NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP

Form 10-Q

August 11, 2008 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
TORM TO-Q	
(Mark One)	
X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended <u>June 30, 2008</u>	
OR	
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to	
Commission file number <u>0-28366</u>	
Norwood Financial Corp. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
Pennsylvania	23-2828306
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
Incorporation or organization)	
717 Main Street, Honesdale, Pennsylvania	18431
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(570) 253-1455 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
NA (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since	last report))

Indicate by check (x) whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to
such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

	arge accelerated filer O  Non-accelerated filer O	Accelerated filer X Smaller reporting company O	
	Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	
Indicate by ch	neck mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in	Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): o Yes	x No
Indicate the nu	umber of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of com-	nmon stock, as of the latest practicable date.	
Class Common stoc	ck, par value \$0.10 per share	Outstanding as of August 8, 2008 2,736,836	
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# NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

## FORM 10-Q

## FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

ASSETS		ine 30, 008		ecember 31,
Cash and due from banks	\$	9,664	\$	9,014
Interest bearing deposits with banks	Ψ	51	Ψ	50
Cash and cash equivalents		9,715		9.064
		- ,		. ,
Securities available for sale		130,811		123,987
Securities held to maturity, fair value 2008		,		,
\$721, 2007: \$721		706		705
Loans receivable (net of unearned income)		332,754		331,296
Less: Allowance for loan losses		4,237		4,081
Net loans receivable		328,517		327,215
Investment in FHLB Stock, at cost		2,657		2,072
Bank premises and equipment, net		5,702		5,742
Bank owned life insurance		7,916		7,767
Foreclosed real estate owned		1,200		_
Accrued interest receivable		2,221		2,343
Other assets		2,464		1,715
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	491,909	\$	480,610
LIABILITIES				
Deposits:				
Non-interest bearing demand	\$	59,496	\$	60,061
Interest bearing		305,775		309,939
Total deposits		365,271		370,000
Short-term borrowings		42,060		26,686
Other borrowings		23,000		23,000
Accrued interest payable		2,686		3,198
Other liabilities		2,961		1,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES		435,978		424,791
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock, \$.10 par value, authorized 10,000,000				
shares, issued: 2,840,872		284		284
Surplus		10,043		10,159

Retained earnings	48,642		47,030	
Treasury stock at cost: 2008: 104,641 shares, 2007:				
87,256 shares	(3,250	)	(2,708	)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	212		1,054	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	55,931		55,819	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 491,909	\$	480,610	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		nded	Six Months End June 30,		nded		
		008	20	007		008	20	07
INTEREST INCOME								
Loans receivable, including fees	\$	5,410	\$	5,878	\$	11,051	\$	11,718
Securities		1,537		1,278		3,026		2,496
Other		6		90		25		111
Total interest income		6,953		7,246		14,102		14,325
INTEREST EXPENSE								
Deposits		1,963		2,474		4,334		4,960
Short-term borrowings		178		205		365		461
Other borrowings		238		281		505		527
Total interest expense		2,379		2,960		5,204		5,948
NET INTEREST INCOME		4,574		4,286		8,898		8,377
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		110		55		185		105
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER								
PROVSION FOR LOAN LOSSES		4,464		4,231		8,713		8,272
OTHER INCOME								
Service charges and fees		670		635		1,308		1,241
Income from fiduciary activities		110		93		202		218
Net realized gains on sales of securities		9		15		9		15
Gain on sale of loans		8		1		396		8
Other		165		113		309		269
Total other income		962		857		2,224		1,751
OTHER EXPENSES								
Salaries and employee benefits		1,498		1,438		3,044		2,935
Occupancy, furniture & equipment, net		414		416		844		831
Data processing related		180		168		368		342
Taxes, other than income		131		121		257		239
Professional fees		88		94		178		183
Other		661		610		1,242		1,178
Total other expenses		2,972		2,847		5,933		5,708
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		2,454		2,241		5,004		4,315
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		733		671		1,504		1,282
NET INCOME	\$	1,721	\$	1,570	\$	3,500	\$	3,033
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	0.63	\$	0.56	\$	1.28	\$	1.09
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	0.62	\$	0.55	\$	1.26	\$	1.07

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See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited)\

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Number of shares issued	Common Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	e Total
Balance December 31, 2006 Comprehensive Income:	2,840,872	\$ 284	\$ 10,149	\$43,125	\$ (1,283)	\$(44 )	\$ 52,231
Net Income				3,033			3,033
Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income						(275 )	(285 ) 2,758
Cash dividends declared, \$.46 per shar	e			(1,281 )			(1,281 )
Acquisition of 31,676 shares of				(1,201 )			(1,201 )
treasury stock					(1,011)		(1,011 )
Stock options exercised (14,483 shares	s)		(243 )		431		188
Tax benefit of stock options exercised			98				98
Compensation expense related to stock options	· ·		151				151
Balance June 30, 2007	2,840,872	\$ 284	\$ 10,155	\$44,877	\$ (1,863)	\$(319)	\$53,134
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Number of shares issued	Common Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings	Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Total
* *	Number of shares		<b>Surplus</b> \$ 10,159		Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive	<b>Total</b> \$55,819
data)	Number of shares issued	Stock		Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	
data)  Balance December 31, 2007	Number of shares issued	Stock		<b>Earnings</b> \$47,030	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	
data)  Balance December 31, 2007  Comprehensive Income:	Number of shares issued	Stock		Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$ 55,819 3,500
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax	Number of shares issued	Stock		<b>Earnings</b> \$47,030	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$ 55,819 3,500
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock		<b>Earnings</b> \$47,030	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819 3,500 (842 )
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income  Cash dividends declared, \$.50 per shar Acquisition of 34,388 shares of	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock		<b>Earnings</b> \$ 47,030 3,500	Treasury Stock \$ (2,708 )	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819  3,500  (842 ) 2,658  (1,368 )
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income  Cash dividends declared, \$.50 per share	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock		<b>Earnings</b> \$ 47,030 3,500	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819 3,500 (842 ) 2,658
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income  Cash dividends declared, \$.50 per shar Acquisition of 34,388 shares of treasury stock	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock	\$10,159	<b>Earnings</b> \$ 47,030 3,500	Treasury Stock (1,072 )	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819  3,500  (842 ) 2,658  (1,368 ) (1,072 )
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income  Cash dividends declared, \$.50 per shar Acquisition of 34,388 shares of treasury stock Stock options exercised (16,593 shares Tax benefit of stock options exercised Compensation expense related to stock options	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock	\$10,159 (276 )	<b>Earnings</b> \$ 47,030 3,500	Treasury Stock (1,072 )	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819  3,500  (842 ) 2,658  (1,368 ) (1,072 ) 254
Balance December 31, 2007 Comprehensive Income: Net Income Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of reclassification adjustment and tax effects Total comprehensive income  Cash dividends declared, \$.50 per shar Acquisition of 34,388 shares of treasury stock Stock options exercised (16,593 shares Tax benefit of stock options exercised Compensation expense related to stock	Number of shares issued 2,840,872	Stock	\$10,159 (276 ) 83	<b>Earnings</b> \$ 47,030 3,500	Treasury Stock (1,072 )	Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$55,819  3,500  (842 ) 2,658  (1,368 ) (1,072 ) 254 83

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

	Six Month June 30,	s En	ded	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2008	2	2007	
Net Income				
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ 3,500	9	3,033	
Provision for loan losses	185		105	
Depreciation	283		287	
Amortization of intangible assets	26		26	
Deferred income taxes	(59	)	(149	)
Net amortization of securities premiums and discounts	26		92	
Net realized gain on sales of securities	(9	)	(15	)
Earnings on life insurance policy	(149	)	(142	)
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans	(396	)	(8	)
Mortgage loans originated for sale	(866	)	(421	)
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans originated for sale	881		429	
Compensation expense related to stock options	77		151	
Increase in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(130	)	(494	)
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	26		(3,145	)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,395		(251	)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Securities available for sale:				
Proceeds from sales	59		74	
Proceeds from maturities and principal reductions on mortgage-backed securities	26,234		27,236	
Purchases	(34,416	)	(31,196	. )
Increase in investment in FHLB stock		)		)
Net increase in loans	(16,214		(6,156	
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans	13,885		_	,
Purchase of bank premises and equipment	(243	)	(120	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,280		(10,408	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net (decrease) increase in deposits	(4,729	)	15,641	
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	15,374	,	(3,589	)
Repayments of other borrowings	(5,000	)	_	,
Proceeds from other borrowings	5,000	,	10,000	
Tax benefit of stock options exercised	83		98	
Stock options exercised	254		188	
Acquisition of treasury stock	(1,072	)		)
Cash dividends paid		)	(1,283	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,536	,	20,044	,
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	651		9,385	
•	0.51		7,505	

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD

9,064 9,517 \$ 9,715 \$ 18,902

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

#### **Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Norwood Financial Corp. (Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Wayne Bank (Bank) and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries, WCB Realty Corp., Norwood Investment Corp. and WTRO Properties. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial statements and with instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted principles for complete financial statements. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and revenues and expenses for the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management all normal, recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company. The operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008 or any other future interim period.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes which are incorporated by reference in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year-ended December 31, 2007.

### 2. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share represents income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued, as well as any adjustment to income that would result from the assumed issuance. Potential common shares that may be issued by the Company relate solely to outstanding stock options and are determined using the treasury stock method.

The following table sets forth the weighted average number of common shares used in the computations of basic and diluted earnings per share:

(in thousands)	Three Montl June 30,	ns Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Basic EPS weighted average shares outstanding	2,736	2,786	2,744	2,789	
Dilutive effect of stock options	35	55	35	55	
Diluted EPS weighted average shares outstanding	2,771	2,841	2,779	2,844	

Stock options which had no intrinsic value because their effect would be anti-dilutive and therefore would not be included in the diluted EPS calculation were 44,000 and 22,500 as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company's stockholders approved the Norwood Financial Corp 2006 Stock Option Plan at the annual meeting on April 25, 2006 and the Company awarded 47,700 options in 2006, and 22,000 options in 2007, all of which have a twelve month vesting period. As of June 30, 2008, there was approximately \$77,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested options under the plan, which will be fully amortized by December 31, 2008.

No stock options were granted for the six months ended June 30, 2008. A summary of stock options from all plans, adjusted for stock dividends declared, is shown below.

				eighted Average xercise Price	Weighte Remaini	d Average ng	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
	Options		Pe	er Share		tual Term	(\$000)
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	180,422		\$	24.04	5.8	Yrs.	\$ 895
Exercised Outstanding at June 30, 2008	(16,953	)	¢	14.96	<i>5 (</i>		¢ 657
Exerciseable at June 30, 2008	163,469 141,469		\$ \$	24.98 23.43	5.6 5.8		\$ 657 \$ 788

Intrinsic value represents the amount by which the market price of the stock on the measurement date exceeded the exercise price of the option. The intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$265,000, cash received from such exercises was \$254,000 and the tax benefit recognized was \$83,000.

### 4. Cash Flow Information

For the purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts due from banks, interest-bearing deposits with banks and federal funds sold, all of which mature within 90 days.

Cash payments for interest for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$5,716,000 and \$6,040,000 respectively. Cash payments for income taxes in 2008 were \$1,583,000 compared to \$1,333,000 in 2007. Non-cash investing activities for 2008 and 2007 included foreclosed mortgage loans and repossession of other assets of \$1,223,000 and \$35,000, respectively.

#### 5. Comprehensive Income

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains and losses be included in net income. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities such as unrealized gains and losses on available for sale securities, are

reported as a separate component of the equity section of the balance sheet, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income and related tax effects are as follows.							
8							

	Three Months Ended June 30,						Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2008		20	07		2008		2007		
Unrealized holding losses on available for sale securities Reclassification adjustment for gains	\$ (2,279	)	\$	(702	)	\$ (1,272	)	\$ (408	)	
realized in net income	(9	)		(15	)	(9	)	(15	)	
Net unrealized losses	(2,288	)		(717	)	(1,281	)	(423	)	
Income tax benefit	(780	)		(246	)	(439	)	(148	)	
Other comprehensive loss	\$ (1,508	)	\$	(471	)	\$ (842	)	\$ (275	)	

#### 6. Off-Balance Sheet Financial Instruments and Guarantees

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheets.

The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

A summary of the Bank's financial instrument commitments is as follows:

(in thousands)

	June 30, 2008	2007
Commitments to grant loans Unfunded commitments under lines of credit	\$ 12,507 36,067	\$ 12,085 31,940
Standby letters of credit	2,677	7,302
	\$51,251	\$51,327

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since some of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Bank evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer and generally consists of real estate.

The Bank does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than its standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Generally, all letters of credit, when issued have expiration dates within one year. The credit risks involved in issuing letters of credit are essentially the same as those that are involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank, generally, holds collateral and/or personal guarantees supporting these commitments. Management believes that the proceeds obtained through a liquidation of collateral and the enforcement of guarantees would be sufficient to cover the potential amount of future payment required under the corresponding guarantees. The current amount of the liability as of June 30, 2008 for guarantees under standby letters of credit issued is not material.

### 7. Fair Value Measurements

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. The standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted SFAS 157 effective for its fiscal year beginning January 1, 2008. In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. SFAS 157-2, "Effective Date of FAS 157" for all non-financial assets and liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of SFAS 157 and FSP No. FAS 157-2 had no impact on the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

The primary effect of SFAS 157 on the Company was to expand the required disclosures pertaining to the methods used to determine fair values.

SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under SFAS 157 are as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and are unobservable (i.e. supported with little or no market activity).

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy used at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Fair Value M	Fair Value Measurement Reporting Date using									
		(Le	vel 1)	(Le	vel 2)						
		Quo	oted Prices in	Sig	nificant	(Level 3)					
		Active Markets				Significant					
	June 30,	For Identical			servable	Unobservable					
Description	2008	Ass	ets	Inp	outs	Inputs					
Securities available for sale	\$ 130,811	\$	1,146	\$	129,665	\$ —					
Impaired loans	1,785				_	1,785					
Other Real Estate Owned	1,200				_	1,200					
Total	\$ 133,796	\$	1,146	\$	129,665	\$ 2,985					

The following valuation techniques were used to measure fair value of assets in the table above on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2008:

#### Available for Sale Securities:

The Company holds equity securities which are traded with quoted prices, on an active market. Such securities are carried at a market price quote and considered Level 1 Fair Values.

The Company also holds debt offerings of U.S. Government Agencies, state and political subdivisions, high-grade corporate obligations and mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. Government agencies. The Company utilizes a third party source to provide fair value of its fixed income securities. The methodology consists of pricing models based on asset class and include available trade, bid, other market information, broker quotes, proprietary models, various databases and trading desk quotes. This valuation is based on observable inputs and is considered Level 2.

#### Imparied Loasn:

Impaired loans are evaluated and valued at the time the loan is first considered impaired. The realizable value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing the loan and is considered a Level 3 measurement. The value of real estate related collateral is established by a formal appraisal performed for the Company. The loan is carried at the lower of cost or market, net of any valuation allowance. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted as needed.

#### Other Real Estate Owned:

The realizable value is measured based on the value of the real estate less cost to sell and is considered a Level 3 measurement. The value of the real estate is established by formal appraisal performed by the Company.

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of recurring value measurements of impaired loans and other real estate owned using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						x Months ine 30,	s En	Ended			
	In	npaired		0	ther Real	In	npaired		O	ther Real		
	L	oans		$\mathbf{E}$	state Owned	L	oans		Es	state Owned		
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$	3,230		\$	_	\$	3,208		\$	_		
Transfer from impaired loans		_			1,200		_			1,200		
Loan advances					,		22			_		
Loan payments		(53	)		_		(53	)		_		
Specific allowance		(192	)		_		(192	)		_		
Transfer to Other Real Estate Owned		(1,200	)		_		(1,200	)		_		
Balance at the end of the period	\$	1,785		\$	1,200	\$	1,785		\$	1,200		

### 8. New and Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) issued EITF Issue No. 06-4, "Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements: (EITF 06-4). EITF 06-4 requires the recognition of a liability related to the postretirement benefits covered by an endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangement. The consensus highlights that the employer (who is also the policyholder) has a liability for the benefit it is providing to its employee. As such, if the policyholder has agreed to maintain the insurance policy in force for the employee's benefit during his or her retirement, then the liability recognized during the employee's active service period should be based on the future cost of insurance to be incurred during the employee's retirement. Alternatively, if the policyholder has agreed to provide the employee with a death benefit, then the liability for the future death benefit should be recognized by following the guidance in SFAS No. 106 or Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 12, as appropriate. For transition, an entity can choose to apply the guidance using either the following approaches: (a) a change in accounting principle through retrospective application to all periods presented or (b) a change in accounting principle through a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance in retained earnings at the beginning of the year of adoption. The EITF is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007, with early adoption permitted. The Company has chosen approach (b) and recorded a cumulative effect adjustment as of January 1, 2008 to the balance of retained earnings of \$520,000, with \$90,000 of Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit expense expected for the year ended December 31, 2008.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115". SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected will be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for our Company January 1, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

FASB Statement No. 141 (R) "Business Combinations" was issued in December of 2007. This Statement establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer of a business recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. The Statement also provides guidance for recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The guidance will become effective as of the beginning of a company's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2008. This new pronouncement will impact the Company's accounting for business combinations beginning January 1, 2009.

FASB Statement No. 160 "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – an amendment of ARB No. 51" was issued in December of 2007. This Statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. The guidance will become effective as of the beginning of a company's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company believes that this new pronouncement will have an immaterial impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements in future periods.

Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 109 (SAB 109), "Written Loan Commitments Recorded at Fair Value Through Earnings" expresses the views of the staff regarding written loan commitments that are accounted for at fair value through earnings under generally accepted accounting principles. To make the staff's views consistent with current authoritative accounting guidance, the SAB revises and rescinds portions of SAB No. 105, "Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments." Specifically, the SAB revises the SEC staff's views on incorporating expected net future cash flows related to loan servicing activities in the fair value measurement of a written loan commitment. The SAB retains the staff's views on incorporating expected net future cash flows related to internally-developed intangible assets in the fair value measurement of a written loan commitment. The staff expects registrants to apply the views in Question 1 of SAB 109 on a prospective basis to derivative loan commitments issued or modified in fiscal quarters beginning after December 15, 2007. SAB 109 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133" (Statement 161). Statement 161 requires entities that utilize derivative instruments to provide qualitative disclosures about their objectives and strategies for using such instruments, as well as any details of credit-risk-related contingent features contained within derivatives. Statement 161 also requires entities to disclose additional information about the amounts and location of derivatives located within the financial statements, how the provisions of SFAS 133 have been applied, and the impact that hedges have on an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Statement 161 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." This Statement identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements. This Statement is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." The Company believes that this new pronouncement will have an immaterial impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements in future periods.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") FAS 142-3, "Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets." This FSP amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FASB Statement No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"). The intent of this FSP is to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS 141R, and other GAAP. This FSP is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) APB 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)" which clarifies the accounting for convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash (including partial cash settlement) upon conversion. The FSP requires issuers to account separately for the liability and equity components of certain convertible debt instruments in a manner that reflects the issuer's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest cost is recognized. The FSP requires bifurcation of a component of the debt, classification of that component in equity and the accretion of the resulting discount on the debt to be recognized as part of interest expense. The FSP requires retrospective application to the terms of instruments as they existed for all periods presented. The FSP is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) EITF 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities." This FSP clarifies that all outstanding unvested share-based payment awards that contain rights to nonforfeitable dividends participate in undistributed earnings with common shareholders. Awards of this nature are considered participating securities and the two-class method of computing basic and diluted earnings per share must be applied. This FSP is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB ratified EITF Issue No. 07-5, "Determining Whether an Instrument (or an Embedded Feature) Is Indexed to an Entity's Own Stock" (EITF 07-5). EITF 07-5 provides that an entity should use a two step approach to evaluate whether an equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded feature) is indexed to its own stock, including evaluating the instrument's contingent exercise and settlement provisions. It also clarifies the impact of foreign currency denominated strike prices and market-based employee stock option valuation instruments on the evaluation. EITF 07-5 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB ratified EITF Issue No. 08-3, "Accounting for Lessees for Maintenance Deposits Under Lease Arrangements" (EITF 08-3). EITF 08-3 provides guidance for accounting for nonrefundable maintenance deposits. It also provides revenue recognition accounting guidance for the lessor. EITF 08-3 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 contains safe harbor provisions regarding forward-looking statements. When used in this discussion, the words believes, anticipates, contemplates, expects, and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Those risks and uncertainties include changes in interest rates, risks associated with the effect of opening a new branch, the ability to control costs and expenses, demand for real estate and general economic conditions. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to those forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Note 2 to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 (incorporated by reference in Item 8 of the Form 10-K) lists significant accounting policies used in the development and presentation of its consolidated financial statements. This discussion and analysis, the significant accounting policies, and other financial statement disclosures identify and address key variables and other qualitative and quantitative factors that are necessary for an understanding and evaluation of the Company and its results of operations.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, accounting for stock options, the valuation of deferred tax assets and the determination of other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities. Please refer to the discussion of the allowance for loan losses calculation under "Non-performing Assets and Allowance for Loan Losses" in the "Financial Condition" section.

The deferred income taxes reflect temporary differences in the recognition of the revenue and expenses for tax reporting and financial statement purposes, principally because certain items are recognized in different periods for financial reporting and tax return purposes. Although realization is not assured, the Company believes that it is more likely than not that all deferred tax assets will be realized.

In estimating other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities, the Company considers 1) the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost 2) the financial condition of the issuer and 3) the intent and ability of the Company to hold the security to allow for a recovery to fair value. The Company believes that the unrealized losses at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 represent temporary impairment of the securities, related to changes in interest rates.

#### **Changes in Financial Condition**

### General

Total assets as of June 30, 2008 were \$491.9 million compared to \$480.6 million as of December 31, 2007, an increase of \$11.3 million. The increase reflects a \$6.8 million increase in securities available for sale and a \$1.5 million increase in loans receivable, funded by a \$15.4 million increase in short-term borrowings.

#### **Securities**

The fair value of securities available for sale as of June 30, 2008 was \$130.8 million compared to \$124.0 million as of December 31, 2007. The Company purchased \$34.4 million of securities using the proceeds from \$26.2 million of securities called, maturities and principal reductions and from short-term borrowings.

The carrying value of the Company's securities portfolio (Available-For-Sale and Held-to-Maturity) consisted of the following:

	June 30, 20	08	December 31	December 31, 2007				
	Amount	% of Portfolio	Amount	% of Portfolio				
US Government agencies	\$ 39,200	29.8	% \$41,508	33.4	%			
States and political subdivisions	22,698	17.3	22,622	18.1				
Corporate securities	5,934	4.5	4,994	4.0				
Mortgage-backed securities	62,539	47.5	54,082	43.3				
Equity securities	1,146	0.9	1,486	1.2				
Total	\$ 131,517	100.0	% \$124,692	100.0	%			

The Company has securities in an unrealized loss position. In Management's opinion, the unrealized losses reflect changes in interest rates subsequent to the acquisition of specific securities. The Company's available-for-sale portfolio has an average repricing term of 3.6 years. Interest rates in the 2-5 year section of the treasury yield curve decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2008 favorably impacting the fair value of individual securities. This has been somewhat offset by a widening of credit spreads in the market. Management believes that the unrealized losses represent temporary impairment of the securities and are the result of changes in interest rates. The Company has the intent and ability to hold these investments until maturity or market price recovery and spreads. The Company monitors the credit ratings of its securities which may impact the valuation of the securities. Credit ratings were within Company policy guidelines at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

### Loans Receivable

Loans receivable totaled \$332.8 million compared to \$331.3 million as of December 31, 2007. Residential real estate loans decreased \$5.7 million due to the sale of \$14.4 million of 30 year fixed rate residential mortgages. The loans were sold for interest rate risk management to shorten the average life of the mortgage loan portfolio. Commercial real estate loans increased \$12.8 million during the period, reflecting new activity and the completion of \$3.6 million of construction projects. The activity was principally centered in the Monroe County, Pennsylvania market area.

Set forth below is selected data relating to the composition of the loan portfolio at the dates indicated:

Types of loans												
(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2008					<b>December 31, 2007</b>						
Real Estate-Residential	\$	124,185		37.4	%	\$	129,888		39.2	%		
Commercial		146,347		43.9			133,593		40.3			
Construction		15,296		4.6			20,404		6.2			
Commercial, financial and agricultural		30,090		9.0			29,159		8.8			
Consumer loans to individuals		17,083		5.1			18,526		5.6			
Total loans		333,001		100.0	%		331,570		100.0	%		
Deferred fees (net)		(247	)				(274	)				
		332,754					331,296					
Allowance for loan losses		(4,237	)				(4,081	)				
Net loans receivable	\$	328,517				\$	327,215					

### **Allowance for Loan Losses and Non-performing Assets**

Following is a summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated:

	T	hree Mo	nths	En	ded		Si	x Montl	hs Ei	nded		
(dollars in thousands)		ine 30, 108		20	007		-	ine 30, 108		2007		
Balance, beginning	\$	4,137		\$	3,871		\$	4,081		\$ 3,	828	
Provision for loan losses		110			55			185		10	)5	
Charge-offs		(36	)		(39	)		(71	)	(6	7	)
Recoveries		26			13			42		34	1	
Net charge-offs		(10	)		(26	)		(29	)	(3	3	)
Balance, ending	\$	4,237		\$	3,900		\$	4,237		\$ 3,	900	
Allowance to total loans		1.27	%		1.21	%		1.27	%	1.	21	%
Net charge-offs to average loans												
(annualized)		.01	%		.03	%		.02	%	.0	2	%

The allowance for loan losses totaled \$4,237,000 as of June 30, 2008 and represented 1.27% of total loans compared to \$4,081,000 at year end, and \$3,900,000 as of June 30, 2007. The Company had net charge-offs for the six months of \$29,000 compared to \$33,000 in the comparable period in 2007. The Company's loan review process assesses the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis. The process includes an analysis of the risks inherent in the loan portfolio. It includes an analysis of impaired loans and a historical review of credit losses by loan type. Other factors considered include: concentration of credit in specific industries; economic and industry conditions; trends in delinquencies and loan classifications, large dollar exposures and loan growth. Management considers the allowance adequate at June 30, 2008

based on the Company's criteria. However, there can be no assurance that the allowance for loan losses will be adequate to cover significant losses, if any; that might be incurred in the future.

As of June 30, 2008, non-performing loans totaled \$308,000, which is .09% of total loans compared to \$163,000, or 0.05% of total loans at December 31, 2007. The company had \$1,977,000 in restructured loans as of June 30, 2008 related to land development loan to a borrower. The interest rate on the loan was reduced to improve the borrower's cash flow. The recorded investment for impaired loans requiring a specific allowance for loan losses was \$1,977,000 of which \$192,000 was specifically reserved due to a shortfall in the collateral. The Company acquired a property with a Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure carried at \$1,200,000. The property consists of undeveloped residential building lots in Monroe County, PA. The Company has retained an engineering firm to determine the steps necessary to complete the municipal approval process for development.

The following table sets forth information regarding non-performing loans, restructured loans and foreclosed real estate at the dates indicated:

	Jι	me 30, 2008		Decemb	er 31, 2007	
(dollars in thousands)						
Loans accounted for on a non accrual basis:						
Commercial and all other	\$	_		\$	_	
Real Estate		292			109	
Consumer		_			2	
Total		292			111	
Accruing loans which are contractually						
past due 90 days or more		16			52	
Total non-performing loans		308			163	
Foreclosed real estate		1,200			_	
Total non-performing assets	\$	1,508		\$	163	
Restructured Loans on Accrual Status	\$	1,977			_	
Allowance for loan losses	\$	4,237		\$	4,081	
Coverage of non-performing loans		13.7	X		25.0	X
Non-performing loans to total loans		.09	%		.05	%
Non-performing assets to total assets		.31	%		.03	%

#### **Deposits**

Total deposits as of June 30, 2008 were \$365.3 million decreasing from \$370.0 million as of December 31, 2007.

Time deposits greater than \$100,000 decreased \$25.3 million due to the scheduled maturities of school districts and various large commercial deposits. A portion remained on deposit in money market and interest-bearing demand accounts. The Company expects to bid on school district time deposits in the third and fourth quarter of 2008.

The following table sets forth deposit balances as of the dates indicated.

(dollars in thousands)	s in thousands) June 30, 2008			
Non-interest bearing demand	\$	59,496	\$	60,061
Interest bearing demand		40,716		32,426
Money Market Deposit Accounts		70,052		57,970
Savings		44,066		42,962
Time deposits <\$100,000		114,011		114,318
Time deposits >\$100,000		36,930		62,263
Total	\$	365,271	\$	370,000

### **Borrowings**

Short-term borrowings as of June 30, 2008 totaled \$42.1 million compared to \$26.7 million as of December 31, 2007. The increase in short-term borrowings were principally used to offset the decrease in time deposits greater than \$100,000 as well as fund investment purchases.

Short-term borrowings consist of the following:

(dollars in thousands)

	June 30, 2008	<b>December 31, 2007</b>				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 18,388	\$ 24,885				
FHLB Short-term borrowings	13,000	_				
Federal Funds Purchased	10,551	800				
U.S. Treasury demand notes	121	1,001				
	\$ 42,060	\$ 26,686				

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2008	<b>December 31, 2007</b>
Notes with the FHLB:		
Fixed rate note due April 2008 at 4.17%	\$ —	\$ 5,000
Convertible note due January 2011 at 5.24%	3,000	3,000
Convertible note due October 2012 at 4.37%	5,000	5,000
Convertible note due May 2013 at 3.015%	5,000	_
Convertible note due January 2017 at 4.71%	10,000	10,000

\$ 23,000

\$ 23,000

The convertible notes contain an option that allows the FHLB, at quarterly intervals to change the note to an adjustable-rate advance at three-month LIBOR plus 11 to 17 basis points. If the notes are converted, the option allows the Bank to put the funds back to the FHLB at no charge.

#### **Off- Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet.

The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

A summary of the contractual amount of the Company's financial instrument commitments is as follows:

	June 30, 2008 (in thousands)	D	ecember 31, 2007
Commitments to grant loans	\$ 12,507	\$	10,835
Unfunded commitments under lines of credit	36,067		34,146
Standby letters of credit	2,677		2,348
	\$51,251	\$	47,329

#### Stockholders' Equity and Capital Ratios

At June 30, 2008, total stockholders' equity totaled \$55.9 million, compared to \$55.8 million as of December 31, 2007. The net change in stockholders' equity was primarily due to \$3,500,000 in net income, that was partially offset by \$1,368,000 of cash dividends declared. In addition, accumulated other comprehensive income declined due to a decrease in fair value of securities in the available for sale portfolio, net of tax. This decrease in fair value is the result of a change in interest rates, which may impact the value of the securities. Because of interest rate volatility, the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income could materially fluctuate for each interim and year-end period.

A comparison of the Company's regulatory capital ratios is as follows:

	June 30, 2008		December 31, 2007	
Tier 1 Capital				
(To average assets)	11.43	%	11.38	%
Tier 1 Capital				
(To risk-weighted assets)	16.18	%	16.26	%
Total Capital				
(To risk-weighted assets)	17.49	%	17.60	%

The minimum capital requirements imposed by the FDIC on the Bank for leverage, Tier 1 and Total Capital are 4%, 4% and 8%, respectively. The Company has similar capital requirements imposed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (FRB). The Bank is also subject to more stringent Pennsylvania Department of Banking (PDB) guidelines. The Bank's capital ratios do not differ significantly from the Company's ratios. Although not

adopted in regulation form, the PDB utilizes capital standards requiring a minimum of 6.5% leverage capital and 10% total capital. The Company and the Bank were in compliance with the FRB, FDIC and PDB capital requirements as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

#### **Liquidity**

As of June 30, 2008, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$9.7 million in the form of cash, due from banks, federal funds and short-term deposits with other institutions. In addition, the Company had total securities available for sale of \$130.8 million which could be used for liquidity needs. This totals \$140.5 million and represents 28.6% of total assets compared to \$133.1 million and 27.7% of total assets as of December 31, 2007. The Company also monitors other liquidity measures, all of which were within the Company's policy guidelines as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Based upon these measures, the Company believes its liquidity is adequate.

#### **Capital Resources**

The Company has a line of credit commitment available from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) of Pittsburgh for borrowings of up to \$20,000,000 which expires in December 2011. There were \$13,000,000 borrowings under this line at June 30, 2008 and \$-0- at December 31, 2007.

The Company has a line of credit commitment from Atlantic Central Bankers Bank for \$7,000,000, which expires in May 2009 and Wachovia Bank for \$2,000,000 which has no stated expiration date. There were no borrowings under these lines as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The Company has a line of credit commitment available which has no stated expiration date from PNC for \$12,000,000. Borrowings under this line were \$10,551,000 as of June 30, 2008 and \$800,000 as of December 31, 2007.

The Bank's maximum borrowing capacity with the Federal Home Loan Bank was approximately \$221,000,000 of which \$36,000,000 was outstanding at June 30, 2008 and \$23,000,000 was outstanding at December 31, 2007. Advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank are secured by qualifying assets of the Bank.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

This report contains or references fully taxable-equivalent (fte) interest income and net interest income, which are non-GAAP financial measures. Interest income (fte) and net interest income (fte) are derived from GAAP interest income and net interest income using an assumed tax rate of 34%. We believe the presentation of interest income (fte) and net interest income (fte) ensures comparability of interest income and net interest income arising from both taxable and tax-exempt sources and is consistent with industry practice. Net interest income (fte) is reconciled to GAAP net interest income on pages 22 and 26. Although the Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures enhance investors' understanding of our business and performance, these non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered an alternative to GAAP measures.

# **Results of Operations**

# NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Average Balance Sheets with Resultant Interest and Rates

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 2007							
			Average				Avera	~~
	Average Balance	Interest	Rate	е	Average Balance	Interest	Rate	ge
			(3)		(2)		(3)	
Assets	(2)	(1)	(3)		(2)	(1)	(3)	
Interest-earning assets:								
Federal funds sold	\$ 1,146	\$ 6	2.09	%	\$ 5,997	\$ 78	5.20	%
Interest bearing deposits with banks	97	э 0 1	4.12	70	909	12	5.28	70
Securities held-to-maturity(1)	706	15	8.50		955	20	8.38	
Securities available for sale:	700	13	0.50		755	20	0.50	
Taxable	110,352	1,318	4.78		97,606	1,095	4.49	
Tax-exempt (1)	22,570	318	5.64		18,903	287	6.07	
Total securities available for sale (1)	132,922	1,636	4.92		116,509	1,382	4.74	
Loans receivable (4) (5)	331,509	5,458	6.59		320,091	5,918	7.40	
Total interest earning assets	466,380	7,116	6.10		444,461	7,410	6.67	
Non-interest earning assets:	100,200	7,110	0.10		111,101	7,110	0.07	
Cash and due from banks	8,051				8,409			
Allowance for loan losses	(4,184	)				)		
Other assets	17,176	,			17,412	,		
Total non-interest earning assets	21,043				21,932			
Total Assets	\$ 487,423				\$ 466,393			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	+ 101,120				7,			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Interest bearing demand and money market	\$ 105,965	371	1.40		\$ 91,807	463	2.02	
Savings	43,715	52	0.48		47,384	56	0.47	
Time	161,209	1,540	3.82		171,043	1,955	4.57	
Total interest bearing deposits	310,889	1,963	2.53		310,234	2,474	3.19	
Short-term borrowings	33,764	178	2.11		19,625	205	4.18	
Other borrowings	20,912	238	4.55		23,000	281	4.89	
Total interest bearing liabilities	365,565	2,379	2.60		352,859	2,960	3.36	
Non-interest bearing liabilities:								
Demand deposits	60,431				55,694			
Other liabilities	4,812				4,335			
Total non-interest bearing liabilities	65,243				60,029			
Stockholders' equity	56,615				53,505			
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 487,423				\$ 466,393			
Net interest income (tax equivalent basis)		4,737	3.50	%		4,450	3.31	%
Tax-equivalent basis adjustment		(163)				(164)		
Net interest income		\$ 4,574				\$ 4,286		

Net interest margin (tax equivalent basis)

4.06 % 4.00

%

- (1) Interest and yields are presented on a tax-equivalent basis using a marginal tax rate of 34%.
- (2) Average balances have been calculated based on daily balances.
- (3) Annualized
- (4) Loan balances include non-accrual loans and are net of unearned income.
- (5) Loan yields include the effect of amortization of deferred fees, net of costs.

**Rate/Volume Analysis.** The following table shows the fully taxable equivalent effect of changes in volumes and rates on interest income and interest expense. Changes in net interest income that could not be specifically identified as either a rate or volume change were allocated proportionately to changes in volume and changes in rate.

# Increase/(Decrease) Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Variance due to

	Volume		Rate			Net			
	(0	lollars	in tho	usa	ands)				
Interest earning assets:									
Federal funds sold	\$	(41	)	\$	(31	)	\$	(72	)
Interest bearing deposits with banks		(9	)		(2	)		(11	)
Securities held to maturity		(7	)		2			(5	)
Securities available for sale:									
Taxable		149			74			223	
Tax-exempt securities		143			(112	)		31	
Total securities		292			(38	)		254	
Loans receivable		1,161			(1,621	)		(460	)
Total interest earning assets		1,396			(1,690	))		(294	)
Interest bearing liabilities:									
Interest-bearing demand and money market		349			(441	)		(92	)
Savings		(6	)		2	,		(4	)
Time		(108	)		(307	)		(415	)
Total interest bearing deposits		235			(746	)		(511	)
Short-term borrowings		465			(492	)		(27	)
Other borrowings		(25	)		(18	)		(43	)
Total interest bearing liabilities		675			(1,256	<u>(</u>		(581	)
Net interest income (tax-equivalent basis)	\$	721		\$	(434	)	\$	287	

#### Comparison of Operating Results for Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007

#### General

For the three months ended June 30, 2008, net income totaled \$1,721,000, an increase of \$151,000, or 9.6% over the \$1,570,000 earned in the similar period of 2007. Earnings per share for the current period were \$.63 basic and \$.62 on a diluted basis compared to \$.56 basic and \$.55 on a diluted basis for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The resulting annualized return on average assets and return on average equity for the three months ended June 30, 2008 were 1.42% and 12.19%, respectively, compared to 1.35% and 11.77% respectively, for the similar period in 2007.

The following table sets forth changes in net income:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2007	
Net income three months ended June 30, 2007	\$ 1,570	
Change due to:		
Net interest income	288	
Provision for loan losses	(55)	
Net realized gains on sales of securities	(6	
Gains on sale of mortgage loans	7	
All other income	104	
Salaries and employee benefits	(60)	
All other expenses	(65)	
Income tax effect	(62)	
Net income three months ended June 30, 2008	\$ 1,721	

#### **Net Interest Income**

Net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis (fte) for the three months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$4,737,000, an increase of \$287,000 or 6.5%, over the similar period in 2007. The fte net interest spread and net interest margin were 3.50% and 4.06%, respectively for the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to 3.31% and 4.00% respectively, for the similar period in 2007.

Interest income (fte) totaled \$7,116,000 with a yield on average earning assets of 6.10% compared to \$7,410,000 and 6.67% for the 2007 period. The decrease in yield was principally due to lower prime interest rate which was 5.00% as of June 30, 2008 compared to 8.25% as of June 30, 2007. The Company has \$65 million of floating rate loans tied to prime. As a result, the fte yield on loans declined to 6.59% for the current period from 7.40% for the similar period in 2007. The yield on the securities available for sale portfolio increased to 4.92% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from 4.74% for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The increase in yield was the result of lower yielding securities, originally purchased in the lower interest rate

environment of 2003 and 2004, maturing with the proceeds invested in securities with higher yields. Also, an increase of \$21.9 million in average earning assets partially offset the lower yield on loans.

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$2,379,000 at an average cost of 2.60% compared to \$2,960,000 at an average cost of 3.36% for the similar period in 2007. With the decline in short-term interest rates, the Company reduced rates paid on its money market accounts and cash management product, which is included in short-term borrowings. The cost of time deposits decreased to 3.82% in the current period from 4.57% for the similar period in 2007. As time deposits matured in 2008, they repriced at the current lower rates resulting in the decrease.

#### **Other Income**

Other income totaled \$962,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 an increase of \$105,000 from \$857,000 in the similar period in 2007. Service charges and fees increased \$35,000 principally due to a higher volume of non-sufficient fees. Revenues from the sale of title insurance included in other, increased \$18,000. Commissions on annuities and mutual funds increased \$29,000 on a higher volume of fixed annuity sales.

#### **Other Expense**

Other expense totaled \$2,972,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$125,000 or 4.4% over \$2,847,000 for the similar period in 2007. Salaries and employee benefits costs increased \$60,000, or 4.2%. Expenses related to a property acquired with a Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure totaled \$52,000 which included delinquent real estate taxes and engineering costs included in Other.

#### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax expense totaled \$733,000 for an effective tax rate of 29.9% for the current period compared to \$671,000 and an effective tax rate of 29.9% for the similar period in 2007.

# **Results of Operations**

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Consolidated Average Balance Sheets with Resultant Interest and Rates

	Six Months	Ended June	30,					
	2008				2007			
	Average		Average		Average		Avera	ge
	Balance	Interest	Rate		Balance	Interest	Rate	_
	(2)	(1)	(3)		(2)	(1)	(3)	
Assets								
Interest-earning assets:								
Federal funds sold	\$ 1,774	\$ 24	2.71	%	\$ 3,734	\$ 97	5.20	%
Interest bearing deposits with banks	90	1	2.22		533	14	5.25	
Securities held-to-maturity(1)	706	30	8.50		955	42	8.80	
Securities available for sale:								
Taxable	107,920	2,595	4.81		97,717	2,140	4.38	
Tax-exempt (1)	22,329	624	5.59		18,333	528	5.76	
Total securities available for sale (1)	130,249	3,219	4.94		116,050	2,668	4.60	
Loans receivable (4) (5)	329,927	11,147	6.76		320,013	11,797	7.37	
Total interest earning assets	462,746	14,421	6.23		441,285	14,618	6.63	
Non-interest earning assets:								
Cash and due from banks	7,576				8,273			
Allowance for loan losses	(4,152	)			(3,873	)		
Other assets	17,020				17,216			
Total non-interest earning assets	20,444				21,616			
Total Assets	\$ 483,190				\$ 462,901			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity								
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Interest bearing demand and money market	\$ 100,738	803	1.59		\$ 88,766	893	2.01	
Savings	43,135	101	0.47		46,030	107	0.46	
Time	168,230	3,430	4.08		173,315	3,960	4.57	
Total interest bearing deposits	312,103	4,334	2.78		308,111	4,960	3.22	
Short-term borrowings	29,770	365	2.45		21,093	461	4.37	
Other borrowings	21,956	505	4.60		21,619	527	4.88	
Total interest bearing liabilities	363,829	5,204	2.86		350,823	5,948	3.38	
Non-interest bearing liabilities:								
Demand deposits	58,055				54,542			
Other liabilities	4,862				4,432			
Total non-interest bearing liabilities	62,917				58,974			
Stockholders' equity	56,444				53,104			
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 483,190				\$ 462,901			
Net interest income (tax equivalent basis)		9,217	3.37	%		8,670	3.23	%
Tax-equivalent basis adjustment		(319	)			(293)		
Net interest income		\$ 8,898				\$ 8,377		
Net interest margin (tax equivalent basis)			3.98	%			3.93	%

- (1) Interest and yields are presented on a tax-equivalent basis using a marginal tax rate of 34%.
- (2) Average balances have been calculated based on daily balances.
- (3) Annualized
- (4) Loan balances include non-accrual loans and are net of unearned income.
- (5) Loan yields include the effect of amortization of deferred fees, net of costs.

#### Rate/Volume Analysis

The following table shows the fully taxable equivalent effect of changes in volumes and rates on interest income and interest expense. Changes in net interest income that could not be specifically identified as either a rate or volume change were allocated proportionately to changes in volume and changes in rate.

Increase/(Decrease)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
Variance due to

	Volume		Rate		et
	(dollars i	n thous	sands)		
Interest earning assets:					
Federal funds sold	\$ (38	) \$	(35	) \$	(73)
Interest bearing deposits with banks	(8	)	(5	)	(13)
Securities held to maturity	(11	)	(1	)	(12)
Securities available for sale:					
Taxable	235		220		455
Tax-exempt securities	140		(44	)	96
Total securities	374		176		551
Loans receivable	890		(1,540	)	(650)
Total interest earning assets	1,208		(1,405	)	(197)
Interest bearing liabilities:					
Interest-bearing demand and money market	257		(347	)	(90 )
Savings	(8	)	2	,	(6 )
Time	(114	)	(416	)	(530)
Total interest bearing deposits	135		(761	)	(626)
Short-term borrowings	345		(441	)	(96)
Other borrowings	21		(43	)	(22)
Total interest bearing liabilities	501		(1,245	)	(744)
Net interest income (tax-equivalent basis)	\$ 707	\$	(160	) \$	547

### Comparison of Operating Results for Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007

#### General

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$3,500,000, increasing \$467,000, or 15.4% over the \$3,033,000 earned in the similar period in 2007. Basic and diluted earnings per share were \$1.28 and \$1.26, respectively, in the 2008 period compared to \$1.09 and \$1.07,

respectively, for the similar period in 2007. The resulting annualized return on average assets for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was

1.45%, with an annualized return on average equity of 12.44% as compared to 1.32% and 11.52% for the 2007 period.

The following table sets forth changes in net income:

	-	ix Months Ended une 30, 2008 to June 30, 2007	
Net income three months ended June 30, 2007	\$	3,033	
Change due to:			
Net interest income		521	
Provision for loan losses		(80	)
Net realized gains on sales of securities		(6	)
Gains on sale of mortgage loans and servicing rights		388	
All other income		91	
Salaries and employee benefits		(109	)
All other expenses		(116	)
Income tax effect		(222	)
Net income three months ended June 30, 2008	\$	3,500	

#### **Net Interest Income**

Net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis (fte) for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$9,217,000, an increase of \$547,000, or 6.3% over the similar period in 2007. The fte net interest spread and net interest margin were 3.37% and 3.98% respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to 3.23% and 3.93%, respectively, for the similar period in 2007.

Interest income (fte) totaled \$14,421,000 with a yield on average earning assets of 6.23% compared to \$14,618,000 with a yield of 6.63% for the 2007 period. The decrease in yield was principally due to the lower prime interest rate which was 5.00% as of June 30, 2008 decreasing from 8.25% as of June 30, 2007. The Company has \$65 million of floating rate loans tied to the prime rate. As a result, the fte yield on loans fell to 6.76% in the current period from 7.37% in the 2007 period. The yield on securities available for sale increased to 4.94% from 4.60% as lower yielding securities matured with the proceeds invested at higher rates. An increase of \$21.5 million of average earning assets also helped to partially offset the lower yield on loans.

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$5,204,000 at an average cost of 2.86% compared to \$5,948,000 and 3.38% for the similar period in 2007. As a result of the decrease in short-term interest rates which began in the third quarter of 2007, the Company reduced rates paid on its money market deposit accounts and cash management products which are included in short-term borrowings. Also, the cost of time deposits declined to 4.08% in the current period from 4.57% for the similar period in 2007. As time deposits matured, they repriced at the current lower rates resulting in the decrease.

#### **Other Income**

Other income totaled \$2,224,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,751,000 for the similar period in 2007, an increase of \$473,000. The increase was principally due to the gain of \$396,000 on the sale of \$14.4 million of 30 year fixed rate residential mortgages to FNMA compared to \$8,000 of similar gains in 2007. The loans were sold for interest rate risk management purposes. Service charges and fees increased \$67,000 due to \$49,000 increase in non-sufficient fund and overdraft fees, due to higher volume of title insurance revenues, \$17,000 and mortgage servicing income, \$13,000.

#### **Other Expense**

Other expense totaled \$5,933,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$225,000 or 3.9% over \$5,708,000 in the similar period of 2007. Salaries and employee benefit costs increased \$109,000, or 3.7%. Data processing related expenses increased \$26,000 or 7.6% principally due to costs associated with the Bank's remote deposit capture product and branch image capture. The current period includes \$52,000 of expense related to a property acquired by Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure with no such costs in 2007 period. The efficiency ratio, other expense as a percentage of net interest income (fte) plus other income, was 51.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to 54.8% for the similar period in 2007.

#### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax expense totaled \$1,504,000 for an effective tax rate of 30.1% for the period ending June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,282,000 and 29.7% for the similar period in 2007.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

#### **Market Risk**

Interest rate sensitivity and the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities are managed by the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO). The principal objective of ALCO is to maximize net interest income within acceptable levels of risk, which are established by policy. Interest rate risk is monitored and managed by using financial modeling techniques to measure the impact of changes in interest rates.

Net interest income, which is the primary source of the Company's earnings, is impacted by changes in interest rates and the relationship of different interest rates. To manage the impact of the rate changes, the balance sheet must be structured so that repricing opportunities exist for both assets and liabilities at approximately the same time intervals. The Company uses net interest simulation to assist in interest rate risk management. The process includes simulating various interest rate environments and

their impact on net interest income. As of June 30, 2008, the level of net interest income at risk in a 200 basis points change in interest rates was within the Company's policy limits. The Company's policy allows for a decline of no more than 8% of net interest income.

Imbalance in repricing opportunities at a given point in time reflect interest-sensitivity gaps measured as the difference between rate-sensitive assets and rate-sensitive liabilities. These are static gap measurements that do not take into account any future activity, and as such are principally used as early indications of potential interest rate exposures over specific intervals.

As of June 30, 2008, the Bank had a positive 90 day interest sensitivity gap of \$11.4 million or 2.3% of total assets, increasing from \$6.0 million, 1.3% of total assets as of December 31, 2007. The change was principally due to a decrease in time deposits maturing in 90 days. A positive gap means that rate-sensitive assets are greater than rate-sensitive liabilities at the time interval. This would indicate that in a rising rate environment, the yield on interest-earning assets would increase faster than the cost of interest-bearing liabilities in the 90 day time frame. The repricing intervals are managed by ALCO strategies, including adjusting the average life of the investment portfolio, pricing of deposit liabilities to attract longer or shorter term time deposits, loan pricing to encourage variable or fixed rate products and evaluation of loan sales of long-term fixed rate mortgages.

June 30, 2008

#### Rate Sensitivity Table

(dollars in thousands)

		3-12	1 to 3	Over	
	3 Months	Months	Years	3 Years	Total
Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits	\$ 51	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ 51
Securities	12,964	32,290	40,924	38,339	131,517
Loans Receivable	89,568	49,886	86,484	106,816	332,754
Total RSA	102,583	89,176	127,408	145,155	464,322
Non-maturity interest-bearing deposits	24,486	27,553	72,415	30,380	154,834
Time deposits	35,976	78,250	21,876	14,839	150,941
Other	30,682	6,733	27,645	_	65,060
Total RSL	91,144	112,536	121,936	45,219	370,835
Interest Sensitivity Gap	\$ 11,439	\$ (23,360	) \$5,472	\$ 99,936	\$ 93,487
Cumulative gap	11,439	(11,921	) (6,449	) 93,487	
RSA/RSL-Cumulative	112.6	% 94.1	% 98.0	% 125.2	%
December 31, 2007					
Interest Sensitivity Gap	\$ 5,996	\$ (33,969	) \$17,012	\$ 107,374	\$ 96,413
Cumulative gap	5,996	(27,973	) (10,961	) 96,413	•

RSA/RSL-Cumulative 105.7 % 86.9 % 96.6 % 126.8 %

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

Not applicable

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors affecting the Company that were identified in Item 1A of Part I of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Securities and Use of Proceeds

#### **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs(1)	Maximum number of shares (or approximate dollar value) that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (2)
April 1 – April 30, 2008	6,488	\$ 31.25		
May 1 – May 31, 2008				

June 1 – June 30, 2008	8,000	30.95	8,000	129,000
	14.338	\$ 31.08	8.000	129.000

(1) Purchases related to the Company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) related to purchase of shares from terminated participants.

(2) On March 19, 2008, the Registrant announced its intention to repurchase up to 5% of its outstanding common stock (approximately 137,000 shares) in the open market.			
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities			
Not applicable			
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Hol	ders		
The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company was elected to the Board of Directors for a three-year term expi		following incumbent directors were nominated and duly	
Daniel J. O'Neill Dr. Kenneth A. Phillips Gary P. Rickard	FOR 2,120,615 2,122,280 2,109,177	<u>WITHHELD</u> 25,553 23,888 36,991	
There were no abstentions or broker non-votes.			
Ratify the appointment of Beard Miller Company LLP as in	ndependent accountant of the	Company for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2008.	
FOR AGAINST ABSTAIN 2,139,505 5,669 994			
There were no broker non-votes.			
Item 5. Other Information			
None			
Item 6. Exhibits			

(a)	3(i)	Articles of Incorporation of Norwood Financial Corp.*
	3(ii)	Bylaws of Norwood Financial Corp.**
	4.0	Specimen Stock Certificate of Norwood Financial Corp.*
	10.1	Amended Employment Agreement with William W. Davis, Jr.***
	10.2	Amended Employment Agreement with Lewis J. Critelli ***
	10.3	Form of Change-In-Control Severance Agreement with seven key employees of the Bank*
	10.4	Wayne Bank Stock Option Plan*
	10.5	Salary Continuation Agreement between the Bank and William W. Davis, Jr.****
	10.6	Salary Continuation Agreement between the Bank and Lewis J. Critelli****

	10.7	Salary Continuation Agreement between the Bank and Edward C. Kasper****
	10.8	1999 Directors Stock Compensation Plan***
	10.9	Salary Continuation Agreement between the Bank and Joseph A. Kneller****
	10.10	Salary Continuation Agreement between the Bank and John H. Sanders****
	10.11	2006 Stock Option Plan*****
	10.12	First and Second Amendments to Salary Continuation Agreement with William W. Davis, Jr.*****
	10.13	First and Second Amendments to Salary Continuation Agreement with Lewis J. Critelli******
	10.14	First and Second Amendments to Salary Continuation Agreement with Edward C. Kasper*****
	10.15	First and Second Amendments to Salary Continuation Agreement with Joseph A. Kneller******
	10.16	First and Second Amendments to Salary Continuation Agreement with John H. Sanders******
	31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (Chief Executive Officer)
	31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (Chief Financial Officer)
	32.1	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Executive Officer)
	32.2	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Financial Officer)
<b>\$</b>	_	orated herein by reference to the identically numbered exhibits of the Registrant's Form 10 ration Statement initially filed with the Commission on April 29, 1996.
**	_	orated herein by reference to the identically numbered exhibit to the Registrant's Annual Report on 10-K Filed with the Commission on March 14, 2008.
***	_	orated herein by reference to the identically numbered exhibits to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with mmission on March 6, 2006.
****	_	orated herein by reference to the identically numbered exhibits of the Registrant's Form 10-K filed the Commission on March 20, 2000.
****	_	orated herein by reference to the identically numbered exhibit to the Registrants Form 10-K filed with mmission on March 22, 2004.
*****	Incorp	orated herein by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on April 25, 2006.
*****		orated herein by reference from the Exhibits to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on 4, 2006.
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#### **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## NORWOOD FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: August 11, 2008 By: /s/ William W. Davis, Jr.

William W. Davis, Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 11, 2008 By: /s/ Lewis J. Critelli

Lewis J. Critelli

Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Chief

Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)