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EVERGREEN UTILITIES & HIGH INCOME FUND

Form N-2

May 07, 2004

AS FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ON MAY 7, 2004

SECURITIES ACT FILE NO. 333-_____
INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT FILE NO. 811-21507

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM N-2

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 [X]
PRE-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. ___ []
POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. ___ []
AND/OR
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER
THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940 []
AMENDMENT NO. 4 [X]
(Check Appropriate Box or Boxes)

EVERGREEN UTILITIES AND HIGH INCOME FUND
(Exact Name of Registrant As Specified in Charter)

200 BERKELEY STREET
BOSTON, MA 02116-5034
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code: (617) 210-3200

THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY
1209 ORANGE STREET
WILMINGTON, DE 19801
(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

With copies to:

DAVID C. MAHAFFEY
SULLIVAN & WORCESTER LLP
1666 K STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006

APPROXIMATE DATE OF PROPOSED PUBLIC OFFERING:

As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box. []

This form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act and the Securities Act

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registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the offering is []

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

=====

TITLE OF SECURITIES BEING REGISTERED	AMOUNT BEING REGISTERED	PROPOSED MAXIMUM OFFERING PRICE PER SHARE (1)	PRO MA AGG OFFERING
Preferred Shares (\$25,000 liquidation value).....	400 shares	\$25,000	\$10,00

=====

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457.

(2) Transmitted prior to the filing date to the designated lockbox of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

Information to be included in Part B is set forth in Part B to this Registration Statement.

Information to be included in Part C is set forth under the appropriate item, so numbered in Part C to this Registration Statement.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MAY 7, 2004

PROSPECTUS

[Evergreen Investments Logo]

\$-----
Evergreen UTILITIES AND
HIGH INCOME FUND
Auction Preferred Shares ("Preferred Shares")
_____ Shares, Series _____

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Liquidation Preference \$25,000 Per Share

Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund (the "Fund") is offering Series [] Auction Preferred Shares. The shares are referred to in this prospectus as "Preferred Shares." The Fund is a recently organized, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Preferred Shares are subject to mandatory redemption in certain circumstances. The Preferred Shares may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Fund at any time, subject to certain conditions. Dividends on the Preferred Shares will be cumulative from the date the shares are first issued.

Investment Objective. The Fund's investment objective is to seek a high level of current income and moderate capital growth, with an emphasis on providing tax-advantaged dividend income.

Portfolio Contents. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of utilities companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies) and in U.S. dollar-denominated non-investment grade debt securities. The Fund allocates its assets between two separate investment strategies. Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 70% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utility companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies), and approximately 30% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar-denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures, and other income obligations.

The Fund's investment adviser reserves the discretion based upon market conditions to reallocate the proportions of total assets invested in each investment strategy. The U.S. high yield debt securities portion of the Fund's portfolio is normally invested in high yield debt securities that are rated between and including B3 and Ba1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") or B- and BB+ by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P") or are unrated securities of comparable quality as determined by the Fund's investment adviser. Up to 35% of the utilities portion of the Fund's portfolio may be invested in convertible debentures of any quality. Of this 35%, a maximum of 7% may be non-investment grade. No more than 35% of the Fund's total assets is invested in non-investment grade debt securities. Non-investment grade securities are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and principal. They involve greater risk of loss, are subject to greater price volatility and are less liquid, especially during periods of economic uncertainty or change, than higher rated debt securities. An investment in the Fund involves a high degree of risk and is not appropriate for all investors. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

Investing in the Fund's Preferred Shares involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 38 of this prospectus. The minimum purchase amount of the Preferred Shares is \$25,000.

	Per Share	Total
Public offering price.....	\$25,000	\$
Sales load.....	\$	\$
Proceeds to the Fund (1).....	\$	\$

(1) Not including offering expenses payable by the Fund estimated to be \$_____ , or \$_____ per share.

The public offering price per share will be increased by the amount of dividends, if any, that have accumulated from the date the Preferred Shares are first issued.

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Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The underwriters are offering the Preferred Shares subject to various conditions. The Preferred Shares will be ready for delivery, in book-entry form only, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") on or about , 2004. -----

The date of this prospectus is , 2004.

(continued from cover page.)

Investment Adviser. Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC (the "Advisor") is the Fund's investment adviser. See "Management of the Fund."

You should read the prospectus, which contains important information about the Fund, before deciding whether to invest in the Preferred Shares and retain it for future reference. A Statement of Additional Information, dated , 2004, containing additional information about the Fund, has been filed with the Commission and is incorporated by reference in its entirety into this prospectus. You may request a free copy of the Statement of Additional Information, the table of contents of which is on page 75 of this prospectus, by calling 1-800-730-6001 or by writing to the Fund. You can review and copy documents the Fund has filed at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Call 1-202-942-8090 for information. The Commission charges a fee for copies. You can get the same information free from the Commission's EDGAR database on the Internet (<http://www.sec.gov>). You may also e-mail requests for these documents to publicinfo@sec.gov or make a request in writing to the Commission's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

The Preferred Shares do not represent a deposit or obligation of, and are not guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank or other insured depository institution and are not federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

The Fund is offering _____ shares of Series [] Preferred Shares. The Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$25,000 per share, plus any accumulated, unpaid dividends. The Preferred Shares also have priority over the Fund's common shares as to distribution of assets as described in this prospectus. It is a condition of closing this offering that the Preferred Shares be assigned a rating of Aaa by Moody's and AAA by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch").

The dividend rate for the initial dividend rate period will be ____%. The initial rate period is from the date of issuance through_____, 2004. For subsequent rate periods, the Preferred Shares will pay dividends based on a rate set at auction, usually held every _____ days. Prospective purchasers should carefully review the auction procedures described in this prospectus and should note: (1) a buy order (called a "bid order") or sell order is a commitment to buy or sell Preferred Shares based on the results of an auction; (2) purchases and sales will be settled on the next business day after the auction; and (3)

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ownership of the Preferred Shares will be maintained in book-entry form by or through DTC (or any successor securities depository).

The Preferred Shares are redeemable, in whole or in part, at the option of the Fund on the business day after the last day prior to any date dividends are paid on the Preferred Shares, and will be subject to mandatory redemption in certain circumstances at a redemption price of \$25,000 per share, plus accumulated but unpaid dividends to the date of redemption, plus a premium in certain circumstances. See "Description of Preferred Shares."

The Preferred Shares will not be listed on an exchange. You may only buy or sell Preferred Shares through an order placed at an auction with or through a broker-dealer that has entered into an agreement with the auction agent or in a secondary market maintained by certain broker-dealers. These broker-dealers are not required to maintain this market, and there can be no assurance that a secondary market for the Preferred Shares will develop or, if it does develop, that it will provide holders with a liquid trading market (i.e., trading will depend on the presence of willing buyers and sellers, and the trading price will be subject to variables to be determined at the time of the trade by such broker-dealers). A general increase in the level of interest rates may have an adverse effect on the secondary market price of the Preferred Shares, and an investor that sells Preferred Shares between auctions may receive a price per share of less than \$25,000.

The Preferred Shares will be senior to the Fund's outstanding shares of common stock, which are traded on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol "ERH." The Preferred Shares also have priority over the common shares as to distribution of assets. See "Description of Preferred Shares."

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You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The Fund has not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different or inconsistent information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. The Fund is not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, and the Fund's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This is only a summary. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in the Fund's Preferred Shares, especially the information set forth under the heading "Risk Factors." You should read the more detailed information contained in this prospectus, the Statement of Additional Information and the Fund's Statement of Preferences of Auction Preferred Shares (the "Statement") attached as Appendix C to the Statement of Additional Information. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this prospectus shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Statement.

The Fund.....	Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund (the "Fund") is recently organized, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund commenced operations on April 1, 2004 and closed an initial public offering of 11,500,000 shares of beneficial interest. As of December 31, 2004, the Fund had 11,500,000 common shares outstanding and net assets of \$115,000,000. The Fund's principal offices are located at 100 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116-5034, and its telephone number is 1-800-343-2898.
The Offering	The Fund is offering 11,500,000 shares of Series [] Preferred Shares, at a purchase price of \$25,000 per share plus dividends, if any, that have accumulated from the date the Fund first issued the Preferred Shares.

Shares. The Preferred Shares are being offered through of underwriters (the "Underwriters") led by (" "). The Preferred Shares entitle their holders to receive dividends at an annual rate that may vary for the successive dividend periods for the Preferred Shares. In general, as described under "Dividends and Rate Periods" below and "Description of Preferred Shares --Dividends and Rate Periods" the dividend period for the Preferred Shares will be 90 days. The auction agent will determine the dividend rate for a particular period by an auction conducted on the business day immediately preceding to the start of that rate period. See "The Auction." The Preferred Shares are not listed on an exchange. Instead, investors may buy or sell Preferred Shares in an auction by submitting orders to broker-dealers that have entered into an agreement with the auction agent. Generally, investors in Preferred Shares will not receive certificates representing ownership of their shares. The securities depository (or any successor) or its nominee for the account of the investor's broker-dealer will maintain record ownership of Preferred Shares in book-entry form. An investor's broker-dealer, in turn, will maintain records of that investor's beneficial ownership of the Preferred Shares.

Investment Objective The Fund's investment objective is to seek a high level of current income and moderate capital growth, with an emphasis on providing tax-advantaged dividend income. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. See "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies" beginning on page 29.

Investment Policies Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of utilities companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies) and U.S. non-investment grade debt securities. The Fund will allocate its assets between two separate investment strategies. Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 70% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utility companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies), and approximately 30% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures, and other income obligations. The Advisor reserves the discretion based upon market conditions to reallocate the proportions of total assets invested in each investment strategy. No more than 35% of the Fund's total assets will be invested in non-investment grade debt securities. The Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in foreign securities.

The two separate investment strategies are as follows:

- o Utilities Securities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund expects to invest approximately 70% of its total assets

an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures utility companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunication companies). The Fund may invest this portion of its assets in companies of all market capitalizations. The Fund may invest up to 35% of this portion of the Fund's assets in convertible debentures of utility companies of any quality. Of this maximum of 7% may be non-investment grade.

o U.S. High Yield Debt Securities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund expects to invest approximately 30% of total assets in an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures and other income obligations.

The high yield securities in which the Fund invests are expected to be rated between and including B3 and Ba1 by Moody's or B- and BB+ by S&P or will be unrated but determined by the Advisor to be of comparable quality. This portion of the Fund will not purchase high yield securities with a rating of CCC or below, although the Fund may hold such securities as a result of a downgrade in ratings subsequent to their purchase. No more than 10% of this portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in securities that are unrated or below CCC or below. Debt securities rated below investment grade are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Non-investment grade debt securities involve greater risk of loss, are subject to price volatility and are less liquid, especially during periods of economic uncertainty or change, than higher rated debt securities. For purposes of the Fund's credit quality policies, if a security receives different ratings from nationally recognized securities rating organizations, the Fund will use the rating chosen by the portfolio managers as most representative of the security's credit quality. The Advisor anticipates that, assuming the Preferred Shares represent approximately 35% of the Fund's capital immediately after their issuance, the weighted average duration of the Fund's high yield U.S. debt securities will be 4.6 to 9.0 years (after leverage), although there is no guarantee that this range will be obtained.

Tax-advantaged Dividend Income. Recent changes in the tax laws have allowed qualifying dividends to be taxed at the same rate as long-term capital gains (currently 15%). Through the Fund's investments in the utilities sector, the Fund expects to invest a significant portion of its assets in equity securities that pay quarterly dividends qualifying for such rate. There is a significant portion of the Fund's yield may be considered tax-advantaged relative to investments in securities that do not qualify for the same rate as long-term capital gains. However, because the Fund will also invest in debt obligations, it will have less tax advantages than a fund fully invested in securities qualifying for this rate.

Leverage. In addition to the issuance of Preferred Shares, which will represent approximately 35% of the Fund's capital immediately after their issuance, the Fund may also borrow money from banks or other financial institutions or issue debt securities. Such borrowings would have seniority over the Preferred Shares, including with respect to any distributions.

of assets that the Fund might make and could limit the amount of funds available for distributions of income. The Fund will not issue debt securities or additional preferred shares and will not borrow money if, immediately after such issuance or borrowing, total leverage for the Fund exceeds 38% of the Fund's total assets immediately after such issuance or borrowing. The Fund may also borrow through reverse repurchase agreements (up to 20% of its total assets subject to the overall limitation on leverage and borrowings).

In addition to the investment strategies discussed above, the Fund may also invest in the following:

Foreign Currency Transactions. Foreign currency transactions are entered into for the purpose of hedging against foreign exchange risk arising from the Fund's investment or anti-leverage investment in securities denominated in foreign currencies. The Fund also may enter into these contracts for the purpose of increasing exposure to a foreign currency or to shift exposure to foreign currency fluctuations from one country to another. Foreign currency transactions include the purchase of foreign currency on a spot (or cash) basis, contracts to purchase or sell foreign currencies at a future date (forward contracts), the purchase and sale of foreign currency futures contracts, and the purchase of exchange traded and over-the-counter call and put options on foreign currency futures contracts and other foreign currencies.

Corporate Loans. The Fund may invest a portion of its total assets in loan participations and other claims against a corporate borrower. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in corporate loans. The corporate loans in which the Fund invests primarily consist of direct obligations of a corporate borrower. The Fund may invest in a corporate loan at origination as a co-lender or by acquiring in the secondary market participations in, assignments of or novations of a corporate loan. By purchasing a participation, the Fund acquires some or all of the interest of a bank or other financial institution in a loan to a corporate borrower.

Derivatives. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in futures and options on securities and indices and in other derivatives. The Fund may use derivatives for a variety of purposes, including:

- o As a hedge against adverse changes in securities market prices or interest rates; and
- o As a substitute for purchasing or selling securities.

In addition, the Fund may enter into interest rate swap transactions with respect to the total amount the Fund is leveraged in order to hedge against adverse changes in interest rates affecting dividends payable on any preferred shares or interest payable on borrowings constituting leverage. In connection with any such swap transaction, the Fund will segregate liquid securities in the amount of its obligation under the transaction. A derivative is a security or financial instrument whose value is determined by reference to the price or the change in value of one or more securities, currencies, indices or other financial instruments. The Fund does not use derivatives as a primary investment technique and generally

does not anticipate using derivatives for non-hedging purposes. In the event the Advisor uses derivatives for non-hedging purposes, no more than 10% of the Fund's total assets will be committed to initial margin for derivatives for such purposes.

Temporary Investments. Due to market conditions or other factors, investments that, in the judgment of the Advisor, are appropriate for the Fund may not be immediately available. Therefore, the Advisor expects that there will be a period of up to two months following the completion of its Preferred Shares offering before the proceeds are fully invested in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies. Pending such investments, the Fund anticipates that all or a portion of the proceeds will be invested in U.S. government securities or high grade, short-term money market instruments.

See "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies" beginning on page 29.

Risks

Before investing in the Preferred Shares you should consider certain risks carefully.

Risks of Investing in the Preferred Shares. The primary risks of investing in the Preferred Shares are:

- o The Fund will not be permitted to declare dividends or other distributions with respect to your Preferred Shares unless the Fund meets certain asset coverage requirements.
- o If an auction fails you may not be able to sell some or all of your shares;
- o Because of the nature of the market for Preferred Shares, you may receive less than the price you paid for your shares if you sell them outside of the auction, especially when market interest rates are rising;
- o A rating agency could downgrade the rating assigned to the Preferred Shares, which could affect liquidity;
- o The Fund may be forced to redeem Preferred Shares to meet regulatory or rating agency requirements or may voluntarily redeem your shares in certain circumstances;
- o In certain circumstances, the Fund may not earn sufficient income from its investments to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares; and
- o If interest rates rise, the value of the Fund's investment portfolio will decline, reducing the asset coverage for the Preferred Shares.
- o The Fund may have to repurchase common shares pursuant to its Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan (described below in "Description of Shares"), which could prevent the Fund from taking advantage of attractive investment opportunities; require it to sell investments at disadvantageous times, and in amounts that the Advisor would not otherwise contemplate; and, under certain circumstances, require it to redeem Preferred Shares in order to comply with leverage requirements of the 1940 Act and requirements imposed by the rating agencies.

Leverage Risk. The Fund uses financial leverage for investment purposes by issuing Preferred Shares. A portion of the Fund's overall leverage may be comprised of borrowings from banks. The Fund's leveraged capital structure creates special risks not associated with unleveraged funds having similar investment objectives and policies. These include the possibility that the value of the assets acquired with such borrowing decreases although the Fund's liability is fixed, the possibility of higher volatility of the net asset value of the Fund and the Preferred Shares' asset coverage, fluctuations in the dividend paid by the Fund and higher expenses. Because the fee paid to the Advisor will be calculated on the basis of the Fund's Total Assets (which are the net assets of the Fund plus borrowings or other leverage for investment purposes to the extent excluded in calculating net assets), the fee will be higher when leverage is utilized, giving the Advisor an incentive to utilize leverage.

Interest Rate Risk. The Preferred Shares pay dividends on shorter-term interest rates. The Fund invests a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the Preferred Shares in intermediate and longer-term, typically fixed rate bonds. The interest rates on intermediate- and long-term bonds are typically, although not always, higher than shorter-term interest rates. Both shorter-term and intermediate-to-longer-term interest rates may fluctuate. If shorter-term interest rates rise, dividend rates on the Preferred Shares may rise so that the amount of dividend paid to holders of Preferred Shares exceeds the income from intermediate- and longer-term bonds and other investment purchased by the Fund with the proceeds from the sale of Preferred Shares. Because income from the Fund's entire investment portfolio (not just the portion of the portfolio purchased with the proceeds of the Preferred Shares offering) is available to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares, higher dividend rates on the Preferred Shares would need to exceed the rate of return on the Fund's investment portfolio by a wide margin before the Fund's ability to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares would be jeopardized. If intermediate- and longer-term interest rates rise, this could negatively impact the value of the Fund's investment portfolio, reducing the amount of assets serving as asset coverage for the Preferred Shares.

Auction Risk. The dividend rate for the Preferred Shares normally is set through an auction process. In the auction, holders of Preferred Shares may indicate the dividend rate at which they would be willing to hold or sell their Preferred Shares or purchase additional Preferred Shares. The auction also provides liquidity for the sale of Preferred Shares. An auction fails if there are more Preferred Shares offered for sale than there are buyers. You may not be able to sell your Preferred Shares at an auction if the auction fails. Also, if you place hold orders (orders to retain shares) at an auction only at a specified dividend rate, and that rate exceeds the rate set at the auction, you will not retain your shares. Additionally, if you buy shares or elect to retain shares without specifying a dividend rate below which you would wish to buy or continue to hold those shares, you could receive a lower rate of return on your shares than the market rate.

Finally, the dividend period for the Preferred Shares may be changed by the Fund, subject to certain conditions with respect to the holders of Preferred Shares, which could also affect the liquidity of your investment.

Secondary Market Risk. If you try to sell your Preferred Shares between auctions you may not be able to sell any or all of your shares or you may not be able to sell them for \$25,000 per share or \$25,000 per share plus accumulated dividends. The Fund has designated a special rate period, changes in interest rates could affect the price you would receive if you sell your shares in the secondary market.

You may transfer shares outside of auctions only to or through a broker-dealer that has entered into an agreement with the Fund, an auction agent and the Fund or other person as the Fund permits.

Ratings and Asset Coverage Risk. While it is expected that Moody's will assign a rating of Aaa to the Preferred Shares and Fitch will assign a rating of AAA to the Preferred Shares, these ratings do not eliminate or necessarily mitigate the risks associated with investing in Preferred Shares.

Restrictions on Dividends and Other Distributions. Restrictions imposed on the declaration and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of the Fund's common shares and Preferred Shares, both by the 1940 Act and the requirements imposed by rating agencies, might impair the Fund's ability to maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes.

General Risks of Investing in the Fund.

Investment Risk. An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in the Fund represents an indirect investment in the securities owned by the Fund. The value of these securities may increase or decrease, at times rapidly and unexpectedly. Your investment in the Fund may at any point in the future be worth less than your original investment even after taking into account the reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

Concentration Risk. The Fund will invest primarily in the securities of utilities companies. An investment in a fund that concentrates its investments in a single sector or industry entails greater risk than an investment in a fund that invests its assets in numerous sectors or industries. The Fund may be vulnerable to any financial, economic, political or other development in its concentration sector or industry that may weaken the sector or industry. As a result, the Fund's shares may fluctuate more widely in value than those of funds investing in a number of different sectors or industries.

Non-Diversification Risk. An investment in a fund that is non-diversified entails greater risk than an investment in a diversified fund. When a fund is non-diversified, it may invest a greater percentage of assets in a single issuer than a diversified fund. A higher percentage of investments among fewer issuers may result in greater

fluctuation in the total market value of the Fund's portfolio as compared to a fund which invests in numerous issuers

Utility Securities Risk. Investments in utility sector include the unique risks associated with decreases in the demand for utility company (water, gas and electric) products and services, increased competition resulting from deregulation, and rising energy costs, among others. Such developments also could cause utility companies to reduce dividends they pay on their stock, potentially decreasing dividends you receive from the Fund. Telecommunications, similar to technology, is highly dependent on innovation and expansion of existing technologies, such as internet communications and the ability to access the internet through cellular phones, as well as intense pricing competition and industry consolidation. Water, gas and electric companies typically borrow heavily to support continuing operations. Increases in interest rates could increase these utility companies' borrowing costs, which could adversely impact financial results and stock price, and ultimately the value and total return on your Fund shares.

Investment Style Risk. Securities with different characteristics tend to shift in and out of favor depending upon market and economic conditions as well as investor sentiment. The Fund may outperform or underperform other funds that employ a different style of investing. The Fund may employ a combination of styles that impact its risk characteristics. Examples of different styles include growth and value investing. Growth stocks may be more volatile than other stocks because they are more sensitive to investor perceptions of the issuing company's earnings growth potential. Growth-oriented funds will typically underperform when value investing is popular. Value stocks are those that are undervalued in comparison to their peers due to adverse business developments or other factors. Value-oriented funds will typically underperform when growth investing is popular.

Stock Market Risk. Your investment in the Fund will be affected by general economic conditions such as prevailing economic growth, inflation and interest rates. When economic growth slows, or interest or inflation rates increase, equity securities tend to decline in value. Such events could cause companies to decrease the dividends they pay. If such events were to occur, the dividend yield, total return earned on and the value of your investment would likely decline. If general economic conditions do not change, the dividend yield, total return earned on and the value of your investment could decline if the particular industries, companies or sectors in which a Fund invests do not perform well.

Market Capitalization Risk. The Fund may invest the portfolio's assets in utilities securities in securities of companies of all market capitalizations. Stocks fall into three broad market capitalization categories--large, medium and small. Investing primarily in one category carries the risk that due to current market conditions that category may be out of favor with investors. If valuations of large capitalization companies appear to be greatly out of proportion to the valuations of small or medium capitalization companies, investors may migrate to the stocks of small- and mid-size companies causing a fund that invests in these companies

increase in value more rapidly than a fund that invests in larger, fully-valued companies. Investing in medium and small capitalization companies may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, smaller management groups or greater dependence on a few key employees, and a more limited trading market for their stocks as compared to larger capitalization companies. As a result, stocks of small and medium capitalization companies may decline significantly in market downturns or their values may fluctuate more sharply than other securities.

Preferred Stock Risk. The Fund may purchase preferred stock. Preferred stock, unlike common stock, has a stated dividend rate payable from the corporation's earnings. Preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or non-cumulative, participating or auction rate. "Cumulative" dividend provisions require that all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid. If interest rates rise, the fixed dividend on preferred stocks may be more attractive, causing the price of preferred stocks to decline. Preferred stock may have mandatory sinking fund provisions as well as call/redemption provisions prior to maturity, which may be a negative feature when interest rates decline. The rights of preferred stock on distribution of a corporation's assets in the event of a liquidation are generally subordinate to the rights associated with a corporation's debt securities.

Credit Risk. Credit risk refers to an issuer's ability to make payments of principal and interest when they are due. Because the Fund will own securities with low credit quality, it may be subject to a high level of credit risk. The credit quality of such securities is considered speculative by rating agencies with respect to the issuer's ability to pay interest or principal. The prices of lower grade securities are more sensitive to negative corporate developments, such as a decline in profits, or adverse economic conditions, such as a recession, than are the prices of higher grade securities. Securities that have longer maturities or that do not make regular interest payments also fluctuate more in price in response to negative corporate or economic news. Therefore, lower grade securities may experience high default rates which could mean that the Fund may lose some of its investment in such securities. If this occurs, the Fund's net asset value and ability to make distributions to you would be adversely affected. The effects of this default risk are significantly greater for the holders of lower grade securities because such securities often are unsecured and subordinated to the payments of other creditors of the issuer. The Fund may also be subject to credit risk to the extent it engages in transactions, such as repurchase agreements or dollar roll transactions which involve a promise by a third party to honor an obligation to the Fund.

Interest Rate Risk. If interest rates go up, the value of fixed income securities and certain dividend paying stocks tends to fall. If a Fund invests a significant portion of its portfolio in fixed income debt securities or stocks purchased primarily for dividend income, and interest rates rise, then the value of your investment may decline. If interest rates go down, interest earned by a Fund on its debt investments may also decline which could cause the Fund to reduce the dividends it pays. The longer the term of a debt security held by a Fund, the more the Fund is subject to interest rate risk.

High Yield Debt Securities Risk. Investment in high yield securities involves substantial risk of loss. Non-investment grade debt securities or comparable unrated securities are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's ability to pay interest and principal and are susceptible to decline in market value due to adverse economic and business developments. The market values for high yield securities are to be very volatile, and these securities are less liquid than investment grade debt securities. For these reasons, your investment in the Fund is subject to the following specific risks:

- o Increased price sensitivity to changing interest rates and to a deteriorating economic environment.
- o Greater risk of loss due to default or declining credit quality.
- o Adverse company specific events are more likely to occur and render the issuer unable to make interest and/or principal payments.
- o If a negative perception of the high yield market develops, the price and liquidity of high yield securities may be depressed. This negative perception could last for a significant period of time.
- o Adverse changes in economic conditions are more likely to cause a high yield issuer to default on principal and interest payments than an investment grade issuer. A large amount of high yield securities outstanding have proliferated in the past decade as an increasing number of issuers have used high yield securities for corporate financing. An economic downturn could severely affect the ability of highly leveraged issuers to service their debt obligations or to repay their obligations upon maturity.
- o The secondary market for high yield securities may not be as liquid as the secondary market for more highly rated securities, a factor which may have an adverse effect on the Fund's ability to dispose of a particular security. There are fewer dealers in the market for high yield securities than for investment grade obligations. The prices quoted by different dealers may vary significantly and the spread between the bid and ask price is generally much larger than for higher rated instruments. Under adverse market or economic conditions, the secondary market for high yield securities could contract further, independent of any specific adverse changes in the condition of a particular issuer, and these instruments may become illiquid. As a result, the Fund could find it more difficult to sell these securities or may be able to sell the securities only at prices lower than if such securities were actively traded. Prices realized upon the sale of such low yield or unrated securities, under these circumstances, may be less than the prices used in calculating the Fund's net asset value.

In addition to the risks discussed above, debt securities including high yield securities, are subject to certain including:

Issuer Risk. The value of corporate income-producing securities may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services.

Reinvestment Risk. Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from the Fund's bond portfolio will decline if and when the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called securities at market interest rates that are below the portfolio's earnings rate.

Prepayment Risk. During periods of declining interest rates, the issuer of a security may exercise its option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities. Debt securities frequently have call features that allow the issuer to repurchase the securities prior to its stated maturity. An issuer may redeem an obligation if the issuer can refinance the debt at a lower rate due to declining interest rates or an improvement in the credit standing of the issuer.

Extension Risk. During periods of rising interest rates, the average life of certain types of securities may be extended because of slower than expected principal payments. This may lock in a below market interest rate, increase the security's duration (the estimated period until the security is paid in full) and reduce the value of the security.

Management Risk. The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed investment portfolio. The Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, relative value and potential appreciation of a particular sector, security or investment strategy may prove to be incorrect and there is no guarantee that it will produce the desired results.

Foreign (Non-U.S.) Investment Risk. Investing in the securities of foreign issuers may involve unique risks compared to investing in the securities of U.S. issuers. Some of these risks do not apply to issuers located in larger, more developed countries. These risks will be more pronounced if the Fund invests significantly in emerging market countries or in countries with political or economic instability. For example, political turmoil and economic instability in the countries in which a Fund invests could adversely affect the dividend yield, total return earned and the value of your investment. Less information about non-U.S. issuers or markets may be available due to less rigorous disclosure and accounting standards or regulatory practices. This may make it harder to get accurate information about a security or company, and increase the likelihood that an investment will not perform as well as expected. Many non-U.S. markets are smaller, less liquid and more volatile than U.S. markets. In a changing market, the Advisor may not be able to sell the Fund's portfolio securities in amounts and prices the Advisor considers reasonable. In addition, if the value of the foreign currency in which a Fund's investments are denominated declines relative to the U.S. dollar, the dividend yield and return earned on and the value of your investment in the securities may decline as well.

Currency Devaluation and Fluctuations Risk. The Fund may invest in non-dollar-denominated investments. The Fund is limited in its ability to hedge the value of its non-dollar-denominated investments against currency fluctuations. As a result, a decline in the value of currencies in which the Fund's investments are denominated against the dollar will result in a corresponding decline in the dollar value of the Fund's assets. These declines will in turn affect the Fund's income and net asset value.

Convertible Securities Risk. Convertible securities generally offer lower interest or dividend yields than non-convertible securities of similar quality. As with all fixed income securities, the market values of convertible securities tend to decline as interest rates increase and, conversely, to increase as interest rates decline. However, when the market price of the common stock underlying a convertible security exceeds the conversion price, the convertible security tends to trade at a market price of the underlying common stock. As the market price of the underlying common stock declines, the convertible security tends to trade increasingly on a yield basis and may not decline in price to the same extent as the underlying common stock. Convertible securities rank senior to common stocks in an issuer's capital structure and consequently carry less risk than the issuer's common stock.

Corporate Loans Risk. The Fund may acquire interests in loans made by banks or other financial institutions to corporate issuers or participation interests in such loans (up to 10% of the Fund's total assets). By purchasing a participation interest in a loan, the Fund acquires some or all of the interest of a bank or other lending institution in a loan to a corporate or government borrower. The participations typically will result in the Fund having a contractual relationship with the lender, not the borrower. The Fund will have the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any other payments to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the participation and only upon receipt by the lender of the payments from the borrower. If the Fund only acquires a participation in the loan made by a third party, the Fund may not be able to control the exercise of any remedies that the lender would have under the corporate loan. Such third party participation arrangements are designed to give corporate investors preferential treatment over high yield investors in the event of a deterioration in the credit quality of the issuer. Even when these arrangements exist, however, there may be no assurance that the principal and interest owed on a corporate loan will be repaid in full. The secondary dealer market for certain corporate loans may not be as well developed as the secondary dealer market for bonds and, therefore, presents increased market risk relating to liquidity and pricing concerns. In addition, the markets in corporate loans are regulated by federal securities laws or the Commission.

Derivatives Risk. Even a small investment in derivatives can have a significant impact on the Fund's exposure to interest rates or currency exchange rates. If changes in a derivative's value do not correspond to changes in the value of the Fund's other investments, the Fund may not fully benefit from or may lose money on the derivative position. In addition, some derivatives involve risk of loss if the person who issues

derivative defaults on its obligation. Certain derivatives may be less liquid and more difficult to value.

Counterparty Risk. The Fund will be subject to credit risk with respect to the counterparties to the derivatives contracts purchased by the Fund. If a counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations under a derivatives contract due to financial difficulties, the Fund may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery under the derivative contract in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. The Fund may obtain only a limited recovery or obtain no recovery in such circumstances.

Market Disruption and Geopolitical Risk. The war with Iraq and its aftermath and the continuing occupation of Iraq are expected to have a substantial impact on the U.S. and the world economies and securities markets. The nature, scope and duration of the occupation cannot be predicted with any certainty. Terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon on September 11, 2001 closed some of the U.S. securities markets for a four-day period and the occurrence of similar events in the future cannot be ruled out. The war, occupation, terrorism and related geopolitical risks have caused and may in the future lead, to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on the U.S. and world economies and markets generally. Those events also have an acute effect on individual issuers or related groups of issuers, securities markets, interest rates, auctions, secondary trading, ratings, credit risk, inflation and other factors relating to the Preferred Shares.

Inflation Risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of assets or income from the Fund's investments will be lower in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real, or inflation-adjusted, value of the common shares and distributions can decline and the dividend payments on the Fund's Preferred Shares or interest payments on Fund borrowings, if any, may increase.

Tender Offers (Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan) Risk. Under certain circumstances, the Fund intends to make tender offers for up to 5% of the Fund's outstanding common shares at net asset value on a quarterly basis, subject to certain conditions, and for a total of eight consecutive calendar quarters. The Fund will make its first tender offer within the first six to eight months of the Fund's operations if certain conditions are met. The Fund's potential quarterly tender offers for common shares may prevent the Fund from taking advantage of attractive investment opportunities. Moreover, if the Fund does not generate sufficient cash flow from operations, it may be forced to sell investments at disadvantageous times, and in amounts that the Advisor would not otherwise contemplate, or to borrow money, in order to make such tender offers. If the cost of borrowing to fund a tender offer of common shares exceeds the income on retained investments, it could impair the Fund's ability to pay dividends on the Fund's Preferred Shares. The Fund's potential quarterly tender offers for common shares will increase ratings and asset coverage risk. Under certain circumstances, the Fund could be required to redeem shares in order to comply with leverage requirements of the 1940 Act as well as requirements imposed by rating agencies. See

"Risk Factors--Risks of Investing in Preferred Shares."

Liquidity Risk. The Fund does not intend to purchase illiquid securities, which are securities that cannot be disposed of within seven days in the ordinary course of business at approximately the value at which the Fund has valued the securities. However, the Fund is not required to sell or dispose of any debt security that becomes illiquid subsequent to its purchase. Illiquid securities may be subject to wide fluctuations in market value. The Fund may be subject to significant delays in disposing of illiquid securities. Accordingly, the Fund may be forced to sell these securities at less than fair market value or may not be able to sell them when the Advisor believes that it is desirable to do so. Illiquid securities also may entail registration expenses and other transaction costs that are higher than those for liquid securities.

Anti-takeover Provisions Risk. The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-laws include provisions that limit the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees. Such provisions could limit the ability of shareholders to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. These provisions include standard terms of office for the Trustees, advance notice requirements for shareholder proposals, and super-majority voting requirements for open-ending the Fund or a merger, liquidation, asset sale or similar transactions.

Other Regulatory Matters Risk. Governmental and self-regulatory authorities have instituted numerous ongoing investigations of various practices in the securities and mutual fund industry, including those relating to market-timing and late trading. Investigations cover advisory companies to mutual funds (including the Advisor), broker-dealers, hedge funds and others. Wachovia Corporation (the Advisor's parent) and certain of its subsidiaries (including the Advisor) have received subpoenas and/or other requests for documents and testimony relating to the investigations, are attempting to comply with those requests and are cooperating with the investigations. Wachovia Corporation and its subsidiaries, including the Advisor, are continuing their own internal review of policies, practices, procedures and personnel, and are taking remedial actions where appropriate. Wachovia Corporation also is cooperating with governmental and self-regulatory authorities in matters relating to the brokerage operations of Prudential Financial, Inc. ("Prudential") that were included in Wachovia Corporation's retail brokerage combination with Prudential. Under the terms of that transaction, Wachovia Corporation is indemnified by Prudential for liabilities relating to those matters.

Based on information currently available, and in the absence of available insurance coverage and established reserves, Wachovia Corporation believes that the eventual outcome of the actions against Wachovia Corporation and/or its subsidiaries, in the matters described above, will not, individually or in aggregate, have a material adverse effect on Wachovia Corporation's consolidated financial position or results of operations or on its subsidiaries, including the Advisor.

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However, in the event of unexpected future developments, possible that the ultimate resolution of those matters, unfavorable, may be material to Wachovia Corporation's r of operations for any particular period, including for t the Advisor.

For a further discussion of the risks described above, s "Risk Factors" beginning on page 38.

Investment Adviser

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC (previously defined as the "Advisor") is responsible on a day-to-day for investment of the Fund's portfolio in accordance with investment objective and policies. Day-to-day management these portions of the Fund's portfolio is the responsibility a team of portfolio management professionals from the Ad High Yield Bond and Value Equity teams, respectively.

The Advisor has been managing mutual funds and private a since 1932 and, as of December 31, 2003, with its affili managed over \$247 billion in assets, including more than billion in high yield fixed income assets. The Advisor wholly-owned subsidiary of Wachovia Corporation.

The Fund pays the Advisor an annual fee for its investme advisory services equal to 0.60% of the Fund's average d Total Assets. This fee is payable monthly. "Total Assets the net assets of the Fund (plus borrowings or other lev for investment purposes to the extent excluded in calcul net assets). See "Management of the Fund" beginning on

Trading Market

The Preferred Shares will not be listed on an exchange. Instead, you may buy or sell Preferred Shares at an auct that normally is held every days, by submitting ord broker-dealer that has entered into an agreement with th auction agent (a "Broker-Dealer"), or to a broker-dealer has entered into a separate agreement with a Broker-Deal addition to the auctions, Broker-Dealers and other broker-dealers may maintain a secondary trading market i Preferred Shares outside of auctions, but may discontinu activity at any time. There is no assurance that a secon market will provide shareholders with liquidity. You may transfer shares outside of auctions only to or through a broker-dealer that has entered into an agreement with th auction agent and the Fund or other person as the Fund permits. See "The Auction" beginning on page 60.

Dividends and Rate Periods

For the Preferred Shares, the initial dividend rate is _ the dividend payment date for the initial rate period is 2004 and the initial rate period and the initial rate pe is __ days. For subsequent rate periods, the Preferred Shares will pay dividends based on a rate set at auctions, normally every days. In most instances, dividends are payabl the first business day following the end of the rate per The rate set at auction will not exceed the applicable m rate. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Dividends a Periods." Dividends on the Preferred Shares will be cumu from the date the shares are first issued and will be pa of legally available funds.

The Fund may, subject to certain conditions, designate s

rate periods of more than _____ days. A requested special rate will not be effective unless sufficient clearing bids were received in the auction immediately preceding the special rate period. In addition, full cumulative dividends, any amounts due with respect to mandatory redemptions and any additional dividends payable prior to such date must be paid in full. The Fund has also received confirmation from Moody's and Fitch or another substitute rating agency that the proposed special rate will not adversely affect such rating agency's then-current rating on the Preferred Shares, and the lead Broker-Dealer designated by the Fund must not have objected to declaring a special rate period. The dividend payment date for special rate periods will be set out in the notice designating a special rate period. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Dividends and Rate Periods--Designation of Special Periods" and "The Auction."

Ratings.....

It is expected that the Preferred Shares will receive a rating of Aaa from Moody's and AAA from Fitch. The ratings are an assessment of the capacity and willingness of the issuer to pay preferred stock obligations. The ratings are a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell those shares inasmuch as the rating does not comment as to market price suitability for a particular investor. The ratings also address the likelihood that an owner of Preferred Shares will be able to sell such shares in an auction or otherwise. The ratings are based on information obtained from the Fund and other sources. The ratings may be changed, suspended or withdrawn in the rating agencies' discretion as a result of changes in, or the unavailability of, such information. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage."

Redemption

The Fund is required to redeem Preferred Shares if the Fund does not meet an asset coverage ratio required by the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the rules and regulations thereunder, as amended (the "1940 Act"), or correct a failure to meet a rating agency guideline in a timely manner. The Fund may voluntarily redeem Preferred Shares, in whole or in part, under certain conditions. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Redemption" and "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage."

Asset Maintenance

Under the Statement, which establishes and fixes the rights and preferences of the Preferred Shares, the Fund must maintain:

- o asset coverage of the Preferred Shares as required by the rating agency or agencies rating the Preferred Shares
- o asset coverage of at least 200% with respect to securities that are stock, including the Preferred Shares, as discussed in "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage."

In the event that the Fund does not maintain (or cure a failure to maintain) these coverage tests, some or all of the Preferred Shares will be subject to mandatory redemption. See "Description of Preferred Shares -Redemption."

Based on the composition of the Fund's portfolio as of _____, 2004, the asset coverage of the Preferred Shares as measured

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pursuant to the 1940 Act would be approximately % if Fund were to issue Preferred Shares representing approximately % of the Fund's Total Assets as of 2004. The Fund expects that the Preferred Shares issued represent approximately 35% of the Fund's total assets a time of issuance.

Liquidation Preference

The liquidation preference for the Preferred Shares will be \$25,000 per share plus accumulated unpaid dividends, if any, whether or not earned or declared. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Liquidation."

Voting Rights.....

The holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, voting as a separate class, have the right to elect at least two Trustees of the Fund at all times. Such holder have the right to elect a majority of the Trustees in the next that two years' dividends on the preferred shares are unpaid. In each case, the remaining Trustees will be elected by the holders of common shares and preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, voting together as a single class. The holders of common shares and preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, will vote as a separate class or classes on certain other matters required under the Statement, the 1940 Act and Delaware law. See "Description of Preferred Shares--Voting Rights," and "Anti-takeover Provisions in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-Laws."

Federal Income Taxation

The Fund intends to take the position that under present law the Preferred Shares will constitute stock of the Fund. Distributions with respect to the Preferred Shares (other than distributions in redemption of the Preferred Shares that are treated as exchanges of stock under Section 302(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code")) will constitute dividends to the extent of the Fund's current accumulated earnings and profits as calculated for U.S. income tax purposes. For taxable years beginning on or after December 31, 2008, however, dividends that are designated to the Fund as qualified dividend income will be taxable to individual shareholders at a maximum federal income tax rate of 15%, provided holding period and other requirements are satisfied. Distributions of net capital gain that are designated by the Fund as capital gain dividends will be treated as long-term capital gains without regard to the length of time the shareholder has held shares of the Fund. See "U.S. Federal Income Tax Matters" beginning on page 64.

The Fund intends to seek an exemptive order from the Commission that would allow it to distribute capital gains monthly and to further allow it to maintain a stable level of distributions to its shareholders.

Custodian, Auction Agent, Transfer Agent, Dividend Paying Agent and Registrar.....

State Street Bank and Trust Company serves as the Fund's custodian. Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas serves as the auction agent, transfer agent, dividend paying agent, redemption agent and registrar for the Preferred Shares.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Unaudited)

Information contained in the table below shows the unaudited operating performance of the Fund from the commencement of the Fund's operations on April 30, 2004 through , 2004. Since the Fund was recently organized, the table covers approximately one month of operations.

[Financial Highlights to be inserted]

The information above represents the unaudited operating performance for a common share outstanding, total investment return, ratios to average net assets and other supplemental data for the period indicated. This information has been determined based upon financial information provided in the financial statements and market value data for the Fund's common shares.

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THE FUND

The Fund is a recently organized, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund was organized as a statutory trust under the laws of the state of Delaware on February 4, 2004, and has registered under the 1940 Act. On April 30, 2004, the Fund issued an aggregate of 11,500,000 common shares of beneficial interest, no par value, pursuant to an initial public offering. The Fund issued common shares on , 2004 and common shares on , 2004 pursuant to an over-allotment provision. The Fund's common shares are traded on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol "ERH." The Fund's principal office is located at 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116-5034, and its telephone number is 1-800-343-2898.

The following provides information about the Fund's outstanding shares as of , 2004.

Title of Class	Amount Authorized	Amount held by the Fund or for its Account	Amount Ou
Common Shares	Unlimited	0	
Preferred Shares:			
Series [] Preferred Shares	Unlimited	0	0

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of this offering will be approximately \$_____ after payment of the estimated offering costs and sales load. The Fund will invest the net proceeds of the offering in accordance with its investment objective and policies as stated below. However, investments that, in the judgment of the Advisor, are appropriate for the Fund may not be immediately available. Therefore, the Fund expects that there will be a period of up to two months following the completion of its Preferred Shares offering before the proceeds are fully invested in accordance with its investment objective and policies. In addition, the Fund may use the net proceeds to satisfy any outstanding borrowings, including those through bank loans and reverse repurchase agreements. Pending such investment, the Fund anticipates that all or a portion of the proceeds will be invested in U.S. government securities or high grade, short-term money market instruments. See "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies."

CAPITALIZATION (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the capitalization of the Fund as of

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_____, 2004, and as adjusted to give effect to the issuance of the Preferred Shares offered hereby assuming the Fund issues Preferred Shares representing approximately 35% of the Fund's Total Assets as of _____, 2004 (which includes sales load and estimated offering costs of \$ _____). The Fund expects that the Preferred Shares issued will represent approximately 35% of the Fund's total assets at the time of issuance.

	Actual
Preferred Shares, \$25,000 stated value per share, at liquidation value; unlimited shares authorized (no shares issued; shares issued, as adjusted)	\$ --
 Shareholder's Equity:	
Paid in capital (Common shares, no par value per share; unlimited shares authorized, _____ shares outstanding (1)).....	
Balance of undistributed net investment income	
Accumulated net realized gain/loss from investment transactions... Net unrealized appreciation/depreciation of investments.....	
 Net assets attributable to common shares	\$ =====

(1) None of these outstanding shares are held by or for the account of the Fund.

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

As of _____, 2004, approximately _____ % of the market value of the Fund's portfolio was invested in equity securities and convertible debentures of utilities companies and approximately _____ % of the market value of the Fund's portfolio was invested in high yield debt securities. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the composition of the Fund's investment portfolio as of _____, 2004, based on the highest rating assigned each investment.

Credit Rating+	Value (000)	Percent
	-----	-----
Aaa/AAA	\$	%
Aa/AA.....		%
A/A.....		%
Baa/BBB		%
Ba/BB		%
B/B		%
Caa/CCC		%
Ca/CC		%

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Unrated++.....		%
Short-Term.....		%
TOTAL.....	\$	%

+ Ratings assigned by Moody's and S&P. These ratings are an assessment of the capacity and willingness of an issuer to pay the principal and interest on the securities being rated. The ratings are not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the securities being rated inasmuch as the rating does not comment as to market price or suitability for a particular investor. The meanings assigned by Moody's and S&P to their ratings are attached as an Appendix to the Statement of Additional Information.

++ Refers to securities that have not been rated by Moody's or S&P. See "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies--Principal Investment Strategies."

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Investment Objective

The Fund's investment objective is to seek a high level of current income and moderate capital growth, with an emphasis on providing tax-advantaged dividend income. The Fund's investment objective is a fundamental policy and may not be changed without the approval of a majority of the outstanding voting securities (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Fund. The Fund makes no assurance that it will realize its objective.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of utilities companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies) and in U.S non-investment grade debt securities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 70% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utility (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies), and approximately 30% of its total assets in an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures, and other income obligations. This is a non-fundamental policy and may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Fund so long as shareholders are provided with at least 60 days prior written notice of any change as required by the rules under the 1940 Act. The Advisor reserves the discretion based upon market conditions to reallocate the proportions of total assets invested in each investment strategy. No more than 35% of the Fund's total assets will be invested in non-investment grade debt securities. The Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in foreign securities.

An investment in the Fund may be speculative in that it involves a high degree of risk and should not constitute a complete investment program. See "Risk Factors."

The Fund principally allocates its assets between two separate investment strategies:

o Utility Securities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund expects to invest approximately 70% of its total assets in an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utility companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies). The Fund may invest this portion of its assets in companies of all market capitalizations. This portion generally will be invested in approximately

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60 to 70 different securities of utilities companies. In addition, the Fund may invest up to 35% of this portion of the Fund's assets in convertible debentures of utility companies of any quality. Of this 35%, a maximum of 7% may be non-investment grade.

Recent changes in the tax laws have allowed qualifying dividends to be taxed at the same rate as long-term capital gains (currently 15%). Through the Fund's investments in the utilities sector, the Fund expects to invest a significant portion of its assets in equity securities that pay quarterly dividends qualifying for such rate. Therefore, a significant portion of the Fund's yield may be considered to be tax-advantaged relative to investments in securities that do not qualify for the same rate as long-term capital gains. However, because the Fund will also invest in debt obligations, it will have less tax advantages than a fund fully invested in securities qualifying for this rate.

o U.S. High Yield Debt Securities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests approximately 30% of its total assets in an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures and other income obligations.

The high yield securities in which this portion of the Fund invests are expected to be rated between and including B3 and Ba1 by Moody's or B- and BB+ by S&P or will be unrated but determined by the Advisor to be of comparable quality. This portion of the Fund's portfolio targets securities with a minimum rating of B to BB at the time of purchase and attempts to maintain a weighted average credit quality with respect to the high yield securities of B to BB. This portion of the Fund will not purchase high yield securities with a rating of CCC or below, although the Fund may hold such securities as a result of a downgrade in ratings subsequent to their purchase. No more than 10% of this portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in securities that are rated CCC or below or are unrated. Debt securities rated below investment grade are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Non-investment grade debt securities involve greater risk of loss, are subject to greater price volatility and are less liquid, especially during periods of economic uncertainty or change, than higher rated debt securities. For purposes of the Fund's credit quality policies, if a security receives different ratings from nationally recognized securities rating organizations, the Fund will use the rating chosen by the portfolio managers as most representative of the security's credit quality. The Fund's high yield securities may have fixed or variable principal payments and all types of interest rate and dividend payment and reset terms, including fixed rate, adjustable rate, contingent, deferred, payment in kind and auction rate features. The Fund invests in high yield securities with a broad range of maturities. The Advisor anticipates that, assuming the Preferred Shares represent approximately 35% of the Fund's capital immediately after their issuance, the weighted average duration of the Fund's high yield U.S. debt securities will be 4.6 to 9.2 years (after leverage), although there is no guarantee that this range will be obtained. Maturity measures the average final payable dates of debt instruments. Duration measures the average life of a bond, defined as the weighted-average maturity of the periods until payment is made, with weights proportional to the present value of payment. For example, a fund with a duration of 5 years would likely drop 5% in value if interest rates rise one percentage. Because the Fund will be leveraged, its net asset value may fall more than 5% because changes in the value of the Fund are borne entirely by the common shareholders.

In other than normal market conditions, when changing economic conditions and other factors cause the yield difference between lower rated and higher rated securities to narrow, the Fund may purchase higher rated U.S. debt instruments if the Advisor believes that the risk of loss of income and principal may be reduced substantially with only a relatively small reduction in

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yield.

The Advisor will monitor the weighting of each investment strategy within the Fund's portfolio on an ongoing basis and rebalance the Fund's assets when the Advisor determines that such a rebalancing is necessary to align the portfolio in accordance with the investment strategies described above in "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies--Principal Investment Strategies." From time to time, the Fund's Advisor may make adjustments to the weighting of each investment strategy. Such adjustments would be based on the Advisor's review and consideration of the expected returns for each investment strategy and would factor in the stock, bond and money markets, interest rate and corporate earnings growth trends, and economic conditions which support changing investment opportunities.

Other Investment Techniques and Strategies

In addition to the principal investment strategies discussed above, the Fund may at times invest a portion of its assets in the investment strategies and may use certain investment techniques as described below. The Statement of Additional Information provides a more detailed discussion of certain of these and other securities and techniques and indicates if the Fund is subject to any limitations with respect to a particular investment strategy. (Please note that some of these strategies may be a principal investment strategy for a portion of the Fund and consequently are also described above under "Principal Investment Strategies".)

Investments in Equity Securities. The Fund may invest in equity securities. Equity securities, such as common stock, generally represent an ownership interest in a company. While equity securities have historically generated higher average returns than fixed income securities, equity securities have also experienced significantly more volatility in those returns. An adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of a particular equity security held by the Fund. Also, the price of equity securities, particularly common stocks, are sensitive to general movements in the stock market. A drop in the stock market may depress the price of equity securities held by the Fund.

Convertible and Other Securities. The Fund's investment in fixed income securities may include bonds and preferred stocks that are convertible into the equity securities of the issuer or a related company. The Fund will not invest more than 35% of the utilities portion of the Fund's assets in convertible securities of any quality. Of this 35%, a maximum of 7% may be non-investment grade. Depending upon the relationship of the conversion price to the market value of the underlying securities, convertible securities may trade more like equity securities than debt instruments.

Foreign Currency Transactions. Foreign currency transactions are entered into for the purpose of hedging against foreign exchange risk arising from the Fund's investment or anticipated investment in securities denominated in foreign currencies. The Fund also may enter into these contracts for purposes of increasing exposure to a foreign currency or to shift exposure to foreign currency fluctuations from one country to another. Foreign currency transactions include the purchase of foreign currency on a spot (or cash) basis, contracts to purchase or sell foreign currencies at a future date (forward contracts), the purchase and sale of foreign currency futures contracts, and the purchase of exchange traded and over-the-counter call and put options on foreign currency futures contracts and on foreign currencies.

These hedging transactions do not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the securities which the Fund owns or intends to purchase or sell.

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They simply establish a rate of exchange which can be achieved at some future point in time.

Preferred Shares. The Fund may invest in preferred shares. Preferred shares are equity securities, but they have many characteristics of fixed income securities, such as a fixed dividend payment rate and/or a liquidity preference over the issuer's common shares. However, because preferred shares are equity securities, they may be more susceptible to risks traditionally associated with equity investments than the Fund's fixed income securities.

Corporate Loans. The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in loan participations and other claims against corporate borrowers. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in corporate loans. The Fund considers corporate loans to be high yield debt instruments if the issuer has outstanding debt securities rated below investment grade or has no rated securities, and includes corporate loans in determining the percentage of its total assets that are invested in high yield debt instruments. The corporate loans in which the Fund invests primarily consist of direct obligations of a borrower. The Fund may invest in a corporate loan at origination as a co-lender or by acquiring in the secondary market participations in, assignments of or novations of a corporate loan. By purchasing a participation, the Fund acquires some or all of the interest of a bank or other lending institution in a loan to a corporate borrower. The participations typically will result in the Fund having a contractual relationship only with the lender, not the borrower. The Fund will have the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the participation and only upon receipt by the lender of the payments from the borrower. Many such loans are secured, although some may be unsecured. Loans that are fully secured offer the Fund more protection than an unsecured loan in the event of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal. However, there is no assurance that the liquidation of collateral from a secured loan would satisfy the corporate borrower's obligation, or that the collateral can be liquidated. Direct debt instruments may involve a risk of loss in case of default or insolvency of the borrower and may offer less legal protection to the Fund in the event of fraud or misrepresentation. In addition, loan participations involve a risk of insolvency of the lending bank or other financial intermediary. The markets in loans are not regulated by federal securities laws or the Commission.

As in the case of other high yield investments, such corporate loans may be rated in the lower rating categories of the established rating services (B3 or higher by Moody's or B- or higher by S&P), or may be unrated investments considered by the Advisor to be of comparable quality. As in the case of other high yield investments, such corporate loans can be expected to provide higher yields than lower yielding, higher rated fixed income securities, but may be subject to greater risk of loss of principal and income. There are, however, some significant differences between corporate loans and high yield bonds. Corporate loan obligations are frequently secured by pledges of liens and security interests in the assets of the borrower, and the holders of corporate loans are frequently the beneficiaries of debt service subordination provisions imposed on the borrower's bondholders. These arrangements are designed to give corporate loan investors preferential treatment over high yield investors in the event of a deterioration in the credit quality of the issuer. Even when these arrangements exist, however, there can be no assurance that the borrowers of the corporate loans will repay principal and/or pay interest in full. Corporate loans generally bear interest at rates set at a margin above a generally recognized base lending rate that may fluctuate on a day-to-day basis, in the case of the prime rate of a U.S. bank. Consequently, the value of corporate loans held by the Fund may be expected to fluctuate significantly less than the value of other fixed rate high yield instruments as a result of changes in the interest rate environment. On the other hand, the secondary dealer market for certain corporate loans may not be as well developed as the secondary dealer market for high yield bonds and, therefore, presents increased market risk

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relating to liquidity and pricing concerns.

Structured Securities. The Fund may invest in structured securities. The value of the principal and/or interest on such securities is determined by reference to changes in the value of specific currencies, interest rates, commodities, indices or other financial indicators ("Reference") or the relative change in two or more References. The interest rate or the principal amount payable upon maturity or redemption may be increased or decreased depending upon changes in the Reference. The terms of the structured securities may provide in certain circumstances that no principal is due at maturity and, therefore, may result in a loss of the Fund's investment. Changes in the interest rate or principal payable at maturity may be a multiple of the changes in the value of the Reference. Consequently, structured securities may entail a greater degree of market risk than other types of fixed income securities.

U.S. Government Securities. U.S. government securities in which the Fund may invest include debt obligations of varying maturities issued by the U.S. Treasury or issued or guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the U.S. government, including the Federal Housing Administration, Federal Financing Bank, Farmers Home Administration, Export-Import Bank of the United States, Small Business Administration, Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), General Services Administration, Central Bank for Cooperatives, Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Maritime Administration, Tennessee Valley Authority, District of Columbia Armory Board, Student Loan Marketing Association, Resolution Trust Corporation and various institutions that previously were or currently are part of the Farm Credit System (which has been undergoing reorganization since 1987). Some U.S. government securities, such as U.S. Treasury bills, Treasury notes and Treasury bonds, which differ only in their interest rates, maturities and times of issuance, are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States. Securities issued by GNMA, but not those issued by FNMA or FHLMC, are also backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Others are supported by: (1) the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, such as securities of the Federal Home Loan Banks; (2) the discretionary authority of the U.S. government to purchase the agency's obligations, such as securities of the FNMA or FHLMC; or (3) only the credit of the issuer. In general, securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities are neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support in the future to U.S. government agencies, authorities or instrumentalities that are not supported by the full faith and credit of the United States. Securities guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government, its agencies, authorities or instrumentalities include: (i) securities for which the payment of principal and interest is backed by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by the U.S. government or any of its agencies, authorities or instrumentalities; and (ii) participations in loans made to non-U.S. governments or other entities that are so guaranteed. The secondary market for certain of these participations is limited and, therefore, they may be regarded as illiquid (i.e., the Fund cannot easily resell them within seven days at current value).

Other Investment Companies. The Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies to the extent that such investments are consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies and permissible under the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, the Fund may not acquire the securities of other domestic or non-U.S. investment companies if, as a result, (i) more than 10% of the Fund's total assets would be invested in securities of other investment companies, (ii) such purchase would result in more than 3% of the total outstanding voting securities of any one investment company being held by the Fund, or (iii) more than 5% of the Fund's total assets would be invested in any one investment company. These limitations do not apply to the purchase of shares of any investment company in connection with a merger, consolidation, reorganization or acquisition of substantially all the assets of another investment company. The

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Fund, as a holder of the securities of other investment companies, will bear its pro rata portion of the other investment companies' expenses, including advisory fees. These expenses are in addition to the direct expenses of the Fund's own operations.

Defensive and Temporary Investments. Under unusual market or economic conditions or for temporary defensive purposes, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its instrumentalities or agencies, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and other bank obligations, commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization or other fixed income securities deemed by the Advisor to be consistent with a defensive posture, or may hold cash. To the extent the Fund implements defensive strategies, it may be unable to achieve its investment objective.

Derivatives. The Fund may, but is not required to, use various derivatives described below to earn income, facilitate portfolio management and mitigate risks. Such derivatives are generally accepted under modern portfolio management and are regularly used by many mutual funds and other institutional investors. Although the Advisor seeks to use the practices to further the Fund's investment objective, no assurance can be given that these practices will achieve this result.

The Fund may purchase and sell derivative instruments such as exchange-listed and over-the-counter put and call options on securities, financial futures, equity, fixed-income and interest rate indices, and other financial instruments, purchase and sell financial futures contracts and options thereon, and enter into various interest rate transactions such as swaps, caps, floors or collars. The Fund also may purchase derivative instruments that combine features of these instruments. Collectively, all of the above are referred to as "derivatives." The Fund generally seeks to use derivatives as a portfolio management or hedging technique to seek to protect against possible adverse changes in the market value of securities held in or to be purchased for the Fund's portfolio, protect the value of the Fund's portfolio, facilitate the sale of certain securities for investment purposes, manage the effective interest rate exposure of the Fund, manage the effective maturity or duration of the Fund's portfolio, or establish positions in the derivatives markets as a temporary substitute for purchasing or selling particular securities. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in futures and options on securities and indices and in other derivatives. In addition, the Fund may enter into interest rate swap transactions with respect to the total amount the Fund is leveraged in order to hedge against adverse changes in interest rates affecting dividends payable on any preferred shares or interest payable on borrowings constituting leverage. In connection with any such swap transaction, the Fund will segregate liquid securities in the amount of its obligations under the transaction. The Fund generally does not anticipate using derivatives for non-hedging purposes, but in the event the Advisor uses derivatives for non-hedging purposes, no more than 10% of the Fund's total assets will be committed to initial margin for derivatives for such purposes.

Derivatives have risks, including the imperfect correlation between the value of such instruments and the underlying assets, the possible default of the other party to the transaction or illiquidity of the derivative instruments. Furthermore, the ability to successfully use derivatives depends on the Advisor's ability to predict pertinent market movements, which cannot be assured. Thus, the use of derivatives may result in losses greater than if they had not been used, may require the Fund to sell or purchase portfolio securities at inopportune times or for prices other than current market values, may limit the amount of appreciation the Fund can realize on an investment, or may cause the Fund to hold a security that it might otherwise sell. Additionally, amounts paid by the Fund as premiums and cash or other assets held in margin accounts with respect to derivatives are not otherwise available to the Fund for

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investment purposes.

A more complete discussion of derivatives and their risks is contained in the Statement of Additional Information.

Repurchase Agreements. The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with broker-dealers, member banks of the Federal Reserve System and other financial institutions. Repurchase agreements are arrangements under which the Fund purchases securities and the seller agrees to repurchase the securities within a specific time and at a specific price. The repurchase price is generally higher than the Fund's purchase price, with the difference being income to the Fund. Under the direction of the Board of Trustees, the Advisor reviews and monitors the creditworthiness of any institution which enters into a repurchase agreement with the Fund. The counterparty's obligations under the repurchase agreement are collateralized with U.S. Treasury and/or agency obligations with a market value of not less than 100% of the obligations, valued daily. Collateral is held by the Fund's custodian in a segregated, safekeeping account for the benefit of the Fund. Repurchase agreements afford the Fund an opportunity to earn income on temporarily available cash at low risk. In the event of commencement of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings with respect to the seller of the security before repurchase of the security under a repurchase agreement, the Fund may encounter delay and incur costs before being able to sell the security. Such a delay may involve loss of interest or a decline in price of the security. If a court characterizes the transaction as a loan and the Fund has not perfected a security interest in the security, the Fund may be required to return the security to the seller's estate and be treated as an unsecured creditor of the seller. As an unsecured creditor, the Fund would be at risk of losing some or all of the principal and interest involved in the transaction.

Lending of Portfolio Securities. The Fund may lend portfolio securities to registered broker-dealers, or other institutional investors, deemed by the Advisor to be creditworthy (and approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund) under agreements which require that the loans be secured continuously by collateral in cash, cash equivalents or U.S. Treasury bills maintained on a current basis at an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities loaned. The Fund continues to receive the equivalent of the interest or dividends paid by the issuer on the securities loaned as well as the benefit of any increase and the detriment of any decrease in the market value of the securities loaned and would also receive compensation based on investment of the collateral. The Fund would not have the right to vote any securities having voting rights during the existence of the loan, but would call the loan in anticipation of an important vote to be taken among holders of the securities or of the giving or withholding of consent on a material matter affecting the investment.

As with other extensions of credit, there are risks of delay in recovery or even loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower of the securities fail financially. The Fund will lend portfolio securities only to firms that have been approved in advance by the Board of Trustees, which will monitor the creditworthiness of any such firms. At no time would the value of the securities loaned exceed 35% of the value of the Fund's total assets.

Portfolio Turnover. It is the policy of the Fund not to engage in trading for short-term profits although portfolio turnover is not considered a limiting factor in the execution of investment decisions for the Fund.

Due to market conditions or otherwise, investments that, in the judgment of the Advisor, are appropriate investments for the Fund may not be immediately available. Therefore, the Fund expects that there will be an initial investment period of up to two months following the completion of the Preferred Shares offering before the proceeds are fully invested in accordance with its investment objective and policies. Pending such investment, the Fund anticipates

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that all or a portion of the proceeds will be invested in U.S. government securities or high grade, short-term money market instruments.

Leverage

In addition to the issuance of Preferred Shares, which will represent approximately 35% of the Fund's capital immediately after their issuance, the Fund may also borrow money from banks or other financial institutions or issue debt securities. Such borrowings would have seniority over the Preferred Shares including with respect to any distributions of assets that the Fund might make and could limit the amount of funds available for distributions of income. The Fund will not issue debt securities or additional preferred shares or borrow money if, immediately after such issuance or borrowing, total leverage for the Fund exceeds 38% of the Fund's total assets immediately after such issuance or borrowing. The Fund may also borrow through reverse repurchase agreements (up to 20% of its total assets subject to the overall limitation on leverage and borrowings).

The Advisor's Investment Approach

The Fund combines investments in high yield debt securities with equity securities and convertible debentures of utilities companies. Each of these sectors has its own distinct attributes that the Advisor believes could contribute to the potential for the Fund to achieve its investment objective. There is no guarantee that the Fund will obtain its investment objective. The Fund is managed following a rigorous investment process that emphasizes both quality and value. The research-driven approach includes both a top-down review of macroeconomic factors and intensive, bottom-up scrutiny of individual securities. The Advisor considers both broad economic and issuer specific factors in selecting a portfolio which it believes will achieve the Fund's investment objective. In assessing the appropriate maturity and duration for the Fund's portfolio and the credit quality parameters and weighting objectives for sector and industry of each portion of the Fund's portfolio, the Advisor considers a variety of factors that are expected to influence the economic environment and the dynamics of the equity and debt securities markets. These factors include fundamental economic indicators, such as interest rate trends, the rates of economic growth and inflation, the performance of equity markets, commodities prices, monetary policies in the U.S. and overseas and the relative value of the U.S. dollar compared to other currencies. Once the Advisor determines the preferable portfolio characteristics, the Advisor conducts further evaluation to determine capacity and inventory levels in the utility industry. The Advisor considers a number of factors when selecting individual utility company stocks: a history of high dividends and profits; the size of the company's market and market share; competitive or technological advantages that may help it in the future; potential merger activity; and the projected volatility of the company or industry. The stock selection is based on a blended style of equity management that allows it to invest in both value- and growth-oriented equity securities. The Advisor also selects individual securities based upon the terms of the securities (such as yields compared to U.S. Treasuries or comparable issues), liquidity and rating. In addition, the Advisor employs due diligence and fundamental research to assess an issuer's credit quality, taking into account financial condition and profitability, future capital needs, potential for change in rating, industry outlook, the competitive environment and management ability. The Advisor uses extensive, proprietary research and broad sector diversification to help manage risk. The Advisor considers both macro- and microeconomic factors -- such as inflation, consumer spending and wages -- that affect the conditions of firms in the Fund's portfolio.

The Advisor's analysis of issuers may include, among other things, historic and current financial conditions, current and anticipated cash flow and borrowing requirements, value of assets in relation to historical costs,

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strength of management, responsiveness to business conditions, credit standing, the company's leverage versus industry norms and current and anticipated results of operations. While the Advisor considers as one factor in its credit analysis the ratings assigned by the rating services, the Advisor performs its own independent credit analysis of issuers and, consequently, the Fund may invest, without limit, in unrated securities. As a result, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective may depend to a greater extent on the Advisor's own credit analysis than investment companies which invest in higher rated securities. The Advisor's analysis also includes quantitative and qualitative research and modeling designed to evaluate the effects of changing interest rate and prepayment scenarios and their effect on the performance of the security and portfolio.

In making portfolio decisions, the Advisor relies on the knowledge, experience and judgment of its staff who has access to a wide variety of research. Each portfolio management team applies a strict sell discipline to its portion of the Fund's portfolio, which is as important as purchase criteria in determining a portfolio holding's performance. The Fund may continue to hold securities that are downgraded after the Fund purchases them and will sell such securities only if, in the Advisor's judgment, it is advantageous to sell such securities.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Fund involves risk, including the risk that you may receive little or no return on your investment or that you may lose part or all of your investment. Therefore, before investing you should consider carefully the following risks that you assume when you invest in Preferred Shares.

Risks of Investment in Preferred Shares

Leverage Risk. The Fund uses financial leverage for investment purposes by issuing preferred shares. It is currently anticipated that, taking into account the Preferred Shares being offered in this prospectus, the initial amount of leverage will represent approximately 35% of the Fund's total assets. A portion of the Fund's overall leverage may be comprised of borrowings from banks.

The Fund's leveraged capital structure creates special risks not associated with unleveraged funds having similar investment objectives and policies. These include the possibility that the value of the assets acquired with such borrowing decreases although the Fund's liability is fixed, the possibility of higher volatility of the net asset value of the Fund and the Preferred Shares' asset coverage, fluctuations in the dividend paid by the Fund and higher expenses. The Fund does not intend to issue debt securities or additional preferred shares or borrow money if, immediately after such issuance or borrowing, total leverage for the Fund exceeds 38% of the Fund's total assets immediately after such issuance or borrowing.

Because the fee paid to the Advisor will be calculated on the basis of the Fund's Total Assets (which are the net assets of the Fund plus borrowings or other leverage for investment purposes to the extent excluded in calculating net assets), the fee will be higher when leverage is utilized, giving the Advisor an incentive to utilize leverage.

Interest Rate Risk. The Preferred Shares pay dividends based on shorter-term interest rates. The Fund invests a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the Preferred Shares in intermediate- and longer-term, typically fixed rate bonds. The interest rates on intermediate- and longer-term bonds are typically, although not always, higher than shorter-term interest rates. Both

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shorter-term and intermediate- to longer-term interest rates may fluctuate. If shorter-term interest rates rise, dividend rates on the Preferred Shares may rise so that the amount of dividends to be paid to holders of Preferred Shares exceeds the income from the intermediate- and longer-term bonds and other investments purchased by the Fund with the proceeds from the sale of Preferred Shares. Because income from the Fund's entire investment portfolio (not just the portion of the portfolio purchased with the proceeds of the Preferred Shares offering) is available to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares, however, dividend rates on the Preferred Shares would need to exceed the rate of return on the Fund's investment portfolio by a wide margin before the Fund's ability to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares would be jeopardized. If intermediate- to longer-term interest rates rise, this could negatively impact the value of the Fund's investment portfolio, reducing the amount of assets serving as asset coverage for the Preferred Shares.

Auction Risk. The dividend rate for the Preferred Shares normally is set through an auction process. In the auction, holders of Preferred Shares may indicate the dividend rate at which they would be willing to hold or sell their Preferred Shares or purchase additional Preferred Shares. The auction also provides liquidity for the sale of Preferred Shares. An auction fails if there are more Preferred Shares offered for sale than there are buyers. You may not be able to sell your Preferred Shares at an auction if the auction fails. Also, if you place hold orders (orders to retain Preferred Shares) at an auction only at a specified dividend rate, and that rate exceeds the rate set at the auction, you will not retain your Preferred Shares. Additionally, if you buy shares or elect to retain shares without specifying a dividend rate below which you would not wish to buy or continue to hold those shares, you could receive a lower rate of return on your shares than the market rate. Finally, the dividend period for the Preferred Shares may be changed by the Fund, subject to certain conditions with notice to the holders of Preferred Shares, which could also effect the liquidation of your investment. See "Description of Preferred Shares" and "The Auction--Auction Procedures."

Secondary Market Risk. If you try to sell your Preferred Shares between auctions you may not be able to sell any or all of your shares or you may not be able to sell them for \$25,000 per share or \$25,000 per share plus accumulated dividends. If the Fund has designated a special rate period (a rate period of more than days, changes in interest rates could affect the price you would receive if you sold your shares in the secondary market. You may transfer shares outside of auctions only to or through a broker-dealer that has entered into an agreement with the Fund's auction agent, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, and the Fund or such other person as the Fund permits. The Fund does not anticipate imposing significant restrictions on transfers to other persons. However, unless any such other person has entered into a relationship with a broker-dealer that has entered into a broker-dealer agreement with the auction agent, that person will not be able to submit bids at auctions with respect to the Preferred Shares. Broker-dealers that maintain a secondary trading market for Preferred Shares are not required to maintain this market, and the Fund is not required to redeem shares either if an auction or an attempted secondary market sale fails because of a lack of buyers. The Preferred Shares will not be listed on a stock exchange or the Nasdaq stock market. If you sell your Preferred Shares to a broker-dealer between auctions, you may receive less than the price you paid for them, especially if market interest rates have risen since the last auction.

Ratings and Asset Coverage Risk. While it is expected that Moody's will assign a rating of Aaa to the Preferred Shares and Fitch will assign a rating of AAA to the Preferred Shares, such ratings do not eliminate or necessarily mitigate the risks of investing in Preferred Shares. Moody's or Fitch could downgrade its rating of the Preferred Shares or withdraw its rating of the Preferred Shares at any time, which may make your shares less liquid at an auction or in the secondary market. If Moody's or Fitch downgrades the Preferred

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Shares, the Fund may alter its portfolio or redeem Preferred Shares in an effort to improve the rating, although there is no assurance that it will be able to do so to the extent necessary to restore the prior rating. If the Fund fails to satisfy the asset coverage ratios discussed under "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage," the Fund will be required to redeem a sufficient number of Preferred Shares in order to return to compliance with the asset coverage ratios. The Fund may be required to redeem Preferred Shares at a time when it is not advantageous for the Fund to make such redemption or to liquidate portfolio securities in order to have available cash for such redemption. The Fund may voluntarily redeem Preferred Shares under certain circumstances in order to meet asset maintenance tests. While a sale of substantially all the assets of the Fund or the merger of the Fund into another entity would require the approval of the holders of the Preferred Shares voting as a separate class as discussed under "Description of the Preferred Shares--Voting Rights," a sale of substantially all the assets of the Fund or the merger of the Fund with or into another entity would not be treated as a liquidation of the Fund nor require that the Fund redeem the Preferred Shares, in whole or in part, provided that the Fund continued to comply with the asset coverage ratios discussed under "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage." See "Description of Preferred Shares--Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage" for a description of the asset maintenance tests the Fund must meet.

Restrictions on Dividends and Other Distributions. Restrictions imposed on the declaration and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of the Fund's common shares and Preferred Shares, both by the 1940 Act and by requirements imposed by rating agencies, might impair the Fund's ability to maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes. While the Fund may redeem Preferred Shares to enable the Fund to distribute its income as required to maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company under the Code, there can be no assurance that such redemptions can be effected in time to meet the requirements of the Code. See "U.S. Federal Income Tax Matters."

General Risks of Investing in the Fund

Limited Operating History Risk. The Fund is a recently organized closed-end management investment company that commenced operations in April 2004.

Investment Risk. An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in the Fund represents an indirect investment in the securities owned by the Fund. The value of these securities may increase or decrease, at times rapidly and unexpectedly. Your investment in the Fund may at any point in the future be worth less than your original investment even after taking into account the reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

Concentration Risk. An investment in a fund that concentrates its investments in a single sector or industry entails greater risk than an investment in a fund that invests its assets in numerous sectors or industries. A Fund may be vulnerable to any financial, economic, political or other development in its concentration sector or industry that may weaken the sector or industry. As a result, the Fund's shares may fluctuate more widely in value than those of a fund investing in a number of different sectors or industries.

Non-Diversification Risk. The Fund will invest primarily in securities of utilities (including telecommunications) companies. An investment in a fund that is non-diversified entails greater risk than an investment in a diversified fund. When a fund is non-diversified, it may invest a greater percentage of assets in a single issuer than may be invested by a diversified fund. A higher percentage of investments among fewer issuers may result in greater fluctuation in the total market value of the Fund's portfolio as compared to a fund which

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invests in numerous issuers.

Utility Securities Risk. Investments in utility sectors include the unique risks associated with decreases in the demand for utility company products and services, increased competition resulting from deregulation, and rising energy costs, among others. Such developments also could cause utility companies such as water, gas and electric companies, to reduce the dividends they pay on their stock, potentially decreasing the dividends you receive from the Fund. Telecommunications, similar to technology, is highly dependent on innovation and expansion of existing technologies, such as internet communications and the ability to access the internet through cellular phones, as well as intense pricing competition and industry consolidation. Water, gas and electric companies typically borrow heavily to support continuing operations. Increases in interest rates could increase these companies' borrowing costs, which could adversely impact their financial results and stock price, and ultimately the value of and total return on your Fund shares.

Investment Style Risk. Securities with different characteristics tend to shift in and out of favor depending upon market and economic conditions as well as investor sentiment. The Fund may outperform or underperform other funds that employ a different style of investing. The Fund may also employ a combination of styles that impact its risk characteristics. Examples of different styles include growth and value investing. Growth stocks may be more volatile than other stocks because they are more sensitive to investor perceptions of the issuing company's earnings growth potential. Growth-oriented funds will typically underperform when value investing is popular. Value stocks are those which are undervalued in comparison to their peers due to adverse business developments or other factors. Value-oriented funds will typically underperform when growth investing is popular.

Stock Market Risk. Your investment in the Fund will be affected by general economic conditions such as prevailing economic growth, inflation and interest rates. When economic growth slows, or interest or inflation rates increase, equity securities tend to decline in value. Such events could also cause companies to decrease the dividends they pay. If these events were to occur, the dividend yield, total return earned on and the value of your investment would likely decline. Even if general economic conditions do not change, the dividend yield, total return earned on and the value of your investment could decline if the particular industries, companies or sectors in which a Fund invests do not perform well.

Market Capitalization Risk. The Fund may invest the portion of its assets invested in utilities securities in securities of companies of all market capitalizations. Stocks fall into three broad market capitalization categories--large, medium and small. Investing primarily in one category carries the risk that due to current market conditions that category may be out of favor with investors. If valuations of large capitalization companies appear to be greatly out of proportion to the valuations of small or medium capitalization companies, investors may migrate to the stocks of small- and mid-sized companies causing a fund that invests in these companies to increase in value more rapidly than a fund that invests in larger, fully-valued companies. Investing in medium and small capitalization companies may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, smaller management groups or greater dependence on a few key employees, and a more limited trading market for their stocks as compared to larger capitalization companies. As a result, stocks of small and medium capitalization companies may decline significantly in market downturns or their value may fluctuate more sharply than other securities.

Preferred Stock Risk. The Fund may purchase preferred stock. Preferred stock, unlike common stock, has a stated dividend rate payable from the corporation's earnings. Preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or

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non-cumulative, participating, or auction rate. "Cumulative" dividend provisions require all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid. If interest rates rise, the fixed dividend on preferred stocks may be less attractive, causing the price of preferred stocks to decline. Preferred stock may have mandatory sinking fund provisions, as well as call/redemption provisions prior to maturity, which can be a negative feature when interest rates decline. The rights of preferred stock on distribution of a corporation's assets in the event of a liquidation are generally subordinate to the rights associated with a corporation's debt securities.

Credit Risk. Credit risk refers to an issuer's ability to make payments of principal and interest when they are due. Because the Fund will own securities with low credit quality, it will be subject to a high level of credit risk. The credit quality of such securities is considered speculative by rating agencies with respect to the issuer's ability to pay interest or principal. The prices of lower grade securities are more sensitive to negative corporate developments, such as a decline in profits, or adverse economic conditions, such as a recession, than are the prices of higher grade securities. Securities that have longer maturities or that do not make regular interest payments also fluctuate more in price in response to negative corporate or economic news. Therefore, lower grade securities may experience high default rates, which could mean that the Fund may lose some of its investments in such securities. If this occurs, the Fund's net asset value and ability to make distributions to you would be adversely affected. The effects of this default risk are significantly greater for the holders of lower grade securities because these securities often are unsecured and subordinated to the payment rights of other creditors of the issuer.

Interest Rate and Other Risks. Fixed income securities, including high yield securities, are subject to certain common risks, including:

If interest rates go up, the value of debt securities in the Fund's portfolio generally will decline. This is known as interest rate risk. Although the Fund's investment objective includes limiting the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk, there is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective;

During periods of declining interest rates, the issuer of a security may exercise its option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities. This is known as call or prepayment risk. Debt securities frequently have call features that allow the issuer to repurchase the security prior to its stated maturity. An issuer may redeem an obligation if the issuer can refinance the debt at a lower cost due to declining interest rates or an improvement in the credit standing of the issuer;

During periods of rising interest rates, the average life of certain types of securities may be extended because of slower than expected principal payments. This may lock in a below market interest rate, increase the security's duration (the estimated period until the security is paid in full) and reduce the value of the security. This is known as extension risk;

The Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, relative value or potential appreciation of a particular sector, security or investment strategy may prove to be incorrect. This is known as management risk; and

The Fund will be subject to credit risk with respect to the counterparties to the derivatives contracts purchased by the Fund. If a counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations under a derivative contract due to financial difficulties, the Fund may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery under the derivative contract in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. The Fund may obtain only a limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances. This is known as counterparty

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risk.

The Fund's use of leverage will increase interest rate risk. See "Risk Factors--Risks of Investment in Preferred Shares."

High Yield Debt Securities Risk. Investment in high yield securities involves substantial risk of loss. Non-investment grade debt securities or comparable unrated securities are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's ability to pay interest and principal and are susceptible to default or decline in market value due to adverse economic and business developments. The market values for high yield securities tend to be very volatile, and these securities are less liquid than investment grade debt securities. For these reasons, your investment in the Fund is subject to the following specific risks:

Increased price sensitivity to changing interest rates and to a deteriorating economic environment.

Greater risk of loss due to default or declining credit quality.

Adverse company specific events are more likely to render the issuer unable to make interest and/or principal payments.

If a negative perception of the high yield market develops, the price and liquidity of high yield securities may be depressed. This negative perception could last for a significant period of time.

Debt securities rated below investment grade are speculative with respect to the capacity to repay principal in accordance with the terms of such securities. See the Statement of Additional Information for a description of Moody's and S&P's ratings.

Adverse changes in economic conditions are more likely to cause a high yield issuer to default on principal and interest payments than an investment grade issuer. The principal amount of high yield securities outstanding has proliferated in the past decade as an increasing number of issuers have used high yield securities for corporate financing. An economic downturn could severely affect the ability of highly leveraged issuers to service their debt obligations or to repay their obligations upon maturity. If the national economy enters into a deeper recessionary phase during 2004 or interest rates rise sharply, the number of defaults by high yield issuers is likely to increase. Similarly, down-turns in profitability in specific industries could adversely affect the ability of high yield issuers in those industries to meet their obligations. The market values of lower rated debt securities tend to reflect individual developments of the issuer to a greater extent than do higher rated securities, which react primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates. Factors having an adverse impact on the market value of lower quality securities may have an adverse effect on the Fund's net asset value and the market value of its common shares. In addition, the Fund may incur additional expenses to the extent it is required to seek recovery upon a default in payment of principal or interest on its portfolio holdings. In certain circumstances, the Fund may be required to foreclose on an issuer's assets and take possession of its property or operations. In such circumstances, the Fund would incur additional costs in disposing of such assets and potential liabilities from operating any business acquired.

The secondary market for high yield securities may not be as liquid as the secondary market for more highly rated securities, a factor which may have an adverse effect on the Fund's ability to dispose of a particular security when necessary to meet its liquidity needs. There are fewer dealers in the market for high yield securities than for investment grade obligations. The prices quoted by different dealers may vary significantly and the spread between the bid and

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ask price is generally much larger than for higher rated instruments. Under adverse market or economic conditions, the secondary market for high yield securities could contract further, independent of any specific adverse changes in the condition of a particular issuer, and these instruments may become illiquid.

As a result, the Fund could find it more difficult to sell these securities or may be able to sell the securities only at prices lower than if such securities were widely traded. Prices realized upon the sale of such lower rated or unrated securities, under these circumstances, may be less than the prices used in calculating the Fund's net asset value.

Since investors generally perceive that there are greater risks associated with lower rated debt securities of the type in which the Fund may invest a portion of its assets, the yields and prices of such securities may tend to fluctuate more than those for higher rated securities. In the lower rated segments of the debt securities market, changes in perceptions of issuers' creditworthiness tend to occur more frequently and in a more pronounced manner than do changes in higher rated segments of the debt securities market, resulting in greater yield and price volatility.

If the Fund owns high yield securities that are rated CCC or below or if unrated, the equivalent thereof, the Fund will incur significant risk in addition to the risks associated with investments in high yield securities and corporate loans. However, the Fund would limit these types of securities to 10% of the portion of the Fund that invests in high yield securities. Distressed securities frequently do not produce income while they are outstanding. The Fund may purchase distressed securities that are in default or the issuers of which are in bankruptcy. The Fund may be required to bear certain extraordinary expenses in order to protect and recover its investment in these securities.

Issuer Risk. The value of corporate income-producing securities may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services.

Reinvestment Risk. Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from the Fund's bond portfolio will decline if and when the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called bonds at market interest rates that are below the portfolio's current earnings rate.

Foreign (Non-U.S.) Investment Risk. Investing in foreign issuers, including emerging market issuers, may involve unique risks compared to investing in the securities of U.S. issuers. Some of these risks do not apply to issuers located in larger, more developed countries. These risks are more pronounced if the Fund invests significantly in emerging market countries or in one country. For example, political turmoil and economic instability in the countries in which a Fund invests could adversely affect the dividend yield, total return earned on and the value of your investment. Less information about non-U.S. issuers or markets may be available due to less rigorous disclosure and accounting standards or regulatory practices. This may make it harder to get accurate information about a security or company, and increase the likelihood that an investment will not perform as well as expected. Many non-U.S. markets are smaller, less liquid and more volatile than U.S. markets. In a changing market, the Advisor may not be able to sell the Fund's portfolio securities in amounts and at prices the Advisor considers reasonable. Economic, political and social developments may significantly disrupt the financial markets or interfere with the Fund's ability to enforce its rights against foreign government issuers. The value of securities denominated in foreign currencies may fluctuate based on changes in the value of those currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, and a decline in applicable foreign exchange rates could reduce the value of such securities held by the Fund. Foreign settlement procedures also may involve

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additional risks.

The ability of a foreign sovereign issuer to make timely and ultimate payments on its debt obligations will also be strongly influenced by the sovereign issuer's balance of payments, including export performance, its access to international credits and investments, fluctuations of interest rates and the extent of its foreign reserves. A country whose exports are concentrated in a few commodities or whose economy depends on certain strategic imports could be vulnerable to fluctuations in international prices of these commodities or imports. To the extent that a country receives payment for its exports in currencies other than dollars, its ability to make debt payments denominated in dollars could be adversely affected. If a sovereign issuer cannot generate sufficient earnings from foreign trade to service its external debt, it may need to depend on continuing loans and aid from foreign governments, commercial banks and multinational organizations.

Additional factors that may influence the ability or willingness to service debt include, but are not limited to, a country's cash flow situation, the availability of sufficient foreign exchange on the date a payment is due, the relative size of its debt service burden to the economy as a whole, and its government's policy towards the International Monetary Fund ("IMF"), the World Bank and other international agencies to which a government debtor may be subject. The cost of servicing external debt will also generally be adversely affected by rising international interest rates because many external debt obligations bear interest at rates which are adjusted based upon international interest rates.

There may be less publicly available information about a foreign company than about a U.S. company, and foreign countries may not be subject to accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to or as uniform as those of U.S. companies. In addition, if a deterioration occurs in the country's balance of payments, it could impose temporary restrictions on foreign capital remittances. Investing in local markets in foreign countries may require the Fund to adopt special procedures, seek local governmental approvals or take other actions, each of which may involve additional costs to the Fund. Moreover, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs on foreign securities exchanges are generally higher than in the United States.

Currency Devaluations and Fluctuations Risk. The Fund may invest in non-dollar-denominated investments. The Fund may be limited in its ability to hedge the value of its non-dollar-denominated investments against currency fluctuations. As a result, a decline in the value of currencies in which the Fund's investments are denominated against the dollar will result in a corresponding decline in the dollar value of the Fund's assets. These declines will in turn affect the Fund's income and net asset value. The Fund will compute its income on the date of its receipt by the Fund at the exchange rate in effect with respect to the relevant currency on that date. If the value of the currency declines relative to the dollar between the date income is accrued and the date the Fund makes a distribution, the amount available for distribution to the Fund's shareholders would be reduced. If the exchange rate against the dollar of a currency in which a portfolio security of the Fund is denominated declines between the time the Fund accrues expenses in dollars and the time expenses are paid, the amount of the currency required to be converted into dollars in order to pay expenses in dollars will be greater than the equivalent amount in the currency of the expenses at the time they are incurred. A decline in the value of non-U.S. currencies relative to the dollar may also result in foreign currency losses that will reduce distributable net investment income.

Foreign currency exchange rates may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time. A forward foreign currency exchange contract reduces the Fund's exposure to changes in the value of the currency it will deliver and increases

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its exposure to changes in the value of the currency it will exchange into. Contracts to sell foreign currency will limit any potential gain which might be realized by the Fund if the value of the hedged currency increases. In the case of forward contracts entered into for the purpose of increasing return, the Fund may sustain losses which will reduce its gross income. Forward foreign currency exchange contracts also involve the risk that the party with which the Fund enters the contract may fail to perform its obligations to the Fund. The purchase and sale of foreign currency futures contracts and the purchase of call and put options on foreign currency futures contracts and on foreign currencies involve certain risks associated with derivatives.

Convertible Securities Risk. The Fund may invest up to 35% of its total assets in convertible securities. Convertible fixed income securities generally offer lower interest or dividend yields than non-convertible securities of similar quality. As with all fixed income securities, the market values of convertible securities tend to decline as interest rates increase and, conversely, to increase as interest rates decline. However, when the market price of the common stock underlying a convertible security exceeds the conversion price, the convertible security tends to reflect the market price of the underlying common stock. As the market price of the underlying common stock declines, the convertible security tends to trade increasingly on a yield basis and thus may not decline in price to the same extent as the underlying common stock.

Corporate Loans Risk. The Fund may acquire interests in loans made by banks or other financial institutions to corporate issuers or participation interests in such loans (up to 10% of the Fund's total assets). By purchasing a participation interest in a loan, the Fund acquires some or all of the interest of a bank or other lending institution in a loan to a corporate or government borrower. The participations typically will result in the Fund having a contractual relationship only with the lender, not the borrower. The Fund will have the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the participation and only upon receipt by the lender of the payments from the borrower.

Corporate loan obligations are frequently secured by security interests in the assets of the borrower and the holders of corporate loans are frequently the beneficiaries of debt service subordination provisions imposed on the borrower's bondholders. If the Fund only acquires a participation in the loan made by a third party, the Fund may not be able to control the exercise of any remedies that the lender would have under the corporate loan. Such third party participations are designed to give corporate loan investors preferential treatment over high yield investors in the event of a deterioration in the credit quality of the issuer. Even when these arrangements exist, however, there can be no assurance that the principal and interest owed on the corporate loan will be repaid in full. The secondary dealer market for certain corporate loans may not be as well developed as the secondary dealer market for bonds and, therefore, presents increased market risk relating to liquidity and pricing concerns.

Derivatives Risk. Even a small investment in derivatives can have a significant impact on the Fund's exposure to interest rates. If changes in a derivative's value do not correspond to changes in the value of the Fund's other investments, the Fund may not fully benefit from or could lose money on the derivative position. In addition, some derivatives involve risk of loss if the person who issued the derivative defaults on its obligation. Certain derivatives may be less liquid and more difficult to value.

Market Disruption and Geopolitical Risk. The war with Iraq, its aftermath and the continuing occupation of Iraq are likely to have a substantial impact on the U.S. and the world economies and securities markets. The nature, scope and duration of the occupation cannot be predicted with any certainty. Terrorist

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attacks on the World Trade Center and Pentagon on September 11, 2001 closed some of the U.S. securities markets for a four-day period and the occurrence of similar events in the future cannot be ruled out. The war and occupation, terrorism and related geopolitical risks have led, and may in the future lead, to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on the U.S. and world economies and markets generally. Those events could also have an acute effect on individual issuers or related groups of issuers, securities markets, interest rates, auctions, secondary trading, ratings, credit risk, inflation and other factors relating to the Preferred Shares.

Inflation Risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of assets or income from the Fund's investments will be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real, or inflation-adjusted, value of the common shares and distributions can decline and the dividend payments on the Fund's Preferred Shares or interest payments on Fund borrowings, if any, may increase.

Tender Offers (Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan) Risk. Under certain circumstances, the Fund intends to make tender offers for up to 5% of the Fund's outstanding common shares at net asset value on a quarterly basis, subject to certain conditions, and for a total of eight consecutive calendar quarters. The Fund will make its first tender offer within the first six to eight months of the Fund's operations if certain conditions are met. The Fund's potential quarterly tender offers for common shares may prevent the Fund from taking advantage of attractive investment opportunities. Moreover, if the Fund does not generate sufficient cash flow from operations, it may be forced to sell investments at disadvantageous times, and in amounts that the Advisor would not otherwise contemplate, or to borrow money, in order to make such tender offers. If the cost of borrowing to fund a tender offer of common shares exceeds the income on retained investments, it could impair the Fund's ability to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares. The Fund's potential quarterly tender offers for common shares will increase ratings and asset coverage risk. See "Risk Factors--Risks of Investment in Preferred Shares."

Liquidity Risk. The Fund does not intend to purchase illiquid securities, which are securities that cannot be disposed of within seven days in the ordinary course of business at approximately the value at which the Fund has valued the securities. However, the Fund is not required to sell or dispose of any debt security that becomes illiquid subsequent to its purchase. Illiquid securities may be subject to wide fluctuations in market value. The Fund may be subject to significant delays in disposing of illiquid securities. Accordingly, the Fund may be forced to sell these securities at less than fair market value or may not be able to sell them when the Advisor believes that it is desirable to do so. Illiquid securities also may entail registration expenses and other transaction costs that are higher than those for liquid securities.

Anti-takeover Provisions Risk. The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-laws include provisions that could limit the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees. Such provisions could limit the ability of shareholders to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. These provisions include staggered terms of office for the Trustees, advance notice requirements for shareholder proposals, and super-majority voting requirements for certain transactions with affiliates, open-ending the Fund or a merger, liquidation, asset sales and similar transactions. See "Anti-takeover Provisions of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-Laws."

Other Regulatory Matters Risk. Governmental and self-regulatory authorities have instituted numerous ongoing investigations of various practices in the securities and mutual fund industries, including those relating to market-timing and late trading. The investigations cover advisory companies to mutual funds

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(including the Advisor), broker-dealers, hedge funds and others. Wachovia Corporation (the Advisor's parent) and/or certain of its subsidiaries (including the Advisor) have received subpoenas and/or other requests for documents and testimony relating to the investigations, are attempting to comply with those requests, and are cooperating with the investigations. Wachovia Corporation and its subsidiaries, including the Advisor, are continuing their own internal review of policies, practices, procedures and personnel, and are taking remedial actions where appropriate. Wachovia Corporation also is cooperating with governmental and self-regulatory authorities in matters relating to the brokerage operations of Prudential that were included in Wachovia Corporation's retail brokerage combination with Prudential. Under the terms of that transaction, Wachovia Corporation is indemnified by Prudential for liabilities relating to those matters.

Based on information currently available, advice of counsel, available insurance coverage and established reserves, Wachovia Corporation believes that the eventual outcome of the actions against Wachovia Corporation and/or its subsidiaries, including the matters described above, will not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on Wachovia Corporation's consolidated financial position or results of operations or on its subsidiaries, including the Advisor. However, in the event of unexpected future developments, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of those matters, if unfavorable, may be material to Wachovia Corporation's results of operations for any particular period, including for that of the Advisor.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Trustees and Officers

The Fund's Board of Trustees provides broad supervision over the affairs of the Fund. The officers of the Fund are responsible for the Fund's operations. The Trustees and officers of the Fund, together with their principal occupations during the past five years, are listed in the Statement of Additional Information. Each of the Trustees serves as a Trustee of each of the 94 U.S. registered investment portfolios for which the Advisor serves as investment adviser.

Investment Adviser

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC (previously defined as the "Advisor") will act as the Fund's investment adviser. The Advisor has been managing mutual funds and private accounts since 1932 and, with its affiliates, managed over \$247 billion in assets as of December 31, 2003. The Advisor is located at 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116-5034. The Advisor is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wachovia Bank, N.A. Wachovia Bank, N.A., located at 201 South College Street, Charlotte, North Carolina 28288-0630, is a subsidiary of Wachovia Corporation, formerly First Union Corporation.

As the Fund's investment adviser, the Advisor provides the Fund with investment research, advice and supervision and furnishes the Fund with an investment program consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies, subject to the supervision of the Fund's Trustees. The Advisor determines what portfolio securities will be purchased or sold, arranges for the placing of

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orders for the purchase or sale of portfolio securities, selects brokers or dealers to place those orders, maintains books and records with respect to the Fund's securities transactions, and reports to the Trustees on the Fund's investments and performance.

Compensation and Expenses

Under the management contract, the Fund will pay to the Advisor monthly, as compensation for the services rendered and expenses paid by it, an annual fee equal to 0.60% of the Fund's average daily Total Assets. Because the fee paid to the Advisor is determined on the basis of the Fund's Total Assets, the Advisor's interest in determining whether to leverage the Fund may differ from the interests of the Fund.

The Fund's average daily Total Assets are determined for the purpose of calculating the management fee by taking the average of all the daily determinations of Total Assets during a given calendar month. The fees are payable for each calendar month as soon as practicable after the end of that month.

Under the terms of its management contract with the Fund, the Advisor pays all the operating expenses, including executive salaries and the rental of office space, relating to its services for the Fund, with the exception of the following, which are to be paid by the Fund: (a) charges and expenses for bookkeeping; (b) the charges and expenses of auditors; (c) the charges and expenses of any custodian, transfer agent, and registrar appointed by the Fund; (d) issue and transfer taxes chargeable to the Fund in connection with securities transactions to which the Fund is a party; (e) trust fees payable by the Fund to federal, state or other governmental agencies; (f) fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining registrations of the Fund and/or its shares with federal regulatory agencies, state or blue sky securities agencies and foreign jurisdictions, including the preparation of prospectuses and statements of additional information for filing with such regulatory authorities; (g) all expenses of shareholders' and Trustees' meetings and of preparing, printing and distributing prospectuses, notices, proxy statements and all reports to shareholders and to governmental agencies; (h) charges and expenses of legal counsel to the Fund and the Trustees; (i) compensation of those Trustees of the Fund who are not affiliated with the Advisor or the Fund (as defined under the 1940 Act) other than as Trustees; (j) the cost of preparing and printing share certificates; and (k) the fees and other expenses of listing the Fund's shares on any national stock exchange. In addition, the Fund will pay all brokers' and underwriting commissions chargeable to the Fund in connection with securities transactions to which the Fund is a party.

The Fund has also entered into an administration agreement with Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. ("EIS"), pursuant to which EIS provides certain administrative and accounting services. The Fund will pay EIS a monthly fee computed at an annual rate of 0.05% of the Fund's average daily Total Assets.

Portfolio Manager

Day-to-day management of the portion of the Fund's portfolio that is described as the utility and telecommunications portion under "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies - Principal Investment Strategies - Utility Securities" above is the responsibility of a team of portfolio management professionals from the Advisor's Value Equity team. Together the team managed more than \$250 billion in assets under management as of December 31, 2003. The team is led by Timothy O'Brien, who has more than 19 years of investment experience. Mr. O'Brien has been with the Advisor since April 2002 and currently serves as a managing director and senior portfolio manager.

Day-to-day management of the portion of the Fund's portfolio that is

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described as the U.S. high yield debt securities portion under "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies - Principal Investment Strategies - U.S. High Yield Debt Securities" is the responsibility of a team of portfolio management professionals from the Advisor's Select High Yield Bond team, which includes specialized industry analysts responsible for various sectors. Among the portfolios the team manages is the open-end Evergreen Select High Yield Bond Fund. The Select High Yield team is led by Richard Cryan, who has more than 25 years of fixed income investment experience. Mr. Cryan has been a senior portfolio manager with the Advisor since 1992. Mr. Cryan is part of the team that manages the closed-end Evergreen Income Advantage Fund and a portion of the closed-end Evergreen Managed Income Fund. Together the team managed more than \$4.5 billion in high yield securities as of December 31, 2003.

DESCRIPTION OF Preferred Shares

The following is a brief description of the material terms of the Preferred Shares. For the complete terms of the Preferred Shares, please refer to the detailed description of the Preferred Shares in the Statement (Appendix C to the Statement of Additional Information). This description does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the Fund's Statement.

General

The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of preferred shares in one or more classes or series with rights as determined by the Board of Trustees without the approval of common shareholders. The Statement currently authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of Series [] Preferred Shares. All Preferred Shares will have a liquidation preference of \$25,000 per share, plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends (whether or not earned or declared).

The Preferred Shares will rank on parity with each other and any other series of preferred shares of the Fund as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation. Each Preferred Share carries one vote on matters on which Preferred Shares can be voted. The Preferred Shares, when issued, will be fully paid and non-assessable and have no preemptive, conversion or cumulative voting rights.

Dividends and Rate Periods

The following is a general description of dividends and rate periods for the Preferred Shares.

Rate Periods. The initial rate period for the Preferred Shares is ___ days.

Any subsequent rate periods for the Preferred Shares will generally be _____ days. The Fund, subject to certain conditions, may change the length of subsequent rate periods by designating them as special rate periods. See "Designation of Special Rate Periods" below.

Dividend Payment Dates. Dividends on the Preferred Shares will be payable, when, as and if declared by the Board of Trustees, out of legally available funds in accordance with the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, the Statement and applicable law. The Initial Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares is ___, 2004. Subsequently, the Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares is every ___ days.

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If dividends are payable on a day that is not a business day, then dividends will generally be payable on the next day if such day is a business day or as otherwise specified in the Statement. In addition, the Fund may specify a different Dividend Payment Date for any special rate period of more than ___ days, provided that such date shall be set forth in the notice of special rate period relating to such special rate period.

If a Dividend Payment Date is not a business day because the New York Stock Exchange is closed for business for more than three consecutive business days due to an act of God, natural disaster, act of war, civil or military disturbance, act of terrorism, sabotage, riots or a loss or malfunction of utilities or communications services, or the dividend payable on such date can not be paid for any such reason, then:

the Dividend Payment Date for the affected dividend period will be the next business day on which the Fund and its paying agent, if any, can pay the dividend;

the affected dividend period will end on the day it otherwise would have ended; and

the next dividend period will begin and end on the dates on which it otherwise would have begun and ended.

Dividends will be paid through the Securities Depository on each Dividend Payment Date. The Securities Depository, in accordance with its current procedures, is expected to distribute dividends received from the Fund in next-day funds on each Dividend Payment Date to Agent Members. These Agent Members are in turn expected to distribute such dividends to the persons for whom they are acting as agents. However, each of the current Broker-Dealers has indicated to the Fund that dividend payments will be available in same-day funds on each Dividend Payment Date to customers that use such Broker-Dealer or that Broker-Dealer's designee as Agent Member.

Calculation of Dividend Payment. The Fund computes the dividends per share payable on the Preferred Shares by multiplying the applicable rate for such shares in effect by a fraction. The numerator of this fraction will normally be the number of days in the rate period and the denominator will normally be 360. This rate is then multiplied by \$25,000 to arrive at dividends per share.

Dividends on the Preferred Shares will accumulate from the date of their original issue, which is , 2004. The initial dividend rate for the Preferred Shares is ___%

For each dividend payment period after the initial dividend period, the dividend rate will be the dividend rate determined at auction, except that the dividend rate that results from an auction will not be greater than the maximum applicable rate described below.

The maximum applicable rate for any regular rate period will be (as set forth in the table below) the greater of (A) the applicable percentage of the Reference Rate or (B) the applicable spread plus the Reference Rate. The "Reference Rate" is the applicable LIBOR Rate for a dividend period or a special dividend period of fewer than 365 days), or the applicable Treasury Index Rate

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(for a special dividend period of 365 days or more.) In the case of a special rate period, the maximum applicable rate will be specified by the Fund in the notice of the special rate period for such dividend payment period. The applicable percentage and applicable spread will be determined based on the lower of the credit rating or ratings assigned to the Preferred Shares by Fitch and Moody's. If Fitch and Moody's or both do not make such rating available, the rate will be determined by reference to equivalent ratings issued by a substitute rating agency. The "Treasury Index Rate" is the average yield to maturity for certain U.S. Treasury securities having substantially the same length to maturity as the applicable dividend period for the Preferred Shares. For a more detailed description, please see the Statement.

Credit Ratings		Applicable Percentage of Reference Rate	Applicable Spread
Moody's	Fitch		
Aaa	AAA	%	bps
Aa3 to Aa1	AA- to AA+	%	bps
A3 to A1	A- to A+	%	bps
Baa3 to Baal	BBB- to BBB+	%	bps
Ba1 and below	BB+ and below	%	bps

Assuming the Fund maintains an Aaa/AAA rating on the Preferred Shares, the practical effect of the different methods used to calculate the Maximum Applicable Rate is shown in the table below:

Reference Rate	Maximum Applicable Rate Using the Applicable Percentage	Maximum Applicable Rate Using the Applicable Spread	Method Used to Determine the Maximum Applicable Rate
1%	%	%	
2%	%	%	
3%	%	%	
4%	%	%	
5%	%	%	
6%	%	%	

Prior to each dividend payment date, the Fund is required to deposit with the auction agent sufficient funds for the payment of declared dividends. The failure to make such deposit will not result in the cancellation of any auction.

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The Fund does not intend to establish any reserves for the payment of dividends.

Restrictions on Dividends and Other Distributions. While any of the Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund, except as provided below, may not declare, pay or set apart for payment, any dividend or other distribution in respect of its common shares. In addition, the Fund may not call for redemption or redeem any of its common shares unless the following conditions are met:

immediately after such transaction, the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio would be equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount and the value of the Fund's portfolio would be equal to or greater than the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage (see "Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage" below);

full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Shares due on or prior to the date of the transaction have been declared and paid or shall have been declared and sufficient funds for the payment thereof deposited with the auction agent; and

the Fund has redeemed the full number of Preferred Shares required to be redeemed by any provision for mandatory redemption contained in the Statement.

The Fund generally will not declare, pay or set apart for payment any dividend on any class or series of shares of the Fund ranking, as to the payment of dividends, on a parity with Preferred Shares unless the Fund has declared and paid or contemporaneously declares and pays full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Shares through its most recent dividend payment date. However, when the Fund has not paid dividends in full upon the Preferred Shares through the most recent dividend payment date or upon any other class or series of shares of the Fund ranking, as to the payment of dividends, on a parity with Preferred Shares through their most recent respective dividend payment dates, the amount of dividends declared per share on Preferred Shares and such other class or series of shares will in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accumulated dividends per share on the Preferred Shares and such other class or series of shares bear to each other.

Designation of Special Rate Periods. The Fund may, in certain situations, declare a special rate period. Prior to declaring a special rate period, the Fund will give notice (request for special dividend period) to the auction agent and to each Broker-Dealer. The notice will request that the next succeeding rate period for the Preferred Shares be a number of days specified in such notice. The requested special rate period will not be effective unless sufficient clearing bids for shares of such series were made in the auction immediately preceding such special rate period. In addition, full cumulative dividends, any amounts due with respect to mandatory redemptions and any additional dividends payable prior to such date must be paid in full or deposited with the auction agent. The Fund must also have received confirmation from Moody's and Fitch or any substitute rating agency that the proposed special rate period will not adversely affect such rating agency's then-current rating on the Preferred Shares, and the lead Broker-Dealer designated by the Fund, initially, must not have objected to declaration of a special rate period. The Fund also must have portfolio securities with a discounted value at least equal to the Preferred Share Maintenance Amount. A notice for special rate period also will specify whether the Preferred Shares will be subject to optional redemption during such special rate period and, if so, the redemption premium, if any, required to be paid by the Fund in connection with such optional redemption.

Redemption

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Mandatory Redemption. The Fund is required to maintain (a) a discounted value of eligible portfolio securities greater than or equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount and (b) asset coverage of at least 200% with respect to senior securities which are equity shares, including the Preferred Shares (1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage). Eligible portfolio securities for purposes of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount will be determined from time to time by the rating agencies then rating the Preferred Shares. If the Fund fails to maintain such asset coverage amounts and does not timely cure such failure in accordance with the requirements of the rating agency that rates the Preferred Shares, the Fund must redeem all or a portion of the Preferred Shares. This mandatory redemption will take place on a date that the Board of Trustees specifies out of legally available funds, in accordance with the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, the Statement and applicable law, at the redemption price of \$25,000 per share plus accumulated but unpaid dividends (whether or not earned or declared) to the date fixed for redemption. The number of Preferred Shares that must be redeemed in order to cure such failure will be allocated pro rata among the outstanding Preferred Shares. The mandatory redemption will be limited to the number of Preferred Shares necessary, after giving effect to such redemption, in order that the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio equals or exceeds the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, as applicable, and the value of the Fund's portfolio equals or exceeds the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage. In determining the number of Preferred Shares required to be redeemed in accordance with the foregoing, the Fund will allocate the number of shares required to be redeemed to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage, as the case may be, pro rata among the Preferred Shares and any other preferred shares of the Fund subject to redemption or retirement. If fewer than all outstanding shares of any series are, as a result, to be redeemed, the Fund may redeem such shares by lot or other method that it deems fair and equitable. The mandatory redemption will be limited to the number of Preferred Shares and any other preferred shares necessary to restore the required discounted value or the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage, as the case may be.

Optional Redemption. To the extent permitted under the 1940 Act and Delaware law, the Fund at its option may, without the consent of the holders of Preferred Shares, redeem Preferred Shares having a dividend period of one year or less, in whole or in part, on the business day after the last day of such dividend period upon not less than 15 calendar days' and not more than 40 calendar days' prior notice. The optional redemption price per share will be \$25,000 per share, plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) to the date fixed for redemption. Preferred Shares having a dividend period of more than one year are redeemable at the option of the Fund, in whole or in part, prior to the end of the relevant dividend period, subject to any specific redemption provisions, which may include the payment of redemption premiums to the extent required under any applicable specific redemption provisions. The Fund will not make any optional redemption unless, after giving effect thereto, (i) the Fund has available certain deposit securities with maturities or tender dates not later than the day preceding the applicable redemption date and having a value not less than the amount (including any applicable premium) due to holders of the Preferred Shares by reason of the redemption of the Preferred Shares on such date fixed for the redemption and (ii) the Fund has eligible assets with an aggregate discounted value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Preferred Shares may not be redeemed at the option of the Fund unless all dividends in arrears on outstanding preferred shares, including all outstanding Preferred Shares, have been or are being contemporaneously paid or set aside for payment. This would not prevent the lawful purchase or exchange offer for Preferred Shares made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding preferred shares.

Liquidation

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If the Fund is liquidated, the holders of any outstanding Preferred Shares will receive the liquidation preference on such Preferred Shares, plus all accumulated but unpaid dividends, before any payment is made to the holders of common shares. The holders of Preferred Shares will be entitled to receive these amounts from the assets of the Fund available for distribution to its shareholders. In addition, the rights of holders of Preferred Shares to receive these amounts are subject to the rights of holders of any series or class of shares, including other series of preferred shares, ranking on a parity with the Preferred Shares with respect to the distribution of assets upon liquidation of the Fund. After the payment to the holders of Preferred Shares of the full preferential amounts as described, the holders of Preferred Shares will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Fund.

For purpose of the foregoing paragraph, a voluntary or involuntary liquidation of the Fund does not include:

- the sale of all or substantially all the property or business of the Fund;
- the merger or consolidation of the Fund into or with any other business trust or corporation; or
- the merger or consolidation of any other business trust or corporation into or with the Fund.

In addition, none of the foregoing would result in the Fund being required to redeem any Preferred Shares if after such transaction the Fund continued to comply with the rating agency guidelines and asset coverage ratios.

Rating Agency Guidelines and Asset Coverage

The Fund is required under guidelines of Moody's and Fitch to maintain assets having in the aggregate a discounted value at least equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, in the case of Fitch, and at least 130% of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, in the case of Moody's. Moody's and Fitch have each established separate guidelines for calculating discounted value. To the extent any particular portfolio holding does not satisfy a rating agency's guidelines, all or a portion of the holding's value will not be included in the rating agency's calculation of discounted value. The Moody's and Fitch guidelines also impose certain diversification requirements on the Fund's portfolio. The Moody's and Fitch guidelines do not impose any limitations on the percentage of the Fund's assets that may be invested in holdings not eligible for inclusion in the calculation of the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio. The amount of ineligible assets included in the Fund's portfolio at any time may vary depending upon the rating, diversification and other characteristics of the eligible assets included in the portfolio. The Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount is the sum of (a) the aggregate liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares then outstanding, together with the aggregate liquidation preference on any other series of preferred shares, and (b) certain accrued and projected dividend and other payment obligations of the Fund.

The Fund is also required under the 1940 Act to maintain the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage. The Fund's 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage is tested as of the last business day of each month in which any senior equity securities are outstanding. The minimum required 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage amount of 200% may be increased or decreased if the 1940 Act is amended. Based on the composition of the portfolio of the Fund and market conditions as of , 2004, the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage with respect to all of the Fund's preferred shares, assuming the issuance on that date of all Preferred Shares offered hereby and giving effect to the deduction

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of related sales load and related offering costs estimated at \$ would have been computed as follows:

Value of Fund assets less liabilities not constituting senior securities			
-----	=	\$	
Senior securities representing indebtedness plus liquidation value of the preferred shares		\$	_____ = %

In the event the Fund does not timely cure a failure to maintain (a) a discounted value of its portfolio at least equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, in the case of Fitch, or at least 130% of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, in the case of Moody's, or (b) the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage, in each case in accordance with the requirements of the rating agency or agencies then rating the Preferred Shares, the Fund will be required to redeem Preferred Shares as described under "Redemption-Mandatory Redemption" above.

The Fund may, but is not required to, adopt any modifications to the guidelines that may be established by Moody's or Fitch. Failure to adopt any such modifications, however, may result in a change in the ratings assigned to the Preferred Shares or a withdrawal of ratings altogether. In addition, any rating agency providing a rating for the Preferred Shares may, at any time, change or withdraw any such rating. The Board of Trustees may, without shareholder approval, amend, alter or repeal any or all of the definitions and related provisions which have been adopted by the Fund pursuant to the rating agency guidelines in the event such rating agency is no longer rating the Preferred Shares or the Fund receives written confirmation from Moody's or Fitch, as the case may be, that any such amendment, alteration or repeal would not impair the rating then assigned to the Preferred Shares.

As described by Moody's and Fitch, a preferred stock rating is an assessment of the capacity and willingness of an issuer to pay preferred stock obligations. The rating on the Preferred Shares is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell those shares, inasmuch as the rating does not comment as to market price or suitability for a particular investor. The rating agency guidelines described above also do not address the likelihood that an owner of Preferred Shares will be able to sell such shares in an auction or otherwise. The rating is based on current information furnished to Moody's and Fitch by the Fund and the Advisor and information obtained from other sources. The rating may be changed, suspended or withdrawn as a result of changes in, or the unavailability of, such information. The common shares have not been rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The rating agency's guidelines will apply to the Preferred Shares only so long as the rating agency is rating the shares. The Fund will pay certain fees to Moody's and Fitch for rating the Preferred Shares.

Voting Rights

Except as otherwise described in this prospectus or as otherwise required by law, holders of Preferred Shares will have equal voting rights with holders of common shares and any other preferred shares (one vote per share) and will vote together with holders of common shares and any preferred shares as a single class.

Holders of outstanding preferred shares, including Preferred Shares, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect two of the Fund's Trustees. The remaining Trustees are elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, including Preferred Shares, voting together as a single class. In addition, if at any time dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on outstanding

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preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, are due and unpaid in an amount equal to two full years of dividends, and sufficient cash or specified securities have not been deposited for the payment of such dividends, then, the sole remedy of holders of outstanding preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, is that the number of Trustees constituting the Board will be automatically increased by the smallest number that, when added to the two Trustees elected exclusively by the holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, as described above, would constitute a majority of the Board. The holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, will be entitled to elect that smallest number of additional Trustees at a special meeting of shareholders held as soon as possible thereafter and at all subsequent meetings at which Trustees are to be elected. The terms of office of the persons who are Trustees at the time of that election will continue. If the Fund thereafter shall pay, or declare and set apart for payment, in full, all dividends payable on all outstanding preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, the special voting rights stated above will cease, and the terms of office of the additional Trustees elected by the holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, will automatically terminate.

As long as any Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least a majority of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time (voting together as a separate class):

- (a) authorize, create or issue, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of shares ranking prior to or on a parity with the Preferred Shares with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets on dissolution, liquidation or winding up the affairs of the Fund, or authorize, create or issue additional shares of Preferred Shares or any other preferred shares, unless, in the case of preferred shares on a parity with the Preferred Shares, the Fund obtains written confirmation from Moody's (if Moody's is then rating preferred shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating preferred shares) or any substitute rating agency (if any such substitute rating agency is then rating preferred shares) that the issuance of such a class or series would not impair the rating then assigned by such rating agency to Preferred Shares and the Fund continues to comply with Section 13 of the 1940 Act, the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage requirements and the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount requirements, in which case the vote or consent of the holders of the Preferred Shares is not required;
- (b) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, or the Statement, by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to adversely affect any preference, right or power of the Preferred Shares or holders of Preferred Shares; provided, however, that (i) none of the actions permitted by the exception to (a) above will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers, (ii) a division of Preferred Shares will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division adversely affect the holders of Preferred Shares and (iii) the authorization, creation and issuance of classes or series of shares ranking junior to the Preferred Shares with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares and such issuance would, at the time thereof, cause the Fund not to satisfy the 1940 Act Preferred Shares Asset Coverage or the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount requirement;
- (c) authorize the Fund's conversion from a closed-end to an open-end investment company; or

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- (d) amend the provisions of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, which provide for the classification of the Board of Trustees of the Fund into three classes, each with a term of office of three years with only one class of Trustees standing for election in any year.

So long as any shares of the Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time, in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting, voting as a separate class, file a voluntary application for relief under federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as the Fund is solvent and does not foresee becoming insolvent.

To the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, the Fund will not approve any of the actions set forth in (a) or (b) above which adversely affects the rights expressly set forth in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, or the Statement, of a holder of shares of a series of preferred shares differently than those of a holder of shares of any other series of preferred shares without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least a majority of the shares of each series adversely affected. Unless a higher percentage is provided for under the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, or the Statement, the affirmative vote of the holders of "a majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares" (as defined in the Statement), voting together as a single class, will be required to approve any plan of reorganization (as such term is used in the 1940 Act) adversely affecting such shares or any other action (other than (c) and (d) above) requiring a vote of security holders under Section 13(a) of the 1940 Act. However, to the extent permitted by the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, or the Statement, no vote of holders of common shares, either separately or together with holders of preferred shares as a single class, is necessary to take the actions contemplated by (a) and (b) above. The holders of common shares will not be entitled to vote in respect of such matters unless, in the case of the actions contemplated by (b) above, the action would adversely affect the contract rights of the holders of common shares expressly set forth in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust.

The foregoing voting provisions will not apply with respect to Preferred Shares if, at or prior to the time when a vote is required, such shares have been (i) redeemed or (ii) called for redemption and sufficient funds have been deposited in trust to effect such redemption.

THE AUCTION

General

Except as otherwise described in this prospectus, the Statement provides that the applicable rate for the Preferred Shares for each rate period after the initial rate period will be the rate that results from an auction conducted as set forth in the Statement, the material terms of which are summarized below. In such an auction, persons determine to hold or offer to sell or, based on dividend rates bid by them, offer to purchase or sell Preferred Shares. See the Statement included in the Statement of Additional Information for a more complete description of the auction process.

Auction Agency Agreement. The Fund will enter into an auction agency agreement with the auction agent (currently, Deutsche Bank Trust Company

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Americas) which provides, among other things, that the auction agent will follow the auction procedures to determine the applicable rate for the Preferred Shares, so long as the applicable rate for such Preferred Shares is to be based on the results of an auction.

The auction agent may terminate the auction agency agreement upon notice to the Fund no earlier than 60 days after delivery of said notice. If the auction agent should resign, the Fund will use its best efforts to enter into an agreement with a successor auction agent containing substantially the same terms and conditions as the auction agency agreement. The Fund may remove the auction agent provided that, prior to removal, the Fund has entered into a replacement agreement with a successor auction agent.

Broker-Dealer Agreements. Each auction requires the participation of one or more Broker-Dealers. The auction agent will enter into agreements with several Broker-Dealers selected by the Fund, which provide for the participation of those Broker-Dealers in auctions for Preferred Shares.

The auction agent will pay to each Broker-Dealer after each auction, from funds provided by the Fund, a service charge at the annual rate of 1/4 of 1% of the liquidation preference (\$25,000 per share) of the Preferred Shares held by a Broker-Dealer's customer upon settlement in an auction.

The Fund may request that the auction agent terminate one or more Broker-Dealer agreements at any time upon five days' notice, provided that at least one Broker-Dealer agreement is in effect after termination of the agreement.

Auction Procedures

Prior to the submission deadline on each auction date for the Preferred Shares, each customer of a Broker-Dealer who is listed on the records of that Broker-Dealer (or, if applicable, the auction agent) as a beneficial owner of the Preferred Shares may submit the following types of orders with respect to shares of the Preferred Shares to that Broker-Dealer:

1. Hold Order-indicating its desire to hold the Preferred Shares without regard to the applicable rate for the next dividend period.
2. Bid-indicating its desire to sell the Preferred Shares at \$25,000 per share if the applicable rate for the next dividend period is less than the rate or spread specified in the bid.
3. Sell Order-indicating its desire to sell the Preferred Shares at \$25,000 per share without regard to the applicable rate for the next dividend period.

A beneficial owner may submit different types of orders to its Broker-Dealer with respect to different shares of Preferred Shares then held by the beneficial owner. A beneficial owner that submits its bid with respect to the Preferred Shares to its Broker-Dealer having a rate higher than the maximum applicable rate for the Preferred Shares on the auction date will be treated as having submitted a sell order to its Broker-Dealer. A beneficial owner that fails to submit an order to its Broker-Dealer with respect to the Preferred Shares will ordinarily be deemed to have submitted a hold order with respect to the Preferred shares to its Broker-Dealer. However, if a beneficial owner fails to submit an order with respect to the Preferred Shares to its Broker-Dealer for an auction relating to a dividend period of more than 91 days, such beneficial owner will be deemed to have submitted a sell order to its Broker-Dealer. A sell order constitutes an irrevocable offer to sell the Preferred Shares subject to the sell order. A beneficial owner that offers to become the beneficial owner of additional Preferred Shares is, for purposes of such offer, a potential holder

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as discussed below.

A potential holder is either a customer of a Broker-Dealer that is not a beneficial owner of Preferred Shares but that wishes to purchase the Preferred Shares or that is a beneficial owner of the Preferred Shares that wishes to purchase additional Preferred Shares. A potential holder may submit bids to its Broker-Dealer in which it offers to purchase the Preferred shares at \$25,000 per share if the applicable rate for the Preferred Shares for the next dividend period is not less than the specified rate in such bid. A bid placed by a potential holder of the Preferred Shares specifying a rate higher than the maximum rate for the Preferred Shares on the auction date will not be accepted.

The Broker-Dealers in turn will submit the orders of their respective customers who are beneficial owners and potential holders to the auction agent. They will designate themselves (unless otherwise permitted by the Fund) as existing holders of the Preferred Shares subject to orders submitted or deemed submitted to them by beneficial owners. They will designate themselves as potential holders of the Preferred Shares subject to orders submitted to them by potential holders. However, neither the Fund nor the auction agent will be responsible for a Broker-Dealer's failure to comply with these procedures. Any order placed with the auction agent by a Broker-Dealer as or on behalf of an existing holder or a potential holder will be treated the same way as an order placed with a Broker-Dealer by a beneficial owner or potential holder. Similarly, any failure by a Broker-Dealer to submit to the auction agent an order for any Preferred Shares held by it or customers who are beneficial owners will be treated as a beneficial owner's failure to submit to its Broker-Dealer an order in respect of Preferred Shares held by it. A Broker-Dealer may also submit orders to the auction agent for its own account as an existing holder or potential holder, provided it is not an affiliate of the Fund.

There are sufficient clearing bids for the Preferred shares in an auction if the number of Preferred Shares subject to bids submitted or deemed submitted to the auction agent by Broker-Dealers for potential holders with rates or spreads equal to or lower than the maximum applicable rate is at least equal to or exceeds the sum of the number of Preferred Shares subject to sell orders and the number of Preferred Shares subject to bids specifying rates or spreads higher than the maximum applicable rate submitted or deemed submitted to the auction agent by Broker-Dealers for existing holders of the Preferred Shares. If there are sufficient clearing bids for the Preferred Shares, the applicable rate for the Preferred Shares for the next succeeding dividend period thereof will be the lowest rate specified in the submitted bids which, taking into account such rate and all lower rates bid by Broker-Dealers as or on behalf of existing holders and potential holders, would result in existing holders and potential holders owning the Preferred Shares available for purchase in the auction.

If there are not sufficient clearing bids for the Preferred Shares, the applicable rate for the next dividend period will be the maximum rate on the auction date. However, if the Fund has declared a special rate period and there are not sufficient clearing bids, the election of a special rate period will not be effective and the applicable rate for the next rate period will be the maximum rate. If there are not sufficient clearing bids, beneficial owners of Preferred Shares that have submitted or are deemed to have submitted sell orders may not be able to sell in the auction all the Preferred Shares subject to such sell orders. If all of the applicable outstanding Preferred Shares are the subject of submitted hold orders, then the rate period following the auction will automatically be the same length as the preceding rate period and the applicable rate for the next rate period will be 90% of the Reference Rate.

The auction procedures include a pro rata allocation of the Preferred Shares for purchase and sale which may result in an existing holder continuing to hold or selling, or a potential holder purchasing, a number of Preferred Shares that is different than the number of Preferred Shares of specified in its

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order. To the extent the allocation procedures have that result, Broker-Dealers that have designated themselves as existing holders or potential holders in respect of customer orders will be required to make appropriate pro rata allocations among their respective customers.

Settlement of purchases and sales will be made on the next business day (which is also a dividend payment date) after the auction date through the DTC. Purchasers will make payment through their Agent Members in same day funds to DTC against delivery to their respective Agent Members. DTC will make payment to the sellers' Agent Members in accordance with DTC's normal procedures, which now provide for payment against delivery by their Agent Members in same day funds.

The auctions for the Preferred Shares will normally be held every _____ days (normally every _____), and each subsequent dividend period will normally begin on the following business day (normally the following _____).

If an Auction Date is not a business day because the New York Stock Exchange is closed for business for more than three consecutive business days due to an act of God, natural disaster, act of war, civil or military disturbance, act of terrorism, sabotage, riots or a loss or malfunction of utilities or communications services, or the auction agent is not able to conduct an auction in accordance with the Auction Procedures for any such reason, then the Auction Rate for the next dividend period will be the Auction Rate determined on the previous Auction Date. However, if the New York Stock Exchange is closed for such reason for three or less than three consecutive business days, then the Auction Rate for the next Dividend Period shall be the Auction Rate determined by auction on the first business day following such Auction Date.

The following is a simplified example of how a typical auction works. Assume that the Fund has 1,000 outstanding Preferred Shares and three current holders. The three current holders and three potential holders submit orders through broker-dealers at the auction:

Current Holder A	Owns 500 shares, wants to sell all 500 shares if auction rate is less than 4.1%	Bid order all 500 sh
Current Holder B.....	Owns 300 shares, wants to hold	Hold order auction ra
Current Holder C.....	Owns 200 shares, wants to sell all 200 shares if auction rate is less than 3.9%	Bid order all 200 sh
Potential Holder D.....	Wants to buy 200 shares	Places ord above 4.0%
Potential Holder E.....	Wants to buy 300 shares	Places ord above 3.9%
Potential Holder F.....	Wants to buy 200 shares	Places ord above 4.1%

The lowest dividend rate that will result in all 1,000 Preferred Shares continuing to be held is 4.0% (the offer by D). Therefore, the dividend rate will be 4.0%. Current holders B and C will continue to own their shares. Current holder A will sell its shares because A's dividend rate bid was higher than the dividend rate. Potential holder D will buy 200 shares and potential holder E will buy 300 shares because their bid rates were at or below the dividend rate. Potential holder F will not buy any shares because its bid rate was above the dividend rate.

Secondary Market Trading and Transfers of Preferred Shares

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The Broker-Dealers are expected to maintain a secondary trading market in Preferred Shares outside of auctions, but are not obligated to do so, and may discontinue such activity at any time. There can be no assurance that any secondary trading market in Preferred Shares will provide owners with liquidity of investment. The Preferred Shares will not be registered on any stock exchange or on the Nasdaq stock market.

Investors who purchase Preferred Shares in an auction (particularly if the Fund has declared a special rate period) should note that because the dividend rate on such shares will be fixed for the length of that dividend period, the value of such shares may fluctuate in response to the changes in interest rates, and may be more or less than their original cost if sold on the open market in advance of the next auction thereof, depending on market conditions.

A beneficial owner or an existing holder may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of Preferred Shares only in whole shares and only:

pursuant to a bid or sell order placed with the auction agent in accordance with the auction procedures;

to a Broker-Dealer; or

to such other persons as may be permitted by the Fund; provided, however, that a sale, transfer or other disposition of Preferred Shares from a customer of a Broker-Dealer who is listed on the records of that Broker-Dealer as the holder of such shares to that Broker-Dealer or another customer of that Broker-Dealer shall not be deemed to be a sale, transfer or other disposition if such Broker-Dealer remains the existing holder of the shares; and in the case of all transfers other than pursuant to auctions, the Broker-Dealer (or other person, if permitted by the Fund) to whom such transfer is made will advise the auction agent of such transfer.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX MATTERS

The following is a summary discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a shareholder of acquiring, holding and disposing of Preferred Shares of the Fund. This discussion only addresses U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. shareholders who hold their shares as capital assets and does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to particular shareholders in light of their individual circumstances. This discussion also does not address the tax consequences to shareholders who are subject to special rules, including, without limitation, financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, foreign holders, persons who hold their shares as or in a hedge against currency risk, a constructive sale, or conversion transaction, holders who are subject to the alternative minimum tax, or tax-exempt or tax-deferred plans, accounts, or entities. In addition, the discussion does not address any state, local, or foreign tax consequences, and it does not address any federal tax consequences other than U.S. federal income tax consequences. The discussion reflects applicable tax laws of the United States as of the date of this prospectus, which tax laws may be changed or subject to new interpretations by the courts or the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") retroactively or prospectively. No attempt is made to present a detailed explanation of all U.S. federal income tax concerns affecting the Fund and its shareholders, and the discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice. Investors are urged to consult their own tax advisers to determine the specific tax consequences to them of investing in the Fund, including the

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applicable federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences to them and the effect of possible changes in tax laws.

The Fund intends to elect to be treated and to qualify each year as a "regulated investment company" under Subchapter M of the Code and to comply with applicable distribution requirements so that it generally will not pay U.S. federal income tax on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a regulated investment company, which the following discussion assumes, the Fund must satisfy certain tests regarding the nature of its income and the diversification of its assets. If the Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company and, for each taxable year, it distributes to its shareholders an amount equal to or exceeding the sum of (i) 90% of its "investment company taxable income" as that term is defined in the Code (which includes, among other things, dividends, taxable interest, and the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as reduced by certain deductible expenses) without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and (ii) 90% of the excess of its gross tax-exempt interest, if any, over certain disallowed deductions, the Fund generally will be relieved of U.S. federal income tax on any income of the Fund, including long-term capital gains, distributed to shareholders. However, if the Fund retains any investment company taxable income or "net capital gain" (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), it generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on the amount retained. The Fund intends to distribute at least annually all or substantially all of its investment company taxable income, net tax-exempt interest, and net capital gain. If for any taxable year the Fund did not qualify as a regulated investment company, it would be treated as a corporation subject to U.S. federal income tax, and all distributions out of its current or accumulated earnings and profits (including distributions of net capital gain) would be taxed to shareholders as ordinary dividend income.

Based in part on the lack of any present intention on the part of the Fund to redeem or purchase the Preferred Shares at any time in the future, the Fund believes that under present law the Preferred Shares will constitute stock of the Fund and distributions with respect to the Preferred Shares (other than distributions in redemption of the Preferred Shares that are treated as exchanges of stock under Section 302(b) of the Code) will constitute dividends to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits as calculated for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Such dividends generally will be taxable as ordinary income to holders (other than capital gain dividends, as described below, or dividends attributable to qualified dividend income of the Fund) and generally will not qualify for the dividends received deduction available to corporations under Section 243 of the Code, although if a portion of the Fund's income consists of qualifying dividends paid by U.S. corporations (other than REITs), a portion of the dividends paid by the Fund may qualify for the corporate dividends received deduction. This view relies in part on a published ruling of the IRS stating that certain preferred stock similar in many material respects to the Preferred Shares represents equity. It is possible, however, that the IRS might take a contrary position asserting, for example that the Preferred Shares constitute debt of the Fund. If this position were upheld, the discussion of the treatment of distributions above would not apply. Instead distributions by the Fund to holders of Preferred Shares would constitute interest, whether or not such distributions exceeded the earnings and profits of the Fund, would be included in full in the income of the recipient and would be taxed as ordinary income.

In general, dividends from investment company taxable income are taxable as ordinary income, and designated dividends from net capital gain, if any, are taxable as long-term capital gains for U.S. federal income tax purposes without regard to the length of time the shareholder has held shares of the Fund. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2008, however, dividends that are designated by the Fund as derived from qualified dividend income will be

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taxable to individuals at a maximum federal income tax rate of 15%, provided holding period and other requirements are satisfied. A distribution of an amount in excess of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits will be treated by a shareholder as a return of capital to the extent of (and in reduction of) the shareholder's tax basis in its shares, and any such amount in excess of that basis will be treated as gain from the sale of the shares as discussed below. The U.S. federal income tax status of all distributions will be reported to shareholders annually.

The IRS has taken the position that if a regulated investment company has two classes of shares, it must designate distributions made to each class in any year as consisting of no more than such class's proportionate share of particular types of income (including ordinary income and capital gains). A class's proportionate share of a particular type of income is determined according to the percentage of total dividends paid by the regulated investment company during the year to such class. Consequently, the Fund intends to designate distributions made to the common shareholders and the preferred shareholders of particular types of income in accordance with each such class's proportionate shares of such income.

If the Fund retains any net capital gain, the Fund may designate the retained amount as undistributed capital gains in a notice to shareholders who, if subject to U.S. federal income tax on long-term capital gains, (i) will be required to include in income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as long-term capital gain, their proportionate shares of such undistributed amount, (ii) will be entitled to credit their proportionate shares of the tax paid by the Fund on the undistributed amount against their U.S. federal income tax liabilities, if any, and to claim refunds to the extent the credit exceeds such liabilities, and (iii) will be entitled to increase the tax basis of their shares by the difference between their proportionate shares of such includible gains and their proportionate shares of the tax deemed paid. The Fund intends to seek an exemptive order from the Commission that would allow it to distribute capital gains monthly to further allow it to maintain a stable level of distributions to shareholders.

Sales and other dispositions of Preferred Shares generally are taxable events for shareholders that are subject to tax. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisers with reference to their individual circumstances to determine whether any particular transaction in the Fund's shares (including a redemption of Preferred Shares) is properly treated as a sale for tax purposes, as the following discussion assumes, and the tax treatment of any gains or losses recognized in such transactions. In general, if Preferred Shares are sold, the shareholder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale and the shareholder's adjusted basis in the shares. Such gain or loss generally will be treated as long-term gain or loss if the shares were held for more than one year and otherwise generally will be treated as short-term gain or loss. Any loss recognized by a shareholder upon the sale or other disposition of shares with a tax holding period of six months or less generally will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any amounts treated as distributions of long-term capital gain with respect to such shares. Losses on sales or other dispositions of shares may be disallowed under "wash sale" rules in the event a shareholder acquires other shares in the Fund (including those acquired pursuant to reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gains distributions) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after a sale or other disposition of the original shares.

Federal law requires that the Fund withhold (as "backup withholding") tax at a current rate of 28% on reportable payments, including dividends and capital gain distributions paid to certain shareholders who have not complied with IRS regulations. Corporations are generally exempt from backup withholding. In order to avoid this withholding requirement, shareholders must certify on their account applications, or on separate IRS Forms W-9, that the Social Security

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Number or other Taxpayer Identification Number they provide is their correct number and that they are not currently subject to backup withholding, or that they are exempt from backup withholding. The Fund may nevertheless be required to withhold if it receives notice from the IRS that the number provided is incorrect or backup withholding is applicable as a result of previous underreporting of income. Similar backup withholding rules may apply to a shareholder's broker with respect to the proceeds of sales or other dispositions of the Fund's shares by such shareholder. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from payments made to a shareholder may be refunded or credited against such shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is provided to the IRS.

The foregoing is a general and abbreviated summary of the provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations in effect as they generally affect the taxation of the Fund and its shareholders. As noted above, these provisions are subject to change by legislative, judicial or administrative action, and any such change may be retroactive. A further discussion of the U.S. federal income tax rules applicable to the Fund can be found in the Statement of Additional Information which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Shareholders are urged to consult their tax advisers regarding specific questions as to U.S. federal, foreign, state, and local income or other taxes.

NET ASSET VALUE

The Fund calculates a net asset value for its common shares every day the New York Stock Exchange is open when regular trading closes (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). For purposes of determining the net asset value of a common share, the value of the securities held by the Fund plus any cash or other assets (including interest accrued but not yet received) minus all liabilities (including accrued expenses and indebtedness) and the aggregate liquidation value of any outstanding preferred shares is divided by the total number of common shares outstanding at such time. Expenses, including the fees payable to the Advisor, are accrued daily. Currently, the net asset values of shares of publicly traded closed-end investment companies investing in equity and debt securities are published in Barron's, the Monday edition of The Wall Street Journal and the Monday and Saturday editions of The New York Times.

The Fund generally values its portfolio securities using closing market prices or readily available market quotations. The Fund may use a pricing service or a pricing matrix to value some of its assets. When closing market prices or market quotations are not available or are considered by the Advisor to be unreliable, the Fund may use a security's fair value. Fair value is the valuation of a security determined on the basis of factors other than market value in accordance with procedures approved by the Fund's Trustees. The Fund also may use the fair value of a security, including a non-U.S. security, when the Advisor determines that the closing market price on the primary exchange where the security is traded no longer accurately reflects the value of the security due to factors affecting one or more relevant securities markets or the specific issuer. The use of fair value pricing by the Fund may cause the net asset value of its shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using closing market prices. International securities markets may be open on days when the U.S. markets are closed. For this reason, the value of any international securities owned by the Fund could change on a day you cannot buy or sell shares of the Fund.

Debt securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which is a method of estimating market value. The value of interest rate swaps, caps and floors is determined in accordance with a formula and then confirmed periodically by obtaining a bank quotation. Positions in options are valued at the last sale price on the market where any such option is

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principally traded. Positions in futures contracts are valued at closing prices for such contracts established by the exchange on which they are traded. Repurchase agreements are valued at cost plus accrued interest.

DESCRIPTION OF SHARES

The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, without par value. The Fund is also authorized to issue preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares being offered by this prospectus. The Board of Trustees is authorized to classify and reclassify any unissued shares into one or more additional classes or series of shares. The Board of Trustees may establish such series or class, including preferred shares, from time to time by setting or changing in any one or more respects the designations, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications or terms or conditions of redemption of such shares and pursuant to such classification or reclassification to increase or decrease the number of authorized shares of any existing class or series. The Board of Trustees, without shareholder approval, is authorized to amend the Agreement of Declaration of Trust and by-laws to reflect the terms of any such class or series, including any class of preferred shares. The Fund is also authorized to issue other securities, including debt securities.

Common Shares

Common shares are fully paid and non-assessable. Shareholders are entitled to share pro rata in the net assets of the Fund available for distribution to common shareholders upon liquidation of the Fund. Common shareholders are entitled to one vote for each share held.

So long as any shares of the Fund's preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, are outstanding, holders of common shares will not be entitled to receive any net income or other distributions from the Fund unless all accumulated dividends on preferred shares have been paid and unless asset coverage (as defined in the 1940 Act) with respect to preferred shares would be at least 200% after giving effect to such distributions. The Fund will send unaudited reports at least semiannually and audited annual financial statements to all of its shareholders.

Tender Offers (Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan)

The market price per common share may be greater or less than net asset value per common share. Common shares of closed-end investment companies, in some cases trade at a premium, but frequently trade at a discount from net asset value. This characteristic of common shares of closed-end funds is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that the Fund's net asset value may decrease. The Board of Trustees has determined that it would be in the best interests of shareholders of the Fund to take action to attempt to reduce or eliminate a market value discount from net asset value. To that end, the Board of Trustees has determined that quarterly tender offers may help reduce any market discount that may develop.

Accordingly, the Board of Trustees has committed to make tender offers for the Fund's common shares under certain circumstances and subject to certain conditions. Beginning six to eight months after the Fund's commencement of operations (for a total of eight consecutive calendar quarters), in the event that the common shares trade at a discount to net asset value of greater than 5% for fifteen of twenty days during a specific measurement period (initially the

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twenty-first through fortieth trading days of a quarter) (the "measurement period"), the Fund, under normal circumstances, will make offers to purchase up to 5% of its outstanding common shares at their net asset value from all beneficial shareholders. The Fund will not undertake a tender offer if the Fund's common shares are not trading at a discount. The Fund will make its first tender offer within the first six to eight months of the commencement of the Fund's operations and for the following seven quarters after such initial tender offer if the discount exists during the measurement period for the number of days specified above. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to modify the conditions described in this paragraph in light of experience. In addition, the Board of Trustees may consider from time to time open market repurchases of the Fund's outstanding common shares.

Under certain circumstances described below, the Board of Trustees may determine not to undertake a tender offer even if the conditions described in the preceding paragraph are met. Moreover, there can be no assurance that any such tender offers would cause the common shares to trade at a price equal to their net asset value or reduce the spread between the market price and the net asset value per common share. Although the Board of Trustees generally believes that tender offers are in the best interests of shareholders, the acquisition of common shares by the Fund will decrease the total assets of the Fund and, therefore, will have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio.

The Fund will purchase all outstanding common shares tendered in accordance with the terms of the offer unless the Board of Trustees determined to accept none of them (based upon the circumstances set forth below). If more common shares are tendered for repurchase than the Fund has offered to repurchase, common shares will be repurchased on a pro-rata basis. If authorized by the Commission, the Fund may make as a condition of each tender offer that no one shareholder may receive more than 10% of the amount purchased by the Fund in the tender offer. There can be no assurance that the Commission will approve this condition. Thus, shareholders may be unable to liquidate all or a given percentage of their common shares and some shareholders may tender more shares than they wish to have repurchased in order to ensure repurchase of at least a specific number of common shares. Shareholders may withdraw tendered common shares at any time prior to the tender offer deadline.

Tender offers and the need to fund repurchase obligations may affect the ability of the Fund to be fully invested, which may reduce returns. Moreover, diminution in the size of the Fund through repurchases without offsetting new sales of common shares may result in untimely sales of portfolio securities and a higher expense ratio, and may limit the ability of the Fund to participate in new investment opportunities. Repurchases resulting in portfolio turnover will result in additional expenses being borne by the Fund. The Fund may borrow to meet repurchase obligations, which entails certain risks and costs. See "Risk Factors--Tender Offers (Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan)."

If the Fund's common shares are purchased pursuant to a tender offer, such purchases could reduce significantly the asset coverage of any borrowing or outstanding senior securities, including the Preferred Shares. The Fund may not purchase common shares to the extent such purchases would result in the asset coverage with respect to such borrowing or senior securities (including the Preferred Shares) being reduced below the asset coverage requirement set forth in the 1940 Act. Accordingly, in order to purchase all common shares tendered, the Fund may have to repay all or part of any then outstanding borrowing or redeem all or part of any then outstanding senior securities (including the Preferred Shares) to maintain the required asset coverage. In addition, the amount of common shares for which the Fund makes any particular tender offer may be limited for the reasons set forth above or in respect of other concerns related to liquidity of the Fund's portfolio.

Although the Board of Trustees has committed to conduct quarterly tender

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offers beginning in the Fund's first six to eight months of operations if the conditions described above are met, it is the policy of the Board of Trustees (which may be changed by the Board), not to cause the Fund to purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer if (1) such purchases would impair the Fund's status as a regulated investment company under the Federal tax laws; (2) the Fund would not be able to liquidate portfolio securities in a manner that is orderly and consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies in order to purchase tendered common shares; (3) such action would result in the Fund failing to satisfy the American Stock Exchange's minimum listing requirements; or (4) there is, in the judgment of the Board of Trustees, any (a) legal action or proceeding instituted or threatened challenging the tender offer or otherwise materially adversely affecting the Fund, (b) declaration of a banking moratorium by Federal or state authorities or any suspension of payment by banks in the United States, which is material to the Fund, (c) limitation imposed by Federal or state authorities on the extension of credit by lending institutions, (d) commencement of war, armed hostilities or other international or national calamity directly or indirectly involving the United States which is material to the Fund, or (e) other event or condition that would have a material adverse effect on the Fund or its shareholders if tendered common shares were purchased. Thus, there can be no assurance that the Board of Trustees will proceed with any tender offer. The Board of Trustees may modify these conditions in light of circumstances existing at the time.

Any tender offer will be made and shareholders will be notified in accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the 1940 Act, either by publication or mailing or both. The offering documents will contain information prescribed by such laws and the rules thereunder. The Fund will pay all costs and expenses associated with the making of any tender offer.

ANTI-TAKEOVER PROVISIONS OF THE AGREEMENT AND DECLARATION OF TRUST AND BY-LAWS

The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust includes provisions that could have the effect of limiting the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees and could have the effect of depriving shareholders of an opportunity to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund.

The Board of Trustees is divided into three classes of approximately equal size. The terms of the Trustees of the different classes are staggered so that approximately one-third of the Board of Trustees is elected by shareholders each year.

A Trustee may be removed from office with or without cause by a majority of Trustees if such removal is approved by a vote of the holders of at least 75% of the shares entitled to be voted on the matter.

In addition, the Agreement and Declaration of Trust requires the favorable vote of the holders of at least 75% of the Fund's shares to approve, adopt or authorize the following:

a merger or consolidation or statutory share exchange of the Fund with any other corporation;

a sale of all or substantially all of the Fund's assets (other than in the regular course of the Fund's investment activities); or

a liquidation or dissolution of the Fund

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unless such action has been approved, adopted or authorized by the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the total number of Trustees fixed in accordance with the by-laws, in which case the affirmative vote of a majority of the Fund's shares is required. Following any issuance of preferred shares by the Fund, it is anticipated that the approval, adoption or authorization of the foregoing also would require the favorable vote of a majority of the Fund's shares of preferred shares then entitled to be voted, voting as a separate class.

In addition, conversion of the Fund to an open-end investment company would require an amendment to the Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust. The amendment would have to be declared advisable by the Board of Trustees prior to its submission to shareholders. Such an amendment would require the favorable vote of the holders of at least 75% of the Fund's outstanding shares (including any preferred shares) entitled to be voted on the matter, voting as a single class (or a majority of such shares if the amendment was previously approved, adopted or authorized by 75% of the total number of Trustees fixed in accordance with the By-laws). Such a vote also would satisfy a separate requirement in the 1940 Act that the change be approved by the shareholders. Shareholders of an open-end investment company may require the company to redeem their shares of common stock at any time (except in certain circumstances as authorized by or under the 1940 Act) at their net asset value, less such redemption charge, if any, as might be in effect at the time of a redemption. All redemptions will be made in cash. If the Fund is converted to an open-end investment company, it could be required to liquidate portfolio securities to meet requests for redemption, and the common shares would no longer be listed on the American Stock Exchange.

Conversion to an open-end investment company would also require changes in certain of the Fund's investment policies and restrictions, such as those relating to the borrowing of money.

In addition, the Agreement and Declaration of Trust requires the favorable vote of a majority of the Trustees followed by the favorable vote of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding shares of each affected class or series of the Fund, voting separately as a class or series, to approve, adopt or authorize certain transactions with 5% or greater holders of a class or series of shares and their associates, unless the transaction has been approved by at least 75% of the Trustees, in which case "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Fund shall be required. For purposes of these provisions, a 5% or greater holder of a class or series of shares (a "Principal Shareholder") refers to any person who, whether directly or indirectly and whether alone or together with its affiliates and associates, beneficially owns 5% or more of the outstanding shares of any class or series of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund. The 5% holder transactions subject to these special approval requirements are:

the merger or consolidation of the Fund or any subsidiary of the Fund with or into any Principal Shareholder;

the issuance of any securities of the Fund to any Principal Shareholder for cash;

the sale, lease or exchange of all or any substantial part of the assets of the Fund to any Principal Shareholder, except assets having an aggregate fair market value of less than \$1,000,000, aggregating for the purpose of such computation all assets sold, leased or exchanged in any series of similar transactions within a 12-month period; or

the sale, lease or exchange to the Fund or any subsidiary of the Fund, in exchange for securities of the Fund, of any assets of any Principal Shareholder, except assets having an aggregate fair market value of less than \$1,000,000, aggregating for purposes of such computation all assets

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sold, leased or exchanged in any series of similar transactions within a 12-month period.

The Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-laws provide that the Board of Trustees has the power, to the extent the By-laws do not reserve the right to the shareholders, to make, alter or repeal any of the By-laws, subject to the requirements of applicable law. Neither this provision of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, nor any of the foregoing provisions thereof requiring the affirmative vote of 75% of outstanding shares of the Fund, can be amended or repealed except by the vote of such required number of shares.

The Fund's By-laws generally require that advance notice be given to the Fund in the event a shareholder desires to nominate a person for election to the Board of Trustees or to transact any other business at an annual meeting of shareholders. With respect to an annual meeting following the first annual meeting of shareholders, notice of any such nomination or business must be delivered to or received at the principal executive offices of the Fund not less than 90 calendar days nor more than 120 calendar days prior to the anniversary date of the prior year's annual meeting (subject to certain exceptions). In the case of the first annual meeting of shareholders, the notice must be given no later than the tenth calendar day following public disclosure as specified in the by-laws of the date of the meeting. Any notice by a shareholder must be accompanied by certain information as provided in the By-laws.

UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement dated , 2004, each Underwriter named below has severally agreed to purchase, and the Fund has agreed to sell to such Underwriter, the number of Preferred Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter.

Underwriter	Series
-----	[] ---

Total.....	-----

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase the shares included in this offering are subject to the approval of certain legal matters by counsel and to certain other conditions, including without limitation the receipt by the Underwriters of customary closing certificates, opinions and other documents and the receipt by the Fund of Aaa and AAA ratings on the Preferred Shares by Moody's and Fitch, respectively, as of the time of the offering. The Underwriters are obligated to purchase all the Preferred Shares if they purchase any of the Preferred Shares. In the underwriting agreement, the Fund and the Advisor have agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute payments the

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Underwriters may be required to make for any of those liabilities.

The Underwriters propose to initially offer some of the Preferred Shares directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and some of the Preferred Shares to certain dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed \$ per share. The sales load the Fund will pay of \$ per share is equal to % of the initial offering price of the Preferred Shares. After the initial public offering, the Underwriters may change the public offering price and the concession. Investors must pay for any shares purchased in the initial public offering on or before , 2004.

In conjunction with the Fund's common shares offering, the Advisor (and not the Fund) has agreed to pay certain underwriters a fee for, among other items, the provision of services related to the sale and distribution of the common shares and after-market support services. Additionally, the Advisor will pay to Citigroup Global Markets Inc. from its own resources a structuring fee for advice relating to the structure and design of the Fund and organization of the Fund as well as services related to the sale and distribution of the Fund's common shares. In addition, the Fund has agreed to reimburse certain of the underwriter expenses in connection with the common shares offering. The sum of the structuring fee paid to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., the fees paid to certain other underwriters, the amounts paid by the Fund to reimburse certain underwriter and other expenses and the sales load to be paid by the Fund will not exceed 9.00% of the total price to the public of the common shares offered by the Fund.

The Fund anticipates that the Underwriters may from time to time act as brokers or dealers in executing the Fund's portfolio transactions and the Underwriters, or their affiliates, may act as counterparties in connection with the interest rate transactions described above after they have ceased to be underwriters.

The Fund anticipates that the Underwriters or their respective affiliates may, from time to time, act in auctions as broker-dealers and receive fees as set forth under "The Auction" and in the Statement of Additional Information. The Underwriters are active underwriters of, and dealers in, securities and act as market makers in a number of such securities, and therefore can be expected to engage in portfolio transactions with, and perform services for, the Fund.

The principal business address of _____ is _____ .

The settlement date for the purchase of the Preferred Shares will be , 2004, as agreed upon by the Underwriters, the Fund and the Advisor pursuant to Rule 15c6-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AGENT, DIVIDEND DISBURSING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The Fund's securities and cash are held under a custodian agreement with State Street Bank and Trust Company, 2 Avenue de Lafayette, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas is the auction agent, transfer agent, dividend paying agent, redemption agent and registrar for the Preferred Shares. Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas' address is 60 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005. EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. is the transfer agent, registrar, shareholder servicing agent and dividend disbursing agent for the Fund's common shares. EquiServe Trust Company, N.A.'s address is P .O. Box 43010, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3010.

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VALIDITY OF SHARES

Certain legal matters in connection with the shares offered hereby are passed on for the Fund by Sullivan & Worcester LLP, Washington, D.C. Certain matters have been passed upon for the underwriters by . Sullivan & Worcester LLP and may rely as to certain matters of Delaware law on the opinion of .

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[Evergreen Investments LOGO]

Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund

Auction Preferred Shares ("Preferred Shares")

Shares, Series []

Liquidation Preference \$25,000 Per Share

PROSPECTUS

, 2004

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EVERGREEN UTILITIES AND HIGH INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

THE INFORMATION IN THIS STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS NOT COMPLETE AND MAY BE CHANGED. THIS STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL THESE SECURITIES AND IS NOT SOLICITING AN OFFER TO BUY THESE SECURITIES IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE THE OFFER OR SALE IS NOT PERMITTED.

Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund (the "Fund") is a recently organized, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The

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auction preferred shares ("Preferred Shares") are a series of preferred shares of the Fund. This Statement of Additional Information relating to the Fund's Series [] Preferred Shares does not constitute a prospectus, but should be read in conjunction with the prospectus relating thereto dated , 2004. This Statement of Additional Information does not include all information that a prospective investor should consider before purchasing Preferred Shares, and investors should obtain and read the prospectus prior to purchasing such shares. A copy of the prospectus may be obtained without charge by calling 1-800-730-6001.

The prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information are part of the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), Washington, D.C., which includes additional information regarding the Fund. The registration statement may be obtained from the Commission upon payment of the fee prescribed, inspected at the Commission's office at no charge or inspected on the Commission's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Statement of Additional Information shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Fund's Statement of Preferences of Auction Preferred Shares (the "Statement") attached as Appendix C to this Statement of Additional Information or in the prospectus.

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This Statement of Additional Information is dated _____, 2004.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED May 7, 2004.

FUND HISTORY

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company organized as a statutory trust under the laws of Delaware on February 4, 2004 and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Much of the information contained in this Statement of Additional Information expands on subjects discussed in the prospectus.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The Fund will invest the net proceeds of the offering in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies as stated in the prospectus as soon as practicable after the closing of this offering. However, investments that, in the judgment of the Advisor, are appropriate investments for the Fund may not be immediately available. Therefore, the Fund expects that there will be an initial investment period of up to two months following the completion of the Preferred Shares offering before it is invested in accordance with its investment objective and policies. Pending such investment, the Fund anticipates that all or a portion of the proceeds will be invested in U.S. government securities or high grade, short-term money market instruments.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The prospectus presents the investment objective and the principal investment strategies and risks of the Fund. This section supplements the disclosure in the Fund's prospectus and provides additional information on the Fund's investment policies or restrictions. Capitalized terms have the meaning defined in the prospectus unless otherwise defined herein.

Restrictions or policies stated as a maximum percentage of the Fund's assets are only applied immediately after a portfolio investment to which the policy or restriction is applicable (other than the limitations on borrowing or the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act for senior securities). Accordingly, any later increase or decrease resulting from a change in values, net assets or other circumstances will not be considered in determining whether the investment complies with the Fund's restrictions and policies.

Primary Investments

Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (defined as net assets plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes) in securities of utilities companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies) and in U.S. dollar-denominated non-investment grade debt securities. The Fund allocates its assets between two separate

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investment strategies. Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 70% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utility companies (water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies), and approximately 30% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar-denominated non-investment grade bonds, debentures, and other income obligations. The Fund's investment adviser reserves the discretion based upon market conditions to reallocate the proportions of total assets invested in each investment strategy. Shareholders will be provided with at least 60-days prior written notice of any changes in the 80% investment policy. The utilities portion of the Fund may invest up to 5% of its assets in the securities of oil companies such as oil pipeline companies.

Securities

EURODOLLAR INSTRUMENTS AND YANKEE BONDS. The Fund may invest in Eurodollar instruments and Yankee bonds. Eurodollar instruments are bonds of corporate and government issuers that pay interest and principal in U.S. dollars but are issued in markets outside the United States, primarily in Europe. Yankee bonds are U.S. dollar-denominated bonds typically issued in the U.S. by non-U.S. governments and their agencies and non-U.S. banks and corporations. The Fund may also invest in Eurodollar Certificates of Deposit ("ECDs"), Eurodollar Time Deposits ("ETDs") and Yankee Certificates of Deposit ("Yankee CDs"). ECDs are U.S. dollar-denominated certificates of deposit issued by non-U.S. branches of domestic banks; ETDs are U.S. dollar-denominated deposits in a non-U.S. branch of a U.S. bank or in a non-U.S. bank; and Yankee CDs are U.S. dollar-denominated certificates of deposit issued by a U.S. branch of a non-U.S. bank and held in the U.S. These investments involve risks that are different from investments in securities issued by U.S. issuers, including potential unfavorable political and economic developments, non-U.S. withholding or other taxes, seizure of non-U.S. deposits, currency controls, interest limitations or other governmental restrictions which might affect payment of principal or interest.

INVESTMENTS IN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS. The Fund may hold securities of non-U.S. issuers in the form of American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") and other similar instruments. Generally, ADRs in registered form are designed for use in U.S. securities markets, and EDRs and GDRs and other similar global instruments in bearer form are designed for use in non-U.S. securities markets.

ADRs are denominated in U.S. dollars and represent an interest in the right to receive securities of non-U.S. issuers deposited in a U.S. bank or correspondent bank. ADRs do not eliminate all the risk inherent in investing in the securities of non-U.S. issuers. However, by investing in ADRs rather than directly in equity securities of non-U.S. issuers, the Fund will avoid currency risks during the settlement period for either purchases or sales. The Fund does not count investments in ADRs towards the Fund's 25% limit in foreign securities. However, it does limit its overall investment in ADRs to 10%. EDRs and GDRs are not necessarily denominated in the same currency as the underlying securities which they represent. Investments in EDRs and GDRs will be subject to the Fund's 25% limit in foreign securities.

For purposes of the Fund's investment policies, investments in ADRs, GDRs and similar instruments will be deemed to be investments in the underlying equity securities of non-U.S. issuers. The Fund may acquire depositary receipts from banks that do not have a contractual relationship with the issuer of the security underlying the depositary receipt to issue and secure such depositary receipt. To the extent the Fund invests in such unsponsored depositary receipts there may be an increased possibility that the Fund may not become aware of events affecting the underlying security and thus the value of the related depositary receipt. In addition, certain benefits (i.e., rights offerings) which may be associated with the security underlying the depositary receipt may not

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inure to the benefit of the holder of such depositary receipt.

CORPORATE LOANS AND PARTICIPATIONS. The Fund may invest directly or through a private investment fund in corporate loans or participations in corporate loans (collectively, "corporate loans"). The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in corporate loans. Corporate loans are generally subject to liquidity risks because they are traded in an over-the-counter market.

Corporate loans, like most other debt obligations, are subject to the risk of default. While all investments involve some amount of risk, corporate loans generally involve less risk than equity instruments of the same issuer because the payment of principal of and interest on debt instruments is a contractual obligation of the issuer that, in most instances, takes precedence over the payment of dividends, or the return of capital, to the issuer's shareholders.

Although the Fund may invest in corporate loans that will be fully collateralized with assets with a market value that, at the time of acquisition, equals or exceeds the principal amount of the corporate loan, the value of the collateral may decline below the principal amount of the corporate loan subsequent to the Fund's investment in such bank loan. In addition, to the extent that collateral consists of stock of the borrower or its subsidiaries or affiliates, the Fund will be subject to the risk that this stock may decline in value, be relatively illiquid, or may lose all or substantially all of its value, causing the bank loan to be undercollateralized. There is no assurance that the sale of collateral would raise enough cash to satisfy the borrower's payment obligation or that the collateral can or will be liquidated. Some or all of the bank loans held by the Fund may not be secured by any collateral, and such bank loans entail greater risk than secured bank loans.

Corporate loans are also subject to the risk of default of scheduled interest or principal payments. In the event of a failure to pay scheduled interest or principal payments on corporate loans held by the Fund, the Fund could experience a reduction in its income, would experience a decline in the market value of the particular corporate loan so affected, and may experience a decline in the net asset value of its shares or the amount of its dividends. The risk of default will increase in the event of an economic downturn or a substantial increase in interest rates. To the extent that the Fund's investment is in a corporate loan acquired from another lender, the Fund may be subject to certain credit risks with respect to that lender.

The Fund may acquire corporate loans of borrowers that are experiencing, or are more likely to experience, financial difficulty, including corporate loans issued in highly leveraged transactions. The Fund may even acquire and retain in its portfolio corporate loans of borrowers that have filed for bankruptcy protection or that have had involuntary bankruptcy petitions filed against them by creditors.

In the event of the bankruptcy, receivership, or other insolvency proceeding of a borrower, the Fund could experience delays or limitations with respect to its ability to collect the principal of and interest on the corporate loan and with respect to its ability to realize the benefits of the collateral securing the corporate loan, if any. Among the credit risks involved in such a proceeding are the avoidance of the corporate loan as a fraudulent conveyance, the restructuring of the payment obligations under the corporate loan (including, without limitation, the reduction of the principal amount, the extension of the maturity, and the reduction of the interest rate thereof), the avoidance of the pledge of collateral securing the corporate loan as a fraudulent conveyance or preferential transfer, the discharge of the obligation to repay that portion of the corporate loan that exceeds the value of the collateral, and the subordination of the Fund's rights to the rights of other creditors of the borrower under applicable law. Similar delays or limitations of the Fund's ability to collect the principal of and interest on the corporate

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loan and with respect to its ability to realize the benefits of the collateral securing the corporate loan may arise in the event of the bankruptcy, receivership, or other insolvency proceeding of an original lender or an agent.

The Advisor anticipates that investment decisions on corporate loans will be based largely on the credit analysis performed by the Advisor's investment personnel and not on analysis prepared by rating agencies or other independent parties, and such analysis may be difficult to perform for many borrowers and issuers. The Advisor may also utilize information prepared and supplied by the agent or other lenders. Information about interests in corporate loans generally will not be in the public domain, and interests are often not currently rated by any nationally recognized rating service. Many borrowers have not issued securities to the public and are not subject to reporting requirements under federal securities laws. Generally, borrowers are required to provide financial information to lenders, including the Fund, and information may be available from other corporate loan participants or agents that originate or administer corporate loans. There can be no assurance that the Advisor's analysis will disclose factors that may impair the value of a corporate loan. A serious deterioration in the credit quality of a borrower could cause a permanent decrease in the Fund's net asset value.

There is no minimum rating or other independent evaluation of a borrower or its securities limiting the Fund's investments, except that, with respect to the portion of the Fund's assets that are invested in high yield securities, the Fund may not purchase securities with a rating of CCC or below. However, the Fund may hold such securities as a result of a downgrade in ratings subsequent to their purchase, although no more than 10% of that portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in securities that are unrated or rated CCC. Although a corporate loan often is not rated by any rating agency at the time the Fund purchases the corporate loan, rating agencies have become more active in rating an increasing number of corporate loans and at any given time a substantial portion of the corporate loans in the Fund's portfolio may be rated. Although the Advisor may consider such ratings when evaluating a corporate loan, it does not view such ratings as a determinative factor in its investment decisions. The lack of a rating may not necessarily imply that a corporate loan is of lesser investment quality. The Fund may invest its assets in corporate loans rated below investment grade or that are unrated but of comparable quality.

While debt instruments generally are subject to the risk of changes in interest rates, the interest rates of corporate loans in which the Fund may invest would adjust with a specified interest rate. Thus the risk that changes in interest rates would affect the market value of such corporate loans is significantly decreased, but is not eliminated.

WHEN-ISSUED AND DELAYED DELIVERY SECURITIES. The Fund may purchase securities, including U.S. government securities, on a when-issued basis or may purchase or sell securities for delayed delivery. In such transactions, delivery of the securities occurs beyond the normal settlement period, but no payment or delivery is made by the Fund prior to the actual delivery or payment by the other party to the transaction. The Fund will not earn income on these securities until delivered. The purchase of securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis involves the risk that the value of the securities purchased will decline prior to the settlement date. The sale of securities for delayed delivery involves the risk that the prices available in the market on the delivery date may be greater than those obtained in the sale transaction. The Fund's obligations with respect to when-issued and delayed delivery transactions will be fully collateralized by segregating liquid assets with a value equal to the Fund's obligations. See "Asset Segregation."

PREFERRED SHARES. Preferred shares are equity securities, but they have many characteristics of fixed income securities, such as a fixed dividend payment rate and/or a liquidity preference over the issuer's common shares.

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However, because preferred shares are equity securities, they may be more susceptible to risks traditionally associated with equity investments than the Fund's fixed income investments.

OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES. The Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies to the extent that such investments are consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies and permissible under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, the Fund may not acquire the securities of other domestic or non-U.S. investment companies if, as a result, (i) more than 10% of the Fund's total assets would be invested in securities of other investment companies, (ii) such purchase would result in more than 3% of the total outstanding voting securities of any one investment company being held by the Fund, or (iii) more than 5% of the Fund's total assets would be invested in any one investment company. These limitations do not apply to the purchase of shares of any investment company in connection with a merger, consolidation, reorganization or acquisition of substantially all the assets of another investment company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, subject to receiving no-action assurance from the Commission, the Fund may invest cash balances in shares of other money market funds advised by the Fund's Advisor or its affiliates in amounts up to 25% of the Fund's total assets.

The Fund, as a holder of the securities of other investment companies, will bear its pro rata portion of the other investment companies' expenses, including advisory fees. These expenses are in addition to the direct expenses of the Fund's own operations.

MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS. Money market instruments are high-quality instruments that present minimal credit risk. They may include U.S. government obligations, commercial paper and other short-term corporate obligations, and certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, bank deposits, and other financial institution obligations. These instruments may carry fixed or variable interest rates.

Payment-in-kind Securities. The Fund may invest in payment-in-kind (PIK) securities. PIK securities are debt obligations which provide that the issuer may, at its option, pay interest on such bonds in cash or in the form of additional debt obligations, for a specified period of time. Such investments benefit the issuer by mitigating its need for cash to meet debt service, but also require a higher rate of return to attract investors who are willing to defer receipt of such cash.

The issuer's option to pay in additional securities typically ranges from one to six years, compared to an average maturity for all PIK securities of eleven years. Call protection and sinking fund features are comparable to those offered on traditional debt issues.

PIKs, like zero coupon bonds, are designed to give an issuer flexibility in managing cash flow. Some PIKs are senior debt. In other cases, where PIKs are subordinated, most senior lenders view them as equity equivalents.

An advantage of PIKs for the issuer -- as with zero coupon securities -- is that interest payments are automatically compounded (reinvested) at the stated coupon rate, which is not the case with cash-paying securities. However, PIKs are gaining popularity over zero coupon bonds since interest payments in additional securities can be monetized and are more tangible than accretion of a discount.

Generally, PIK bonds trade without accrued interest. Their price is expected to reflect an amount representing accreted interest since the last payment. PIKs generally trade at higher yields than comparable cash-paying securities of the same issuer. Their premium yield is usually the result of the lesser desirability of non-cash interest, the more limited audience for non-cash

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paying securities and the fact that many PIKs have been issued to equity investors who do not normally own or hold such securities.

Calculating the true yield on a PIK security requires a discounted cash flow analysis if the security is trading at a premium or a discount because the realizable value of additional payments is equal to the current market value of the underlying security, not par.

Regardless of whether PIK securities are senior or deeply subordinated, issuers are generally highly motivated to retire them because they are usually their most costly form of capital.

Derivatives

INTEREST RATE TRANSACTIONS

Interest Rate Swaps, Collars, Caps and Floors. In order to hedge the value of the Fund's portfolio against interest rate fluctuations or to enhance the Fund's income, the Fund may, but is not required to, enter into various interest rate transactions such as interest rate swaps and the purchase or sale of interest rate caps and floors. To the extent that the Fund enters into these transactions, the Fund expects to do so primarily to preserve a return or spread on a particular investment or portion of its portfolio or to protect against any increase in the price of securities the Fund anticipates purchasing at a later date. The Fund intends to use these transactions primarily as a hedge and not as a speculative investment. However, the Fund also may invest in interest rate swaps to enhance income or to increase the Fund's yield, for example, during periods of steep interest rate yield curves (i.e., wide differences between short-term and long-term interest rates). The Fund is not required to hedge its portfolio and may choose not to do so. The Fund cannot guarantee that any hedging strategies it uses will work.

In an interest rate swap, the Fund exchanges with another party their respective commitments to pay or receive interest (e.g., an exchange of fixed rate payments for floating rate payments). For example, if the Fund holds a debt instrument with an interest rate that is reset only once each year, it may swap the right to receive interest at this fixed rate for the right to receive interest at a rate that is reset every week. This would enable the Fund to offset a decline in the value of the debt instrument due to rising interest rates but would also limit its ability to benefit from falling interest rates. Conversely, if the Fund holds a debt instrument with an interest rate that is reset every week and it would like to lock in what it believes to be a high interest rate for one year, it may swap the right to receive interest at this variable weekly rate for the right to receive interest at a rate that is fixed for one year. Such a swap would protect the Fund from a reduction in yield due to falling interest rates and may permit the Fund to enhance its income through the positive differential between one week and one year interest rates, but would preclude it from taking full advantage of rising interest rates.

The Fund usually will enter into interest rate swaps on a net basis (i.e., the two payment streams are netted out with the Fund receiving or paying, as the case may be, only the net amount of the two payments). The net amount of the excess, if any, of the Fund's obligations over its entitlements with respect to each interest rate swap will be accrued on a daily basis, and an amount of cash or liquid instruments having an aggregate net asset value at least equal to the accrued excess will be maintained in a segregated account by the Fund's custodian. If the interest rate swap transaction is entered into on other than a net basis, the full amount of the Fund's obligations will be accrued on a daily basis, and the full amount of the Fund's obligations will be maintained in a segregated account by the Fund's custodian.

The Fund also may engage in interest rate transactions in the form of

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purchasing or selling interest rate caps or floors. The Fund will not sell interest rate caps or floors that it does not own. The purchase of an interest rate cap entitles the purchaser, to the extent that a specified index exceeds a predetermined interest rate, to receive payments of interest equal to the difference of the index and the predetermined rate on a notional principal amount (i.e., the reference amount with respect to which interest obligations are determined although no actual exchange of principal occurs) from the party selling such interest rate cap. The purchase of an interest rate floor entitles the purchaser, to the extent that a specified index falls below a predetermined interest rate, to receive payments of interest at the difference of the index and the predetermined rate on a notional principal amount from the party selling such interest rate floor. The Fund will not enter into caps or floors if, on a net basis, the aggregate notional principal amount with respect to such agreements exceeds the net assets of the Fund.

Typically, the parties with which the Fund will enter into interest rate transactions will be broker-dealers and other financial institutions. The Fund will not enter into any interest rate swap, cap or floor transaction unless the unsecured senior debt or the claims-paying ability of the other party thereto is rated investment grade quality by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization at the time of entering into such transaction or whose creditworthiness is believed by the Advisor to be equivalent to such rating. If there is a default by the other party to such a transaction, the Fund will have contractual remedies pursuant to the agreements related to the transaction. The swap market has grown substantially in recent years with a large number of banks and investment banking firms acting both as principals and as agents utilizing standardized swap documentation. As a result, the swap market has become relatively liquid in comparison with other similar instruments traded in the interbank market. Caps and floors, however, are less liquid than swaps. Certain federal income tax requirements may limit the Fund's ability to engage in interest rate swaps.

FUTURES CONTRACTS AND OPTIONS ON FUTURES CONTRACTS. To hedge against changes in securities prices or currency exchange rates or to seek to increase total return, the Fund may purchase and sell various kinds of futures contracts, and purchase and write (sell) call and put options on any of such futures contracts. The Fund may also enter into closing purchase and sale transactions with respect to any of such contracts and options. The futures contracts may be based on various securities (such as U.S. government securities), securities indices, non-U.S. currencies and other financial instruments and indices. The Fund will engage in futures and related options transactions for bona fide hedging and non-hedging purposes as described below. All futures contracts entered into by the Fund are traded on U.S. exchanges or boards of trade that are licensed and regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the CFTC) or on non-U.S. exchanges.

Futures Contracts. A futures contract may generally be described as an agreement between two parties to buy and sell particular financial instruments for an agreed price during a designated month (or to deliver the final cash settlement price, in the case of a contract relating to an index or otherwise not calling for physical delivery at the end of trading in the contract).

When interest rates are rising or securities prices are falling, the Fund can seek to offset a decline in the value of its current portfolio securities through the sale of futures contracts. When interest rates are falling or securities prices are rising, the Fund, through the purchase of futures contracts, can attempt to secure better rates or prices than might later be available in the market when it effects anticipated purchases. Similarly, the Fund can sell futures contracts on a specified currency to protect against a decline in the value of such currency and a decline in the value of its portfolio securities which are denominated in such currency. The Fund can purchase futures contracts on a non-U.S. currency to establish the price in U.S.

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dollars of a security denominated in such currency that the Fund has acquired or expects to acquire.

Positions taken in the futures markets are not normally held to maturity but are instead liquidated through offsetting transactions which may result in a profit or a loss. While futures contracts on securities or currency will usually be liquidated in this manner, the Fund may instead make, or take, delivery of the underlying securities or currency whenever it appears economically advantageous to do so. A clearing corporation associated with the exchange on which futures on securities or currency are traded guarantees that, if still open, the sale or purchase will be performed on the settlement date.

Hedging Strategies. Hedging, by use of futures contracts, seeks to establish with more certainty the effective price, rate of return and currency exchange rate on portfolio securities and securities that the Fund owns or proposes to acquire. The Fund may, for example, take a "short" position in the futures market by selling futures contracts in order to hedge against an anticipated rise in interest rates or a decline in market prices or non-U.S. currency rates that would adversely affect the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Such futures contracts may include contracts for the future delivery of securities held by the Fund or securities with characteristics similar to those of the Fund's portfolio securities. Similarly, the Fund may sell futures contracts in a non-U.S. currency in which its portfolio securities are denominated or in one currency to hedge against fluctuations in the value of securities denominated in a different currency if there is an established historical pattern of correlation between the two currencies. If, in the opinion of the Advisor, there is a sufficient degree of correlation between price trends for the Fund's portfolio securities and futures contracts based on other financial instruments, securities indices or other indices, the Fund may also enter into such futures contracts as part of its hedging strategies. Although under some circumstances prices of securities in the Fund's portfolio may be more or less volatile than prices of such futures contracts, the Advisor will attempt to estimate the extent of this volatility difference based on historical patterns and compensate for any such differential by having the Fund enter into a greater or lesser number of futures contracts or by attempting to achieve only a partial hedge against price changes affecting the Fund's portfolio securities. When hedging of this character is successful, any depreciation in the value of portfolio securities will be substantially offset by appreciation in the value of the futures position. On the other hand, any unanticipated appreciation in the value of the Fund's portfolio securities would be substantially offset by a decline in the value of the futures position.

On other occasions, the Fund may take a "long" position by purchasing futures contracts. This may be done, for example, when the Fund anticipates the subsequent purchase of particular securities when it has the necessary cash, but expects the prices or currency exchange rates then available in the applicable market to be less favorable than prices or rates that are currently available.

Options on Futures Contracts. The acquisition of put and call options on futures contracts will give the Fund the right (but not the obligation) for a specified price to sell or to purchase, respectively, the underlying futures contract at any time during the option period. As the purchaser of an option on a futures contract, the Fund obtains the benefit of the futures position if prices move in a favorable direction but limits its risk of loss in the event of an unfavorable price movement to the loss of the premium and transaction costs.

The writing of a call option on a futures contract generates a premium which may partially offset a decline in the value of the Fund's assets. By writing a call option, the Fund becomes obligated, in exchange for the premium, to sell a futures contract (if the option is exercised), which may have a value higher than the exercise price. Conversely, the writing of a put option on a futures contract generates a premium which may partially offset an increase in

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the price of securities that the Fund intends to purchase. However, the Fund becomes obligated to purchase a futures contract (if the option is exercised) which may have a value lower than the exercise price. Thus, the loss incurred by the Fund in writing options on futures is potentially unlimited and may exceed the amount of the premium received. The Fund will incur transaction costs in connection with the writing of options on futures.

The holder or writer of an option on a futures contract may terminate its position by selling or purchasing an offsetting option on the same series. There is no guarantee that such closing transactions can be effected. The Fund's ability to establish and close out positions on such options will be subject to the development and maintenance of a liquid market.

Other Considerations. The Fund will engage in futures and related options transactions only for bona fide hedging or non-hedging purposes in accordance with CFTC regulations which permit principals of an investment company registered under the 1940 Act to engage in such transactions without registering as commodity pool operators. The Fund will determine that the price fluctuations in the futures contracts and options on futures used for hedging purposes are substantially related to price fluctuations in securities held by the Fund or which the Fund expects to purchase. Except as stated below, the Fund's futures transactions will be entered into for traditional hedging purposes--i.e., futures contracts will be sold to protect against a decline in the price of securities (or the currency in which they are denominated) that the Fund owns, or futures contracts will be purchased to protect the Fund against an increase in the price of securities (or the currency in which they are denominated) it intends to purchase. As evidence of this hedging intent, the Fund expects that on 75% or more of the occasions on which it takes a long futures or option position (involving the purchase of futures contracts), the Fund will have purchased, or will be in the process of purchasing, equivalent amounts of related securities or assets denominated in the related currency in the cash market at the time when the futures or option position is closed out. However, in particular cases, when it is economically advantageous for the Fund to do so, a long futures position may be terminated or an option may expire without the corresponding purchase of securities or other assets.

As an alternative to literal compliance with the bona fide hedging definition, a CFTC regulation permits the Fund to elect to comply with a different test, under which the sum of the amounts of initial margin deposits on the Fund's existing non-hedging futures contracts and premiums paid for options on futures entered into for non-hedging purposes (net of the amount the positions are "in the money") would not exceed 5% of the market value of the Fund's total assets. The Fund does not use derivatives as a primary investment technique and generally does not anticipate using derivatives for non-hedging purposes. In the event the Fund uses derivatives for non-hedging purposes, no more than 3% of the Fund's total assets will be committed to initial margin for derivatives for such purposes. The Fund will engage in transactions in futures contracts and related options only to the extent such transactions are consistent with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") for maintaining its qualification as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes.

Futures contracts and related options involve brokerage costs, require margin deposits and, in the case of contracts and options obligating the Fund to purchase securities or currencies, require the Fund to segregate assets to cover such contracts and options.

While transactions in futures contracts and options on futures may reduce certain risks, such transactions themselves entail certain other risks. Thus, while the Fund may benefit from the use of futures and options on futures, unanticipated changes in interest rates, securities prices or currency exchange rates may result in a poorer overall performance for the Fund than if it had not

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entered into any futures contracts or options transactions. In the event of an imperfect correlation between a futures position and a portfolio position which is intended to be protected, the desired protection may not be obtained and the Fund may be exposed to risk of loss.

Options on Securities and Securities Indices. The Fund may purchase put and call options on any security in which it may invest or options on any securities index based on securities in which it may invest. The Fund would also be able to enter into closing sale transactions in order to realize gains or minimize losses on options it has purchased.

Writing Call and Put Options on Securities. A call option written by the Fund obligates the Fund to sell specified securities to the holder of the option at a specified price if the option is exercised at any time before the expiration date. All call options written by the Fund are covered, which means that the Fund will own the securities subject to the options as long as the options are outstanding, or the Fund will use the other methods described below. The Fund's purpose in writing covered call options is to realize greater income than would be realized on portfolio securities transactions alone. However, the Fund may forgo the opportunity to profit from an increase in the market price of the underlying security.

A put option written by the Fund would obligate the Fund to purchase specified securities from the option holder at a specified price if the option is exercised at any time before the expiration date. All put options written by the Fund would be covered, which means that the Fund would have segregated assets with a value at least equal to the exercise price of the put option. The purpose of writing such options is to generate additional income for the Fund. However, in return for the option premium, the Fund accepts the risk that it may be required to purchase the underlying security at a price in excess of its market value at the time of purchase.

Call and put options written by the Fund will also be considered to be covered to the extent that the Fund's liabilities under such options are wholly or partially offset by its rights under call and put options purchased by the Fund. In addition, a written call option or put may be covered by entering into an offsetting forward contract and/or by purchasing an offsetting option or any other option which, by virtue of its exercise price or otherwise, reduces the Fund's net exposure on its written option position.

Writing Call and Put Options on Securities Indices. The Fund may also write (sell) covered call and put options on any securities index composed of securities in which it may invest. Options on securities indices are similar to options on securities, except that the exercise of securities index options requires cash payments and does not involve the actual purchase or sale of securities. In addition, securities index options are designed to reflect price fluctuations in a group of securities or segments of the securities market rather than price fluctuations in a single security.

The Fund may cover call options on a securities index by owning securities whose price changes are expected to be similar to those of the underlying index, or by having an absolute and immediate right to acquire such securities without additional cash consideration (or for additional consideration if cash in such amount is segregated) upon conversion or exchange of other securities in its portfolio. The Fund may cover call and put options on a securities index by segregating assets with a value equal to the exercise price.

Purchasing Call and Put Options. The Fund would normally purchase call options in anticipation of an increase in the market value of securities of the type in which it may invest. The purchase of a call option would entitle the Fund, in return for the premium paid, to purchase specified securities at a specified price during the option period. The Fund would ordinarily realize a

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gain if, during the option period, the value of such securities exceeded the sum of the exercise price, the premium paid and transaction costs; otherwise the Fund would realize either no gain or a loss on the purchase of the call option.

The Fund would normally purchase put options in anticipation of a decline in the market value of securities in its portfolio ("protective puts") or in securities in which it may invest. The purchase of a put option would entitle the Fund, in exchange for the premium paid, to sell specified securities at a specified price during the option period. The purchase of protective puts is designed to offset or hedge against a decline in the market value of the Fund's holdings. Put options may also be purchased by the Fund for the purpose of affirmatively benefiting from a decline in the price of securities which it does not own. The Fund would ordinarily realize a gain if, during the option period, the value of the underlying securities decreased below the exercise price sufficiently to more than cover the premium and transaction costs; otherwise the Fund would realize either no gain or a loss on the purchase of the put option. Gains and losses on the purchase of protective put options would tend to be offset by countervailing changes in the value of the underlying portfolio securities.

The Fund may terminate its obligations under an exchange-traded call or put option by purchasing an option identical to the one it has written. Obligations under over-the-counter options may be terminated only by entering into an offsetting transaction with the counterparty to such option. Such purchases are referred to as "closing purchase transactions."

Risks of Trading Options. There is no assurance that a liquid secondary market on an options exchange will exist for any particular exchange-traded option, or at any particular time. If the Fund is unable to effect a closing purchase transaction with respect to covered options it has written, the Fund will not be able to sell the underlying securities or dispose of its segregated assets until the options expire or are exercised. Similarly, if the Fund is unable to effect a closing sale transaction with respect to options it has purchased, it will have to exercise the options in order to realize any profit and will incur transaction costs upon the purchase or sale of underlying securities.

Reasons for the absence of a liquid secondary market on an exchange include the following: (i) there may be insufficient trading interest in certain options; (ii) restrictions may be imposed by an exchange on opening or closing transactions or both; (iii) trading halts, suspensions or other restrictions may be imposed with respect to particular classes or series of options; (iv) unusual or unforeseen circumstances may interrupt normal operations on an exchange; (v) the facilities of an exchange or the Options Clearing Corporation (OCC) may not at all times be adequate to handle current trading volume; or (vi) one or more exchanges could, for economic or other reasons, decide or be compelled at some future date to discontinue the trading of options (or a particular class or series of options), in which event the secondary market on that exchange (or in that class or series of options) would cease to exist, although outstanding options on that exchange, if any, that had been issued by the OCC as a result of trades on that exchange would continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms.

The Fund may purchase and sell both options that are traded on U.S. and options traded over the counter with broker-dealers who make markets in these options. The ability to terminate over-the-counter options is more limited than with exchange-traded options and may involve the risk that broker-dealers participating in such transactions will not fulfill their obligations.

Transactions by the Fund in options on securities and indices will be subject to limitations established by each of the exchanges, boards of trade or other trading facilities governing the maximum number of options in each class

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which may be written or purchased by a single investor or group of investors acting in concert. Thus, the number of options which the Fund may write or purchase may be affected by options written or purchased by other investment advisory clients of the Advisor. An exchange, board of trade or other trading facility may order the liquidations of positions found to be in excess of these limits, and it may impose certain other sanctions.

The writing and purchase of options is a highly specialized activity which involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The successful use of protective puts for hedging purposes depends in part on the Advisor's ability to predict future price fluctuations and the degree of correlation between the options and securities markets.

The hours of trading for options may not conform to the hours during which the underlying securities are traded. To the extent that the options markets close before the markets for the underlying securities, significant price movements can take place in the underlying markets that cannot be reflected in the options markets.

In addition to the risks of imperfect correlation between the Fund's portfolio and the index underlying the option, the purchase of securities index options involves the risk that the premium and transaction costs paid by the Fund in purchasing an option will be lost. This could occur as a result of unanticipated movements in the price of the securities comprising the securities index on which the option is based.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS.

Foreign Currency Exchange Transactions. The Fund may engage in foreign currency exchange transactions to protect against uncertainty in the level of future exchange rates. The Advisor may engage in foreign currency exchange transactions in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio securities ("transaction hedging"), and to protect the value of specific portfolio positions ("position hedging").

The Fund may engage in "transaction hedging" to protect against a change in the foreign currency exchange rate between the date on which the Fund contracts to purchase or sell the security and the settlement date, or to "lock in" the U.S. dollar equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in a foreign currency. For that purpose, the Fund may purchase or sell a foreign currency on a spot (or cash) basis at the prevailing spot rate in connection with the settlement of transactions in portfolio securities denominated in or exposed to that foreign currency.

If conditions warrant, the Fund may also enter into contracts to purchase or sell foreign currencies at a future date ("forward contracts") and purchase and sell foreign currency futures contracts as a hedge against changes in foreign currency exchange rates between the trade and settlement dates on particular transactions and not for speculation. A foreign currency forward contract is a negotiated agreement to exchange currency at a future time at a rate or rates that may be higher or lower than the spot rate. Foreign currency futures contracts are standardized exchange-traded contracts and have margin requirements.

For transaction hedging purposes, the Fund may also purchase exchange-listed and over-the-counter call and put options on foreign currency futures contracts and on foreign currencies. A put option on a futures contract gives the Fund the right to assume a short position in the futures contract until expiration of the option. A put option on currency gives the Fund the right to sell a currency at an exercise price until the expiration of the option. A call option on a futures contract gives the Fund the right to assume a

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long position in the futures contract until the expiration of the option. A call option on currency gives the Fund the right to purchase a currency at the exercise price until the expiration of the option.

The Fund may engage in "position hedging" to protect against a decline in the value relative to the U.S. dollar of the currencies in which its portfolio securities are denominated, or quoted or exposed (or an increase in the value of currency for securities which the Fund intends to buy, when it holds cash reserves and short-term investments). For position hedging purposes, the Fund may purchase or sell foreign currency futures contracts and foreign currency forward contracts, and may purchase put or call options on foreign currency futures contracts and on foreign currencies on exchanges or in over-the-counter markets. In connection with position hedging, the Fund may also purchase or sell foreign currency on a spot basis.

The precise matching of the amounts of foreign currency exchange transactions and the value of the portfolio securities involved will not generally be possible since the future value of such securities in foreign currencies will change as a consequence of market movements in the value of those securities between the dates the currency exchange transactions are entered into and the dates they mature.

It is impossible to forecast with precision the market value of portfolio securities at the expiration or maturity of a forward or futures contract. Accordingly, it may be necessary for the Fund to purchase additional foreign currency on the spot market (and bear the expense of such purchase) if the market value of the security or securities being hedged is less than the amount of foreign currency the Fund is obligated to deliver and if a decision is made to sell the security or securities and make delivery of the foreign currency. Conversely, it may be necessary to sell on the spot market some of the foreign currency received upon the sale of the portfolio security or securities if the market value of such security or securities exceeds the amount of foreign currency the Fund is obligated to deliver.

Hedging transactions involve costs and may result in losses. The Fund may write covered call options on foreign currencies to offset some of the costs of hedging those currencies. The Fund's ability to engage in hedging and related option transactions may be limited by tax considerations.

Transaction and position hedging do not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the securities which the Fund owns or intends to purchase or sell. They simply establish a rate of exchange which one can achieve at some future point in time. Additionally, although these techniques seek to minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, they seek to limit any potential gain which might result from the increase in the value of such currency.

Currency Forward and Futures Contracts. A forward foreign currency exchange contract involves an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract as agreed by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. In the case of a cancelable forward contract, the holder has the unilateral right to cancel the contract at maturity by paying a specified fee. The contracts are traded in the interbank market conducted directly between currency traders (usually large commercial banks) and their customers. A forward contract generally has no deposit requirement, and no commissions are charged at any stage for trades. A foreign currency futures contract is a standardized contract for the future delivery of a specified amount of a foreign currency at a future date at a price set at the time of the contract. Foreign currency futures contracts traded in the U.S. are designed by and traded on exchanges regulated by the CFTC, such as the New York Mercantile Exchange.

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The Advisor anticipates that forward contracts will be used primarily by the Advisor to adjust the foreign exchange exposure of the Fund to protect against uncertainty in the level of future foreign exchange rates, and the Fund might be expected to enter into such contracts under the following circumstances:

Lock In. When the Advisor desires to lock in the U.S. dollar price on the purchase or sale of a security denominated in a foreign currency.

Cross Hedge. If a particular currency is expected to decrease against another currency, the Fund may sell the currency expected to decrease and purchase a currency which is expected to increase against the currency sold in an amount approximately equal to some or all of the Fund's holdings denominated in the currency sold.

Direct Hedge. If the Advisor wants to eliminate substantially all of the risk of owning a particular currency, and/or if the Advisor thinks that the Fund can benefit from price appreciation in a given country's bonds but does not want to hold the currency, it may employ a direct hedge back into the U.S. dollar. In either case, the Fund would enter into a forward contract to sell the currency in which a portfolio security is denominated and purchase U.S. dollars at an exchange rate established at the time it initiated the contract. The cost of the direct hedge transaction may offset most, if not all, of the yield advantage offered by the foreign security, but the Fund would hope to benefit from an increase (if any) in value of the bond.

Proxy Hedge. The Advisor might choose to use a proxy hedge, which may be less costly than a direct hedge. In this case, the Fund, having purchased a security, will sell a currency whose value is believed to be closely linked to the currency in which the security is denominated. Interest rates prevailing in the country whose currency was sold would be expected to be closer to those in the U.S. and lower than those of securities denominated in the currency of the original holding. This type of hedging entails greater risk than a direct hedge because it is dependent on a stable relationship between the two currencies paired as proxies and the relationships can be very unstable at times.

Forward foreign currency exchange contracts differ from foreign currency futures contracts in certain respects. For example, the maturity date of a forward contract may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, rather than a predetermined date in any given month. Forward contracts may be in any amounts agreed upon by the parties rather than predetermined amounts. Also, forward foreign exchange contracts are traded directly between currency traders so that no intermediary is required. A forward contract generally requires no margin or other deposit.

At the maturity of a forward or futures contract, the Fund may either accept or make delivery of the currency specified in the contract, or at or prior to maturity enter into a closing transaction involving the purchase or sale of an offsetting contract. Closing transactions with respect to forward contracts are usually effected with the currency trader who is a party to the original forward contract. Closing transactions with respect to futures contracts are effected on a commodities exchange; a clearing corporation associated with the exchange assumes responsibility for closing out such contracts.

Positions in foreign currency futures contracts may be closed out only on an exchange or board of trade which provides a secondary market in such contracts. Although the Fund intends to purchase or sell foreign currency futures contracts only on exchanges or boards of trade where there appears to be an active secondary market, there can be no assurance that a secondary market on an exchange or board of trade will exist for any particular contract or at any particular time. In such event, it may not be possible to close a futures

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position and, in the event of adverse price movements, the Fund would continue to be required to make daily cash payments of variation margin.

Foreign Currency Options. Options on foreign currencies operate similarly to options on securities, and are traded primarily in the over-the-counter market, although options on foreign currencies have recently been listed on several exchanges. The Advisor anticipates that foreign currency options will be purchased or written only when it believes that a liquid secondary market exists for such options. There can be no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for a particular option at any specific time. Options on foreign currencies are affected by all of those factors which influence foreign exchange rates and investments generally.

The value of a foreign currency option is dependent upon the value of the foreign currency and the U.S. dollar and may have no relationship to the investment merits of a foreign security. Because foreign currency transactions occurring in the interbank market involve substantially larger amounts than those that may be involved in the use of foreign currency options, investors may be disadvantaged by having to deal in an odd lot market (generally consisting of transactions of less than \$1 million) for the underlying foreign currencies at prices that are less favorable than for round lots.

There is no systematic reporting of last sale information for foreign currencies and there is no regulatory requirement that quotations available through dealers or other market sources be firm or revised on a timely basis. Available quotation information is generally representative of very large transactions in the interbank market and thus may not reflect relatively smaller transactions (less than \$1 million) where rates may be less favorable. The interbank market in foreign currencies is a global, around-the-clock market. To the extent that the U.S. options markets are closed while the markets for the underlying currencies remain open, significant price and rate movements may take place in the underlying markets that cannot be reflected in the options markets.

Foreign Currency Conversion. Although foreign exchange dealers do not charge a fee for currency conversion, they do realize a profit based on the difference (the "spread") between prices at which they are buying and selling various currencies. Thus, a dealer may offer to sell a foreign currency to the Fund at one rate, while offering a lesser rate of exchange should the Fund desire to resell that currency to the dealer.

Asset Segregation

The 1940 Act requires that the Fund segregate assets in connection with certain types of transactions that may have the effect of leveraging the Fund's portfolio. If the Fund enters into a transaction requiring segregation, such as a forward commitment, the custodian or the Advisor will segregate liquid assets in an amount required to comply with the 1940 Act. Such segregated assets will be valued at market daily. If the aggregate value of such segregated assets declines below the aggregate value necessary to satisfy requirements under the 1940 Act, additional liquid assets will be segregated.

Downgrades in Fixed Income Debt Securities

The Advisor does not intend to purchase illiquid or restricted securities (securities that the Fund cannot easily resell within seven days at current value or that have contractual or legal restrictions on resale) or distressed securities (securities which are the subject of bankruptcy proceedings or otherwise in default as to the repayment of principal and/or payment of interest). However, the Fund is not required to sell or dispose of any debt security that falls into either category subsequent to its purchase.

If a security held by the Fund subsequently is categorized as illiquid or

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restricted, the Fund may be unable to quickly resell the security quickly or may be able to sell it only at a price below current market value or could have difficulty valuing this holding precisely. Distressed securities frequently do not produce income while they are outstanding and may require the Fund to bear certain extraordinary expenses in order to protect and recover its investment. Therefore, the Fund's ability to achieve current income may be diminished. Such securities are also subject to uncertainty as to when, in what manner and for what value the obligations evidenced by the distressed securities will be satisfied.

The Advisor's Investment Process

The Fund combines investments in high yield debt securities with common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks and convertible debentures of utilities companies. Each of these sectors has its own distinct attributes that the Advisor believes could contribute to the potential for the Fund to achieve its investment objective. There is no guarantee that the Fund will obtain its investment objective.

As discussed in the prospectus, the Fund is managed following a rigorous investment process that emphasizes both quality and value. Each portion of the Fund's assets is managed by its respective portfolio management team, whose investment strategies are summarized as follows.

U.S. High Yield Debt Securities. The high yield team emphasizes quality companies with stable or improving financial situations. Extensive, proprietary research helps manage risk, as does broad sector diversification. The team considers both macro- and microeconomic factors - such as inflation, consumer spending and wages - that affect the conditions of firms in the portfolio.

Utilities Securities. The value equity team considers a number of factors when selecting utility company stocks, which include among others: a history of high dividends and profits; the size of the company's market and market share; competitive or technological advantages that may help it in the future; potential merger activity; and the projected volatility of the company or industry. The team's stock selection is based on a blended style of equity management that allows it to invest in both value- and growth-oriented equity securities.

Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures

The Fund has adopted Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures which the Advisor uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to the Fund's portfolio securities. A copy of the Fund's Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures are attached as Appendix B to this Statement of Additional Information.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Fund has adopted the fundamental investment restrictions set forth below which may not be changed without the vote of "a majority of the Fund's outstanding shares", as defined in the 1940 Act. After the Fund has issued a class of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, the investment restrictions cannot be changed without the approval of a majority of the outstanding common and preferred shares, voting together as a class, and the approval of a majority of the outstanding preferred shares, voting separately by class. Where necessary, an explanation beneath a fundamental policy describes the Fund's practices with respect to that policy, as allowed by current law. If the law governing a policy changes, the Fund's practices may change accordingly without a shareholder vote. Unless otherwise stated, all references to the assets of the Fund are in terms of current market value.

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1. Non-Diversification

The Fund is a non-diversified investment company under the 1940 Act.

Further Explanation of Non-Diversification Policy:

A non-diversified investment company is not limited by the 1940 Act as to the amount of assets that may be invested in any one issuer. However, in order to qualify as a regulated investment company for tax purposes, the Fund may have no more than 25% of its total assets invested in the securities (other than securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities, or the shares of other regulated investment companies) of any one issuer. In addition, with respect to 50% of its total assets, the Fund may not invest more than 5% of its total assets, determined at market or other fair value at the time of purchase, in the securities (other than securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities) of any one issuer, or invest in more than 10% of the voting securities (other than securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities) of any one issuer, determined at the time of purchase.

2. Concentration

The Fund will concentrate its investments (invests 25% or more of its assets) in the securities of issuers engaged in the utility (water, gas, electric and telecommunications) sector. The Fund will not concentrate in any other industries.

3. Issuing Senior Securities

Except as permitted under the 1940 Act, the Fund may not issue senior securities.

Further Explanation of Senior Securities Policy:

The Fund may not issue any class of senior security, or sell any such security of which it is the issuer, unless (i) if such class of senior security represents an indebtedness, immediately after such issuance or sale, it will have an asset coverage of at least 300% or (ii) if such class of senior security is a stock, immediately after such issuance or sale it will have an asset coverage of at least 200%.

4. Borrowing

The Fund may not borrow money, except to the extent permitted by applicable law.

Further Explanation of Borrowing Policy:

The Fund may borrow from banks and enter into reverse repurchase agreements in an amount up to 33 1/3% of its total assets, taken at market value. The Fund intends to limit its borrowing through reverse repurchase agreements to up to 20% of its total assets. The Fund may also borrow up to an additional 5% of its total assets from banks or others. The Fund may purchase securities on margin and engage in short sales to the extent permitted by applicable law.

5. Underwriting

The Fund may not underwrite securities of other issuers, except insofar as the Fund may be deemed to be an underwriter in connection with the disposition of its portfolio securities.

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6. Real Estate

The Fund may not purchase or sell real estate, except that, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the Fund may invest in (a) securities that are directly or indirectly secured by real estate, or (b) securities issued by issuers that invest in real estate.

7. Commodities

The Fund may not purchase or sell commodities or contracts on commodities, except to the extent that the Fund may engage in financial futures contracts and related options and currency contracts and related options and may otherwise do so in accordance with applicable law and without registering as a commodity pool operator under the Commodity Exchange Act.

8. Lending

The Fund may not make loans to other persons, except that the Fund may lend its portfolio securities in accordance with applicable law. The acquisition of investment securities or other investment instruments shall not be deemed to be the making of a loan.

Further Explanation of Lending Policy:

To generate income and offset expenses, the Fund may lend portfolio securities to broker-dealers and other financial institutions in an amount up to 33 1/3% of its total assets, taken at market value. While securities are on loan, the borrower will pay the Fund any income accruing on the security. The Fund may invest any collateral it receives in additional portfolio securities, such as U.S. Treasury notes, certificates of deposit, other high-grade, short-term obligations or interest bearing cash equivalents. Increases or decreases in the market value of a security lent will affect the Fund and its shareholders.

When the Fund lends its securities, it will require the borrower to give the Fund collateral in cash or government securities. The Fund will require collateral in an amount equal to at least 100% of the current market value of the securities lent, including accrued interest. The Fund has the right to call a loan and obtain the securities lent any time on notice of not more than five business days. The Fund may pay reasonable fees in connection with such loans. The risk in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of secured credit, consist of possible delay in receiving additional collateral, or in the recovery of the securities or possible loss of rights in their collateral should the borrower fail financially.

All other investment policies of the Fund in the prospectus under the heading "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies" and in this statement of additional information under the heading "Investment Objective and Policies" are considered non-fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without prior approval of the Fund's outstanding voting shares provided they are given at least 60 days prior written notice.

Under the 1940 Act, the Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in the aggregate in shares of other investment companies and up to 5% of its total assets in any one investment company, provided the investment does not represent more than 3% of the voting stock of the acquired investment company at the time such shares are purchased. As a shareholder in any investment company, the Fund will bear its ratable share of that investment company's expenses, and would remain subject to payment of the Fund's advisory fees and other expenses with respect to assets so invested. Holders of common shares would therefore be subject to duplicative expenses to the extent the Fund invests in other

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investment companies. In addition, the securities of other investment companies may also be leveraged and will therefore be subject to the same leverage risks described herein and in the prospectus. As described in the prospectus in the section entitled "Risks," the net asset value and market value of leveraged shares will be more volatile and the yield to shareholders will tend to fluctuate more than the yield generated by unleveraged shares.

In addition, to comply with federal tax requirements for qualification as a "regulated investment company," the Fund's investments will be limited in a manner such that at the close of each quarter of each tax year, (a) no more than 25% of the value of the Fund's total assets are invested in the securities (other than United States government securities or securities of other regulated investment companies) of a single issuer or two or more issuers controlled by the Fund and engaged in the same, similar or related trades or businesses and (b) with regard to at least 50% of the Fund's total assets, no more than 5% of its total assets are invested in the securities (other than United States government securities or securities of other regulated investment companies) of a single issuer. These tax-related limitations may be changed by the Trustees to the extent appropriate in light of changes to applicable tax requirements.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Trustees of the Fund

The Fund's Board of Trustees provides broad supervision over the Fund's affairs. The Trustees meet periodically throughout the year to oversee the Fund's activities, reviewing, among other things, the Fund's performance and its contractual arrangements with various service providers. Each Trustee is paid a fee for his or her services. The officers of the Fund are responsible for the Fund's operations. The Fund's Trustees and officers are listed below, together with their principal occupations during the past five years.

The Trustees are not required to contribute to the capital of the Fund or to hold shares in the Fund. A majority of the Trustees are persons who are not "interested persons" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Fund (collectively, the "Disinterested Trustees").

The Fund has an Executive Committee which consists of Michael S. Scofield, K. Dun Gifford and Russell A. Salton III, M.D., each of whom is a Disinterested Trustee. The Executive Committee recommends Trustees to fill vacancies, prepares the agenda for Board of Trustees meetings and acts on routine matters between scheduled Board of Trustees. The Executive Committee may solicit suggestions for persons to fill vacancies on the Board of Trustees from such sources as they deem appropriate, including the Advisor. Nominations by shareholders will not be considered. The Trustees will consider such nominations at the next regularly scheduled Board of Trustees meeting.

The Fund has an Audit Committee which consists of Charles A. Austin III (Chairperson), Shirley L. Fulton, K. Dun Gifford, Gerald M. McDonnell, William W. Pettit and Russell A. Salton III, M.D. The purpose of the Audit Committee is to evaluate financial management, meet with the auditors and deal with other matters of a financial nature that they deem appropriate. The Audit Committee is comprised entirely of Disinterested Trustees.

The Fund has a Performance Committee which consists of Richard J. Shima (Chairperson), Leroy Keith, Jr., Richard K. Wagoner and David M. Richardson. The Performance Committee reviews all activities involving investment-related issues and activities of the Advisor to the Fund, reviews the performance of the other service providers to the Fund, and assesses the performance of the Fund.

Set forth below are the Trustees of the Fund. Unless otherwise indicated,

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the address for each Trustee is 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.

Disinterested Trustees:

Name and Date of Birth	Position with Fund	Beginning Year of Term of Office*	Principal Occupations for Last Five Years
Charles A. Austin III DOB: 10/23/34	Trustee	2004	Investment Counselor, Anchor Capital Advisors, Inc. (investment advice); Director, The Andover Companies (insurance); Trustee, Arthritis Foundation of New England; Director, The Francis Ouimet Society; Former Director, Health Development Corp. (fitness-wellness centers); Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust; Former Investment Counselor, Appleton Partners, Inc. (investment advice); Former Director, Executive Vice President and Treasurer, State Street Research & Management Company (investment advice).
Shirley L. Fulton DOB: 1/10/52	Trustee	2004	Partner, Helms, Henderson & Fulton, P.A. (law firm); Former Senior Resident Superior Court Judge, 26th Judicial District, Charlotte, North Carolina.
K. Dun Gifford DOB: 10/23/38	Trustee	2004	Chairman and President, Oldways Preservation and Exchange Trust (education); Trustee, Treasurer and Chairman of the Finance Committee, Cambridge College; Former Chairman of the Board, Director, and Executive Vice President, The London Harness Company (leather goods purveyor); Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
Leroy Keith, Jr. DOB: 2/14/39	Trustee	2004	Partner, Stonington Partners, Inc. (private investment firm); Trustee of Phoenix Series Fund, Phoenix Multi-Portfolio Fund, and The Phoenix Big Edge Series Fund; Former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Carson Products Company (manufacturing); Director, Obagi Medical Product Co.; Director, Lincoln Educational Services; Director

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			Diversapack Co.; Former President, Morehouse College; Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
Gerald M. McDonnell DOB: 7/14/39	Trustee	2004	Manager of Commercial Operations, SMI STEEL - South Carolina (steel producer); Former Sales and Marketing Management, Nucor Steel Company; Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
William Walt Pettit DOB: 8/26/55	Trustee	2004	Partner and Vice President, Kellam & Pettit, P.A. (law firm); Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
David M. Richardson DOB: 9/19/41	Trustee	2004	President, Richardson, Runden & Company (executive recruitment business development/consulting company); Consultant, Kennedy Information, Inc. (executive recruitment information and research company); Consultant, AESC (The Association of Retained Executive Search Consultants); Trustee, NDI Technologies, LLP (communications); Director, J&M Cumming Paper Co. (paper merchandising); Former Vice Chairman, DHR International, Inc. (executive recruitment); Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
Russell A. Salton, III MD DOB: 6/2/47	Trustee	2004	President/CEO, Access One MedCard; Former Medical Director, Healthcare Resource Associates, Inc.; Former Medical Director, U.S. Health Care/Aetna Health Services; Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
Michael S. Scofield DOB: 2/20/43	Trustee	2004	Attorney, Law Offices of Michael S. Scofield; Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.

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Richard J. Shima	Trustee	2004	Independent Consultant; Director, Trust Company of CT; Trustee, Saint Joseph College (CT); Director, Hartford Hospital; Trustee, Greater Hartford YMCA; Former Director, Enhance Financial Services, Inc.; Former Director, Old State House Association; Former Director of CTG Resources, Inc. (natural gas); Former Director, Mentor Income Fund, Inc.; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
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DOB: 8/11/39

Interested Trustee:

Richard K. Wagoner,	Trustee	2004	Member and Former President, North Carolina Securities Traders Association; Member, Financial Analysts Society; Former Consultant to the Boards of Trustees of the Evergreen funds; Former Trustee, Mentor Funds and Cash Resource Trust.
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CFA**
DOB: 12/12/37

* Each Trustee serves until a successor is duly elected or qualified or until his death, resignation, retirement or removal from office.

** Mr. Wagoner is an "interested person" of the funds because of his ownership of shares in Wachovia Corporation, the parent to the Advisor.

Trustee Ownership of Evergreen Funds Shares

Set forth below is the dollar range of the Trustees' investment in the Fund and the aggregate dollar range of their investment in the Evergreen fund complex, as of December 31, 2003. As of December 31, 2003, the Fund had not been formed and therefore had not issued any shares.

Trustees	Dollar Range of Investment in Fund	Aggregate Dollar Range of Investment in Fund Complex
Charles A. Austin, III*	\$0	Over \$100,000
Shirley L. Fulton	\$0	\$0**
K. Dun Gifford	\$0	\$10,001-\$50,000
Dr. Leroy Keith, Jr.	\$0	\$1-\$10,000
Gerald M. McDonnell*	\$0	\$10,001-\$50,000

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William Walt Pettit*	\$0	\$10,001-\$50,000
David M. Richardson	\$0	\$50,001-\$100,000
Dr. Russell A. Salton, III*	\$0	\$0
Michael S. Scofield*	\$0	Over \$100,000
Richard J. Shima*	\$0	Over \$100,000
Richard K. Wagoner	\$0	Over \$100,000

* In addition to the above investment amounts, the Trustee has over \$100,000 indirectly invested in certain of the Evergreen funds through Deferred Compensation Plans, with the exception of Mr. Shima who has over \$50,000 indirectly invested.

** Ms. Fulton became a Trustee in 2004.

Officers of the Fund

Set forth below are the officers of the Fund.

Name, Address and Date of Birth	Position with Fund	Principal Occupation for Last
Dennis H. Ferro 401 S. Tryon, 12th Floor Charlotte, NC 28288 DOB: 6/20/45	President	President and Chief Investment Officer, Investment Management Company, LLC and President, Wachovia Bank, N.A.
Carol Kosel 200 Berkeley Street Boston, MA 02116 DOB: 12/25/63	Treasurer	Senior Vice President, Evergreen Invest and Treasurer, Vestaur Securities, Inc.
Michael H. Koonce 200 Berkeley Street	Secretary	Senior Vice President and General Couns Investment Services, Inc.; Senior Vice Assistant General Counsel, Wachovia Cor

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Boston, MA 02116
 DOB: 4/20/60

Senior Vice President and General Counsel
 Management Associates, Inc.; former Vice
 Counsel, Colonial Management Associates

Trustees Compensation

Listed below is the Trustee compensation estimated to be paid by the Fund individually for the period beginning April 27, 2004 and ending on December 31, 2004 and by the Fund and the ten trusts and one other limited liability company in the Evergreen fund complex for the twelve months ended December 31, 2003. As of December 31, 2003, the Fund had not been formed and therefore did not pay compensation to the Trustees. The Trustees do not receive pension or retirement benefits from the Fund.

Trustee	Aggregate Compensation from Fund**	Total Compensation from the Evergreen Fund Complex *
Charles A. Austin, III	\$5,000	\$153,000
Shirley L. Fulton	\$3,500	\$0**
K. Dun Gifford	\$5,500	\$178,500
Leroy Keith, Jr.	\$5,000	\$153,000
Gerald M. McDonnell	\$5,000	\$153,000
William Walt Pettit	\$5,000	\$153,000
David M. Richardson	\$5,000	\$153,000
Russell A. Salton, III	\$5,500	\$163,500
Michael S. Scofield	\$5,500	\$193,500
Richard J. Shima	\$5,000	\$168,000
Richard K. Wagoner	\$5,000	\$153,000

*Certain Trustees have elected to defer all or part of their total compensation for the twelve months ended December 31, 2003. The amounts listed below will be

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payable in later years to the respective Trustees:

Austin	\$91,800
Pettit	\$153,000
Shima	\$58,800

** Ms. Fulton became a Trustee in 2004.

Election of Trustees is non-cumulative. The term of one class of Trustees expires each year commencing with the first shareholder meeting following the public offering of the Fund's common shares and no term shall continue for more than three years after the applicable election. The terms of Messrs. Scofield, Gifford, Keith and Ms. Fulton expire at the first annual meeting, the terms of Messrs. Austin, McDonnell and Shima expire at the second annual meeting, and the terms of Messrs. Pettit, Richardson, Salton and Wagoner expire at the third annual meeting. Subsequently, each class of Trustees will stand for election at the conclusion of its respective term. Such classification may prevent replacement of a majority of the Trustees for up to a two-year period. Mr. Pettit and Mr. Richardson represent the holders of the Fund's preferred shares.

Limitation of Trustees' Liability

The Agreement and Declaration of Trust provides that a Trustee will not be liable for errors of judgment or mistakes of fact or law, but nothing in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust protects a Trustee against any liability to which he would otherwise be subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of his duties involved in the conduct of his office or the discharge of his functions.

In addition, the Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust provides that the Fund will indemnify its Trustees and officers against liabilities and expenses in connection with the performance of their duties on behalf of the Fund to the fullest extent permitted by law, including the advancing of expenses incurred in connection therewith. Under Delaware law, the Fund is entitled to indemnify and hold harmless any Trustee or other person from and against any and all claims and demands whatsoever. Indemnification may be against judgments, penalties, fines, compromises and reasonable accountants' and counsel fees actually incurred by the Trustee or officer in connection with the proceeding.

In the view of the staff of the Commission, an indemnification provision is consistent with the 1940 Act if it (1) precludes indemnification for any liability, whether or not there is an adjudication of liability, arising by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties described in Section 17(h) and (i) of the 1940 Act ("disabling conduct") and (2) sets forth reasonable and fair means for determining whether indemnification shall be made; in the case of the Fund, "reasonable and fair means" would include (1) a final decision on the merits by a court or other body before whom the proceeding was brought that the person to be indemnified ("indemnitee") was not liable by reason of disabling conduct (including a dismissal because of insufficiency of evidence) and (2) a reasonable determination, based upon a review of the facts, that the indemnitee was not liable by reason of disabling conduct by (a) the vote of a majority of a quorum of Trustees who are neither "interested persons" of the Fund as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act nor parties to the proceeding, or (b) a written opinion of independent legal counsel.

The indemnification rights provided or authorized by the Agreement and Declaration of Trust or applicable law are not exclusive of any other rights to which a person seeking indemnification may be entitled. The Fund intends to obtain liability insurance at its expense for the benefit of its Trustees and officers which includes coverage for liability arising from the performance of

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their duties on behalf of the Fund which is not inconsistent with the indemnification provisions of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust and applicable law.

THE ADVISOR, ADMINISTRATOR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Advisor

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC (previously defined as the "Advisor"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Wachovia Bank, N.A., is the investment adviser to the Fund. Wachovia Bank, N.A., located at 201 South College Street, Charlotte, North Carolina 28288-0630, is a subsidiary of Wachovia Corporation, formerly First Union Corporation. As of December 31, 2003, the Advisor, with its affiliates, had more than \$247 billion in assets under management. The Advisor has a 70-year history of money management and is the 15th largest mutual fund company in the United States, according to FRC Financial Research Corp (open end funds only). The Advisor employs over 350 investment professionals and has more than 5 million individual and institutional clients.

The Advisor is a Delaware limited liability company. The Advisor is registered with the Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. The business address of the Advisor and its officers and Trustees is 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116-5034. Subject to the authority of the Board of Trustees, the Advisor is responsible for overall management of the Fund's business affairs.

Day-to-day management of the portion of the Fund's portfolio that is described as the utility and telecommunications portion under "Investment Objectives and Principal Investment Strategies - Principal Investment Strategies - Utility Securities" in the Prospectus is the responsibility of a team of portfolio management professionals from the Advisor's Value Equity team. Together the team managed more than \$250 billion in assets under management as of December 31, 2003. The team is led by Timothy O'Brien, who has more than 19 years of investment experience. Mr. O'Brien has been with the Advisor since April 2002 and currently serves as a managing director and senior portfolio manager.

Day-to-day management of the portion of the Fund's portfolio that is described as the U.S. high yield debt securities portion under "Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies - Principal Investment Strategies - U.S. High Yield Debt Securities" in the Prospectus is the responsibility of a team of portfolio management professionals from the Advisor's Select High Yield Bond team, which includes specialized industry analysts responsible for various sectors. Also, the open-end Evergreen Select High Yield Bond is among the portfolios the team manages. The Select High Yield team is led by Richard Cryan, who has more than 25 years of fixed income investment experience. Mr. Cryan has been a senior portfolio manager with the Advisor since 1992. Mr. Cryan is part of the team that manages the closed-end Evergreen Income Advantage Fund and a portion of the closed-end Evergreen Managed Income Fund. Together the team managed more than \$4.5 billion in high yield securities as of December 31, 2003.

Investment Management Contract

The Board of Trustees, including a majority of the Disinterested Trustees, has the responsibility under the 1940 Act to approve the Fund's management contract for its initial term and annually thereafter at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on such matters. The Fund's Board of Trustees, including the Disinterested Trustees, approved the management contract for an initial

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two-year term on March 18, 2004. In approving the management contract, the Trustees reviewed materials provided by the Advisor and considered the following: (1) the level of the management fees and estimated expense ratio of the Fund as compared to competitive funds of a comparable size; (2) the nature and quality of the services rendered by the Advisor to the Fund, (3) the costs of providing services to the Fund, and (4) the anticipated profitability of the Fund to the Advisor. In particular, the Trustees considered the risk-adjusted historical performance records of the Advisor's portfolio management teams responsible for managing high-yield bond portfolios and for managing the Advisor's open-end utilities fund. The Trustees also noted that the proposed management fee was competitive with (and generally lower than) those of other comparable leveraged closed-end funds. The Fund's initial sole shareholder, Evergreen Financing Company, LLC, approved the management contract on April 19, 2004.

The management contract will continue in effect for two years from its effective date and, thereafter, from year to year only if approved at least annually by the Board of Trustees or by a vote of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities (as provided in the 1940 Act). In either case, the terms of the management contract and continuance thereof must be approved by the vote of a majority of the Disinterested Trustees cast in person at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on such approval. The management contract may be terminated, without penalty, on 60 days' written notice by the Fund's Board of Trustees or by a vote of a majority of outstanding voting securities of the Fund or by the Advisor by either party to the other. The management contract will terminate automatically upon its "assignment" as that term is defined in the 1940 Act.

Under the management contract, and subject to the supervision of the Fund's Board of Trustees, the Advisor furnishes to the Fund investment advisory, management and administrative services, office facilities, and equipment in connection with its services for managing the investment and reinvestment of the Fund's assets. The Advisor pays for all of the expenses incurred in connection with the provision of its services.

Pursuant to the management contract, the Advisor may enter into an agreement to retain, at its own expense, a firm or firms to provide the Fund with all of the services to be provided by the Advisor under the management contract, provided such agreement is approved as required by law.

The management contract further provides that the Advisor shall not be liable for any error of judgment or mistake of law or for any loss suffered by the Fund in connection with the performance of such contract, except a loss resulting from the Advisor's willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence, or reckless disregard by it of its obligations and duties under such contract.

The management contract provides that the Fund shall pay to the Advisor a fee for its services which is equal to the annual rate of 0.60% of the Fund's average daily Total Assets. The advisory fee will be payable monthly.

Administrator

Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. ("EIS"), serves as administrator, subject to the supervision and control of the Fund's Board of Trustees. EIS provides the Fund with administrative office facilities, equipment and personnel. For these services, the Fund will pay a monthly fee at an annual rate of 0.05% of its Total Assets.

Transfer Agent

EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. ("EquiServe") has entered into a transfer agency and service agreement with the Fund pursuant to which, among other

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services, EquiServe provides certain transfer agency services to the Fund's common shares. The transfer agency and service agreement may be terminated by the Fund or EquiServe (without penalty) at any time upon not less than 60 days' prior written notice to the other party to the agreement.

Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas ("Deutsche Bank") has entered into an auction agency agreement with the Fund pursuant to which, among other services, Deutsche Bank provides certain transfer agency services to the Fund's Preferred Shares. The Fund may terminate the action agency agreement at any time, provided that, if any Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund must have entered into an agreement with a successor auction agent. Deutsche Bank may terminate the auction agency agreement upon not less than 60 days' prior written notice to the Fund.

Code of Ethics

The Fund and Advisor have each adopted a code of ethics as required under the 1940 Act. Subject to certain conditions and restrictions, these codes permit personnel subject to the codes to invest in securities for their own accounts, including securities that may be purchased, held or sold by the Fund. Securities transactions by some of these persons may be subject to prior approval. Securities transactions of certain personnel are subject to quarterly reporting and review requirements. The codes of the Fund and Advisor are on public file with, and available from, the Commission.

The codes of ethics may be reviewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room ("PRR"), in Washington, D.C. Information on the operation of the PRR may be obtained by calling the Commission at 1-202-942-8090. The codes of ethics are also available on the EDGAR database on the Commission's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies are also available (subject to a duplicating fee) at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the Commission's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

The Fund is managed by the Advisor, which also serves as investment adviser to other Evergreen funds and other accounts with investment objectives identical or similar to those of the Fund. Securities frequently meet the investment objectives of the Fund, the other Evergreen funds and such other accounts. In such cases, the decision to recommend a purchase to one fund or account rather than another is based on a number of factors. The determining factors in most cases are the amount of securities of the issuer then outstanding, the value of those securities and the market for them. Other factors considered in the investment recommendations include other investments which each fund or account presently has in a particular industry and the availability of investment funds in each fund or account.

It is possible that at times identical securities will be held by more than one fund and/or account. However, positions in the same issue may vary and the length of time that any fund or account may choose to hold its investment in the same issue may likewise vary. To the extent that more than one of the Evergreen funds or a private account managed by the Advisor seeks to acquire the same security at about the same time, the Fund may not be able to acquire as large a position in such security as it desires or it may have to pay a higher price for the security. Similarly, the Fund may not be able to obtain as large an execution of an order to sell or as high a price for any particular portfolio security if the Advisor decides to sell on behalf of another account the same portfolio security at the same time. On the other hand, if the same securities are bought or sold at the same time by more than one fund or account, the resulting participation in volume transactions could produce better executions for the Fund. In the event more than one account purchases or sells the same security on a given date, the purchases and sales will normally be made as

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nearly as practicable on a pro rata basis in proportion to the amounts desired to be purchased or sold by each account. Although the other Evergreen funds may have the same or similar investment objective and policies as the Fund, their portfolios may not necessarily consist of the same investments as the Fund or each other, and their performance results are likely to differ from those of the Fund.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS

All orders for the purchase or sale of portfolio securities are placed on behalf of the Fund by the Advisor pursuant to authority contained in the Fund's management contract. Securities purchased and sold on behalf of the Fund normally will be traded in the over-the-counter market on a net basis (i.e., without commission) through dealers acting for their own account and not as brokers or otherwise through transactions directly with the issuer of the instrument. The cost of securities purchased from underwriters includes an underwriter's commission or concession, and the prices at which securities are purchased and sold from and to dealers include a dealer's markup or markdown. The Advisor normally seeks to deal directly with the primary market makers unless, in its opinion, better prices are available elsewhere. Some securities are purchased and sold on an exchange or in over-the-counter transactions conducted on an agency basis involving a commission. The Advisor seeks to obtain the best execution on portfolio trades. The price of securities and any commission rate paid are always factors, but frequently not the only factors, in judging best execution. In selecting brokers or dealers, the Advisor considers various relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the size and type of the transaction; the nature and character of the markets for the security to be purchased or sold; the execution efficiency, settlement capability and financial condition of the dealer; the dealer's execution services rendered on a continuing basis; and the reasonableness of any dealer spreads.

The Advisor may select broker-dealers that provide brokerage and/or research services to the Fund and/or other investment companies or other accounts managed by the Advisor. In addition, consistent with Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), if the Advisor determines in good faith that the amount of commissions charged by a broker-dealer is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided by such broker, the Fund may pay commissions to such broker-dealer in an amount greater than the amount another firm may charge. Such services may include advice concerning the value of securities; the advisability of investing in, purchasing or selling securities; the availability of securities or the purchasers or sellers of securities; providing stock quotation services, credit rating service information and comparative fund statistics; furnishing analyses, electronic information services, manuals and reports concerning issuers, industries, securities, economic factors and trends, portfolio strategy, and performance of accounts and particular investment decisions; and effecting securities transactions and performing functions incidental thereto (such as clearance and settlement). The Advisor maintains a listing of broker-dealers who provide such services on regular basis. However, because many transactions on behalf of the Fund and other investment companies or accounts managed by the Advisor are placed with broker-dealers (including broker-dealers on the listing) without regard to the furnishing of such services, it is not possible to estimate the proportion of such transactions directed to such dealers solely because such services were provided. The Advisor believes that no exact dollar value can be calculated for such services.

The research received from broker-dealers may be useful to the Advisor in rendering investment management services to the Fund as well as other investment companies or other accounts managed by the Advisor, although not all such research may be useful to the Fund. Conversely, such information provided by brokers or dealers who have executed transaction orders on behalf of such other

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accounts may be useful to the Advisor in carrying out its obligations to the Fund. The receipt of such research has not reduced the Advisor's normal independent research activities; however, it enables the Advisor to avoid the additional expenses which might otherwise be incurred if it were to attempt to develop comparable information through its own staff.

In circumstances where two or more broker-dealers offer comparable prices and executions, preference may be given to a broker-dealer which has sold shares of the Fund as well as shares of other investment companies managed by the Advisor. This policy does not imply a commitment to execute all portfolio transactions through all broker-dealers that sell shares of the Fund. The Evergreen funds have entered into third-party brokerage and/or expense offset arrangements to reduce the funds' total operating expenses. Pursuant to third-party brokerage arrangements, certain of the funds that invest primarily in U.S. equity securities may incur lower custody fees by directing brokerage to third-party broker-dealers. Pursuant to expense offset arrangements, the funds incur lower transfer agency expenses by maintaining their cash balances with the custodian.

The Board of Trustees will periodically review the Advisor's performance of its responsibilities in connection with the placement of portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund.

TENDER OFFERS FOR COMMON SHARES

The market price per common share may be greater or less than net asset value per common share. Common shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount from net asset value, but in some cases trade at a premium. This characteristic of common shares of closed-end funds is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that the Fund's net asset value may decrease. The Board of Trustees has determined that it would be in the best interests of shareholders of the Fund to take action to attempt to reduce or eliminate a market value discount from net asset value. To that end, the Board of Trustees has determined that quarterly tender offers may help reduce any market discount that may develop.

Accordingly, the Board of Trustees has committed to make tender offers for the Fund's common shares under certain circumstances and subject to certain conditions. Beginning six to eight months after the Fund's commencement of operations (for a total of eight consecutive calendar quarters), in the event that the common shares trade at a discount to net asset value of greater than 5% for fifteen of twenty days during a specific measurement period (initially the twenty-first through fortieth trading days of a quarter) (the "measurement period"), the Fund, under normal circumstances, will make offers to purchase up to 5% of its outstanding common shares at their net asset value from all beneficial shareholders. The Fund will not undertake a tender offer if the Fund's common shares are not trading at a discount. The Fund will make its first tender offer within the first six to eight months of the commencement of the Fund's operations and for the following seven quarters after such initial tender offer evaluation if the discount exists during the measurement period for the number of days specified above. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to modify the conditions described in this paragraph in light of experience. In addition, the Board of Trustees may consider from time to time open market repurchases of the Fund's outstanding common shares.

Under certain circumstances described below, the Board of Trustees may determine not to undertake a tender offer even if the conditions described in the preceding paragraph are met. Moreover, there can be no assurance that any such tender offers would cause the common shares to trade at a price equal to their net asset value or reduce the spread between the market price and the net

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asset value per common share. Although the Board of Trustees generally believes that tender offers are in the best interests of shareholders, the acquisition of common shares by the Fund will decrease the total assets of the Fund and, therefore, will have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio.

The Fund will purchase all outstanding common shares tendered in accordance with the terms of the offer unless the Board of Trustees determined to accept none of them (based upon the circumstances set forth below). If more common shares are tendered for repurchase than the Fund has offered to repurchase, common shares will be repurchased on a pro-rata basis. If authorized by the Commission, the Fund may make it a condition of each tender offer that no one shareholder may receive more than 10% of the amount purchased by the Fund in the tender offer. There can be no assurance that the Commission will approve this condition. Thus, shareholders may be unable to liquidate all or a given percentage of their common shares and some shareholders may tender more shares than they wish to have repurchased in order to ensure repurchase of at least a specific number of common shares. Shareholders may withdraw tendered common shares at any time prior to the tender offer deadline.

Tender offers and the need to fund repurchase obligations may affect the ability of the Fund to be fully invested, which may reduce returns. Moreover, diminution in the size of the Fund through repurchases without offsetting new sales of common shares may result in untimely sales of portfolio securities and a higher expense ratio, and may limit the ability of the Fund to participate in new investment opportunities. Repurchases resulting in portfolio turnover will result in additional expenses being borne by the Fund. The Fund may borrow to meet repurchase obligations, which entails certain risks and costs. See "Risk Factors- Tender Offers (Evergreen Enhanced Liquidity Plan)."

Although the Board of Trustees has committed to conduct quarterly tender offers beginning in the Fund's first six to eight months of operations if the conditions described above are met, it is the policy of the Board of Trustees (which may be changed by the Board), not to cause the Fund to purchase shares pursuant to a tender offer if (1) such purchases would impair the Fund's status as a regulated investment company under the Federal tax laws; (2) the Fund would not be able to liquidate portfolio securities in a manner that is orderly and consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies in order to purchase tendered common shares; (3) such action would result in the Fund failing to satisfy the American Stock Exchange's minimum listing requirements; or (4) there is, in the judgment of the Board of Trustees, any (a) legal action or proceeding instituted or threatened challenging the tender offer or otherwise materially adversely affecting the Fund, (b) declaration of a banking moratorium by Federal or state authorities or any suspension of payment by banks in the United States, which is material to the Fund, (c) limitation imposed by Federal or state authorities on the extension of credit by lending institutions, (d) commencement of war, armed hostilities or other international or national calamity directly or indirectly involving the United States which is material to the Fund, or (e) other event or condition that would have a material adverse effect on the Fund or its shareholders if tendered common shares were purchased. Thus, there can be no assurance that the Board of Trustees will proceed with any tender offer. The Board of Trustees may modify these conditions in light of circumstances existing at the time.

If the Fund's common shares are purchased pursuant to a tender offer, such purchases could reduce significantly the asset coverage of any borrowing or outstanding senior securities. The Fund may not purchase common shares to the extent such purchases would result in the asset coverage with respect to such borrowing or senior securities being reduced below the asset coverage requirement set forth in the 1940 Act. Accordingly, in order to purchase all common shares tendered, the Fund may have to repay all or part of any then outstanding borrowing or redeem all or part of any then outstanding senior securities to maintain the required asset coverage. In addition, the amount of

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common shares for which the Fund makes any particular tender offer may be limited for the reasons set forth above or in respect of other concerns related to liquidity of the Fund's portfolio.

Any tender offer will be made and shareholders will be notified in accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the 1940 Act, either by publication or mailing or both. The offering documents will contain information prescribed by such laws and the rules thereunder. The repurchase of tendered shares by the Fund will be a taxable event. See "U.S. Federal Income Tax Matters." The Fund will pay all costs and expenses associated with the making of any tender offer.

At any time when the Fund's preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, are outstanding, the Fund may not purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any of its common shares unless (1) all accrued preferred shares dividends have been paid and (2) at the time of such purchase, redemption or acquisition, the net asset value of the Fund's portfolio (determined after deducting the acquisition price of the common shares) is at least 200% of the liquidation value of the outstanding preferred shares (expected to equal the original purchase price per share plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon). Any service fees incurred in connection with any tender offer made by the Fund will be borne by the Fund and will not reduce the stated consideration to be paid to tendering shareholders.

Subject to its investment restrictions, the Fund may borrow to finance the repurchase of shares or to make a tender offer. Interest on any borrowings to finance share repurchase transactions or the accumulation of cash by the Fund in anticipation of share repurchases or tenders will reduce the Fund's net income. Any share repurchase, tender offer or borrowing that might be approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees would have to comply with the Exchange Act, the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE AUCTIONS FOR PREFERRED SHARES

General

Depository Trust Company ("DTC") will act as the Securities Depository with respect to the Preferred Shares. One certificate for all of the Preferred Shares will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of the Securities Depository. Such certificate will bear a legend to the effect that such certificate is issued subject to the provisions restricting transfers of the Preferred Shares contained in the Statement. The Fund will also issue stop-transfer instructions to the transfer agent for the Preferred Shares. Prior to the commencement of the right of holders of the Preferred Shares to elect a majority of the Trustees, as described under "Description of Preferred Shares -- Voting Rights" in the prospectus, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the Preferred Shares and owners of such shares will not be entitled to receive certificates representing their ownership interest in such shares.

DTC, a New York-chartered limited purpose trust company, performs services for its participants, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own DTC. DTC maintains lists of its participants and will maintain the positions (ownership interests) held by each such participant in the Preferred Shares, whether for its own account or as a nominee for another person.

Concerning the Auction Agent

Deutsche Bank (the "Auction Agent") will act as agent for the Fund in

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connection with the auctions of the Preferred Shares (the "Auctions"). In the absence of bad faith or negligence on its part, the Auction Agent will not be liable for any action taken, suffered, or omitted or for any error of judgment made by it in the performance of its duties under the auction agency agreement between the Fund and the Auction Agent and will not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith unless the Auction Agent was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts.

The Auction Agent may conclusively rely upon, as evidence of the identities of the holders of the Preferred Shares, the Auction Agent's registry of holders, and the results of auctions and notices from any Broker-Dealer (or other person, if permitted by the Fund) with respect to transfers described under "The Auction -- Secondary Market Trading and Transfers of Preferred Shares" in the prospectus and notices from the Fund. The Auction Agent is not required to accept any such notice for an auction unless it is received by the Auction Agent by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day preceding such Auction.

The Auction Agent may terminate its auction agency agreement with the Fund upon notice to the Fund on a date no earlier than 60 days after such notice. If the Auction Agent should resign, the Fund will use its best efforts to enter into an agreement with a successor auction agent containing substantially the same terms and conditions as the auction agency agreement. The Fund may remove the Auction Agent provided that prior to such removal the Fund shall have entered into such an agreement with a successor auction agent.

Broker-Dealers

After each Auction for Preferred Shares, the Auction Agent will pay to each Broker-Dealer, from funds provided by the Fund, a service charge at the annual rate of in the case of any Auction immediately preceding the dividend period of less than one year, or a percentage agreed to by the Fund and the Broker-Dealer in the case of any auction immediately preceding a dividend period of one year or longer, of the purchase price of the Preferred Shares placed by such Broker-Dealer at such auction. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the Preferred Shares will be placed by a Broker-Dealer if such shares were (a) the subject of hold orders deemed to have been submitted to the Auction Agent by the Broker-Dealer and were acquired by such Broker-Dealer for its customers who are beneficial owners or (b) the subject of an order submitted by such Broker-Dealer that is (i) a submitted bid of an existing holder that resulted in the existing holder continuing to hold such shares as a result of the Auction or (ii) a submitted bid of a potential bidder that resulted in the potential holder purchasing such shares as a result of the Auction or (iii) a valid hold order.

The Fund may request the Auction Agent to terminate one or more Broker-Dealer agreements at any time upon five days' written notice, provided that at least one Broker-Dealer agreement is in effect after such termination.

The Broker-Dealer agreement provides that a Broker-Dealer (other than an affiliate of the Fund) may submit orders in auctions for its own account. If a Broker-Dealer submits an order for its own account in any Auction, it might have an advantage over other bidders because it would have knowledge of all orders submitted by it in that Auction; such Broker-Dealer, however, would not have knowledge of orders submitted by other Broker-Dealers in that auction.

RATING AGENCY GUIDELINES

The descriptions of Fitch's and Moody's rating guidelines contained in this Statement of Additional Information do not purport to be complete and are subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the Statement, a

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copy of which is attached as Appendix C to this Statement of Additional Information. A copy of the Statement is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which the prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information are a part and may be inspected, and copies thereof may be obtained, as described in the prospectus.

The composition of the Fund's portfolio reflects guidelines (referred to herein as the "Rating Agency Guidelines") established by Moody's and Fitch in connection with the Fund's receipt of a rating of 'Aaa' and 'AAA' from Moody's and Fitch, respectively, for the Preferred Shares. These Rating Agency Guidelines relate, among other things, to industry and credit quality characteristics of issuers and diversification requirements and specify various discount factors for different types of securities (with the level of discount greater as the rating of a security becomes lower). Under the Rating Agency Guidelines, certain types of securities in which the Fund may otherwise invest consistent with its investment strategy are not eligible for inclusion in the calculation of the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio. Such instruments include, for example, private placements (other than Rule 144A Securities) and other securities not within the investment guidelines. Accordingly, although the Fund reserves the right to invest in such securities to the extent set forth herein, they have not and it is anticipated that they will not constitute a significant portion of the Fund's portfolio.

The Rating Agency Guidelines require that the Fund maintain assets having an aggregate discounted value, determined on the basis of the Rating Agency Guidelines, greater than the aggregate liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares plus specified liabilities, payment obligations and other amounts, as of periodic valuation dates. The Rating Agency Guidelines also require the Fund to maintain asset coverage for the Preferred Shares on a non-discounted basis of at least 200% as of the end of each month, and the 1940 Act requires this asset coverage as a condition to paying dividends or other distributions on the Fund's common shares. The Fund has agreed with Moody's and Fitch that the auditors must certify once per quarter the asset coverage test on a date randomly selected by the auditor. The effect of compliance with the Rating Agency Guidelines may be to cause the Fund to invest in higher quality assets and/or to maintain relatively substantial balances of highly liquid assets or to restrict the Fund's ability to make certain investments that would otherwise be deemed potentially desirable by the Advisor, including private placements of other than Rule 144A Securities (as defined in the Statement). The Rating Agency Guidelines are subject to change from time to time with the consent of the relevant rating agency and would not apply if the Fund in the future elected not to use investment leverage consisting of senior securities rated by one or more rating agencies, although other similar arrangements might apply with respect to other senior securities that the Fund may issue.

The Fund intends to maintain, at specified times, a discounted value for its portfolio at least equal to the amount specified by each rating agency (the "Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount"). Moody's and Fitch have each established separate guidelines for determining discounted value. To the extent any particular portfolio holding does not satisfy the applicable Rating Agency's Guidelines, all or a portion of such holding's value will not be included in the calculation of discounted value (as defined by such rating agency).

The Rating Agency Guidelines do not impose any limitations on the percentage of Fund's assets that may be invested in holdings not eligible for inclusion in the calculation of the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio. The amount of such assets included in the portfolio at any time may vary depending upon the rating, diversification and other characteristics of the assets included in the portfolio which are eligible for inclusion in the discounted value of the portfolio under the Rating Agency Guidelines. In particular, the Fund will concentrate its investments (invest 25% or more of its assets) in the securities of issuers primarily engaged in the utility (water gas

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electric and telecommunications) sectors, notwithstanding the Rating Agency Guidelines.

A credit rating of preferred stock does not address the likelihood that a resale mechanism (e.g., the Auction) will be successful. As described by Moody's, an issue of preferred stock which is rated 'Aaa' is considered to be top-quality preferred stock with good asset protection and the least risk of dividend impairment within the universe of preferred stocks. As described by Fitch, an issue of preferred stock which is rated 'AAA' is considered to be of the highest credit quality. 'AAA' ratings denote the lowest expectation of credit risk and are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

Ratings are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell Preferred Shares, inasmuch as the rating does not comment as to market price or suitability for a particular investor. The rating is based on current information furnished to Moody's or Fitch by the Fund and obtained by Moody's and Fitch from other sources. The rating may be changed, suspended or withdrawn as a result of changes in, or unavailability of, such information.

Moody's Guidelines

For purposes of calculating the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio under current Moody's guidelines, the fair market value of portfolio securities eligible for consideration under such guidelines ("Moody's Eligible Assets") must be discounted by certain discount factors set forth below ("Moody's Discount Factors"). The discounted value of a portfolio security under Moody's guidelines is the market value thereof, determined as specified by Moody's, divided by the Moody's Discount Factor. According to Moody's guidelines, the portfolio coverage ratio of Moody's Eligible Assets to liabilities should not be less than 130% in order to maintain the rating. The Moody's Discount Factor with respect to securities other than those described below will be the percentage provided in writing by Moody's.

Moody's Discount Factor. The following discount factors apply to portfolio holdings as described below, subject to diversification, issuer size and other requirements, in order to constitute Moody's Eligible Assets includable within the calculation of discounted value:

Corporate Debt Securities. The percentage determined by reference to the rating on such asset with reference to the remaining term to maturity of such asset, in accordance with the table set forth below.

Term to Maturity of Corporate Debt Security*	Moody's Rating Category					
	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Ba	B
1 year or less.....	109%	112%	115%	118%	137%	150%
2 years or less (but longer than 1 year)....	115	118	122	125	146	160
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years)....	120	123	127	131	153	168

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4 years or less (but longer than 3 years)....	126	129	133	138	161	176
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years)....	132	135	139	144	168	185
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)....	139	143	147	152	179	197
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)...	145	150	155	160	189	208
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years)...	150	155	160	165	196	216
20 years or less (but longer than 15 years)...	150	155	160	165	196	228
30 years or less (but longer than 20 years)...	150	155	160	165	196	229
Greater than 30 years.....	165	173	181	189	205	240

(1) Unless conclusions regarding liquidity risk as well as estimates of both the probability and severity of default for the issuer's assets can be derived from other sources as well as combined with a number of sources as presented by the Fund to Moody's, securities rated below B by Moody's and unrated securities, which are securities rated by neither Moody's, S&P nor Fitch, are limited to 10% of Moody's Eligible Assets. If a corporate debt security is unrated by Moody's, S&P or Fitch, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Below B and Unrated" in the Corporate Debt Table. Ratings assigned by S&P or Fitch are generally accepted by Moody's at face value. However, adjustments to such ratings may be made to particular categories of credits for which the S&P and/or Fitch rating does not seem to approximate a Moody's rating equivalent. Split rated securities assigned by S&P and Fitch will be accepted at the lower of the two ratings.

* The Moody's Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to corporate debt securities that do not pay interest in U.S. dollars or euros, provided that the Moody's Discount Factor determined from the above table shall be multiplied by the applicable factor in the following table for purposes of calculating the Discounted Value of such securities:

Currency	Country	Factor
DKK Kroner	Denmark	1.21
SEK Kronor	Sweden	1.19
EUR Euro	EuroZone	1.18

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HUF	Forints	Hungary	1.18
PLN	Zlotych	Poland	1.14

Moody's will provide the applicable Discount Factor for other currencies not listed above.

The Moody's Discount Factors presented in the Corporate Debt Table will also apply to interest rate swaps whereby the rating of the counterparty to the swap will be the rating used to determine the Moody's Discount Factor in the table if the interest rate swap is 'in the money'. If the swap is 'out of the money', include the amount it is 'out of the money' in the liabilities section of the Basic Maintenance Amount.

Preferred Shares. The Moody's Discount Factor for cumulative preferred shares is (A) for preferred stocks issued by a utility, 155%; (B) for preferred stocks of industrial and financial issuers, 209%; and (C) for auction rate preferred stocks, 350%. For eligible non-cumulative preferred stock, the prevailing discount factor for cumulative preferred stock should be used but this discount factor should be grossed up by a factor of 1.10 times the existing factor.

Short-term Instruments. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to short-term portfolio securities, including without limitation corporate debt securities, short term money market instruments and municipal debt obligations, is (A) 100%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period; (B) 115%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par not exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period; and (C) 125%, if such securities are not rated by Moody's, so long as such portfolio securities are rated at least A-1+/AA or SP-1+/AA by S&P and mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period. A Moody's Discount Factor of 100% will be applied to cash, including shares of affiliated money market funds held in conjunction with the Fund's nightly sweep account. "Moody's Exposure Period" means the period commencing on a given valuation date and ending 49 days thereafter.

U.S. Government Securities, Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Securities and U.S. Treasury STRIPS.

U.S. Government Securities U.S. Treasury Strips

Remaining Term to Strips Maturity	Discount Factor	Discount Factor
1 year or less.....	107%	107%
2 years or less (but longer than 1 year)....	113	115
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years)...	118	121
4 years or less (but longer than 3 years)...	123	128
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years)...	128	135
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)...	135	147
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)..	141	163
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years).	146	191
20 years or less (but longer than 15 years).	154	218
30 years or less (but longer than 20 years).	154	244

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The Moody's Discount Factor for guaranteed mortgage pass-through securities representing participation interests in pools of residential mortgage loans which are issued by U.S. governmental or private lenders and guaranteed by the U.S. government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities, including, but not limited to GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC, is the same as that applied to U.S. Government Securities.

Rule 144A Securities. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to Rule 144A Securities is 130% of the Moody's Discount Factor which would apply were the securities registered under the Securities Act. Eligible 144A corporate debt securities with registration rights which may be exercised within one year of initial issuance, will be discounted by applicable corporate debt discount factors which are grossed up by 1.20x the prevailing factor.

Corporate Loans. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to senior bank loans ("Senior Loans") is the percentage specified in the table below opposite such Moody's Loan Category:

Moody's Loan Category	Discount Factor
A	118%
B	136
C	161
D	222

"Moody's Loan Category" means the following five categories (and, for purposes of this categorization, the market value of a Moody's Eligible Asset trading at par is equal to \$1.00):

"Moody's Loan Category A" means performing Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price greater than or equal to \$0.90.

"Moody's Loan Category B" means: (A) performing Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price of greater than or equal to \$0.80 but less than \$0.90; and (B) non-performing Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price greater than or equal to \$0.85.

"Moody's Loan Category C" means: (A) performing Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price of greater than or equal to \$0.70 but less than \$0.80; and (B) non-performing Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price greater than or equal to \$0.75 but less than \$0.85.

"Moody's Loan Category D" means Senior Loans which have a market value or an approved price less than \$0.75.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained above, for purposes of determining whether a Moody's Eligible Asset falls within a specific Moody's Loan Category, to the extent that any Moody's Eligible Asset would fall in more than one of the Moody's Loan Categories, such Moody's Eligible Asset is deemed to fall into the Moody's Loan Category with the lowest applicable Moody's Discount Factor.

Asset-Backed Securities. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to asset-backed securities, including such securities with a minimum rating of Aa3, is 131%.

Mortgage-Backed Securities. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to CMOs, planned amortization class bonds and targeted amortization class bonds is determined by reference to the weighted average life of the security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

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REMAINING TERM TO MATURITY

	DISCOUNT FACTOR (%)
3 year or less.....	133%
7 years or less (but longer than 3 year).....	142
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years).....	158
20 years or less (but longer than 10 years).....	174

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to residential mortgage pass-throughs (including private-placement mortgage pass-throughs) is determined by reference to the coupon paid by such security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

COUPON	DISCOUNT FACTOR
5%.....	166%
6%.....	162
7%.....	158
8%.....	154
9%.....	151
10%.....	148
11%.....	144
12%.....	142
13%.....	139
Adjustable Rate	165

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to fixed-rate pass-throughs that are not rated by Moody's and are serviced by a servicer approved by Moody's are determined by reference to the table in the following paragraph.

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to whole loans are determined by reference to the coupon paid by such security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

COUPON	DISCOUNT FACTOR
5%.....	172%
6%.....	167
7%.....	163
8%.....	159
9%.....	155
10%.....	151
11%.....	148
12%.....	145
13%.....	142
Adjustable.....	170

Structured Notes. The Moody's Discount Factor applied to structured notes is (a) in the case of a corporate issuer, the Moody's Discount Factor is determined in accordance with Corporate Debt Securities above, whereby the rating on the issuer of the structured note is the rating on the structured note for purposes of determining the Moody's Discount Factor in the table for Corporate Debt Securities above (i); and (b) in the case of an issuer that is the U.S. Government or an agency or instrumentality thereof, the Moody's Discount Factor determined in accordance with U.S. Government Securities above. Structured notes which are non government or agency issues are will be accorded

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a discount factor noted above and the relevant discount factor will be grossed up by a factor of 1.15x the prevailing Moody's Discount Factor. Structured Notes which are issued or guaranteed by the US government or an agency or instrumentality thereof will be accorded a discount factor noted above and the relevant discount factor will be grossed up by a factor of 1.10x the prevailing Moody's Discount Factor.

Moody's Eligible Assets. Under current Moody's guidelines, the following are considered to be Moody's Eligible Assets:

Cash (including interest and dividends due on assets rated (a) Baa3 or higher by Moody's if the payment date is within five business days of the valuation date, (b) A2 or higher if the payment date is within thirty days of the valuation date, and (c) A1 or higher if the payment date is within the Moody's Exposure Period) and receivables for Moody's Eligible Assets sold if the receivable is due within five Business Days of the valuation date, and if the trades which generated such receivables are (a) settled through clearing house firms with respect to which the Fund has received prior written authorization from Moody's or (b) (1) with counterparties having a Moody's long-term debt rating of at least Baa3 or (2) with counterparties having a Moody's short term money Market Instrument rating of at least P-1.

Short-Term Money Market Instruments, so long as (a) such securities are rated at least P-1, (b) in the case of demand deposits, time deposits and overnight funds, the supporting entity is rated at least A2, or (c) in all other cases, the supporting entity (1) is rated A2 and the security matures within one month, (2) is rated A1 and the security matures within three months or (3) is rated at least Aa3 and the security matures within six months, provided, however, that for purposes of this definition, such instruments (other than commercial paper rated by S&P and not rated by Moody's) need not meet any otherwise applicable S&P rating criteria. Unrated securities will not be considered Eligible Assets.

U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury Strips.

Rule 144A Securities.

Senior Loans and Other Bank Loans Approved By Moody's.

Corporate Debt Securities if (a) such securities are rated B3 or higher by Moody's; (b) such securities provide for the periodic payment of interest in cash in U.S. dollars or euros, except that such securities that do not pay interest in U.S. dollars or euros shall be considered Moody's Eligible Assets if they are rated by Moody's or SP (c) for securities which provide for conversion or exchange at the option of the issuer into equity capital at some time over their lives, the issuer must be rated at least B3 by Moody's and the discount factor will be 250%; (d) for debt securities rated Ba1 and below, no more than 10% of the original amount of such issue may constitute Moody's Eligible Assets; (e) such securities have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act as determined by the Advisor pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees, except that such securities that are not subject to U.S. federal securities laws shall be considered Moody's Eligible Assets if they are publicly traded; and (f) such securities are not subject to extended settlement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing limitations, (x) corporate debt securities not rated at least B3 by Moody's or not rated by Moody's shall be considered to be Moody's Eligible Assets only to the extent the market value of such corporate debt securities does not exceed 10% of the aggregate market value of all Moody's Eligible Assets; provided, however, that if the market value of such corporate debt securities exceeds 10% of the aggregate market value of all Moody's

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Eligible Assets, a portion of such corporate debt securities (selected by the Fund) shall not be considered Moody's Eligible Assets, so that the market value of such corporate debt securities (excluding such portion) does not exceed 10% of the aggregate market value of Moody's Eligible Assets; and (y) corporate debt securities rated by neither Moody's nor S&P shall be considered to be Moody's Eligible Assets only to the extent such securities are issued by entities which (i) have not filed for bankruptcy within the past three years, (ii) are current on all principal and interest in their fixed income obligations, (iii) are current on all preferred stock dividends, and (iv) possess a current, unqualified auditor's report without qualified, explanatory language.

Common stocks (i) which (A) are traded on a nationally recognized stock exchange or in the over-the-counter market, (B) if cash dividend paying, pay cash dividends in US dollars and (C) may be sold without restriction by the Corporations; provided, however, that (y) common stock which, while a Moody's Eligible Asset owned by the Corporation, ceases paying any regular cash dividend will no longer be considered a Moody's Eligible Asset until 71 days after - the date of the announcement of such cessation, unless the issuer of the common stock has senior debt securities rated at least A3 by Moody's and (z) the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings of the common stock of any issuer in excess of 4% in the case of utility common stock and 6% in the case of non-utility common stock of the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings shall not be Moody's Eligible Assets, (ii) which are securities denominated in any currency other than the US dollar or securities of issuers formed under laws of jurisdictions other than the United States, its states and the District of Columbia for which there are dollar-denominated American Depository Receipts ("ADRs") or their equivalents which are traded in the United States on exchanges or over-the-counter and are issued by banks formed under the laws of the United States, its states or the District of Columbia or (iii) which are securities of issuers formed under the laws of jurisdictions other than the United States (and in existence for at least five years) for which no ADRs are traded; provided, however, that the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings of securities denominated in currencies other than the US dollar and ADRs in excess of (A) 6% of the aggregate Market Value of the Outstanding shares of common stock of such issuer thereof or (B) 10% of the Market Value of the Corporation's Moody's Eligible Assets with respect to issuers formed under the laws of any single such non-U.S. jurisdiction other than Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom, shall not be a Moody's Eligible Asset;

Common Stocks	Utility -----	Industrial -----	Financial -----
7 week exposure period	170%	264%	241%

Preferred Stocks if (A) such securities provide for the periodic payment of dividends thereon in cash in U.S. dollars or euros and do not provide for conversion or exchange into, or have warrants attached entitling the holder to receive, equity capital at any time over the respective lives of such securities, (B) the issuer of such a preferred stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ, or FTSE and has a market capitalization of at least \$500 million, (C) the issuer of such a preferred stock has a senior debt rating from Moody's of Baal or higher or a preferred stock rating from Moody's of Baa3 or higher and (D) such preferred stock has paid consistent cash dividends in U.S. dollars or euros over the last three years or has a minimum rating of A1 (if the issuer of such preferred stock has other preferred issues outstanding that have been paying dividends consistently for the last three years, then a preferred stock without such a dividend history would also be eligible). In addition, the preferred stocks must have the following diversification requirements: (X) the preferred stock issue must be greater than \$50 million and (Y) the minimum holding by the Fund of each issue of preferred stock is \$500,000 and the maximum holding of preferred stock of

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each issue is \$5 million. In addition, preferred stocks issued by transportation companies will not be considered Moody's Eligible Assets.

Asset-Backed and Mortgage-Backed Securities. (A) Asset-backed securities if (1) such securities are rated at least Aa3 by Moody's or at least AA by S&P, (2) the securities are part of an issue that is \$250 million or greater, or the issuer of such securities has a total of \$500 million or greater of asset-backed securities outstanding at the time of purchase of the securities by the Fund and (3) the expected average life of the securities is not greater than 4 years; (B) CMOs, including CMOs with interest rates that float at a multiple of the change in the underlying index according to a pre-set formula, provided that any CMO held by the Fund (1) has been rated Aaa by Moody's or AAA by S&P, (2) does not have a coupon which floats inversely, (3) is not portioned as an interest-only or principal-only strip and (4) is part of an issuance that had an original issue size of at least \$100 million; (C) PACs and TACs provided that such PACs or TACs are (1) backed by certificates of either the FNMA, the GNMA or the FHLMC representing ownership in single-family first lien mortgage loans with original terms of 30 years, (2) part of an issuance that had an original issue size of at least \$10 million, (3) part of PAC or TAC classes that have payment priority over other PAC or TAC classes, (4) if TACs, TACs that do not support PAC classes, and (5) if TACs, not considered reverse TACs (i.e., do not protect against extension risk); (D) Consolidated senior debt obligations of Federal Home Loan Banks ("FHLBs"), senior long-term debt of the FNMA, and consolidated systemwide bonds and FCS Financial Assistance Corporation Bonds of Federal Farm Credit Banks ("FFCBs") (collectively, "FHLB, FNMA and FFCB Debentures"), provided that such FHLB, FNMA and FFCB Debentures are (1) direct issuance corporate debt rated Aaa by Moody's, (2) senior debt obligations backed by the FHLBs, FFCBs or FNMA, (3) part of an issue entirely denominated in U.S. dollars and (4) not callable or exchangeable debt issues; (E) Mortgage pass-throughs rated at least Aa by Moody's, provided that (1) certificates must evidence a proportional, undivided interest in specified pools of fixed or adjustable rate mortgage loans, secured by a valid first lien, on one- to four-family residential properties and (2) the securities are publicly registered (not issued by FNMA, GNMA or FHLMC); (F) Private-placement mortgage pass-throughs provided that (1) certificates represent a proportional undivided interest in specified pools of fixed-rate mortgage loans, secured by a valid first lien, on one- to four-family residential properties, (2) documentation is held by a trustee or independent custodian, (3) pools of mortgage loans are serviced by servicers that have been approved by FNMA or FHLMC and funds shall be advanced to meet deficiencies to the extent provided in the pooling and servicing agreements creating such certificates, and (4) pools have been rated Aa or better by Moody's; (G) Whole loans (e.g., direct investments in mortgages) provided that (1) at least 65% of such loans (i) have seasoning of no less than 6 months, (ii) are secured by single-family detached residences, (iii) are owner-occupied primary residences, (iv) are secured by a first-lien, fully-documented mortgage, (v) are neither currently delinquent (30 days or more) nor delinquent during the preceding year, (vi) have loan-to-value ratios of 80% or below, (vii) carry normal hazard insurance and title insurance, as well as special hazard insurance, if applicable, (viii) have original terms to maturity not greater than 30 years, with at least one year remaining to maturity, (ix) have a minimum of \$10,000 remaining principal balance, (x) for loans underwritten after January 1, 1978, FNMA and/or FHLMC forms are used for fixed-rate loans, and (xi) such loans are whole loans and not participations; (2) for loans that do not satisfy the requirements set forth in the foregoing clause (1), (i) non-owner occupied properties represent no greater than 15% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, (ii) multi-family properties (those with five or more units) represent no greater than 15% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, (iii) condominiums represent no greater than 10% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, and any condominium project must be 80% occupied at the time the loan is originated, (iv) properties with loan-to-value ratios exceeding 80% represent no greater than 25% of the

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aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool and the portion of the mortgage on any such property that exceeds a loan-to-value ratio of 80% is insured with Primary Mortgage Insurance from an insurer rated at least Baa3 by Moody's and (v) loan balances in excess of the current FHLMC limit plus \$75,000 represent no greater than 25% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, loan balances in excess of \$350,000 represent no greater than 10% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, and loan balances in excess of \$1,000,000 represent no greater than 5% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool; (3) no greater than 5% of the pool of loans is concentrated in any one zip code; (4) the pool of loans contains at least 100 loans or \$2 million in loans per servicer; (5) for adjustable-rate mortgages ("ARMs"), (i) any ARM is indexed to the National Cost of trusts index, the 11th District Cost of trusts index, the 1-year Treasury or the 6-month Treasury, (ii) the margin over the given index is between 0.15% and 0.25% for either cost-of-funds index and between 0.175% and 0.325% for Treasuries, (iii) the maximum yearly interest rate increase is 2%, (iv) the maximum life-time interest rate increase is 6.25% and (v) ARMs may include Federal Housing Administration and Department of Veterans Affairs loans; (6) for "teaser" loans, (i) the initial discount from the current ARM market rate is no greater than 2%, (ii) the loan is underwritten at the market rate for ARMs, not the "teaser" rate, and (iii) the loan is seasoned six months beyond the "teaser" period.

Structured Notes.

Financial Contracts, as such term is defined in Section 3(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the 1940 Act, not otherwise provided for in the definition of Moody's Eligible Assets but only upon receipt by the Fund of a letter from Moody's specifying any conditions on including such financial contract in Moody's Eligible Assets and assuring the Fund that including such financial contract in the manner so specified would not affect the credit rating assigned by Moody's to the Preferred Shares.

Diversification. In addition, portfolio holdings as described below must be within the following diversification and issue size requirements in order to be included in Moody's Eligible Assets:

..... Ratings (1)	Maximum Single Issuer (2) (3)	Maximum Single Industry (3) (4)
Aaa.....	100%	100%
Aa.....	20	60
A.....	10	40
Baa.....	6	20
Ba.....	4	12
B1-B2.....	3	8
B3 or below.....	2	5

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(1) Refers to the preferred stock and senior debt rating of the portfolio holding. If a security is not rated by Moody's, look to the lower of the Fitch or S&P rating.

(2) Companies subject to common ownership of 25% or more are considered as one issuer.

(3) Percentages represent a portion of the aggregate market value of corporate debt securities.

(4) Industries are determined according to Bloomberg's Industry Classifications.

(5) Except for preferred stock, which has a minimum issue size of \$50 million.

(6) Portfolio holdings from issues ranging from \$50 million to \$100 million are limited to 20% of the Fund's total assets.

Hedging. The Fund may purchase or sell exchange-traded financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded put options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded call options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds (collectively "Moody's Hedging Transactions"), subject to the following limitations:

- o The Fund may not engage in any Moody's Hedging Transaction based on any index approved by Moody's (other than closing transactions) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold: (a) outstanding financial futures contracts based on such index exceeding in number 10% of the average number of daily traded financial futures contracts based on such index in the 30 days preceding the time of effecting such transaction as reported by The Wall Street Journal; or (b) outstanding financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Moody's having a market value exceeding 50% of the market value of all portfolio securities of the Fund constituting Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Moody's Eligible Assets already subject to a Moody's Hedging Transaction).

- o The Fund may not engage in any Moody's Hedging Transaction based on Treasury bonds (other than closing transactions) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold: (a) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 20% of the aggregate market value of Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund and rated Aa by Moody's (or, if not rated by Moody's but rated by S&P, rated AAA by S&P); or (b) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 80% of the aggregate market value of all portfolio securities of the Fund constituting Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Moody's Eligible Assets already subject to a Moody's Hedging Transaction) and rated Baa or A by Moody's (or, if not rated by Moody's but rated by S&P, rated A or AA by S&P).

- o For purposes of the foregoing, the Fund is deemed to own the number of financial futures contracts that underlie any outstanding options written by the Fund.

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o The Fund may engage in closing transactions to close out any outstanding financial futures contract based on any index approved by Moody's if the amount of open interest in such index as reported by The Wall Street Journal is less than an amount to be mutually determined by Moody's and the Fund.

o The Fund may engage in a closing transaction to close out any outstanding financial futures contract by no later than the fifth Business Day of the month in which such contract expires and will engage in a Closing Transaction to close out any outstanding option on a financial futures contract by no later than the first Business Day of the month in which such option expires.

o The Fund may engage in Moody's Hedging Transactions only with respect to financial futures contracts or options thereon having the next settlement date or the settlement date immediately thereafter.

o The Fund (a) may not engage in options and futures transactions for leveraging or speculative purposes, except that an option or futures transaction shall not for these purposes be considered a leveraged position or speculative so long as the combination of the Fund's non-derivative positions, together with the relevant option or futures transaction, produces a synthetic investment position, or the same economic result, that could be achieved by an investment, consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and policies, in a security that is not an option or futures transaction, and (b) will not write any call options or sell any financial futures contracts for the purpose of hedging the anticipated purchase of an asset prior to completion of such purchase.

o The Fund may not enter into an option or futures transaction unless, after giving effect thereto, the Fund would continue to have Moody's Eligible Assets with an aggregate Discounted Value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

Other. Where the Fund sells an asset and agrees to repurchase such asset in the future, the Discounted Value of such asset will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset and the amount the Fund is required to pay upon repurchase of such asset will count as a liability for the purposes of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. Where the Fund purchases an asset and agrees to sell it to a third party in the future, cash receivable by the Fund thereby will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset if the long-term debt of such other party is rated at least A2 by Moody's and such agreement has a term of 30 days or less; otherwise the Discounted Value of such purchased asset will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset. For the purposes of calculation of Moody's Eligible Assets, portfolio securities which have been called for redemption by the issuer thereof shall be valued at the lower of market value or the call price of such portfolio securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an asset will not be considered a Moody's Eligible Asset to the extent that it has been irrevocably deposited for the payment of (i) (a) through (i) (e) under the definition of Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount in the Statement or it is subject to any liens, except for (a) liens which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and which Moody's has indicated to the Fund will not affect the status of such asset as a Moody's Eligible Asset, (b) liens for taxes that are not then due and payable or that can be paid thereafter without penalty, (c) liens to secure payment for services rendered or cash advanced to the Fund by its Advisor or portfolio manager, the Fund's custodian, transfer agent or registrar or the Auction Agent and (d) liens arising by virtue of any repurchase agreement.

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Fitch Rating Guidelines

For purposes of calculating the discounted value of the Fund's portfolio under current Fitch's guidelines, the fair market value of portfolio securities eligible for consideration under such guidelines ("Fitch's Eligible Assets") must be discounted by certain discount factors set forth below ("Fitch's Discount Factors"). The discounted value of a portfolio security under Fitch's guidelines is the market value thereof, determined as specified by Fitch's, divided by the Fitch's Discount Factor.

Fitch Discount Factor. The Fitch Discount Factor for any Fitch Eligible Asset is as follows, provided however, that for unhedged foreign investments a discount factor of 105% shall be applied to the Market Value thereof otherwise determined in accordance with the procedures below, provided further that, if the foreign issuer of such unhedged foreign investment is from a country whose sovereign debt rating in a non-local currency is not assigned a rating of 'AA' or better by Fitch, a discount factor of 117% shall be applied to the Market Value thereof otherwise determined in accordance with the procedures below. According to Fitch guidelines, the portfolio coverage ratio of Fitch Eligible Assets to liabilities should not be less than 100% in order to maintain the rating of 'AAA.'

Corporate Debt Securities. The percentage determined by reference to the rating on such asset with reference to the remaining term to maturity of such asset, in accordance with the table set forth below.

Term to Maturity of Corporate Debt Security	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB
3 years or less (but longer than 1 year)....	106.38%	108.11%	109.89%	111.73%	129
5 years or less (but longer than 3 years)....	111.11	112.99	114.94	116.96	134
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)....	113.64	115.61	117.65	119.76	135
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)...	115.61	117.65	119.76	121.95	136
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years)..	119.76	121.95	124.22	126.58	139
More than 15 years..	124.22	126.58	129.03	131.58	144

(1) If a security is not rated by Fitch Ratings but is rated by two other NRSROs, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other NRSROs will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baal, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch Ratings but is rated by only one other NRSRO, then the rating on the security from the other NRSRO will be used to determine

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the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used). If a security is not rated by any NRSRO, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Not Rated or Below BB" in this table.

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table apply to corporate debt securities that are performing and have a market price determined by a pricing service or an approved price. The Fitch Discount Factor noted in the table above for a debt security rated B by Fitch Ratings shall apply to any non-performing debt security with a price equal to or greater than \$0.90. The Fitch Discount Factor noted in the table above for a debt security rated CCC by Fitch Ratings apply to any non-performing debt security with a price less than \$0.90 but equal to or greater than \$0.20. If a debt security does not have a market value determined by a pricing service or an approved price, a rating two rating categories below the actual rating on the debt security will be used (e.g., where the actual rating is A-, the rating for Debt Securities rated BB- will be used). The Fitch Discount Factor for a debt security issued by a limited partnership that is not a Rule 144A Security is the Discount Factor determined in accordance with the table set forth above multiplied by 110%.

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to (i) interest rate swaps and caps, whereby the rating of the counterparty to the swap or cap will be the rating used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table; and (ii) tradable credit baskets, whereby the ratings in the table will be applied to the underlying securities and the market value of each underlying security will be its proportionate amount of the market value of the tradable credit baskets. The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to corporate obligations backed by a guaranty, a letter of credit or insurance issued by a third party. If the third-party credit rating is the basis for the rating on the obligation, then the rating on the third party will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table. The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table also applies to preferred trust certificates, the rating on which will be determined by the underlying debt instruments in the trust, unless such preferred trust certificates are determined by Fitch Ratings to qualify for a traditional equity discount factor, in which case the Fitch Discount Factor shall be 370%.

Preferred Shares.

Preferred Shares	Discount Factor
AAA Taxable Preferred	130%
AA Taxable Preferred	133%
A Taxable Preferred	135%
BBB Taxable Preferred	139%
BB Taxable Preferred	154%
Not rated or below BB Taxable Preferred	161%
Investment Grade DRD Preferred	164%
Not rated or below Investment Grade DRD Preferred	200%

Short-Term Instruments. The Fitch Discount Factor applied to short-term portfolio securities, including without limitation Debt Securities, Short Term Money Market Instruments and municipal debt obligations, is (a) 100%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period; (b) 115%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par not exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period; and (c) 125%, so long as such portfolio securities neither mature nor

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have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period. A Fitch Discount Factor of 100% is applied to cash, including shares of affiliated money market funds held in conjunction with the Fund's nightly sweep account. "Fitch Exposure Period" means the period commencing on (and including) a given Valuation Date and ending 41 days thereafter.

U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury STRIPS.

Time Remaining to Maturity	Discount Factor
1 year or less.....	101.5%
2 years or less (but longer than 1 year).....	103
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years).....	105
4 years or less (but longer than 3 years).....	107
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years).....	109
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years).....	112
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years).....	114
Greater than 10 years.....	122

Convertible Securities. The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities is (a) 200% for investment grade convertibles and (b) 222% for below investment grade convertibles so long as such convertible securities have neither (x) conversion premium greater than 100% nor (y) have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve.

The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities which have conversion premiums of greater than 100% is (a) 152% for investment grade convertibles and (b) 179% for below investment grade convertibles so long as such convertible securities do not have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve.

The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities which have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve is 370%.

If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by two other rating agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other rating agencies will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baal, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by only one other rating agency, then the rating on the security from the other rating agency will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used). If a security is not rated by any rating agency, the Fund will treat the security as if it were below investment grade.

Rule 144A Securities. The Fitch Discount Factor applied to Rule 144A Securities is 110% of the Fitch Discount Factor which would apply were the securities registered under the Securities Act.

Asset-Backed and Mortgaged-Backed Securities. The percentage determined by reference to the asset type in accordance with the table set forth below.

Asset Type (with time remaining to maturity, if applicable)	Discount
U.S. Treasury/agency securities (10 years or less).	
U.S. Treasury/agency securities (greater than 10 years)	

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U.S. agency sequentials (10 years or less).
U.S. agency sequentials (greater than 10 years)
U.S. agency principal only securities
U.S. agency interest only securities (with market value greater than \$0.40)
U.S. agency interest only securities (with market value less than or equal to \$0.40)
AAA LockOut securities, interest only
U.S. agency planned amortization class bonds (10 years or less)
U.S. agency planned amortization class bonds (greater than 10 years)
AAA sequentials (10 years or less)
AAA sequentials (greater than 10 years)
AAA planned amortization class bonds (10 years or less)
AAA planned amortization class bonds (greater than 10 years)
Jumbo mortgages rated AAA(1)
Jumbo mortgages rated AA(1)
Jumbo mortgages rated A(1)
Jumbo mortgages rated BBB(1)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated AA
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated AA
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated A
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated BBB
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated BB
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated B
Commercial mortgage backed securities rated CCC or not rated

(1) Applies to jumbo mortgages, credit cards, auto loans, home equity loans, manufactured housing and prime mortgage-backed securities not issued by a U.S. agency or instrumentality.

Corporate Loans: The percentage determined by reference to the Fitch Loan Category in accordance with the table set forth below.

Fitch Loan Category	Discount Factor
A	126%
B	157
C	184
D	433

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table also applies to interest rate swaps and caps, and the rating of the counterparty to the swap or cap is the rating used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table.

"Fitch Loan Category" means the following four categories (and, for purposes of this categorization, the market value of a Fitch Eligible Asset trading at par is equal to \$1.00):

"Fitch Loan Category A" means performing corporate loans which have a market value or an approved price greater than or equal to \$0.90.

"Fitch Loan Category B" means: (a) performing corporate loans which have a market value or an approved price of greater than or equal to \$0.80 but less than \$0.90; and (b) non-performing corporate loans which have a market value or an approved price greater than or equal to \$0.85.

"Fitch Loan Category C" means: (a) performing corporate loans which have a market value or an approved price of greater than or equal to \$0.70 but less than \$0.80; (b) non-performing corporate loans which have a market value or an approved price of greater than or equal to

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\$0.75 but less than \$0.85; and (c) performing corporate loans without an approved price rated BB- or higher by Fitch Ratings. If a security is not rated by Fitch Ratings but is rated by two other NRSROs, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other NRSROs will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baa1, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch Ratings but is rated by only one other NRSRO, then the rating on the security from the other NRSRO will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA-, a Fitch rating of AAA- will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used).

"Fitch Loan Category D" means Corporate Loans not described in any of the foregoing categories.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained above, for purposes of determining whether a Fitch Eligible Asset falls within a specific Fitch Loan Category, to the extent that any Fitch Eligible Asset would fall in more than one of the Fitch Loan Categories, such Fitch Eligible Asset shall be deemed to fall into the Fitch Loan Category with the lowest applicable Fitch Discount Factor.

Foreign Bonds. The Fitch Discount Factor (A) for a foreign bond the principal of which (if not denominated in U.S. dollars) is subject to a currency hedging transaction will be the Fitch Discount Factor that would otherwise apply to such foreign bonds and (B) for (1) a foreign bond the principal of which (if not denominated in U.S. dollars) is not subject to a currency hedging transaction and (2) a bond issued in a currency other than U.S. dollars by a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in, or the government or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision of, a nation other than an Approved Foreign Nation, will be 370%.

Structured Notes. The Fitch Discount Factor applied to structured notes will be (a) in the case of a corporate issuer, the Fitch Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (i) under Discount Factors for Corporate Debt Securities, whereby the rating on the issuer of the Structured Note will be the rating on the Structured Note for purposes of determining the Fitch Discount Factor in the table in paragraph (i); and (b) in the case of an issuer that is the U.S. Government or an agency or instrumentality thereof, the Fitch Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (iii) under Discount Factors for Short-Term Instruments.

Fitch Eligible Assets. Under current Fitch guidelines, the following are considered Fitch Eligible Assets:

Cash (including interest and dividends due on assets rated (A) BBB or higher by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO if the payment date is within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, (B) A or higher by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO if the payment date is within thirty days of the Valuation Date, and (C) A+ or higher by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO if the payment date is within the Fitch Exposure Period) and receivables for Fitch Eligible Assets sold if the receivable is due within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, and if the trades which generated such receivables are settled within five business days.

Preferred Shares if (i) dividends on such preferred shares are cumulative, (ii) such securities provide for the periodic payment of dividends thereon in cash in U.S. dollars or euros and do not provide for conversion or exchange into, or have warrants attached entitling the holder to receive equity capital at any time over the respective lives of such securities, (iii) the issuer of

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such preferred shares is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, NASDAQ, or FTSE and has a market capitalization of at least \$500 million, and (iv) the issuer of such preferred shares has a senior debt rating or preferred stock rating from Fitch of BBB- or higher or the equivalent rating by another Rating Agency. In addition, the preferred shares issue must be at least \$50 million.

Common Stocks (i) (a) which are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ, FTSE or in the over-the-counter market, (b) which, if cash dividend paying, pay cash dividends in U.S. dollars, and (c) which may be sold without restriction by the Fund; provided, however, that (1) common stock which, while a Fitch Eligible Asset owned by the Fund, ceases paying any regular cash dividend will no longer be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset until 60 calendar days after the date of the announcement of such cessation, unless the issuer of the common stock has senior debt securities rated at least A- by Fitch and (2) the Fund's holdings of the common stock of any issuer in excess of 5% will not be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset; (ii) securities denominated in any currency other than the U.S. dollar and securities of issuers formed under the laws of jurisdictions other than the United States, its states and the District of Columbia for which there are dollar-denominated American Depository Receipts ("ADRs") which are traded in the United States on exchanges or over-the-counter and are issued by banks formed under the laws of the United States, its states or the District of Columbia; provided, however, that the aggregate Market Value of the Fund's holdings of securities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and ADRs in excess of 3% of the aggregate Market Value of the Outstanding shares of common stock of such issuer or in excess of 10% of the Market Value of the Fund's Fitch Eligible Assets with respect to issuers formed under the laws of any single such non-U.S. jurisdiction other than Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Chile, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Spain or the United Kingdom (the "Approved Foreign Nations") shall not be a Fitch Eligible Asset.

Short Term Money Market Instruments so long as (a) such securities are rated at least F1+ by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO, (b) in the case of demand deposits, time deposits and overnight funds, the supporting entity is rated at least A by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO, or (c) in all other cases, the supporting entity (1) is rated at least A by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO and the security matures within one month, (2) is rated at least A by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO and the security matures within three months or (3) is rated at least AA by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO and the security matures within six months. Unrated securities will not be considered Eligible Assets.

U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury STRIPS.

Debt Securities if such securities have been registered under the Securities Act or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act as determined by the Advisor or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees; and (C) such securities are issued by (1) a U.S. corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership, (2) a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Chile, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Spain or the United Kingdom (the "Approved Foreign Nations"), (3) the government of any Approved Foreign Nation or any of its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions (the debt securities of Approved Foreign Nation issuers being referred to collectively as "foreign bonds"), (4) a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in Canada or (5) the Canadian government or any of its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions (the debt securities of Canadian issuers being referred to collectively as "Canadian Bonds"). Foreign bonds held by the Fund

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will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 20% of the aggregate market value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. Similarly, Canadian bonds held by the Fund will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 20% of the aggregate market value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. Notwithstanding the limitations in the two preceding sentences, foreign bonds and Canadian Bonds held by the Fund will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 30% of the aggregate market value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. In addition, bonds which are issued in connection with a reorganization under U.S. federal bankruptcy law ("Reorganization Bonds") will be considered debt securities constituting Fitch Eligible Assets if (a) they provide for periodic payment of interest in cash in U.S. dollars or euros; (b) they do not provide for conversion or exchange into equity capital at any time over their lives; (c) they have been registered under the Securities Act or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for trading under Rule 144A promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act as determined by the Fund's Advisor or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees; (d) they were issued by a U.S. corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership; and (e) at the time of purchase at least one year had elapsed since the issuer's reorganization. Reorganization Bonds may also be considered debt securities constituting Fitch Eligible Assets if they have been approved by Fitch Ratings, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. All debt securities satisfying the foregoing requirements and restrictions of this paragraph (iv) are herein referred to as "Debt Securities."

Asset-Backed and Mortgage-Backed Securities.

Rule 144A Securities.

Corporate Loans.

Structured Notes.

Tradable credit baskets (e.g., Traded Custody Receipts or TRACERS and Targeted Return Index Securities Trust or TRAINS).

Interest rate swaps entered into according to International Swap Dealers Association ("ISDA") standards if (1) the counterparty to the swap transaction has a short-term rating of not less than F1 by Fitch or the equivalent by another, NRSRO, or, if the swap counterparty does not have a short-term rating, the counterparty's senior unsecured long-term debt rating is AA or higher by Fitch or the equivalent by another NRSRO and (2) the original aggregate notional amount of the interest rate swap transaction or transactions is not greater than the liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares originally issued.

Common Stock, Preferred Stock, and any debt security of REITs and Real Estate Companies.

Unrated Debt Securities issued by an issuer which (1) has not filed for bankruptcy in the past three years; (2) is current on all interest and principal on its fixed income obligations; and (3) is current on all preferred stock dividends.

Financial Contracts, as such term is defined in Section 3(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the 1940 Act, not otherwise provided for in the foregoing categories of Fitch Eligible Assets may be included in Fitch Eligible Assets, but, with respect to any financial contract, only upon receipt by the Fund of a writing from Fitch Ratings specifying any conditions on including such financial contract in Fitch Eligible Assets and assuring the Fund that including such financial contract in the manner so specified would not affect the credit rating assigned by Fitch Ratings to the Preferred Shares.

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Hedging. The Fund may enter into, purchase or sell, exchange-traded financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Fitch Ratings or Treasury bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded put options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Fitch Ratings or Treasury bonds and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded call options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Fitch Ratings or Treasury bonds ("Fitch Hedging Transactions"), subject to the following limitations:

(i) The Fund may not engage in any Fitch Hedging Transaction based on any index approved by Fitch Ratings (other than transactions that terminate a futures contract or option held by the Fund by the Fund's taking the opposite position thereto ("closing transactions")) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold outstanding financial futures contracts based on such index exceeding in number 10% of the average number of daily traded financial futures contracts based on such index in the 30 days preceding the time of effecting such transaction as reported by The Wall Street Journal.

(ii) The Fund will not engage in any Fitch Hedging Transaction based on Treasury bonds (other than closing transactions) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold:

(A) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 20% of the aggregate market value of Fitch Eligible Assets owned by the Fund and rated at least AA by Fitch Ratings (or, if not rated by Fitch Ratings, rated Aa at least by Moody's; or, if not rated by Moody's, rated at least AAA by S&P); or

(B) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 40% of the aggregate market value of all Fitch Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Fitch Eligible Assets already subject to a Fitch Hedging Transaction) and rated at least A or BBB by Fitch Ratings (or, if not rated by Fitch Ratings, rated at least Baa by Moody's; or, if not rated by Moody's, rated at least A or AA by S&P) (for purposes of the foregoing clauses (i) and (ii), the Fund shall be deemed to own futures contracts that underlie any outstanding options written by the Fund);

(iii) The Fund may engage in closing transactions to close out any outstanding financial futures contract based on any index approved by Fitch Ratings if the amount of open interest in such index as reported by The Wall Street Journal is less than an amount to be mutually determined by Fitch Ratings and the Fund; and

(iv) The Fund may not enter into an option or futures transaction unless, after giving effect thereto, the Fund would continue to have Fitch Eligible Assets with an aggregate Discounted Value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

Diversification. Fitch requires that the Fund adhere to a maximum single issuer concentration, with respect to 75% of its assets, of 5% of total assets.

Fitch Diversification Limitations. Portfolio holdings as described below must be within the following diversification and issue size requirements in order to be included in Fitch's Eligible Assets:

Security Rated At Least	Maximum Single Issuer(1)	Maximum Single Industry(1), (2)	Minimum I (\$ in mil)
AAA	100%	100%	\$

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AA-	20	75
A-	10	50
BBB-	6	25
BB-	4	16
B-	3	12
CCC	2	8

If a security is not rated by Fitch, look to the lower of Moody's or S&P rating.

- (1) Percentages represent a portion of the aggregate market value of corporate debt securities.
- (2) Industries are determined according to Bloomberg's Industry Classifications.
- (3) Preferred stock has a minimum issue size of \$50 million for all rating categories in the table.

Other. Where the Fund sells an asset and agrees to repurchase such asset in the future, the Discounted Value of such asset will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset and the amount the Fund is required to pay upon repurchase of such asset will count as a liability for the purposes of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. Where the Fund purchases an asset and agrees to sell it to a third party in the future, cash receivable by the Fund thereby will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset if the long-term debt of such other party is rated at least A- by Fitch Ratings or the equivalent by another NRSRO and such agreement has a term of 30 days or less; otherwise the Discounted Value of such purchased asset will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an asset will not be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset to the extent that it has been irrevocably deposited for the payment of (i) (A) through (i) (E) under the definition of Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or to the extent it is subject to any liens, except for (A) liens which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and which Fitch Ratings has indicated to the Fund will not affect the status of such asset as a Fitch Eligible Asset, (B) liens for taxes that are not then due and payable or that can be paid thereafter without penalty, (C) liens to secure payment for services rendered or cash advanced to the Fund by its Advisor or portfolio manager, the Fund's custodian, transfer agent or registrar or the Auction Agent and (D) liens by virtue of any repurchase agreement.

General

The foregoing Rating Agency Guidelines are subject to change from time to time. The Fund may, but it is not required to, adopt any such change. Nationally recognized rating agencies other than Moody's and Fitch may also from time to time rate the Preferred Shares; any nationally recognized rating agency providing a rating for the Preferred Shares may, at any time, change or withdraw any such rating.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX MATTERS

The following is a summary discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a shareholder of acquiring, holding and disposing of Preferred Shares of the Fund. This discussion only addresses U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. shareholders who hold their shares as capital assets and does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to particular shareholders in light of their individual circumstances. This discussion also does not address the tax consequences to shareholders who are subject to special rules, including, without limitation, financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, foreign holders, persons who hold their shares as or in a hedge against currency risk, a constructive sale, or conversion transaction, holders who are subject to the alternative minimum tax, or

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tax-exempt or tax-deferred plans, accounts, or entities. In addition, the discussion does not address any state, local, or foreign tax consequences, and it does not address any federal tax consequences other than U.S. federal income tax consequences. The discussion reflects applicable tax laws of the United States as of the date of this statement of additional information, which tax laws may be changed or subject to new interpretations by the courts or the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") retroactively or prospectively. No attempt is made to present a detailed explanation of all U.S. federal income tax concerns affecting the Fund and its shareholders, and the discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice. Investors are urged to consult their own tax advisers to determine the specific tax consequences to them of investing in the Fund, including the applicable federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences to them and the effect of possible changes in tax laws.

The Fund intends to elect to be treated and to qualify each year as a "regulated investment company" under Subchapter M of the Code and to comply with applicable distribution requirements so that it generally will not pay U.S. federal income tax on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Code, which this discussion assumes, the Fund must, among other things, (i) derive at least 90% of its gross income for each taxable year from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock, securities or foreign currencies, or other income (including gains from options, futures and forward contracts) derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies (the "90% income test") and (ii) diversify its holdings so that, at the end of each quarter of its taxable year, (x) at least 50% of the value of its total assets is represented by cash, United States government securities, securities of other regulated investment companies and other securities, with such other securities limited, in respect of any one issuer, to an amount that does not exceed 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets and that does not represent more than 10% of the issuer's outstanding voting securities and (y) not more than 25% of the value of its total assets is invested in the securities (other than United States government securities or the securities of other regulated investment companies) of any one issuer, or of two or more issuers controlled by the Fund and engaged in the same, similar or related trades or businesses. For purposes of the 90% income test, the character of income earned by certain entities in which the Fund invests that are not treated as corporations (e.g., partnerships or trusts) for U.S. federal income tax purposes will generally pass through to the Fund. Consequently, the Fund may be required to limit its equity investments in such entities that earn fee income, rental income or other nonqualifying income.

If the Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company and, for each taxable year, it distributes to its shareholders an amount equal to or exceeding the sum of (i) 90% of its "investment company taxable income" as that term is defined in the Code (which includes, among other things, dividends, taxable interest, and the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as reduced by certain deductible expenses) without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and (ii) 90% of the excess of its gross tax-exempt interest, if any, over certain disallowed deductions, the Fund will generally be relieved of U.S. federal income tax on any income of the Fund, including long-term capital gains, distributed to shareholders. However, if the Fund retains any investment company taxable income or "net capital gain" (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), it generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on the amounts retained. The Fund intends to distribute at least annually all or substantially all of its investment company taxable income, net tax-exempt interest, and net capital gain. If for any taxable year the Fund did not qualify as a regulated investment company, it would be treated as a corporation subject to U.S. federal income tax. In addition, in such cases, any distributions out of current or accumulated earnings and profits (including net capital gain) would

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be taxed as dividend income and it may be difficult for the Fund to requalify under Subchapter M.

Under the Code, the Fund will be subject to a nondeductible 4% federal excise tax on a portion of its undistributed ordinary income and capital gains if it fails to meet certain distribution requirements with respect to each calendar year. The Fund intends to make distributions in a timely manner and accordingly does not expect to be subject to the excise tax, but, as described below, there can be no assurance that the Fund's distributions will be sufficient to entirely avoid this tax.

Based in part on the lack of any present intention on the part of the Fund to redeem or purchase the Preferred Shares at any time in the future, the Fund believes that under present law the Preferred Shares will constitute stock of the Fund and distributions with respect to the Preferred Shares (other than distributions in redemption of the Preferred Shares that are treated as exchanges of stock under Section 302(b) of the Code) will constitute dividends to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits as calculated for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Such dividends generally will be taxable as ordinary income to holders (other than capital gain dividends or dividends attributable to qualified dividend income of the Fund, as described below) and generally will not qualify for the dividends received deduction available to corporations under Section 243 of the Code, although if a portion of the Fund's income consists of qualifying dividends paid by U.S. corporations (other than REITs), a portion of the dividends paid by the Fund may qualify for the corporate dividends received deduction. This view relies in part on a published ruling of the IRS stating that certain preferred stock similar in many material respects to the Preferred Shares represents equity. It is possible, however, that the IRS might take a contrary position asserting, for example that the Preferred Shares constitute debt of the Fund. If this position were upheld, the discussion of the treatment of distributions above would not apply. Instead distributions by the Fund to holders of Preferred Shares would constitute interest, whether or not such distributions exceeded the earnings and profits of the Fund, would be included in full in the income of the recipient and would be taxed as ordinary income.

Commencing within approximately 90 days from the date of this statement of additional information, the Fund intends to declare a dividend from all or a portion of its net investment income monthly. The Fund intends to distribute any net short- and long-term capital gains at least annually. The Fund intends to seek an exemptive order from the Commission that would allow it to distribute capital gains monthly to further allow it to maintain a stable level of distributions to shareholders. Dividends from income and/or capital gains may also be paid at such other times as may be necessary for the Fund to avoid U.S. federal income or excise tax.

In general, assuming there are sufficient current or accumulated earnings and profits, dividends from investment company taxable income (other than dividends attributable to qualified dividend income of the Fund as discussed below) will be taxable as ordinary income, and designated dividends from net capital gain, if any, will be taxable as long-term capital gains for U.S. federal income tax purposes without regard to the length of time the shareholder has held shares of the Fund. As noted above, a portion of any such dividend may qualify for the corporate dividends received deduction. Distributions by the Fund in excess of the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits will be treated as a return of capital to the extent of (and in reduction of) the shareholder's tax basis in its shares, and any such amount in excess of that basis will be treated as gain from the sale of the shares as discussed below. The U.S. federal income tax status of all distributions will be reported to shareholders annually.

If the Fund retains any net capital gain, the Fund may designate the

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retained amount as undistributed capital gains in a notice to shareholders who, if subject to U.S. federal income tax on long-term capital gains, (i) will be required to include in income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as long-term capital gain, their proportionate shares of such undistributed amount, (ii) will be entitled to credit their proportionate shares of the tax paid by the Fund on the undistributed amount against their U.S. federal income tax liabilities, if any, and to claim refunds to the extent the credit exceeds such liabilities, and (iii) will be entitled to increase the tax basis of their shares by the difference between their proportionate shares of such includible gains and their proportionate shares of the tax deemed paid.

Any dividend declared by the Fund in October, November or December with a record date in such a month and paid during the following January will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as paid by the Fund and received by shareholders on December 31 of the calendar year in which it is declared.

Recently enacted legislation reduces the federal income tax rate for individuals on certain dividend income and net capital gain to a maximum of 15% for taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2008. Capital gain dividends and a portion of ordinary income distributions (allocable to qualified dividend income received by the Fund) received by individual shareholders of the Fund may be subject to the reduced tax rate. Qualified dividend income generally includes dividends from domestic corporations and dividends from foreign corporations that meet certain specified criteria. Certain holding period and other requirements must be satisfied in order for the reduced tax rate to apply to dividends which would otherwise be qualified dividend income. The Fund will annually inform shareholders of the portion of ordinary dividends paid by the Fund which qualify for the new reduced federal income tax rate available for such dividends.

If the Fund acquires any equity interest (under proposed Treasury regulations, generally including not only stock but also an option to acquire stock such as is inherent in a convertible bond) in certain foreign corporations that receive at least 75% of their annual gross income from passive sources (such as interest, dividends, certain rents and royalties, or capital gains) or that hold at least 50% of their assets in investments producing such passive income ("passive foreign investment companies"), the Fund could be subject to U.S. federal income tax and additional interest charges on "excess distributions" received from such companies or on gain from the disposition of stock in such companies, even if all income or gain actually received by the Fund is timely distributed to its shareholders. The Fund generally will not be able to pass through to its shareholders any credit or deduction for such a tax. An election may generally be available that would ameliorate these adverse tax consequences, but any such election could require the Fund to recognize taxable income or gain (subject to tax distribution requirements) without the concurrent receipt of cash. These investments could also result in the treatment of associated capital gains as ordinary income. The Fund may limit and/or manage its holdings in passive foreign investment companies to limit its tax liability or maximize its return from these investments.

The Fund may invest to a significant extent in debt obligations that are in the lowest rating categories or are unrated, including debt obligations of issuers not currently paying interest or who are in default. Investments in debt obligations that are at risk of or in default present special tax issues for the Fund. Tax rules are not entirely clear about issues such as when and to what extent deductions may be taken for bad debts or worthless securities and how payments received on obligations in default should be allocated between principal and income. These and other issues will be addressed by the Fund, in the event it invests in such securities, in order to seek to ensure that it distributes sufficient income to preserve its status as a regulated investment company and does not become subject to U.S. federal income or excise tax.

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If at any time when the Preferred Shares are outstanding the Fund fails to meet the requirement that it maintain a discounted value of eligible portfolio securities equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or the 1940 Preferred Shares Asset Coverage, the Fund will be required to suspend distributions to holders of its common shares until such maintenance or asset coverage, as the case may be, is restored. This could prevent the Fund from distributing at least 90% of its net income as is required under the Code and therefore might jeopardize the Fund's reduction or exemption from corporate taxation as a regulated investment company and/or might subject the Fund to the 4% excise tax. Upon any failure to meet such maintenance or asset coverage requirements, the Fund may, in its sole discretion, purchase or redeem shares of preferred stock in order to maintain or restore the requisite maintenance or asset coverage and avoid the adverse consequences to the Fund and its shareholders of failing to satisfy the distribution requirement. There can be no assurance, however, that any such action would achieve these objectives. The Fund will endeavor to avoid restrictions on its ability to distribute dividends.

If the Fund invests in certain pay-in-kind securities, zero coupon bonds, certain preferred shares, deferred interest securities or, in general, any other securities with original issue discount (or with market discount if the Fund elects to include market discount in income currently), the Fund generally must accrue income on such investments for each taxable year, which generally will be prior to the receipt of the corresponding cash payments. However, the Fund must distribute, at least annually, all or substantially all of its net income, including such accrued income, to shareholders to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Code and avoid U.S. federal income and excise taxes. Therefore, the Fund may have to dispose of its portfolio securities under disadvantageous circumstances to generate cash, or may have to leverage itself by borrowing the cash, to satisfy distribution requirements.

At the time of an investor's purchase of the Fund's shares, a portion of the purchase price may be attributable to realized or unrealized appreciation in the Fund's portfolio or undistributed taxable income of the Fund. Consequently, subsequent distributions by the Fund with respect to these shares from such appreciation or income may be taxable to such investor even if the net asset value of the investor's shares is, as a result of the distributions, reduced below the investor's cost for such shares and the distributions economically represent a return of a portion of the investment.

Sales and other dispositions of the Fund's shares generally are taxable events for shareholders that are subject to tax. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisers with reference to their individual circumstances to determine whether any particular transaction in the Fund's shares (including a redemption of Preferred Shares) is properly treated as a sale for tax purposes, as the following discussion assumes, and the tax treatment of any gains or losses recognized in such transactions. In general, if Fund shares are sold, the shareholder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale and the shareholder's adjusted basis in the shares. Such gain or loss generally will be treated as long-term gain or loss if the shares were held for more than one year and otherwise generally will be treated as short-term gain or loss. Any loss recognized by a shareholder upon the sale or other disposition of shares with a tax holding period of six months or less generally will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any amounts treated as distributions of long-term capital gain with respect to such shares. Losses on sales or other dispositions of shares may be disallowed under "wash sale" rules in the event of other investments in the Fund (including those made pursuant to reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gain distributions) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after a sale or other disposition of the original shares.

The Fund's transactions in foreign currencies, foreign currency denominated debt securities and certain foreign currency options and contracts may give rise

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to ordinary income or loss under Section 988 of the Code to the extent the income or loss results from fluctuations in the value of the relevant foreign currency.

Gain or loss, if any, resulting from a redemption of Preferred Shares generally will be taxed as gain or loss from the sale of the Preferred Shares under Section 302 of the Code rather than as a dividend, but only if the redemption distribution (a) is deemed not to be essentially equivalent to a dividend, (b) is in complete redemption of an owner's interest in the Fund, (c) is substantially disproportionate with respect to the owner, or (d) with respect to a non-corporate owner, is in partial liquidation of the Fund. For the purposes of (a), (b), and (c) above, a shareholder's ownership of common shares will be taken into account and the Preferred Shares and common shares held by parties who are related to the redeemed shareholder may also have to be taken into account. If none of the conditions (a) through (d) above are met, the redemption proceeds may be considered a dividend distribution taxable as ordinary income as discussed above.

Options written or purchased and futures contracts entered into by the Fund on certain securities, indices and foreign currencies, as well as certain forward foreign currency contracts, may cause the Fund to recognize gains or losses from marking-to-market even though such options may not have lapsed, been closed out, or exercised, or such futures or forward contracts may not have been performed or closed out. The tax rules applicable to these contracts may affect the characterization of some capital gains and losses recognized by the Fund as long-term or short-term. As noted above, certain options, futures and forward contracts relating to foreign currency may be subject to Section 988 of the Code and accordingly may produce ordinary income or loss. Additionally, the Fund may be required to recognize gain if an option, futures contract, forward contract, short sale or other transaction that is not subject to the mark-to-market rules is treated as a "constructive sale" of an "appreciated financial position" held by the Fund under Section 1259 of the Code. Any net mark-to-market gains and/or gains from constructive sales may also have to be distributed to satisfy the distribution requirements referred to above even though the Fund may receive no corresponding cash amounts, possibly requiring the disposition of portfolio securities or borrowing to obtain the necessary cash. Losses on certain options, futures or forward contracts and/or offsetting positions (portfolio securities or other positions with respect to which the Fund's risk of loss is substantially diminished by one or more options, futures or forward contracts) may also be deferred under the tax straddle rules of the Code, which may also affect the characterization of capital gains or losses from straddle positions and certain successor positions as long-term or short-term. Certain tax elections may be available that would enable the Fund to ameliorate some adverse effects of the tax rules described in this paragraph. The tax rules applicable to options, futures, forward contracts and straddles may affect the amount, timing and character of the Fund's income and gains or losses and hence of its distributions to shareholders.

The Fund's distributions to its corporate shareholders would potentially qualify in their hands for the corporate dividends-received deduction subject to certain holding period requirements and limitations on debt financings under the Code, only to the extent the Fund earned dividend income from stock investments in U.S. domestic corporations and certain other requirements are satisfied. The Fund is permitted to acquire stocks of U.S. domestic corporations, and it is therefore possible that a portion of the Fund's distributions, from the dividends attributable to such stocks, may qualify for the dividends-received deduction. Such qualifying portion, if any, may affect a corporate shareholder's liability for alternative minimum tax and/or result in basis reductions and other consequences in certain circumstances.

The IRS has taken the position that if a regulated investment company has two classes of shares, it must designate distributions made to each class in any

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year as consisting of no more than such class's proportionate share of particular types of income, including dividends qualifying for the corporate dividends-received deduction (if any) and net capital gains. A class's proportionate share of a particular type of income is determined according to the percentage of total dividends paid by the regulated investment company during the year to such class. Consequently, the Fund intends to designate distributions of particular types of income made to common shareholders and preferred shareholders in accordance with each such class's proportionate shares of such income. Distributions in excess of the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits (if any), however, will not be allocated proportionately among the Preferred Shares and the common shares. Since the Fund's current and accumulated earnings will first be used to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares, distributions in excess of such earnings and profits, if any, will be made disproportionately to holders of common shares.

The Fund may be subject to withholding and other taxes imposed by foreign countries, including taxes on interest, dividends and capital gains with respect to its investments in those countries, which would, if imposed, reduce the yield on or return from those investments. Tax conventions between certain countries and the U.S. may reduce or eliminate such taxes in some cases. The Fund does not expect to satisfy the requirements for passing through to its shareholders their pro rata shares of qualified foreign taxes paid by the Fund, with the general result that shareholders would not include such taxes in their gross incomes and would not be entitled to a tax deduction or credit for such taxes on their own tax returns.

Federal law requires that the Fund withhold (as "backup withholding") tax at a current rate of 28% on reportable payments, including dividends and capital gain distributions paid to certain shareholders who have not complied with IRS regulations. Corporations are generally exempt from backup withholding. In order to avoid this withholding requirement, shareholders must certify on their account applications, or on separate IRS Forms W-9, that the Social Security Number or other Taxpayer Identification Number they provide is their correct number and that they are not currently subject to backup withholding, or that they are exempt from backup withholding. The Fund may nevertheless be required to withhold if it receives notice from the IRS that the number provided is incorrect or backup withholding is applicable as a result of previous underreporting of income. Similar backup withholding rules may apply to a shareholder's broker with respect to the proceeds of sales or other dispositions of the Fund's shares by such shareholder. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from payments made to a shareholder may be refunded or credited against such shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is provided to the IRS.

Under recently promulgated Treasury regulations, if a shareholder recognizes a loss with respect to shares of \$2 million or more for an individual shareholder, or \$10 million or more for a corporate shareholder, in any single taxable year (or a greater amount over a combination of years), the shareholder must file with the IRS a disclosure statement on IRS Form 8886. Direct shareholders of portfolio securities are in many cases excepted from this reporting requirement but under current guidance shareholders of regulated investment companies are not excepted. The fact that a loss is reportable under these regulations does not affect the legal determination of whether or not the taxpayer's treatment of the loss is proper. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers to determine the applicability of these regulations in light of their individual circumstances.

The description of certain federal tax provisions above relates only to U.S. federal income tax consequences for shareholders who are U.S. persons, i.e., U.S. citizens or residents or U.S. corporations, partnerships, trusts or estates, and who are subject to U.S. federal income tax. Investors other than

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U.S. persons may be subject to different U.S. tax treatment, including a U.S. withholding tax on amounts treated as ordinary dividends from the Fund and, unless an effective IRS Form W-8BEN or other authorized withholding certificate is on file, to backup withholding on certain other payments from the Fund. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisers on these matters and on any specific questions as to U.S. federal, foreign, state, local and other applicable tax laws.

PERFORMANCE-RELATED AND OTHER INFORMATION

Performance-Related Information

The Fund may quote certain performance-related information and may compare certain aspects of its portfolio and structure to other similar closed-end funds as categorized by Lipper, Inc. (Lipper), Morningstar Inc. or other independent services. Comparison of the Fund to an alternative investment should be made with consideration of differences in features and expected performance. The Fund may obtain data from sources or reporting services, such as Bloomberg Financial and Lipper, that the Fund believes to be generally accurate.

From time to time, the Fund and/or the Advisor may report to shareholders or to the public in advertisements concerning the Advisor's performance as an advisor to Evergreen mutual funds and clients other than the Fund, or on the comparative performance or standing of the Advisor in relation to other money managers. The Advisor may also provide to current or prospective private account clients, in connection with standardized performance information for the Fund, performance information for the Fund gross of fees and expenses for the purpose of assisting such clients in evaluating similar performance information provided by other investment managers or institutions. Comparative information may be compiled or provided by independent ratings services or by news organizations. Performance information for the Fund or for other Evergreen mutual funds or accounts managed by the Advisor may also be compared to various unmanaged indexes or to other benchmarks, some of which may not be available for direct investment. Any performance information, whether related to the Fund or the Advisor, should be considered in light of the Fund's investment objective and policies, the characteristics and quality of the Fund, and the market conditions during the time period indicated, and it should not be considered to be representative of what may be achieved in the future. The Advisor may provide its opinion with respect to general economic conditions including such matters as trends in default rates or economic cycles.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. At the time common shareholders sell their shares, they may be worth more or less than their original investment. At any time in the future, yields and total return may be higher or lower than past yields and total return, and there can be no assurance that any historical results will continue.

The Advisor

From time to time, the Advisor or the Fund may use, in advertisements or information furnished to present or prospective shareholders, information regarding the Advisor including, without limitation, information regarding the Advisor's investment style, countries of operation, organization, professional staff, clients (including other registered investment companies), assets under management and performance record. These materials may refer to opinions or rankings of the Advisor's overall investment management performance contained in third-party reports or publications.

Advertisements for the Fund may make reference to certain other open- or closed-end investment companies managed by Evergreen.

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The Advisor may present an investment allocation model demonstrating the Fund's weightings in investment types, sectors or rating categories such as U.S. high yield, emerging markets or investment grade securities. The model allocations are representative of the Fund's investment strategy, the Advisor's analysis of the market for high yield securities as of the date of the model and certain factors that may alter the allocation percentages include global economic conditions, individual company fundamentals or changes in market valuations. Such models may also indicate an expected or targeted weighted average rating of the Fund's portfolio.

The Fund

The Fund's listing of its common shares on the American Stock Exchange is expected to provide liquidity, convenience and daily price visibility through electronic services and in newspaper stock tables.

The Fund, in its advertisements, may refer to pending legislation from time to time and the possible impact of such legislation on investors, investment strategy and related matters. The Fund may be a suitable investment for a shareholder who is thinking of adding bond investments to his portfolio to balance the appreciated stocks that the shareholder is holding.

Performance Calculations

Average Annual Total Return

Described below are the total return calculations the Fund may use from time to time in advertisements.

Total return quotations for a class of shares of the Fund are calculated by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over one, five and ten year periods, or the time periods for which such class of shares has been effective, whichever is relevant, on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment that would equate the initial amount invested in the class to the ending redeemable value. To the initial investment all dividends and distributions are added, and all recurring fees charged to all shareholder accounts are deducted. The ending redeemable value assumes a complete redemption at the end of the relevant periods. The following is the formula used to calculate average annual total return:

$$P(1+T)^n = ERV$$

P = initial payment of \$1,000.

T = average annual total return.

n = number of years.

ERV = ending redeemable value of the initial \$1,000.

Yield

Described below are yield calculations the Fund may use. Yield quotations are expressed in annualized terms and may be quoted on a compounded basis. Yields based on these calculations do not represent the Fund's yield for any future period.

30-Day Yield

If the Fund invests primarily in bonds, it may quote its 30-day yield in advertisements or in reports or other communications to shareholders. It is calculated by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period,

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according to the following formula:

$$\text{Yield} = \frac{2[(a-b)+1]6-1}{cd}$$

Where:

a = Dividends and interest earned during the period

b = Expenses accrued for the period (net of reimbursements)

c = The average daily number of shares outstanding during the period
that were entitled to receive dividends

d = The maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period

7-Day Current and Effective Yield

If the Fund invests primarily in money market instruments, it may quote its 7-day current yield or effective yield in advertisements or in reports or other communications to shareholders.

The current yield is calculated by determining the net change, excluding capital changes and income other than investment income, in the value of a hypothetical, pre-existing account having a balance of one share at the beginning of the 7-day base period, subtracting a hypothetical charge reflecting deductions from shareholder accounts, and dividing the difference by the value of the account at the beginning of the base period to obtain the base period return, and then multiplying the base period return by (365/7).

The effective yield is based on a compounding of the current yield, according to the following formula:

$$\text{Effective Yield} = [(\text{base period return}) + 1]^{365/7} - 1$$

Tax Equivalent Yield

If the Fund invests primarily in municipal bonds, it may quote in advertisements or in reports or other communications to shareholders a tax equivalent yield, which is what an investor would generally need to earn from a fully taxable investment in order to realize, after income taxes, a benefit equal to the tax free yield provided by the Fund. Tax equivalent yield is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Tax Equivalent Yield} = \frac{\text{Yield}}{1 - \text{Income Tax Rate}}$$

The quotient is then added to that portion, if any, of the Fund's yield that is not tax exempt. Depending on the Fund's objective, the income tax rate used in the formula above may be federal or a combination of federal and state.

Non-Standardized Performance

In addition to the performance information described above, the Fund may provide total return information for designated periods, such as for the most recent six months or most recent twelve months. This total return information is computed as described under "Total Return" above except that no annualization is made.

EXPERTS

The financial statement of the Fund as of____, 2004 appearing in the Fund's statement of additional information dated _____, 2004 relating to the Fund's common shares, and incorporated by reference herein, was audited by _____, independent auditors, as set forth in their report thereon appearing in such statement of additional information, and was included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing. , located at , provides accounting and auditing services to the Fund.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A Registration Statement on Form N-2, including amendments thereto, relating to the shares offered hereby, has been filed by the Fund with the Commission, Washington, D.C. The prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information do not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement, including any exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to the Fund and the shares offered hereby, reference is made to the Registration Statement. Statements contained in the prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete and in each instance reference is made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, each such statement being qualified in all respects by such reference. A copy of the Registration Statement may be inspected without charge at the Commission's principal office in Washington, D.C., and copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained from the Commission upon the payment of certain fees prescribed by the Commission.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[To be inserted]

APPENDIX A - DESCRIPTION OF RATINGS

CORPORATE AND MUNICIPAL BOND RATINGS

The Fund relies on ratings provided by independent rating services to help determine the credit quality of bonds and other obligations the Fund intends to purchase or already owns. A rating is an opinion of an issuer's ability to pay interest and/or principal when due. Ratings reflect an issuer's overall financial strength and whether it can meet its financial commitments under various economic conditions.

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If a security held by the Fund loses its rating or has its rating reduced after the Fund has purchased it, the Fund is not required to sell or otherwise dispose of the security, but may consider doing so.

The principal rating services, commonly used by the Fund and investors generally, are Moody's, Fitch and S&P. Rating systems are similar among the different services. As an example, the chart below compares basic ratings for long-term bonds. The "Credit Quality" terms in the chart are for quick reference only. Following the chart are the specific definitions each service provides for its ratings.

COMPARISON OF LONG-TERM BOND RATINGS

=====	=====	=====	=====
MOODY'S	S&P	FITCH	Credit Quality
=====	=====	=====	=====
-----	-----	-----	-----
Aaa	AAA	AAA	Excellent Quality (lowest risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
Aa	AA	AA	Almost Excellent Quality (very low risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
A	A	A	Good Quality (low risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
Baa	BBB	BBB	Satisfactory Quality (some risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
Ba	BB	BB	Questionable Quality (definite risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
B	B	B	Low Quality (high risk)
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
Caa/Ca/C	CCC/CC/C	CCC/CC/C	In or Near Default
-----	-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----
	D	DDD/DD/D	In Default
=====	=====	=====	=====

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LONG-TERM RATINGS

Moody's Corporate Long-Term Bond Ratings

Aaa Bonds which are rated Aaa are judged to be of the best quality. They carry the smallest degree of investment risk and are generally referred to as "gilt edged." Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is secure. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues.

Aa Bonds which are rated Aa are judged to be of high quality by all standards. Together with the Aaa group they comprise what are generally known as high grade bonds. They are rated lower than the best bonds because margins of protection may not be as large as in Aaa securities or fluctuation of protective elements may be of greater amplitude or there may be other elements present which make the long-term risk appear somewhat larger than the Aaa securities.

A Bonds which are rated A possess many favorable investment attributes and are to be considered as upper-medium-grade obligations. Factors giving security to principal and interest are considered adequate, but elements may be present which suggest a susceptibility to impairment some time in the future.

Baa Bonds which are rated Baa are considered as medium-grade obligations, (i.e. they are neither highly protected nor poorly secured). Interest payments and principal security appear adequate for the present but certain protective elements may be lacking or may be characteristically unreliable over any great length of time. Such bonds lack outstanding investment characteristics and in fact have speculative characteristics as well.

Ba Bonds which are rated Ba are judged to have speculative elements; their future cannot be considered as well-assured. Often the protection of interest and principal payments may be very moderate, and thereby not well safeguarded during both good and bad times over the future. Uncertainty of position characterizes bonds in this class.

B Bonds which are rated B generally lack characteristics of the desirable investment. Assurance of interest and principal payments or of maintenance of other terms of the contract over any long period of time may be small.

Caa Bonds which are rated Caa are of poor standing. Such issues may be in default or there may be present elements of danger with respect to principal or interest.

Ca Bonds which are rated Ca represent obligations which are speculative in a high degree. Such issues are often in default or have other marked shortcomings.

C Bonds which are rated C are the lowest rated class of bonds, and issues so rated can be regarded as having extremely poor prospects of ever attaining any real investment standing.

Note: Moody's applies numerical modifiers, 1, 2 and 3 in each generic rating classification from Aa to Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the company ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking and the modifier 3 indicates that the company ranks in the lower end of its generic rating category.

S&P Corporate Long-Term Bond Ratings

AAA An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by S&P. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

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AA An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only in small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is very strong.

A An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is still strong.

BBB An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

BB, B, CCC, CC and C: As described below, obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

BB An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

B An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CCC An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CC An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment.

C The C rating may be used to cover a situation where a bankruptcy petition has been filed or similar action has been taken, but payments on this obligation are being continued.

D The D rating, unlike other ratings, is not prospective; rather, it is used only where a default has actually occurred--and not where a default is only expected. S&P changes ratings to D either:

- o On the day an interest and/or principal payment is due and is not paid. An exception is made if there is a grace period and S&P believes that a payment will be made, in which case the rating can be maintained; or
- o Upon voluntary bankruptcy filing or similar action. An exception is made if S&P expects that debt service payments will continue to be made on a specific issue. In the absence of a payment default or bankruptcy filing, a technical default (i.e., covenant violation) is not sufficient for assigning a D rating.

Plus (+) or minus (-) The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

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Fitch Corporate Long-Term Bond Ratings

Investment Grade

AAA Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of credit risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

AA Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote a very low expectation of credit risk. They indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

A High credit quality. A ratings denote a lower expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

BBB Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that there is currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity. This is the lowest investment-grade category.

Speculative Grade

BB Speculative. BB ratings indicate that there is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as the result of adverse economic change over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met. Securities rated in this category are not investment grade.

B Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that significant credit risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

CCC, CC, C High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitment is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. A CC rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. C ratings signal imminent default.

DDD, DD, D Default. Securities are not meeting current obligations and are extremely speculative. DDD designates the highest potential for recovery of amounts outstanding on any securities involved. For U.S. corporates, for example, DD indicates expected recovery of 50%-90% of such outstandings, and D the lowest recovery potential, i.e. below 50%.

+ or - may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA rating category or to categories below CCC.

CORPORATE SHORT-TERM RATINGS

Moody's Corporate Short-Term Issuer Ratings

Prime-1 Issuers rated Prime-1 (or supporting institutions) have a superior ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. Prime-1 repayment ability will often be evidenced by many of the following characteristics.

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- Leading market positions in well-established industries.
- High rates of return on funds employed.
- Conservative capitalization structure with moderate reliance on debt and ample asset protection.
- Broad margins in earnings coverage of fixed financial changes and high internal cash generation.
- Well-established access to a range of financial markets and assured sources of alternate liquidity.

Prime-2 Issuers rated Prime-2 (or supporting institutions) have a strong ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. This will normally be evidenced by many of the characteristics cited above but to a lesser degree. Earnings trends and coverage ratios, while sound, may be more subject to variation. Capitalization characteristics, while still appropriate, may be more affected by external conditions. Ample alternate liquidity is maintained.

Prime-3 Issuers rated Prime-3 (or supporting institutions) have an acceptable ability for repayment of senior short-term obligations. The effect of industry characteristics and market compositions may be more pronounced. Variability in earnings and profitability may result in changes in the level of debt protection measurements and may require relatively high financial leverage. Adequate alternate liquidity is maintained.

Not Prime Issuers rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

S&P Corporate Short-Term Obligation Ratings

A-1 A short-term obligation rated A-1 is rated in the highest category by S&P. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is strong. Within this category certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on these obligations is extremely strong.

A-2 A short-term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is satisfactory.

A-3 A short-term obligation rated A-3 exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

B A short-term obligation rated B is regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. The obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation; however, it faces major ongoing uncertainties which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

C A short-term obligation rated C is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

D The D rating, unlike other ratings, is not prospective; rather, it is used only where a default has actually occurred--and not where a default is only expected. S&P changes ratings to D either:

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- o On the day an interest and/or principal payment is due and is not paid. An exception is made if there is a grace period and S&P believes that a payment will be made, in which case the rating can be maintained; or
- o Upon voluntary bankruptcy filing or similar action, An exception is made if S&P expects that debt service payments will continue to be made on a specific issue. In the absence of a payment default or bankruptcy filing, a technical default (i.e., covenant violation) is not sufficient for assigning a D rating.

Fitch Corporate Short-Term Obligation Ratings

F1 Highest credit quality. Indicates the strongest capacity for timely payment of financial commitments; may have an added "+" to denote any exceptionally strong credit feature.

F2 Good credit quality. A satisfactory capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, but the margin of safety is not as great as in the case of the higher ratings.

F3 Fair credit quality. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is adequate; however, near-term adverse changes could result in a reduction to non-investment grade.

B Speculative. Minimal capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, plus vulnerability to near-term adverse changes in financial and economic conditions.

C High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

D Default. Denotes actual or imminent payment default.

MUNICIPAL BONDS

LONG-TERM RATINGS

Moody's Municipal Long-Term Bond Ratings

Aaa Bonds rated Aaa are judged to be of the best quality. They carry the smallest degree of investment risk and are generally referred to as "gilt edge." Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is secure. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues.

Aa Bonds rated Aa are judged to be of high quality by all standards. Together with the Aaa group they comprise what are generally known as high grade bonds. They are rated lower than the best bonds because margins of protection may not be as large as in Aaa securities or fluctuation of protective elements may be of greater amplitude or there may be other elements present which make the long-term risk appear somewhat larger than the Aaa securities.

A Bonds rated A possess many favorable investment attributes and are to be considered as upper-medium grade obligations. Factors giving security to principal and interest are considered adequate, but elements may be present which suggest a susceptibility to impairment some time in the future.

Baa Bonds rated Baa are considered as medium-grade obligations, i.e., they are

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neither highly protected nor poorly secured. Interest payments and principal security appear adequate for the present but certain protective elements may be lacking or may be characteristically unreliable over any great length of time. Such bonds lack outstanding investment characteristics and in fact have speculative characteristics as well.

Ba Bonds rated Ba are judged to have speculative elements; their future cannot be considered as well-assured. Often the protection of interest and principal payments may be very moderate, and thereby not well safeguarded during both good and bad times over the future. Uncertainty of position characterizes bonds in this class.

B Bonds rated B generally lack characteristics of the desirable investment. Assurance of interest and principal payments or of maintenance of other terms of the contract over any long period of time may be small.

Caa Bonds rated Caa are of poor standing. Such issues may be in default or there may be present elements of danger with respect to principal or interest.

Ca Bonds rated Ca represent obligations which are speculative in a high degree. Such issues are often in default or have other marked shortcomings.

C Bonds rated C are the lowest rated class of bonds, and issues so rated can be regarded as having extremely poor prospects of ever attaining any real investment standing.

Note: Moody's applies numerical modifiers 1, 2 and 3 in each generic rating classification from Aa to B. The modifier 1 indicates that the company ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range rating and the modifier 3 indicates that the company ranks in the lower end of its generic rating category.

S&P Municipal Long-Term Bond Ratings

AAA An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by S&P. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

AA An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only in small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is very strong.

A An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is still strong.

BBB An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

BB, B, CCC, CC and C: As described below, obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

BB An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitment on the

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obligation.

B An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CCC An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CC An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment.

C The C rating may be used to cover a situation where a bankruptcy petition has been filed or similar action has been taken, but payments on this obligation are being continued.

D An obligation rated D is in payment default. The D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due even if the applicable grace period has not expired, unless S&P believes that such payments will be made during such grace period. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of a similar action if payments on an obligation are jeopardized.

Plus (+) or minus (-) The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

Fitch Municipal Long-Term Bond Ratings

Investment Grade

AAA Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of credit risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

AA Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote a very low expectation of credit risk. They indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

A High credit quality. A ratings denote a lower expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

BBB Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that there is currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity. This is the lowest investment-grade category.

Speculative Grade

BB Speculative. BB ratings indicate that there is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as the result of adverse economic change over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met. Securities rated in this category are not investment

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grade.

B Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that significant credit risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

CCC, CC, C High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. A CC rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. C ratings signal imminent default.

DDD, DD, D Default. The ratings of obligations in this category are based on their prospects for achieving partial or full recovery in a reorganization or liquidation of the obligor. While expected recovery values are highly speculative and cannot be estimated with any precision, the following serve as general guidelines. 'DDD' obligations have the highest potential for recovery, around 90% - 100% of outstanding amounts and accrued interest. 'DD' indicates potential recoveries in the range of 50% - 90% and 'D' the lowest recovery potential, i.e., below 50%.

Entities rated in this category have defaulted on some or all of their obligations. Entities rated 'DDD' have the highest prospect for resumption of performance or continued operation with or without a formal reorganization process. Entities rated 'DD' and 'D' are generally undergoing a formal reorganization or liquidation process; those rated 'DD' are likely to satisfy a higher portion of their outstanding obligations, while entities rated 'D' have a poor prospect of repaying all obligations.

+ or - may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA rating category or to categories below CCC or to short-term ratings (as discussed below) other than F1.

SHORT-TERM MUNICIPAL RATINGS

Moody's Municipal Short-Term Issuer Ratings

Prime-1 Issuers rated Prime-1 (or supporting institutions) have a superior ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. Prime-1 repayment ability will often be evidence by many of the following characteristics.

- Leading market positions in well-established industries.
- High rates of return on funds employed.
- Conservative capitalization structure with moderate reliance on debt and ample asset protection.
- Broad margins in earnings coverage of fixed financial changes and high internal cash generation.
- Well-established access to a range of financial markets and assured sources of alternate liquidity.

Prime-2 Issuers rated Prime-2 (or supporting institutions) have a strong ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. This will normally be evidenced by many of the characteristics cited above but to a lesser degree. Earnings trends and coverage ratios, while sound, may be more subject to variation. Capitalization characteristics, while still appropriate, may be more affected by external conditions. Ample alternate liquidity is maintained.

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Prime-3 Issuers rated Prime-3 (or supporting institutions) have an acceptable ability for repayment of senior short-term obligations. The effect of industry characteristics and market compositions may be more pronounced. Variability in earnings and profitability may result in changes in the level of debt protection measurements and may require relatively high financial leverage. Adequate alternate liquidity is maintained.

Not Prime Issuers rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

Moody's Municipal Short-Term Loan Ratings

MIG 1 This designation denotes best quality. There is strong protection by established cash flows, superior liquidity support, or demonstrated broad-based access to the market for refinancing.

MIG 2 This designation denotes high quality. Margins of protection are ample although not so large as in the preceding group.

MIG 3 This designation denotes favorable quality. Liquidity and cash-flow protection may be narrow and market access for refinancing is likely to be less well established.

SG This designation denotes speculative quality. Debt instruments in this category may lack margins of protection.

S&P Commercial Paper Ratings

A-1 This designation indicates that the degree of safety regarding timely payment is strong. Those issues determined to possess extremely strong safety characteristics are denoted with a plus sign (+) designation.

A-2 Capacity for timely payment on issues with this designation is satisfactory. However, the relative degree of safety is not as high as for issues designated A-1.

A-3 Issues carrying this designation have an adequate capacity for timely payment. They are, however, more vulnerable to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances than obligations carrying the higher designations.

B Issues rated B are regarded as having only speculative capacity for timely payment.

C This rating is assigned to short-term debt obligations with a doubtful capacity for payment.

D Debt rated D is in payment default. The D rating category is used when interest payments or principal payments are not made on the date due, even if the applicable grace period has not expired, unless S&P believes such payments will be made during such grace period.

S&P Municipal Short-Term Obligation Ratings

SP-1 Strong capacity to pay principal and interest. An issue determined to possess a very strong capacity to pay debt service is given a plus (+) designation.

SP-2 Satisfactory capacity to pay principal and interest, with some vulnerability to adverse financial and economic changes over the term of the notes.

SP-3 Speculative capacity to pay principal and interest.

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Fitch Municipal Short-Term Obligation Ratings

F1 Highest credit quality. Indicates the strongest capacity for timely payment of financial commitments; may have an added "+" to denote any exceptionally strong credit feature.

F2 Good credit quality. A satisfactory capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, but the margin of safety is not as great as in the case of the higher ratings.

F3 Fair credit quality. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is adequate; however, near-term adverse changes could result in a reduction to non-investment grade.

B Speculative. Minimal capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, plus vulnerability to near-term adverse changes in financial and economic conditions.

C High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

D Default. Denotes actual or imminent payment default.

APPENDIX B--PROXY VOTING POLICY AND PROCEDURES

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures

ISS Proxy Voting Guidelines Summary

June 16, 2003

Statement of Principles

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC (EIMCO) recognizes it has a fiduciary duty to vote proxies on behalf of clients who have delegated such responsibility to EIMCO, and that in all cases proxies should be voted in a manner reasonably believed to be in the clients' best interest.

Corporate Governance Committee

EIMCO has established a corporate governance committee (Committee) which is a sub-committee of EIMCO's Investment Policy Committee. The Committee is responsible for approving EIMCO's proxy voting policies and procedures, for overseeing the proxy voting process, and for reviewing proxy voting on a regular basis. The Committee will meet quarterly to review reports of all proxies voted for the prior period and to conduct other business as required.

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Conflicts of Interest

EIMCO recognizes that under certain circumstances it may have a conflict of interest in voting proxies on behalf of its clients. Such circumstances may include, but are not limited to, situations where EIMCO or one or more of its affiliates has a client or customer relationship with the issuer of the security that is the subject of the proxy vote.

In most cases, structural and informational barriers within EIMCO and Wachovia Corporation will prevent EIMCO from becoming aware of the relationship giving rise to the potential conflict of interest. In such circumstances, EIMCO will vote the proxy according to its standard guidelines and procedures described above.

If persons involved in proxy voting on behalf of EIMCO becomes aware of a potential conflict of interest, the Committee shall consult with EIMCO's Legal Department and consider whether to implement special procedures with respect to the voting of that proxy, including whether an independent third party should be retained to vote the proxy.

Share Blocking

EIMCO does not vote global proxies, with share blocking restrictions, requiring shares to be prohibited from sale.

Proxy Voting Guideline Summary

I. The Board of Directors

Voting on Director Nominees in Uncontested Elections

Votes on director nominees should be made on a case-by-case basis, examining the following factors: composition of the board and key board committees, attendance at board meetings, corporate governance provisions and takeover activity, long-term company performance relative to a market index, directors' investment in the company, whether the chairman is also serving as CEO, and whether a retired CEO sits on the board. However, there are some actions by directors that should result in votes being withheld. These instances include directors who:

- o Attend less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse
- o Implement or renew a dead-hand or modified dead-hand poison pill
- o Ignore a shareholder proposal that is approved by a majority of the shares outstanding
- o Ignore a shareholder proposal that is approved by a majority of the votes cast for two consecutive years
- o Have failed to act on takeover offers where the majority of the

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shareholders have tendered their shares

- o Are inside directors and sit on the audit, compensation, or nominating committees
- o Are inside directors and the full board serves as the audit, compensation, or nominating committee or the company does not have one of these committees

In addition, directors who enacted egregious corporate governance policies or failed to replace management as appropriate would be subject to recommendations to withhold votes.

Separating Chairman and CEO

Vote on a case-by-case basis on shareholder proposals requiring that the positions of chairman and CEO be held separately.

Proposals Seeking a Majority of Independent Directors

Shareholder proposals asking that a majority of directors be independent should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Vote for shareholder proposals asking that board audit, compensation, and/or nominating committees be composed exclusively of independent directors.

Stock Ownership Requirements

Vote against shareholder proposals requiring directors to own a minimum amount of company stock in order to qualify as a director or to remain on the board.
Term of Office

Vote against shareholder proposals to limit the tenure of outside directors.

Age Limits

Vote against shareholder proposals to impose a mandatory retirement age for outside directors.

Director and Officer Indemnification and Liability Protection

Proposals on director and officer indemnification and liability protection should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, using Delaware law as the standard. Vote against proposals to eliminate entirely directors' and officers' liability for monetary damages for violating the duty of care. Vote against indemnification proposals that would expand coverage beyond just legal expenses to acts, such as negligence, that are more serious violations of fiduciary obligation than mere carelessness. Vote for only those proposals providing such expanded coverage in cases when a director's or officer's legal defense was unsuccessful if: (1) the director was found to have acted in good faith and in a manner that he reasonably believed was in the best interests of the company, and (2) only if the director's legal expenses would be covered.

Charitable Contributions

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Vote against proposals regarding charitable contributions.

II. Proxy Contests

Voting for Director Nominees in Contested Elections

Votes in a contested election of directors must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: long-term financial performance of the target company relative to its industry; management's track record; background to the proxy contest; qualifications of director nominees (both slates); evaluation of what each side is offering shareholders as well as the likelihood that the proposed objectives and goals can be met; and stock ownership positions.

Reimburse Proxy Solicitation Expenses

Voting to reimburse proxy solicitation expenses should be analyzed on a case-by-case basis. In cases where Evergreen recommends in favor of the dissidents, we also recommend voting for reimbursing proxy solicitation expenses.

III. Auditors

Ratifying Auditors

Vote for proposals to ratify auditors, unless: an auditor has a financial interest in or association with the company, and is therefore not independent; or there is reason to believe that the independent auditor has rendered an opinion which is neither accurate nor indicative of the company's financial position.

IV. Proxy Contest Defenses

Board Structure: Staggered vs. Annual Elections

Vote against proposals to classify the board.

Vote for proposals to repeal classified boards and to elect all directors annually.

Shareholder Ability to Remove Directors

Vote against proposals that provide that directors may be removed only for cause.

Vote for proposals to restore shareholder ability to remove directors with or without cause.

Vote against proposals that provide that only continuing directors may elect replacements to fill board vacancies.

Vote for proposals that permit shareholders to elect directors to fill board

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vacancies.

Cumulative Voting

Vote against proposals to eliminate cumulative voting.

Vote proposals to restore or permit cumulative voting on a case-by-case basis relative to the company's other governance provisions.

Shareholder Ability to Call Special Meetings

Vote against proposals to restrict or prohibit shareholder ability to call special meetings.

Vote for proposals that remove restrictions on the right of shareholders to act independently of management.

Shareholder Ability to Act by Written Consent

Vote against proposals to restrict or prohibit shareholder ability to take action by written consent.

Vote for proposals to allow or make easier shareholder action by written consent.

Shareholder Ability to Alter the Size of the Board

Vote for proposals that seek to fix the size of the board.

Vote against proposals that give management the ability to alter the size of the board without shareholder approval.

V. Tender Offer Defenses

Poison Pills

Vote for shareholder proposals that ask a company to submit its poison pill for shareholder ratification.

Review on a case-by-case basis shareholder proposals to redeem a company's poison pill.

Review on a case-by-case basis management proposals to ratify a poison pill.

Fair Price Provisions

Vote proposals to adopt fair price provisions on a case-by-case basis, evaluating factors such as the vote required to approve the proposed acquisition, the vote required to repeal the fair price provision, and the mechanism for determining the fair price.

Generally, vote against fair price provisions with shareholder vote requirements greater than a majority of disinterested shares.

Greenmail

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Vote for proposals to adopt antigreenmail charter or bylaw amendments or otherwise restrict a company's ability to make greenmail payments.

Review on a case-by-case basis antigreenmail proposals when they are bundled with other charter or bylaw amendments.

Pale Greenmail

Review on a case-by-case basis restructuring plans that involve the payment of pale greenmail.

Unequal Voting Rights

Vote against dual-class exchange offers.

Vote against dual-class recapitalizations.

Supermajority Shareholder Vote Requirement to Amend the Charter or Bylaws

Vote against management proposals to require a supermajority shareholder vote to approve charter and bylaw amendments.

Vote for shareholder proposals to lower supermajority shareholder vote requirements for charter and bylaw amendments.

Supermajority Shareholder Vote Requirement to Approve Mergers

Vote against management proposals to require a supermajority shareholder vote to approve mergers and other significant business combinations.

Vote for shareholder proposals to lower supermajority shareholder vote requirements for mergers and other significant business combinations.

White Squire Placements

Vote for shareholder proposals to require approval of blank check preferred stock Issues for other than general corporate purposes.

VI. Miscellaneous Governance Provisions

Confidential Voting

Vote for shareholder proposals that request companies to adopt confidential voting, use independent tabulators, and use independent inspectors of election as long as the proposals include clauses for proxy contests as follows: In the case of a contested election, management should be permitted to request that the dissident group honor its confidential voting policy. If the dissidents agree, the policy remains in place. If the dissidents do not agree, the confidential voting policy is waived.

Vote for management proposals to adopt confidential voting.

Equal Access

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Vote for shareholder proposals that would allow significant company shareholders equal access to management's proxy material in order to evaluate and propose voting recommendations on proxy proposals and director nominees, and in order to nominate their own candidates to the board.

Bundled Proposals

Review on a case-by-case basis bundled or "conditioned" proxy proposals. In the case of items that are conditioned upon each other, examine the benefits and costs of the packaged items. In instances when the joint effect of the conditioned items is not in shareholders' best interests, vote against the proposals. If the combined effect is positive, support such proposals.

Shareholder Advisory Committees

Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to establish a shareholder advisory committee.

VII. Capital Structure

Common Stock Authorization

Review proposals to increase the number of shares of common stock authorized for issue on a case-by-case basis.

Vote against proposals to increase the number of authorized shares of the class of stock that has superior voting rights in companies that have dual-class capitalization structures.

Stock Distributions: Splits and Dividends

Vote for management proposals to increase common share authorization for a stock split, provided that the increase in authorized shares would not result in an excessive number of shares available for issuance given a company's industry and performance in terms of shareholder returns.

Reverse Stock Splits

Vote for management proposals to implement a reverse stock split when the number of shares will be proportionately reduced to avoid delisting.

Review on a case-by-case basis on proposals to implement a reverse stock split that do not proportionately reduce the number of shares authorized for Issue.

Preferred Stock

Vote against proposals authorizing the creation of new classes of preferred stock with unspecified voting, conversion, dividend distribution, and other rights ("blank check" preferred stock).

Vote for proposals to create blank check preferred stock in cases when the company expressly states that the stock will not be used as a takeover defense.

Vote for proposals to authorize preferred stock in cases where the company specifies the voting, dividend, conversion, and other rights of such stock and the terms of the preferred stock appear reasonable.

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Vote case-by-case on proposals to increase the number of blank check preferred shares after analyzing the number of preferred shares available for Issue given a company's industry and performance in terms of shareholder returns.

Shareholder Proposals Regarding Blank Check Preferred Stock

Vote for shareholder proposals to have blank check preferred stock placements, other than those shares issued for the purpose of raising capital or making acquisitions in the normal course of business, submitted for shareholder ratification.

Adjustments to Par Value of Common Stock

Vote for management proposals to reduce the par value of common stock.

Preemptive Rights

Review on a case-by-case basis shareholder proposals that seek preemptive rights. In evaluating proposals on preemptive rights, consider the size of a company and the characteristics of its shareholder base.

Debt Restructurings

Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to increase common and/or preferred shares and to Issue shares as part of a debt restructuring plan. Consider the following Issues: Dilution--How much will ownership interest of existing shareholders be reduced, and how extreme will dilution to any future earnings be? Change in Control--Will the transaction result in a change in control of the company? Bankruptcy--Generally, approve proposals that facilitate debt restructurings unless there are clear signs of self-dealing or other abuses.

Share Repurchase Programs

Vote for management proposals to institute open-market share repurchase plans in which all shareholders may participate on equal terms.

Tracking Stock

Votes on the creation of tracking stock are determined on a case-by-case basis, weighing the strategic value of the transaction against such factors as:

- o adverse governance changes
- o excessive increases in authorized capital stock
- o unfair method of distribution
- o diminution of voting rights
- o adverse conversion features
- o negative impact on stock option plans
- o other alternatives such as spinoff

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VIII. Executive and Director Compensation

Votes with respect to compensation plans should be determined on a case-by-case basis.

Our new methodology for reviewing compensation plans primarily focuses on the transfer of shareholder wealth (the dollar cost of pay plans to shareholders instead of simply focusing on voting power dilution). Using the expanded compensation data disclosed under the SEC's new rules, Evergreen will value every award type. Evergreen will include in its analyses an estimated dollar cost for the proposed plan and all continuing plans. This cost, dilution to shareholders' equity, will also be expressed as a percentage figure for the transfer of shareholder wealth, and will be considered along with dilution to voting power. Once Evergreen determines the estimated cost of the plan, we compare it to a company-specific dilution cap.

Our model determines a company-specific allowable pool of shareholder wealth that may be transferred from the company to executives, adjusted for (1) long-term corporate performance (on an absolute basis and relative to a standard industry peer group and an appropriate market index), (2) cash compensation, and (3) categorization of the company as emerging, growth, or mature. These adjustments are pegged to market capitalization. Evergreen will continue to examine other features of proposed pay plans such as administration, payment terms, plan duration, and whether the administering committee is permitted to reprice underwater stock options without shareholder approval.

Management Proposals Seeking Approval to Reprice Options

Vote on management proposals seeking approval to reprice options on a case-by-case basis.

Director Compensation

Votes on stock-based plans for directors are made on a case-by-case basis.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans

Votes on employee stock purchase plans should be made on a case-by-case basis.

OBRA-Related Compensation Proposals:

Amendments that Place a Cap on Annual Grants or Amend Administrative Features

Vote for plans that simply amend shareholder-approved plans to include administrative features or place a cap on the annual grants any one participant may receive to comply with the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA.

Amendments to Added Performance-Based Goals

Vote for amendments to add performance goals to existing compensation plans to comply with the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA.

Amendments to Increase Shares and Retain Tax Deductions Under OBRA

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Votes on amendments to existing plans to increase shares reserved and to qualify the plan for favorable tax treatment under the provisions of Section 162(m) should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Approval of Cash or Cash-and-Stock Bonus Plans

Vote for cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans to exempt the compensation from taxes under the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA.

Shareholder Proposals to Limit Executive and Director Pay

Generally, vote for shareholder proposals that seek additional disclosure of executive and director pay information.

Review on a case-by-case basis all other shareholder proposals that seek to limit executive and director pay.

Golden and Tin Parachutes

Vote for shareholder proposals to have golden and tin parachutes submitted for shareholder ratification.

Review on a case-by-case basis all proposals to ratify or cancel golden or tin parachutes.

Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOPs)

Vote for proposals that request shareholder approval in order to implement an ESOP or to increase authorized shares for existing ESOPs, except in cases when the number of shares allocated to the ESOP is "excessive" (i.e., generally greater than five percent of outstanding shares).

401(k) Employee Benefit Plans

Vote for proposals to implement a 401(k) savings plan for employees.

IX. State of Incorporation

Voting on State Takeover Statutes

Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to opt in or out of state takeover statutes (including control share acquisition statutes, control share cash-out statutes, freezeout provisions, fair price provisions, stakeholder laws, poison pill endorsements, severance pay and labor contract provisions, antigreenmail provisions, and disgorgement provisions).

Voting on Reincorporation Proposals

Proposals to change a company's state of incorporation should be examined on a case-by-case basis.

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X. Mergers and Corporate Restructurings

Mergers and Acquisitions

Votes on mergers and acquisitions should be considered on a case-by-case basis, taking into account at least the following: anticipated financial and operating benefits; offer price (cost vs. premium); prospects of the combined companies; how the deal was negotiated; and changes in corporate governance and their impact on shareholder rights.

Corporate Restructuring

Votes on corporate restructuring proposals, including minority squeezeouts, leveraged buyouts, spinoffs, liquidations, and asset sales should be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Spinoffs

Votes on spinoffs should be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the tax and regulatory advantages, planned use of sale proceeds, market focus, and managerial incentives.

Asset Sales

Votes on asset sales should be made on a case-by-case basis after considering the impact on the balance sheet/working capital, value received for the asset, and potential elimination of diseconomies.

Liquidations

Votes on liquidations should be made on a case-by-case basis after reviewing management's efforts to pursue other alternatives, appraisal value of assets, and the compensation plan for executives managing the liquidation.

Appraisal Rights

Vote for proposals to restore, or provide shareholders with, rights of appraisal.

Changing Corporate Name

Vote for changing the corporate name.

XI. Mutual Fund Proxies

Election of Directors

Vote the election of directors on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: board structure; director independence and qualifications; and compensation of directors within the fund and the family of funds attendance at board and committee meetings.

Votes should be withheld from directors who:

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- o attend less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse for the absences. Valid reasons include illness or absence due to company business. Participation via telephone is acceptable. In addition, if the director missed only one meeting or one day's meetings, votes should not be withheld even if such absence dropped the director's attendance below 75 percent.
- o ignore a shareholder proposal that is approved by a majority of shares outstanding
- o ignore a shareholder proposal that is approved by a majority of the votes cast for two consecutive years
- o are interested directors and sit on the audit or nominating committee
- o are interested directors and the full board serves as the audit or nominating committee or the company does not have one of these committees.

Converting Closed-end Fund to Open-end Fund

Vote conversion proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: past performance as a closed-end fund; market in which the fund invests; measures taken by the board to address the discount; and past shareholder activism, board activity, and votes on related proposals.

Proxy Contests

Vote proxy contests on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: past performance; market in which fund invests; and measures taken by the board to address the Issues past shareholder activism, board activity, and votes on related proposals.

Investment Advisory Agreements

Vote the investment advisory agreements on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: proposed and current fee schedules; fund category/investment objective; performance benchmarks; share price performance as compared with peers; and the magnitude of any fee increase.

Approving New Classes or Series of Shares

Vote for the establishment of new classes or series of shares.

Preferred Stock Proposals

Vote the authorization for or increase in preferred shares on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: stated specific financing purpose and other reasons management gives possible dilution for common shares.

1940 Act Policies

Vote these proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: potential competitiveness; regulatory developments; current and potential returns; and current and potential risk.

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Changing a Fundamental Restriction to a Nonfundamental Restriction

Vote these proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: fund's target investments; reasons given by fund for change; and the projected impact of change on portfolio.

Change Fundamental Investment Objective to Nonfundamental

Vote against proposals to change a fund's fundamental investment objective to nonfundamental.

Name Rule Proposals

Vote these proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: political/economic changes in target market; bundling with quorum requirements; bundling with asset allocation changes; and consolidation in the fund's target market.

Disposition of Assets/Termination/Liquidation

Vote this proposal on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: strategies employed to salvage the company; company's past performance; and terms of the liquidation.

Changes to the Charter Document

Vote changes to the charter document on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: degree of change implied by the proposal; efficiencies that could result; state of incorporation; and regulatory standards and implications.

Changing the Domicile of a Fund

Vote reincorporations on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: state regulations of both states; required fundamental policies of both states; and the increased flexibility available.

Change in Fund's Subclassification

Vote these proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: potential competitiveness; current and potential returns; risk of concentration; and consolidation in the target industry.

Authorizing the Board to Hire and Terminate Subadvisors Without Shareholder Approval

Vote against these proposals.

Distribution Agreements

Vote these proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: fees charged to comparably sized funds with similar objectives; proposed

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distributor's reputation and past performance; and competitiveness of fund in industry.

Master-Feeder Structure

Vote for the establishment of a master-feeder structure.

Changes to the Charter Document

Vote changes to the charter document on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: degree of change implied by the proposal; efficiencies that could result; state of incorporation; and regulatory standards and implications.

Mergers

Vote merger proposals on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: resulting fee structure; performance of both funds; and continuity of management personnel.

Shareholder Proposals

Establish Director Ownership Requirement

Vote against the establishment of a director ownership requirement.

Reimburse Shareholder for Expenses Incurred

Voting to reimburse proxy solicitation expenses should be analyzed on a case-by-case basis. In cases where Evergreen recommends in favor of the dissidents, we also recommend voting for reimbursing proxy solicitation expenses.

Terminate the Investment Advisor

Vote to terminate the investment advisor on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: performance of the fund's NAV and the history of shareholder relations.

XII. Social and Environmental Issues

Energy and Environment

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals that request companies to file the CERES Principles.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information, particularly when it appears companies have not adequately addressed shareholders' environmental concerns.

South Africa

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In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals pertaining to South Africa.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information such as the amount of business that could be lost by conducting business in South Africa.

Northern Ireland

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals pertaining to the MacBride Principles.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information about progress being made toward eliminating employment discrimination, particularly when it appears companies have not adequately addressed shareholder concerns.

Military Business

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on defense Issue proposals.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information on military related operations, particularly when the company has been unresponsive to shareholder requests.

Maquiladora Standards and International Operations Policies

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals relating to the Maquiladora Standards and international operating policies.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports on these Issues, particularly when it appears companies have not adequately addressed shareholder concerns.

World Debt Crisis

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals dealing with third world debt.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports on these Issues, particularly when it appears companies have not adequately addressed shareholder concerns.

Equal Employment Opportunity and Discrimination

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals regarding equal employment opportunities and discrimination.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information about affirmative action efforts, particularly when it appears companies have been unresponsive to shareholder requests.

Animal Rights

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals that deal with animal rights.

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Product Integrity and Marketing

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals that ask companies to end their production of legal, but socially questionable, products.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information regarding product integrity and marketing Issues, particularly when it appears companies have been unresponsive to shareholder requests.

Human Resources issues

In most cases, Evergreen refrains from providing a vote recommendation on proposals regarding human resources Issues.

Generally, vote for disclosure reports that seek additional information regarding human resources Issues, particularly when it appears companies have been unresponsive to shareholder requests.

APPENDIX C

EVERGREEN UTILITIES AND HIGH INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF PREFERENCES OF

AUCTION PREFERRED SHARES

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EVERGREEN UTILITIES AND HIGH INCOME FUND, a Delaware statutory trust (the "Fund"), certifies that:

First: Pursuant to authority expressly vested in the Board of Trustees of the Fund by Article III of the Fund's Amended and Restated Agreement and Declaration of Trust, dated February 9, 2004 (which, as hereafter restated or amended from time to time is, together with this Statement, herein called the "Declaration"), the Board of Trustees adopts this Statement of Preferences of Auction Preferred Shares (the "Statement"), authorizes the establishment, designation and issuance of an unlimited number of shares of the Fund's Auction Preferred Shares, liquidation preference \$25,000 per share plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends (whether or not earned or declared), having the designation or designations as set forth in this Statement.

Second: That _____ shares of Auction Preferred Shares are hereby designated as Auction Preferred Shares, Series ____ (the "Series" or "Preferred Shares").

Third: That any provision of the Declaration that conflicts with or is inconsistent with the provisions of this Statement are hereby amended to conform to the terms of this Statement. As set forth herein, this Statement shall be deemed to be a supplement to and amendment of the Declaration.

Fourth: The preferences, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications, terms and conditions of redemption, and other rights and limitations of the shares of the Auction Preferred Shares, Series ____ are as set forth in this Statement.

DEFINITIONS

As used in Parts I and II of this Statement, the following terms shall have the following meanings (with terms defined in the singular having comparable meanings when used in the plural and vice versa), unless the context otherwise requires:

"Accountant's Confirmation" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c) of Part I of this Statement.

"Adviser" means the Fund's investment adviser which initially shall be Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC.

"Affected Series" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of Part I of this Statement.

"Affiliate" means any Person known to the Auction Agent to be controlled by, in control of, or under common control with, the Fund.

"Agent Member" means a member of, or participant in, the Securities Depository that will act on behalf of a Bidder.

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"Applicable Rate" means the rate per annum at which cash dividends are payable on the Preferred Shares for any Dividend Period.

"Applicable Percentage" means the percentage determined based on the lower of the credit ratings assigned to the series of Preferred Shares on such date by Moody's and Fitch as follows:

	Credit Ratings	
Moody's	Fitch	Applicable Percentage
Aaa	AAA	___%
Aa3 to Aa1	AA- to AA+	___%
A3 to A1	A- to A+	___%
Baa3 to Baa1	BBB- to BBB+	___%
Ba 1 and lower	BB+ and lower	___%

For purposes of this definition, the "prevailing rating" of the Preferred Shares shall be (i) AAA if such shares have a rating of AAA by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies; (ii) if not AAA, then AA- if such shares have a rating of AA- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such rating by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (iii) if not AA- or higher, then A- if such shares have a rating of A- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (iv) if not A- or higher, then BBB- if such shares have a rating of BBB- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (v) if not BBB- or higher, then below BBB-.

The Applicable Percentage as so determined shall be further subject to upward but not downward adjustment in the discretion of the Board of Trustees of the Fund after consultation with the Broker-Dealers, provided that immediately following any such increase the Fund would be in compliance with the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. The Fund shall take all reasonable action necessary to enable Moody's and Fitch to provide a rating for the Preferred Shares. If Moody's or Fitch shall not make such a rating available, the Fund shall select another Rating Agency to act as a Substitute Rating Agency. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fund shall not be required to have more than one Rating Agency provide a rating for the Preferred Shares.

"Applicable Spread" means the spread determined based on the credit rating assigned to the Preferred Shares on such date by Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) as follows:

	Credit Ratings	
Moody's	Fitch	Applicable Spread
Aaa	AAA	___ bps
Aa3 to Aa1	AA- to AA+	___ bps
A3 to A1	A- to A+	___ bps
Baa3 to Baa1	BBB- to BBB+	___ bps
Ba 1 and lower	BB+ and lower	___ bps

For purposes of this definition, the "prevailing rating" of the Preferred Shares shall be (i) AAA if such shares have a rating of AAA by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies; (ii) if not AAA, then AA- if such shares have a

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rating of AA- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such rating by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (iii) if not AA- or higher, then A- if such shares have a rating of A- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or a Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (iv) if not A- or higher, then BBB- if such shares have a rating of BBB- or better by Moody's or Fitch or the equivalent of such ratings by such agencies or Substitute Rating Agency or Substitute Rating Agencies, (v) if not BBB- or higher, then below BBB-.

The Applicable Spread as so determined shall be further subject to upward but not downward adjustment in the discretion of the Board of Trustees after consultation with the Broker-Dealers, provided that immediately following any such increase the Fund would be in compliance with the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

"Approved Foreign Nations" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "Fitch Eligible Assets."

"Approved Price" means the "fair value" as determined by the Fund in accordance with the valuation procedures adopted from time to time by the Board of Trustees of the Fund and for which the Fund receives a mark-to-market price (which, for the purpose of clarity, shall not mean Market Value) from an independent source at least semi-annually.

"Auction" means a periodic operation of the Auction Procedures.

"Auction Agent" means Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas unless and until another commercial bank, trust company or other financial institution appointed by a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the Fund or a duly authorized committee thereof enters into an agreement with the Fund to follow the Auction Procedures for the purpose of determining the Applicable Rate and to act as transfer agent, registrar, dividend disbursing agent and redemption agent for the Preferred Shares.

"Auction Date" with respect to any Rate Period shall mean the Business Day next preceding the first day of such Rate Period.

"Auction Procedures" means the procedures for conducting Auctions set forth in Part II of this Statement.

"Available Preferred Shares" shall have the meaning specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

"Bank Loans" means direct purchases of, assignments of, participations in and other interests in (a) any bank loan or (b) any loan made by an investment bank, investment fund or other financial institution, provided that such loan under this clause (b) is similar to those typically made, syndicated, purchased or participated by a commercial bank or institutional loan investor in the ordinary course of business.

"Beneficial Owner" means a customer of a Broker-Dealer who is listed on the records of that Broker-Dealer (or, if applicable, the Auction Agent) as a holder of Preferred Shares or a Broker-Dealer that holds Preferred Shares for its own account.

"Bid" and "Bids" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 1 of Part II of this Statement.

"Bidder" and "Bidders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 1 of Part II of this Statement; provided, however, that neither the Fund nor any affiliate thereof shall be permitted to be a Bidder in

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an Auction, except that any Broker-Dealer that is an affiliate of the Fund may be a Bidder in an Auction, but only if the Orders placed by such Broker-Dealer are not for its own account.

"Bloomberg Industry Classifications" means, for the purposes of determining both Fitch Eligible Assets and Moody's Eligible Assets, industry classifications as Bloomberg defines them.

The Fund shall use its discretion in determining which industry classification is applicable to a particular investment.

"Broker-Dealer" means any broker-dealer, or other entity permitted by law to perform the functions required of a Broker-Dealer in Part II of this Statement, that has been selected by the Fund and has entered into a Broker-Dealer Agreement with the Auction Agent that remains effective that is a member of, or a participant in, the Securities Depository or is an affiliate of such member or participant.

"Broker-Dealer Agreement" means an agreement between the Auction Agent and a Broker-Dealer pursuant to which such Broker-Dealer agrees to follow the procedures specified in Part II of this Statement.

"Business Day" means a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading and which is not a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banks in New York City are authorized or obligated by law to close.

"Canadian Bonds" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "Fitch Eligible Assets."

"Closing Transaction" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(a) of Part I of this Statement.

"Common Shares" means the shares of beneficial interest designated as common shares, no par value, of the Fund.

"Cure Date" shall mean the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date or the Investment Company Act Cure Date.

"Date of Original Issue" means, with respect to any Preferred Shares, the date on which the Fund first issues such shares.

"Debt Securities" has the meaning set forth in paragraph (iv) of the definition of "Fitch Eligible Assets."

"Deposit Securities" means cash and portfolio securities rated at least A2 (having a remaining maturity of 12 months or less), P-1, VMIG-1 or MIG-1 by Moody's or A (having a remaining maturity of 12 months or less), A-1+ or SP-1+ by S&P.

"Discount Factor" means a Fitch Discount Factor or a Moody's Discount Factor, as applicable.

"Discounted Value" of any asset of the Fund means the quotient of the Market Value of an Eligible Asset divided by the applicable Discount Factor, provided that with respect to an Eligible Asset that is currently callable, the Discounted Value will be equal to the quotient as calculated above or the call price, whichever is lower, and that with respect to an Eligible Asset that is prepayable, the Discounted Value will be equal to the quotient as calculated above or the par value, whichever is lower.

"Dividend Payment Date," with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall mean any date on which dividends are payable on the Preferred Shares pursuant to the

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provisions of paragraph (d) of Section 2 of Part I of this Statement.

"Dividend Period" with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall mean the period from and including the Date of Original Issue of the Preferred Shares to but excluding the initial Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares and any period thereafter from and including one Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares to but excluding the next succeeding Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares.

"Eligible Asset" means a Fitch Eligible Asset (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), a Moody's Eligible Asset (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and/or any asset included in the calculations used by any Rating Agency then rating the Preferred Shares for purposes of determining such Rating Agency's rating on the Preferred Shares, as applicable.

"Existing Holder" means a Broker-Dealer, or any such other Person that may be permitted by the Fund, that is listed as the holder of record of Preferred Shares in the Share Books.

"Failure to Deposit," with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall mean a failure by the Fund to pay to the Auction Agent, not later than 12:00 noon, New York City time, (A) on the Business Day next preceding any Dividend Payment Date for shares of the Series, in funds available on such Dividend Payment Date in the City of New York, New York, the full amount of any dividend (whether or not earned or declared) to be paid on such Dividend Payment Date on any share of the Series or (B) on the Business Day next preceding any redemption date in funds available on such redemption date for shares of the Series in the City of New York, New York, the Redemption Price to be paid on such redemption date for any share of the Series after Notice of Redemption is mailed pursuant to paragraph (c) of Section 9 of Part I of this Statement; provided, however, that the foregoing clause (B) shall not apply to the Fund's failure to pay the Redemption Price in respect of Preferred Shares when the related Notice of Redemption provides that redemption of such shares is subject to one or more conditions precedent and any such condition precedent shall not have been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption.

"FHLB, FNMA and FFCB Debentures" has the meaning set forth in paragraph (viii) of the definition of "Moody's Eligible Assets."

"Fitch" means Fitch Ratings or its successors.

"Fitch Discount Factor" means, for purposes of determining the Discounted Value of any Fitch Eligible Asset, the percentage determined as follows, provided however, that for unhedged foreign investments a discount factor of 105% shall be applied to the Market Value thereof otherwise determined in accordance with the procedures below, provided further that, if the foreign issuer of such unhedged foreign investment is from a country whose sovereign debt rating in a non-local currency is not assigned a rating of 'AA' or better by Fitch, a discount factor of 117% shall be applied to the Market Value thereof otherwise determined in accordance with the procedures below. According to Fitch guidelines, the portfolio coverage ratio of Fitch Eligible Assets to liabilities should not be less than 100% in order to maintain the rating of "AAA." The Fitch Discount Factor for any Fitch Eligible Asset other than the securities set forth below will be the percentage provided in writing by Fitch.

(i) CORPORATE DEBT SECURITIES: The percentage determined by reference to the rating of a corporate debt security in accordance with the table set forth below.

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Term to Maturity of Corporate Debt Security	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	Not Rated or Below BB(1)
3 years or less (but longer than 1 year)	106.38%	108.11%	109.89%	111.73%	129.87%	151.52%
5 years or less (but longer than 3 years)	111.11%	112.99%	114.94%	116.96%	134.24%	151.52%
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)	113.64%	115.61%	117.65%	119.76%	135.66%	151.52%
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)	115.61%	117.65%	119.76%	121.95%	136.74%	151.52%
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years)	119.76%	121.95%	124.22%	126.58%	139.05%	151.52%
More than 15 years	124.22%	126.58%	129.03%	131.58%	144.55%	151.52%

(1) If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by two other Rating Agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other Rating Agencies will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baal, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by only one other Rating Agency, then the rating on the security from the other Rating Agency will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used). If a security is not rated by any Rating Agency, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Not Rated or Below BB" in this table.

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table apply to corporate debt securities that are Performing and have a Market Value determined by a Pricing Service or an Approved Price. The Fitch Discount Factor noted in the table above for a Debt Security rated B by Fitch shall apply to any non-Performing Debt Security with a price equal to or greater than \$0.90. The Fitch Discount Factor noted in the table above for a Debt Security rated CCC by Fitch shall apply to any non-Performing Debt Security with a price less than \$0.90 but equal to or greater than \$0.20. If a Debt Security does not have a

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Market Value determined by a Pricing Service or an Approved Price, a rating two rating categories below the actual rating on the Debt Security will be used (e.g., where the actual rating is A-, the rating for Debt Securities rated BB- will be used). The Fitch Discount Factor for a Debt Security issued by a limited partnership that is not a Rule 144A Security shall be the Discount Factor determined in accordance with the table set forth above multiplied by 110%.

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to (i) interest rate swaps and caps, whereby the rating of the counterparty to the swap or cap will be the rating used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table; and (ii) tradable credit baskets, whereby the ratings in the table will be applied to the underlying securities and the Market Value of each underlying security will be its proportionate amount of the Market Value of the tradable credit baskets. The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to corporate obligations backed by a guaranty, a letter of credit or insurance issued by a third party. If the third-party credit rating is the basis for the rating on the obligation, then the rating on the third party will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table. The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to preferred trust certificates, the rating on which will be determined by the underlying debt instruments in the trust, unless such preferred trust certificates are determined by Fitch to qualify for a traditional equity discount factor, in which case the Fitch Discount Factor shall be 370%.

(ii) PREFERRED SHARES:

Preferred Shares	Discount Factor
AAA Taxable Preferred	130%
AA Taxable Preferred	133%
A Taxable Preferred	135%
BBB Taxable Preferred	139%
BB Taxable Preferred	154%
Not rated or below BB Taxable Preferred	161%
Investment Grade DRD Preferred	164%
Not rated or below Investment Grade DRD Preferred	200%

(iii) SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS: The Fitch Discount Factor applied to short-term portfolio securities, including without limitation Debt Securities, Short Term Money Market Instruments and municipal debt obligations, will be (A) 100%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period; (B) 115%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par not exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period; and (C) 125%, so long as such portfolio securities neither mature nor have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Fitch Exposure Period. A Fitch Discount Factor of 100% will be applied to cash, including shares of affiliated money market funds held in conjunction with the Fund's nightly sweep account.

(iv) U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND U.S. TREASURY STRIPS:

TIME REMAINING TO MATURITY	DISCOUNT FACTOR
1 year or less	101.5%
2 years or less (but longer than 1 year)	103%
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years)	105%
4 years or less (but longer than 3 years)	107%
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years)	109%
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)	112%
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)	114%
Greater than 10 years	122%

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(v) CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES. The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities is (A) 200% for investment grade convertibles and (B) 222% for below investment grade convertibles so long as such convertible securities have neither (x) conversion premium greater than 100% nor (y) have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve.

The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities which have conversion premiums of greater than 100% is (A) 152% for investment grade convertibles and (B) 179% for below investment grade convertibles so long as such convertible securities do not have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve.

The Fitch Discount Factor applied to convertible securities which have a yield to maturity or yield to worst of > 15.00% above the relevant Treasury curve is 370%.

If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by two other Rating Agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other Rating Agencies will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baa1, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by only one other Rating Agency, then the rating on the security from the other Rating Agency will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used). If a security is not rated by any Rating Agency, the Fund will treat the security as if it were below investment grade.

(vi) RULE 144A SECURITIES: The Fitch Discount Factor applied to Rule 144A Securities will be 110% of the Fitch Discount Factor which would apply were the securities registered under the Securities Act.

(vii) ASSET-BACKED AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES: The percentage determined by reference to the asset type in accordance with the table set forth below.

ASSET TYPE (WITH TIME REMAINING TO MATURITY, IF APPLICABLE) DISCOUNT FACTOR

U.S. Treasury/agency securities (10 years or less)	118%
U.S. Treasury/agency securities (greater than 10 years)	127%
U.S. agency sequentials (10 years or less)	128%
U.S. agency sequentials (greater than 10 years)	142%
U.S. agency principal only securities	236%
U.S. agency interest only securities (with Market Value greater than \$0.40)	696%
U.S. agency interest only securities	214%
AAA LockOut securities, interest only	236%
U.S. agency planned amortization class bonds (10 years or less)	115%
U.S. agency planned amortization class bonds (greater than 10 years)	136%
AAA sequentials (10 years or less)	118%
AAA sequentials (greater than 10 years)	135%
AAA planned amortization class bonds (10 years or less)	115%
AAA planned amortization class bonds (greater than 10 years)	140%
Jumbo mortgage rated AAA(1)	123%
Jumbo mortgage rated AA(1)	130%
Jumbo mortgage rated A(1)	136%
Jumbo mortgage rated BBB(1)	159%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated AAA	131%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated AA	139%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated A	148%

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Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated BBB	177%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated BB	283%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated B	379%
Commercial mortgage-backed securities rated CCC or not rated	950%

(1) Applies to jumbo mortgages, credit cards, auto loans, home equity loans, manufactured housing and prime mortgage-backed securities not issued by a U.S. agency or instrumentality.

(viii) BANK LOANS: The percentage determined by reference to the Fitch Loan Category in accordance with the table set forth below.

FITCH LOAN CATEGORY	DISCOUNT FACTOR
A	126%
B	157%
C	184%
D	433%

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to interest rate swaps and caps, and the rating of the counterparty to the swap or cap will be the rating used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table.

(ix) MUNICIPAL DEBT OBLIGATIONS: The Fitch Discount Factor applied to municipal debt obligations will be the percentage determined by reference to the table set forth below:

	FITCH RATING CATEGORY					
FITCH EXPOSURE PERIOD	AAA (1)	AA (1)	A (1)	BBB (1)	F1 (2)	UNRATED
7 weeks	151%	159%	166%	173%	136%	225%
8 weeks or less but greater than 7 weeks	154%	161%	168%	176%	137%	231%
9 weeks or less but greater than 8 weeks	158%	163%	170%	177%	138%	240%

(1) Fitch rating.

(2) Municipal debt obligations rated by Fitch which do not mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable in 30 days and which do not have a long-term rating.

(3) If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by two other Rating Agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other Rating Agencies will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g.,

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where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baa1, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by only one other Rating Agency, then the rating on the security from the other Rating Agency will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Baa3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used). If a security is not rated by any Rating Agency, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Unrated" in this table.

The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to interest rate swaps and caps, and the rating of the counterparty to the swap or cap will be the rating used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table. The Fitch Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to municipal debt obligations backed by a guaranty, a letter of credit or insurance issued by a third party. If the third-party credit rating is the basis for the rating on the securities, then the rating on the third party will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor in the table.

(x) FOREIGN BONDS: The Fitch Discount Factor (A) for a Foreign Bond the principal of which (if not denominated in U.S. dollars) is subject to a currency hedging transaction will be the Fitch Discount Factor that would otherwise apply to such Foreign Bonds in accordance with this definition and (B) for (1) a Foreign Bond the principal of which (if not denominated in U.S. dollars) is not subject to a currency hedging transaction and (2) a bond issued in a currency other than U.S. dollars by a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in, or the government or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision of, a nation other than an Approved Foreign Nation, will be 370%.

(xi) REITS.

(a) Common Stock and Preferred Stock of REITs and Other Real Estate Companies:

	Discount Factor(1) (2)
REIT or Other Real Estate Company Preferred Shares	154%
REIT or Other Real Estate Company Common Stock	196%

(b) Corporate Debt Securities of REITs:

Term to Maturity..AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC	
-----	--	-	---	--	-	---	
1 year.....	111%	114%	117%	120%	121%	127%	227%
2 year.....	116%	125%	125%	127%	132%	137%	137%
3 year.....	121%	123%	127%	131%	133%	140%	225%
4 year.....	126%	126%	129%	132%	136%	140%	164%
5 year.....	131%	132%	135%	139%	144%	149%	185%
7 year.....	140%	143%	146%	152%	159%	167%	228%
10 year.....	141%	143%	147%	153%	160%	168%	232%
12 year.....	144%	144%	150%	157%	165%	174%	249%
15 year.....	148%	151%	155%	163%	172%	182%	274%
20-30 year...	152%	156%	160%	169%	180%	191%	306%

(1) The Fitch Discount Factors will also apply to interest rate swaps and caps, whereby the rating on the counterparty will determine the appropriate Discount Factor to apply.

(2) If a security is unrated by Fitch, but is rated by two other Rating Agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other Rating Agencies should be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor. If the security is not rated by Fitch, but has a rating from only one other Rating

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Agency, and the security is above investment grade, then the security will be notched one rating category, i.e., considered as if it had been rated one rating category lower than the rating category assigned by that Rating Agency, for purposes of computing the Discount Factor. If the security is not rated by Fitch, but has a rating from only one other Rating Agency, and the security is below investment grade, then the security will be notched two rating categories for purposes of computing the Discount Factor.

(xii) STRUCTURED NOTES: The Fitch Discount Factor applied to Structured Notes will be (A) in the case of a corporate issuer, the Fitch Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (i) under this definition, whereby the rating on the issuer of the Structured Note will be the rating on the Structured Note for purposes of determining the Fitch Discount Factor in the table in paragraph (i); and (B) in the case of an issuer that is the U.S. government or an agency or instrumentality thereof, the Fitch Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (iii) under this definition.

"Fitch Eligible Assets" means

(i) cash (including interest and dividends due on assets rated (A) BBB or higher by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency if the payment date is within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, (B) A or higher by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency if the payment date is within thirty days of the Valuation Date, and (C) A+ or higher by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency if the payment date is within the Fitch Exposure Period) and receivables for Fitch Eligible Assets sold if the receivable is due within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, and if the trades which generated such receivables are settled within five business days;

(ii) Preferred shares if (i) dividends on such preferred shares are cumulative, (ii) such securities provide for the periodic payment of dividends thereon in cash in U.S. dollars or euros and do not provide for conversion or exchange into, or have warrants attached entitling the holder to receive equity capital at any time over the respective lives of such securities, (iii) the issuer of such preferred shares is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, NASDAQ, or FTSE and has a market capitalization of at least \$500 million, and (iv) the issuer of such preferred shares has a senior debt rating or preferred stock rating from Fitch of BBB- or higher or the equivalent rating by another Rating Agency. In addition, the preferred shares issue must be at least \$50 million;

(iii) Common stocks (i) (a) which are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ, FTSE or in the over-the-counter market, (b) which, if cash dividend paying, pay cash dividends in U.S. dollars, and (c) which may be sold without restriction by the Fund; provided, however, that (1) common stock which, while a Fitch Eligible Asset owned by the Fund, ceases paying any regular cash dividend will no longer be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset until 60 calendar days after the date of the announcement of such cessation, unless the issuer of the common stock has senior debt securities rated at least A- by Fitch and (2) the Fund's holding of the common stock of any issuer in excess of 5% will not be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset; (ii) securities denominated in any currency other than the U.S. dollar and securities of issuers formed under the laws of jurisdictions other than the United States, its states and the District of Columbia for which there are dollar-denominated American Depository Receipts ("ADRs") which are traded in the United States on exchanges or over-the-counter and are issued by banks formed under the laws of the United States, its states or the District of Columbia; provided, however, that the aggregate Market Value of the Fund's holdings of securities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and ADRs in excess of 3% of the aggregate Market Value of the Outstanding shares of common stock of such issuer or in excess of 10% of the Market Value of the

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Fund's Fitch Eligible Assets with respect to issuers formed under the laws of any single such non-U.S. jurisdiction other than Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Chile, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Spain or the United Kingdom (the "Approved Foreign Nations") shall not be a Fitch Eligible Asset;

(iv) Short Term Money Market Instruments so long as (A) such securities are rated at least F1+ by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency, (B) in the case of demand deposits, time deposits and overnight funds, the supporting entity is rated at least A by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency, or (C) in all other cases, the supporting entity (1) is rated at least A by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency and the security matures within one month, (2) is rated at least A by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency and the security matures within three months or (3) is rated at least AA by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency and the security matures within six months. Unrated securities will not be considered Eligible Assets;

(v) U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury Strips;

(vi) debt securities if such securities have been registered under the Securities Act or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act as determined by the Fund's investment adviser or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund; and (C) such securities are issued by (1) a U.S. corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership, (2) a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Chile, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Spain or the United Kingdom (the "Approved Foreign Nations"), (3) the government of any Approved Foreign Nation or any of its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions (the debt securities of Approved Foreign Nation issuers being referred to collectively as "Foreign Bonds"), (4) a corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership domiciled in Canada or (5) the Canadian government or any of its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions (the debt securities of Canadian issuers being referred to collectively as "Canadian Bonds"). Foreign Bonds held by the Fund will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 20% of the aggregate Market Value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. Similarly, Canadian Bonds held by the Fund will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 20% of the aggregate Market Value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. Notwithstanding the limitations in the two preceding sentences, Foreign Bonds and Canadian Bonds held by the Fund will qualify as Fitch Eligible Assets only up to a maximum of 30% of the aggregate Market Value of all assets constituting Fitch Eligible Assets. In addition, bonds which are issued in connection with a reorganization under U.S. federal bankruptcy law ("Reorganization Bonds") will be considered debt securities constituting Fitch Eligible Assets if (a) they provide for periodic payment of interest in cash in U.S. dollars or euros; (b) they do not provide for conversion or exchange into equity capital at any time over their lives; (c) they have been registered under the Securities Act or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for trading under Rule 144A promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act as determined by the Fund's investment manager or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund; (d) they were issued by a U.S. corporation, limited liability company or limited partnership; and (e) at the time of purchase at least one year had elapsed since the issuer's reorganization. Reorganization Bonds may also be considered debt securities constituting Fitch Eligible Assets if they have been approved by Fitch, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. All debt securities satisfying the foregoing requirements and restrictions of this paragraph (iv) are herein referred to as "Debt Securities."

(vii) asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities;

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(viii) Rule 144A Securities;

(ix) Bank Loans;

(x) municipal debt obligations that (a) pay interest in cash (b) are part of an issue of municipal debt obligations of at least \$5 million, except for municipal debt obligations rated below A by Fitch or the equivalent rating by another Rating Agency, in which case the minimum issue size is \$10 million;

(xi) Structured Notes;

(xii) tradable credit baskets (e.g., Traded Custody Receipts or TRACERS and Targeted Return Index Securities Trust or TRAINS);

(xiv) Interest rate swaps entered into according to International Swap Dealers Association ("ISDA") standards if (1) the counterparty to the swap transaction has a short-term rating of not less than F1 by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency, or, if the swap counterparty does not have a short-term rating, the counterparty's senior unsecured long-term debt rating is AA or higher by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency and (2) the original aggregate notional amount of the interest rate swap transaction or transactions is not greater than the liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares originally issued;

(xv) Common Stock, Preferred Stock, and any debt security of REITs and Real Estate Companies; and

(xvi) Unrated Debt Securities issued by an issuer which (1) has not filed for bankruptcy in the past three years; (2) is current on all interest and principal on its fixed income obligations; and (3) is current on all preferred stock dividends.

Financial contracts, as such term is defined in Section 3(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Investment Company Act, not otherwise provided for in this definition may be included in Fitch Eligible Assets, but, with respect to any financial contract, only upon receipt by the Fund of a writing from Fitch specifying any conditions on including such financial contract in Fitch Eligible Assets and assuring the Fund that including such financial contract in the manner so specified would not affect the credit rating assigned by Fitch to the Preferred Shares.

Where the Fund sells an asset and agrees to repurchase such asset in the future, the Discounted Value of such asset will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset and the amount the Fund is required to pay upon repurchase of such asset will count as a liability for the purposes of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. Where the Fund purchases an asset and agrees to sell it to a third party in the future, cash receivable by the Fund thereby will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset if the long-term debt of such other party is rated at least A- by Fitch or the equivalent by another Rating Agency and such agreement has a term of 30 days or less; otherwise the Discounted Value of such purchased asset will constitute a Fitch Eligible Asset.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an asset will not be considered a Fitch Eligible Asset to the extent that it has been irrevocably deposited for the payment of (i) (A) through (i) (E) under the definition of Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or to the extent it is subject to any Liens, except for (A) Liens which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and which Fitch has indicated to the Fund will not affect the status of such asset as a Fitch Eligible Asset, (B) Liens for taxes that are not then due and payable or that can be paid thereafter without penalty, (C) Liens to secure payment for services rendered or cash advanced to the Fund by its investment manager or portfolio manager, the Fund's custodian, transfer agent or registrar or the Auction Agent and (D) Liens arising by virtue of any repurchase agreement.

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Diversification. Fitch requires that the Fund adhere to a maximum single issuer concentration, with respect to 75% of its assets, of 5% of total assets.

Fitch Diversification Limitations. Portfolio holdings as described below must be within the following diversification and issue size requirements in order to be included in Fitch's Eligible Assets:

Security Rated At Least	Maximum Single Issuer(1)	Maximum Single Industry(1), (2)	Minimum I (\$ in mil
AAA	100%	100%	\$100
AA-	20	75	100
A-	10	50	100
BBB-	6	25	100
BB-	4	16	50
B-	3	12	50
CCC	2	8	50

If a security is not rated by Fitch, look to the lower of Moody's or S&P rating.

- (1) Percentages represent a portion of the aggregate market value of corporate debt securities.
- (2) Industries are determined according to Bloomberg's Industry Classifications, as defined herein.
- (3) Preferred stock has a minimum issue size of \$50 million for all rating categories in the table.

"Fitch Exposure Period" means the period commencing on (and including) a given Valuation Date and ending 41 days thereafter.

"Fitch Hedging Transactions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8 of Part I of this Declaration.

"Fitch Loan Category" means the following four categories (and, for purposes of this categorization, the Market Value of a Fitch Eligible Asset trading at par is equal to \$1.00):

- (i) "Fitch Loan Category A" means Performing Bank Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price greater than or equal to \$0.90.
- (ii) "Fitch Loan Category B" means: (A) Performing Bank Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.80 but less than \$0.90; and (B) non-Performing Bank Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price greater than or equal to \$0.85.
- (iii) "Fitch Loan Category C" means: (A) Performing Bank Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.70 but less than \$0.80; (B) non-Performing Bank Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.75 but less than \$0.85; and (C) Performing Bank Loans without an Approved Price rated BB- or higher by Fitch. If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by two other Rating

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Agencies, then the lower of the ratings on the security from the two other Rating Agencies will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the S&P rating is A- and the Moody's rating is Baal, a Fitch rating of BBB+ will be used). If a security is not rated by Fitch but is rated by only one other Rating Agency, then the rating on the security from the other Rating Agency will be used to determine the Fitch Discount Factor (e.g., where the only rating on a security is an S&P rating of AAA, a Fitch rating of AAA will be used, and where the only rating on a security is a Moody's rating of Ba3, a Fitch rating of BB- will be used).

(iv) "Fitch Loan Category D" means Bank Loans not described in any of the foregoing categories.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained above, for purposes of determining whether a Fitch Eligible Asset falls within a specific Fitch Loan Category, to the extent that any Fitch Eligible Asset would fall within more than one of the Fitch Loan Categories, such Fitch Eligible Asset shall be deemed to fall into the Fitch Loan Category with the lowest applicable Fitch Discount Factor.

"Foreign Bonds" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "Fitch Eligible Assets."

"Forward Commitment" has the meaning set forth in Section 8 of Part I of this Statement.

"Holder" means a Person identified as a holder of record of Preferred Shares in the Share Register.

"Hold Order" and "Hold Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 1 of Part II of this Statement.

"Independent Accountant" means a nationally recognized accountant, or firm of accountants, that is, with respect to the Fund, an independent public accountant or firm of independent public accountants under the Securities Act and serving as such for the Fund.

"Interest Equivalent" has the meaning set forth in the definition of "'AA' Financial Composite Commercial Paper Rate."

"Initial Rate Period," with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall have the meaning specified with respect to the Preferred Shares in Section 2(d) of Part I of this Statement.

"Investment Company Act" shall mean the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time.

"Investment Company Act Cure Date," with respect to the failure by the Fund to maintain the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage (as required by Section 5 of Part I of this Statement) as of the last Business Day of each month, shall mean the last Business Day of the following month.

"Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage" shall mean asset coverage, as defined in Section 18(h) of the Investment Company Act, of at least 200% with respect to all outstanding senior securities of the Fund which are shares of beneficial interest including all outstanding Preferred Shares (or such other asset coverage as may in the future be specified in or under the Investment Company Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities which are shares or stock of a closed-end investment company as a condition of declaring dividends on its common shares or stock).

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"Late Charge" shall have the meaning specified in subparagraph (e) (i) (B) of Section 2 of Part I of this Statement.

"LIBOR Dealers" means _____ ("_____") and such other dealer or dealers as the Fund may from time to time appoint, or, in lieu of any thereof, their respective affiliates or successors.

"LIBOR Rate" on any Auction Date, means (i) the rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the designated Dividend Period, which appears on display page 3750 of Moneyline's Telerate Service ("Telerate Page 3750") (or such other page as may replace that page on that service, or such other service as may be selected by the LIBOR Dealer or its successors that are LIBOR Dealers) as of 11:00 a.m., London time, on the day that is the London Business Day preceding the Auction Date (the "LIBOR Determination Date"), or (ii) if such rate does not appear on Telerate Page 3750 or such other page as may replace such Telerate Page 3750, (A) the LIBOR Dealer shall determine the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations of the Reference Banks to leading banks in the London interbank market for deposits in U.S. dollars for the designated Dividend Period in an amount determined by such LIBOR Dealer by reference to requests for quotations as of approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such date made by such LIBOR Dealer to the Reference Banks, (B) if at least two of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR Rate shall equal such arithmetic mean of such quotations, (C) if only one or none of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR Rate shall be deemed to be the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations that leading banks in The City of New York selected by the LIBOR Dealer (after obtaining the Fund's approval) are quoting on the relevant Determination Date for deposits in U.S. dollars for the designated Dividend Period in an amount determined by the LIBOR Dealer (after obtaining the Fund's approval) that is representative of a single transaction in such market at such time by reference to the principal London offices of leading banks in the London interbank market; provided, however, that if one of the LIBOR Dealers does not quote a rate required to determine the LIBOR Rate, the LIBOR Rate will be determined on the basis of the quotation or quotations furnished by any Substitute LIBOR Dealer or Substitute LIBOR Dealers selected by the Fund to provide such rate or rates not being supplied by the LIBOR Dealer; provided further, that if the LIBOR Dealer and Substitute LIBOR Dealers are required but unable to determine a rate in accordance with at least one of the procedures provided above, LIBOR Rate shall be LIBOR Rate as determined on the previous Auction Date. If the number of Dividend Period days shall be (i) 7 or more but fewer than 21 days, such rate shall be the seven-day LIBOR rate; (ii) more than 21 but fewer than 49 days, such rate shall be the one-month LIBOR rate; (iii) 49 or more but fewer than 77 days, such rate shall be the two-month LIBOR rate; (iv) 77 or more but fewer than 112 days, such rate shall be the three-month LIBOR rate; (v) 112 or more but fewer than 140 days, such rate shall be the four-month LIBOR rate; (vi) 140 or more but fewer than 168 days, such rate shall be the five-month LIBOR rate; (vii) 168 or more but fewer than 189 days, such rate shall be the six-month LIBOR rate; (viii) 189 or more but fewer than 217 days, such rate shall be the seven-month LIBOR rate; (ix) 217 or more but fewer than 252 days, such rate shall be the eight-month LIBOR rate; (x) 252 or more but fewer than 287 days, such rate shall be the nine-month LIBOR rate; (xi) 287 or more but fewer than 315 days, such rate shall be the ten-month LIBOR rate; (xii) 315 or more but fewer than 343 days, such rate shall be the eleven-month LIBOR rate; and (xiii) 343 or more but fewer than 365 days, such rate shall be the twelve-month LIBOR rate.

"Liquidation Preference," with respect to a given number of Preferred Shares, means \$25,000 times that number.

"Lien" means any material lien, mortgage, pledge, security interest or security agreement of any kind.

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"London Business Day" means any day on which commercial banks are generally open for business in London.

"Market Value" of any asset of the Fund shall be the market value thereof determined by a Pricing Service. Market Value of any asset shall include any interest accrued thereon. A Pricing Service shall value portfolio securities at the quoted bid prices or the mean between the quoted bid and asked price or the yield equivalent when quotations are not readily available. Securities for which quotations are not readily available shall be valued at fair value as determined by a Pricing Service using methods which include consideration of: yields or prices of securities of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating; indications as to value from dealers; and general market conditions. A Pricing Service may employ electronic data processing techniques and/or a matrix system to determine valuations. In the event a Pricing Service is unable to value a security, the security shall be valued at the lower of two dealer bids obtained by the Fund from dealers who are members of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and who make a market in the security, at least one of which shall be in writing. The Fund shall notify Fitch and Moody's of the valuation. Futures contracts and options are valued at closing prices for such instruments established by the exchange or board of trade on which they are traded, or if market quotations are not readily available, are valued at fair value on a consistent basis using methods determined in good faith by the Board of Trustees of the Fund.

"Maximum Rate" with respect to Preferred Shares for any Dividend Period will be the greater of the Applicable Percentage of the Reference Rate or the Applicable Spread plus the Reference Rate. The Auction Agent will round each applicable Maximum Rate to the nearest one-thousandth (0.001) of one percent per annum, with any such number ending in five ten-thousandths of one percent being rounded upwards to the nearest one-thousandth (0.001) of one percent.

"Minimum Rate Period" shall mean any rate period of seven (7) Rate Period days.

"Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or its successors.

"Moody's Discount Factor" means, for purposes of determining the Discounted Value of any Moody's Eligible Asset, the percentage determined as follows. According to Moody's guidelines, the portfolio coverage ratio of Moody's Eligible Assets to liabilities should not be less than 130% in order to maintain the rating of "AAA." The Moody's Discount Factor for any Moody's Eligible Asset other than the securities set forth below will be the percentage provided in writing by Moody's.

(i) CORPORATE DEBT SECURITIES: The percentage determined by reference to the rating on such asset with reference to the remaining term to maturity of such asset, in accordance with the table set forth below.

Moody's Rating Category

TERMS TO MATURITY OF CORPORATE DEBT SECURITY*	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Ba	B	UNRATED (1)
1 year or less	109%	112%	115%	118%	137%	150%	250%

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2 years or less (but longer than 1 year)	115%	118%	122%	125%	146%	160%	250%
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years)	120%	123%	127%	131%	153%	168%	250%
4 years or less (but longer than 3 years)	126%	129%	133%	138%	101%	176%	250%
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years)	132%	135%	139%	144%	168%	185%	250%
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)	139%	143%	147%	152%	179%	197%	250%
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)	145%	150%	155%	160%	189%	208%	250%
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years)	150%	155%	160%	165%	196%	216%	250%
20 years or less (but longer than 15 years)	150%	155%	160%	165%	196%	228%	250%
30 years or less (but longer than 20 years)	150%	155%	160%	165%	196%	229%	250%
Greater than 30 years	165%	173%	181%	189%	205%	240%	250%

(1) Unless conclusions regarding liquidity risk as well as estimates of both the probability and severity of default for the issuer's assets can be derived from other sources as well as combined with a number of sources as presented by the Fund to Moody's, securities rated below B by Moody's and unrated securities, which are securities rated by neither Moody's, S&P nor Fitch, are limited to 10% of Moody's Eligible Assets. If a corporate debt security is unrated by Moody's, S&P or Fitch, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Below B and Unrated" in the Corporate Debt Table. Ratings assigned by S&P or Fitch are generally accepted by Moody's at face value. However, adjustments to such ratings may be made to particular categories of credits for which the S&P and/or Fitch rating does not seem to approximate a Moody's rating equivalent. Split rated securities assigned by S&P and Fitch will be accepted at the lower of the two ratings.

* The Moody's Discount Factors presented in the immediately preceding table will also apply to corporate debt securities that do not pay interest in U.S.

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dollars or euros, provided that the Moody's Discount Factor determined from the above table shall be multiplied by the applicable factor in the following table for purposes of calculating the Discounted Value of such securities:

Currency	Country	Factor
DKK Kroner	Denmark	1.21
SEK Kronor	Sweden	1.19
EUR Euro	EuroZone	1.18
HUF Forints	Hungary	1.18
PLN Zlotych	Poland	1.14

Moody's will provide the applicable Discount Factor for other currencies not listed above.

The Moody's Discount Factors presented in the Corporate Debt Table will also apply to interest rate swaps whereby the rating of the counterparty to the swap will be the rating used to determine the Moody's Discount Factor in the table if the interest rate swap is 'in the money'. If the swap is 'out of the money', include the amount it is 'out of the money' in the liabilities section of the Basic Maintenance Amount.

(ii) PREFERRED STOCK: The Moody's Discount Factor for cumulative preferred stock shall be (A) for preferred stocks issued by a utility, 155%; (B) for preferred stocks of industrial and financial issuers, 209%; and (C) for auction rate preferred stocks, 350%. For eligible non-cumulative preferred stock, the prevailing discount factor for cumulative preferred stock should be used but this discount factor should be grossed up by a factor of 1.10 times the existing factor.

(iii) SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to short-term portfolio securities, including without limitation corporate debt securities, Short Term Money Market Instruments and municipal debt obligations, will be (A) 100%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period; (B) 115%, so long as such portfolio securities mature or have a demand feature at par not exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period; and (C) 125%, if such securities are not rated by Moody's, so long as such portfolio securities are rated at least A-1+/AA or SP-1+/AA by S&P and mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable within the Moody's Exposure Period. A Moody's Discount Factor of 100% will be applied to cash, including shares of affiliated money market funds held in conjunction with the Fund's nightly sweep account.

(iv) U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GUARANTEED MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH SECURITIES AND U.S. TREASURY STRIPS:

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	U.S TREASURY STRIPS
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REMAINING TERM TO MATURITY	DISCOUNT FACTOR (%)	DISCOUNT FACTOR (%)
1 year or less	107	107
2 years or less (but longer than 1 year)	113	115
3 years or less (but longer than 2 years)	118	121
4 years or less (but longer than 3 years)	123	128
5 years or less (but longer than 4 years)	128	135
7 years or less (but longer than 5 years)	135	147
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)	141	163
15 years or less (but longer than 10 years)	146	191
20 years or less (but longer than 15 years)	154	218
30 years or less (but longer than 20 years)	154	244

The Moody's Discount Factor for guaranteed mortgage pass-through securities representing participation interests in pools of residential mortgage loans which are issued by U.S. governmental or private lenders and guaranteed by the U.S. government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities, including, but not limited to GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC, is the same as that applied to U.S. Government Securities.

(v) RULE 144A SECURITIES: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to Rule 144A Securities for Rule 144A Securities will be 130% of the Moody's Discount Factor which would apply were the securities registered under the Securities Act. Eligible 144A corporate debt securities with registration rights which may be exercised within one year of initial issuance, will be discounted by applicable corporate debt discount factors which are grossed up by 1.20x the prevailing factor.

(vi) BANK LOANS: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to senior Bank Loans ("Senior Loans") shall be the percentage specified in the table below opposite such Moody's Loan Category:

MOODY'S LOAN CATEGORY	DISCOUNT FACTOR
A	118%
B	136%
C	161%
D	222%

(vii) ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to asset-backed securities, including such securities with a minimum rating of Aa3, shall be 131%.

(viii) MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to collateralized mortgage obligations, planned amortization class bonds and targeted amortization class bonds shall be determined by reference to the weighted average life of the security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

REMAINING TERM TO MATURITY	DISCOUNT FACTOR (%)
3 years or less	133
7 years or less (but longer than 3 years)	142
10 years or less (but longer than 7 years)	158
20 years or less (but longer than 10 years)	174

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to residential mortgage pass-throughs (including private-placement mortgage pass-throughs) shall be determined by reference to the coupon paid by such security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

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COUPON	DISCOUNT FACTOR
5%	166%
6%	162%
7%	158%
8%	154%
9%	151%
10%	148%
11%	144%
12%	142%
13%	139%
Adjustable Rate	165%

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to fixed-rate pass-throughs that are not rated by Moody's and are serviced by a servicer approved by Moody's shall be determined by reference to the table in the following paragraph.

The Moody's Discount Factor applied to whole loans shall be determined by reference to the coupon paid by such security, in accordance with the table set forth below.

COUPON	DISCOUNT FACTOR
5%	172
6%	167
7%	163
8%	159
9%	155
10%	151
11%	148
12%	145
13%	142
adjustable	170

(ix) MUNICIPAL DEBT OBLIGATIONS: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to municipal debt obligations shall be the percentage determined by reference to the rating on such asset and the shortest Moody's Exposure Period set forth opposite such rating that is the same length as or is longer than the Moody's Exposure Period, in accordance with the table set forth below (provided that any municipal obligation (excluding any short-term municipal obligation) not rated by Moody's but rated by S&P shall be deemed to have a Moody's rating which is one full rating category lower than its S&P rating):

EXPOSURE PERIOD	AAA(1)	AA(1)	A(1)	BAA(1)	OTHER(2)	MIG-I(3)	SP-1+(4)
7 weeks	151%	159%	160%	173%	187%	135%	148%
8 weeks or less but greater than 7 weeks	154%	161%	168%	176%	190%	137%	149%
9 weeks or less but greater than 8 weeks	158%	163%	170%	177%	192%	138%	150%

(1) Moody's rating.

(2) Municipal debt obligations not rated by Moody's but rated BBB by S&P or Fitch.

(3) Municipal debt obligations rated MIG-1 or VMIG-1, which do not mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable in 30 days and which do not have a long-term rating.

(4) Municipal debt obligations not rated by Moody's but rated SP-1+ by S&P or F1+ by Fitch, which do not mature or have a demand feature at par exercisable in 30 days and which do not have a long-term rating.

(5) Unless conclusions regarding liquidity risk as well as estimates of both the probability and severity of default for the municipal issuer's assets can be derived from other sources as well as combined with a number of sources as presented by the Fund to Moody's, securities rated below B by Moody's and unrated securities, which are securities rated by neither Moody's, S&P nor Fitch, are limited to 10% of Moody's Eligible Assets. If a municipal debt security is unrated by Moody's, S&P or Fitch, the Fund will use the percentage set forth under "Below B and Unrated" in the Municipal Debt Table. Ratings assigned by S&P or Fitch are generally accepted by Moody's at face value. However, adjustments to such ratings may be made to particular categories of credits for which the S&P and/or Fitch rating does not seem to approximate a Moody's rating equivalent. Split rated securities assigned by S&P and Fitch will be accepted at the lower of the two ratings.

(x) STRUCTURED NOTES: The Moody's Discount Factor applied to Structured Notes will be (A) in the case of a corporate issuer, the Moody's Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (i) under this definition, whereby the rating on the issuer of the Structured Note will be the rating on the Structured Note for purposes of determining the Moody's Discount Factor in the table in paragraph (i); and (B) in the case of an issuer that is the U.S. government or an agency or instrumentality thereof, the Moody's Discount Factor determined in accordance with paragraph (iv) under this definition. Structured notes which are non government or agency issues are will be accorded a discount factor noted above and the relevant discount factor will be grossed up by a factor of 1.15x the prevailing Moody's Discount Factor. Structured Notes which are issued or guaranteed by the US government or an agency or instrumentality thereof will be accorded a discount factor noted above and the relevant discount factor will be grossed up by a factor of 1.10x the prevailing Moody's Discount Factor.

(xi) COMMON STOCK AND PREFERRED STOCK OF REITS AND OTHER REAL ESTATE COMPANIES:

	Discount Factor (1) (2) (3)
Common stock of REITs	154%

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Preferred stock of REITs:

with Senior Implied Moody's (or S&P) rating:	154%
without Senior Implied Moody's (or S&P) rating:	208%

Discount Factor (1) (2) (3)

Preferred stock of Other Real Estate Companies:

with Senior Implied Moody's (or S&P) rating:	208%
without Senior Implied Moody's (or S&P) rating:	250%

- (1) A Discount Factor of 250% will be applied to those assets in a single Moody's Real Estate Industry/Property Sector Classification which exceed 30% of Moody's Eligible Assets but are not greater than 35% of Moody's Eligible Assets.
- (2) A Discount Factor of 250% will be applied if dividends on such securities have not been paid consistently (either quarterly or annually) over the previous three years, or for such shorter time period that such securities have been outstanding.
- (3) A Discount Factor of 250% will be applied if the market capitalization (including common stock and preferred stock) of an issuer is below \$500 million.

"Moody's Eligible Assets" means:

(i) cash (including interest and dividends due on assets rated (A) Baa3 or higher by Moody's if the payment date is within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, (B) A2 or higher if the payment date is within thirty days of the Valuation Date, and (C) A1 or higher if the payment date is within the Moody's Exposure Period) and receivables for Moody's Eligible Assets sold if the receivable is due within five Business Days of the Valuation Date, and if the trades which generated such receivables are (A) settled through clearing house firms with respect to which the Fund has received prior written authorization from Moody's or (B) (1) with counterparties having a Moody's long-term debt rating of at least Baa3 or (2) with counterparties having a Moody's Short Term Money Market Instrument rating of at least P-1;

(ii) Short Term Money Market Instruments, so long as (A) such securities are rated at least P-1, (B) in the case of demand deposits, time deposits and overnight funds, the supporting entity is rated at least A2, or (C) in all other

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cases, the supporting entity (1) is rated A2 and the security matures within one month, (2) is rated A1 and the security matures within three months or (3) is rated at least Aa3 and the security matures within six months; provided, however, that for purposes of this definition, such instruments (other than commercial paper rated by S&P and not rated by Moody's) need not meet any otherwise applicable S&P rating criteria. Unrated securities will not be considered Eligible Assets;

(iii) U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury Strips;

(iv) Rule 144A Securities;

(v) Senior Loans and other Bank Loans approved by Moody's;

(vi) Corporate debt securities if (A) such securities are rated B3 or higher by Moody's; (B) such securities provide for the periodic payment of interest in cash in U.S. dollars or euros, except that such securities that do not pay interest in U.S. dollars or euros shall be considered Moody's Eligible Assets if they are rated by Moody's or SP (C) for securities which provide for conversion or exchange at the option of the issuer into equity capital at some time over their lives, the issuer must be rated at least B3 by Moody's and the discount factor will be 250%; (D) for debt securities rated Ba1 and below, no more than 10% of the original amount of such issue may constitute Moody's Eligible Assets; (E) such securities have been registered under the Securities Act or are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act as determined by the Fund's investment manager or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees, except that such securities that are not subject to U.S. federal securities laws shall be considered Moody's Eligible Assets if they are publicly traded; and (F) such securities are not subject to extended settlement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing limitations, (x) corporate debt securities not rated at least B3 by Moody's or not rated by Moody's shall be considered to be Moody's Eligible Assets only to the extent the Market Value of such corporate debt securities does not exceed 10% of the aggregate Market Value of all Moody's Eligible Assets; provided, however, that if the Market Value of such corporate debt securities exceeds 10% of the aggregate Market Value of all Moody's Eligible Assets, a portion of such corporate debt securities (selected by the Fund) shall not be considered Moody's Eligible Assets, so that the Market Value of such corporate debt securities (excluding such portion) does not exceed 10% of the aggregate Market Value of all Moody's Eligible Assets; and (y) corporate debt securities rated by neither Moody's nor S&P shall be considered to be Moody's Eligible Assets only to the extent such securities are issued by entities which (i) have not filed for bankruptcy within the past three years, (ii) are current on all principal and interest in their fixed income obligations, (iii) are current on all preferred stock dividends, and (iv) possess a current, unqualified auditor's report without qualified, explanatory language.

(vii) Common stocks (i) which (A) are traded on a nationally recognized stock exchange or in the over-the-counter market, (B) if cash dividend paying, pay cash dividends in US dollars and (C) may be sold without restriction by the Corporations; provided, however, that (y) common stock which, while a Moody's Eligible Asset owned by the Corporation, ceases paying any regular cash dividend will no longer be considered a Moody's Eligible Asset until 71 days after - the date of the announcement of such cessation, unless the issuer of the common stock has senior debt securities rated at least A3 by Moody's and (z) the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings of the common stock of any issuer in excess of 4% in the case of utility common stock and 6% in the case of non-utility common stock of the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings shall not be Moody's Eligible Assets, (ii) which are securities

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denominated in any currency other than the US dollar or securities of issuers formed under laws of jurisdictions other than the United States, its states and the District of Columbia for which there are dollar-denominated American Depository Receipts ("ADRs") or their equivalents which are traded in the United States on exchanges or over-the-counter and are issued by banks formed under the laws of the United States, its states or the District of Columbia or (iii) which are securities of issuers formed under the laws of jurisdictions other than the United States (and in existence for at least five years) for which no ADRs are traded; provided, however, that the aggregate Market Value of the Corporation's holdings of securities denominated in currencies other than the US dollar and ADRs in excess of (A) 6% of the aggregate Market Value of the Outstanding shares of common stock of such issuer thereof or (B) 10% of the Market Value of the Corporation's Moody's Eligible Assets with respect to issuers formed under the laws of any single such non-U.S. jurisdiction other than Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom, shall not be a Moody's Eligible Asset;

Common Stocks	Utility -----	Industrial -----	Financial -----
7 week exposure period	170%	264%	241%

(viii) Preferred stocks if (A) such securities provide for the periodic payment of dividends thereon in cash in U.S. dollars or euros and do not provide for conversion or exchange into, or have warrants attached entitling the holder to receive, equity capital at any time over the respective lives of such securities, (B) the issuer of such a preferred stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ, or FTSE and has a market capitalization of at least \$500 million, (C) the issuer of such a preferred stock has a senior debt rating from Moody's of Baal or higher or a preferred stock rating from Moody's of Baa3 or higher and (D) such preferred stock has paid consistent cash dividends in U.S. dollars or euros over the last three years or has a minimum rating of A1 (if the issuer of such preferred stock has other preferred issues outstanding that have been paying dividends consistently for the last three years, then a preferred stock without such a dividend history would also be eligible). In addition, the preferred stocks must have the following diversification requirements: (X) the preferred stock issue must be greater than \$50 million and (Y) the minimum holding by the Fund of each issue of preferred stock is \$500,000 and the maximum holding of preferred stock of each issue is \$5 million. In addition, preferred stocks issued by transportation companies will not be considered Moody's Eligible Assets;

(ix) Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities:

(A) Asset-backed securities if (1) such securities are rated at least Aa3 by Moody's or at least AA by S&P or Fitch, (2) the securities are part of an issue that is \$250 million or greater, or the issuer of such securities has a total of \$500 million or greater of asset-backed securities outstanding at the time of purchase of the securities by the Fund and (3) the expected average life of the securities is not greater than 4 years;

(B) Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs"), including CMOs with interest rates that float at a multiple of the change in the underlying index according to a pre-set formula, provided that any CMO held by the Fund (1) has been rated Aaa by Moody's or AAA by S&P, or Fitch (2) does not have a coupon which floats inversely, (3) is not portioned as an interest-only or principal-only strip and (4) is part of an issuance that had an original issue size of at least \$100 million;

(C) Planned amortization class bonds ("PACs") and targeted amortization class bonds ("TACs") provided that such PACs or TACs are (1) backed by certificates of either the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), the

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Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA") or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") representing ownership in single-family first lien mortgage loans with original terms of 30 years, (2) part of an issuance that had an original issue size of at least \$10 million, (3) part of PAC or TAC classes that have payment priority over other PAC or TAC classes, (4) if TACs, TACs that do not support PAC classes, and (5) if TACs, not considered reverse TACs (i.e., do not protect against extension risk);

(D) Consolidated senior debt obligations of Federal Home Loan Banks ("FHLBs"), senior long-term debt of the FNMA, and consolidated systemwide bonds and FCS Financial Assistance Corporation Bonds of Federal Farm Credit Banks ("FFCBs") (collectively, "FHLB, FNMA and FFCB Debentures"), provided that such FHLB, FNMA and FFCB Debentures are (1) direct issuance corporate debt rated Aaa by Moody's, (2) senior debt obligations backed by the FHLBs, FFCBs or FNMA, (3) part of an issue entirely denominated in U.S. dollars and (4) not callable or exchangeable debt issues;

(E) Mortgage pass-throughs rated at least Aa by Moody's and pass-throughs provided that (1) certificates must evidence a proportional, undivided interest in specified pools of fixed or adjustable rate mortgage loans, secured by a valid first lien, on one- to four-family residential properties and (2) the securities are publicly registered (not issued by FNMA, GNMA or FHLMC);

(F) Private-placement mortgage pass-throughs provided that (1) certificates represent a proportional undivided interest in specified pools of fixed-rate mortgage loans, secured by a valid first lien, on one- to four-family residential properties, (2) documentation is held by a trustee or independent custodian, (3) pools of mortgage loans are serviced by servicers that have been approved by FNMA or FHLMC and funds shall be advanced to meet deficiencies to the extent provided in the pooling and servicing agreements creating such certificates, and (4) pools have been rated Aa or better by Moody's; and

(G) Whole loans (e.g., direct investments in mortgages) provided that (1) at least 65% of such loans (a) have seasoning of no less than 6 months, (b) are secured by single-family detached residences, (c) are owner-occupied primary residences, (d) are secured by a first-lien, fully-documented mortgage, (e) are neither currently delinquent (30 days or more) nor delinquent during the preceding year, (f) have loan-to-value ratios of 80% or below, (g) carry normal hazard insurance and title insurance, as well as special hazard insurance, if applicable, (h) have original terms to maturity not greater than 30 years, with at least one year remaining to maturity, (i) have a minimum of \$10,000 remaining principal balance, (j) for loans underwritten after January 1, 1978, FNMA and/or FHLMC forms are used for fixed-rate loans, and (k) such loans are whole loans and not participations; (2) for loans that do not satisfy the requirements set forth in the foregoing clause (1), (a) non-owner occupied properties represent no greater than 15% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, (b) multi-family properties (those with five or more units) represent no greater than 15% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, (c) condominiums represent no greater than 10% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, and any condominium project must be 80% occupied at the time the loan is originated, (d) properties with loan-to-value ratios exceeding 80% represent no greater than 25% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool and the portion of the mortgage on any such property that exceeds a loan-to-value ratio of 80% is insured with Primary Mortgage Insurance from an insurer rated at least Baa3 by Moody's and (e) loan balances in excess of the current FHLMC limit plus \$75,000 represent no greater than 25% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, loan balances in excess of \$350,000 represent no greater than 10% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool, and loan balances in excess of \$1,000,000 represent no greater than 5% of the aggregate of either the adjustable-rate pool or the fixed-rate pool; (3) no greater than 5% of the pool of loans is concentrated in

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any one zip code; (4) the pool of loans contains at least 100 loans or \$2 million in loans per servicer; (5) for adjustable-rate mortgages ("ARMs"), (a) any ARM is indexed to the National Cost of Funds index, the 11th District Cost of Funds index, the 1-year Treasury or the 6-month Treasury, (b) the margin over the given index is between 0.15% and 0.25% for either cost-of-funds index and between 0.175% and 0.325% for Treasuries, (c) the maximum yearly interest rate increase is 2%, (d) the maximum life-time interest rate increase is 6.25% and (e) ARMs may include Federal Housing Administration and Department of Veterans Affairs loans; (6) for "teaser" loans, (a) the initial discount from the current ARM market rate is no greater than 2%, (b) the loan is underwritten at the market rate for ARMs, not the "teaser" rate, and (c) the loan is seasoned six months beyond the "teaser" period.

(x) Any municipal debt obligation that (A) pays interest in cash, (B) does not have a Moody's rating, as applicable, suspended by Moody's, and (C) is part of an issue of municipal debt obligations of at least \$5,000,000, except for municipal debt obligations rated below A by Moody's, in which case the minimum issue size is \$10,000,000;

(xi) Structured Notes; and

(xii) Financial contracts, as such term is defined in Section 3(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Investment Company Act, not otherwise provided for in this definition but only upon receipt by the Fund of a letter from Moody's specifying any conditions on including such financial contract in Moody's Eligible Assets and assuring the Fund that including such financial contract in the manner so specified would not affect the credit rating assigned by Moody's to the Preferred Shares.

In addition, portfolio holdings as described below must be within the following diversification and issue size requirements in order to be included in Moody's Eligible Assets:

RATINGS (1)	MAXIMUM SINGLE ISSUER (2), (3)	MAXIMUM SINGLE INDUSTRY (3), (4)	MINIMUM ISSUE SIZE (\$ IN MILLION) (5)
Aaa	100%	100%	\$100
Aa	20	60	100
A	10	40	100
Baa	6	20	100
Ba	4	12	50 (6)
B1-B2	3	8	50 (6)
B3 or below	2	5	50 (6)

(1) Refers to the preferred stock and senior debt rating of the portfolio holding. If a security is not rated by Moody's, look to the lower of the Fitch or S&P rating.

(2) Companies subject to common ownership of 25% or more are considered as one issuer.

(3) Percentages represent a portion of the aggregate Market Value of corporate debt securities.

(4) Industries are determined according to Bloomberg's Industry Classifications, as defined herein.

(5) Except for preferred stock, which has a minimum issue size of \$50 million.

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(6) Portfolio holdings from issues ranging from \$50 million to \$100 million are limited to 20% of the Fund's total assets.

Where the Fund sells an asset and agrees to repurchase such asset in the future, the Discounted Value of such asset will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset and the amount the Fund is required to pay upon repurchase of such asset will count as a liability for the purposes of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. Where the Fund purchases an asset and agrees to sell it to a third party in the future, cash receivable by the Fund thereby will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset if the long-term debt of such other party is rated at least A2 by Moody's and such agreement has a term of 30 days or less; otherwise the Discounted Value of such purchased asset will constitute a Moody's Eligible Asset. For the purposes of calculation of Moody's Eligible Assets, portfolio securities which have been called for redemption by the issuer thereof shall be valued at the lower of Market Value or the call price of such portfolio securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an asset will not be considered a Moody's Eligible Asset to the extent that it has been irrevocably deposited for the payment of (i) (A) through (i) (E) under the definition of Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or to the extent it is subject to any Liens, except for (A) Liens which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and which Moody's has indicated to the Fund will not affect the status of such asset as a Moody's Eligible Asset, (B) Liens for taxes that are not then due and payable or that can be paid thereafter without penalty, (C) Liens to secure payment for services rendered or cash advanced to the Fund by its investment adviser or portfolio manager, the Fund's custodian, transfer agent or registrar or the Auction Agent and (D) Liens arising by virtue of any repurchase agreement.

"Moody's Exposure Period" means the period commencing on a given Valuation Date and ending 49 days thereafter.

"Moody's Hedging Transactions" has the meaning set forth in Section 8 of Part 1 of this Statement.

"Moody's Loan Category" means the following five categories (and, for purposes of this categorization, the Market Value of a Moody's Eligible Asset trading at par is equal to \$1.00):

(i) "Moody's Loan Category A" means Performing Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price greater than or equal to \$0.90.

(ii) "Moody's Loan Category B" means: (A) Performing Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.80 but less than \$0.90; and (B) non-Performing Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price greater than or equal to \$0.85.

(iii) "Moody's Loan Category C" means: (A) Performing Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.70 but less than \$0.80; and (B) non-Performing Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price of greater than or equal to \$0.75 but less than \$0.85.

(iv) "Moody's Loan Category D" means Senior Loans which have a Market Value or an Approved Price less than \$0.75.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained above, for purposes of determining whether a Moody's Eligible Asset falls within a specific Moody's Loan Category, to the extent that any Moody's Eligible Asset would fall in more than one of the Moody's Loan Categories, such Moody's Eligible Asset shall be deemed to fall into the Moody's Loan Category with the lowest applicable Moody's Discount Factor.

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"Non-Payment Period Rate" means 300% of the applicable Reference Rate, provided that the Board of Trustees of the Fund shall have the authority to adjust, modify, alter or change from time to time the initial Non-Payment Period Rate if the Board of Trustees of the Fund determines and each of Fitch and Moody's (and any Substitute Rating Agency in lieu of Fitch or Moody's in the event Fitch or Moody's shall not rate the Preferred Shares) advises the Fund in writing that such adjustment, modification, alteration or change will not adversely affect its then current ratings on the Preferred Shares.

"Notice of Redemption" shall mean any notice with respect to the redemption of Preferred Shares pursuant to paragraph (c) of Section 9 of Part I of this Statement.

"Notice of Special Rate Period" shall mean any notice with respect to a Special Rate Period of Preferred Shares pursuant to subparagraph (d)(i) of Section 3 of Part I of this Statement.

"Order" and "Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 1 of Part II of this Statement.

"Outstanding" means, as of any date (i) with respect to Preferred Shares, Preferred Shares theretofore issued by the Fund except, without duplication, (A) any Preferred Shares theretofore canceled or delivered to the Auction Agent for cancellation, or redeemed by the Fund, or as to which a Notice of Redemption shall have been given and Deposit Securities shall have been deposited in trust or segregated by the Fund pursuant to Section 9 of Part I of this Statement and (B) any Preferred Shares as to which the Fund or any Affiliate (other than an Affiliate that is a Broker-Dealer) thereof shall be a Beneficial Owner, provided that Preferred Shares held by an Affiliate shall be deemed outstanding for purposes of calculating the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount and (ii) with respect to other preferred shares of beneficial interest of the Fund, the meaning equivalent to that for Preferred Shares as set forth in clause (i).

"Performing" means with respect to any asset that is a Bank Loan or other debt, the issuer of such investment is not in default of any payment obligations in respect thereof.

"Person" means and includes an individual, a partnership, a trust, an unincorporated association, a joint venture or other entity or a government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

"Potential Beneficial Owner" means a customer of a Broker-Dealer or a Broker-Dealer that is not a Beneficial Owner of Preferred Shares but that wishes to purchase such shares, or that is a Beneficial Owner that wishes to purchase additional Preferred Shares.

"Potential Holder" means any Broker-Dealer or any such other Person as may be permitted by the Fund, including any Existing Holder, who may be interested in acquiring Preferred Shares (or, in the case of an Existing Holder, additional Preferred Shares).

"Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount," as of any Valuation Date, means the dollar amount equal (i) to the sum of (A) the product of the number of Preferred Shares outstanding on such date multiplied by \$25,000 (plus the product of the number of shares of any other series of preferred shares outstanding on such date multiplied by the liquidation preference of such shares), plus any redemption premium applicable to the Preferred Shares (or other preferred shares) then subject to redemption; (B) the aggregate amount of dividends that will have accumulated at the respective Applicable Rates (whether or not earned or declared) to (but not including) the first respective Dividend Payment Dates for the Preferred Shares outstanding that follow such Valuation

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Date (plus the aggregate amount of dividends, whether or not earned or declared, that will have accumulated in respect of other outstanding preferred shares to, but not including, the first respective dividend payment dates for such other shares that follow such Valuation Date); (C) the aggregate amount of dividends that would accumulate on the Preferred Shares outstanding from such first respective Dividend Payment Date therefor through the 49th day after such Valuation Date, at the Maximum Rate (calculated as if such Valuation Date were the Auction Date for the Rate Period commencing on such Dividend Payment Date) for a Minimum Rate Period of shares of the Series to commence on such Dividend Payment Date, assuming, solely for purposes of the foregoing, that if on such Valuation Date the Fund shall have delivered a Notice of Special Rate Period to the Auction Agent pursuant to Section 3(d)(i) of this Part I with respect to shares of the Series, such Maximum Rate shall be the Maximum Rate for the Special Rate Period of shares of such series to commence on such Dividend Payment Date (except that (1) if such Valuation Date occurs at a time when a Failure to Deposit (or, in the case of preferred shares other than the Preferred Shares, a failure similar to a Failure to Deposit) has occurred that has not been cured, the dividend for purposes of calculation would accumulate at the current dividend rate then applicable to the shares in respect of which such failure has occurred and (2) for those days during the period described in this subparagraph (D) in respect of which the Applicable Rate in effect immediately prior to such Dividend Payment Date will remain in effect (or, in the case of preferred shares other than the Preferred Shares, in respect of which the dividend rate or rates in effect immediately prior to such respective dividend payment dates will remain in effect), the dividend for purposes of calculation would accumulate at such Applicable Rate (or other rate or rates, as the case may be) in respect of those days); (D) the amount of anticipated non-interest expenses of the Fund for the 90 days subsequent to such Valuation Date; (E) the amount of any indebtedness or obligations of the Fund senior in right of payment to the Preferred Shares; (F) any current liabilities as of such Valuation Date to the extent not reflected in any of (i)(A) through (i)(D) (including, without limitation, any payables for portfolio securities of the Fund purchased as of such Valuation Date and any liabilities incurred for the purpose of clearing securities transactions) less (ii) the value (i.e., the face value of cash, short-term securities rated MIG-1, VMIG-1, or P-1, and short-term securities that are the direct obligation of the U.S. government, provided in each case that such securities mature on or prior to the date upon which any of (i)(A) through (i)(F) become payable, otherwise the Discounted Value) of any of the Fund's assets irrevocably deposited by the Fund for the payment of any of (i)(A) through (i)(F).

"Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date," with respect to the failure by the Fund to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount (as required by Section 6 of Part I of this Statement) as of a given Valuation Date, means the sixth Business Day following such Valuation Date.

"Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report" means a report signed by any of the President, Treasurer, any Vice President or any Assistant Treasurer of the Fund which sets forth, as of the related Valuation Date, the assets of the Fund, the Market Value and the Discounted Value thereof (seriatim and in aggregate), and the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

"Pricing Service" means any pricing service designated by the Board of Trustees of the Fund and approved by Fitch or Moody's, as applicable, for purposes of determining whether the Fund has Eligible Assets with an aggregate Discounted Value that equals or exceeds the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

"Quarterly Valuation Date" means the last Friday of the last month of each fiscal quarter of the Fund in each fiscal year of the Fund, commencing _____, provided that if such day is not a Business Day, then the immediately prior Business Day.

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"Rate Period," with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall mean the Initial Rate Period and any Subsequent Rate Period, including any Special Rate Period.

"Rating Agency" means a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

"Redemption Price" shall mean the applicable redemption price specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 9 of Part I of this Statement.

"Reference Banks" means four major banks in the London interbank market selected by _____ or its affiliates or successors or such other party as the Fund may from time to time appoint.

"Reference Rate" means LIBOR Rate (for a Dividend Period of fewer than 365 days) or the applicable Treasury Index Rate (for a Dividend Period of 365 days or more).

"Reorganization Bonds" has the meaning set forth under the definition of "Fitch Eligible Assets."

"Rule 144A Securities" means securities which are restricted as to resale under federal securities laws but are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act as determined by the Fund's investment adviser or portfolio manager acting pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund.

"S&P" means Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., or its successors.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended from time to time.

"Securities Depository" means The Depository Trust Company and its successors and assigns or any successor securities depository selected by the Fund as securities depository for the Preferred Shares that agrees to follow the procedures required to be followed by such securities depository in connection with the Preferred Shares.

"Sell Order" and "Sell Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 1 of Part II of this Statement.

"Senior Loans" has the meaning set forth under the definition of "Moody's Discount Factor."

"Series ___ Preferred Shares" means the Auction Preferred Shares, Series _____.

"Share Books" means the books maintained by the Auction Agent setting forth at all times a current list, as determined by the Auction Agent, of Existing Holders of the Preferred Shares.

"Share Register" means the register of Holders maintained on behalf of the Fund by the Auction Agent in its capacity as transfer agent and registrar for the Preferred Shares.

"Short Term Money Market Instruments" means the following types of instruments if, on the date of purchase or other acquisition thereof by the Fund, the remaining term to maturity thereof is not in excess of 180 days (or 270 days for instruments rated at least Aaa for purposes of determining Moody's Eligible Assets):

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(i) commercial paper rated either F1 by Fitch or A-1 by S&P if such commercial paper matures in 30 days or P-1 by Moody's and either F1+ by Fitch or A-1+ by S&P if such commercial paper matures in over 30 days;

(ii) demand or time deposits in, and banker's acceptances and certificates of deposit of (A) a depository institution or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States of America or any state thereof or the District of Columbia or (B) a United States branch office or agency of a foreign depository institution (provided that such branch office or agency is subject to banking regulation under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia);

(iii) overnight funds;

(iv) U.S. Government Securities; and

(v) Eurodollar demand or time deposits in, or certificates of deposit of, the head office or the London branch office of a depository institution or trust company if the certificates of deposit, if any, and the long-term unsecured debt obligations (other than such obligations the ratings of which are based on the credit of a person or entity other than such depository institution or trust company) of such depository institution or trust company that have (1) credit ratings on each Valuation Date of at least P-1 from Moody's and either F1+ from Fitch or A-1+ from S&P, in the case of commercial paper or certificates of deposit, and (2) credit ratings on each Valuation Date of at least Aa3 from Moody's and either AA- from Fitch or AA- from S&P, in the case of long-term unsecured debt obligations; provided, however, that in the case of any such investment that matures in no more than one Business Day from the date of purchase or other acquisition by the Fund, all of the foregoing requirements shall be applicable except that the required long-term unsecured debt credit rating of such depository institution or trust company from Moody's, Fitch and S&P shall be at least A2, A and A, respectively; and provided further, however, that the foregoing credit rating requirements shall be deemed to be met with respect to a depository institution or trust company if (1) such depository institution or trust company is the principal depository institution in a holding company system, (2) the certificates of deposit, if any, of such depository institution or trust company are not rated on any Valuation Date below P-1 by Moody's, F1+ by Fitch or A-1+ by S&P and there is no long-term rating, and (3) the holding company shall meet all of the foregoing credit rating requirements (including the preceding proviso in the case of investments that mature in no more than one Business Day from the date of purchase or other acquisition by the Fund); and provided further, that the interest receivable by the Fund shall not be subject to any withholding or similar taxes.

"Special Rate Period," with respect to shares of a series of Preferred Shares, shall have the meaning specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part I of this Statement.

"Special Redemption Provisions" shall have the meaning specified in subparagraph (a)(i) of Section 9 of Part I of this Statement.

"Structured Notes" means privately negotiated debt obligations where the principal and/or interest is determined by reference to the performance of a benchmark asset or market (an "embedded index"), such as selected securities or an index of securities, or the differential performance of two assets or markets, such as indices reflecting bonds.

"Submission Deadline" shall mean 1:30 P.M., New York city time, on any Auction Date or such other time on any Auction Date by which Broker-Dealers are required to submit Orders to the Auction Agent as specified by the Auction Agent from time to time.

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"Submitted Bid" And "Submitted Bids" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

"Submitted Hold Order" and "Submitted Hold Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

"Submitted Order" and "Submitted Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of section 3 of part II of this Statement.

"Submitted Sell Order" and "Submitted Sell Orders" shall have the respective meanings specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

"Subsequent Rate Period," with respect to the Preferred Shares, shall mean the period from and including the first day following the Initial Rate Period of the Preferred Shares to but excluding the next Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares and any period thereafter from and including one Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares but excluding the next succeeding Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares; provided, however, that if any Subsequent Rate Period is also a Special Rate Period, such term shall mean the period commencing on the first day of such Special Rate Period and ending on the last day of the last Dividend Period thereof.

"Substitute Rating Agency" means a Rating Agency selected by the Fund to act as the substitute Rating Agency to determine the credit ratings of the Preferred Shares.

"Sufficient Clearing Bids" has the meaning set forth in Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

"Treasury Bill" means a direct obligation of the U.S. government having a maturity at the time of issuance of 364 days or less.

"Treasury Bonds" means United States Treasury Bonds or Notes.

"Treasury Index Rate" shall mean the average yield to maturity for actively traded marketable U.S. Treasury fixed interest rate securities having the same number of 30-day periods to maturity as the applicable Dividend Period, determined, to the extent necessary, by linear interpolation based upon the yield for such securities having the next shorter and next longer number of 30-day periods to maturity, treating all Dividends Periods with a length greater than the longest maturity for such securities as having a length equal to such longest maturity, in all cases based upon data set forth in the most recent weekly statistical release published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (currently H.15 (519)); provided, however, if the most recent such statistical release shall not have been published during the 15 days preceding the date of computation, then the foregoing computations shall be based upon the average of comparable data as quoted to the Fund by at least three U.S. Government Securities Dealers.

"U.S. Government Securities" means direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies or instrumentalities that are entitled to the full faith and credit of the United States and that, other than Treasury Bills, provide for the periodic payment of interest and the full payment of principal at maturity or call for redemption.

"U.S. Government Securities Dealer" shall mean Lehman Government Securities, Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York and any other U.S. Government Securities dealer selected by the Fund as to which Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) or Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred

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Shares) shall not have objected, and in each case their respective affiliates or successors, if such entity is a U.S. Government securities dealer.

"U.S. Treasury Securities" means direct obligations of the United States Treasury that are entitled to the full faith and credit of the United States.

"U.S. Treasury Strips" means securities based on U.S. Treasury Securities created through the Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities program.

"Valuation Date" means, for purposes of determining whether the Fund is maintaining the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, the last Business Day of each week commencing with the Date of Original Issue.

"Voting Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 4 of Part I of this Statement.

"Winning Bid Rate" shall have the meaning specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 of Part II of this Statement.

PART I.

1. NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED SHARES.

The number of authorized Preferred Shares constituting the Series ___ Preferred Shares shall be unlimited, of which _____ shares shall be issued on _____, 2004, or such other date as the officers of the Fund shall determine.

2. DIVIDENDS.

(a) RANKING. The Preferred Shares shall rank on a parity with each other and with shares of any other series of preferred shares as to the payment of dividends by the Fund and the distribution of assets upon liquidation of the Fund.

(b) CUMULATIVE CASH DIVIDENDS. The Holders of Preferred Shares shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Trustees, out of funds legally available therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law, cumulative cash dividends at the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series, determined as set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section 2, and no more, payable on the Dividend Payment Dates with respect to shares of the Series determined pursuant to paragraph (d) of this Section 2. Holders of Preferred Shares shall not be entitled to any dividend, whether payable in cash, property or shares, in excess of full cumulative dividends, as herein provided, on Preferred Shares. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on Preferred Shares which may be in arrears, and, except to the extent set forth in subparagraph (e)(i) of this Section 2, no additional sum of money shall be payable in respect of any such arrearage.

(c) DIVIDENDS CUMULATIVE FROM DATE OF ORIGINAL ISSUE. Dividends on the Preferred Shares shall accumulate at the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series from the Date of Original Issue thereof.

(d) DIVIDEND PAYMENT DATES AND ADJUSTMENT THEREOF. The Dividend Payment Dates with respect to the Series ___ Preferred Shares for the Initial Rate Period shall be on _____, 2004 and on each _____ day thereafter; provided, however, that:

(i) if the day on which dividends would otherwise be payable on shares of the Series is not a Business Day, then such dividends shall be payable on such shares on the first Business Day that falls after such day (subject

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to Part II, Section 8); and

(ii) notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fund in its discretion may establish the Dividend Payment Dates in respect of any Special Rate Period of Preferred Shares consisting of more than ___ Rate Period days; provided, however, that such dates shall be set forth in the Notice of Special Rate Period relating to such Special Rate Period, as delivered to the Auction Agent, which Notice of Special Rate Period shall be filed with the Secretary of the Fund; and further provided that (1) any such Dividend Payment Date shall be a Business Day and (2) the last Dividend Payment Date in respect of such Special Rate Period shall be the Business Day immediately following the last day thereof, as such last day is determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of Section 3 of this Part I provided, however, that with respect to any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 30 days, dividends shall be payable on the first Business Day of each calendar month within such Special Rate Period, if applicable.

(iii) Although any particular Dividend Payment Date may not occur on the originally scheduled date because of the provisions hereof, the next succeeding Dividend Payment Date, subject to such provisions, will occur on the next following originally scheduled date.

(iv) Notwithstanding the above, if for any reason a Dividend Period for the Preferred Shares is scheduled to begin on the same day and end on the same day as a Dividend Period for any other series of preferred shares of beneficial interest of the Fund, then the last day of such Dividend Period for such other series of preferred shares of beneficial interests shall be the second Business Day next succeeding such scheduled day unless the Fund obtains the opinion of tax counsel referred to in this paragraph. Subject to the limitation in the next sentence, if for any reason a Dividend Payment Date cannot be fixed as described above, then the Trustees shall otherwise fix the Dividend Payment Date. In no event, however, may the Dividend Period of the Preferred Shares be co-extensive with any dividend period of any other series of preferred shares of beneficial interest unless the Fund has received an opinion of tax counsel that having such co-extensive periods will not affect the deductibility, for federal income tax purposes, of dividends paid on the different series of preferred shares of beneficial interest. The Dividend Payment Dates for any series of Preferred Shares subsequently established by the Fund shall be as set forth in resolutions of the Board of Trustees establishing such series.

(e) DIVIDEND RATES AND CALCULATION OF DIVIDENDS.

(i) DIVIDEND RATES. The dividend rate on the Series ___ Preferred Shares during the period from and after the Date of Original Issue of the Preferred Shares to and including the last day of the Initial Rate Period of the Preferred Shares shall be equal to the rate per annum set forth below.

SERIES	DIVIDEND RATE
Series ___ Preferred Shares	____%

The initial dividend rate on any series of Preferred Shares subsequently established by the Fund shall be the rate set forth in or determined in accordance with the resolutions of the Board of Trustees establishing such series.

For each Subsequent Rate Period of Preferred Shares, the dividend rate on shares of the Series shall be equal to the rate per annum that results from an Auction for shares of such Series on the Auction Date next preceding such Subsequent Rate Period; provided, however, that if:

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(A) an Auction for any such Subsequent Rate Period is not held for any reason other than as described below (subject to the provisions of Section 8 of Part II of this Statement), the dividend rate on shares of the Series for such Subsequent Rate Period will be the Maximum Rate for shares of the Series on the Auction Date therefor;

(B) any Failure to Deposit shall have occurred with respect to shares of the Series during any Rate Period thereof (other than any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days or any Rate Period succeeding any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days during which a Failure to Deposit occurred that has not been cured), but, prior to 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the third Business Day next succeeding the date on which such Failure to Deposit occurred, such Failure to Deposit shall have been cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 and the Fund shall have paid to the Auction Agent a late charge ("Late Charge") equal to the sum of (1) if such Failure to Deposit consisted of the failure timely to pay to the Auction Agent the full amount of dividends with respect to any Dividend Period of the shares of the Series, an amount computed by multiplying (x) 300% of the Reference Rate for the Rate Period during which such Failure to Deposit occurs on the Dividend Payment Date for such Dividend Period by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of days for which such Failure to Deposit has not been cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 (including the day such Failure to Deposit occurs and excluding the day such Failure to Deposit is cured) and the denominator of which shall be 360, and applying the rate obtained against the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the outstanding shares of the Series and (2) if such Failure to Deposit consisted of the failure timely to pay to the Auction Agent the Redemption Price of the shares, if any, of the Series for which Notice of Redemption has been mailed by the Fund pursuant to paragraph (c) of Section 9 of this Part I, an amount computed by multiplying (x) 300% of the Reference Rate for the Rate Period during which such Failure to Deposit occurs on the redemption date by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of days for which such Failure to Deposit is not cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 (including the day such Failure to Deposit occurs and excluding the day such Failure to Deposit is cured) and the denominator of which shall be 360, and applying the rate obtained against the aggregate Liquidation Preference of the outstanding shares of the Series to be redeemed, no Auction will be held in respect of shares of the Series for the Subsequent Rate Period thereof and the dividend rate for shares of the Series for such Subsequent Rate Period will be the Maximum Rate for shares of the Series on the Auction Date for such Subsequent Rate Period;

(C) any Failure to Deposit shall have occurred with respect to shares of the Series during any Rate Period thereof (other than any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days or any Rate Period succeeding any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days during which a Failure to Deposit occurred that has not been cured), and, prior to 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the third Business Day next succeeding the date on which such Failure to Deposit occurred, such Failure to Deposit shall not have been cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 or the Fund shall not have paid the applicable Late Charge to the Auction Agent, no Auction will be held in respect of shares of the Series for the first Subsequent Rate Period thereof thereafter (or for any Rate Period thereof thereafter to and including the Rate Period during

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which (1) such Failure to Deposit is cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 and (2) the Fund pays the applicable Late Charge to the Auction Agent (the condition set forth in this clause (2) to apply only in the event Moody's is rating such shares at the time the Fund cures such Failure to Deposit), in each case no later than 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the fourth Business Day prior to the end of such Rate Period), and the dividend rate for shares of the Series for each such Subsequent Rate Period shall be a rate per annum equal to the Non-Payment Period Rate for shares of such Series on the Auction Date for such Subsequent Rate Period; or

(D) any Failure to Deposit shall have occurred with respect to shares of the Series during a Special Rate Period thereof consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days, or during any Rate Period thereof succeeding any Special Rate Period consisting of more than 364 Rate Period days during which a Failure to Deposit occurred that has not been cured, and, prior to 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the fourth Business Day preceding the Auction Date for the Rate Period subsequent to such Rate Period, such Failure to Deposit shall not have been cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 or the Fund shall not have paid the applicable Late Charge to the Auction Agent (such Late Charge, for purposes of this subparagraph (D), to be calculated by using the Reference Rate, applicable to a Rate Period (x) consisting of more than 184 Rate Period days and (y) commencing on the date on which the Rate Period during which Failure to Deposit occurs commenced), no Auction will be held in respect of shares of the Series for such Subsequent Rate Period (or for any Rate Period thereof thereafter to and including the Rate Period during which (1) such Failure to Deposit is cured in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section 2 and (2) the Fund pays the applicable Late Charge to the Auction Agent, in each case no later than 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the fourth Business Day prior to the end of such Rate Period), and the dividend rate for shares of the Series for each such Subsequent Rate Period shall be a rate per annum equal to the Non-Payment Period Rate for shares of such Series on the Auction Date for such Subsequent Rate Period.

(ii) CALCULATION OF DIVIDENDS. The amount of dividends per share payable on the Preferred Shares on any date on which dividends shall be payable on shares of the Series shall be computed by multiplying the Applicable Rate for shares of such Series in effect for such Dividend Period or Dividend Periods or part thereof for which dividends have not been paid by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of days in such Dividend Period or Dividend Periods or part thereof and the denominator of which shall be 360 for all Dividend Periods, and applying the rate obtained against \$25,000.

(f) CURING A FAILURE TO DEPOSIT. A Failure to Deposit with respect to the Preferred Shares shall have been cured (if such Failure to Deposit is not solely due to the willful failure of the Fund to make the required payment to the Auction Agent) with respect to any Rate Period of shares of the Series if, within the respective time periods described in subparagraph (e)(i) of this Section 2, the Fund shall have paid to the Auction Agent (A) all accumulated and unpaid dividends on shares of such Series and (B) without duplication, the Redemption Price for shares, if any, of such Series for which Notice of Redemption has been mailed by the Fund pursuant to paragraph (c) of Section 9 of Part I of this Statement; provided, however, that the foregoing clause (B) shall not apply to the Fund's failure to pay the Redemption Price in respect of Preferred Shares when the related Notice of Redemption provides that redemption of such Preferred Shares is subject to one or more conditions precedent and any such condition precedent shall not have been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption.

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(g) DIVIDEND PAYMENTS BY FUND TO AUCTION AGENT. The Fund shall pay to the Auction Agent, not later than 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the Business Day next preceding each Dividend Payment Date for the Preferred Shares, an aggregate amount of funds available on the next Business Day in the City of New York, New York, equal to the dividends to be paid to all Holders of shares of such series on such Dividend Payment Date.

(h) AUCTION AGENT AS TRUSTEE OF DIVIDEND PAYMENTS BY FUND. All moneys paid to the Auction Agent for the payment of dividends (or for the payment of any Late Charge) shall be held in trust for the payment of such dividends (and any such Late Charge) by the Auction Agent for the benefit of the Holders specified in paragraph (i) of this Section 2. Any moneys paid to the Auction Agent in accordance with the foregoing but not applied by the Auction Agent to the payment of dividends (and any such Late Charge) will, to the extent permitted by law, be repaid to the Fund at the end of 90 days from the date on which such moneys were so to have been applied.

(i) DIVIDENDS PAID TO HOLDERS. Each dividend on Preferred Shares shall be paid on the Dividend Payment Date therefor to the Holders thereof as their names appear on the record books of the Fund on the Business Day next preceding such Dividend Payment Date.

(j) DIVIDENDS CREDITED AGAINST EARLIEST ACCUMULATED BUT UNPAID DIVIDENDS. Any dividend payment made on Preferred Shares shall first be credited against the earliest accumulated but unpaid dividends due with respect to such shares. Dividends in arrears for any past Dividend Period may be declared and paid at any time, without reference to any regular Dividend Payment Date, to the Holders as their names appear on the record books of the Fund on such date, not exceeding 15 days preceding the payment date thereof, as may be fixed by the Board of Trustees.

3. DESIGNATION OF SPECIAL RATE PERIODS.

(a) LENGTH OF AND PRECONDITIONS FOR SPECIAL RATE PERIOD. The Fund, in consultation with the lead Broker-Dealer, may designate any succeeding Subsequent Rate Period of Preferred Shares as a Special Rate Period consisting of a specified number of Rate Period days evenly divisible by seven and not more than 1,820; provided, however, that such Special Rate Period may consist of a number of Rate Period days not evenly divisible by seven if all Preferred Shares are to be redeemed at the end of such Special Rate Period, subject to adjustment as provided in paragraph (b) of this Section 3. A designation of a Special Rate Period shall be effective only if, (i) notice thereof shall have been given as provided herein, (ii) any failure to pay in a timely manner to the Auction Agent the full amount of any dividend on, or the redemption price of, the Series shall have been cured as provided above, (iii) Sufficient Clearing Orders shall have existed in an Auction held on the Auction Date immediately preceding the first day of such proposed Special Dividend Period, (iv) if the Fund, shall have mailed a Notice of Redemption with respect to any shares, the redemption price with respect to such shares shall have been deposited with Paying Agent, (v) in the case of the designation of a Special Dividend Period, _____, or any successor Broker-Dealer designated by the Fund shall have notified the Fund that it does not object to the designation of such Special Rate Period, and (vi) each Rating Agency that is then rating such Preferred Shares shall have confirmed in writing to the Fund that such designation shall not adversely affect their respective then-current ratings of the Preferred Shares.

(b) ADJUSTMENT OF LENGTH OF SPECIAL RATE PERIOD. With respect to the Series _____ Preferred Shares, if the Fund wishes to designate a Subsequent Rate Period as a Special Rate Period, but if the day following what would otherwise be the last day of such Special Rate Period is not a _____ that is a Business Day then the Fund shall designate such Subsequent Rate Period as Special Rate Period

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consisting of the period commencing on the first day following the end of the immediately preceding Rate Period and ending on the first ____ that is followed by a ____ that is a Business Day preceding what would otherwise be such last day.

(c) NOTICE OF PROPOSED SPECIAL RATE PERIOD. If the Fund proposes to designate any succeeding Subsequent Rate Period of shares of a series of Preferred Shares as a Special Rate Period pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 3, not less than seven (7) (or such lesser number of days as may be agreed to from time to time by the Auction Agent) nor more than 30 days prior to the date the Fund proposes to designate as the first day of such Special Rate Period (which shall be such day that would otherwise be the first day of a Minimum Rate Period), notice shall be (i) made by press release, and (ii) communicated by the Fund by telephonic or other means to the Auction Agent and each Broker-Dealer and confirmed in writing promptly thereafter. Each such notice shall state (A) that the Fund may exercise its option to designate a succeeding Subsequent Rate Period of shares of the Series as a Special Rate Period, specifying the first day thereof and (B) that the Fund will, by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the second Business Day next preceding the first day of such Special Rate Period (or by such later time or date, or both, as may be agreed to by the Auction Agent) notify the Auction Agent of either (x) its determination, subject to certain conditions, to exercise such option, in which case the Fund shall specify the Special Rate Period designated, or (y) its determination not to exercise such option.

(d) NOTICE OF SPECIAL RATE PERIOD. No later than 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the second Business Day next preceding the first day of any proposed Special Rate Period of Preferred Shares as to which notice has been given as set forth in paragraph (c) of this Section 3 (or such later time or date, or both, as may be agreed to by the Auction Agent), the Fund shall deliver to the Auction Agent either:

(i) a notice ("Notice of Special Rate Period") stating (A) that the Fund has determined to designate the next succeeding Rate Period of shares of the Series as a Special Rate Period, specifying the same and the first day and last day thereof, and (B) the terms of any Special Redemption Provisions; or

(ii) a notice stating that the Fund has determined not to exercise its option to designate a Special Rate Period of shares of the Series.

(iii) A Notice of Special Rate Period may contain Special Redemption Provisions only if the Trustees, after consultation with the Broker-Dealers, determine that such Special Redemption Provisions are in the best interests of the Fund.

(e) FAILURE TO DELIVER NOTICE OF SPECIAL RATE PERIOD. If the Fund fails to deliver either of the notices described in subparagraphs (d)(i) or (d)(ii) of this Section 3 or is unable to make the confirmations required by clause (v) of this Section 3(a) by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the second Business Day next preceding the first day of the proposed Special Rate Period, the Fund shall be deemed to have delivered a notice to the Auction Agent with respect to such Special Rate Period to the effect set forth in subparagraph (d)(ii) of this Section 3. In the event the Fund delivers to the Auction Agent a notice described in subparagraph (d)(i) of this Section 3, it shall file a copy of such notice with the Secretary of the Fund, and the contents of such notice shall be binding on the Fund.

4. VOTING RIGHTS.

(a) ONE VOTE PER SHARE OF PREFERRED SHARES. Except as otherwise provided in the Declaration or as otherwise required by law, (i) each Holder of Preferred

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Shares shall be entitled to one vote for each share of Preferred Shares held by such Holder on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders of the Fund, and (ii) the holders of outstanding preferred shares, including each share of Preferred Shares, and of Common Shares shall vote together as a single class; provided, however, that, at any meeting of Shareholders of the Fund held for the election of Trustees, the holders of outstanding preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, represented in person or by proxy at said meeting, shall be entitled, as a class, to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and classes of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund, to elect two Trustees of the Fund out of the entire Board of Trustees (regardless of the number of Trustees), each share of preferred shares entitling the holder thereof to one vote; provided, further, that if the Board of Trustees shall be divided into one or more classes, the Board of Trustees shall determine to which class or classes the Trustees elected by the holders of preferred shares shall be assigned and the holders of the Preferred Shares shall only be entitled to elect the Trustees so designated as being elected by the holders of the Preferred Shares, when their term shall have expired; provided, finally, that such Trustees appointed by the holders of preferred shares shall be allocated as evenly as possible among the classes of Trustees. Subject to paragraph (b) of this Section 4, the holders of outstanding Common Shares and preferred shares voting together as a single class, shall elect the balance of the Trustees.

(b) VOTING FOR ADDITIONAL TRUSTEES.

(i) VOTING PERIOD. Except as otherwise provided in the Declaration or as otherwise required by law, during any period in which any one or more of the conditions described in subparagraphs (A) or (B) of this subparagraph (b)(i) shall exist (such period being referred to herein as a "Voting Period"), the number of Trustees constituting the Board of Trustees shall be automatically increased by the smallest number that, when added to the two Trustees elected exclusively by the holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, would constitute a majority of the Board of Trustees as so increased by such smallest number, and the holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, shall be entitled, voting as a class on a one-vote-per-share basis (to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and classes of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund), to elect such smallest number of additional Trustees, together with the two Trustees that such holders are in any event entitled to elect. A Voting Period shall commence:

(A) If at the close of business on any dividend payment date accumulated dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on any outstanding Preferred Shares, equal to at least two full years' dividends shall be due and unpaid and sufficient cash or specified securities shall not have been deposited with the Auction Agent for the payment of such accumulated dividends;

or

(B) If at any time holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, are entitled under the Investment Company Act to elect a majority of the Trustees of the Fund.

Upon the termination of a Voting Period, the voting rights described in this subparagraph (b)(i) shall cease, subject always, however, to the revesting of such voting rights in the Holders upon the further occurrence of any of the events described in this subparagraph (b)(i).

(ii) NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING. As soon as practicable after the accrual of any right of the holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, to elect additional Trustees as described in subparagraph

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(b) (i) of this Section 4, the Fund shall notify the Auction Agent and the Auction Agent shall call a special meeting of such holders, by mailing a notice of such special meeting to such holders, such meeting to be held not less than 10 nor more than 20 days after the date of mailing of such notice. If the Fund fails to send such notice to the Auction Agent or if the Auction Agent does not call such a special meeting, it may be called by any such holder on like notice. The record date for determining the holders entitled to notice of and to vote at such special meeting shall be the close of business on the fifth Business Day preceding the day on which such notice is mailed. At any such special meeting and at each meeting of holders of preferred shares, including the Preferred Shares, held during a Voting Period at which Trustees are to be elected, such holders, voting together as a class (to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and classes of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund), shall be entitled to elect the number of Trustees prescribed in subparagraph (b) (i) of this Section 4 on a one-vote-per-share basis.

(iii) TERMS OF OFFICE OF EXISTING TRUSTEES. The terms of office of all persons who are Trustees of the Fund at the time of a special meeting of Holders and holders of other preferred shares to elect Trustees shall continue, notwithstanding the election at such meeting by the Holders and such other holders of the number of Trustees that they are entitled to elect, and the persons so elected by the Holders and such other holders, together with the two incumbent Trustees elected by the Holders and such other holders of preferred shares and the remaining incumbent Trustees elected by the holders of the Common Shares and Preferred Shares, shall constitute the duly elected Trustees of the Fund.

(iv) TERMS OF OFFICE OF CERTAIN TRUSTEES TO TERMINATE UPON TERMINATION OF VOTING PERIOD. Simultaneously with the termination of a Voting Period, the terms of office of the additional Trustees elected by the Holders and holders of other Preferred Shares pursuant to subparagraph (b) (i) of this Section 4 shall terminate, the remaining Trustees shall constitute the Trustees of the Fund and the voting rights of the Holders and such other holders to elect additional Trustees pursuant to subparagraph (b) (i) of this Section 4 shall cease, subject to the provisions of the last sentence of subparagraph (b) (i) of this Section 4.

(c) HOLDERS OF PREFERRED SHARES TO VOTE ON CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS.

(i) INCREASES IN CAPITALIZATION. So long as any Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the Holders of at least a majority of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time, in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting, voting as a separate class: (a) authorize, create or issue any class or series of shares ranking prior to or on a parity with the Preferred Shares with respect to the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, or authorize, create or issue additional shares of Preferred Shares (except that, notwithstanding the foregoing, but subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) (i) of Section 9 of this Part I, the Board of Trustees, without the vote or consent of the Holders of Preferred Shares, may from time to time authorize and create, and the Fund may from time to time issue, additional shares of any series of Preferred Shares or classes or series of other preferred shares ranking on a parity with Preferred Shares with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, if the Fund obtains written confirmation from Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) or any Substitute Rating Agency (if any such Substitute Rating Agency is then rating the Preferred Shares)

that the issuance of a class or series would not impair the rating then assigned by such rating agency to the Preferred Shares and the Fund continues to comply with Section 13 of the Investment Company Act, the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage and the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount requirements; or (b) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Declaration or this Statement, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to adversely affect any preference, right or power of such Preferred Shares or the Holders thereof; provided, however, that (i) none of the actions permitted by the exception to (a) above will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers, (ii) a division of Preferred Shares will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division adversely affect the Holders of Preferred Shares and (iii) the authorization, creation and issuance of classes or series of shares ranking junior to the Preferred Shares with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares and such issuance would, at the time thereof, cause the Fund not to satisfy the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage or the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount. So long as any shares of the Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the Holders of at least 66 2/3% of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time, in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting, voting as a separate class, file a voluntary application for relief under Federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as the Fund is solvent and does not foresee becoming insolvent. If any action set forth above would adversely affect the rights of one or more series (the "Affected Series") of preferred shares in a manner different from any other series of preferred shares, the Fund will not approve any such action without the affirmative vote or consent of the Holders of at least a majority of the shares of each such Affected Series outstanding at the time, in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (each such Affected Series voting as a separate class).

(ii) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT MATTERS. Unless a higher percentage is provided for in the Declaration, (A) the affirmative vote of the Holders of at least a majority of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, shall be required to approve any conversion of the Fund from a closed-end to an open-end investment company, (B) the affirmative vote of the Holders of at least a majority of the Preferred Shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, shall be negotiated to amend the provisions of the Declaration, which provides for the classification of the Board of Trustees into three classes, and (C) the affirmative vote of the Holders of a "majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares," voting as a separate class, shall be required to approve any plan of reorganization (as such term is used in the Investment Company Act) adversely affecting such shares. The affirmative vote of the holders of a "majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares," voting as a separate class, shall be required to approve any action not described in the first sentence of this Section 4(c)(ii) requiring a vote of security holders of the Fund under section 13(a) of the Investment Company Act. For purposes of the foregoing, "majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares" means (i) 67% or more of such shares present at a meeting, if the Holders of more than 50% of such shares are present or represented by proxy, or (ii) more than 50% of such shares, whichever is less. In the event a vote of Holders of Preferred Shares is required pursuant to the provisions of section 13(a) of the Investment Company Act, the Fund shall, not later than ten Business

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Days prior to the date on which such vote is to be taken, notify Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) that such vote is to be taken and the nature of the action with respect to which such vote is to be taken. The Fund shall, not later than ten Business Days after the date on which such vote is taken, notify Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) of the results of such vote.

(d) BOARD MAY TAKE CERTAIN ACTIONS WITHOUT SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL. The Board of Trustees, without the vote or consent of the shareholders of the Fund, may from time to time amend, alter or repeal any or all of the definitions of the terms listed below, any provision of this Statement viewed by Moody's or Fitch as a predicate for any such definition, or Section 8 of Part I of the Statement, and any such amendment, alteration or repeal will not be deemed to affect the preferences, rights or powers of Preferred Shares or the Holders thereof; provided, however, that the Board of Trustees receives written confirmation from Moody's or Fitch (such confirmation being required to be obtained only in the event Moody's or Fitch is rating the Preferred Shares) that any such amendment, alteration or repeal would not impair the ratings then assigned by Moody's or Fitch, as the case may be, to the Preferred Shares:

Accountant's Confirmation	Investment Company Act Preferred Asset Coverage
Approved Foreign Nations	Market Value
Approved Price	Maximum Rate
Bank Loans	Moody's Discount Factor
Bloomberg Industry Classifications	Moody's Eligible Assets
Canadian Bonds	Moody's Exposure Period
Closing Transaction	Moody's Hedging Transaction
Debt Securities	Moody's Loan Category
Deposit Securities	Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount
Discount Factor	Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date
Discounted Value	Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report
Eligible Assets	Pricing Service
Fitch Discount Factor	Quarterly Valuation Date
Fitch Eligible Assets	Reorganization Bond
Fitch Exposure Period	Senior Loans
Fitch Hedging Transactions	Short Term Money Market Instruments
Fitch Loan Category	Structured Notes
Foreign Bonds	Treasury Bonds
Forward Commitment	Valuation Date
Independent Accountant	
Investment Company Act Cure Date	

(e) VOTING RIGHTS SET FORTH HEREIN ARE SOLE VOTING RIGHTS. Unless otherwise required by law, the Holders of Preferred Shares shall not have any relative rights or preferences or other special rights other than those specifically set forth herein.

(f) NO PREEMPTIVE RIGHTS OR CUMULATIVE VOTING. The Holders of Preferred Shares shall have no preemptive rights or rights to cumulative voting.

(g) VOTING FOR TRUSTEES SOLE REMEDY FOR FUND'S FAILURE TO PAY DIVIDENDS. In the event that the Fund fails to pay any dividends on the Preferred Shares, the exclusive remedy of the Holders shall be the right to vote for trustees pursuant to the provisions of this Section 4.

(h) HOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE. For purposes of determining any rights of the Holders to vote on any matter, whether such right is created by this Statement,

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by the other provisions of the Declaration, by statute or otherwise, no Holder shall be entitled to vote any share of Preferred Shares and no share of Preferred Shares shall be deemed to be "outstanding" for the purpose of voting or determining the number of shares required to constitute a quorum if, prior to or concurrently with the time of determination of shares entitled to vote or shares deemed outstanding for quorum purposes, as the case may be, the requisite Notice of Redemption with respect to such shares shall have been mailed as provided in paragraph (c) of Section 9 of this Part I and the Redemption Price for the redemption of such shares shall have been deposited in trust with the Auction Agent for that purpose. No share of Preferred Shares held by the Fund or any affiliate of the Fund (except for shares held by a Broker-Dealer that is an affiliate of the Fund for the account of its customers) shall have any voting rights or be deemed to be outstanding for voting or other purposes.

5. INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT PREFERRED SHARE COVERAGE.

The Fund shall maintain, as of the last Business Day of each month in which any Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage.

6. PREFERRED SHARES BASIC MAINTENANCE AMOUNT.

(a) So long as Preferred Shares are Outstanding or any Rating Agency so requires, the Fund shall maintain, on each Valuation Date, and shall verify to its satisfaction that it is maintaining on such Valuation Date (i) Moody's Eligible Assets having an aggregate Discounted Value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch Eligible Assets having an aggregate Discounted Value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), in accordance with the requirements of each rating agency.

(b) On or before 5:00 PM., New York City time, on the third Business Day after a Valuation Date on which the Fund fails to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, and on the third Business Day after the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date with respect to such Valuation Date, the Fund shall complete and deliver to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) and the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report as of the date of such failure or such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date, as the case may be, which will be deemed to have been delivered to the Auction Agent if the Auction Agent receives a copy or telecopy, telex or other electronic transcription thereof and on the same day the Fund mails to the Auction Agent for delivery on the next Business Day the full Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report. The Fund shall also deliver a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report to (i) the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) as of the last Friday of the month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day), and (ii) Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) as of the last Friday of the month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day), in each case on or before the third Business Day after such day. A failure by the Fund to deliver a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be deemed to be delivery of a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report indicating the Discounted Value for all assets of the Fund is less than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, as of the relevant Valuation Date.

(c) Within ten Business Days after the date of delivery of a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report in accordance with paragraph (b) of this Section 6 relating to a Quarterly Valuation Date, the Fund shall cause the Independent Accountant to confirm in writing to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the

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Preferred Shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) and the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) (i) the mathematical accuracy of the calculations reflected in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report (and in any other Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report, randomly selected by the Independent Accountant, that was prepared by the Fund during the quarter ending on such Quarterly Valuation Date), (ii) that, in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report (and in such randomly selected Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report), the Fund correctly determined in accordance with this Statement the assets of the Fund which constitute Moody's Eligible Assets (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch Eligible Assets (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), (iii) that, in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report (and in such randomly selected Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report), the Fund determined whether the Fund had, at such Quarterly Valuation Date (and at the Valuation Date addressed in such randomly selected Report) in accordance with this Statement, Moody's Eligible Assets of an aggregate Discounted Value at least 130% of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount and Fitch Eligible Assets of an aggregate Discounted Value at least equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, (iv) with respect to the S&P ratings on portfolio securities of the Fund, the issuer name, issue size and coupon rate, if any, listed in such Report, that the Independent Accountant has requested that S&P verify such information and the Independent Accountant and shall provide a listing in its letter of any differences, (v) with respect to the Fitch ratings on portfolio securities of the Fund, the issuer name, issue size and coupon rate, if any, listed in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report, that such information has been verified by Fitch (in the event such information is not verified by Fitch, the Independent Accountant will inquire of Fitch what such information is, and provide a listing in its letter of any differences), (vi) with respect to the Moody's ratings on portfolio securities of the Fund, the issuer name, issue size and coupon rate, if any, listed in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report, that such information has been verified by Moody's (in the event such information is not verified by Moody's, the Independent Accountant will inquire of Moody's what such information is, and provide a listing in its letter of any differences) and (vii) with respect to the bid or mean price (or such alternative permissible factor used in calculating the Market Value) provided by the custodian of the Fund's assets to the Fund for purposes of valuing securities in the Fund's portfolio, the Independent Accountant has traced the price used in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report to the bid or mean price listed in such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report as provided to the Fund and verified that such information agrees (in the event such information does not agree, the Independent Accountant will provide a listing in its letter of such differences) (such confirmation is herein called the "Accountant's Confirmation").

(d) Within ten Business Days after the date of delivery of a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report in accordance with paragraph (b) of this Section 6 relating to any Valuation Date on which the Fund failed to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, and relating to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date with respect to such failure to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, the Fund shall cause the Independent Accountant to provide to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) and the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) an Accountant's Confirmation as to such Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report.

(e) If any Accountant's Confirmation delivered pursuant to paragraph (c) or (d) of this Section 6 shows that an error was made in the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report for a particular Valuation Date for which such Accountant's Confirmation was required to be delivered, or shows that a lower aggregate Discounted Value for the aggregate of all Moody's Eligible Assets (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) or Fitch Eligible Assets (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), as the case may be, of the Fund was determined by

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the Independent Accountant, the calculation or determination made by such Independent Accountant shall be final and conclusive and shall be binding on the Fund, and the Fund shall accordingly amend and deliver the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares), Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) and the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) promptly following receipt by the Fund of such Accountant's Confirmation.

(f) On or before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the first Business Day after the Date of Original Issue of any Preferred Shares, the Fund shall complete and deliver to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report as of the close of business on such Date of Original Issue. Within five Business Days of such Date of Original Issue, the Fund shall cause the Independent Accountant to confirm in writing to the Auction Agent (if either Moody's or Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) (i) the mathematical accuracy of the calculations reflected in such Report and (ii) that the Discounted Value of Moody's Eligible Assets or Fitch Eligible Assets reflected thereon equals or exceeds, as applicable, the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount reflected thereon.

(g) On or before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third Business Day after either (i) the Fund shall have redeemed Common Shares or (ii) the ratio of the Discounted Value of Moody's Eligible Assets or the Fitch Eligible Assets to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount is less than or equal to 105%, or (iii) whenever requested by Moody's or Fitch, the Fund shall complete and deliver to Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) or Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares), as the case may be, a Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Report as of the date of such event.

7. RESTRICTIONS ON DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS.

(a) DIVIDENDS ON SHARES OTHER THAN THE PREFERRED SHARES. Except as set forth in the next sentence, no dividends shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the shares of any class or series of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund ranking, as to the payment of dividends, on a parity with the Preferred Shares for any period unless full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid on the Preferred Shares through its most recent Dividend Payment Date. When dividends are not paid in full upon the Preferred Shares through its most recent Dividend Payment Date or upon the shares of any other class or series of shares of beneficial interest of the Fund ranking on a parity as to the payment of dividends with the Preferred Shares through their most recent respective dividend payment dates, all dividends declared upon the Preferred Shares and any other such class or series of shares of beneficial interest ranking on a parity as to the payment of dividends with Preferred Shares shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share on Preferred Shares and such other class or series of shares of beneficial interest shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accumulated dividends per share on the Fund and such other class or series of shares of beneficial interest bear to each other (for purposes of this sentence, the amount of dividends declared per share of Preferred Shares shall be based on the Applicable Rate for such share for the Dividend Periods during which dividends were not paid in full).

(b) DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS WITH RESPECT TO COMMON SHARES UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT. The Board of Trustees shall not declare any dividend (except a dividend payable in Common Shares), or declare any other distribution, upon the Common Shares, or purchase Common Shares, unless in every such case the Preferred Shares have, at the time of any such declaration or purchase, an asset coverage (as defined in and determined pursuant to the Investment Company Act) of at least 200% (or such other asset coverage as may in the future be specified

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in or under the Investment Company Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities which are shares or stock of a closed-end investment company as a condition of declaring dividends on its common shares or stock) after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be.

(c) OTHER RESTRICTIONS ON DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS. For so long as any Preferred Shares are outstanding, and except as set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section 7 and paragraph (c) of Section 9 of this Part I, (A) the Fund shall not declare, pay or set apart for payment any dividend or other distribution (other than a dividend or distribution paid in shares of, or in options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase, Common Shares or other shares, if any, ranking junior to the Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up) in respect of the Common Shares or any other shares of the Fund ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up, or call for redemption, redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any Common Shares or any other such junior shares (except by conversion into or exchange for shares of the Fund ranking junior to the Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up), or any such parity shares (except by conversion into or exchange for shares of the Fund ranking junior to or on a parity with Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up), unless (i) full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Shares through its most recently ended Dividend Period shall have been paid or shall have been declared and sufficient funds for the payment thereof deposited with the Auction Agent and (ii) the Fund has redeemed the full number of Preferred Shares required to be redeemed by any provision for mandatory redemption pertaining thereto, and (B) the Fund shall not declare, pay or set apart for payment any dividend or other distribution (other than a dividend or distribution paid in shares of, or in options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase, Common Shares or other shares, if any, ranking junior to Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up) in respect of Common Shares or any other shares of the Fund ranking junior to Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up, or call for redemption, redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any Common Shares or any other such junior shares (except by conversion into or exchange for shares of the Fund ranking junior to Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up), unless immediately after such transaction the Discounted Value of Moody's Eligible Assets (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch Eligible Assets (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) would at least equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, as applicable.

8. RATING AGENCY RESTRICTIONS.

(a) For so long as any Preferred Shares are rated by Moody's, the Fund will not buy or sell financial futures contracts, write, purchase or sell call options on financial futures contracts or purchase put options on financial futures contracts or write call options (except covered call options) on portfolio securities unless it receives written confirmation from Moody's that engaging in such transactions would not impair the ratings then assigned to the Preferred Shares by Moody's, except that the Fund may purchase or sell exchange-traded financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded put options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded call options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Moody's or Treasury Bonds (collectively "Moody's Hedging Transactions"), subject to the following limitations:

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(i) the Fund will not engage in any Moody's Hedging Transaction based on any index approved by Moody's (other than transactions that terminate a futures contract or option held by the Fund by the Fund's taking the opposite position thereto ("Closing Transactions") that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold:

(A) outstanding financial futures contracts based on such index exceeding in number 10% of the average number of daily traded financial futures contracts based on such index in the 30 days preceding the time of effecting such transaction as reported by The Wall Street Journal; or

(B) outstanding financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Moody's having a Market Value exceeding 50% of the Market Value of all portfolio securities of the Fund constituting Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Moody's Eligible Assets already subject to a Moody's Hedging Transaction);

(ii) the Fund will not engage in any Moody's Hedging Transaction based on Treasury Bonds (other than Closing Transactions) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold:

(A) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury Bonds with such contracts having an aggregate Market Value exceeding 20% of the aggregate Market Value of Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund and rated Aa by Moody's (or, if not rated by Moody's but rated by S&P, rated AAA by S&P); or

(B) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury Bonds with such contracts having an aggregate Market Value exceeding 80% of the aggregate Market Value of all portfolio securities of the Fund constituting Moody's Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Moody's Eligible Assets already subject to a Moody's Hedging Transaction) and rated Baa or A by Moody's (or, if not rated by Moody's but rated by S&P, rated A or AA by S&P);

(for purposes of the foregoing clauses (i) and (ii), the Fund shall be deemed to own the number of financial futures contracts that underlie any outstanding options written by the Fund);

(iii) the Fund will engage in Closing Transactions to close out any outstanding financial futures contract based on any index approved by Moody's if the amount of open interest in such index as reported by The Wall Street Journal is less than an amount to be mutually determined by Moody's and the Fund;

(iv) the Fund may engage in a Closing Transaction to close out any outstanding financial futures contract by no later than the fifth Business Day of the month in which such contract expires and will engage in a Closing Transaction to close out any outstanding option on a financial futures contract by no later than the first Business Day of the month in which such option expires;

(v) the Fund will engage in Moody's Hedging Transactions only with respect to financial futures contracts or options thereon having the next settlement date or the settlement date immediately thereafter;

(vi) the Fund (A) will not engage in options and futures transactions for leveraging or speculative purposes, except that an option or futures transaction shall not for these purposes be considered a leveraged position or speculative so long as the combination of the Fund's non-derivative positions, together with the relevant option or futures transaction, produces a synthetic investment position, or the same economic result, that could be achieved by an investment,

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consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and policies, in a security that is not an option or futures transaction, and (B) will not write any call options or sell any financial futures contracts for the purposes of hedging the anticipated purchase of an asset prior to completion of such purchase; and

(vii) the Fund will not enter into an option or futures transaction unless, after giving effect thereto, the Fund would continue to have Moody's Eligible Assets with an aggregate Discounted Value of at least 130% of the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

(b) The Fund may enter into, purchase or sell, exchange-traded financial futures contracts based on any index approved by Fitch or Treasury Bonds, and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded put options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Fitch or Treasury Bonds and purchase, write or sell exchange-traded call options on such financial futures contracts, any index approved by Fitch or Treasury bonds ("Fitch Hedging Transactions"), subject to the following limitations:

(i) The Fund may not engage in any Fitch Hedging Transaction based on any index approved by Fitch (other than transactions that terminate a futures contract or option held by the Fund by the Fund's taking the opposite position thereto ("closing transactions")) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold outstanding financial futures contracts based on such index exceeding in number 10% of the average number of daily traded financial futures contracts based on such index in the 30 days preceding the time of effecting such transaction as reported by The Wall Street Journal.

(ii) The Fund will not engage in any Fitch Hedging Transaction based on Treasury Bonds (other than closing transactions) that would cause the Fund at the time of such transaction to own or have sold:

(A) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury Bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 20% of the aggregate market value of Fitch Eligible Assets owned by the Fund and rated at least AA by Fitch (or, if not rated by Fitch Ratings, rated at least Aa by Moody's; or, if not rated by Moody's, rated at least AAA by S&P); or

(B) outstanding financial futures contracts based on Treasury Bonds with such contracts having an aggregate market value exceeding 40% of the aggregate market value of all Fitch Eligible Assets owned by the Fund (other than Fitch Eligible Assets already subject to a Fitch Hedging Transaction) and rated at least A or BBB by Fitch (or, if not rated by Fitch Ratings, rated at least Baa by Moody's; or, if not rated by Moody's, rated at least A or AA by S&P) (for purposes of the foregoing clauses (i) and (ii), the Fund shall be deemed to own futures contracts that underlie any outstanding options written by the Fund);

(iii) The Fund may engage in closing transactions to close out any outstanding financial futures contract based on any index approved by Fitch if the amount of open interest in such index as reported by The Wall Street Journal is less than an amount to be mutually determined by Fitch and the Fund.

(iv) The Fund may not enter into an option or futures transaction unless, after giving effect thereto, the Fund would continue to have Fitch Eligible Assets with an aggregate Discounted Value equal to or greater than the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount.

9. REDEMPTION.

(a) OPTIONAL REDEMPTION.

(i) To the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act and Delaware

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law, the Fund at its option may, without the consent of the holders of Preferred Shares, redeem Preferred Shares having a Dividend Period of one year or less, in whole or in part, on the business day after the last day of such Dividend Period upon not less than 15 calendar days' and not more than 40 calendar days' prior notice; provided, however, that Preferred Shares may not be redeemed at the option of the Fund during the Initial Rate Period. The optional redemption price per share will be the Liquidation Preference per share, plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid Dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) to the date fixed for redemption. Preferred Shares having a Dividend Period of more than one year are redeemable at the option of the Fund, in whole or in part, prior to the end of the relevant Dividend Period, subject to any specific redemption provision, which may include the payment of redemption premiums to the extent required under any applicable specific redemption provisions; provided, however, that Preferred Shares may not be redeemed at the option of the Fund during the Initial Rate Period. The Fund will not make any optional redemption unless, after giving effect thereto (i) the Fund has available certain Deposit Securities with maturities or tender dates not later than the day preceding the applicable Redemption Date and having a value not less than the amount (including any applicable premium) due to holders of the Preferred Shares by reason of the redemption of the Preferred Shares on such date fixed for the redemption and (ii) the Fund has eligible assets with an aggregate discounted value greater than or equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, as applicable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Preferred Shares may not be redeemed at the option of the Fund unless all dividends in arrears on the outstanding Preferred Shares, and all other outstanding preferred shares have been or are being contemporaneously paid or set aside for payment. Notice of Special Rate Period relating to a Special Rate Period of the Preferred Shares, as delivered to the Auction Agent and filed with the Secretary of the Fund, may provide that shares of the Series shall not be redeemable during the whole or any part of such Special Rate Period (except as provided in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph (a)) or shall be redeemable during the whole or any part of such Special Rate Period only upon payment of such redemption premium or premiums as shall be specified therein ("Special Redemption Provisions").

(ii) If fewer than all of the outstanding Preferred Shares are to be redeemed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (a), the number of shares of the Series to be redeemed shall be determined by the Board of Trustees, and such shares shall be redeemed pro rata from the Holders of shares of the Series in proportion to the number of shares of such Series held by such Holders.

(iii) The Fund may not on any date mail a Notice of Redemption pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section 9 in respect of a redemption contemplated to be effected pursuant to this paragraph (a) unless on such date (A) the Fund has available Deposit Securities with maturity or tender dates not later than the day preceding the applicable redemption date and having a value not less than the amount (including any applicable premium) due to Holders of Preferred Shares by reason of the redemption of such shares on such redemption date, and (B) the Discounted Value of Moody's Eligible Assets (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch Eligible Assets (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) each at least equals or exceeds the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, as applicable, and would at least equal or exceed the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount immediately subsequent to such redemption if such redemption were to occur on such date. For purposes of determining in clause (B) of the preceding sentence whether the Discounted Value of Moody's Eligible Assets exceeds the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount, the Moody's Discount Factors applicable to Moody's Eligible Assets shall be determined by reference to the first Exposure Period longer than the Exposure Period then applicable to the Fund, as described in the definition of Moody's Discount Factor herein.

(b) MANDATORY REDEMPTION. The Fund shall redeem, at a redemption price

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equal to \$25,000 per share plus accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) to (but not including) the date fixed by the Board of Trustees for redemption, certain of the Preferred Shares, if the Fund fails to have either Moody's Eligible Assets or Fitch Eligible Assets with a Discounted Value greater than or equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or fails to maintain the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage, in accordance with the requirements of the rating agency or agencies then rating the Preferred Shares, and such failure is not cured on or before the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Cure Date or the Investment Company Act Cure Date, as the case may be. The number of Preferred Shares to be redeemed shall be equal to the lesser of (i) the minimum number of Preferred Shares, together with all other preferred shares subject to redemption or retirement, the redemption of which, if deemed to have occurred immediately prior to the opening of business on the Cure Date, would have resulted in the Fund's having Moody's Eligible Assets and Fitch Eligible Assets with a Discounted Value greater than or equal to the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or maintaining the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage, as the case may be, on such Cure Date (provided, however, that if there is no such minimum number of Preferred Shares and other preferred shares the redemption or retirement of which would have had such result, all Preferred Shares and other preferred shares then outstanding shall be redeemed), and (ii) the maximum number of Preferred Shares, together with all other preferred shares subject to redemption or retirement, that can be redeemed out of funds expected to be legally available therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law. In determining the Preferred Shares required to be redeemed in accordance with the foregoing, the Fund shall allocate the number required to be redeemed to satisfy the Preferred Shares Basic Maintenance Amount or the Investment Company Act Preferred Share Asset Coverage, as the case may be, pro rata among Preferred Shares and other preferred shares (and, then, pro rata among the Preferred Shares) subject to redemption or retirement. The Fund shall effect such redemption on the date fixed by the Fund therefor, which date shall not be earlier than 20 days nor later than 30 days after such Cure Date, except that if the Fund does not have funds legally available for the redemption of all of the required number of the Preferred Shares and other preferred shares which are subject to redemption or retirement or the Fund otherwise is unable to effect such redemption on or prior to 30 days after such Cure Date, the Fund shall redeem those Preferred Shares and other preferred shares which it was unable to redeem on the earliest practicable date on which it is able to effect such redemption. If fewer than all of the outstanding Preferred Shares are to be redeemed pursuant to this paragraph (b), the shares of the Series to be redeemed shall be selected by lot or such other method that the Fund deems fair and equitable.

(c) NOTICE OF REDEMPTION. If the Fund shall determine or be required to redeem the Preferred Shares pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section 9, it shall mail a Notice of Redemption with respect to such redemption by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to each Holder of the shares of the Series to be redeemed, at such Holder's address as the same appears on the record books of the Fund on the record date established by the Board of Trustees and to the Auction Agent. Such Notice of Redemption shall be so mailed not less than 15 nor more than 45 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. Each such Notice of Redemption shall state: (i) the redemption date; (ii) the number of Preferred Shares to be redeemed; (iii) the CUSIP number for shares of the Series; (iv) the Redemption Price; (v) the place or places where the certificate(s) for such shares (properly endorsed or assigned for transfer, if the Board of Trustees shall so require and the Notice of Redemption shall so state) are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price; (vi) that dividends on the shares to be redeemed will cease to accumulate on such redemption date; (vii) that the Holders of any Preferred Shares being so redeemed shall not participate in the Auction, if any, immediately preceding the redemption date; and (viii) the provisions of this Section 9 under which such redemption is made. If fewer than all the Preferred Shares held by any Holder are to be redeemed, the Notice

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of Redemption mailed to such Holder shall also specify the number of shares of the Series to be redeemed from such Holder. The Fund may provide in any Notice of Redemption relating to a redemption contemplated to be effected pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 9 that such redemption is subject to one or more conditions precedent and that the Fund shall not be required to effect such redemption unless each such condition shall have been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption.

(d) NO REDEMPTION UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) or (b) of this Section 9, if any dividends on the Preferred Shares (whether or not earned or declared) are in arrears, no shares of the Series shall be redeemed unless all outstanding shares of such Series are simultaneously redeemed, and the Fund shall not purchase or otherwise acquire any shares of such Series; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of all outstanding shares of the Series pursuant to the successful completion of an otherwise lawful purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to, and accepted by, Holders of all outstanding shares of the Series.

(e) ABSENCE OF FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR REDEMPTION. To the extent that any redemption for which Notice of Redemption has been mailed is not made by reason of the absence of legally available funds therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law, such redemption shall be made as soon as practicable to the extent such funds become available. Failure to redeem Preferred Shares shall be deemed to exist at any time after the date specified for redemption in a Notice of Redemption when the Fund shall have failed, for any reason whatsoever, to deposit in trust with the Auction Agent the Redemption Price with respect to any shares for which such Notice of Redemption has been mailed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not apply in the case of the Fund's failure to deposit in trust with the Auction Agent the Redemption Price with respect to any shares where (1) the Notice of Redemption relating to such redemption provided that such redemption was subject to one or more conditions precedent and (2) any such condition precedent shall not have been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption. Notwithstanding the fact that the Fund may not have redeemed Preferred Shares for which a Notice of Redemption has been mailed, dividends may be declared and paid on Preferred Shares and shall include those Preferred Shares for which a Notice of Redemption has been mailed.

(f) AUCTION AGENT AS TRUSTEE OF REDEMPTION PAYMENTS BY FUND. All moneys paid to the Auction Agent for payment of the Redemption Price of Preferred Shares called for redemption shall be held in trust by the Auction Agent for the benefit of Holders of shares so to be redeemed.

(g) SHARES FOR WHICH NOTICE OF REDEMPTION HAS BEEN GIVEN ARE NO LONGER OUTSTANDING. Provided a Notice of Redemption has been mailed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section 9, upon the deposit with the Auction Agent (on the Business Day next preceding the date fixed for redemption thereby, in funds available on the next Business Day in The City of New York, New York) of funds sufficient to redeem the Preferred Shares that are the subject of such notice, dividends on such shares shall cease to accumulate and such shares shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding for any purpose, and all rights of the Holders of the shares so called for redemption shall cease and terminate, except the right of such Holders to receive the Redemption Price, but without any interest or other additional amount, except as provided in subparagraph (e)(i) of Section 2 of this Part I. The Auction Agent shall pay the Redemption Price to the Holders of Preferred Shares subject to redemption upon surrender of the certificates for the shares (properly endorsed or assigned for transfer, if the Board of Trustees shall so require and the Notice of Redemption shall so state) to be redeemed in accordance with the Notice of Redemption. In the case that fewer than all of the shares represented by any such certificate are redeemed, a new certificate shall be issued, representing the unredeemed shares, without

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cost to the Holder thereof. The Fund shall be entitled to receive from the Auction Agent, promptly after the date fixed for redemption, any cash deposited with the Auction Agent in excess of (i) the aggregate Redemption Price of the Preferred Shares called for redemption on such date and (ii) all other amounts to which Holders of Preferred Shares called for redemption may be entitled. Any funds so deposited that are unclaimed at the end of 90 days from such redemption date shall, to the extent permitted by law, be repaid to the Fund, after which time the Holders of Preferred Shares so called for redemption may look only to the Fund for payment of the Redemption Price and all other amounts to which they may be entitled.

(h) COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. In effecting any redemption pursuant to this Section 9, the Fund shall use its best efforts to comply with all applicable conditions precedent to effecting such redemption under the Investment Company Act and any applicable Delaware law, but shall effect no redemption except in accordance with the Investment Company Act and any applicable Delaware law.

(i) ONLY WHOLE PREFERRED SHARES MAY BE REDEEMED. In the case of any redemption pursuant to this Section 9, only whole Preferred Shares shall be redeemed, and in the event that any provision of the Declaration would require redemption of a fractional share, the Auction Agent shall be authorized to round up so that only whole shares are redeemed.

(j) MODIFICATION OF REDEMPTION PROCEDURES. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Section 9, the Fund may modify any or all of the requirements relating to the Notice of Redemption provided that (i) any such modification does not materially and adversely affect any Holder of the relevant series of Preferred Shares, and (ii) the Fund receives written notice from Moody's (if Moody's is then rating the Preferred Shares) and Fitch (if Fitch is then rating the Preferred Shares) that such modification would not impair the ratings assigned by Moody's and Fitch to the Preferred Shares.

10. LIQUIDATION RIGHTS.

(a) RANKING. The Preferred Shares shall rank on a parity with each other and with shares of any other series of preferred shares as to the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund.

(b) DISTRIBUTIONS UPON LIQUIDATION. Upon the dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, the Holders of Preferred Shares then outstanding shall be entitled to receive and to be paid out of the assets of the Fund available for distribution to its shareholders, before any payment or distribution shall be made on the Common Shares or on any other class of shares of the Fund ranking junior to the Preferred Shares upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up, an amount equal to the Liquidation Preference with respect to such shares plus an amount equal to all dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) accumulated but unpaid to (but not including) the date of final distribution in same day funds. After the payment to the Holders of the Preferred Shares of the full preferential amounts provided for in this paragraph (b), the Holders of Preferred Shares as such shall have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Fund.

(c) PRO RATA DISTRIBUTIONS. In the event the assets of the Fund available for distribution to the Holders of Preferred Shares upon any dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, shall be insufficient to pay in full all amounts to which such Holders are entitled pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section 10, no such distribution shall be made on account of any shares of any other class or series of preferred shares ranking on a parity with the Preferred Shares with respect to the distribution of assets upon such dissolution, liquidation or winding up

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unless proportionate distributive amounts shall be paid on account of the Preferred Shares, ratably, in proportion to the full distributable amounts for which holders of all such parity shares are respectively entitled upon such dissolution, liquidation or winding up.

(d) RIGHTS OF JUNIOR SHARES. Subject to the rights of the holders of shares of any series or class or classes of shares ranking on a parity with the preferred shares with respect to the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, after payment shall have been made in full to the Holders of the Preferred Shares as provided in paragraph (b) of this Section 10, but not prior thereto, any other series or class or classes of shares ranking junior to the Preferred Shares with respect to the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund shall, subject to the respective terms and provisions (if any) applying thereto, be entitled to receive any and all assets remaining to be paid or distributed, and the Holders of the Preferred Shares shall not be entitled to share therein.

(e) CERTAIN EVENTS NOT CONSTITUTING LIQUIDATION. Neither the sale of all or substantially all the property or business of the Fund, nor the merger or consolidation of the Fund into or with any business trust or corporation nor the merger or consolidation of any business trust or corporation into or with the Fund shall be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up, whether voluntary or involuntary, for the purposes of this Section 10.

11. MISCELLANEOUS.

(a) AMENDMENT TO ADD ADDITIONAL SERIES. The Board of Trustees may, by resolution duly adopted, without shareholder approval (except as otherwise provided by this Statement or required by applicable law), amend this Statement to (1) reflect any amendments hereto which the Board of Trustees is entitled to adopt pursuant to the terms of this Statement without shareholder approval or (2) add additional series of Preferred Shares or additional shares of a series of Preferred Shares (and terms relating thereto) to the Series and Preferred Shares theretofore described thereon. Each such additional Series and all such additional shares shall be governed by the terms of this statement.

(b) NO FRACTIONAL SHARES. No fractional shares of Preferred Shares shall be issued.

(c) STATUS OF PREFERRED SHARES REDEEMED, EXCHANGED OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRED BY THE FUND. Preferred Shares, which are redeemed, exchanged or otherwise acquired by the Fund, shall return to the status of authorized and unissued preferred shares without designation as to series.

(d) BOARD MAY RESOLVE AMBIGUITIES. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Board of Trustees may interpret or adjust the provisions of this Statement to resolve any inconsistency or ambiguity or to remedy any formal defect, and may amend this Statement with respect to the Preferred Shares prior to the issuance of shares of such series.

(e) HEADINGS NOT DETERMINATIVE. The headings contained in this Statement are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this statement.

(f) NOTICES. All notices or communications, unless otherwise specified in the By-Laws of the Fund or this Statement, shall be sufficiently given if in writing and delivered in person or mailed by first-class mail, postage prepaid.

(g) CERTIFICATE FOR PREFERRED SHARES. No certificates representing the Preferred Shares will be issued unless otherwise authorized by the Board of Trustees of the Fund.

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(h) RATINGS. The Fund shall take all reasonable action necessary to enable either Moody's or Fitch to provide a rating for the Preferred Shares. If neither Moody's nor Fitch shall make such a rating available, the Fund shall select another Rating Agency to act as a Substitute Rating Agency.

The Rating Agency guidelines contained herein are subject to change from time to time. The Fund may, but it is not required to, adopt any such change.

PART II.

1. ORDERS.

(a) Prior to the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date for Preferred Shares:

(i) each Beneficial Owner of shares of the Series may submit to its Broker-Dealer by telephone or otherwise information as to:

(A) the number of Outstanding shares, if any, of such Series held by such Beneficial Owner which such Beneficial Owner desires to continue to hold without regard to the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series for the next succeeding Rate Period of the Series;

(B) the number of Outstanding shares, if any, of the Series held by such Beneficial Owner which such Beneficial Owner offers to sell if the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series for the next succeeding Rate Period of shares of the Series shall be less than the rate per annum specified by such Beneficial Owner; and/or

(C) the number of Outstanding shares, if any, of the Series held by such Beneficial Owner which such Beneficial Owner offers to sell without regard to the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series for the next succeeding Rate Period of shares of the Series; and

(ii) one or more Broker-Dealers, using lists of Potential Beneficial Owners, shall in good faith for the purpose of conducting a competitive Auction in a commercially reasonable manner, contact Potential Beneficial Owners (by telephone or otherwise), including Persons that are not Beneficial Owners, on such lists to determine the number of shares, if any, of the Series which each such Potential Beneficial Owner offers to purchase if the Applicable Rate for shares of such series for the next succeeding Rate Period of shares of the Series shall not be less than the rate per annum specified by such Potential Beneficial Owner.

For the purposes hereof, the communication by a Beneficial Owner or Potential Beneficial Owner to a Broker-Dealer, or by a Broker-Dealer to the Auction Agent, of information referred to in clause (i) (A), (i) (B), (i) (C) or (ii) of this paragraph (a) is hereinafter referred to as an "Order" and collectively as "Orders" and each Beneficial Owner and each Potential Beneficial Owner placing an Order with a Broker-Dealer, and such Broker-Dealer placing an order with the Auction Agent, is hereinafter referred to as a "Bidder" and collectively as "Bidders"; an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i) (A) of this paragraph (a) is hereinafter referred to as a "Hold Order" and collectively as "Hold Orders"; an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i) (B) or (ii)

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of this paragraph (a) is hereinafter referred to as a "Bid" and collectively as "Bids"; and an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i)(C) of this paragraph (a) is hereinafter referred to as a "Sell Order" and collectively as "Sell Orders."

(b) (i) A Bid by a Beneficial Owner or an Existing Holder of shares of a series of Preferred Shares subject to an Auction on any Auction Date shall constitute an irrevocable offer to sell:

(A) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series specified in such Bid if the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series determined on such Auction Date shall be less than the rate specified therein;

(B) such number or a lesser number of Outstanding shares of the Series to be determined as set forth in clause (iv) of paragraph (a) of Section 4 of this Part II if the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series determined on such Auction Date shall be equal to the rate specified therein; or

(C) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series specified in such Bid if the rate specified therein shall be higher than the Maximum Rate for shares of the Series, or such number or a lesser number of Outstanding shares of the Series to be determined as set forth in clause (iii) of paragraph (b) of Section 4 of this Part II if the rate specified therein shall be higher than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series and Sufficient Clearing Bids for shares of such Series do not exist.

(ii) A Sell Order by a Beneficial Owner or an Existing Holder of Preferred Shares subject to an Auction on any Auction Date shall constitute an irrevocable offer to sell:

(A) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series specified in such Sell Order; or

(B) such number or a lesser number of Outstanding shares of the Series as set forth in clause (iii) of paragraph (b) of Section 4 of this Part II if Sufficient Clearing Bids for shares of such Series do not exist; provided, however, that a Broker-Dealer that is an Existing Holder with respect to Preferred Shares shall not be liable to any Person for failing to sell such shares pursuant to a Sell Order described in the proviso to paragraph (c) of Section 2 of this Part II if (1) such shares were transferred by the Beneficial Owner thereof without compliance by such Beneficial Owner or its transferee Broker-Dealer (or other transferee person, if permitted by the Fund) with the provisions of Section 6 of this Part II or (2) such Broker-Dealer has informed the Auction Agent pursuant to the terms of its Broker-Dealer Agreement that, according to such Broker-Dealer's records, such Broker Dealer believes it is not the Existing Holder of such shares.

(iii) A Bid by a Potential Beneficial Holder or a Potential Holder of Preferred Shares subject to an Auction on any Auction Date shall constitute an irrevocable offer to purchase:

(A) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series specified in such Bid if the Applicable Rate for shares of such Series determined on such Auction Date shall be higher than the rate specified therein; or

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(B) such number or a lesser number of Outstanding shares of the Series as set forth in clause (v) of paragraph (a) of Section 4 of this Part II if the Applicable Rate for shares of such Series determined on such Auction Date shall be equal to the rate specified therein.

(C) No Order for any number of Preferred Shares other than whole shares shall be valid.

2. SUBMISSION OF ORDERS BY BROKER-DEALERS TO AUCTION AGENT.

(a) Each Broker-Dealer shall submit in writing to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date all Orders for Preferred Shares subject to an Auction on such Auction Date obtained by such Broker-Dealer, designating itself (unless otherwise permitted by the Fund) as an Existing Holder in respect of shares subject to Orders submitted or deemed submitted to it by Beneficial Owners and as a Potential Holder in respect of shares subject to Orders submitted to it by Potential Beneficial Owners, and shall specify with respect to each Order for such shares:

(i) the name of the Bidder placing such Order (which shall be the Broker-Dealer unless otherwise permitted by the Fund);

(ii) the aggregate number of shares of the Series that are the subject of such Order;

(iii) to the extent that such Bidder is an Existing Holder of shares of the Series:

(A) the number of shares, if any, of such Series subject to any Hold Order of such Existing Holder;

(B) the number of shares, if any, of such Series subject to any Bid of such Existing Holder and the rate specified in such Bid; and

(C) the number of shares, if any, of such series subject to any Sell Order of such Existing Holder; and

(iv) to the extent such Bidder is a Potential Holder of shares of the Series, the rate and number of shares of such Series specified in such Potential Holder's Bid.

(b) If any rate specified in any Bid contains more than three figures to the right of the decimal point, the Auction Agent shall round such rate up to the next highest one thousandth (.001) of 1%.

(c) If an Order or Orders covering all of the outstanding Preferred Shares held by any Existing Holder is not submitted to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline, the Auction Agent shall deem a Hold Order to have been submitted by or on behalf of such Existing Holder covering the number of Outstanding shares of the Series held by such Existing Holder and not subject to Orders submitted to the Auction Agent; provided, however, that if an Order or Orders covering all of the Outstanding shares of the Series held by any Existing Holder is not submitted to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline for an Auction relating to a Special Rate Period consisting of more than 28 Rate Period Days, the Auction Agent shall deem a Sell order to have been submitted by or on behalf of such Existing Holder covering the number of outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder and not subject to Orders submitted to the Auction Agent.

(d) If one or more Orders of an Existing Holder is submitted to the Auction Agent covering in the aggregate more than the number of Outstanding Preferred

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Shares subject to an Auction held by such Existing Holder, such Orders shall be considered valid in the following order of priority:

(i) all Hold Orders for shares of the Series shall be considered valid, but only up to and including in the aggregate the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder, and if the number of shares of such Series subject to such Hold Orders exceeds the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder, the number of shares subject to each such Hold Order shall be reduced pro rata to cover the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder;

(ii) (A) any Bid for shares of the Series shall be considered valid up to and including the excess of the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder over the number of shares of such Series subject to any Hold Orders referred to in clause (i) above;

(B) subject to subclause (A), if more than one Bid of an Existing Holder for shares of the Series is submitted to the Auction Agent with the same rate and the number of Outstanding shares of such Series subject to such Bids is greater than such excess, such Bids shall be considered valid up to and including the amount of such excess, and the number of shares of such Series subject to each Bid with the same rate shall be reduced pro rata to cover the number of shares of such Series equal to such excess;

(C) subject to subclauses (A) and (B), if more than one Bid of an Existing Holder for shares of the Series is submitted to the Auction Agent with different rates, such Bids shall be considered valid in the ascending order of their respective rates up to and including the amount of such excess; and

(D) in any such event, the number, if any, of such Outstanding shares of the Series subject to any portion of Bids considered not valid in whole or in part under this clause (ii) shall be treated as the subject of a Bid for shares of such Series by or on behalf of a Potential Holder at the rate therein specified; and

(iii) all Sell Orders for shares of the Series shall be considered valid up to and including the excess of the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder over the sum of shares of such Series subject to valid Hold Orders referred to in clause (i) above and valid Bids referred to in clause (ii) above.

(e) If more than one Bid for one or more Preferred Shares is submitted to the Auction Agent by or on behalf of any Potential Holder, each such Bid submitted shall be a separate Bid with the rate and number of shares therein specified.

(f) Any Order submitted by a Beneficial Owner or a Potential Beneficial Owner to its Broker-Dealer, or by a Broker-Dealer to the Auction Agent, prior to the Submission Deadline on any Auction Date, shall be irrevocable.

3. DETERMINATION OF SUFFICIENT CLEARING BIDS, WINNING BIDS RATE AND APPLICABLE RATE.

(a) Not earlier than the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date for Preferred Shares, the Auction Agent shall assemble all valid Orders submitted or deemed submitted to it by the Broker-Dealers in respect of shares of the Series (each such Order as submitted or deemed submitted by a Broker-Dealer being hereinafter referred to individually as a "Submitted Hold Order," a "Submitted Bid" or a "Submitted Sell Order," as the case may be, or as a "Submitted Order"

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and collectively as "Submitted Hold Orders," "Submitted Bids" or "Submitted Sell Orders," as the case may be, or as "Submitted Orders") and shall determine for such Series:

(i) the excess of the number of Outstanding shares of the Series over the number of Outstanding shares of such Series subject to Submitted Hold Orders (such excess being hereinafter referred to as the "Available Preferred Shares" of such Series);

(ii) from the Submitted Orders for shares of the Series whether:

(A) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series subject to Submitted Bids of Potential Holders specifying one or more rates equal to or lower than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series; exceeds or is equal to the sum of;

(B) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series subject to Submitted Bids of Existing Holders specifying one or more rates higher than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series; and

(C) the number of Outstanding shares of the Series subject to Submitted Sell Orders

(in the event such excess or such equality exists (other than because the number of shares of the Series in subclauses (B) and (C) above is zero because all of the Outstanding shares of such Series are subject to Submitted Hold Orders), such Submitted Bids in subclause (A) above being hereinafter referred to collectively as "Sufficient Clearing Bids" for shares of the Series); and

(iii) if Sufficient Clearing Bids for shares of the Series exist, the lowest rate specified in such Submitted Bids (the "Winning Bid Rate" for shares of such Series) which if:

(A) (I) each such Submitted Bid of Existing Holders specifying such lowest rate and (II) all other such Submitted Bids of Existing Holders specifying lower rates were rejected, thus entitling such Existing Holders to continue to hold the shares of the Series that are subject to such Submitted Bids; and

(B) (I) each such Submitted Bid of Potential Holders specifying such lowest rate and (II) all other such Submitted Bids of Potential Holders specifying lower rates were accepted; would result in such Existing Holders described in subclause (A) above continuing to hold an aggregate number of Outstanding shares of the Series which, when added to the number of Outstanding shares of such Series to be purchased by such Potential Holders described in subclause (B) above, would equal not less than the Available Preferred Shares of such Series.

(b) Promptly after the Auction Agent has made the determinations pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Auction Agent shall advise the Fund of the Maximum Rate for the Preferred Shares for which an Auction is being held on the Auction Date and, based on such determination the Applicable Rate for shares of the Series for the next succeeding Rate Period thereof as follows:

(i) if Sufficient Clearing Bids for shares of the Series exist, that the Applicable Rate for all shares of such Series for the next succeeding Rate Period thereof shall be equal to the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series so determined;

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(ii) if Sufficient Clearing Bids for shares of the Series do not exist (other than because all of the Outstanding shares of such Series are subject to Submitted Hold Orders), that the Applicable Rate for all shares of such Series for the next succeeding Rate Period thereof shall be equal to the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series; or

(iii) if all of the Outstanding shares of the Series are subject to Submitted Hold Orders, that the Applicable Rate for all shares of such Series for the next succeeding Rate Period thereof shall be 90% of the Reference Rate.

4. ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION OF SUBMITTED BIDS AND SUBMITTED SELL ORDERS AND ALLOCATION OF SHARES.

Existing Holders shall continue to hold the Preferred Shares that are subject to Submitted Hold Orders, and, based on the determinations made pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 3 of this Part II, the Submitted Bids and Submitted Sell Orders shall be accepted or rejected by the Auction Agent and the Auction Agent shall take such other action as set forth below:

(a) If Sufficient Clearing Bids for the Preferred Shares have been made, all Submitted Sell Orders with respect to shares of the Series shall be accepted and, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section 4, Submitted Bids with respect to shares of such Series shall be accepted or rejected as follows in the following order of priority and all other Submitted Bids with respect to shares of such Series shall be rejected:

(i) Existing Holders' Submitted Bids for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is higher than the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series shall be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Holder to sell the Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bids;

(ii) Existing Holders' Submitted Bids for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is lower than the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series shall be rejected, thus entitling each such Existing Holder to continue to hold the Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bids;

(iii) Potential Holders' Submitted Bids for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is lower than the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series shall be accepted;

(iv) each Existing Holder's Submitted Bid for shares of the Series specifying a rate that is equal to the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series shall be rejected, thus entitling such Existing Holder to continue to hold the Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bid, unless the number of Outstanding Preferred Shares subject to all such Submitted Bids shall be greater than the number of Preferred Shares ("remaining shares") in the excess of the Available Preferred Shares of the Series over the number of Preferred Shares subject to Submitted Bids described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph (a), in which event such Submitted Bid of such Existing Holder shall be rejected in part, and such Existing Holder shall be entitled to continue to hold Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bid, but only in an amount equal to the number of Preferred Shares obtained by multiplying the number of remaining shares by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of Outstanding Preferred Shares held by such Existing Holder subject to such Submitted Bid and the denominator of which shall be the aggregate number of Outstanding Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bids made by all such Existing Holders that specified a rate equal to the Winning Bid Rate for shares of the Series; and

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(v) each Potential Holder's Submitted Bid for shares of the series specifying a rate that is equal to the Winning Bid Rate for shares of such Series shall be accepted but only in an amount equal to the number of shares of such Series obtained by multiplying the number of shares in the excess of the Available Preferred Shares of such Series over the number of Preferred Shares subject to Submitted Bids described in clauses (ii) through (iv) of this paragraph (a) by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of Outstanding Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bid and the denominator of which shall be the aggregate number of Outstanding Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bids made by all such Potential Holders that specified a rate equal to the Winning Bid Rate for shares of the Series.

(b) If Sufficient Clearing Bids for the Preferred Shares have not been made (other than because all of the Outstanding shares of the Series are subject to Submitted Hold Orders), subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this Section 4, Submitted Orders for shares of the Series shall be accepted or rejected as follows in the following order of priority and all other Submitted Bids for shares of such Series shall be rejected:

(i) Existing Holders' Submitted Bids for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is equal to or lower than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series shall be rejected, thus entitling such Existing Holders to continue to hold the Preferred Shares subject to such Submitted Bids;

(ii) Potential Holders' Submitted Bids for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is equal to or lower than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series shall be accepted; and

(iii) Each Existing Holder's Submitted Bid for shares of the Series specifying any rate that is higher than the Maximum Rate for shares of such Series and the Submitted Sell Orders for shares of such Series of each Existing Holder shall be accepted, thus entitling each Existing Holder that submitted or on whose behalf was submitted any such Submitted Bid or Submitted Sell Order to sell the shares of such Series subject to such Submitted Bid or Submitted Sell Order, but in both cases only in an amount equal to the number of shares of such Series obtained by multiplying the number of shares of such Series subject to Submitted Bids described in clause (ii) of this paragraph (b) by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of Outstanding shares of such Series held by such Existing Holder subject to such Submitted Bid or Submitted Sell Order and the denominator of which shall be the aggregate number of Outstanding shares of such Series subject to all such Submitted Bids and Submitted Sell Orders.

(c) If all of the Outstanding Preferred Shares are subject to Submitted Hold Orders, all Submitted Bids for shares of the Series shall be rejected.

(d) If, as a result of the procedures described in clause (iv) or (v) of paragraph (a) or clause (iii) of paragraph (b) of this Section 4, any Existing Holder would be entitled or required to sell, or any Potential Holder would be entitled or required to purchase, a fraction of a Preferred Share on any Auction Date, the Auction Agent shall, in such manner as it shall determine in its sole discretion, round up or down the number of Preferred Shares to be purchased or sold by any Existing Holder or Potential Holder on such Auction Date as a result of such procedures so that the number of shares so purchased or sold by each Existing Holder or Potential Holder on such Auction Date shall be whole Preferred Shares.

(e) If, as a result of the procedures described in clause (v) of paragraph (a) of this Section 4, any Potential Holder would be entitled or required to

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purchase less than a whole share of a Preferred Share on any Auction Date, the Auction Agent shall, in such manner as it shall determine in its sole discretion, allocate Preferred Shares of the Series for purchase among Potential Holders so that only whole shares of Preferred Shares are purchased on such Auction Date as a result of such procedures by any Potential Holder, even if such allocation results in one or more Potential Holders not purchasing Preferred Shares on such Auction Date.

(f) Based on the results of each Auction for the Preferred Shares, the Auction Agent shall determine the aggregate number of shares of the Series to be purchased and the aggregate number of shares of such Series to be sold by Potential Holders and Existing Holders and, with respect to each Potential Holder and Existing Holder, to the extent that such aggregate number of shares to be purchased and such aggregate number of shares to be sold differ, determine to which other Potential Holder(s) or Existing Holder(s) they shall deliver, or from which other Potential Holder(s) or Existing Holder(s) they shall receive, as the case may be, Preferred Shares. Notwithstanding any provision of the Auction Procedures to the contrary, in the event an Existing Holder or Beneficial Owner of Preferred Shares with respect to whom a Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid to the Auction Agent for such shares that was accepted in whole or in part, or submitted or is deemed to have submitted a Sell Order for such shares that was accepted in whole or in part, fails to instruct its Agent Member to deliver such shares against payment therefor, partial deliveries of Preferred Shares that have been made in respect of Potential Holders' or Potential Beneficial Owners' submitted Bids for shares of the Series that have been accepted in whole or in part shall constitute good delivery to such Potential Holders and Potential Beneficial Owners.

(g) None of the Fund, the Adviser, nor the Auction Agent nor any affiliate of either shall have any responsibility or liability with respect to the failure of an Existing Holder, a Potential Holder, a Beneficial Owner, a Potential Beneficial Owner or its respective Agent Member to deliver Preferred Shares or to pay for Preferred Shares sold or purchased pursuant to the Auction Procedures or otherwise.

5. AUCTION AGENT.

For so long as any Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Auction Agent, duly appointed by the Fund to so act, shall be in each case a commercial bank, trust company or other financial institution independent of the Fund and its Affiliates (which however may engage or have engaged in business transactions with the Fund or its Affiliates) and at no time shall the Fund or any of its affiliates act as the Auction Agent in connection with the Auction Procedures. If the Auction Agent resigns or for any reason its appointment is terminated during any period that any Preferred Shares are outstanding, the Board of Trustees shall use its best efforts promptly thereafter to appoint another qualified commercial bank, trust company or financial institution to act as the Auction Agent. The Auction Agent's registry of Existing Holders of Preferred Shares shall be conclusive and binding on the Broker-Dealers. A Broker-Dealer may inquire of the Auction Agent between 3:00 p.m. on the Business Day preceding an Auction for Preferred Shares and 9:30 a.m. on the Auction Date for such Auction to ascertain the number of shares of the Series in respect of which the Auction Agent has determined such Broker-Dealer to be an Existing Holder. If such Broker-Dealer believes it is the Existing Holder of fewer shares of the Series than specified by the Auction Agent in response to such Broker-Dealer's inquiry, such Broker-Dealer may so inform the Auction Agent of that belief. Such Broker-Dealer shall not, in its capacity as Existing Holder of shares of the Series, submit Orders in such Auction in respect of shares of such Series covering in the aggregate more than the number of shares of such Series specified by the Auction Agent in response to such Broker-Dealer's inquiry.

6. TRANSFER OF PREFERRED SHARES.

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Unless otherwise permitted by the Fund, a Beneficial Owner or an Existing Holder may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of Preferred Shares only in whole shares and only pursuant to a Bid or Sell Order placed with the Auction Agent in accordance with the procedures described in this Part II or to a Broker-Dealer; provided, however, that (a) a sale, transfer or other disposition of Preferred Shares from a customer of a Broker-Dealer who is listed on the records of that Broker-Dealer as the holder of such shares to that Broker-Dealer or another customer of that Broker-Dealer shall not be deemed to be a sale, transfer or other disposition for purposes of this Section 6 if such Broker-Dealer remains the Existing Holder of the shares so sold, transferred or disposed of immediately after such sale, transfer or disposition and (b) in the case of all transfers other than pursuant to Auctions, the Broker-Dealer (or other Person, if permitted by the Fund) to whom such transfer is made shall advise the Auction Agent of such transfer.

7. GLOBAL CERTIFICATE.

Prior to the commencement of a Voting Period, (i) all of the Preferred Shares outstanding from time to time shall be represented by one global certificate registered in the name of the Securities Depository or its nominee and (ii) no registration of transfer of Preferred Shares shall be made on the books of the Fund to any Person other than the Securities Depository or its nominee.

8. FORCE MAJEURE.

(a) Notwithstanding anything else set forth herein, if an Auction Date is not a Business Day because the New York Stock Exchange is closed for more than three consecutive business days due to an act of God, natural disaster, act of war, civil or military disturbance, act of terrorism, sabotage, riots or a loss or malfunction of utilities or communications services or the Auction Agent is not able to conduct an Auction in accordance with the Auction Procedures for any such reason, then the Auction Rate for the next Dividend Period shall be the Auction Rate determined on the previous Auction Date.

However, if the New York Stock Exchange is closed for such reason for three or less than three consecutive business days, then the Auction Rate for the next Dividend Period shall be the Auction Rate determined by Auction on the first business day following such Auction Date.

(b) Notwithstanding anything else set forth herein, if a Dividend Payment Date is not a Business Day because the New York Stock Exchange is closed for more than three consecutive business days due to an act of God, natural disaster, act of war civil or military disturbance, act of terrorism, sabotage, riots or a loss or malfunction of utilities or communications services or the dividend payable on such date can not be paid for any such reason, then:

(i) the Dividend Payment Date for the affected Dividend Period shall be the next Business Day on which the Fund and its paying agent, if any, are able to cause the dividend to be paid using their reasonable best efforts;

(ii) the affected Dividend Period shall end on the day it would have ended had such event not occurred and the Dividend Payment Date had remained the scheduled date; and

(iii) the next Dividend Period will begin and end on the dates on which it would have begun and ended had such event not occurred and the Dividend Payment Date remained the scheduled date.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned being all the Trustees of the Fund have executed this instrument as of the ____ day of ____, 2004.

CHARLES A. AUSTIN, III
Charles A. Austin, III, as Trustee and not individually

GERALD M. MCDONNELL
Gerald M. McDonnell, as Trustee and not individually

DR. RUSSELL A. SALTON, III
Dr. Russell A. Salton, III, as Trustee and not individually

K. DUN GIFFORD
K. Dun Gifford, as Trustee and not individually

DR. LEROY KEITH
Dr. Leroy Keith, as Trustee and not individually

DAVID M. RICHARDSON
David M. Richardson, as Trustee and not individually

MICHAEL S. SCOFIELD
Michael S. Scofield, as Trustee and not individually

RICHARD J. SHIMA
Richard J. Shima, as Trustee and not individually

WILLIAM W. PETTIT
William W. Pettit, as Trustee and not individually

RICHARD WAGONER
Richard Wagoner, as Trustee and not individually

SHIRLEY L. FULTON
Shirley L. Fulton, as Trustee and not individually

APPENDIX D

SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

Capitalized terms used herein shall have the respective meanings specified in the Amended and Restated Bylaws.

(a) On each Auction Date, the Auction Agent shall notify by telephone or through the Auction Agent's auction processing system the Broker-Dealers that participated in the Auction held on such Auction Date and submitted an Order on behalf of any Beneficial Owner or Potential Beneficial Owner of:

(i) the Applicable Rate fixed for the next succeeding Dividend Period;

(ii) whether Sufficient Clearing Bids existed for the determination of the Applicable Rate;

(iii) if such Broker-Dealer (a "Seller's Broker-Dealer") submitted a bid for a Sell Order on behalf of a Beneficial Owner, the number of Preferred Shares, if any, to be sold by such Beneficial Owner;

(iv) if such broker-Dealer (a "Buyer's Broker-Dealer") submitted a Bid on behalf of a Potential Beneficial Owner, the number of Preferred Shares, if any, to be purchased by such Potential Beneficial Owner;

(v) if the aggregate number of Preferred Shares to be sold by all Beneficial Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid or a Sell Order exceeds the aggregate number of Preferred Shares to be purchased by all Potential Beneficial Owners on who behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid, the name or names of one or more Buyer's Broker-Dealers (and the name of the Agent Member, if any, of each such Buyer's Broker-Dealer) acting for one or more purchasers of such shares to be purchased from one or more Beneficial Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer acted by one or more Potential Beneficial Owners on whose behalf each of such Buyer's Broker-Dealers acted;

(vi) if the aggregate number of Preferred Shares to be purchased by all Potential Beneficial Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid exceeds the aggregate number of Preferred Shares to be sold by all Beneficial Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid or a Sell Order, the name or names of one or more Seller's Broker-Dealers (and the name of the Agent Member, if any, of each such Seller's Broker-Dealer) acting for one or more sellers of such excess number of Preferred Shares and the number of such shares to be sold to one or more Potential Beneficial Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer acted by one or more Beneficial Owners on whose behalf each of such Seller's Broker-Dealers acted; and

(vii) the Auction Date of the next succeeding Auction with respect to the Preferred Shares.

(b) On each Auction Date, each broker-Dealer that submitted an Order on behalf of my Beneficial Owner or Potential Beneficial Owner shall:

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(i) in the case of a Broker-Dealer that is a Buyer's Broker-Dealer, instruct each Potential Beneficial Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid that we accepted, in whole or in part, to instruct such Potential Beneficial Owner's Agent Member to pay to such Broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) through the Securities Depository the amount necessary to purchase the number of Preferred Shares to be purchased pursuant to such Bid against receipt of such shares and advise such Potential Beneficial Owner of the Applicable Rate for the next succeeding Dividend Period;

(ii) in the case of a Broker-Dealer that is a Seller's Broker-Dealer, instruct each Beneficial Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Sell Order that was accepted, in whole or in part, or a Bid that was accepted, in whole or in part, to instruct such beneficial Owner's Agent Member to deliver to such broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) through the Securities Depository the number of Preferred Shares to be sold pursuant to such Order against payment therefore and advise any such Beneficial Owner that will continue to hold Preferred Shares of the Applicable Rate for the next succeeding Dividend Period;

(iii) advise each Beneficial Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Hold Order of the Applicable Rate for the next succeeding Dividend period;

(iv) advise each Beneficial Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted an Order of the Auction Date for the next succeeding Auction; and

(v) advise each Potential Beneficial Owner on whose behalf such broker-Dealer submitted a Bid that was accepted, in whole or in part, of the Auction Date for the next succeeding Auction.

(c) On the basis of the information provided to it pursuant to (a) above, each broker-Dealer that submitted a Bid or a Sell Order on behalf of a Potential Beneficial Owner or a Beneficial Owner shall, in such manner and at such time or times as in its sole discretion it may determine, allocate any funds received by it pursuant to (b)(i) above and any Preferred Shares received by it pursuant to (b)(ii) above among the Potential Beneficial Owners, if any, on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted Bids, the Beneficial Owner, if any, on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted Bids that were accepted or Sell Orders, and any Broker-Dealer or Broker-Dealers identified to it by the Auction Agent pursuant to (a)(v) or (a)(vi) above.

(d) On each Auction Date:

(i) each Potential Beneficial Owner and Beneficial Owner shall instructs its Agent Member as provided in (b)(i) or (ii) above, as the case may be;

(ii) each Seller's Broker-Dealer which is not an Agent Member of the Securities Depository shall instruct its Agent Member to (A) pay through the Securities Depository to the Agent Member of the Beneficial Owner delivering shares to such Broker-Dealer pursuant to (b)(ii) above the amount necessary to purchase such shares against receipt of such shares, and (B) deliver such shares through the Securities Depository to a Buyer's Broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) identified to such Seller's Broker-Dealer pursuant to (a)(v) above against payment therefore; and

(iii) each Buyer's Broker-Dealer which is not an Agent Member of the

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Securities Depository shall instruct its Agent Member to (A) pay through the Securities Depository to a Seller's Broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) identified pursuant to (a)(vi) above the amount necessary to purchase the shares to be purchased pursuant to (b)(i) above against receipt of such shares, and (B) deliver such shares through the Securities Depository to the Agent Member of the purchaser thereof against payment therefore.

(e) On the day after the Auction Date:

(i) Each Bidder's Agent Member referred to in (d)(i) above shall instruct the Securities Depository to execute the transactions described in (b)(i) or (ii) above, and the Securities Depository shall execute such transactions;

(ii) each Seller's Broker-Dealer or its Agent Member shall instruct the Securities Depository to execute the transactions described in (d)(iii) above, and the Securities Depository shall execute such transactions; and

(iii) each Buyer's Broker-Dealer or its Agent Member shall instruct the Securities Depository to execute the transactions described in (d)(iii) above, and the Securities Depository shall execute such transactions.

(f) If a Beneficial Owner selling Preferred Shares in an Auction fails to deliver such shares (by authorized book-entry), a Broker-Dealer may deliver to the Potential Beneficial Owner on behalf of which it submitted a Bid that was accepted a number of whole Preferred Shares that is less than the number of shares that otherwise was to be purchased by such Potential Beneficial Owner. In such event, the number of Preferred Shares to be so delivered call be determined solely by such Broker-Dealer. Delivery of such lesser number of shares shall constitute good deliver. Notwithstanding the foregoing terms of this paragraph (d), any delivery or non-delivery of shares which shall represent any departure from the results of an Auction, as determined by the Auction Agent, shall be of no effect unless and until the Auction Agent shall have been notified of such delivery or non-delivery in accordance with the provisions of the Auction Agency Agreement and the Broker-Dealer Agreements.

PART C -- OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 24. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS

(1) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -

To be filed by pre-effective amendment.

(2) EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibits
(a) (1)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Trust of Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund dated February 9, 2004 is incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Initial Registration Statement on Form N-2 as filed with the Commission on February 9, 2004, File Nos. 333-112631

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and 811-21507 (the "Initial Registration Statement").

-
- (a) (2) Amended and Restated Agreement and Declaration of Trust of Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund is incorporated by reference to the Initial Registration Statement.
-
- (b) Amended and Restated By-laws are incorporated by reference to the Initial Registration Statement.
-
- (c) Not applicable.
-
- (d) Statement of Preferences of Auction Preferred Shares attached hereto Appendix C to the Statement of Additional Information.
-
- (e) Terms and Conditions of Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan are incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant's Initial Registration Statement on Form N-2 as filed with the Commission on March 22, 2004 ("Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1").
-
- (f) Not applicable.
-
- (g) Form of Investment Advisory and Management Agreement between Registrant and Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
-
- (h) To be filed by Amendment.
-
- (i) Deferred Compensation Plan is incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Initial Registration Statement on Form N-2 as filed with the Commission on April 19, 2004 ("Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2").
-
- (j) Form of Custodian Agreement by and between Registrant and State Street Bank and Trust Company is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
-
- (k) (1) Form of Administrative Services Agreement between Registrant and Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
-
- (k) (2) Form of Transfer Agency and Service Agreement is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment
-
- (l) (1) Opinion and consent of Sullivan & Worcester LLP to be filed by Amendment.
-

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(l) (2)	Opinion and consent of Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A. to be filed by Amendment.
(m)	Not applicable.
(n)	Consent of Independent Auditors to be filed by Amendment.
(o)	Not applicable.
(p)	Initial Stock Purchase Agreement is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2.
(q)	Not applicable.
(r) (1)	Code of Ethics for Evergreen Utilities and High Income Fund is incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
(r) (2)	Code of Ethics for Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC is filed incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
(s) (1)	Powers of Attorney are incorporated by reference to Initial Registration Statement Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1.
(s) (2)	Power of Attorney of Shirley L. Fulton is incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-2 as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 April 28, 2004, File Nos. 333-114957 and 811-21507.

ITEM 25. MARKETING ARRANGEMENTS

To be filed by Amendment.

ITEM 26. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the expenses to be incurred in connection with the issuance and distribution of securities described in this Registration Statement:

Registration fees	\$
Rating Agency Fees	\$
Printing (other than stock certificates)	\$
Accounting fees and expenses	\$
Legal fees and expenses	\$
Miscellaneous	\$
Marketing	\$
Total	\$

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ITEM 27. PERSONS CONTROLLED BY OR UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH REGISTRANT

None.

ITEM 28. NUMBER OF HOLDERS OF SECURITIES (as of April 30, 2004)

TITLE OF CLASS -----	NUMBER OF RECORD HOLDERS -----
Common Shares (no par value)	2
Preferred Shares (liquidation preference \$25,000)	0

ITEM 29. INDEMNIFICATION

Registrant has obtained from a major insurance carrier a trustees and officers liability policy covering certain types of errors and omissions.

Provisions for the indemnification of the Registrant's Trustees and officers are also contained in the Registrant's Amended and Restated Agreement and Declaration of Trust.

The Investment Advisory and Management Agreement between the Registrant and Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC contains provisions for the indemnification of the Registrant's Advisor.

The Underwriting Agreement to be filed in response to Item 24 (2)(h) is expected to contain provisions requiring indemnification of the Registrant's underwriters by the Registrant.

The Administrative Services Agreement between Registrant and Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. contains provisions for the indemnification of Evergreen Investment Services, Inc., the Registrant's Administrator.

The Transfer Agency and Service Agreement with the Registrant's transfer agent contains provisions for the indemnification of EquiServe Trust Company, N.A., the Registrant's transfer agent for its common shares.

The Auction Agency Agreement between Registrant and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas is expected to contain provisions for the indemnification of Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, the Registrant's transfer agent for its preferred shares.

ITEM 30. BUSINESS AND OTHER CONNECTIONS OF INVESTMENT ADVISOR

The Directors and principal executive officers of Wachovia Bank, N.A. are:

G. Kennedy Thompson	Chairman, Wachovia Corporation and Wachovia Bank, N.A., Chief Executive Officer, President and Director, Wachovia Corporation and Wachovia Bank, N.A.
Mark C. Treanor	Executive Vice President, Secretary & General Counsel, Wachovia Corporation; Secretary and Executive Vice President, Wachovia Bank, N.A.
Robert T. Atwood	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Wachovia Corporation; Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice

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President, Wachovia Bank, N.A.

All of the above persons are located at the following address: Wachovia Bank, N.A., One Wachovia Center, Charlotte, NC 28288.

The information required by this item with respect to Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC is incorporated by reference to the Form ADV (File No. 801-8327) of Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC.

ITEM 31. LOCATION OF ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

All accounts and records required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Rules 31a-1 through 31a-3 promulgated thereunder are maintained at one of the following locations:

Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. and Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC, all located at 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.

Wachovia Bank, N.A., One Wachovia Center, 301 S. College Street, Charlotte, North Carolina 28288.

State Street Bank and Trust Company, 2 Heritage Drive, North Quincy, Massachusetts 02171.

EquiServe Trust Company, N.A., 150 Royall Street, Canton, Massachusetts, 02021.

Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, 60 Wall Street, 27th Floor, New York, New York 10005.

ITEM 32. MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Not applicable.

ITEM 33. UNDERTAKINGS

(1) The Registrant undertakes to suspend the offering of its shares until it amends its Prospectus if: (1) subsequent to the effective date of this Registration Statement, the net asset value per share declines more than 10% from its net asset value per share as of the effective date of the Registration Statement; or (2) the net asset value increases to an amount greater than its net proceeds as stated in the Prospectus.

(2) Not Applicable.

(3) Not Applicable.

(4) Not Applicable.

(5) Registrant hereby undertakes:

(a) that for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this Registration Statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective.

(b) that for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus

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shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(6) The Registrant hereby undertakes to send by first class mail or by other means designed to ensure equally prompt delivery, within two business days of receipt of a written or oral request, any Statement of Additional Information.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Boston, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on the 6th day of May, 2004.

EVERGREEN UTILITIES AND HIGH INCOME FUND

By: /s/ Dennis H. Ferro
Dennis H. Ferro
President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated on the 6th day of May, 2004.

/s/ Carol A. Kosel

Carol A. Kosel
Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

/s/ Charles A. Austin, III

Charles A. Austin III*
Trustee

/s/ K. Dun Gifford

K. Dun Gifford*
Trustee

/s/ William Walt Pettit

William Walt Pettit*
Trustee

/s/ Gerald M. McDonnell

Gerald M. McDonnell*
Trustee

/s/ Russell A. Salton, III MD

Russell A. Salton, III MD*
Trustee

/s/ Michael S. Scofield

Michael S. Scofield*
Chairman of the Board
and Trustee

/s/ David M. Richardson

David M. Richardson*
Trustee

/s/ Richard K. Wagoner

Richard K. Wagoner*
Trustee

/s/ Leroy Keith, Jr.

Leroy Keith, Jr.*
Trustee

/s/ Richard J. Shima

Richard J. Shima*
Trustee

/s/ Shirley L. Fulton

Shirley L. Fulton*
Trustee

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*By: /s/ Catherine F. Kennedy

Catherine F. Kennedy
Attorney-in-Fact

* Catherine F. Kennedy, by signing her name hereto, does hereby sign this document on behalf of each of the above-named individuals pursuant to powers of attorney duly executed by such persons.