million, or the Notes. The Notes have the following features:

12.5% interest payable quarterly in cash or, at the Company s option, 15% payable in kind by capitalizing such unpaid amount and adding it to the principal as of the date it was due;

matures June 1, 2012;

at any time prior to the maturity date, the Company may redeem any portion of the outstanding principal of the Notes in cash at 125% of the stated face value of the Notes; provided that the Company will be obligated to redeem all outstanding Notes upon the following events: (a) the Company or its subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc. (formerly, Isolagen Technologies, Inc.) successfully complete a capital campaign raising in excess of \$10,000,000; or (b) the Company or its subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., are acquired by, or sell a majority stake to, an outside party;

the Notes contain customary representations, warranties and covenants, including a covenant that the Company and its subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., shall be prohibited from the incurrence of additional debt without obtaining the consent of 66 2/3% of the Note holders.

Trading of Common Stock

The Predecessor s common stock ceased trading on the NYSE Amex on May 6, 2009 and in June 2009 the NYSE Amex delisted the Predecessor s common stock from listing on the NYSE Amex. Upon the Effective Date, the outstanding common stock of the Predecessor Company was cancelled for no consideration. Consequently, the Predecessor s stockholders prior to the Effective Date no longer have any interest as stockholders of the Predecessor Company by virtue of their ownership of the Predecessor s common stock prior to the emergence from bankruptcy. On October 21, 2009, the Successor Company was available for trading on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol FCSC.

Note 2 Basis of Presentation, Business and Organization

Fibrocell is the parent company of Fibrocell Technologies and Agera Laboratories, Inc., a Delaware corporation (Agera). Fibrocell Technologies is the parent company of Isolagen Europe Limited, a company organized under the laws of the United Kingdom (Isolagen Europe), Isolagen Australia Pty Limited, a company organized under the laws of Australia (Isolagen Australia), and Isolagen International, S.A., a company organized under the laws of Switzerland (Isolagen Switzerland).

The Company is an aesthetic and therapeutic company focused on developing novel skin and tissue rejuvenation products. The Company s clinical development product candidates are designed to improve the appearance of skin injured by the effects of aging, sun exposure, acne and burns with a patient s own, or autologous, fibroblast cells produced in the Company s proprietary Fibrocell Process. The Company also markets an advanced skin care line with broad application in core target markets through its Agera subsidiary.

In October 2006, the Predecessor Company reached an agreement with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) on the design of a Phase III pivotal study protocol for the treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles. The randomized, double-blind protocol was submitted to the FDA under the agency s Special Protocol Assessment (SPA) regulations. Pursuant to this assessment process, the FDA has agreed that the Predecessor Company s study design for two identical trials, including patient numbers, clinical endpoints, and statistical analyses, is acceptable to the FDA to form the basis of an efficacy claim for a marketing application. The randomized, double-blind, pivotal Phase III trials will evaluate the efficacy and safety of our product against placebo in approximately 400 patients with approximately 200 patients enrolled in each trial. The Predecessor Company completed enrollment of the study and commenced injection of subjects in early 2007. All injections were completed in January 2008 and top line results from this trial were publically announced in August 2008. The data analysis, including safety data, was publically released in October 2008. The related Biologics License Application (BLA) was submitted to the FDA in March 2009. In May 2009, the Predecessor Company announced that the FDA had completed its initial review of the Company s BLA related to its nasolabial fold wrinkles product candidate and that the FDA had accepted (or filed) the BLA for full

review.

On October 9, 2009, the FDA Cellular, Tissue and Gene Therapies Advisory Committee reviewed the Company s nasolabial fold wrinkles product candidate. The Committee voted 11 yes to 3 no that the data presented on our product demonstrated efficacy, and 6 yes to 8 no that the data demonstrated safety; both for the proposed indication of treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles. The Committee s recommendations are not binding on the FDA, but the FDA will consider their recommendations during their review of our application. The United States Adopted Names (USAN) Council adopted the USAN name, azficel-T, for our nasolabial fold wrinkles product candidate on October 28, 2009, and the FDA is currently evaluating a proposed brand name, Laviv .

On December 21, 2009, Fibrocell received a Complete Response letter from the FDA related to the BLA for azficel-T, an autologous cell therapy for the treatment of moderate to severe nasolabial fold wrinkles in adults. A Complete Response letter is issued by the FDA s Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER) when the review of a file is completed and additional data are needed prior to approval. The Complete Response letter requested that Fibrocell Science provide data from a histopathological study on biopsied tissue samples from patients following injection of azficel-T. The histology study (IT-H-001) will evaluate tissue treated with azficel-T as compared to tissue treated with sterile saline (placebo). The study will also provide information about the skin after treatment, including evaluation of collagen and elastin fibrils, and cellular structure of the sampled tissues. The Company submitted a proposed protocol concerning a histopathological study on biopsied samples to the FDA and to the Company s Investigational Review Board (IRB). The IRB has approved the protocol and the Company received the comments from the FDA on the protocol in May 2010.

On May 13, 2010, the Company announced the initiation of a small histology study of azficel-T, an autologous cell therapy currently under review by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of moderate to severe nasolabial fold wrinkles. The study has a target enrollment of approximately 20 participants from the completed and statistically significant pivotal Phase III studies of azficel-T (IT-R-005 and IT-R-006). The Company announced on July 8, 2010, the completion of enrollment of and first treatment visits for participants in its histology study of azficel-T. The second treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of July. The third treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of August.

The Complete Response letter also requested finalized Chemistry, Manufacturing and Controls (CMC) information regarding the manufacture of azficel-T as follow-up to discussions that occurred during the BLA review period, as well as revised policies and procedures.

The Company anticipates filing its response to the FDA s Complete Response letter by the end of 2010. There is no assurance that the FDA will accept the Company s response as it may find that the Company s response does not provide sufficient information to address its Complete Response letter. Even if the FDA accepts the Company s response for complete evaluation, there is no assurance that it will approve our product. The FDA, under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA), has a target six months review window to completely evaluate the Company s response upon acceptance of the response.

Basis of Presentation

For discussions on the results of operations, the Successor Company has compared the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 (Successor Company) to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 (Predecessor Company). The Successor Company believes that the financial results provide management and investors a more meaningful analysis of the Successor Company s performance and trends for comparative purposes.

The consolidated financial statements and notes thereto presented herein are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal accruals) have been made that are necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and the cumulative period from September 1, 2009 (date of inception) to September 30, 2010. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that were included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2009.

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Codification 105 (ASC), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, which became the single source of authoritative nongovernmental U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), superseding existing FASB, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF), and related accounting topics and displays them using a consistent structure. Also included is relevant Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) guidance organized using the same topical structure in separate sections and will be effective for financial statements issued for reporting periods that end after September 15, 2009. The impact on the Company's financial disclosures is that references to authoritative accounting literature will be references in accordance with ASC 105. *Financial Reporting by Entities in Reorganization under the Bankruptcy Code*

Overall, ASC 852-10, Financial Reporting by Entities in Reorganization Under the Bankruptcy Code, (ASC 852) applies to the Company s financial statements for the periods that the Company operated under the provisions of Chapter 11. ASC 852 does not change the application of generally accepted accounting principles in the preparation of financial statements. However, for periods including and subsequent to the filing of the Chapter 11 petition, ASC 852 does require that the financial statements distinguish transactions and events that are directly associated with the reorganization from the ongoing operations of the business. Accordingly, certain revenues, expenses, gains, and losses that were realized or incurred during the Chapter 11 proceedings have been classified as reorganization items, net on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

As of September 1, 2009, the Successor Company adopted fresh-start accounting in accordance with ASC 852-10. The Successor Company selected September 1, 2009, as the date to effectively apply fresh-start accounting based on the absence of any material contingencies at the September 3, 2009 effective date and the immaterial impact of transactions between September 1, 2009 and September 3, 2009. The adoption of fresh-start accounting resulted in the Successor Company becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes. The Successor Company is a development stage company in accordance with ASC 915, Development Stage Entities.

Accordingly, the financial statements prior to September 1, 2009 are not comparable with the financial statements for periods on or after September 1, 2009. References to Successor or Successor Company refer to the Company on or after September 1, 2009, after giving effect to the cancellation of Isolagen, Inc. common stock issued prior to the Effective Date, the issuance of new Fibrocell Science, Inc. common stock in accordance with the Plan, and the application of fresh-start accounting. References to Predecessor or Predecessor Company refer to the Company prior to September 1, 2009. See Note 5 Fresh-Start Accounting in the notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

Note 3 Going Concern

The Successor Company emerged from Bankruptcy in September 2009 and continues to operate as a going concern. At September 30, 2010, the Successor Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and negative working capital of \$1.1 million. In early July 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$2.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. In early September 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$0.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. The Successor Company has also raised approximately \$1.0 million less fees as the result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants in the period from October 1, 2010 to November 12, 2010.

The Company has not yet received \$0.7 million in subscription proceeds from the above raises. Although the Company believes that these outstanding funds will be received, there is no guarantee that these funds will be received.

As of November 12, 2010, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and liabilities of approximately \$1.6 million. Thus, the Successor Company will require to raise additional cash resources in the very near future, or it will likely cease operations. The Successor Company will need to access the capital markets in the future in order to fund future operations. There is no guarantee that any such required financing will be available on terms satisfactory to the Successor Company or available at all. These matters create uncertainty relating to its ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Further, if the Successor Company raises additional cash resources in the very near future, it may be raised in contemplation of or in connection with bankruptcy. In the event of a bankruptcy, it is likely that its common stock and common stock equivalents will become worthless and our creditors will receive significantly less than what is owed to them.

Through September 30, 2010, the Successor Company has been primarily engaged in developing its initial product technology. In the course of its development activities, the Company has sustained losses and expects such losses to continue through at least 2010. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Successor Company financed its operations primarily through its existing cash, but as discussed above it now requires additional financing. There is substantial doubt about the Successor Company s ability to continue as a going concern.

The Successor Company s ability to complete additional offerings is dependent on the state of the debt and/or equity markets at the time of any proposed offering, and such market s reception of the Successor Company and the offering terms. The Successor Company s ability to complete an offering is also dependent on the status of its FDA regulatory milestones and its clinical trials, and in particular, the status of its indication for the treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles and the status of the related BLA, which cannot be predicted. There is no assurance that capital in any form would be available to the Company, and if available, on terms and conditions that are acceptable.

As a result of the conditions discussed above, and in accordance with GAAP, there exists substantial doubt about the Successor Company s ability to continue as a going concern, and its ability to continue as a going concern is contingent, among other things, upon its ability to secure additional adequate financing or capital in the very near future. If the Successor Company does not obtain additional funding, or does not anticipate additional funding, in the very near future, it will likely enter into bankruptcy and/or cease operations. Further, if it does raise additional cash resources in the very near future, it may be raised in contemplation of or in connection with bankruptcy. If the Successor Company enters into bankruptcy, it is likely that its common stock and common stock equivalents will become worthless and its creditors, including preferred stock, will receive significantly less than what is owed to them.

Note 4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements and notes. In addition, management s assessment of the Successor Company s ability to continue as a going concern involves the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash inflows and outflows. Actual results may differ materially from those estimates. *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2010, the Successor Company maintains the majority of its cash primarily with one major U.S. domestic bank. The amounts held in this bank do not exceed the insured limit of \$250,000. The terms of these deposits are on demand to minimize risk. The Successor Company has not incurred losses related to these deposits. Cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.1 million, related to Agera and the Successor Company s Swiss subsidiary, is maintained in two separate financial institutions. The Successor Company invests these funds primarily in demand deposit accounts.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Successor Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts related to its accounts receivable that have been deemed to have a high risk of collectability. Management reviews its accounts receivable on a monthly basis to determine if any receivables will potentially be uncollectible. One foreign customer represents 89% and 87% of accounts receivable, net, at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. Management analyzes historical collection trends and changes in its customer payment patterns, customer concentration, and creditworthiness when evaluating the adequacy of its allowance for doubtful accounts. In its overall allowance for doubtful accounts, the Successor Company includes any receivable balances that are determined to be uncollectible. Based on the information available, management believes the allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate; however, actual write-offs might exceed the recorded allowance.

The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$24,259 and \$37,098 at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Inventory

Agera purchases the large majority of its inventory from one contract manufacturer. Agera accounts for its inventory on the first-in-first-out method. At September 30, 2010, Agera s inventory of \$0.2 million consisted of \$0.1 million of raw materials and \$0.1 million of finished goods. At December 31, 2009, Agera s inventory of \$0.2 million consisted of \$0.2 million consisted of \$0.2 million of raw materials and less than \$0.1 million of finished goods.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Generally, depreciation and amortization for financial reporting purposes is provided by the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of three years, except for leasehold improvements which are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining lease term or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter. The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged as an expense as incurred.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are research and development assets related to the Successor Company s primary study that was recognized upon emergence from bankruptcy (see Note 5). Intangibles are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss, if any, would be measured as the excess of the carrying value over the fair value determined by discounted cash flows. There was no impairment of the intangible assets as of September 30, 2010.

Revenue recognition

The Successor Company recognizes revenue over the period the service is performed in accordance with ASC 605, Revenue Recognition (ASC 605). In general, ASC 605 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (2) delivery has occurred or services rendered, (3) the fee is fixed and determinable and (4) collectability is reasonably assured.

Revenue from the sale of Agera s products is recognized upon transfer of title, which is upon shipment of the product to the customer. The Successor Company believes that the requirements of ASC 605 are met when the ordered product is shipped, as the risk of loss transfers to our customer at that time, the fee is fixed and determinable and collection is reasonably assured. Any advanced payments are deferred until shipment.

Shipping and handling costs

Agera charges its customers for shipping and handling costs. Such charges to customers are presented net of the costs of shipping and handling, as selling, general and administrative expense, and are not significant to the consolidated statements of operations.

Advertising cost

Agera advertising costs are expensed as incurred and include the costs of public relations and certain marketing related activities. These costs are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Research and development expenses

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and include salaries and benefits, costs paid to third-party contractors to perform research, conduct clinical trials, develop and manufacture drug materials and delivery devices, and a portion of facilities cost. Research and development costs also include costs to develop manufacturing, cell collection and logistical process improvements.

Clinical trial costs are a significant component of research and development expenses and include costs associated with third-party contractors. Invoicing from third-party contractors for services performed can lag several months. The Successor Company accrues the costs of services rendered in connection with third-party contractor activities based on its estimate of management fees, site management and monitoring costs and data management costs. Actual clinical trial costs may differ from estimated clinical trial costs and are adjusted for in the period in which they become known.

Warrant Liability

The warrants for the Successor Company are measured at fair value and liability-classified under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, (ASC 815) because the warrants contain down-round protection and therefore, do not meet the scope exception for treatment as a derivative under ASC 815. Since down-round protection is not an input into the calculation of the fair value of the warrants, the warrants cannot be considered indexed to the Company s own stock which is a requirement for the scope exception as outlined under ASC 815. The fair value of the warrants is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is affected by changes in inputs to that model including our stock price, expected stock price volatility, the contractual term, and the risk-free interest rate. The Successor Company will continue to classify the fair value of the warrants as a liability until the warrants are exercised, expire or are amended in a way that would no longer require these warrants to be classified as a liability. *Stock-based Compensation*

The Successor Company accounts for stock-based awards to employees and non-employees using the fair value based method to determine compensation for all arrangements where shares of stock or equity instruments are issued for compensation. The Successor Company uses a Black-Scholes options-pricing model to determine the fair value of each option grant as of the date of grant for expense incurred. The Black-Scholes model requires inputs for risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, volatility and expected lives of the options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility of the Company s competitor s stock since the Predecessor Company ceased trading as part of the bankruptcy and emerged as a new entity. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The expected lives for options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding and is derived from the contractual terms of the options granted. The Successor Company estimates future forfeitures of options based upon expected forfeiture rates. *Income taxes*

An asset and liability approach is used for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences between income tax and financial reporting and principally relate to recognition of revenue and expenses in different periods for financial and tax accounting purposes and are measured using currently enacted tax rates and laws. In addition, a deferred tax asset can be generated by net operating loss (NOLs) carryover. If it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized.

In the event the Company is charged interest or penalties related to income tax matters, the Company would record such interest as interest expense and would record such penalties as other expense in the consolidated statements of operations. No such charges have been incurred by the Company. As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Successor Company had no accrued interest related to uncertain tax positions.

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has provided a full valuation allowance for the net deferred tax assets, the large majority of which relates to the future benefit of loss carryovers. In addition, as a result of fresh-start accounting, the Successor Company may be limited by section 382 of the Internal Revenue Service Code. The tax years 2006 through 2009 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The deferred tax liability at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, relates to the intangible assets recognized upon fresh-start accounting.

Earnings (loss) per share data

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated based on the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share (Diluted EPS) also gives effect to the dilutive effect of stock options, warrants, restricted stock and convertible preferred stock calculated based on the treasury stock method.

The Predecessor and Successor Company s potentially dilutive securities consist of potential common shares related to stock options, warrants, restricted stock and convertible preferred stock. Diluted EPS includes the impact of potentially dilutive securities except in periods in which there is a loss because the inclusion of the potential common shares would be anti-dilutive. The Company does not present diluted earnings per share for years in which it incurred net losses as the effect is anti-dilutive. There were no potentially dilutive securities for the eight months ended August 31, 2009, due to the cancellation of the convertible notes and the cancellation of all the outstanding stock option plans and the last known market price was less than exercise price.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of certain of the Successor Company s financial instruments, including cash equivalents and accounts payable approximates fair value due to their short maturities. The fair values of the Successor Company s long-term obligations are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and assumed discount rates reflecting varying degrees of risk. The carrying values of the Successor Company s long-term obligations approximate their fair values.

The fair value of the reorganization value which applies in fresh-start accounting was estimated by applying the income approach and a market approach. This fair value measurement is based on significant inputs that are not observable in the market and, therefore, represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements.

Adoption of Standards

In March 2010, the FASB amended the disclosure requirements so that SEC filers are no longer required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in originally issued and revised financial statements. This revised guidance is effective immediately and we adopted this pronouncement on March 31, 2010 and have revised the disclosures as required.

On December 15, 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic 820 Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements . This ASU requires some new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurement as set forth in Codification Subtopic 820-10. The FASB s objective is to improve these disclosures and, thus, increase the transparency in financial reporting. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

Note 5 Fresh-Start Accounting

On September 1, 2009, the Successor Company adopted fresh-start accounting upon the emergence of bankruptcy in accordance with ASC 852-10, Reorganization. Fresh-start accounting results in the Company becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Company s consolidated financial statements for periods prior to September 1, 2009 are not comparable to consolidated financial statements presented on or after September 1, 2009. The Company selected September 1, 2009, as the date to apply fresh-start accounting based on the absence of any material contingencies at the September 3, 2009 effective date and the immaterial impact of transactions between September 1, 2009 and September 3, 2009.

Under ASC 852-10, the Successor Company must determine a value to be assigned to the equity of the emerging company as of the date of the adoption of fresh-start accounting. The Successor Company obtained an independent appraisal to value the equity and it served as the fair market value of the emerging Company s equity. Fresh-start accounting reflects the value of the Successor Company as determined in the confirmed Plan. Under fresh-start accounting, the Successor Company s assets values are remeasured and allocated in conformity with ASC 805-20, Business Combinations, Identifiable Assets and Liabilities, and any Noncontrolling Interest. Fresh-start accounting also requires that all liabilities should be stated at fair value. The portion of the reorganization value which was attributed to identified intangible assets was \$6,340,656. This value is related to research and development assets that are not subject to amortization. In accordance with ASC 805-20, this amount is reported as intangibles in the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2010, and is not being amortized.

The following fresh-start Consolidated Balance Sheet presents the financial effects on the Successor Company with the implementation of the Plan and the adoption of fresh-start accounting. The effect of the consummation of the transactions contemplated in the Plan included the settlement of liabilities and the issuance of common stock. The effects of the Plan and fresh-start reporting on the Successor Company s Consolidated Balance Sheet are as follows:

	Predecessor	Reclassifications	Fresh Start	Successor September	
	August 31, 2009	And Plan of Reorganization	Accounting Adjustments	1, 2009	
Assets		U	Ū		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,010,277	\$	\$	\$ 1,010,277	
Accounts receivable, net	246,684			246,684	
Inventory, net	268,619			268,619	
Prepaid expenses	221,225			221,225	
Other current assets	4,140			4,140	
Current assets of discontinued operations,					
net	785			785	
Total current assets	1,751,730			1,751,730	
Intangible assets			6,340,656(e)	6,340,656	
Other assets	1,671			1,671	
Total assets	\$ 1,753,401	\$	\$ 6,340,656	\$ 8,094,057	

Liabilities, Shareholders Equity/(Deficit) and Noncontrolling Interests

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Current liabilities:				
Current debt	\$ 8,304	\$	\$	\$ 8,304
Accounts payable	137,401			137,401
Accrued expenses	849,395			849,395
Liabilities subject to compromise	82,181,741	(82,181,741)(a)		
Prepetition secured loan, subject to				
compromise	500,471	(500,471)(b)		
Debtor-in-possession loan	2,750,000	(2,750,000)(b)		
Current liabilities of discontinued				
operations	25,668			25,668
Total current liabilities	86,452,980	(85,432,212)		1,020,768
	26			

	Predecessor	Reclassifications	Fresh Start	Successor September
	August 31, 2009	And Plan of Reorganization	Accounting Adjustments	1, 2009
Other long term liabilities of continuing operations Notes payable Deferred tax liability	407,078	6,000,060(a)	2,500,000(f)	407,078 6,000,060 2,500,000
Total liabilities	86,860,058	(79,432,152)	2,500,000	9,927,906
Commitments and contingencies				
Shareholders Equity (Deficit): Predecessor common stock Predecessor additional paid-in	42,821	(42,821)(c)		
capital Predecessor treasury stock Successor common stock	142,737,499 (25,974,000)	(25,931,179)(c) 25,974,000(c) 11,400(a)(b)	(116,806,320)(g)	11,400
Successor additional paid-in capital		5,460,600(a)(b)	(7,688,831)(g)	(2,228,231)
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(202,295,959)	73,960,152(a)(b)(c)(d)	128,335,807(g)	
Total shareholders equity (deficit)	(85,489,639)	79,432,152	3,840,656	(2,216,831)
Noncontrolling interest	382,982			382,982
Total equity (deficit) and noncontrolling interests	(85,106,657)	79,432,152	3,840,656	(1,833,849)
Total liabilities, shareholders equity/(deficit) and noncontrolling interests	\$ 1,753,401	\$	\$ 6,340,656	\$ 8,094,057

Notes to Plan of Reorganization and fresh-start accounting adjustments

 (a) This adjustment reflects the discharge of liabilities subject to compromise in accordance with the Plan of Reorganization and the issuance of \$6 million in Notes payable and the issuance of 4,080,000 shares of Successor Company common stock in satisfaction of such claims.

- (b) This adjustment reflects the discharge of prepetition loan and debtor in-possession loan in accordance with the Plan of Reorganization and the issuance of 7,320,000 shares of the Successor Company common stock in satisfaction of such claims.
- (c) This adjustment reflects the cancellation of the Predecessor Company s common stock, additional paid-in capital and treasury stock.
- (d) To reset accumulated deficit to zero for the consolidated subsidiaries included in the Plan of

Reorganization.

- (e) This adjustment reflects the portion of the reorganization value which was attributed to identified intangible assets.
- (f) To record

deferred tax liability as a result of the impact of fresh-start accounting fair value adjustments.

(g) To reset

Predecessor additional paid-in capital, accumulated deficit to zero and record net fresh-start adjustments.

Note 6 Liabilities Subject to Compromise and Reorganization Items

Liabilities subject to compromise refers to pre-petition obligations that were impacted by the Chapter 11 reorganization process. For further information regarding the discharge of liabilities subject to compromise, see Note 5- Fresh-Start Accounting in the notes of these Financial Statements. As of September 30, 2010, there were no liabilities subject to compromise.

The Company incurred certain professional fees and other expenses directly associated with the bankruptcy proceedings. In addition, the Company has made adjustments to the carrying value of certain prepetition liabilities. Such costs and adjustments are classified as reorganization items, net and are presented separately in the unaudited consolidated statements of operations. There were no reorganization costs for the three months ended September 30, 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, there was \$13,150 in professional fees offset by the gain from discharge of a liability of \$16,453 for a net gain of \$3,303.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the following have been incurred:

	Successor	Predecessor			
	One month ended September 30, 2009	Two months ended August 31, 2009	Eight months ended August 31, 2009		
Professional fees (expense) Debt issuance costs related to DIP facility Other debt issuance costs Gain on discharge of liabilities subject to compromise	\$	\$ (334,738) (182,050) 74,648,976	\$ (533,271) (295,757) (280,964) 74,648,976		
Total reorganization items, net	\$	\$74,132,188	\$ 73,538,984		

The \$74.6 million gain from discharge of liabilities subject to compromise is the result of the settlement of 3.5% Subordinated Notes in exchange for \$6.0 million in Notes Payable and 3,960,000 shares, Debtor-in-Possession Credit Facility and Prepetition Secured Loan in exchange for 7,320,000 shares of the Successor Company s common stock and unsecured claims in exchange for 120,000 shares. On the Effective Date, all stock option plans of the Predecessor company were cancelled.

Cash paid for reorganization items during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$0.4 and \$0.6 million, respectively. Professional fees include financial, legal and valuation services directly associated with the reorganization process.

Note 7 Agera Laboratories, Inc.

On August 10, 2006, the Predecessor Company acquired 57% of the outstanding common shares of Agera. Agera is a skincare company that has proprietary rights to a scientifically-based advanced line of skincare products. Agera markets its product primarily in the United States and Europe. The results of Agera s operations and cash flows have been included in the consolidated financial statements from the date of the acquisition. The assets and liabilities of Agera have been included in the consolidated balance sheets since the date of the acquisition.

Note 8 Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses are comprised of the following:

	Successor		
	September		
	30,	December 31,	
	2010	2009	
Accrued professional fees	\$ 447,790	\$ 147,410	
Accrued compensation	360,136	7,208	
Accrued interest	858,538	246,578	
Dividend on preferred stock payable	85,183	42,740	
Accrued other	342,785	100,324	
Accrued expenses	\$ 2,094,432	\$ 544,260	

Note 9-Equity

Preferred Stock Series A

In October 2009, the Successor Company completed an offering of Series A Preferred Stock, Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (the October 2009 Offering). Each of the foregoing securities were subject to the down-round protection, which provisions require the lowering of the conversion price or exercise price, as applicable, to the purchase price in the current offering, or \$0.75, and with respect to the warrants, the number of shares issuable under the warrants issued in the October 2009 Offering will be proportionately increased such that the aggregate exercise price payable, after taking into consideration the decrease in exercise price, shall be equal to the aggregate exercise price prior to such adjustment. The preferred stock has been classified within the mezzanine section between liabilities and equity in its consolidated balance sheets because any holder of Series A Preferred Stock may require the Successor Company to redeem all of its Series A Preferred Stock in the event of a triggering event which is outside of the control of the Successor Company. The Successor Company records accrued dividends at a rate of 6% per annum on the Series A Preferred stock. A dividend payment of \$91,000 was paid in April 2010 for the dividends accrued as of March 31, 2010 and \$48,750 was paid in July 2010 for the dividends accrued as of June 30, 2010. As of September 30, 2010, \$48,750 is accrued for dividends payable.

Preferred Stock Series B

On July 16, 2010, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the Purchase Agreement) with certain accredited investors (the Purchasers), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell to the Purchasers in the aggregate: (i) 2,702 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, with a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value of \$1,000 per share (Series B Preferred), and (ii) warrants to purchase 4,503,334 shares of Company common stock (Common Stock) at an exercise price of \$0.8054 per share (the Warrants). Of the foregoing, to date, the Company has not received \$210,000 in subscription proceeds representing 210 shares Series B Preferred and Warrants to purchase 350,000 shares. The Successor Company records accrued dividends at a rate of 6% per annum on the Series B Preferred stock. As of September 30, 2010, \$36,433 is accrued for dividends payable.

The aggregate purchase price paid by the Purchasers for the Series B Preferred and the Warrants was \$2,702,000 (representing \$1,000 for each share of Series B Preferred together with the Warrants). The Company used the proceeds for working capital purposes.

Viriathus Capital LLC and John Carris Investments LLC were co-placement agents for the Transaction, and received, in the aggregate, cash compensation of \$216,160 and warrants to purchase 360,267 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share.

On September 8, 2010, the Company entered into Securities Purchase Agreements (the Purchase Agreements) with certain accredited investors (the Purchasers), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell to the Purchasers in the aggregate: (i) 725 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, with a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value of \$1,000 per share (Series B Preferred), and (ii) warrants to purchase 1,208,333 shares of Company common stock (Common Stock) at an exercise price of \$0.8054 per share (the Warrants) (the Transactions). The aggregate purchase price to be paid by the Purchasers for the Series B Preferred and the Warrants will be \$725,000 (representing \$1,000 for each share of Series B Preferred together with Warrants). Of the foregoing, to date, the Company has not received \$450,000 in subscription proceeds representing 450 shares Series B Preferred and Warrants to purchase 750,000 shares. Upon receipt of these subscription proceeds, the Company will issue the foregoing securities. The remaining securities sold in the Transactions have been issued. The Company intends to use the proceeds for working capital purposes.

Viriathus Capital LLC and John Carris Investments LLC were co-placement agents for the Transactions, and will receive cash compensation of \$58,000 and warrants to purchase 96,667 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share (assuming all subscription proceeds are received in the Transactions).

Common Stock Offering

On March 2, 2010, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the Purchase Agreement) with certain accredited investors (the Purchasers), pursuant to which the Company sold to the Purchasers in the aggregate 5,076,664 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$0.75 per share. Each Purchaser also received a warrant to purchase the same number of shares of common stock acquired in the offering at an exercise price of \$0.98 per share

(the Warrants).

The aggregate purchase price paid by the Purchasers for the common stock and the warrants was \$3,807,500. The Company used the proceeds for working capital purposes.

Viriathus Capital LLC and John Carris Investments LLC were co-placement agents for the transaction, and received cash compensation of \$304,600 and warrants to purchase 406,133 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75 per share upon the closing.

Note 10-Warrants

Preferred Stock Series A Class A and B Warrants and Placement Agent Warrants

As disclosed above in Note 9, the Successor Company issued Class A warrants, Class B warrants and placement agent warrants in connection with the October 2009 preferred stock transaction. The warrants are liability classified since they have down-round price protection and they are re-measured on the Company s reporting dates. As a result of the March 2, 2010 common stock financing and the down-round provision, the Class A warrants, Class B warrants and placement agent warrants were reissued to purchase 2.6 million shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share.

Preferred Stock Series B Warrants and Co-placement Agent Warrants

In connection with the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock transaction, the Successor Company issued 5,711,666 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.8054 per share and 456,934 placement agent warrants at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share. The warrants are liability classified since they have down-round price protection and they are re-measured on the Company s reporting dates. The weighted average fair market value of the warrants, at the date of issuance, granted to the accredited investors and co-placement agents, based on the Black-Scholes valuation model, is estimated to be \$0.43 per warrant and \$0.46 per warrant, respectively.

Common Stock Warrants and Co-placement Agent Warrants

In connection with the March 2, 2010 financing, the Successor Company issued 5,076,664 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.98 per share to the accredited investors and 406,133 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.75 to the co-placement agents upon closing. The warrants are liability classified since they have down-round price protection and they are re-measured on the Company s reporting dates. The warrants were exercisable immediately after grant and expire five years thereafter. The fair market value of the warrants, at the date of issuance, granted to the accredited investors and co-placement agents, based on the Black-Scholes valuation model, is estimated to be \$0.52 per warrant and \$0.58 per warrant, respectively. As a result of the Convertible Preferred Stock Series B financing and the

down-round provision, the Common Stock warrants and placement agent warrants were reissued to purchase 8.8 million shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share.

The Successor Company recognizes these warrants as a liability at the fair value on each reporting date due to the down-round price protection provision. The Company measured the fair value of these warrants as of September 30, 2010, and recorded warrant income of \$1.3 million resulting from the decrease in the liability associated with the fair value of the warrants for the three months ended September 30, 2010. The Company computed the value of the warrants using the Black-Scholes method. The fair value of the warrants will continue to be classified as a liability until such time as the warrants are exercised, expire or an amendment of the warrant agreements renders these warrants to be no longer classified as a liability.

The weighted average fair market value of the warrants was computed using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following key assumptions as of the date indicated:

	September 30, 2010
Expected life (years)	4.5 years
Interest rate	1.1%
Dividend yield	
Volatility	63%

Rollforward of warrant liability from December 31, 2009 through September 30, 2010:

	D	ecember 31, 2009	Additions	Revaluation	S	eptember 30, 2010
Preferred stock class A warrants	\$	275,378	\$	\$ 68,565	\$	343,943
Preferred stock class B warrants		207,611		136,332		343,943
Preferred stock co-placement warrants		152,287		(14,710)		137,577
Common stock warrants			2,654,752	(453,877)		2,200,875
Common stock placement warrants			235,958	(101,211)		134,747
Preferred stock series B warrants			2,466,374	(1,100,968)		1,365,406
Preferred stock series B co-placement warrants			222,235	(94,888)		127,347
Total	\$	635,276	\$ 5,579,319	\$(1,560,757)	\$	4,653,838

Warrant liability is comprised of the following as of September 30, 2010:

	Successor						
	Fair Value						
	Number of		of	В	alance as of		
				Se	ptember 30,		
	Warrants	Wa	Warrants		Warrants		2010
Preferred stock class A warrants	1,354,164	\$	0.25	\$	343,943		
Preferred stock class B warrants	1,354,164		0.25		343,943		
Preferred stock co-placement warrants	541,667		0.25		137,577		
Common stock warrants	8,291,885		0.27		2,200,875		
Common stock placement warrants	507,666		0.27		134,747		
Preferred stock series B warrants	5,711,666		0.24		1,365,406		
Preferred stock series B co-placement warrants	456,934		0.28		127,347		
Total	18,218,146			\$	4,653,838		

Warrant liability is comprised of the following as of December 31, 2009:

		Successor Fair Value					
	Number of		of	_	alance as of		
	Warrants	Warrants		December 31, 2009			
Preferred stock class A warrants	501,543	\$	0.55	\$	275,378		
Preferred stock class B warrants	416,667		0.50		207,611		
Preferred stock co-placement warrants	250,000		0.61		152,287		
Total	1,168,210			\$	635,276		

Note 11 Equity-based Compensation

Total stock-based compensation expense recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, using the straight-line attribution method in the consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

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		accessor ee months ended tember 30, 2010	Successor Nine months ended September 30, 2010		
Stock option compensation expense for employees and directors Restricted stock expense Equity awards for nonemployees issued for services	\$	183,231 18,000 7,724	\$	729,619 54,000 59,321	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	208,955	\$	842,940	

Total stock-based compensation expense recognized in the one month ended September 30, 2009 (successor) and the eight months ending August 31, 2009 (Predecessor) using the straight-line attribution method in the consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

	S	uccessor		edecessor ht months	
	0 0 -	nonth ended tember 30,	ended		
		2009	Aug	ust 31, 2009	
Stock option compensation expense for employees and directors	\$	286,622	\$	581,707	
Restricted stock expense		150,000			
Equity awards for nonemployees issued for services		308,994		1,746	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	745,616	\$	583,453	

On February 23, 2010, modifications were made to all fiscal year 2009 grants for directors and employees. The modifications provided for all options granted under the 2009 Plan in fiscal year 2009 to extend to a ten year term and allowed Directors to extend the exercise period after departure to one year. As a result of the modifications, the Successor Company recognized incremental compensation cost of \$163,445 in the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

On February 1, 2010, the Successor Company granted options to purchase 1,650,000 shares of common stock to the chief executive officer. The weighted average fair market value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model of these options granted was \$0.63.

On April 1, 2010 and June 16, 2010, the Successor Company granted options to purchase 800,000 shares of common stock to a director and consultants. The weighted average fair market value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model of these options granted was \$0.46.

During the three months ended September 30, 2010, the Successor Company granted 720,000 shares of common stock to directors and consultant. The weighted average fair value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model of these options granted was \$0.34. The fair market value of the stock options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Successor Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 4.9 years 1.5%

Expected life (years) Interest rate Dividend yield Volatility

There were no stock options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010.

The total fair value of shares vested during the third quarter 2010 was \$0.2 million. As of September 30, 2010, there was \$0.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, related to non-vested stock options which vest over time. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.2 years. As of September 30, 2010, there was \$0.3 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to performance-based, non-vested employee and consultant stock options. That cost will be recognized when the performance criteria within the respective performance-based option grants become probable of achievement.

Restricted stock

As of September 30, 2010, there was \$0.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.9 years.

63%

Predecessor Company

Prior to September 3, 2009, the Predecessor Company maintained stock-based incentive compensation plans for employees and directors of the Company. On the Effective Date, the following stock option plans were terminated (and any and all awards granted under such plans were terminated and will no longer be of any force or effect): (1) the 2001 Stock Option and Appreciation Rights Plan, (2) the 2003 Stock Option and Appreciation Rights Plan.

Note 12 Segment Information and Geographical information

The Successor Company has two reportable segments: Fibrocell Therapy and Agera. The Fibrocell Therapy segment specializes in the development and commercialization of autologous cellular therapies for soft tissue regeneration. The Agera segment maintains proprietary rights to a scientifically-based advanced line of skincare products. There is no intersegment revenue. The following table provides operating financial information for the continuing operations of the Successor Company s two reportable segments:

	Segment					
	Successor Fibrocell			Successor		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 Total operating revenue	Therapy \$	\$	Agera 243,677	Co \$	onsolidated 243,677	
Segment loss from continuing operations	\$(1,816,681)	\$	24,210	\$	(1,792,471)	

Supplemental information related to continuing operations

Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,472	\$	\$ 2,472
		Comment	

	Segment						
	Successor			;	Successor		
	Fibrocell						
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010	Therapy		Agera	Consolidated			
Total operating revenue	\$	\$	716,809	\$	716,809		
Segment income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (8,219,599)	\$	13,722	\$	(8,205,877)		

Supplemental information related to continuing operations

Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 5,612	\$	\$	5,612
Total assets as of September 30, 2010	7,030,849	589,085		7,619,934
Property and equipment, net	24,062			24,062
Intangible assets	6,340,656			6,340,656
			.1	T.1 11

An intercompany receivable as of September 30, 2010, of \$0.9 million, due from the Agera segment to the Fibrocell Therapy segment, is eliminated in consolidation. This intercompany receivable is primarily due to the intercompany management fee charge to Agera by Fibrocell Technologies, as well as Agera working capital needs provided by Fibrocell Technologies, and has been excluded from total assets of the Fibrocell Therapy segment in the above table. There is no intersegment revenue. Total assets on the consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2010 are approximately \$7.6 million.

	Segn			
	Predecessor Isolagen		Р	redecessor
One Month Ended September 30, 2009 Total operating revenue	Therapy \$	\$ Agera 75.029	Co \$	onsolidated 75,029
Segment loss from continuing operations	\$ (1,953,067)	\$ 	т	(1,964,990)

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	Segn				
	Predecessor		Predecessor		
Two Months Ended August 31, 2009	Isolagen Therapy	Agera	Consolidated		
Total operating revenue	\$	\$ 130,740	\$ 130,740		
Segment income from continuing operations	\$ 71,465,993	\$ 474,740	\$ 71,940,733		

	Segment Predecessor Isolagen			Predecessor		
Eight Months Ended August 31, 2009	Therapy		Agera	С	onsolidated	
Total operating revenue	\$	\$	538,620	\$	538,620	
Segment loss from continuing operations	\$65,498,934	\$	381,306	\$	65,880,240	
Supplemental information related to continuing operations						
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$	\$		\$		
Total assets as of September 30, 2009	7,886,894		592,746		8,479,640	
Property and equipment, net						
Intangible assets, net						
An intercompany receivable as of September 30, 2009, of \$1,0 mi	llion due from the	Age	era segment	to th	e Fibrocell	

An intercompany receivable as of September 30, 2009, of \$1.0 million, due from the Agera segment to the Fibrocell Therapy segment, is eliminated in consolidation. This intercompany receivable is primarily due to the intercompany management fee charge to Agera by Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., as well as Agera working capital needs provided by Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., and has been excluded from total assets of the Fibrocell Therapy segment in the above table. There is no intersegment revenue. Total assets on the consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2009 are approximately \$8.5 million, which includes assets of discontinued operations of less than \$0.1 million. Geographical information concerning the Successor Company s and Predecessor Company s operations and assets are as follows:

	Revenue Successor Three months ended September 30, 2010		Revenue Successor One month ended September 30, 2009		Revenue Predecessor Two months ended August 31, 2009	
United States	\$	54,367	\$	16,259	\$	40,656
United Kingdom		181,931		58,567		84,134
Other		7,379		203		5,950
	\$	243,677	\$	75,029	\$	130,740
	Revenue Successor Nine months ended September 30,		Revenue Successor One month ended September 30,		Revenue Predecessor Eight months ended September 30,	
	2010		2009		2009	
United States	\$	176,215	\$	16,259	\$	187,289
United Kingdom		472,721		58,567		308,244
Other		67,873		203		43,087

 \$
 716,809
 \$
 75,029
 \$
 538,620

During the three months ended September 30, 2010, revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 75% and 15% of consolidated revenue, respectively. During the one month ended September 30, 2009, revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 78% and 17% of consolidated revenue, respectively. During the two months ended August 31, 2009 revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 64% and 20% of consolidated revenue, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 73% and 17% of consolidated revenue, respectively. During the one month ended September 30, 2009, revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 78% and 17% of consolidated revenue, respectively. During the eight months ended August 31, 2009, revenue from one foreign customer and one domestic customer represented 57% and 23% of consolidated revenue, respectively.

As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, one foreign customer represented 89% and 87%, respectively, of accounts receivable, net.

Note 13 Subsequent Events

The Successor Company has also raised approximately \$1.0 million less fees as the result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants in the period from October 1, 2010 to November 12, 2010.

Viriathus Capital LLC and John Carris Investments LLC were co-placement agents for the Transactions, and will receive cash compensation of \$71,040 and warrants to purchase 118,400 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share (assuming all subscription proceeds are received in the Transactions).

The Company announced on November 3, 2010, that it has signed an agreement to establish a joint venture (JV) with Hefei Meifu Bio-Tech Limited Co. (Meifu) for developing and marketing autologous fibroblast therapies in Asia, excluding Japan. The JV will be called Fibrocell Science Asia Co. Ltd.

Under the terms of the agreement, Fibrocell will provide access to its intellectual property, clinical data and manufacturing processes. Meifu will be responsible for all costs associated with construction and operation of a manufacturing facility in Hefei and commercialization, as well as all ongoing operational, research and development expenses.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto.

Forward-Looking Information

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as well as information relating to Fibrocell that is based on management s exercise of business judgment and assumptions made by and information currently available to management. When used in this document and other documents, releases and reports released by us, the words anticipate, believe, estimate, expect. intend, the facts suggest and words of s import, are intended to identify any forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These statements reflect our current view of future events and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties as noted below. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. Actual events, transactions and results may materially differ from the anticipated events, transactions or results described in such statements. Although we believe that our expectations are based on reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our expectations will materialize. Many factors could cause actual results to differ materially from our forward looking statements. Several of these factors include, without limitation:

our ability to finance our business and continue in operations;

whether the results of our full Phase III pivotal study and our BLA filing will result in approval of our product candidate, and whether any approval will occur on a timely basis;

our ability to meet requisite regulations or receive regulatory approvals in the United States, Europe, Asia and the Americas, and our ability to retain any regulatory approvals that we may obtain; and the absence of adverse regulatory developments in the United States, Europe, Asia and the Americas or any other country where we plan to conduct commercial operations;

whether our clinical human trials relating to the use of autologous cellular therapy applications, and such other indications as we may identify and pursue can be conducted within the timeframe that we expect, whether such trials will yield positive results, or whether additional applications for the commercialization of autologous cellular therapy can be identified by us and advanced into human clinical trials;

our ability to develop autologous cellular therapies that have specific applications in cosmetic dermatology, and our ability to explore (and possibly develop) applications for periodontal disease, reconstructive dentistry, treatment of restrictive scars and burns and other health-related markets;

our ability to decrease our manufacturing costs for our Fibrocell Therapy product candidates through the improvement of our manufacturing process, and our ability to validate any such improvements with the relevant regulatory agencies;

our ability to reduce our need for fetal bovine calf serum by improved use of less expensive media combinations and different media alternatives;

continued availability of supplies at satisfactory prices;

new entrance of competitive products or further penetration of existing products in our markets;

the effect on us from adverse publicity related to our products or the company itself;

any adverse claims relating to our intellectual property;

the adoption of new, or changes in, accounting principles;

our issuance of certain rights to our shareholders that may have anti-takeover effects;

our dependence on physicians to correctly follow our established protocols for the safe administration of our Fibrocell Therapy; and

other risks referenced from time to time elsewhere in this prospectus and in our filings with the SEC. These factors are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause actual results of operations to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have material adverse effects on our future results. We undertake no obligation and do not intend to update, revise or otherwise publicly release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of any unanticipated events. We cannot assure you that projected results will be achieved.

Overview

We are an aesthetic and therapeutic development stage biotechnology company focused on developing novel skin and tissue rejuvenation products. Our clinical development product candidates are designed to improve the appearance of skin injured by the effects of aging, sun exposure, acne and burn scars with a patient s own, or autologous, fibroblast cells produced by our proprietary Fibrocell process. Our clinical development programs encompass both aesthetic and therapeutic indications. Our most advanced indication is for the treatment of nasolabial folds wrinkles (United States adopted name, or USAN, is azficel-T) and has completed Phase III clinical studies, and the related Biologics License Application, or BLA, has been submitted to the Food and Drug Administration, or FDA. In October 2009, the FDA s Cellular, Tissue and Gene Therapies Advisory Committee reviewed this indication. On December 21, 2009, Fibrocell received a Complete Response letter from the FDA related to the BLA for azficel-T, an autologous cell therapy for the treatment of moderate to severe nasolabial fold wrinkles in adults. A Complete Response letter is issued by the FDA s Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER) when the review of a file is completed and additional data are needed prior to approval. The Complete Response letter requested that Fibrocell Science provide data from a histopathological study on biopsied tissue samples from patients following injection of azficel-T. The histology study (IT-H-001) will evaluate tissue treated with azficel-T as compared to tissue treated with sterile saline (placebo). The study will also provide information about the skin after treatment, including evaluation of collagen and elastin fibrils, and cellular structure of the sampled tissues. The Company submitted a proposed protocol concerning a histopathological study on biopsied samples to the FDA and to the Company s Investigational Review Board (IRB). The IRB has approved the protocol and the Company received the comments from the FDA on the protocol in May 2010.

On May 13, 2010, the Company announced the initiation of a small histology study of azficel-T, an autologous cell therapy currently under review by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of moderate to severe nasolabial fold wrinkles. The study has a target enrollment of approximately 20 participants from the completed and statistically significant pivotal Phase III studies of azficel-T (IT-R-005 and IT-R-006). The Company announced on July 8, 2010, the completion of enrollment of and first treatment visits for participants in its histology study of azficel-T. The second treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of July. The third treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of August.

The Complete Response letter also requested finalized Chemistry, Manufacturing and Controls (CMC) information regarding the manufacture of azficel-T as follow-up to discussions that occurred during the BLA review period, as well as revised policies and procedures.

The Company anticipates filing its response to the FDA s Complete Response letter by the end of 2010. There is no assurance that the FDA will accept the Company s response as it may find that the Company s response does not provide sufficient information to address its Complete Response letter. Even if the FDA accepts the Company s response for complete evaluation, there is no assurance that it will approve our product. The FDA, under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA), has a target six months review window to completely evaluate the Company s response upon acceptance of the response.

During 2009 we completed a Phase II/III study for the treatment of acne scars. During 2008 we completed our open-label Phase II study related to full face rejuvenation.

We also develop and market an advanced skin care product line through our Agera subsidiary, in which we acquired a 57% interest in August 2006.

Exit from Bankruptcy

On August 27, 2009, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in Wilmington entered an order, or Confirmation Order, confirming the Joint First Amended Plan of Reorganization dated July 30, 2009, as supplemented by the Plan Supplement dated August 21, 2009, or the Plan, of Isolagen, Inc. and Isolagen s wholly owned subsidiary, Isolagen Technologies, Inc. The effective date of the Plan was September 3, 2009. Isolagen, Inc. and Isolagen Technologies, Inc., respectively.

Pursuant to the Plan, all our equity interests, including without limitation our common stock, options and warrants outstanding as of the effective date were cancelled. On the effective date, we completed an exit financing of common stock in the amount of \$2 million, after which the equity holders of our Successor Company were:

7,320,000 shares, to our pre-bankruptcy lenders and the lenders that provided us our debtor-in-possession facility, collectively;

3,960,000 shares, to the holders of our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes;

600,000 shares, to our management as of the effective date, which was our chief operating officer;

120,000 shares, to the holders of our general unsecured claims; and

2,666,666 shares, to the purchasers of shares in the \$2 million exit financing (our pre-bankruptcy _____ lenders, the lenders that provided us our debtor-in-possession facility and the holders of our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes were permitted to participate in our exit financing).

In the Plan, in addition to the common stock set forth above, each holder of Isolagen s 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, due November 2024, in the approximate non-converted aggregate principal amount of \$81 million, received, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release and discharge of and in exchange for any and all claims arising out of the 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, its *pro rata* share of an unsecured note in the principal amount of \$6 million, or the Notes. The Notes have the following features:

12.5% interest payable quarterly in cash or, at our option, 15% payable in kind by capitalizing such unpaid amount and adding it to the principal as of the date it was due;

matures June 1, 2012;

at any time prior to the maturity date, we may redeem any portion of the outstanding principal of the Notes in cash at 125% of the stated face value of the Notes; provided that we will be obligated to redeem all outstanding Notes upon the following events: (a) we or our subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc. (formerly, Isolagen Technologies, Inc.) successfully complete a capital campaign raising in excess of \$10,000,000; or (b) we or our subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., are acquired by, or sell a majority stake to, an outside party;

the Notes contain customary representations, warranties and covenants, including a covenant that we and our subsidiary, Fibrocell Technologies, Inc., shall be prohibited from the incurrence of additional debt without obtaining the consent of 66 2/3% of the Note holders.

Going Concern

The Successor Company emerged from Bankruptcy in September 2009 and continues to operate as a going concern. At September 30, 2010, the Successor Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and negative working capital of \$1.1 million. In early July 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$2.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. In early September 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$0.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. The Successor Company has also raised approximately \$1.0 million less fees as the result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants in the period from October 1, 2010 to November 12, 2010.

The Company has not yet received \$0.7 million in subscription proceeds from the above raises. Although the Company believes that these outstanding funds will be received, there is no guarantee that these funds will be received.

As of November 12, 2010, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and liabilities of approximately \$1.6 million. Thus, the Successor Company will require to raise additional cash resources in the very near future, or it will likely cease operations. The Successor Company will need to access the capital markets in the future in order to fund future operations. There is no guarantee that any such required financing will be available on terms satisfactory to the Successor Company or available at all. These matters create uncertainty relating to its ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Further, if the Successor Company raises additional cash resources in the very near future, it may be raised in contemplation of or in connection with bankruptcy. In the event of a bankruptcy, it is likely that its common stock and common stock equivalents will become worthless and our creditors will receive significantly less than what is owed to them.

Through September 30, 2010, the Successor Company has been primarily engaged in developing its initial product technology. In the course of its development activities, the Company has sustained losses and expects such losses to continue through at least 2010. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Successor Company financed its operations primarily through its existing cash, but as discussed above it now requires additional financing. There is substantial doubt about the Successor Company s ability to continue as a going concern.

The Successor Company s ability to complete additional offerings is dependent on the state of the debt and/or equity markets at the time of any proposed offering, and such market s reception of the Successor Company and the offering terms. The Successor Company s ability to complete an offering is also dependent on the status of its FDA regulatory milestones and its clinical trials, and in particular, the status of its indication for the treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles and the status of the related BLA, which cannot be predicted. There is no assurance that capital in any form would be available to the Company, and if available, on terms and conditions that are acceptable.

As a result of the conditions discussed above, and in accordance with GAAP, there exists substantial doubt about the Successor Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and its ability to continue as a going concern is contingent, among other things, upon its ability to secure additional adequate financing or capital in the very near future. If the Successor Company does not obtain additional funding, or does not anticipate additional funding, in the very near future, it will likely enter into bankruptcy and/or cease operations. Further, if it does raise additional cash resources in the very near future, it may be raised in contemplation of or in connection with bankruptcy. If the Successor Company enters into bankruptcy, it is likely that its common stock and common stock equivalents will become worthless and its creditors, including preferred stock, will receive significantly less than what is owed to them.

Clinical Development Programs

Our product development programs are focused on the aesthetic and therapeutic markets. These programs are supported by a number of clinical trial programs at various stages of development.

Our aesthetics development programs include product candidates to treat targeted areas or wrinkles and to provide full-face rejuvenation that includes the improvement of fine lines, wrinkles, skin texture and appearance. Our therapeutic development programs are designed to treat acne scars, restrictive burn scars and dental papillary recession. All of our product candidates are non-surgical and minimally invasive. Although the discussions below may include estimates of when we expect trials to be completed, the prediction of when a clinical trial will be completed is subject to a number of factors and uncertainties. Also, please refer to Part I, Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, for a discussion of certain of our risk factors related to our clinical development programs, as well as other risk factors related to our business.

Aesthetic Development Programs

Nasolabial Fold Wrinkles Phase III Trials: In October 2006, we reached an agreement with the FDA, on the design of a Phase III pivotal study protocol for the treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles (lines which run from the sides of the nose to the corners of the mouth). The randomized, double-blind protocol was submitted to the FDA under the agency s Special Protocol Assessment, or SPA. Pursuant to this assessment process, the FDA has agreed that our study design for two identical trials, including subject numbers, clinical endpoints, and statistical analyses, is adequate to provide the necessary data that, depending on the outcome, could form the basis of an efficacy claim for a marketing application. The pivotal Phase III trials evaluated the efficacy and safety of our Fibrocell therapy (USAN name azficel-T) against placebo in approximately 400 subjects total with approximately 200 subjects enrolled in each trial. The injections were completed in January 2008 and the trial data results were disclosed in October 2008. The Phase III trial data results indicated statistically significant efficacy results for the treatment of nasolabial fold wrinkles. The Phase III data analysis, including safety results, was disclosed in October 2008. We submitted the related BLA to the FDA in March 2009. In May 2009, the FDA accepted our BLA submission for filing. On October 9, 2009, the FDA s Cellular, Tissue and Gene Therapies Advisory Committee reviewed azficel-T. The committee voted 11 yes to 3 no that the data presented on azficel-T demonstrated efficacy, and 6 yes to 8 no that the data demonstrated safety, both for the proposed indication. The Committee s recommendations are not binding on the FDA, but the FDA will consider their recommendations during their review of our application. On December 21, 2009, Fibrocell Science received a Complete Response letter from the FDA related to the BLA for azficel-T. A Complete Response letter is issued by the FDA s Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER) when the review of a file is completed and additional data are needed prior to approval. The Complete Response letter requested that Fibrocell Science provide data from a histopathological study on biopsied tissue samples from patients following injection of azficel-T. The histology study (IT-H-001) will evaluate tissue treated with azficel-T as compared to tissue treated with sterile saline (placebo). The study will also provide information about the skin after treatment, including evaluation of collagen and elastin fibrils, and cellular structure of the sampled tissues. The Company submitted a proposed protocol concerning a histopathological study on biopsied samples to the FDA and to the Company s Investigational Review Board (IRB). The IRB has approved the protocol and the Company received the comments from the FDA on the protocol in May 2010. The Company submitted a proposed protocol concerning a histopathological study on biopsied samples to the FDA and to the Company s Investigational Review Board (IRB). The IRB has approved the protocol and the Company received the comments from the FDA on the protocol in May 2010.

On May 13, 2010, the Company announced the initiation of a small histology study (IT-H-001) of azficel-T, an autologous cell therapy currently under review by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of moderate to severe nasolabial fold wrinkles. The study has a target enrollment of approximately 20 participants from the completed and statistically significant pivotal Phase III studies of azficel-T (IT-R-005 and IT-R-006). The Company announced on July 8, 2010, the completion of enrollment of and first treatment visits for participants in its histology study of azficel-T. The second treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of July. The third treatment visits for participants enrolled in the histology study of azficel-T were completed by the end of August.

The Complete Response letter also requested finalized Chemistry, Manufacturing and Controls (CMC) information regarding the manufacture of azficel-T as follow-up to discussions that occurred during the BLA review period, as well as revised policies and procedures regarding shipping practices, and proposed labeling. The Company is currently working on obtaining the finalized CMC information for the FDA as well as the revised policies and procedures

regarding shipping practices and the proposed labeling.

The Company anticipates filing its response to the FDA s Complete Response letter by the end of 2010. There is no assurance that the FDA will accept the Company s response as it may find that the Company s response does not provide sufficient information to address its Complete Response letter. Even if the FDA accepts the Company s response for complete evaluation, there is no assurance that it will approve our product. The FDA, under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA), has a target six months review window to completely evaluate the Company s response upon acceptance of the response.

The United States Adopted Names (USAN) Council adopted the USAN name, azficel-T, on October 28, 2009, and the FDA is currently evaluating a proposed brand name, Laviv .

<u>Full Face Rejuvenation</u> <u>Phase II Trial</u>: In March 2007, the Predecessor Company commenced an open label (unblinded) trial of approximately 50 subjects. Injections of azficel-T began to be administered in July 2007. This trial was designed to further evaluate the safety and use of azficel-T to treat fine lines and wrinkles for the full face. Five investigators across the United States participated in this trial. The subjects received two series of injections approximately one month apart. In late December 2007, all 45 remaining subjects completed injections. The subjects were followed for twelve months following each subject s last injection. Data results related to this trial were disclosed in August 2008, which included top line positive efficacy results related to this open label Phase II trial. Additional safety data from this trial, collected through telephone calls placed to participating subjects twelve months from the date of their final study treatment, were submitted to the FDA on November 1, 2009. No changes to the safety profile of azficel-T were identified during our review of this data.

Therapeutic Development Programs

Acne Scars Phase II/III Trial: In November 2007, the Predecessor Company commenced an acne scar Phase II/III study. This study included approximately 95 subjects. This placebo controlled trial was designed to evaluate the use of azficel-T to correct or improve the appearance of acne scars. Each subject served as their own control, receiving azficel-T on one side of their face and placebo on the other. The subjects received three treatments two weeks apart. The follow-up and evaluation period was completed four months after each subject s last injection. In March 2009, the Predecessor Company disclosed certain trial data results, which included statistically significant efficacy results for the treatment of moderate to severe acne scars. Compilation of safety data and data related to the validation of the study photo guide assessment scale discussed below is ongoing and is also subject to additional financing. In connection with this acne scar program, the Predecessor Company developed a photo guide for use in the evaluators assessment of acne study subjects. The Predecessor Company had originally designed the acne scar clinical program as two randomized, double-blind, Phase III, placebo-controlled trials. However, our evaluator assessment scale and photo guide have not previously been utilized in a clinical trial. In November 2007, the FDA recommended that the Predecessor Company consider conducting a Phase II study in order to address certain study issues, including additional validation related to our evaluator assessment scale. As such, the Predecessor Company modified our clinical plans to initiate a single Phase II/III trial. This Phase II/III study, was powered to demonstrate efficacy, and has allowed for a closer assessment of the evaluator assessment scale and photo guide that is ongoing. The Successor Company submitted on August 9, 2010, a clinical study report for its Phase II/III study of azficel-T for the treatment of moderate to severe acne scars to the FDA. The next step is to initiate a discussion with the FDA concerning the validation of the evaluator assessment scale and agree the path forward. These steps will be subject to obtaining sufficient financial resources.

<u>Restrictive Burn Scars</u> <u>Phase II Trial</u>: In January 2007, the Predecessor Company met with the FDA to discuss our clinical program for the use of azficel-T for restrictive burn scar patients. This Phase II trial would evaluate the use of azficel-T to improve range of motion, function and flexibility, among other parameters, in existing restrictive burn scars in approximately 20 patients. However, the Predecessor Company delayed the screening and enrollment in this trial until such time as we raise sufficient additional financing and gather additional data regarding the burn scar market.

<u>Dental Study</u> <u>Phase II Trial</u>: In late 2003, the Predecessor Company completed a Phase I clinical trial for the treatment of condition relating to periodontal disease, specifically to treat Interdental Papillary Insufficiency. In the second quarter of 2005, the Predecessor Company concluded the Phase II dental clinical trial with the use of azficel-T and subsequently announced that investigator and subject visual analog scale assessments demonstrated that the azficel-T was statistically superior to placebo at four months after treatment. Although results of the investigator and subject assessment demonstrated that the azficel-T was statistically superior to placebo, an analysis of objective linear measurements did not yield statistically significant results.

In 2006, the Predecessor Company commenced a Phase II open-label dental trial for the treatment of Interdental Papillary Insufficiency. This single site study included 11 subjects. All study treatment and follow up visits were completed, but full analysis of the study was previously placed on internal hold due to our financial resource constraints. The Company is also currently reviewing potential other clinical paths in the dental arena.

Agera Skincare Systems

The Successor Company markets and sells a skin care product line through our majority-owned subsidiary, Agera Laboratories, Inc., which the Predecessor Company acquired in August 2006. Agera offers a complete line of skincare systems based on a wide array of proprietary formulations, trademarks and nano-peptide technology. These skincare products can be packaged to offer anti-aging, anti-pigmentary and acne treatment systems. Agera primarily markets its products in both the United States and Europe (primarily the United Kingdom).

Critical Accounting Policies

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, certain accounting policies and estimates are particularly important to the understanding of our financial position and results of operations and require the application of significant judgment by our management or can be materially affected by changes from period to period in economic factors or conditions that are outside of the control of management. As a result, they are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. In applying these policies, our management uses their judgment to determine the appropriate assumptions to be used in the determination of certain estimates. Those estimates are based on our historical operations, our future business plans and projected financial results, the terms of existing contracts, our observance of trends in the industry, information provided by our customers and information available from other outside sources, as appropriate. The following discusses our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Intangible assets: Intangible assets are research and development assets related to the Successor Company s primary study that was recognized upon emergence from bankruptcy (see Note 5). Intangibles are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss, if any, would be measured as the excess of the carrying value over the fair value determined by discounted cash flows. There was no impairment of the intangible assets as of September 30, 2010.

Warrant Liability: The warrants for the Successor Company are measured at fair value and liability-classified under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, (ASC 815) because the warrants contain down-round protection and therefore, do not meet the scope exception for treatment as a derivative under ASC 815. Since down-round protection is not an input into the calculation of the fair value of the warrants, the warrants cannot be considered indexed to the Company s own stock which is a requirement for the scope exception as outlined under ASC 815. The fair value of the warrants is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is affected by changes in inputs to that model including our stock price, expected stock price volatility, the contractual term, and the risk-free interest rate. We will continue to classify the fair value of the warrants as a liability until the warrants are exercised, expire or are amended in a way that would no longer require these warrants to be classified as a liability.

Stock-Based Compensation: We account for stock-based awards to employees and non-employees using the fair value based method to determine compensation for all arrangements where shares of stock or equity instruments are issued for compensation. We use a Black-Scholes options-pricing model to determine the fair value of each option grant as of the date of grant for expense incurred. The Black-Scholes model requires inputs for risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, volatility and expected lives of the options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility of our competitor s stock since the Predecessor Company ceased trading as part of the bankruptcy and emerged as a new

entity. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The expected lives for options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding and is derived from the contractual terms of the options granted. We estimate future forfeitures of options based upon expected forfeiture rates.

Income taxes: An asset and liability approach is used for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences between income tax and financial reporting and principally relate to recognition of revenue and expenses in different periods for financial and tax accounting purposes and are measured using currently enacted tax rates and laws. In addition, a deferred tax asset can be generated by net operating loss (NOLs) carryover. If it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized.

In the event the Company is charged interest or penalties related to income tax matters, the Company would record such interest as interest expense and would record such penalties as other expense in the consolidated statements of operations. No such charges have been incurred by the Company. As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Successor Company had no accrued interest related to uncertain tax positions.

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has provided a full valuation allowance for the net deferred tax assets, the large majority of which relates to the future benefit of loss carryovers. In addition, as a result of fresh-start accounting, the Successor Company may be limited by section 382 of the Internal Revenue Service Code. The tax years 2006 through 2009 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The deferred tax liability at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, relates to the intangible assets recognized upon fresh-start accounting.

Research and Development Expenses: Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and include salaries and benefits, costs paid to third-party contractors to perform research, conduct clinical trials, develop and manufacture drug materials and delivery devices, and a portion of facilities cost. Clinical trial costs are a significant component of research and development expenses and include costs associated with third-party contractors. Invoicing from third-party contractors for services performed can lag several months. We accrue the costs of services rendered in connection with third-party contractor activities based on our estimate of management fees, site management and monitoring costs and data management costs. Actual clinical trial costs may differ from estimated clinical trial costs and are adjusted for in the period in which they become known.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements, or ASU 2009-13. ASU 2009-13, amends existing revenue recognition accounting pronouncements that are currently within the scope of FASB ASC Topic 605. This consensus provides accounting principles and application guidance on how the arrangement should be separated, and the consideration allocated. This guidance changes how to determine the fair value of undelivered products and services for separate revenue recognition. Allocation of consideration is now based on management s estimate of the selling price for an undelivered item where there is no other means to determine the fair value of that undelivered item. This new approach is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. We are currently evaluating the guidance to determine the impact on the Company s results of operations, cash flows, and financial position.

In March 2010, the FASB ratified ASU 2010-17, *Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition*, that the milestone method is a valid application of the proportional performance model for revenue recognition if the milestones are substantive and there is substantive uncertainty about whether the milestones will be achieved. The Task Force agreed that whether a milestone is substantive is a judgment that should be made at the inception of the arrangement. To meet the definition of a substantive milestone, the consideration earned by achieving the milestone (1) would have to be commensurate with either the level of effort required to achieve the milestone or the enhancement in the value of the item delivered, (2) would have to relate solely to past performance, and (3) should be reasonable relative to all deliverables and payment terms in the arrangement. No bifurcation of an individual milestone is allowed and there can be more than one milestone in an arrangement. The new guidance will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2010. We are currently evaluating the guidance to determine the impact on the Company s results of operations, cash flows, and financial position.

Emergence from Voluntary Reorganization Under Chapter 11 Proceedings and Reorganization Plan Fibrocell emerged from Chapter 11 on September 3, 2009. See Note 1 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Basis of Presentation

As of September 1, 2009, the Successor Company adopted fresh-start accounting in accordance with ASC 852-10, Reorganizations. The Successor Company selected September 1, 2009, as the date to effectively apply fresh-start accounting based on the absence of any material contingencies at the August 27, 2009 confirmation hearing and the immaterial impact of transactions between August 27, 2009 and September 1, 2009. The adoption of fresh-start accounting resulted in the Successor Company becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial statements prior to September 1, 2009 are not comparable with the financial statements for periods on or after September 1, 2009. References to Successor or Successor Company refer to the Company on or after September 1, 2009, after giving effect to the cancellation of Isolagen, Inc. common stock issued prior to the Effective Date, the issuance of new Fibrocell Science, Inc. common stock in accordance with the Plan, and the application of fresh-start accounting. References to Predecessor or Predecessor Company refer to the Company prior to September 1, 2009. See Note 5 Fresh Start Accounting in the notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

For discussions on the results of operations, the Successor Company has compared the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, with the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009. The Successor Company believes that the comparison of the financial results provide management and investors a more meaningful analysis of the Company s performance and trends. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part 1, Item 1 of this report. Results of Operations Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 REVENUES. Revenue remained relatively constant at \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. Our revenue from continuing operations is from the operations of Agera, which we acquired on August 10, 2006. Agera markets and sells a complete line of advanced skin care systems based on a wide array of proprietary formulations, trademarks and non-peptide technology. For the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, 75% and 69%, respectively, of Agera s revenue were to one foreign customer. As such, total revenue is subject to fluctuation depending primarily on the orders received and orders fulfilled with respect to this large customer. COST OF SALES. Cost of sales decreased approximately \$0.2 million to \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009. Our cost of sales relates to the operation of Agera. As a percentage of revenue, Agera cost of sales was approximately 49% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 149% for the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease is due to a write off of slow moving and obsolete inventory that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2009. SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$0.9 million, or 37%, to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$2.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease primarily relates to a \$0.9 million decrease in payroll related expenses and \$0.1 million decrease in office expenses and promotion expense offset by \$0.1 million increase related to consultants for financing and marketing. In the three months ending September 30, 2009, there was a recognition of the balance of the cancelled stock options which had increased the payroll expense.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Research and development expenses increased by approximately \$0.2 million, or 19%, to \$1.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase primarily relates to a \$0.2 million increase in payroll related expenses. Research and development costs are composed primarily of costs related to our efforts to gain FDA approval for our Fibrocell Therapy for specific dermal applications in the United States, as well as costs related to other potential indications for our Fibrocell Therapy, such as acne scars and burn scars. Also, research and development expense includes costs to develop manufacturing, cell collection and logistical process improvements. Research and development costs primarily include personnel and laboratory costs related to these FDA trials and certain consulting costs. The total inception (December 28, 1995) to date cost of research and development as of August 31, 2009 for the Predecessor Company was \$56.3 million and total inception (September 1, 2009) to date cost of research and development as of September 30, 2010, for the Successor Company was \$5.9 million. The FDA approval process is extremely complicated and is dependent upon our study protocols and the results of our studies. In the event that the FDA requires additional studies for our product candidate or requires changes in our study protocols or in the event that the results of the studies are not consistent with our expectations, the process will be more expensive and time consuming. Due to the complexities of the FDA approval process, we are unable to predict what the cost of obtaining approval for our dermal product candidate will be.

REORGANIZATION ITEMS, NET. On June 15, 2009, Isolagen, Inc. and its wholly-owned, U.S. subsidiary Isolagen Technologies, Inc., filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the federal bankruptcy laws in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, as more fully discussed under Note 1 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. There were no reorganization costs for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to reorganization gain, net of reorganization costs, of \$74.1 million recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2009, which were comprised primarily of legal fees and the unamortized debt acquisition costs and gain on discharge of debt.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense decreased \$0.1 million to \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009. Our 2010 interest expense is related to our \$6.0 million (in original principal amount) 12.5% notes. Our interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2009, was primarily related to our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, which with the emergence out of bankruptcy was exchanged for \$6.0 million of debt and 3,960,000 shares of new common stock. As of September 30, 2010 and 2009, \$6.0 million of debt was outstanding. There was no amortization of debt issuance costs for the three months ended September 30, 2009 because of the bankruptcy. There was an expense of \$0.2 million of debt issuance costs related to the DIP financing in the three months ending September 30, 2009.

NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS. Net loss attributable to common shareholders decreased approximately \$2.3 million to a net loss of \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to a net loss of \$4.1 million (excluding the reorganization gain of \$74.1 million) for the three months ended September 30, 2009. This decrease in loss primarily represents the recording of the warrant liability revaluation gain of \$1.3 million for the preferred stock warrants issued in October 2009, July 2010 and September 2010 and the warrants attached to the common shares issued in March 2010.

Results of Operations Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009

REVENUES. Revenue increased approximately \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 to \$0.7 million as compared to \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Our revenue from continuing operations is from the operations of Agera which we acquired on August 10, 2006. Agera markets and sells a complete line of advanced skin care systems based on a wide array of proprietary formulations, trademarks and non-peptide technology. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, 73% and 60%, respectively, of Agera s revenue were to one foreign customer. As such, total revenue is subject to fluctuation depending primarily on the orders received and orders fulfilled with respect to this large customer. Due to our financial statement presentation of our United Kingdom operation as a discontinued operation, our revenue for all periods presented is representative of only Agera, as all historical United Kingdom revenue is reflected in loss from discontinued operations. COST OF SALES. Cost of sales decreased approximately \$0.1 million to \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Our cost of sales relates to the operation of Agera. As a percentage of revenue, Agera cost of sales was approximately 55% and 78% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease is due to a write off of slow moving and obsolete inventory that occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$0.6 million, or 13%, to \$5.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase primarily relates to a \$0.4 million increase related to general and administrative expenses associated with consultants for financing and marketing as well as office expenses, \$0.4 million increase related to legal expenses, offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in payroll related expenses. Legal expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were less than (\$0.1) million due to a \$0.3 million reimbursement received from our insurance carrier related to defense costs associated with our class action and derivative matters. Had we not received this reimbursement, legal expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and \$0.2 million, respectively.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Research and development expenses increased by approximately \$1.4 million, or 52%, to \$4.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$2.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase primarily relates to a \$0.5 million increase in payroll related expenses, \$0.6 million increase in consulting fees and \$0.3 million increase in laboratory costs associated with clinical and manufacturing activities in our Exton, Pennsylvania location. Research and development costs are composed primarily of costs related to our efforts to gain FDA approval for our Fibrocell Therapy for specific dermal applications in the United States, as well as costs related to other potential indications for our Fibrocell Therapy, such as acne scars and burn scars. Also, research and development costs primarily include personnel and laboratory costs related to these FDA trials and certain consulting costs. The total inception (December 28, 1995) to

date cost of research and development as of August 31, 2009 for the Predecessor Company was \$56.3 million and total inception (September 1, 2009) to date cost of research and development as of September 30, 2010, for the Successor Company was \$5.9 million.

The FDA approval process is extremely complicated and is dependent upon our study protocols and the results of our studies. In the event that the FDA requires additional studies for our product candidate or requires changes in our study protocols or in the event that the results of the studies are not consistent with our expectations, the process will be more expensive and time consuming. Due to the complexities of the FDA approval process, we are unable to predict what the cost of obtaining approval for our dermal product candidate will be.

REORGANIZATION ITEMS, NET. On June 15, 2009, Isolagen, Inc. and its wholly-owned, U.S. subsidiary Isolagen Technologies, Inc., filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the federal bankruptcy laws in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, as more fully discussed under Note 1 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. A reorganization gain, net of reorganization costs, of less than \$0.1 million was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, which was comprised primarily of administrative costs offset by the gain of discharge of liabilities. Reorganization gain, net or reorganization costs, of \$73.5 million were recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, which were comprised primarily of legal fees and the unamortized debt acquisition costs, and gain on discharge of liabilities.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense decreased \$1.7 million to \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Our 2010 interest expense is related to our \$6.0 million (in original principal amount) 12.5% notes. Our 2009 interest expense was primarily related to our 3.5% convertible subordinated notes, which with the emergence out of bankruptcy was exchanged for \$6.0 million of debt and 3,960,000 shares of the new common stock. There was related amortization of debt issuance costs of \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS. Net loss attributable to common shareholders decreased approximately \$1.5 million to a net loss of \$8.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to a net loss of \$9.8 million (excluding the reorganization gain of \$73.5 million) for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources Cash Flows

Net cash provided by (used in) operating, investing and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the one month ended September 30, 2009 and the eight months ended August 31, 2009, respectively, were as follows:

	Successor Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		Successor One Month Ended September 30, 2009		Predecessor Eight Months Ended August 31, 2009		
Cash flows from operating activities	(in millions)						
	\$	(6.9)	\$	(1.6)	\$	(4.7)	
Cash flows from investing activities							
Cash flows from financing activities		5.8		1.8		2.8	

OPERATING ACTIVITIES. Cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 amounted to \$6.9 million, an increase of \$0.6 million over the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in our cash used in operating activities over the prior year is primarily due to an increase in net losses (adjusted for non-cash items) of \$0.9 million, in addition to an increase of \$0.3 million of operating cash inflows from changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Our negative operating cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 were funded from cash on hand at December 31, 2009, which was primarily the result of the issuance of preferred stock in 2009. Funds were also received from the proceeds of the issuance of common stock in March 2010 and the issuance of preferred stock series B in July 2010 and September 2010, discussed further below.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES. Less than \$0.1 million cash was provided by or used for investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES. There was \$5.8 million, net of fees, cash proceeds from financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to cash received of \$4.6 million from financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. In March 2010, we sold to investors in the aggregate 5,076,664 shares of Company common stock at a purchase price of \$0.75 per share. Each purchaser also received a warrant to purchase the same number of shares of common stock acquired in the offering at an exercise price of \$0.98 per share. In July and September 2010, we sold to investors in the aggregate 5,711,666 shares of Company Preferred Stock Series B at a purchase price of \$.60 per share. Each purchaser also received a warrant to purchase one share of common stock for every share of Preferred Stock Series B owned at a purchase price of \$0.8054 per share.

Working Capital

As of September 30, 2010, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and negative working capital of \$1.1 million. As discussed in the above paragraph, in early March 2010, we raised approximately \$3.4 million, net of fees as a result of the issuance of common stock and warrants.

In early July 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$2.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. In early September 2010, the Successor Company raised approximately \$0.7 million less fees as a result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants. The Successor Company has also raised approximately \$1.0 million less fees as the result of the issuance of preferred stock and warrants in the period from October 1, 2010 to November 12, 2010. Total funds raised for the Preferred Stock Series B for the period July 1, 2010 through November 12, 2010 is approximately \$4.0 million, net of fees.

The Company has not yet received \$0.7 million in subscription proceeds from the above raises. Although the Company believes that these outstanding funds will be received, there is no guarantee that these funds will be received.

As of November 12, 2010, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.2 million and liabilities of approximately \$1.6 million. Thus, the Successor Company will require to raise additional cash resources in the very near future, or it will likely cease operations. The Successor Company will need to access the capital markets in the future in order to fund future operations. There is no guarantee that any such required financing will be available on terms satisfactory to the Successor Company or available at all. These matters create uncertainty relating to its ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Factors Affecting Our Capital Resources

Inflation did not have a significant impact on the Company s results during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Off-Balance Sheet Transactions

We do not engage in material off-balance sheet transactions.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as foreign currency exchange rates or interest rates.

Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

We do not believe that we have significant foreign exchange rate risk at September 30, 2010. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

- (a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (the Certifying Officers), have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Certifying Officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purpose of ensuring that material information required to be in this quarterly report is made known to them by others on a timely basis and that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors disclosed in our December 31, 2009 Form 10-K. Investors should consider the risks and uncertainties set forth in our December 31, 2009 Form 10-K, or updates to such risks and uncertainties, prior to making an investment decision with respect to our securities.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

We filed our Form 8-K on July 19, 2010 and October 22, 2010 regarding our offering of Preferred Stock Series B and warrants in July 2010 and September through October 2010, respectively.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Effective November 11, 2010, Paul Hopper gave his resignation to the Board of Directors. His resignation was not a result of any disagreements relating to the Company s operations, policies or practices and there were no disagreements between him and any officer or director of the Company.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

EXHIBIT NO. IDENTIFICATION OF EXHIBIT

Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B Convertible 3.1 Preferred Stock, dated July 16, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Form 8-K filed July 19, 2010) 4.1 Common Stock Purchase Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to our Form 8-K filed July 19, 2010) Placement Agent Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to our Form 8-K filed July 19, 4.2 2010) 4.3 Common Stock Purchase Warrant for the transactions entered into on September 8, 2010, October 13, 2010 and October 20, 2010. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to our Form 8-K filed October 22, 2010) Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 16, 2010 between the Company and the Series B 10.1 Preferred Stock Purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Form 8-K filed July 19, 2010) Registration Rights Agreement used for the transaction dated July 16, 2010 between the Company 10.2 and the Series B Preferred Stock Purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Form 8-K filed July 19, 2010) 10.3 Employment Agreement by and between Fibrocell Science, Inc. and Declan Daly dated August 24, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Form 8-K filed August 27, 2010)10.4 Securities Purchase Agreements dated September 8, 2010, October 13, 2010 and October 20, 2010 between the Company and the Series B Preferred Stock Purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Form 8-K filed October 22, 2010) Registration Rights Agreements used for the transactions dated September 8, 2010, October 13, 10.5 2010 and October 20, 2010 between the Company and the Series B Preferred Stock Purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Form 8-K filed October 22, 2010) Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), required under Section 302 of the *31.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), required under Section 302 of the *31.2 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 *32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 *32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxlev Act of 2002

*- Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Fibrocell Science, Inc.

By: /s/ Declan Daly

Declan Daly Chief Financial Officer Date: November 15, 2010