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UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS INC
Form 10QSB
May 15, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-20848

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

65-0231984
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1110 W. Commercial Blvd.
Suite 100
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309
(Address of principal executive offices)

(954) 958-1200
(Issuer's telephone number)

2875 N.E. 191st Street
Suite 302
Miami, FL 33180
(former address)

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of
common equity, as of the last practicable date: 37,321,296 shares of common
stock as of May 15, 2006.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format Yes ___ No

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To The Board of Directors and Stockholders of
Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Fort Lauderdale, Florida

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2006 and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and cash flows for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2006 and 2005. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Blackman Kallick Bartelstein, LLP

Chicago, Illinois
May 12, 2006

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The following unaudited consolidated financial statements of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-QSB and, therefore, omit or condense certain footnotes and other information normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information for the interim periods reported have been made. Results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2006.

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
MARCH 31, 2006
(Unaudited)

ASSETS

ASSETS

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Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50
Reinsurance recoverables		100
Premiums and other receivables		6
Real estate		3
Property and equipment, net		
Deferred income tax		
Other assets		

Total assets	\$	162
--------------	----	-----

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	31
Unearned Premiums		62
Deffered ceding commission		1
Advanced premiums		2
Accounts payable		
Reinsurance payable		39
Income taxes payable		1
Dividends payable		1
Other accrued expenses		6
Loans payable		1

Total liabilities		150
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STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Cumulative convertible preferred stock, \$0.1 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 138,640 shares issued and outstanding, minimum liquidation preference of \$1,419,700		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 36,788,219 shares issued and 33,679,574 shares outstanding		
Common stock in treasury, at cost - 208,645 shares		
Minority interest		
Additional paid-in capital		15
Accumulated deficit		(3)

Total stockholders' equity		11
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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	162
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The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountant's review report are an integral part of these statements.

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UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 -----	Three Months March 31, -----
PREMIUMS EARNED AND OTHER REVENUES:		
Premiums earned, net	\$ 4,285,586	\$ 1,197,
Net investment income	383,967	206,
Commission revenue	920,892	550,
Transaction fees	-	112,
Other revenue	38,830	64,
	-----	-----
Total premiums earned and other revenues	5,629,275	2,131,
	-----	-----
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	919,123	162,
General and administrative expenses	(80,184)	967,
	-----	-----
Total operating costs and expenses	838,939	1,130,
	-----	-----
INCOME BEFORE FEDERAL INCOME TAXES	4,790,336	1,001,
	-----	-----
Federal income taxes current	1,278,865	
Federal income taxes deferred	198,877	
	-----	-----
Federal income taxes, net	1,477,742	
	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ 3,312,594	\$ 1,001,
	=====	=====
INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:		
Basic	\$ 0.10	\$ 0
	=====	=====
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES		
OUTSTANDING - BASIC	33,470,000	31,778,
	=====	=====
INCOME PER COMMON SHARE		
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0
	=====	=====
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES		
OUTSTANDING - DILUTED	35,455,000	32,388,
	=====	=====
CASH DIVIDEND DECLARED PER		
COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.04	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountant's review report are an integral part of these statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 -----	Three Months March 31, -----
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 3,312,594	\$ 1,001,
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operations:		
Amortization and depreciation	105,745	49,
Issuance of common stock as compensation	22,668	27,
Net change in assets and liabilities relating to operating activities:		
Reinsurance recoverables	21,565,378	16,552,
Premiums and other receivables	(1,193,374)	(1,620,
Deferred taxes	198,877	
Reinsurance payable	(4,452,856)	(3,742,
Deferred ceding commission	553,603	
Advanced premiums	1,511,793	746,
Accounts payable	(287,517)	(1,865,
Taxes payable	1,930,232	
Other accrued expenses	1,961,761	738,
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	(35,174,664)	(32,392,
Unearned premiums	11,960,343	3,483,
Other assets	60,773	110,
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,075,356	(16,909,
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Building improvements	(54,546)	(642,
	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(54,546)	(642,
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Preferred stock dividend	(12,488)	(12,
Repayments of loans payable	(42,760)	(226,
	-----	-----
Net cash used in financing activities	(55,248)	(239,
	-----	-----
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,965,562	(17,792,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of period	48,038,736	22,443,
	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of period	\$ 50,004,298	\$ 4,651,
	-----	-----
Non-cash items		
Declared dividends payable	\$ 1,488,851	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountant's review report are an integral part of these statements.

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(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. ("Company"), its wholly owned subsidiary, Universal Property & Casualty Insurance Company ("UPCIC") and other wholly owned entities, Sterling Premium Finance Company, which is wholly owned by certain officers of the Company and the Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. Stock Grantor Trust. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2006, the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 are unaudited. There were no items comprising comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005. Accordingly, consolidated statements of comprehensive income are not presented. The accounting policies followed for quarterly financial reporting are the same as those disclosed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2005. The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal and recurring accruals and adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. The Company's operating results for any particular interim period may not be indicative of results for the full year and thus should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS. There were no off-balance sheet arrangements during the first three months of 2006.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS. SFAS No.123 (Revised 2004), Share-Based Payments, issued in December 2004, is a revision of FASB Statement 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and its related implementation guidance. The Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS No. 123 (Revised 2004) requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions) with the cost recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for

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the award. This statement is effective as of the beginning of the first interim or annual reporting period of the company's first fiscal year that begins on or after December 15, 2005 and the Company adopted the standard in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006.

On March 29, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. (SAB 107) regarding the Staff's interpretation of SFAS 123(R). This interpretation expresses the views of the Staff regarding the interaction between SFAS 123(R) and certain SEC rules and regulations and provides the Staff's views regarding the valuation of share-based payments

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arrangements by public companies. In particular, this SAB provides guidance related to share-based payment transactions with non-employees, the transition from nonpublic to public entity status, valuation methods, the accounting for certain redeemable financial instruments issued under share-based payment arrangements, the classification of compensation expense, non-GAAP financial measures, first-time adoption of SFAS 123(R) in an interim period, capitalization of compensation cost related to share-based payments arrangements, the accounting for income tax effects of share-based payments arrangements upon adoption of SFAS 123(R), the modification of employee share options prior to adoption of SFAS 12(R) and disclosures in Management's Discussion and Analysis subsequent to adoption of SFAS 123(R). The Company adopted SAB 107 in connection with its adoption of SFAS 123(R).

In May 2005, FASB issued SFAS No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, which establishes, unless impracticable, retrospective application as the required method for reporting a change in accounting principle in absence of explicit transition requirements specific to the newly adopted accounting principle. The statement provides guidance for determining whether retrospective application of a change in accounting principle is impracticable. The statement also addresses the reporting of a correction of error by restating previously issued financial statements. SFAS No. 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 14, 2005. The Company adopted SFAS No. 154 in the first quarter of 2006.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES. Management has reassessed the critical accounting policies as disclosed in our 2005 Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-KSB and determined that no changes, additions or deletions are needed to the policies as disclosed. Also there were no significant changes in our estimates associated with those policies.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. The Company's business could be affected by regulatory and competitive restrictions on pricing for new and renewal business, the availability and cost of catastrophic reinsurance, adverse loss experience and federal and state legislation or governmental regulations of insurance companies. Changes in these areas could adversely affect the Company's operations in the future.

Management continues to take action to improve and strengthen UPCIC's financial condition. Premium rate increases have been implemented. UPCIC changed the geographic and coverage mix of the property insurance it writes, which is a key determinant in the amount and pricing of reinsurance procured by UPCIC. Effective May 1, 2004 the Company brought in house the system it utilizes for policy issuance and administration. This has enhanced UPCIC's operating results through its ability to improve and better control underwriting and loss

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adjusting activities. Management believes the implementation of, and results attributable to, the actions described above will continue to strengthen UPCIC's surplus. However, there can be no assurance of the ultimate success of these plans, or that the Company will be able to maintain profitability.

NOTE 2 - RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

INSURANCE OPERATIONS

UPCIC commenced its insurance activity in February 1998 by assuming policies from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association ("JUA"). UPCIC received the unearned premiums and began servicing such policies. Since then, UPCIC has been renewing these policies as well as soliciting business actively in the open market through independent agents.

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Unearned premiums represent amounts that UPCIC would refund policyholders if their policies were canceled. UPCIC determines unearned premiums by calculating the pro-rata amount that would be due to the policyholder at a given point in time based upon the premiums owed over the life of each policy. At March 31, 2006, the Company had unearned premiums totaling \$62,850,348.

Premiums earned are included in earnings evenly over the terms of the policies. UPCIC does not have policies that provide for retroactive premium adjustments.

Policy acquisition costs, consisting of commissions and other costs that vary with and are directly related to the production of business, net of ceding commissions, are deferred and amortized over the terms of the policies, but only to the extent that unearned premiums are sufficient to cover all related costs and expenses. At March 31, 2006, deferred policy acquisition costs amounted to \$0 due to the effect of deferred reinsurance commissions amounting to \$1,597,147.

An allowance for uncollectible premiums receivable is established when it becomes evident that collection is doubtful, typically after 90 days past due. No allowance is deemed necessary at March 31, 2006.

Loss and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"), less related reinsurance, are provided for as claims are incurred. The provision for unpaid loss and LAE includes: (1) the accumulation of individual case estimates for loss and LAE reported prior to the close of the accounting period; (2) estimates for unreported claims based on past experience modified for current trends; and (3) estimates of expenses for investigating and adjusting claims based on past experience. During 2005, Florida experienced three windstorm catastrophes (Hurricanes Dennis, Katrina and Wilma) which resulted in losses. As a result of these storms, the Company currently estimates that it incurred \$64,267,953 in losses prior to reinsurance and \$4,050,000 net of reinsurance.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses are based on estimates of ultimate cost of settlement. Changes in claims estimates resulting from the continuous review process and differences between estimates and ultimate payments are reflected in expense for the period in which the revision of these estimates first becomes known. UPCIC estimates claims and claims expenses based on its historical experience and payment and reporting patterns

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for the type of risk involved. These estimates are continuously reviewed by UPCIC's management professionals and any resulting adjustments are reflected in operations for the period in which they are determined.

Inherent in the estimates of ultimate claims are expected trends in claims severity, frequency and other factors that may vary as claims are settled. The amount of uncertainty in the estimates for casualty coverage is significantly affected by such factors as the amount of historical claims experience relative to the development period, knowledge of the actual facts and circumstances, and the amount of insurance risk retained.

ONLINE COMMERCE OPERATIONS

The Company has formed subsidiaries that were to specialize in selling insurance and generating insurance leads via the Internet. Tigerquote.com Insurance & Financial Services Group, Inc. ("Tigerquote.com") and Tigerquote.com Insurance Solutions, Inc. were incorporated in Delaware on June 6, 1999 and August 23, 1999, respectively. Tigerquote.com was an Internet insurance lead generating network while Tigerquote.com Insurance Solutions, Inc. was a network of Internet

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insurance agencies. These entities would have sought to generate income from the selling of leads and commissions on policies written. To date, insurance agencies have been established in 22 states. Separate legal entities have been formed for each state and are governed by the respective states' departments of insurance. None of the agencies are currently active as the Company changed its focus to sell leads to other companies and independent agents. During the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company decided to stop generating new business on its direct sales operations and focus on its core operations.

CORPORATE AND OTHER OPERATIONS

Operating segments that are not individually reportable based on the current operations in such segments, are included in Corporate and Other. The segment currently includes the operations of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc., Tiger Home Services, Inc. and other entities. During 2001, the Company formed Tiger Home Services, Inc., which furnished pool services to homeowners until the operation was sold during the second quarter of 2005.

NOTE 3 - REINSURANCE

In the normal course of business, UPCIC seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from catastrophes or other events that cause unfavorable underwriting results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with other insurance enterprises or reinsurers. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the reinsurance contracts. Reinsurance premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses are accounted for on bases consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts. Reinsurance ceding commissions received are deferred and amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies.

UPCIC limits the maximum net loss that can arise from large risks or risks in concentrated areas of exposure by reinsuring (ceding) certain levels of risks with other insurers or reinsurers, either on an automatic basis under general reinsurance contracts known as "treaties" or by negotiation on substantial individual risks. The reinsurance arrangements are intended to provide UPCIC

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with the ability to maintain its exposure to loss within its capital resources. Such reinsurance includes quota share, excess of loss and catastrophe forms of reinsurance. While ceding premiums to reinsurers reduces the Company's risk of exposure in the event of catastrophic losses, it also reduces the Company's potential for greater profits should such catastrophic events fail to occur. The Company believes that the extent of its reinsurance is typical of a company of its size in the homeowners insurance industry.

Effective June 1, 2005, UPCIC entered into a quota share reinsurance treaty and excess per risk agreements with various reinsurers. Under the quota share treaty, through May 31, 2006, UPCIC cedes 55% of its gross written premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses for policies with coverage for wind risk with a ceding commission equal to 31% of ceded gross written premiums. Effective December 1, 2005, UPCIC entered into a second quota share reinsurance treaty with one of the reinsurers on the earlier treaty. Under the second quota share treaty, UPCIC cedes an additional 25% of its gross written premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses for policies with coverage for wind risk with a ceding commission equal to 35% of ceded gross written premiums through May 31, 2006. In addition, the quota share treaties have a limitation for any one occurrence of \$3,000,000. Effective June 1, 2005, UPCIC entered into a multiple line excess per risk agreement with various reinsurers. Under the multiple line excess per risk agreement, UPCIC obtained coverage of \$1,300,000

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in excess of \$500,000 ultimate net loss for each risk and each property loss, and \$1,000,000 in excess of \$300,000 for each casualty loss. A \$5,200,000 aggregate limit applies to the term of the contract. Effective June 1, 2005, UPCIC entered into a property per risk excess agreement covering ex-wind only policies. Under the property per risk excess agreement, UPCIC obtained coverage of \$300,000 in excess of \$200,000 for each property loss. A \$2,100,000 aggregate limit applies to the term of the contract.

Effective June 1, 2005, under an excess catastrophe contract, UPCIC obtained catastrophe coverage of \$46,000,000 in excess of \$3,000,000 covering certain loss occurrences including hurricanes. The contract contains one reinstatement. UPCIC also obtained coverage from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF). The approximate coverage is estimated to be for \$87,004,000 in excess of \$26,827,000.

The ceded reinsurance arrangements had the following effect on certain items in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

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	Three Months Ended March 31, 2006			Three Months Ended March 31, 2005		
	Premiums Written -----	Premiums Earned -----	Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses -----	Premiums Written -----	Premiums Earned -----	Loss Ad E -----
Direct	\$36,844,517	\$24,884,174	\$6,689,110	\$13,781,499	\$10,254,796	\$6,689,110
Ceded	(31,982,560)	(20,598,588)	(5,769,987)	(11,279,459)	(9,057,234)	(5,769,987)
Net	<u>\$4,861,957</u> =====	<u>\$4,285,586</u> =====	<u>\$919,123</u> =====	<u>\$2,502,040</u> =====	<u>\$1,197,562</u> =====	<u>\$1,197,562</u> =====

OTHER AMOUNTS:

	March 31, 2006
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 30,350,229
Unearned premiums ceded	53,030,737
Other reinsurance receivable	16,991,524
Reinsurance recoverable	<u>\$ 100,372,490</u>

UPCIC's reinsurance contracts do not relieve UPCIC from its obligations to policyholders. Failure of reinsurers to honor their obligations could result in losses to UPCIC; consequently, allowances are established for amounts deemed uncollectible. No allowance is deemed necessary at March 31, 2006. UPCIC evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from similar geographic regions, activities, or economic characteristics of the reinsurers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies. UPCIC currently has reinsurance contracts with various reinsurers located throughout the United States and internationally. UPCIC believes in only ceding risks to reinsurers whom it considers to be financially sound combined with distribution of reinsurance contracts adequately

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minimizes UPCIC's risk from any potential operating difficulties of its reinsurers. In addition, UPCIC does not have any unauthorized reinsurers which have recoverable balances that are not secured by a letter of credit or that have ceded balances payable that are greater than the amount of the recoverable.

The property and casualty reinsurance industry is subject to the same market conditions as the direct property and casualty insurance market, and there can be no assurance that reinsurance will be available to UPCIC to the same extent and the same cost as currently in place for UPCIC. In light of the four windstorm catastrophes Florida experienced in 2004, and three windstorm catastrophes Florida experienced in 2005, an increase in catastrophe reinsurance cost for the current year renewal is likely and could adversely effect UPCIC's results.

In addition, effective June 1, 2006 the Company intends to reduce the rate of cession on its quota share reinsurance. Quota share reinsurance is used primarily to increase the Company's underwriting capacity and to reduce exposure to losses. Quota share reinsurance refers to a form of reinsurance under which the reinsurer participates in a specified percentage of the premiums and losses on all reinsured policies in a given class of business. As a result of the reduction of the Company's quota share reinsurance, the Company will retain and earn more premiums the Company writes but will also retain more related losses. The Company's increased exposure to potential losses could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the return to the Company of previously ceded unearned premiums net of associated ceding commissions will result in a material reduction in net income in the second quarter of 2006.

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The Company may also be subject to assessments by Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, the state-run insurer of last resort and the FHCF as a result of operating deficiencies related to windstorm catastrophes. Under current regulations, insurers may recoup the amount of their assessments from policyholders, or in some cases collect the amount of the assessments from policyholders as surcharges for the benefit of the assessing entity.

NOTE 4 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share ("EPS") amounts are calculated in accordance with SFAS No. 128, EARNINGS PER SHARE. Basic EPS is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period, excluding any dilutive common share equivalents. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities to issue common stock were exercised.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted EPS for the three month periods ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005, respectively, follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2005
Basic EPS	33,470,000	31,778,000
Effect of assumed conversion of common stock equivalents	1,985,000	610,000
Diluted EPS	35,455,000	32,388,000

Options and warrants totaling approximately 6,148,000 and 1,232,000 respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share

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as their effect was anti-dilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2006. Options and warrants totaling approximately 7,529,000 and 2,894,000 respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their effect was anti-dilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2005. Such options and warrants could potentially dilute basic EPS in the future but were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share due to being anti-dilutive.

NOTE 5 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS AND WARRANTS

Effective January, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (R), "Share-Based Payments," and began recognizing compensation expense in its Consolidated Statements of Income for its stock option grants based on the fair value of the awards. Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for stock options grants under the recognition and measurement of APB Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related Interpretations, as permitted by SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." No stock-based compensation expense was reflected in the net income prior to adopting SFAS 123 (R) as all options were granted at an exercise price equal or greater than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. SFAS 123 (R) was adopted using the modified prospective transition method. Under this transition method, compensation cost recognized in the periods after adoption includes (i) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS 123, and (ii) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123 (R). Results from prior periods have not been restated. As a result of adopting SFAS 123 (R), the

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Company's income before income taxes and net income for the first quarter of 2006 are \$6,418 and \$4,439 lower, respectively, than if it had continued to account for share-based compensation under APB 25.

The following table illustrates the effects on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to options granted under the Company's stock option plans for all periods presented. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is estimated using a Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model and amortized to expense over the options' vesting periods.

	For the Quarter Ended	
	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2005
	-----	-----
Net income reported	\$ 3,312,594	\$ 1,001,017
Add:		
Total stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects	4,439	-
Deduct:		
Total stock-based compensation expense determined under a fair value based method, net of related tax effects	(4,439)	(13,520)
	-----	-----
SFAS No 123 R pro forma net income	\$ 3,312,594	\$ 987,497
	=====	=====
Pro forma earnings per share		

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Basic	\$0.10	\$0.03
	=====	=====
Fully diluted	\$0.09	\$0.03
	=====	=====
Earning per share, as reported		
Basic	\$0.10	\$0.03
	=====	=====
Fully diluted	\$0.09	\$0.03
	=====	=====

At March 31, 2006, there were 7,015,000 options outstanding and currently exercisable with a weighted average remaining contract term of 2.55 years and a weighted exercise price of \$0.95. There were no options exercised during the quarter ended March 31, 2006.

At March 31, 2006, there were 1,781,700 warrants outstanding and currently exercisable with a weighted average remaining contract term of 1.95 years and a weighted exercise price of \$0.59. There were 325,000 warrants exercised during the quarter ended March 31, 2006.

The Company estimated the fair value of all stock options awards as of the grant date by applying the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model. The use of this valuation model involves assumptions that are judgmental and highly sensitive in the determination of compensation expense and include the expected life of the option, stock price volatility, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, exercise price, and forfeiture rate. Under SFAS 123 (R), forfeitures are estimated at the time of valuation and reduce expense ratably over the vesting period. The forfeiture rate is adjusted periodically based on the extent to which actual forfeitures differ, or are expected to differ, from the previous estimate. Under SFAS 123 and APB 25, the Company elected to account for forfeitures when awards were actually forfeited and reflect the forfeitures as a cumulative adjustment to the pro forma expense.

In accordance with SFAS 123 (R), fair values of options granted prior to adoption and determined for purposes of disclosure under SFAS 123 have not been changed. The fair values of options granted prior to adoption of SFAS 123 (R), of which a portion is unvested, was estimated assuming the following: weighted

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average expected life of five years, dividend yield of 0.0 percent, risk-free interest rate of 6.5 percent, and expected volatility of 154.5 percent for grants in 2004 and 126.3 in 2002. No options were granted in the first quarter of 2006.

NOTE 6 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company and its subsidiaries operate principally in two business segments consisting of insurance and online commerce. The insurance segment consists primarily of underwriting through UPCIC, managing general agent operations through Universal Risk Advisors, Inc., claims processing through Universal Adjusting Corporation, property inspections through Universal Inspection Corporation and marketing and distribution through Coastal Homeowners Insurance Specialists, Inc. and Universal Florida Insurance Agency, Inc. The insurance segment sells homeowner's insurance and includes substantially all aspects of the insurance, distribution and claims process. The online commerce segment consists of Internet insurance leads generated through Tigerquote.com and commissions on policies placed by Tigerquote.com Insurance Solutions, Inc.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the

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summary of the significant accounting policies and practices. The Company evaluates its business segments based on GAAP pretax operating earnings. Corporate overhead expenses are allocated to business segments. Transactions between reportable segments are accounted for at fair value.

Operating segments that are not individually reportable, based on the extent of the current operations in such segments, are included in the "All Other" category. The "All Other" category currently includes the operations of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc., Tiger Home Services, Inc. and other entities.

Information regarding components of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

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	Three months ended March 31,	
	2006	2005
Total revenue		
Insurance segment	\$5,625,545	\$1,984,960
Online commerce segment	0	113,419
Corporate and other	29,002	33,256
	-----	-----
Total operating segments	5,654,547	2,131,635
Intercompany eliminations	(25,272)	0
	-----	-----
Total revenues	\$5,629,275	\$2,131,635
	=====	=====
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		
Insurance segment	\$5,400,023	\$1,481,161
Online commerce segment	(30,139)	(43,309)
Corporate and other	(579,548)	(436,835)
	-----	-----
Total earnings before income taxes	\$4,790,336	\$1,001,017
	=====	=====

Information regarding total assets as of March 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2006	
Total assets		
Insurance segment	\$158,803,760	
Online commerce segment	76,653	
Corporate and other	4,249,388	

Total operating segments	163,129,801	
Intercompany eliminations	(813,657)	

Total assets	\$162,316,144	
	=====	

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

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Dennis Downes and Associates, a multi-line insurance adjustment corporation based in Deerfield Beach, Florida performs certain claims adjusting work for UPCIC. Dennis Downes and Associates is owned by Dennis Downes, who is the father of Sean P. Downes, Chief Operating Officer, Senior Vice President and a Director of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company expensed claims adjusting fees of \$375,779 and \$69,040 respectively, to Dennis Downes and Associates.

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In July 2004, the Company borrowed monies from a private investor in the amount of \$175,000 for working capital. In August 2005, this individual's son, Michael P. Moran, became UPCIC's Vice President of Claims. The loan was paid off in January 2006.

NOTE 8 - STOCK ISSUANCES

In February 2006, the Company issued 350,000 shares of Common Stock to a private investor pursuant to the exercise of warrants to purchase restricted Common Stock.

NOTE 9 - PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX EXPENSE

A provision for income tax expense of \$1,477,742 is recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2006 as a result of utilization of operating loss carry-forwards and current profitable operations. No provision had been recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2005 due to the substantial operating loss carry-forwards and corresponding valuation allowance that existed at that time.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

The following discussion and analysis by management of the Company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made by the Company's management may be considered to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Reform Litigation Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on various factors and assumptions that include known and unknown risks and uncertainties. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," and "project," and similar expressions, identify forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. Such statements may include, but not be limited to, projections of revenues, income or loss, expenses, plans, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. Future results could differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements as a result of the risks set forth in the following discussion, among others.

OVERVIEW

The Company is a vertically integrated insurance holding company. The Company, through its subsidiaries, is currently engaged in insurance underwriting, distribution and claims. UPCIC generates revenue from the collection and investment of premiums. The Company's agency operations, which include Universal Florida Insurance Agency and Coastal Homeowners Insurance

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Specialists, Inc., generate income from commissions. Universal Risk Advisors, Inc., the Company's managing general agent, generates revenue through policy fee income and other administrative fees from the marketing of UPCIC's and third-party insurance products through the Company's distribution network and UPCIC. Universal Risk Life Advisors, Inc. was formed to be the Company's managing general agent for life insurance products. In addition, the Company has formed an independent claims adjusting company, Universal Adjusting Corporation, which adjusts UPCIC claims, and an inspection company, Universal Inspection Corporation, which performs property inspections for homeowners' policies underwritten by UPCIC.

The Company has formed subsidiaries that were to specialize in selling insurance and generating insurance leads via the Internet. Tigerquote.com Insurance & Financial Services Group, Inc. was to be an Internet insurance lead generating network, and Tigerquote.com Insurance Solutions, Inc., was to be a network of Internet insurance agencies. At March 31, 2006, agencies have been established in 22 states. Separate legal entities have been formed for each state and are governed by the respective states' departments of insurance. None

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of the agencies are currently active as the Company changed its focus to sell leads to other companies and independent agents. During the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company decided to stop generating new business on its direct sales operation and focus on its core operations.

The Company also formed Tiger Home Services, Inc., which furnished pool services to homeowners until the operation was sold during the second quarter of 2005.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2006 aggregated \$50,004,298. The source of liquidity for possible claims payments consists of net premiums after deductions for expenses, reinsurance recoverables and short-term loans.

UPCIC believes that premiums will be sufficient to meet UPCIC's working capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. The Company's policy is to invest amounts considered to be in excess of current working capital requirements. At March 31, 2006, the Company's investments were comprised of \$50,004,298 in cash and overnight repurchase agreements and \$3,169,021 in real estate consisting of a building purchased by UPCIC that the Company is currently using as its home office.

Policies originally obtained from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association ("JUA") provided the opportunity for UPCIC to solicit future renewal premiums. Less than 15% of the policies obtained from the JUA are currently renewed with the Company. UPCIC does not expect to participate in takeouts of additional policies from the JUA. In 1998 the Company began to solicit business actively in the open market in an effort to further grow its insurance operations. Through renewal of JUA business combined with business solicited in the market through independent agents, UPCIC is currently servicing approximately 110,000 homeowners and dwelling fire insurance policies.

The Company, as noted above, diversified its operations by establishing online commerce and other ancillary operations. However, the Company is currently contemplating the sale of the online commerce division in order to further focus on the core property and casualty insurance business.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 VERSUS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

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Gross premiums written increased 167.3% to \$36,844,517 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$13,781,499 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. The increase in gross premiums written is primarily attributable to an approximate 159.5% increase in new business as well as an overall 7.8% premium rate increase. The increase in new business is partially attributable to the recent windstorm catastrophes providing an opportunity in the otherwise competitive marketplace as certain companies are not accepting new business.

Net premiums earned increased 257.9% to \$4,285,586 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$1,197,562 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. The increase is due to an increase in new business, premium rate increases and changes in the reinsurance program.

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Investment income increased 86.0% to \$383,967 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$206,415 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. The increase is primarily due to higher investment balances that resulted from advances from reinsurers and a higher interest rate environment during the three-months ended March 31, 2006.

Transaction fee revenue decreased 100.0% to \$0 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$112,734 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. The decrease is primarily due to the discontinuance of sales of on-line insurance leads to insurance agents during the three-month period ended March 31, 2006.

Other revenue decreased 39.7% to \$38,830 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$64,349 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. The decrease is primarily attributable to no activity in the direct sales and service operations during the three-month ended March 31, 2006.

Commission income increased 67.3% to \$920,892 for three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$550,575 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. Commission income is comprised principally of the managing general agent's policy fee income on all new and renewal insurance policies and commissions generated from agency operations. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in commissions generated from agency operations on new policies.

Net losses and loss adjustment expense ("LAE") incurred increased 464.2% to \$919,123 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$162,912 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. Losses and LAE incurred increased due to increased exposure due to increased premium volume and changes in the Company's reinsurance program. The Company's net loss ratio for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 was 21.4% compared to 13.6% for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005. Losses and LAE are influenced by loss severity and frequency. The Company's net loss ratio increased principally due to the higher frequency and severity of claims in the three-month period ended March 31, 2006. Losses and LAE, the Company's most significant expenses, represent actual payments made net of reinsurance and changes in estimated future net payments to be made to or on behalf of its policyholders, including expenses required to settle claims and losses.

Catastrophes are an inherent risk of the property-liability insurance business which may contribute to material year-to-year fluctuations in UPCIC's and the Company's results of operations and financial position. During 2005, Florida experienced three windstorm catastrophes (Hurricanes Dennis, Katrina and Wilma) which resulted in losses. As a result of these storms, the Company currently estimates it incurred \$64,267,953 in losses prior to reinsurance and

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\$4,050,000 net of reinsurance. The level of catastrophe loss experienced in any year cannot be predicted and could be material to the results of operations and financial position. While management believes UPCIC's and the Company's catastrophe management strategies will reduce the severity of future losses, UPCIC and the Company continue to be exposed to catastrophic losses.

General and administrative expenses decreased to \$(80,184) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 from \$967,706 for the three-month

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period ended March 31, 2005. General and administrative expenses decreased and are negative, primarily due to an increase in the dollar amount of ceded premiums written to quota share reinsurers related to the increase in direct premiums written as well as a higher ceding commission percentage on the contract that incepted on December 1, 2005. The Company's ceding commission for the incremental 25% ceding percentage at December 1, 2005 is 35%. The ceding commission on the previous 55% ceding percentage is 31%.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of cash flow are premium revenues, commissions, policy fees, investment income and reinsurance recoverables and short-term loans.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2006, cash flows provided by operating activities were \$2,075,356. Cash flows from operating activities are expected to be positive in both the short-term and reasonably foreseeable future. In addition, the Company's investment portfolio is highly liquid as it consists almost entirely of cash and readily marketable securities.

In June 2005, the Company borrowed monies from two private investors and issued two promissory notes for the aggregate principal sum of \$1,000,000 payable in 10 monthly installments of \$100,000. Payment on one note commences on June 30, 2006 and commences on the other note on November 30, 2006. The loan amount subsequently was contributed to UPCIC as additional paid-in-capital. In conjunction with the notes, the Company granted a warrant to one of the investors to purchase 200,000 shares of restricted Common Stock at an exercise price of \$.05 per share, expiring in June 2010. These transactions were approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

In order to improve the Company's financial position and achieve profitable operations, management has implemented rate increases for new and renewal business, has restructured the homeowners' coverage offered, has restructured its catastrophic reinsurance coverage to reduce cost, and has worked to control future general and administrative expenses.

Management believes that the continued implementation of these plans will be successful over the next twelve months. However, there can be no assurance that successful implementation of these plans will be achieved or will be sufficient to ensure UPCIC's future compliance with Florida insurance regulations, or that the Company will be able to maintain profitability. Failure by UPCIC to maintain the required level of statutory capital and surplus could result in the suspension of UPCIC's authority to write new or renewal business, other regulatory actions or ultimately, in the revocation of UPCIC's certificate of authority by the Florida Office of Insurance Regulation ("OIR").

The Company believes that its current capital resources together with management's plan as described above will be sufficient to support current operations and expected growth for at least twelve months.

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On March 29, 2006 the Company declared a dividend of \$.04 per share on the outstanding Common Stock of the Company to be paid on May 6, 2006 to the shareholders of record of the Company at the close of business on April 21, 2006. The dividend payable amount of \$1,488,851 is accrued in the March 31, 2006 balance sheet.

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The property and casualty reinsurance industry is subject to the same market conditions as the direct property and casualty insurance market, and there can be no assurance that reinsurance will be available to UPCIC to the same extent and at the same cost as currently in place for UPCIC. Future increases in catastrophe reinsurance costs are possible and could adversely affect UPCIC's results.

The balance of cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2006 is \$50,004,298. Most of this amount is available to pay claims in the event of catastrophic events pending reimbursement by reinsurers. Catastrophic reinsurance is recoverable upon presentation to the reinsurer of evidence of claim payment.

Generally accepted accounting principles differ in some respects from reporting practices prescribed or permitted by the OIR. To retain its certificate of authority, the Florida insurance laws and regulations require that UPCIC maintain capital and surplus equal to the statutory minimum capital and surplus requirement defined in the Florida Insurance Code. UPCIC's statutory capital and surplus exceeded the minimum capital and surplus requirements of \$4,000,000 as of March 31, 2006. UPCIC is also required to adhere to prescribed premium-to-capital surplus ratios.

The maximum amount of dividends which can be paid by Florida insurance companies without prior approval of the OIR Commissioner is subject to restrictions relating to statutory surplus. The maximum dividend that may be paid by UPCIC without prior approval is limited to the lesser of statutory net income from operations of the preceding calendar year or 10.0% of statutory unassigned surplus as of the preceding year end. Statutory unassigned surplus (deficit) at December 31, 2005 was \$(1,995,376).

The Company is required to comply with the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's ("NAIC") Risk-Based Capital ("RBC") requirements. RBC requirements prescribe a method of measuring the amount of capital appropriate for an insurance company to support its overall business operations in light of its size and risk profile. NAIC's RBC requirements are used by regulators to determine appropriate regulatory actions relating to insurers who show signs of weak or deteriorating condition. As of December 31, 2005, based on calculations using the appropriate NAIC RBC formula, the Company's reported total adjusted capital was in excess of the requirements.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

There were no off-balance sheet arrangements during the first three months of 2006.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures

The Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of the

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period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by

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this report to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commissions rules and forms. There was no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company did not have any reportable legal proceedings during the three months ending March 31, 2006. Certain claims and complaints have been filed or are pending against the Company with respect to various matters. In the opinion of management, none of these lawsuits is material, and they are adequately provided for or covered by insurance or, if not so covered, are without any or have little merit or involve such amounts that if disposed of unfavorably would not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In February 2006, the Company issued 350,000 shares of Common Stock to a private investor pursuant to the exercise of warrants to purchase restricted Common Stock. In April 2006, the Company issued 200,000 shares of Common Stock to a vendor pursuant to the exercise of warrants to purchase restricted Common Stock. Also in April 2006, the Company issued 200,000 shares of restricted Common Stock to Sean P. Downes, COO of UPCIC, pursuant to Mr. Downes' exercise of stock options and 123,077 shares of Common Stock pursuant to Mr. Downes' election to receive such shares in lieu of accrued vacation. The shares were issued to Mr. Downes in a private transaction pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Also in April 2006, the Company issued 10,000 shares of Common Stock to Reed J. Slogoff, a Director of the Company, pursuant to the exercise of options to purchase restricted Common Stock.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

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Exhibit No. Exhibit
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11.1 Statement Regarding Computation of Per Share Income
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to
 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to
 Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to
 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to
 Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32 Certification of Chief Executive officer and Chief
 Financial Officer Pursuant to Title 18, United States
 Code, Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906
 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: May 15, 2006

/s/ Bradley I. Meier

Bradley I. Meier, President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ James M. Lynch

James M. Lynch, Chief Financial Officer