

INTEGRAMED AMERICA INC  
Form 10-K  
March 09, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 0-20260

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

06-1150326  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Two Manhattanville Road, Purchase, New York  
(Address of principal executive offices)

10577  
(Zip Code)

(914) 253-8000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class                      Name of each exchange on which registered

Common Stock, \$.01 par value                      NASDAQ Global Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes                      No                      X

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15 (d) of the Act.

Yes                      No                      X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

No

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Indicate by check mark whether registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [ ] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (17 CFR 229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K [X ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer" "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer:	Accelerated	
	Filer	X
Non-Accelerated	Small Reporting Company	

Filer: (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes            No    X

Aggregate market value of voting stock (Common Stock, \$.01 par value) held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$95.8 million on June 30, 2010 based on the closing sales price of the Common Stock on such date.

The aggregate number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding was approximately 11,793,000 on February 7, 2010.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

See Part III hereof with respect to incorporation by reference from the Registrant's definitive proxy statement for the Registrant's 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. Business

#### Overview –

We manage highly specialized outpatient centers in emerging, technology-based, niche medical markets. Currently, we are a leading manager of fertility centers and vein clinics in the United States. We provide services and products through two operating segments (Attain® Fertility Centers and Vein Clinics) and shared support services through our corporate office. We provide our fertility centers and vein clinics with administrative services such as finance, accounting, human resources, risk management, legal and purchasing support; marketing and sales support; internet marketing and website support; access to integrated information systems; in some instances, non-physician personnel; and access to capital for financing clinic operations and expansion.

#### Attain Fertility Centers Division

Our Attain Fertility Centers Division provides a number of services to fertility centers across the United States. These services include business and management services to a network of 14 contracted fertility centers in our Partner Program, and our Attain IVF products to both our 14 contracted fertility centers and an additional 28 affiliate fertility centers. Our Partner and Affiliate fertility centers offer a range of diagnostic and fertility treatment options to patients. The fertility centers' physicians perform diagnostic tests on both women and men to determine the cause of infertility and each fertility center has an endocrine and andrology laboratory on site in order to perform and expedite infertility analyses. Once the cause of infertility is identified, several treatment options are offered to patients, including IVF treatment, frozen embryo transfer, intrauterine insemination and minimally invasive surgery to correct anatomical reproductive problems. A typical fertility center is staffed by three or more physicians, a scientist, embryologists, nurses, support staff and ultrasound technicians and has on-site laboratories.

The main operations of our Attain Fertility Centers Division currently focus on the following two areas:

**Business and Management Services:** A suite of services which we provide to fertility centers that enters into a management service agreement with the Company. These services include all aspects of running the practice outside of providing medical care (examples include, marketing, customer service, financing, information technology, human resources, and legal services).

**Attain IVF programs:** which are designed to help patients attain their goal of starting a family. We offer our Attain IVF programs directly to fertility patients, including patients of our Partner centers and patients of the division's contracted network of independent medical providers under its Affiliate Program.

Business and Management Services Overview:

We provide a number of business and management services to both our partners (those who we have a management service agreement in place for) and affiliates (fertility centers who obtain a smaller number of services from us, primarily in acquiring patients).

Our 14 partner practices serve 16 metropolitan markets across the United States. We believe these 14 Partner centers are the largest managed network of fertility centers in the United States, with 63 locations and 97 physicians and PhD scientists, accounting for approximately 15% of the total in vitro fertilization (“IVF”) procedures performed in the United States in 2008, which is the latest period for which third-party data are available. The division supports fertility centers’ operations and growth by providing access to information systems such as our proprietary

ARTworks® electronic medical records software as well as medical equipment and facilities, non-physician personnel, patient relationship management and marketing and financial support services.

Our Affiliate Program allows fertility centers to pay fees to receive selected management services that we provide to our Partners, such as internet marketing and access to the Council of Physicians and Scientists (the “Council”). We also provide our Affiliates with access to our Attain IVF programs. Historically, we provided services to our Affiliates on an exclusive basis in the area in which the Affiliate operates, but Affiliates’ access to our Attain IVF programs is generally subject to achievement of certain benchmarks, including with respect to Attain IVF enrollments; however, in July 2009 we began allowing access to our Attain IVF programs on a non-exclusive basis in new markets. As of December 31, 2010, we had contracted with 28 Affiliate fertility centers. During 2008, our Affiliate fertility centers collectively provided 10% of the total IVF procedures in the United States.

Practices enter into Partner relationships with us to access our suite of services and management expertise to help them grow their practice and improve margins. We provide expertise in planning, execution, funding and operational integration to support growth and improve efficiencies. We help our practices adapt and thrive in a dynamic industry. We believe IVF volume growth at our Partner practices has consistently outpaced the national average and their competition.

When establishing a Partner relationship, we typically acquire the assets of a fertility center, enter into a long-term comprehensive business service agreement with the center and assume most administrative and financial functions of the center. Generally we pay a fixed sum for the exclusive right to service the fertility center. These agreements are typically for terms of 10 to 25 years and contain automatic renewal provisions. Some of these agreements also contain provisions that allow the Partner fertility center to terminate the agreement, upon 12 months’ prior notice, at any time after five years from the agreement’s effective date. Partners typically have obligations upon termination in certain circumstances, such as purchasing the assets used in operating the fertility center and making payments based on recent revenues. Partners also agree to promote their practices by, among other things, participating in marketing programs we develop for them. Typically, the fertility center contracting with us is a professional corporation in which the key physicians are the shareholders. Generally, no shareholder of a Partner fertility center may assign his or her interest in the Partner fertility center without our written consent.

We require each professional corporation operating in our Partner fertility centers to enter into employment agreements with all key physicians at that center. These employment agreements typically have five-year terms and contain provisions prohibiting the key physicians from practicing reproductive endocrinology, infertility medicine or assisted reproductive technology in competition with us, within a specified area, for the term of the agreement and for 12 to 24 months thereafter in states where this is not prohibite. Although it is unclear whether these non-competition provisions would be enforceable if challenged, we have not experienced significant competition from physicians who formerly practiced at our Partner centers. We also usually enter into a personal responsibility agreement directly with each physician shareholder of the practice. The personal responsibility agreement obligates a physician shareholder to repay us a proportionate amount of the exclusive right to service fee payment received by that physician shareholder if he or she leaves the practice sooner than five years after the payment.

Under 13 of our current Partner agreements, as compensation for our services we receive a three-part fee comprised of: a percentage of net revenues, generally between 3% and 6%; reimbursed costs of services (costs incurred in providing services to a fertility center and any costs paid on behalf of the fertility center); and either a fixed amount or a percentage of the center’s earnings, which currently ranges from 10% to 20%, but may be subject to limits. Our remaining Partner agreement is a cost-plus arrangement in which we receive a fee for our Reimbursed Cost of Services, plus an additional fee equal to 9.5% of those costs.

Attain IVF Program Overview:

Our Attain IVF programs serve as patient recruitment and case management vehicles where the patient contracts with us to provide the program services described below. Our Partners and Affiliates are bound by the terms of the program through participation agreements that support our packaged pricing. These programs are designed to make the fertility treatment process easier for patients by providing a continuum of services over an extended period, if necessary. Our Attain IVF programs achieve this objective by offering the following services:

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- Patient recruitment via internet web portals and search engines, in-clinic educational materials, in-clinic contact with fertility specialists and on-line contact with patient service specialists;
- Educating patients as to the benefits of various treatment options offered by our network of contracted medical providers which have been tailored to appeal to patients at various stages of their reproductive lives and with various medical conditions;
- Explaining the financial costs and patient responsibilities of the various treatment options;
- Educating patients as to the various financing options offered by our Attain IVF programs and referring them to sources of third-party financing when requested;
- Coordinating an initial medical assessment required for entry into our Attain IVF programs;
- Arranging treatment with an Affiliate or a Partner center for all treatment cycles used by the patient; and
- Providing on-going case management, treatment plan monitoring and evaluation services.

Patients enrolling in our Attain IVF programs can select from various treatment and financing options which are designed to appeal to patients at different stages of their reproductive lives and with different financial needs and resources. The average cost of one fresh IVF cycle was approximately \$12,400 according to the American Society for Reproductive Medicine. According to our estimates, the average cost of a frozen embryo transfer is approximately \$3,000. The Attain IVF Refund Program allows medically cleared patients to pay an up-front deposit of approximately twice the average cost of a fresh IVF cycle in return for up to six treatment cycles (consisting of three fresh IVF cycles and three frozen embryo transfers) with a refund if treatment does not result in a baby. The refund is equal to 70% of the contract amount for patients using their own eggs and 100% of the contract amount if the patient uses donor eggs. The Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program allows all patients, including those who are not medically cleared for our Attain IVF Refund Program, to pay a single fee, which is slightly less than the average cost of two fresh IVF cycles, in return for up to four treatment cycles (consisting of two fresh IVF cycles and two frozen embryo transfers). The fertility treatment cycles are provided to patients by fertility centers with which we contract for participation in the program. The benefits of our Attain IVF programs to our fertility centers include: allowing for patients to commit to multiple fertility treatments which improves treatment volume and revenues; insulating the centers from refund risk; managing cash and administrative details associated with our Attain IVF programs; and enabling physicians to maintain a traditional fee for service arrangement without the appearance of conflicts of interest that otherwise might arise from self administering a refund program. The benefits of our Attain IVF programs to patients include: improved success rates associated with multiple fertility treatment cycles; increased financial certainty relating to the cost of the fertility treatment process; and, in the case of our Attain IVF Refund Program, a significant financial refund should the treatments be unsuccessful.

We receive payment directly from patients who participate in our Attain IVF programs. By contract, 30% of the Attain IVF Refund Program contract amount is non-refundable (for the non-donor egg option) and is recognized ratably (on a fair value basis) as revenues over the course of the patient's treatment cycles. If the patient achieves pregnancy prior to the completion of the last available treatment cycle, then the remaining unamortized portion of the non-refundable fee is immediately recognized as income. The remaining 70% of revenues are recorded upon the patient becoming pregnant and achieving a fetal heartbeat. For the donor egg option, for which 100% of the contract

amount is refundable, all revenues are recorded upon the patient becoming pregnant and achieving a fetal heartbeat. We are able to record income at the time of pregnancy for our Attain IVF Refund Program, as we have substantially completed our fertility obligation to the patient and we can accurately estimate the amount of expenses or refunds that will become due if there is a pregnancy loss. We are able to make these estimates for pregnancy loss based upon reliable Company specific data with respect to the large homogeneous population we have served for more than seven years. Expenses prior to pregnancy related to the program are recorded as incurred. All of the amounts shown on the balance sheets in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report as Attain IVF Refund Program deferred revenues and other patient deposits consist of unrecognized program enrollment/service fees and potentially refundable contract amounts for enrolled patients who have not had a successful pregnancy outcome and deposits received from patients who have not yet commenced treatment under the program.



Due to the characteristics of our Attain IVF programs, we pay for a patient's treatment costs in excess of their contract amount should the initial treatment cycles be unsuccessful. In order to moderate and manage the likelihood that we will need to pay for these treatment costs, we have developed a sophisticated statistical model and case management program in which Attain IVF Refund Program patients are pre-approved prior to enrollment in the program. We also continuously review patients' clinical criteria as they undergo treatment. If, while undergoing treatment, a patient's clinical response falls outside our criteria for participation in Attain IVF programs, we have the right to remove that individual from the program, with an applicable refund to the patient. To date, our case management process has been effective in managing the risks associated with our Attain IVF Refund Program within expected limits. A patient has the right to withdraw from our Attain IVF Refund Program at any time and will be issued an applicable refund.

Our Attain Fertility Centers Division also supports the Council of Physicians and Scientists for leading fertility providers, which we established 15 years ago. The Council is comprised mostly of representatives from our fertility network and brings together leaders in reproductive medicine and embryology with the goal of promoting a high quality clinical environment throughout our fertility center network. The Council meets regularly and conducts bi-monthly teleconferences on topics related to improving infertility diagnosis, treatment and success rates. Additionally, the Council helps to establish the principles of our culture of safety. We believe our centers follow the Practice and Ethics Guidelines for clinical practice set forth by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine. Our partners have also achieved accreditation from the American Association for Ambulatory Healthcare, the College of American Pathologists and other similar accreditation organizations, which demonstrates our commitment to compliance with nationally recognized standards for laboratory services, patient safety and quality patient care.

We assisted in the organization of, and obtained a minority equity interest in, an offshore captive insurance company called Assisted Reproductive Technology Insurance Company ("ARTIC"), which is designed to moderate the cost of malpractice insurance to Partners and Affiliates of our fertility network who participate. Most of the equity of ARTIC is owned by various physician practices that are members of our fertility network, and we have no future obligations to provide additional funding to ARTIC. On January 1, 2005, ARTIC began providing malpractice insurance coverage to the majority of the physician practices within our Partner fertility network.

Insurance and managed care payors, depending on the plan under which a patient is covered, reimburse certain services that our Partners provide, such as diagnostic testing, surgeries and, in certain circumstances, fertility treatments. However, the charges for assisted reproduction technology ("ART") services our Partners primarily provide are often paid directly by patients, including through programs such as our Attain IVF programs. Several states mandate offering certain benefits of varying degrees for ART services. For example, in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Maryland and Illinois, the mandate requires coverage for many, but not necessarily all, ART services provided by our Partners. Approximately 50% of our Partner centers' payments were derived from third-party payors for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, all of which was provided by private payors. Contractual arrangements with third-party payors typically are for a term of one year, may be terminated by either party upon 90 days' notice any time after the initial one-year term and contain automatic annual renewal provisions. Contractual arrangements with third-party payors also typically include payment terms and schedules of rates, although those payment terms and schedules of rates are subject to renegotiation after the initial term of the contract. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with the terms of our contractual arrangements with them, third-party payors paid approximately 50% of the charges billed to them by our Partner Centers. We are aware of efforts to expand mandated coverage to additional states, but it is unclear if these efforts will be successful.

If in the future mandates are enacted by additional states, we expect the impact on our Partner fertility centers to be neutral to positive, as such mandates would likely increase the market for fertility center services, but at payment rates that are lower than the amounts typically paid directly by patients.



## Vein Clinics Division

Our Vein Clinics Division was formed on August 8, 2007, with the purchase of Vein Clinics of America, Inc. (“VCA”), a company that had been in business since 1981. Our Vein Clinics Division provides business and management services to a network of 42 vein clinics located in 14 states. We believe our vein clinics network is the largest single network of vein care providers in the United States. These clinics provide specialized treatment for patients suffering from vein diseases and other vein disorders, such as varicose veins, spider veins and venous ulcers.

We offer vein care services and support, including arranging training for physicians, clinical and financial information systems, revenue cycle management, yield management, sales and marketing services, group purchasing, non-physician personnel, facilities, site selection and development and other operational functions to support the clinic. The division supports vein practice operations and growth by providing access to information systems such as our proprietary Virtual Physician Assistant (“VPA”) information system, which is an end-to-end patient and clinic operating system that provides decision support and revenue cycle functions. A typical vein practice averages 2,500 to 3,500 square feet in size and is located in an affluent, growing community. Each clinic has a standardized operational structure composed of a phlebologist (a physician specialized in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of venous origin), nurse, ultrasound technologist, office manager and assistant. Medical services or treatments are provided to vein care patients by physicians who are employed by professional corporations, whose financial condition, results of operations and cash flows are consolidated with our consolidated financial statements.

Our Vein Clinic Division’s philosophy of patient care is based on complete disease management, from initial screening to treatment to follow up. Each step in this process is critical to the patient’s successful outcome. Our practices currently use Endovenous Laser Treatment (“ELT”) as well as sclerotherapy to treat vein diseases such as varicose vein and spider veins. Our practices use extensive and sophisticated ultrasound mapping prior to treatment, which we believe results in a more effective treatment plan. Rigorous post-treatment follow up identifies any residual or emerging issues so that they can be quickly managed before the disease worsens.

Our Vein Clinics Division depends upon third-party payors, including governmental and private insurance programs, to pay for most treatments provided to patients. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, approximately 67% and 62% of payments received by our Vein Clinics Division were from managed care programs, respectively, 16% and 20% were from commercial insurers, respectively, 14% and 13% were from Medicare, respectively, with any remaining payments received directly from patients.

The private third-party payors providing reimbursement to our vein practices include standard indemnity insurance programs as well as managed care programs, such as preferred provider organizations and health maintenance organizations. These third-party payors provide reimbursement to our vein clinics at negotiated rates, which approximate 43% of the billed charges, for medically necessary treatments. Most ELT treatments for varicose veins and venous leg ulcers provided at our vein practices are reimbursed by third-party payors. However, third-party payors generally do not cover sclerotherapy or treatments they determine are not medically necessary, such as the cosmetic treatment of spider veins. In some cases, third-party payors require prior authorization of varicose vein treatment to provide reimbursement. Contractual arrangements with third-party payors typically are for a term of one year, may be terminated by either party upon 60 to 90 days’ notice after the initial term and contain automatic annual renewal provisions. Contractual arrangements with third-party payors also typically include payment terms and schedules of rates that are subject to change by the third-party payor upon as little as 30 days’ notice. Payments from Medicare are paid in accordance with a set fee schedule and are subject to change or review by governmental authorities.

Once our Vein Clinics Division has facilitated a vein practice’s establishment, we enter into a contract with the professional corporation operating in our clinic. Unlike our Partner fertility centers, the physicians who are employed at our vein practices typically do not have an ownership interest in the medical practice. A “friendly physician” model is

often used for ownership, pursuant to which we are the primary beneficiary and obligor of the vein practice's operations; however, we also own and operate vein practices through subsidiaries in two states where we are not prohibited from doing so under applicable corporate practice of medicine laws. Under the terms of our contracts with the vein practices, we have sole and exclusive responsibility to manage the non-medical operations of the practice and the physicians have sole responsibility for the medical and clinical aspects of the practice. Our contracts with the vein practice provide that we are responsible for the leasing of space, obtaining all equipment and services needed, providing all billing and collections functions, arranging for and supervising all non-physician personnel and providing services so they can market their own practices. In exchange for our services, our contracts

with the vein practices provide that the vein practice pay us a fee equal to 150% of our expenses of operating and managing the vein clinics. These fees have historically exceeded the operating margin generated by any particular vein practice prior to payment of the management fee. Accordingly, each vein practice only pays the portion of the management fee that is equal to the amount of revenue generated by the practice annually up to the 150% amount. As a result, our vein practices (the professional corporation) do not generate any net profits at year end. Our contracts with the vein practices are typically for 25 years with renewal rights. In the event of early termination, any accrued obligations remain outstanding until satisfied. We also have the right at any time to cause the “friendly physician” to transfer his or her ownership in a vein practice to another physician designated by us.

We require each professional corporation operating in our vein practices to enter into an employment agreement with the physician practicing at that site. The employment agreement typically has a term of one year and automatically renews for additional one-year periods unless terminated by either party. The physician generally is required to pay the clinic either \$75,000 or \$50,000 if the agreement is terminated prior to three years from the physician’s first employment with the practice, with the amount due depending on the time of termination. This requirement helps defray the training expenses we incur when we assist the physician in establishing a practice. The physician also usually covenants not to compete with the practice or provide medical services in the treatment of varicose veins or other venous diseases, within a specified area, during the agreement’s term and for two years thereafter. Although it is unclear whether these non-competition provisions would be enforceable if challenged, we have not experienced significant competition from physicians who formerly practiced at our vein practices.

Since our acquisition of VCA in August 2007, we have made significant investments in this division’s infrastructure, which have been designed to allow us to open new practices at a more rapid and sustained pace utilizing a replicable model. These investments include:

- Physician recruiting and training. The business model for our Vein Clinics Division depends on being able to identify, recruit and train new physicians to staff new clinics. We have invested in additional professional personnel as well as other recruiting and training assets to support scaled growth in the future.
- Regional management. We have established a regional management infrastructure to manage the day-to-day operations of the expanding Vein Clinics Division clinical network and anticipate continued investment in regional management talent as our clinic base expands.
- Revenue cycle management. Over the past several years, the market for vein care has undergone a shift from private out of pocket payment by patients to an environment where most treatment is covered by insurance. This shift has caused us to make heavy investments in physician credentialing, working capital and improved billing and collections personnel, systems and procedures. These investments will continue as the business grows.
- New practice development. With our planned roll-out of new practice openings, we are making investments in personnel and procedures for identifying opportunities and opening new practices in existing and new markets.
- Marketing and sales. We have established more formal, physician referral and direct-to-consumer marketing programs.

Shared Services Group

Through our corporate Shared Services group, we provide the following support to our Attain Fertility Centers and Vein Clinics Divisions:

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- **Administrative Services.** Our Shared Services group provides our contracted fertility centers and vein clinics with administrative services, including: accounting and financial services, such as accounts payable, payroll and financial reporting; human resources administration; legal services; risk management; insurance; information systems and services; and strategic planning.
- **Access to Capital.** We believe we provide our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics with a competitive advantage through access to capital for funding accounts receivable, expansion and growth. We provide our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics with efficient access to capital which allows them to obtain current technologies, equipment and facilities that enable them to provide a full spectrum of services to effectively compete for patients. For example, we have built new clinical facilities housing state-of-the-art fertility and vein clinics for numerous providers which has enabled them to expand their health care treatment offerings to a wider population of patients.
- **Integrated Information Systems.** Using our established base of treatment providers, we are continuously developing integrated information systems to collect and analyze clinical, patient, financial and marketing data, which we believe allow us to more effectively control expenses and improve cash collections at our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics. Our proprietary ARTworks clinical software provides electronic medical records, treatment plan and success rate research capabilities, decision support functionality and clinical risk management services, which we believe makes our physicians more efficient and improves quality of care. We provide our vein clinics access to our proprietary VPA information system, which is an end-to-end patient and clinic operating system that provides decision support and revenue cycle functions.
- **Human Resources.** Our Shared Services group provides our contracted fertility centers and vein clinics with human resources services, including: policies and procedures; arranging for comprehensive benefits and managing the implementation of those benefits; wage and hour administration; performance reviews; job descriptions; and overall human capital management.

## Our Industries

### Reproductive Medicine

Reproductive medicine encompasses the medical discipline that focuses on male and female reproductive systems and processes. According to a recent industry estimate, approximately 10% of U.S. couples have trouble conceiving. There are many reasons why couples have difficulty conceiving, and accurate identification of a specific cause of infertility can be time consuming, expensive and requires access to specialized diagnostic and treatment services. Reproductive endocrinologists are specialized physicians who perform these more sophisticated medical and surgical fertility diagnoses and treatments. Reproductive endocrinologists generally have completed a minimum of four years of residency training in obstetrics and gynecology and have at least two years of additional training in an approved subspecialty fellowship program. There are approximately 1,400 practicing reproductive endocrinologists offering fertility services across 480 fertility centers in the United States. According to Marketdata Enterprises, Inc., expenditures relating to fertility services in the U.S. market were estimated at approximately \$4 billion for 2008. The fertility services market is highly fragmented among providers in each major local market as well as on a national basis.

Fertility services include diagnostic tests performed on both the female and male. Depending on the results of the diagnostic tests performed, treatment options may include, among others, fertility drug therapy, artificial insemination and fertility surgeries to correct anatomical problems. Procedures that require gametes (sperm and eggs) to be handled in vitro (outside the body) are classified as ART services. Current types of ART services include IVF, frozen embryo transfers, donor egg programs as well as other more specialized treatments. IVF treatments are the most frequently employed form of ART, with 107,095 fresh IVF cycles performed in the United States in 2008 (Society of Assisted Reproductive Technology). Current techniques used in connection with IVF services include intracytoplasmic sperm injection, assisted hatching, cryopreservation of embryos, pre-implantation genetic diagnosis and blastocyst culture and transfer.



Although demand for advanced reproductive medicine and treatment is highly correlated with larger demographic trends and we believe market growth will be driven in the future for the following reasons:

- The quality of treatment is improving, increasing pregnancy success rates;
- Improvements in embryo culture media and implantation rates are leading to the capability of reducing high order multiple births, which is one of the greatest risk factors in this industry;
- With improving pregnancy rates, the cost of treatment is decreasing thereby making these services more affordable;
- Demand for reproductive medical services is increasing through greater public awareness and acceptance of these treatments; and
- Couples are delaying child birth until later in life. In 2006, approximately one out of every 12 first births was to a woman age 35 or older, compared with one out of every 100 first births in 1970, according to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

While fertility market growth has moderated recently, in line with a demographic trough of couples of family-bearing age and we believe that we are well positioned to increase our share of the fertility market due to the following factors:

- The benefits arising from consolidation, including the economies of scale that can be realized by leveraging a corporate infrastructure like ours to minimize general and administrative expenses as a percentage of fertility center revenues;
- The need for greater efficiencies to offset rising costs and decreases in revenue growth;
- The barriers to establishing new fertility centers, including the capital-intensive nature of acquiring and maintaining state-of-the-art medical equipment, laboratory and clinical facilities and the need to develop and maintain specialized information systems to meet the demands of patients and third-party payors;
- The need for support services like those we provide to address the need for seven-days-a-week service to respond to patient demands and to optimize the outcomes of patient treatments;
- The increased need for marketing services like those we provide to address increasing competition among medical providers specializing in fertility treatment; and
- Our track record of growing contracted fertility center Partners two to three times faster than fertility centers that are not a part of our network, based on the number of fresh IVF cycles performed.

## Vein Disease

Phlebology is the medical specialty concerned with the treatment of vein diseases. Common vein diseases and their symptoms can take many forms, including:

- Varicose veins — which are caused when small valves designed to allow blood to flow in only one direction fail or leak. This causes blood to flow backwards under the force of gravity and pool inside the vein;

- Spider veins — which are very small varicose veins. They are thin, threadlike veins that lie close to the skin's surface and are commonly red or purple in appearance. Spider veins can be hormonally induced and are often associated with pregnancy and menstruation;
- Venous Leg Ulcers — which are non-healing open wounds that are caused by venous pump failure. It usually occurs near the inside of the ankle, but can be found anywhere below the knee. It can occur with or without visible varicose veins;
- Klippel-Trenaunay Syndrome — which is a rare, congenital disorder in which patients usually have one hypertrophied leg, a port wine stain and large varicose veins on the lateral aspect of the leg; and
- Restless Leg Syndrome — which may occur when valves fail, causing blood to reflux, or flow backwards, causing it to pool and stagnate in the veins, leading to aching, throbbing, cramping and fatigue in the legs.

Although there are both surgical as well as minimally invasive treatment protocols for vein disease, we specialize in minimally invasive care. Conventional vein care treatment under both protocols usually begins with an ultrasound assisted mapping to determine the extent of the disease, generally followed by a surgical or minimally invasive treatment protocol. Historically, the most common surgical treatment has been a procedure referred to as vein stripping, which is the surgical removal of surface veins. While still used in some areas, this procedure is much less common. Vein stripping is generally done as an outpatient procedure and is performed while the patient is under general anesthesia. Vein stripping may leave scarring and require an extended recovery time. More common minimally invasive treatments include ELT and sclerotherapy, which are the treatments offered by our practices. ELT is a laser treatment which does not involve hospitalization, general surgery or the potential for significant scarring that is associated with vein stripping. With ELT, after local anesthesia is administered, a small optical fiber is inserted through a needle into the varicose vein under ultrasound guidance. The laser is activated and, as the optic fiber is removed from the vein, it heats and closes the vein. Once the vein is closed, the blood that was circulating through the vein is naturally rerouted to other healthy veins. Over time, the varicose vein is absorbed by the body. Sclerotherapy involves injecting abnormal veins with a solution called a sclerosant. This immediately shrinks the vein and causes it to dissolve over a period of weeks, allowing the body to naturally redirect the blood flow to healthy veins. A typical sclerotherapy treatment may last for 15 to 20 minutes and consists of multiple microinjections.

Various demographic trends are contributing to the growth in demand for vein care. Annual expenditures related to vein care in the United States are approximately \$2 billion and are projected to grow 12% per year through 2010, according to our estimates. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration's approval of lasers for thermal ablation of veins and subsequent establishment of an American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology code for reimbursement by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services has opened this market to rapid growth and development. We also believe that the market for vein care will continue to grow in the future as awareness of minimally invasive treatment protocols grows among people with vein disease and as additional third-party payors recognize the medical necessity of treating vein disease. We believe that approximately 25 million people are currently affected by vein disease in the United States, but only approximately one million receive treatment for such vein disease.

We believe numerous market conditions in this industry produce business opportunities for us, including:

- The level of specialized skills required for comprehensive patient treatment;
- Favorable sociological trends including a growing demographic wave from an aging population;
- The need to develop and maintain specialized management information systems to meet the increasing demands of patient billing and third-party payors;

- The current fragmented nature of the market, which is comprised of numerous smaller, independent providers, allowing the opportunity for market consolidation;
- New laser and medical technologies that make access to treatment less painful and disfiguring, coupled with insurance company reimbursement for these new technologies;
- The large number of people affected by vein disease in the United States in relation to the relatively low percentage of people who actually receive treatment for such vein disease; and
- Our experience recruiting and training physicians in treating varicose veins and the ability to produce opportunities we believe are financially attractive to physicians practicing in other areas, such as general practice or emergency medicine.

## Our Strategy

### Attain Fertility Centers Division:

#### Make Selective Contract Acquisitions of Partner Fertility Centers

The U.S. market for fertility services is highly fragmented and we believe that it is ripe for consolidation. Recruitment into our Partner Program has traditionally focused on fertility centers that first participate as Affiliates who participate in our Attain IVF product. Affiliate practices have the opportunity to become familiar with the offerings we provide and our commitment to customer service, which allows the Affiliate practices to see our value proposition first hand. We, in turn, have a chance to assess a practice's commitment to growth and utilization of our services without making a significant up-front financial commitment. In addition to recruiting from Affiliate centers, we have a development staff that targets leading physician groups with established practices in selected metropolitan markets. These candidates are then evaluated against our contract acquisition criteria, which includes factors such as size of practice, physician reputation and the physicians' growth-oriented outlook. We believe that our competitors' ability to compete with us for contract acquisitions is currently limited due to our experience acquiring Partner center contracts, our position as the manager of what we believe is the largest network of fertility centers in the United States and our developed infrastructure and experience in delivering valuable services to support fertility center operations.

#### Expand our Network of Affiliate Fertility Centers

As of December 31, 2010, we had Affiliates in 28 metropolitan markets and intend to expand our network of Affiliate fertility centers to other metropolitan markets across the United States. We primarily focus our network development activities on metropolitan markets with populations in excess of 500,000. Because of the relatively low percentage of the population that seeks fertility treatment, a large population base is required to support a sophisticated fertility center. Our fertility centers are capable of drawing consumers from a large geographic area and, as such, our development staff is focused on the top 100 largest metropolitan markets, where we expect the highest demand for fertility centers to occur.

#### Increase Penetration of Our Attain IVF Programs

Currently, many third-party payors provide limited coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility. Our Attain IVF programs, which are offered directly to patients, have been designed to offer attractive financial options to prospective patients. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, approximately 16.6% of self-pay patients in our Partner and Affiliate network utilized our Attain IVF Refund Program. We formally introduced our Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program in July 2009. We believe that the penetration of our Attain IVF programs can be meaningfully increased by educating patients on the improved success rates associated with multiple treatment cycles and the packaged pricing features of our Attain IVF programs, which allow for multiple treatment cycles and, in the case of our Attain IVF Refund Program, a significant financial refund if the treatments are unsuccessful. We also believe we can increase overall market penetration of our Attain IVF programs by demonstrating to physicians at potential Affiliate and Partner practices the benefit of increased patient volume and retention that we believe result from offering our Attain IVF programs. We have demonstrated the ability to increase Attain IVF Refund Program

penetration as certain of our fertility centers had Attain IVF Refund Program penetration rates in excess of 25% during the twelve months ended December 31, 2010.

Vein Clinics Division:

Develop De Novo Vein Clinics

We intend to develop new vein practices in targeted markets. Our past experience suggests that one vein practice can generally support a population of 500,000 to one million population in metropolitan markets. Our new practice development staff focuses on the following:

- Developing new practices in markets where we already have existing practices that have not fully penetrated their market to take advantage of existing investments in regional management, managed care contracts, personnel and marketing capabilities;
- Identifying attractive new markets in states that already have a vein practice location and states contiguous to existing vein practices locations to leverage regional management, personnel and other infrastructure assets; and
- Identifying locations where we believe there are attractive demographics, reasonable media costs and a favorable reimbursement environment.

We believe our vein practice model can be predictably and profitably replicated in new markets. Our ability to develop de novo vein practices is demonstrated by the 8 new practices opened during 2010. We expect to accelerate and increase the number of de novo vein practices to be opened in 2011, however this pace could be affected by challenges in physician recruitment and locating suitable locations. De novo traditional vein practices offer an attractive return on capital as they require relatively little capital investment, typically \$300,000 to \$500,000, and usually reach break-even in nine months or less after opening of the clinic.

Increase the Total Number of Patients Treated

We intend to work with our vein practices to increase the total number of patients they treat. To achieve this objective we intend to:

- Offer products and services to centers and clinics that help them attract patients, including access to state-of-the-art equipment, access to our clinical and information technology applications;
- Enable vein practices to enhance their ability to provide superior care through use of our proprietary VPA information system, which is an end-to-end patient and clinic operating system that provides decision support

and revenue cycle functions;

- Help our vein practices drive additional patient volume through our sales and marketing efforts, including physician referral development, our direct-to-consumer advertising, internet marketing, and providing marketing materials and programs to our vein practices for their use; and
- Convert initial potential patient contacts into patients treated at our practices. We believe we can accomplish this through the protocols we established for our call center professionals and contact follow up procedures our center and practice staff employ to ensure patients attend their consultation and all scheduled treatments; and
- Increase the number and type of procedures that can be performed in a facility through both removing bottlenecks and adding interventional radiology capabilities to a number of new facilities.



### Continue Improving Operating Efficiencies

We continuously seek opportunities to lower costs and realize operating efficiencies through the implementation of a centralized infrastructure focused on improved accounts receivable management, along with leveraging economies of scale in support functions such as procurement, finance, information technology, human resources, risk management and legal services. We expect to further leverage our corporate infrastructure as we expand our network of vein practices.

### Sales and Marketing

The marketing department for our Vein Clinics Divisions specialize in the development of sophisticated marketing and sales programs that give vein practices access to business-building techniques designed to facilitate growth and development. Although we believe these marketing and sales efforts are often too expensive for many individual physician practices, affiliation with us provides access to greater marketing and sales capabilities than would otherwise be available.

We operate web portals that: allow visitors access to educational material concerning vein care issues; provide links to our vein practices; allow prospective patients to request vein care appointments or follow up contact.

### Competition

Our business divisions operate in highly competitive areas. Our vein practices compete with other vein care providers, dermatologist and surgical clinics that provide ELT and sclerotherapy as an ancillary offering, vascular surgeons and interventional radiologists. Basic barriers to entry-level care in the vein care industry are low. We do not believe that we currently face significant competition providing managerial services to vein practices. We believe that the vein practices we work with are well positioned to compete in our markets based on the reputations of the physicians providing services at those practices; however, there can be no assurance that these practices will be able to compete effectively with existing providers in our markets or that new competitors will not enter into our markets. These existing and new competitors may have greater financial and other resources than we or our vein clinics do. See “Risk Factors — We face increased competition from existing providers, as well as new providers entering our markets.”

### Health Care Regulation

The health care industry is highly regulated. Our ability to operate profitably will depend in part upon our ability, and the ability of our affiliated physicians and physician practice groups, to obtain and maintain all licenses and other approvals necessary to comply with applicable health care regulations. We believe that health care regulations will continue to change. Therefore, we monitor developments in health care law, and we are likely to be required to modify our operations from time to time as our business and the regulatory environment changes. Many aspects of our current and anticipated business operations have not been the subject of specific judicial or regulatory interpretation. A review of our business by courts or regulatory authorities may result in a determination that could adversely affect our operations. In addition, the health care regulatory environment may change in a way that restricts our operations. Future changes in health care regulation are difficult to predict and may constrain or require us to restructure our operations, which could negatively impact our business and operating results.

### Physician Licensure Laws

The practice of medicine is subject to state licensure laws, regulations and approvals. We have established a system designed to help ensure that the physicians at our fertility centers and vein clinics are appropriately licensed under applicable state law. If physicians at the centers or clinics fail to renew their licenses on an annual basis or fail to maintain an unrestricted license, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be negatively impacted.

## Corporate Practice of Medicine

Some states have laws that prevent business entities like us from practicing medicine, employing physicians and other individuals licensed in the healing arts or other learned profession and exercising control over their decisions, also known, collectively, as the corporate practice of medicine. In some states these prohibitions are expressly stated in a statute or regulation, whereas in other states the prohibition is a matter of judicial or regulatory interpretation. Additionally, in those states which apply such prohibitions to individuals licensed in the healing arts or other learned profession, it is not clear whether physician assistants or nurse practitioners would be subject to such prohibitions.

In states that prohibit the corporate practice of medicine, we operate by maintaining long-term management contracts with affiliated medical practices, which are each owned and operated by physicians and which employ or contract with additional physicians. Under such an arrangement, the laws of most states focus on the extent to which the corporation exercises control over the physicians and on the ability of the physicians to use their own professional judgment as to diagnosis and treatment. We do not represent to the public that we offer medical services, and we do not exercise influence or control over the practice of medicine by physicians or by their affiliated medical practices. In each of these states, the affiliated fertility center or vein clinic is the sole employer of the physicians, and the affiliated fertility center or vein clinic retains the full authority to direct the medical, professional and ethical aspects of its medical practice. Our fertility centers and vein clinics are duly licensed or qualified as a medical practice or foreign corporation in the states where such license or qualification is required.

Corporate practice of medicine laws and their interpretations are continually evolving and may change in the future. Moreover, these laws and their interpretations are generally enforced by state courts and regulatory agencies that have broad discretion in their enforcement. Although we neither employ physicians nor provide medical services in those states that prohibit the corporate practice of medicine, a state court or enforcement agency may conclude that we are engaged in the corporate practice of medicine in those states where we employ nurse practitioners and physician assistants who work under the supervision of the physicians at our fertility centers and vein clinics or because we provide services to physicians in connection with their performance of professional medical services through our management contracts.

Although we have not received notification from any state regulatory or similar authority asserting that we are engaged in the corporate practice of medicine, to the extent any act or service to be performed by us is construed by a court or enforcement agency as constituting the practice of medicine in a particular jurisdiction, we cannot be sure that such court or enforcement agency would not construe our arrangements as violating that jurisdiction's corporate practice of medicine doctrine. If such a claim were successful, we could be subject to civil and criminal penalties, could be required to restructure or terminate our applicable contractual arrangements and managed physicians could have restrictions imposed upon their licenses to practice medicine. Additionally, a physician shareholder of a managed practice might successfully avoid restrictions on the practice's ability to operate independent of our management on the grounds that the managed practice's management arrangement with us violates the state's prohibition on the corporate practice of medicine. Such results or the inability of us or the managed practices to restructure our relationships to comply with such prohibitions could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

## Fee Splitting

The laws of some states prohibit physicians from splitting with anyone, other than providers who are part of the same group practice, any professional fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any services not actually and personally rendered. The precise language and judicial interpretation of fee-splitting prohibitions varies from state

to state.

Courts in a number of states, including Illinois, have interpreted fee-splitting statutes as prohibiting all percentage of gross revenue and percentage of net profit management fee arrangements, despite the performance of legitimate management services. Prior to November 1, 2009, our management agreement with our Partner fertility center in Illinois provided that we be paid a base fee equal to a fixed percentage of the revenues of the fertility center that declined to zero to the extent the costs relating to the management of the fertility center increase as a percentage of total revenues. Due to the substantial risk that this compensation arrangement, being based on a percentage of revenues, would not be upheld if challenged under Illinois law, we entered into a new compensation agreement with this fertility Partner effective November 1, 2009. Under the terms of our new cost-plus agreement our fees are now equal to reimbursement of our costs incurred in operating the center, plus 9.5%.

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Fee-splitting laws and their interpretations vary from state to state and are enforced by state courts and regulatory authorities that have broad discretion in their enforcement. For example, our Attain IVF Refund Program could be interpreted by one or more state regulators as a prohibited fee split to the extent that we retain a portion of the payments patients pay directly to us for their medical treatment by our fertility centers. There can be no assurance that these laws will be interpreted in a manner consistent with our practices or that other laws or regulations will not be enacted in the future that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Penalties for violating fee-splitting statutes or regulations may include the medical license revocation, suspension, probation or other disciplinary action of the providers affiliated with our fertility centers or vein clinics who have been found to violate the fee-splitting statutes or regulations.

In addition, courts have refused to enforce contracts found to violate state fee-splitting prohibitions. To the extent any of our contractual arrangements are construed by a court or enforcement agency as violating a jurisdiction's fee-splitting laws, there is a possibility that some provisions of our agreements may not be enforceable. For example, a physician shareholder of a managed practice might successfully avoid payment of a management fee on the grounds that the management arrangement violates the state's fee-splitting prohibition. We also may be required to redesign or terminate our arrangements, including our Attain IVF programs, and our relationships with our fertility centers or vein clinics in order to bring their activities into compliance with such laws. The termination of, or our failure to, successfully restructure, any such relationship could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. In particular, a forced restructuring of our management fee could have a material impact on us. In addition, expansion of our operations to new jurisdictions could require structural and organizational modifications of our relationships with our fertility centers and vein clinics in order to comply with additional statutes.

Further, although our management agreements with our vein clinics provide that each vein clinic pay us a fee equal to 150% of our expenses of operating and managing the vein clinic, these fees have historically exceeded the operating margin generated by any particular vein clinic prior to payment of the management fee. Accordingly, each vein clinic only pays the portion of the management fee that is equal to the amount of revenue generated by the clinic annually up to the 150% amount. As a result, our vein clinics do not generate any net profits at year end. In those states that have interpreted fee-splitting statutes as prohibiting a percentage of net revenue management fee arrangements where we have vein clinics, there is material risk that a regulator could recharacterize our management fee as 100% of net revenue in violation of such states' fee-splitting statutes which would subject physicians affiliated with our vein clinics to disciplinary actions or civil penalties.

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Courts in other states, including Maryland, where we have two vein clinics, have interpreted their fee-splitting statutes to prohibit non-physicians from receiving fees in connection with the management of a physician practice that do not bear a reasonable relationship to the services being rendered based on the fair market value of such services. A state regulator could conclude that 150% of our expenses does not bear a reasonable relationship to the services being rendered because none of our vein clinics generate sufficient revenues to pay the full management fee. If our management fee were to be challenged in a state such as Maryland, there is substantial risk that this compensation method would not be upheld, which could subject the providers who are affiliated with the vein clinics in Maryland to disciplinary action as well as civil penalties. We also have vein clinics in Wisconsin, Tennessee and Kansas which have a similar requirement that the management fee reflect the fair market value of the services being rendered and impose disciplinary actions, civil penalties and criminal penalties on the physicians who are affiliated with our vein clinics in those locations if such fee does not reflect the fair market value of the services being rendered.

#### Federal and State Anti-Kickback Prohibitions

Various federal and state laws govern financial arrangements among health care providers. The federal anti-kickback law prohibits the knowing and willful offer, payment, solicitation or receipt of any form of remuneration in return for, or with the purpose to induce, the referral of Medicare, Medicaid or other federal health care program patients, or in return for, or with the purpose to induce, the purchase, lease or order of items or services that are covered by Medicare, Medicaid or other federal health care programs. Similarly, many state laws prohibit the solicitation, payment or receipt of remuneration in return for, or to induce, the referral of patients to private as well as government programs in violation of these statutes.

Federal and state anti-kickback statutes are very broad and it is possible that a court could conclude that the marketing services we offer in exchange for a management fee based on a percentage of net profits constitutes a payment in violation of these statutes. Our fertility centers and vein clinics are also subject to these statutes, but we do not oversee and are not responsible for their compliance with these laws.

Violations of these anti-kickback laws may result in substantial civil or criminal penalties for individuals or entities. These laws may be enforced by the government or by private individual whistleblowers. If we or our fertility centers or vein clinics are found to have violated federal or state anti-kickback laws, our business, operations or financial condition could be adversely affected.

#### Physician Self-Referral Prohibitions

The federal physician self-referral statute, known as the “Stark” statute, prohibits a physician from making a referral for certain designated health services to any entity with which the physician has a financial relationship, unless there is an exception in the statute that allows the referral. The entity that receives a prohibited referral from a physician may not submit a bill to Medicare for that service. Federal courts have ruled that a violation of the Stark statute, as well as a violation of the federal anti-kickback law described above, can serve as the basis for a Federal False Claims Act suit. Many state laws prohibit physician referrals to entities with which the physician has a financial interest, or require that the physician provide the patient notice of the physician’s financial relationship before making the referral. Violation of the Stark statute and state laws prohibiting physician referrals can result in substantial civil penalties for both the referring physician and any entity that submits a claim for a health care service made pursuant to a prohibited referral. Although we have structured our arrangements with our fertility centers and vein clinics to comply with the Stark statute and state laws prohibiting certain physician referrals, because of the complexity of these laws, these laws could be interpreted in a manner inconsistent with our operations. In addition, our fertility centers and vein clinics are themselves subject to these laws, but we do not oversee and are not responsible for their compliance with these laws. Federal or state self-referral regulation could adversely impact our arrangements with certain customers, and our ability to market our services directly to physicians in a position to refer patients to our fertility centers and vein clinics.

#### False Claims

Under separate federal statutes, submission of false or fraudulent claims to government payors may lead to civil monetary penalties, criminal fines and imprisonment and/or exclusion from participation in the Medicare, Medicaid and other federally-funded health care programs. These false claims statutes include the Federal False Claims Act, which allows any person to bring suit alleging false or fraudulent Medicare or Medicaid claims or other violations of the statute and to share in any amounts paid by the entity to the government in fines or settlement. In some jurisdictions, even claims that were accurately submitted for medically necessary health care services have been held by courts to be “false” where the provider was not in compliance with federal anti-kickback or Stark laws, or applicable Medicare regulations. These private actions have increased significantly in recent years and have increased the risk that we or our vein clinics will have to defend a false claims action, pay fines or be excluded from participation in the Medicare and/or Medicaid programs as a result of an investigation involving our fertility centers or vein clinics arising out of such an action.

#### Business of Insurance

Laws and regulatory approaches to insurance are state specific and vary widely from state to state. Although most states supply statutory definitions of “insurance,” these definitions are subject to disparate interpretation by state courts, attorney generals and regulators. Our Attain IVF programs have several characteristics that are present in an insurance contract. We view our Attain IVF programs as guaranties or warranties of our fertility centers’ performance; however, it is possible that an insurance regulator in a state where we conduct business could take the position that our Attain IVF programs are insurance and should be regulated as such by the state. If we are found to have engaged in the business of insurance without a license, we could be subject to criminal and civil penalties or be forced to comply with burdensome reserve requirements or restructure the programs.



## Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996

Health care providers, health care clearinghouses and operators of health plans (collectively, “covered entities”) are significantly affected by certain health information requirements contained in HIPAA. HIPAA and its implementing regulations established national standards for, among other things, certain electronic health care transactions, the use and disclosure of certain individually identifiable patient health information and the security of the electronic systems maintaining this information. These are commonly known as the HIPAA transaction and code set standards, privacy standards and security standards, respectively.

HIPAA allows covered entities to disclose protected health information to “business associates” if the covered entities obtain satisfactory assurances that the business associate will use the information only for the purposes for which it was engaged by the covered entity, will safeguard the information from misuse and will help the covered entity comply with some of the covered entity’s duties under HIPAA. We are a “business associate” under HIPAA because we perform services for or on behalf of covered entities, such as our fertility centers or vein clinics, that involve the use or disclosure of protected health information. We enter into business associate agreements with covered entities and are contractually obligated to comply with the requirements of those agreements.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, specifically the portion known as the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (the “HITECH Act”), expanded the scope and application of HIPAA, including, among other things, applying the security and certain privacy provisions of HIPAA directly to business associates. Application of these rules to business associates is a significant change. Previously, liability under HIPAA rested exclusively with the covered entity. Under the HITECH Act, the business associate now has responsibility and liability directly for a breach.

On February 17, 2010, certain administrative, physical and technical safeguards and policy, procedure, and documentation requirements of the security standards under HIPAA began applying to a business associate in the same manner that they apply to a covered entity. For example, breaches of the security of electronic health records may require disclosure to affected individuals, news media and the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Such requirements must be incorporated into the business associate agreement between the business associate and the covered entity.

Under the HITECH Act, business associates will face criminal and civil liabilities for failure to comply with HIPAA. Criminal penalties may be imposed against persons who obtain or disclose protected health information without authorization. In addition, a state’s attorney general can bring civil actions against a person on behalf of residents of the state that are adversely affected by violations of either HIPAA or the HITECH Act. The attorney general can either seek to enjoin further violations or obtain money damages on behalf of the residents harmed. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services is also beginning to perform periodic audits of health care providers to ensure that required policies under the HITECH Act are in place. In addition, individuals harmed by violations will be able to recover a percentage of monetary penalties or a monetary settlement based upon methods established by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for this private recovery. HIPAA also authorizes the imposition of civil monetary penalties against entities that employ or enter into contracts with individuals or entities that have been excluded from participation in the Medicare or Medicaid programs, which means that we could be subject to penalties if our fertility centers, vein clinics or employees are excluded from participation in the Medicare or Medicaid programs. Any failure to comply with these laws could have an adverse impact on our business, operations or financial condition.

## Antitrust Laws

In connection with the corporate practice of medicine laws referred to above, our fertility centers and vein clinics are organized as separate legal entities. As such, our fertility centers and vein clinics may be deemed to be persons separate from both us and each other under antitrust laws and, accordingly, subject to a wide range of laws that prohibit anti-competitive conduct among separate legal entities. There can be no assurance that a review of our business by courts or regulatory authorities would not have a material adverse effect on our operation or the operation of our fertility centers or vein clinics.

## Future Legislation and Regulation

Health care providers are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations, and sanctions imposed under or changes to such laws or regulations could adversely affect our operations or financial results. The federal fiscal year 2010 budget establishes a reserve fund of more than \$630 billion over the next 10 years to finance fundamental reform of the United States' health care system, in an effort to reduce costs and expand health care coverage. The fund will be paid for by a combination of tax revenue and reductions in Medicare and Medicaid spending.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or the Affordable Care Act, were signed into law by President Obama in March 2010 and will result in significant reforms to the U.S. healthcare system and the structure of the healthcare delivery system. The Affordable Care Act will create new payment methodologies and mechanisms under the Medicare and Medicaid programs to link payment with quality and cost-effective service delivery. The overall goal of the Affordable Care Act is to create a more integrated, coordinated, and efficient healthcare delivery system. The full impact of the Affordable Care Act is uncertain, and will depend on future regulations and guidance to be promulgated by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Any new reimbursement methodologies and mechanisms adopted by Medicare, Medicaid or other commercial third party payors as a direct or indirect result of the Affordable Care Act could have an impact on the demand and reimbursement for our services.

The Affordable Care Act also provides the federal government with increased authority and tools to combat health care fraud and abuse, including additional subpoena powers, the ability to provide additional screening for new providers in the Medicare and Medicaid program, and the authority to withhold Medicare payment to a provider while an investigation is pending, among others.

## Employees

As of December 31, 2010, we had 1,428 employees. Of these, 1,127 were employed by our Attain Fertility Centers Division, 263 by our Vein Clinics Division and 38 were employed at our corporate headquarters, including 5 who were executive management. Of the 1,428 employees, 139 were employed on a part-time basis and 112 were employed on a per diem basis. We are not a party to any collective bargaining agreement and we believe that our employee relationships are good.

## Segment Information

In mid-2010, we consolidated our Fertility Centers Division and our Consumer Services Division into one operating segment, the Attain Fertility Centers Division (AFC). This consolidation resulted in a reduction from three operating segments to two, our current Attain Fertility Centers and our Vein Clinics divisions. This consolidation was done to reflect the integrated goals, resources and management shared by the former Fertility Centers and Consumer Services divisions.

Performance by segment, for the three years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 are presented below (000's omitted):



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	Attain Fertility Centers		Vein Clinics		Corp. G&A	Consolidated
For the Year ended December 31, 2010						
Revenues	\$	182,443	\$	60,726	\$ —	\$ 243,169
Cost of Services		164,718		57,235	—	221,953
Contribution		17,725		3,491	—	21,216
Operating Margin		9.7 %		5.7 %	—	8.7 %
General and administrative		0		0	12,668	12,668
Interest (income) expense, net		(202 )		0	897	695
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	17,927	\$	3,491	\$ (13,565 )	\$ 7,853
Depreciation expense included above	\$	3,773	\$	1,133	\$ 645	\$ 5,551
Capital expenditures, net	\$	3,413	\$	3,995	\$ 702	\$ 8,110
Total assets	\$	41,692	\$	52,999	\$ 53,964	\$ 148,655
For the Year ended December 31, 2009						
Revenues	\$	166,135	\$	50,625	\$ —	\$ 216,760
Cost of Services		149,345		46,525	—	195,870
Contribution		16,790		4,100	—	20,890
Operating Margin		10.1 %		8.1 %	—	9.6 %
General and administrative		0		0	12,155	12,155
Interest (income) expense, net		(149 )		0	1,059	910
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	16,939	\$	4,100	\$ (13,214 )	\$ 7,825
Depreciation expense included above	\$	4,076	\$	873	\$ 873	\$ 5,822
Capital expenditures, net	\$	4,173	\$	947	\$ 790	\$ 5,910
Total assets	\$	39,190	\$	49,845	\$ 35,274	\$ 124,309
For the Year ended December 31, 2008						
Revenues	\$	158,203	\$	39,950	\$ —	\$ 198,153
Cost of Services		142,568		37,299	—	179,867
Contribution		15,635		2,651	—	18,286
Operating Margin		9.9 %		6.6 %	—	9.2 %
General and administrative		0		0	10,654	10,654
Interest (income) expense, net		(181 )		8	1,353	1,180
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	15,816	\$	2,643	\$ (12,007 )	\$ 6,452
Depreciation expense included above	\$	4,330	\$	761	\$ 898	\$ 5,989
Capital expenditures, net	\$	4,053	\$	1,057	\$ 585	\$ 5,695
Total assets	\$	37,216	\$	46,750	\$ 37,475	\$ 121,441

Our Fertility Centers and Vein Clinics

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the following two contracted fertility centers each individually provided greater than 10% of our revenues, net and/or contribution as follows:

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	Percent of Company Revenues, net			Percent of Contribution		
	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008
Shady Grove Fertility Center	16.9	17.6	18.0	15.8	15.4	17.2
Fertility Centers of Illinois	11.3	13.1	16.3	9.3	10.3	15.2

Under our fertility Partner agreement with the Shady Grove Fertility Center, we receive as compensation for our services a three-part fee comprised of: a percentage of the fertility center's net revenues; reimbursed costs of services (costs incurred in servicing a fertility center and any costs paid on behalf of the fertility center); and a fixed dollar amount of the fertility center's earnings after services fees which is subject to further limits.

Our revenues from our Fertility Centers of Illinois Partner are not based on this three-part structure. Rather, effective as of November 1, 2009, our revenues from FCI are generally equal to the operating expenses associated with managing FCI's medical practice plus 9.5% of such expenses. Our revenues from FCI prior to November 1, 2009 were based on the three-part fee structure described earlier.

A complete listing of our fertility Partner agreements and vein clinic locations as of December 31, 2010 is presented below.

#### Fertility Partner Agreements

Name	State	Year Contract Acquired	Remaining Contract Years	No. of M.D.s	No. of PhDs
Foult & Whitten Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.C.	NV	December 2009	23	1	0
Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.C.	ID	December 2009	23	1	0
Utah Fertility Center, P.C.	UT	December 2009	23	1	0
Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists, Ltd.	AZ	July 2008	22	4	1
Southeastern Fertility Centers, P.A.	SC	April 2008	22	3	1
Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.A.	FL	August 2007	21	4	1
Reproductive Partners Medical Group, Inc.	CA	January 2005	18	10	0
Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Inc., P.S.	WA	January 2004	8	10	1
Reproductive Endocrine Associates of Charlotte, P.C.	NC	September 2003	7	6	1
Northwest Center for Infertility & Reproductive Endocrinology	FL	April 2002	6	7	1
Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center, P.C.	MD, VA & DC	March 1998	12	23	2
Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C.	IL	February 1997	11	11	2
Bay Area Fertility & Gynecology Medical Group, Inc.	CA	January 1997	15	6	1
MPD Medical Associates (MA), P.C. (doing business as RSC of New England)	MA, NH & RI	July 1988	3	3	1





## Vein Clinic Locations

Location	Date Clinic Opened
Treose, PA	December 2010
Crocker Park, OH	December 2010
Greenwich, CT	November 2010
Chapel Hill, NC	November 2010
Glastonbury, CT	October 2010
Quantico, VA	September 2010
Chevy Chase, MD	May 2010
Columbia, MD	May 2010
Cleveland, OH	April 2009
Cincinnati, OH	January 2009
Pittsburgh, PA	December 2008
Skokie, IL	December 2008
Marietta, GA	June 2008
Alexandria, VA	April 2008
Boca Raton, FL	February 2008
Sterling, VA	December 2007
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	July 2007
St. Louis, MO	January 2007
Merrillville, IN	August 2006
Kansas City, MO	June 2006
West Palm Beach, FL	December 2005
Alpharetta, GA	October 2005

September  
Gurnee, IL 2005  
September  
Naperville, IL 2004  
Lawrenceville, September  
GA 2001  
Indianapolis,  
IN April 2001  
Knoxville, TN March 2001  
Raleigh, NC March 2000  
Greensboro,  
NC January 2000  
Madison, WI March 1999  
November  
Rockville, MD 1998  
Milwaukee,  
WI March 1998  
Charlotte, NC February 1998  
Orland Park, November  
IL 1996  
Fairfax, VA March 1992  
Overland Park,  
KS April 1991  
Owings Mills,  
MD July 1990  
Buffalo Grove,  
IL August 1989  
Atlanta, GA June 1988  
Oak Brook, IL Pre-1985  
Chicago, IL Pre-1985  
Schaumburg,  
IL Pre-1985

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

RISK FACTORS

In evaluating our business, every investor should carefully consider the following risks. Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of the following risks.

The loss of one or more of our Partner fertility centers would lead to a decline in our revenues and profit.

The contracts that we enter into with our Partner fertility centers typically have terms that range from 10 to 25 years and contain automatic renewal provisions. Some of these agreements also contain provisions that allow the Partner fertility center to terminate the agreement, upon 12 months' prior notice, at any time after five years from the agreement's effective date. Our two largest Partner fertility centers provided approximately 45% of our Attain Fertility Centers division revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010. If either of these Partner fertility centers, or any of our other Partner fertility centers, were to terminate its agreement with us, we would lose all of the revenues associated with such Partner fertility center, but would not experience any meaningful reduction in our infrastructure costs.

We may not be able to find suitable Partner candidates or successfully integrate the operations of the fertility centers with which we enter into Partner contracts.

A key part of our business strategy is to enter into additional Partner contracts. We cannot assure you that we will be able to find suitable Partner candidates or that the fertility centers that we enter into Partner contracts with will be successful. Even if suitable Partner candidates are identified, negotiation over suitable terms and conditions may be protracted and unsuccessful, and we may not be able to achieve planned increases in the number of Partner centers. Further, achieving the anticipated benefits of current and possible future Partner contracts will depend in part upon whether we can integrate the operations of those fertility centers with our operations in a timely and cost-effective manner. The process of integrating the operations of Partner fertility centers with our operations is complex, expensive and time consuming and involves a number of risks, including, but not limited to:

- difficulties in integrating or retaining key medical providers of the Partner fertility center;
- difficulties in integrating the operations of the Partner fertility center, such as information technology resources and financial and operational data;
- diversion of our management's attention; and
- potential incompatibility of cultures.

We are dependent on the medical providers in our fertility centers and vein clinics to successfully execute our business strategy.

Although we manage our fertility centers and vein clinics, the medical providers at those centers and clinics provide medical services directly to patients and we do not have control over their medical activities. We cannot guarantee any medical provider's ability to generate positive patient outcomes, build a positive reputation for their practice or to comply with our expectations. If the medical providers in our fertility centers and vein clinics act negligently or unethically, allow their medical practices to deteriorate or do not meet our growth expectations, it could diminish the value of our brand and our results of operations could be adversely affected.

We may have difficulty attracting and retaining physicians for our fertility centers and vein clinics.

A key part of our business strategy is to enter into additional Partner contracts and open new vein clinics. The success of our fertility centers is dependent upon our ability to retain the key medical providers associated with those centers. If one or more key medical providers were to depart from a fertility center, our business could suffer. Our ability to open new vein clinics is dependent upon identifying, recruiting and retaining qualified physicians to perform procedures at these clinics. We have had difficulties staffing new vein clinics because some third-party payors require that the physicians performing procedures at these clinics have certain specified credentials. We will not be able to implement successfully our business strategy if we are unable to properly staff our fertility centers and vein clinics.

A reduction in reimbursements or an inability to negotiate attractive reimbursement rates from third-party payors for the services that our Partner centers or vein clinics provide could adversely affect our revenues and growth.

A significant portion of our fertility Partner and vein clinic revenues depends on reimbursements to the underlying physician practices from third-party payors. These third parties include private health insurers and other organizations, such as health maintenance organizations, as well as government authorities. Third parties are systematically challenging prices charged for medical treatment. A third-party payor may deny or reduce reimbursement if it determines that a prescribed treatment is not used in accordance with cost-effective treatment methods, as determined by the payor, or is experimental, unnecessary or inappropriate. In addition, although third parties may approve reimbursement, such approvals may be under terms and conditions that discourage use of our services, even if those services are safer or more effective than alternative services. A reduction in reimbursements from third-party payors, whether in the form of changes to reimbursement contracts, such as by limiting reimbursement for certain procedures to specialists, loss of reimbursement contracts, solvency issues on the part of the payors, or in the case of our vein clinics, changes in Medicare reimbursement, would cause patients to reduce their treatments or obtain services from other providers and could reduce our revenues and profitability. Our ability to profitably open vein clinics in new markets also significantly depends on our ability to obtain attractive reimbursement rates from third-party payors in those new markets. If we are unable to obtain satisfactory reimbursement rates from third-party payors for vein clinics in new markets, our growth would suffer.

Health care reform could impact the demand for our services.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or the Affordable Care Act, were signed into law in March 2010 and will result in significant reforms to the U.S. healthcare system and the structure of the healthcare provider delivery system. The full impact of the Affordable Care Act is uncertain, and will depend on future regulations and guidance to be promulgated by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Any new reimbursement methodologies and mechanisms adopted by Medicare, Medicaid or other commercial third party payors as a direct or indirect result of the affordable care Act could have an impact on the demand and reimbursement for our services.

We face competition from existing providers, as well as new providers entering our markets.

Our business divisions operate in highly competitive areas. Our fertility centers compete with national, regional and local physician practice fertility centers, hospitals and university medical centers, some of which have programs that

compete with our Attain IVF programs. Our fertility centers may also compete with fertility centers located outside of the United States, due to the self-pay nature of IVF treatment. Our vein clinics compete with other vein care clinic providers, dermatologist and surgical clinics that provide ELT and sclerotherapy as an ancillary offering, vascular surgeons and interventional radiologists. Barriers to entry in the vein care industry are low. New health care providers that enter our markets impact our market share, patient volume and growth rates. Increased competitive pressures require us to commit resources to marketing efforts, which impacts our margins and profitability. There can be no assurance that our fertility centers or vein clinics will be able to compete effectively with existing providers in our markets or that new competitors will not enter into our markets. These existing and new competitors may have greater financial and other resources than we or our fertility centers or vein clinics do. Increased competition could also make it more difficult for us to expand our business by entering into new contracts with fertility centers or opening new vein clinics.

The development of alternative treatments could diminish demand for our services.

The fertility and vein care industries are dynamic, and new, technologically intensive treatments are constantly under development. New treatments that are more effective or provide better reimbursement could decrease patient demand or profitability for the treatments that our fertility centers or vein clinics currently offer. If our fertility centers or vein clinics do not adopt new treatments as they are developed, patients could seek treatment elsewhere.

If we are found not to be in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, we could be subject to significant fines or penalties, be forced to curtail certain of our operations or rearrange material agreements to our detriment.

We, and each of our fertility centers and vein clinics, are subject to numerous federal and state laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, federal and state anti-kickback laws, controlled substances laws, the federal Stark law and state self-referral laws, false claims laws, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”), Medicare and Medicaid regulations and laws regulating the business of insurance. These laws and regulations are extremely complex and could be subject to various interpretations. Our fertility centers and vein clinics are also subject to these statutes, but we do not oversee, nor are we responsible for, their compliance with these laws. Many aspects of our business, to date, have not been the subject of federal or state regulatory review and we, and any of our fertility centers or vein clinics, may not have been in compliance at all times with all applicable laws and regulations. If we, or our fertility centers or vein clinics, are found by a court or regulatory authority to have violated any applicable laws or regulations, we could be subject to significant fines or penalties or be forced to curtail certain of our operations.

Further, the laws of many states prohibit physicians from splitting fees with non-physicians, or other physicians, and prohibit non-physician entities from practicing medicine. These laws vary from state to state and are enforced by the courts and by regulatory authorities with broad discretion. Many aspects of our business, to date, have not been the subject of judicial or regulatory interpretation; thus, a review of our business by courts or regulatory authorities may result in determinations that could adversely affect our operations. In addition, the health care regulatory environment could change so as to restrict our existing operations or their expansion. State corporate practice of medicine laws may be interpreted as prohibiting corporations or associations from exercising control over physicians or employing nurse practitioners or physician assistants and may prohibit physicians from practicing medicine in partnership with, or as employees of, any person not licensed to practice medicine.

State regulators may seek to challenge the arrangements that we have with our fertility centers and vein clinics. A determination in any state that we are engaged in the corporate practice of medicine or any unlawful fee-splitting arrangement could render any management agreement between us and a practice located in such state unenforceable or subject to modification, which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. Regulatory authorities or other parties may assert that we or a practice is engaged in the corporate practice of medicine or that the management fees paid to us by the managed practices constitute unlawful fee-splitting or the corporate practice of medicine. If such a claim were asserted successfully, we could be subject to civil and criminal penalties, managed physicians could have restrictions imposed upon their licenses to practice medicine, parts or all of our existing management agreements could be rendered unenforceable and we could be required to restructure our contractual arrangements with the managed practices, all of which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Although we view our Attain IVF programs as a guaranty or warranty of our fertility centers' performance, the Attain IVF programs have several characteristics that are present in an insurance contract. As such, an insurance regulator in a particular state may find that we have been and are engaged in the business of insurance without a license, which could subject us to criminal and civil liabilities and would subject our Attain IVF programs to substantial regulation in that state as an insurance contract, including burdensome reserve requirements. In addition, in states that prohibit physicians from splitting professional fees with non-physicians, we could be required to restructure our Attain IVF programs if a state concluded that our Attain IVF programs constituted fee splitting because we retain a portion of the payments patients pay directly to us for their medical treatment by our fertility centers. The imposition of any such liabilities and any such changes in our method of doing business would likely reduce revenues and contribution from our Attain Fertility Centers Division.



Additionally, our management agreements with our vein clinics provide that the vein clinics will pay us a fee equal to 150% of our expenses of operating and managing the vein clinics. These fees have historically exceeded the operating margin generated by any particular vein clinic prior to payment of the management fee. Accordingly, each vein clinic only pays the portion of the management fee that is equal to the amount of revenue generated by the clinic annually up to the 150% amount. As a result, our vein clinics do not generate any net profits at year end. A state regulator could find that such a compensation model is actually based on a percentage of the revenue of a particular vein clinic or that our management fee is not commensurate with the services we provide, in which case our management agreements would be violating fee-splitting laws of certain states where we operate vein clinics. We could be forced to restructure the fee structure under the management agreements to our material financial detriment or the providers affiliated with our vein clinics who have been found to violate the fee-splitting statutes or regulations may be subject to disciplinary action or criminal sanctions, which could lead to the closure of one or more of our vein clinics.

Our arrangements with our fertility centers and vein clinics may trigger the application of federal and various state franchise laws. We have never sought to comply with any such franchise laws, nor have we ever sought any exemptions from such laws. The U.S. Federal Trade Commission could bring an enforcement action against us for failure to comply with federal franchise laws and could impose significant fines against us, order us to pay restitution to the fertility centers and vein clinics that are found to be franchisees (and the physicians that own or operate them) and/or seek criminal sanctions against us. Under the laws of certain of the states in which we operate, the physicians that own or operate our fertility centers and vein clinics may bring private causes of actions against us for violating such laws. In many of these jurisdictions, in addition to a judgment for actual damages, a court could award the physicians rescission, attorney's fees and costs and treble damages. Additionally, we could be subject to fines and criminal sanctions. Even if we were to comply with these federal and state franchise laws, we would still be potentially liable for prior violations that occurred prior to the time we came into compliance with such laws.

New or enhanced laws and regulations affecting the fertility industry could increase our costs of compliance and force us to alter certain of our operations.

A number of high profile events have occurred recently related to ART and fertility practices generally, such as the implantation of a greater than recommended number of embryos, resulting in extraordinarily high-order multiple births, or the implantation of incorrect patient embryos. Federal and state regulators may more carefully scrutinize the fertility industry as a result of these events, and may adopt more stringent laws and regulations that could increase our compliance costs or force us to alter certain of our operations.

We and our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics may not have sufficient liability insurance to cover potential claims.

The medical procedures performed by physicians and other medical personnel in our network of fertility centers and vein clinics can involve significant complications, including genetically defective births, embryo loss and patient death. We are likely to be, and from time to time have been, named as a party in legal proceedings involving medical malpractice or other injuries that occur at one of our fertility centers or vein clinics, particularly in those fertility centers where we provide the services of a physician assistant or nurse practitioner. A successful malpractice claim could exceed the limits of insurance that we maintain, in which case we would have to fund any settlement in excess of our insurance coverage. We also maintain medical malpractice insurance coverage for our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics, and a successful malpractice claim against one of those centers or clinics in excess of the coverage we maintain for them would adversely affect the revenues we derive from those centers and clinics. In addition, the captive insurance company that provides a portion of our insurance coverage does not maintain reserves in amounts

that would be required of other, larger insurers, and therefore may not have adequate capital to fund a claim against us or the Partner fertility centers covered by the captive insurance company. A malpractice claim, whether or not successful, could be costly to defend, could consume management resources and could adversely affect our reputation and business and the reputations and businesses of our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics. We also cannot assure you that we or our Partner fertility centers or vein clinics will be able to obtain insurance coverage in the future on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

Our success depends on retaining key members of our management team.

The success of our business strategy depends on the continued contribution of key members of our management team. The loss of key members of this team could disrupt our growth plans and our ability to implement our business strategy.

We rely on a limited number of third-party vendors for medicine and supplies.

Our fertility centers and vein clinics rely on a limited number of third-party vendors that produce medications and supplies vital to patient treatment, such as AngioDynamics, Inc., which provides the only U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved solution used in sclerotherapy. If any of these vendors were to experience a supply shortage or cease doing business, and we were unable to find an alternative third-party vendor, we might not be able to properly serve our patients.

Our credit agreement contains covenants that impose restrictions on us that may limit our operating flexibility, prevent us from entering into extraordinary transactions that benefit our stockholders and limit our growth.

Our credit agreement contains covenants that restrict our flexibility to conduct business. These covenants prohibit or limit, among other things:

- the payment of dividends to our stockholders;
- the incurrence of additional indebtedness;
- the making of certain types of restricted payments and investments;
- sales of assets; and
- consolidations, mergers and transfers of all or substantially all of our assets.

The credit agreement also requires that we maintain certain leverage and fixed charge ratios and minimum levels of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Our failure to comply with any of these covenants could cause the lenders to declare a default and accelerate amounts due to them under the credit agreement.

In addition, our credit agreement places certain restrictions on our ability to acquire the business, assets or capital stock of fertility centers. If we identify fertility centers that we want to acquire in excess of limits in our credit agreement and do not obtain the consent of our lender to those acquisitions, we may not be able to execute on our strategy.

Our failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting could lead to inaccuracies in our reported financial results.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected. If our independent registered public accounting firm were to determine that a significant deficiency were to exist, or if we were otherwise unable to achieve and maintain effective internal controls on a timely basis, management would not be able to conclude that we have effective internal control over financial reporting for purposes of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm would not be able to certify as to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Moreover, any failure to establish and maintain effective systems of internal control and procedures may impair our ability to accurately report our financial results. Such failures and the reporting that our system of internal controls over financial reporting was not effective could result in a restatement of our financial statements and cause investors to lose confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, which could result in a decline in our stock price.

We may not have adequate protection for our intellectual property rights.

Trade secrets and other proprietary information not protected by patents are critical to our business. Our sole means of protecting this information is to utilize confidentiality agreements with employees, third parties and consultants. If these agreements are breached, another entity could obtain our trade secrets and proprietary information and attempt to replicate our business model, which could have an adverse effect on our business.

We could be subject to additional income tax liabilities.

We are subject to income taxes in various states within the United States. Judgment is often required in evaluating our provision for income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are certain transactions for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. For example, certain taxing authorities may take the position that we are providing services in jurisdictions where our Partner fertility centers operate. The final determination of tax audits and any related litigation could be materially different from our historical income tax provisions and accruals. The results of an audit or litigation could have a material effect on our operating results or cash flows.

ITEM 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

ITEM 2. Properties

Our headquarters and executive offices are located in Purchase, New York, where we occupy approximately 28,400 square feet under a lease expiring in 2022. Future lease payments will average approximately \$68,600 per month.

We also lease or sublease locations for our fertility centers and vein clinics. Costs associated with the fertility agreements are reimbursed to us as part of our fee agreement with the applicable clinic whereas costs associated with vein clinic locations are not reimbursed.

We believe that our executive offices and the space occupied by our clinics are adequate for our operations.

ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we and our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics and their physicians are parties to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. We are exposed to claims of professional negligence based on services performed by our employees, including physician assistants and nurse practitioners, as well as based on our relationships with physicians providing treatments at our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics. On January 15, 2009, a patient of our Partner fertility center, Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. ("FCI"), filed suit (Heather Kornick vs. Lawrence A. Jacobs, M.D. and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C.), in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, , alleging, among other things, a failure to diagnose plaintiff's adrenal cortical carcinoma. In June 2009, plaintiff amended her complaint to add the Company and, more recently, two of the Company's nurse employees, as defendants. Plaintiff is seeking unspecified monetary damages. Although we are vigorously defending the allegations, we cannot assure you that we will ultimately prevail or that our insurance will be sufficient to satisfy any monetary award, in which case there may be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of

operations. We maintain, for our medical practices and certain of our employees, medical malpractice insurance with limits of \$1 million per claim, regardless of the number of the covered defendants, and \$10 million per year in the aggregate, with respect to our Partner fertility centers, and with limits generally equal to \$1 million per physician and \$10 million per year in the aggregate, with respect to our vein clinics. Our Partner fertility centers, vein clinics and their physicians are additional named insureds under our policies. All of our insurance policies are subject to deductibles or a self-insured retention. A portion of the insurance for certain of our fertility centers is provided by ARTIC.

ITEM 4. Reserved

## PART II

## ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol "INMD". The following table sets forth the high and low closing sales price for our common stock, as reported on the NASDAQ Global Market.

	Common Stock	
	High	Low
2010		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 9.21	\$ 7.95
Third Quarter	\$ 10.24	\$ 7.57
Second Quarter	\$ 9.23	\$ 7.80
First Quarter	\$ 9.00	\$ 7.01
2009		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 9.37	\$ 7.95
Third Quarter	\$ 10.25	\$ 7.03
Second Quarter	\$ 7.99	\$ 5.81
First Quarter	\$ 7.45	\$ 5.60

On February 10, 2011, there were approximately 111 holders of record of the Common Stock and approximately 926 beneficial owners of shares registered in nominee or street name.

## Dividend Policy

We have not paid cash dividends on our common stock during the last two fiscal years, and we currently anticipate retaining all available funds for use in the operation and expansion of the business. Therefore, we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

## Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

We have three stock option plans which have been approved by our shareholders. The following table sets forth certain information relative to these stock option plans.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options (a)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
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Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	247,986	\$	6.96	234,690
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	—		—	—
Total	247,986	\$	6.96	234,690

During 2010, 2009 and 2008, we issued approximately 168,000, 142,000, and 99,000 shares, respectively, of restricted common stock as deferred compensation to several of our officers and directors with an aggregate value of \$1,341,000, \$978,000 and \$889,000 respectively. These shares were valued at their fair value on the date of grant, and are amortized to expense over their vesting period, which approximates the service period.

During 2010 and 2008 we issued approximately 81,000 and 128,000, respectively, incentive stock options to certain members of our management team. These options have a five year life, vest over four years and had a fair value at date of grant of approximately \$311,000 for the options issued in 2010, and \$741,000 for those issued in 2008.



Performance Graph

The graph below compares the cumulative 5-year total return of holders of IntegraMed America, Inc.'s common stock with the cumulative total returns of the NASDAQ Composite index and the NASDAQ Health Services index. The graph tracks the performance of a \$100 investment in our common stock and in each of the indexes (with the reinvestment of all dividends) from 12/31/2005 to 12/31/2010.

	12/05	12/06	12/07	12/08	12/09	12/10
IntegraMed America, Inc.	100.00	142.09	135.72	79.66	93.35	102.20
NASDAQ Composite	100.00	111.74	124.67	73.77	107.12	125.93
NASDAQ Health Services	100.00	109.80	117.78	87.97	99.96	100.19

The stock price performance included in this graph is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.

## ITEM 6. Selected Financial Data -

The following selected financial data (for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, and 2006) are derived from our consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, related notes, and other financial information included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Financial information for our Vein Clinics division is included only for the period subsequent to its August 8, 2007 acquisition. Earnings per share and average share values for the year 2006 have been restated to reflect the 25% stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend declared in March 2007.

## Statement of Operations Data:

	2010	Year Ended December 31,			2006
		2009	2008	2007	
		(in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Revenues, net	\$243,169	\$216,760	\$198,153	\$151,822	\$126,320
Costs of services and sales	221,953	195,870	179,867	136,699	113,778
Contribution	21,216	20,890	18,286	15,123	12,542
General and administrative expenses	12,668	12,155	10,654	10,537	9,380
Total other (income) expense, net	695	910	1,180	(120)	(378)
Income before taxes	7,853	7,825	6,452	4,706	3,540
Provision for income taxes	3,128	3,331	2,537	1,662	470
Net income applicable to Common Stock	\$4,725	\$4,494	\$3,915	\$3,044	\$3,070
Basic EPS	\$0.42	\$0.51	\$0.45	\$0.37	\$0.38
Diluted EPS	\$0.41	\$0.51	\$0.45	\$0.36	\$0.37
Weighted average shares - basic	11,380	8,773	8,618	8,310	8,090
Weighted average shares - diluted	11,429	8,834	8,691	8,410	8,194

## Balance Sheet Data:

	2010	2009	December 31,		2006
			2008	2007	
		(in thousands)			
Working capital (1)	\$17,881	\$(2,703)	\$(2,447)	\$(3,435)	\$11,685
Total assets	148,655	124,309	121,441	114,171	76,323
Total indebtedness	14,692	26,166	30,219	25,460	8,774
Retained Earnings (Accumulated deficit)	7,039	2,314	(2,180)	(6,095)	(9,139)
Total shareholders' equity	83,520	58,193	52,264	47,634	40,178

(1) Represents current assets less current liabilities.

## ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this report. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results and timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including those discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this report.

### Forward Looking Statements

This Form 10-K contains certain forward-looking statements regarding events and/or anticipated results within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the attainment of which involves various risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as, "may", "will", "expect", "believe", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms. Our actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements due to the following factors: our ability to acquire additional Fertility Partner agreements or open additional vein clinics, our ability to raise additional debt and/or equity capital to finance future growth, the loss of significant Partner agreement(s), the profitability or lack thereof at fertility centers or vein clinics serviced by us, increases in overhead due to expansion, the exclusion of fertility services or vein care from insurance coverage, government laws and regulation regarding health care, changes in managed care contracting, the timely development of and acceptance of new fertility or vein treatment technologies and techniques. We are under no obligation (and expressly disclaim any such obligation) to update or alter any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### Overview

We manage highly specialized outpatient centers in emerging, technology-based, niche medical markets. We currently operate in two healthcare sectors, fertility care and vein treatment. We support our operations with an established and extensive infrastructure of clinical and business resources. Each of our operating divisions is presented as a separate segment for financial reporting purposes.

The Attain Fertility Centers Division is comprised of 42 contracted fertility centers, located in major markets across the United States. Each contracted center is composed of a multi-physician practice with most offering multiple clinical locations in their service area. This Division provides an array of services to contracted fertility centers ranging from consumer marketing services to complete practice management services. The strategy of the Attain Fertility Centers Division is to support the long term growth of contracted centers by attracting and retaining new patients, expanding market share, and for our partner practices (those that we provide the full range of management service), we enable superior clinical and patient care, and increase the operational efficiency of the fertility center. The Attain Fertility Centers Division drives growth at our contracted fertility centers through a number of business development and marketing initiatives, these include our suite of Attain™ IVF programs. The Attain™ IVF programs consist of product offerings which allow a patient to pay one fee for multiple treatment cycles and under certain programs, patients are eligible for a refund if they do not take home a baby.

Our Vein Clinics Division began operations on August 8, 2007, with the purchase of Vein Clinics of America, Inc. (“VCA”), a company that had been in business since 1981. The Vein Clinics Division currently manages a network of 42 clinics located in 14 states, which specialize in the treatment of vein disease and other vein disorders.

The primary elements of our business strategy include:

- Drive growth at our contracted fertility centers by providing additional management; services.
- Expand the relationships to additional fertility centers through the sale of consumer product offerings;
- Developing de novo vein clinics;
- Increasing the total number of patients treated;
- Increasing the penetration of our Attain IVF programs; and
- Continuing to improve operating efficiencies.

#### Major Events Impacting Financial Condition and Results of Operations

##### 2010

On December 21, 2010, we announced the retirement at year end of our Chief Financial Officer, John W. Hlywak, Jr. and the appointment of Timothy P. Sheehan as Interim Chief Financial Officer on January 1st, 2011. In connection with the retirement of Mr. Hlywak, we announced expected costs of \$300,000 of post-retirement costs.

On November 3, 2010, we announced the planned opening of 5 additional new clinics in our Vein Clinics Division (these are in addition to our previously announced 10 new clinics in 2010 and the beginning of 2011). We estimate startup costs related to these five additional clinics are to be between \$1.75-\$2.25 million and will impact 2011 reported results principally during Q2 and Q3 of 2011.

On October 12, 2010, our Attain Fertility Centers Division announced the addition of New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine in Virginia Beach, VA to its network of affiliates who purchased consumer marketing services and will begin offering the Attain IVF programs.

On September 30, 2010, we issued a press release lowering our earnings expectations for the third and fourth quarter of 2010. Within this press release, we highlighted the start up costs related to the expansion efforts of our Vein Clinics Division and other earnings pressures that we were experiencing in the second half of 2010 (including physician departures in both divisions and a flood at one of our larger partner practices).

On September 1, 2010, our Attain Fertility Centers Division announced the addition of the Stanford Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center (SFRMC) to its network who purchased consumer marketing services and will begin offering the Attain IVF programs.

On July 23, 2010, our Attain Fertility Centers Division announced the addition of Houston Fertility Institute to its network who purchased consumer marketing services and will begin offering the Attain IVF programs.

On July 7, 2010, we announced the combination of our Fertility Centers Division and Consumer Services Division into the Attain Fertility Centers Division, effective with the reporting of our second quarter 2010 results. At the same

time, we announced the appointment of Mr. Andrew Mintz to lead the new Division.

On June 7, 2010, our Vein Clinics Division announced the planned opening of 10 new clinics across seven states. These new clinics will begin operations primarily in the second half of 2010 and the first quarter of 2011.

On May 21, 2010, we entered into a new credit facility with Bank of America, TD Bank and Webster Bank. The credit facilities are comprised of a \$35 million revolving line of credit, and a \$25 million term loan (of which approximately \$16 million was outstanding at the time of closing).

On February 18, 2010, we completed a public offering of 2,800,000 shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$7.50 per share, which raised approximately \$19.1 million of net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses. The stated use of proceeds for this new capital was to assist with the addition of new partner fertility centers, accelerate the pace of new vein clinic openings in 2010, and for general working capital and other corporate purposes.

On February 4, 2010, we announced the addition of Tennessee Reproductive Medicine to the Attain Fertility Centers Division's network who purchased consumer marketing services and began offering the Attain IVF programs.

On January 12, 2010, we announced plans to open a new vein clinic in Chevy Chase, Maryland in early May 2010. This was the 35th clinic in our Vein Clinics Division and our seventh clinic in the greater Baltimore/Washington D.C. region.

On January 8, 2010, we announced plans to open a new vein clinic in Columbia, Maryland in mid-2010. This was the 34th clinic in our Vein Clinics Division and added interventional radiology treatments to the full range of vein treatments provided at our existing vein clinics, enabling patients to undergo a host of additional procedures. Interventional radiology involves minimally invasive procedures performed using image guidance. Adding interventional radiology allows this vein clinic to offer patients more high value and complex vascular procedures including uterine fibroid embolization, fallopian tube recanalization as well as procedures for varicoceles and pelvic congestion, among others.

## 2009

On December 1, 2009, we acquired the rights to supply a complete range of business, marketing and facility services to three new Partner fertility centers in the western United States; the Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine, the Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine and the Utah Fertility Center, based in Boise, Idaho, Reno, Nevada and Provo, Utah respectively. The Idaho and Nevada fertility centers are established centers and the Utah center began seeing patients in early 2010. Under the terms of these 25-year agreements, our service fees are comprised of a fixed percentage of revenues, reimbursed costs of services, and an additional fixed percentage of each center's earnings. We also committed up to \$1.0 million to fund any necessary capital needs of the practices.

On October 28, 2009, management concluded and subsequently reported to the audit committee of our board of directors that our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2007 and 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 should no longer be relied upon and should be restated for the correction of errors due to an understatement in revenue recognized in connection with our Attain IVF Refund Program (formerly our Shared Risk Refund Program). As a result, we restated our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2007 and 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 with respect to the revenue recognized for our Attain IVF Refund Program within our Attain Fertility Centers Division. The financial data included in this Form 10-K reflects this restatement.

On April 20, 2009, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Cleveland, Ohio. This represents the 34th clinic in our Vein Clinics Division, our entry into the Cleveland market and the expansion of our presence in the State of Ohio.

On April 1, 2009, we elected to exercise the option contained in our business service agreement with Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists, based in Phoenix, Arizona, and expand our service offerings from a limited range of services to those offered to our other fertility Partners.

On January 20, 2009, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Cincinnati, Ohio. This represents the 33rd clinic in our Vein Clinics Division and our first entry into the State of Ohio and the Cincinnati market.



2008

From June 2008 through March 2009, our 2007 annual and our 2008 periodic interim Securities and Exchange Commission reports were the subject of a standard comment and review process by the Staff of the Division of Corporation Finance of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The application of generally accepted accounting principles to our Attain IVF Refund Program's multiple element revenue arrangements is complex and management's interpretation of the applicable authoritative literature related to the timing of the recognition of the fair value of revenues for the non-refundable portion of the Attain IVF Refund Program fees differed from that of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which caused us to re-evaluate our revenue recognition policies. As a result, we restated our prior financial statements for the correction of an error with respect to the timing of revenue recognition for our Attain IVF Refund Program within our Attain Fertility Centers Division. Our previous revenue recognition policy had generally recognized the non-refundable patient fees (generally 30% of the contract amount) as revenues upon the completion of the first treatment cycle. We now recognize the non-refundable fees based on the relationship of the fair value of each treatment to the total fair value of the treatment package available to each patient. We also recognize a "warranty reserve" representing the estimated cost of services to be provided in the event a qualified patient miscarries, as well as a reserve for potential refunds should a patient elect to discontinue participation in the program prior to full treatment. This restatement does not impact our cash flows from operations or the ultimate profits from our Attain IVF Refund Program, only the timing of the revenue recognition for the non-refundable portion of the Attain IVF Refund Program fees paid by patients. The financial data included in this Form 10-K reflects this restatement.

On December 17, 2008, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Skokie, Illinois. This clinic represents our ninth vein care clinic in the greater Chicago metropolitan area and benefits from the operational and marketing leverage we have developed in that market.

On December 8, 2008, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Monroeville, Pennsylvania. This clinic is our first vein clinic in Pennsylvania and is designed to provide state-of-the-art vein care to patients in the greater Pittsburgh area.

On July 9, 2008, we entered into a business services agreement to provide discrete business services to Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists, based in Phoenix, Arizona. Under the terms of this 25-year agreement, our service fees were initially comprised of a fixed percentage of the fertility practice's net revenues. We also had the exclusive option, which we exercised on April 1, 2009, at any point during the life of the contract to expand our service offerings into a complete range of business, marketing and financial services. After we exercised the option on April 1, 2009, our fees also included a fixed percentage of the fertility practice's earnings.

On June 23, 2008, we announced that we entered into a new Affiliate services contract with the University of North Carolina ("UNC") School of Medicine's Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology in Chapel Hill, North Carolina. As an Affiliate, UNC School of Medicine's Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology receives distribution rights to our consumer products and services. In addition, UNC School of Medicine's Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology has the right to receive other products and services uniquely designed to support the business needs of successful, high-growth fertility centers.

On June 5, 2008, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Marietta, Georgia. This clinic was our fourth vein clinic in Georgia.

On April 29, 2008, we announced the opening of a new vein clinic in Alexandria, Virginia. This addition to our Vein Clinics Division provides focused vein care treatment solutions to the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area.

On April 24, 2008, we entered into a business service agreement to supply a complete range of business, marketing and facility services to Southeastern Fertility Centers, P.A., located in Mount Pleasant, South Carolina. Under the terms of this 25-year agreement, our service fees are comprised of reimbursed costs of services, a tiered percentage of revenues and an additional fixed percentage of the practice's earnings. We also committed up to \$600,000 to fund any necessary capital needs of the practice.

On April 1, 2008, we entered into an Affiliate services contract with OU Physicians Reproductive Health in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. As a result of this agreement, OU Physicians Reproductive Health provides another opportunity for our Attain Fertility Centers Division to distribute its product offerings.

#### Subsequent Events

On January 14, 2011 we announced the acquisition of the Northwest Center for Reproductive Science (NCRS) for a purchase price of approximately \$2.3 million. NCRS was an established fertility practice based in the Pacific Northwest and will be integrated into Seattle Reproductive Medicine, our Seattle based Partner fertility center.

On March 2, 2011, we amended our credit facility with Bank of America, TD Bank, and Webster Bank. This amendment revised two financial covenants (Consolidated EBITDA and in the method of calculating the fixed charge covenant) to better align our credit facility with our business strategy.

#### Significant Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 of our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, including our significant accounting policies, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions, including those related to revenue recognition, allowance for uncollectible accounts, contingencies and income taxes. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. The results of our analysis form the basis for making assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, and the impact of such differences may be material to our consolidated financial statements. The most significant use of estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements relates to the determination of net revenues and accounts receivable and reserves for estimated refunds and subsequent medical costs due to pregnancy losses in our Attain IVF programs.

Uncollectible reserve amounts are determined based on historical collection performance data and are reviewed and adjusted monthly as necessary. We make periodic estimates for pregnancy loss based upon relevant Company specific data.

#### Results of Operations

The following table shows the percentage of net revenues represented by various expenses and other income items reflected in our consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008:



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	2010		2009		2008	
<b>Revenues, net:</b>						
Fertility Centers	75.0	%	76.6	%	79.9	%
Vein Clinics	25.0	%	23.4	%	20.1	%
Total revenues	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
<b>Costs of services and sales:</b>						
Fertility Centers	67.7	%	68.9	%	72.0	%
Vein Clinics	23.5	%	21.5	%	18.8	%
Total costs of services and sales	91.3	%	90.4	%	90.8	%
<b>Contribution:</b>						
Fertility Centers	7.3	%	7.7	%	7.9	%
Vein Clinics	1.4	%	1.9	%	1.3	%
Total contribution	8.7	%	9.6	%	9.2	%
<b>General and administrative expenses</b>						
General and administrative expenses	5.2	%	5.6	%	5.4	%
Interest income	(.1)	)%	(.1)	)%	(.2)	)%
Interest expense	.4	%	.5	%	.8	%
Total other expenses	5.5	%	6.0	%	6.0	%
<b>Income from operations before income taxes</b>						
Income from operations before income taxes	3.2	%	3.6	%	3.2	%
Income tax provision	1.3	%	1.5	%	1.2	%
Net income	1.9	%	2.1	%	2.0	%

Year Ended December 31, 2010 as Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, total revenues were \$243.2 million, an increase of approximately \$26.4 million, or 12.2%, from the same period in 2009. Revenue at our Attain Fertility Centers Division was up approximately \$16.3 million, or 9.8%, based on growth in both our Partner fertility centers and Attain IVF programs. Revenue at our Vein Clinics grew \$10.1 million, or 20.0% from the same period in 2009 driven by organic revenue growth at existing clinics and revenues of \$2.0 million from 8 new clinics which were opened during 2010.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, contribution increased from \$20.9 million in the comparable period of 2009, to \$21.2 million in 2010, or an increase of 1.6%. This increase was driven by growth of 5.6% from our Attain Fertility Centers Division, partially offset by a slight decline from our Vein Clinics segment due to start-up costs associated with new clinic openings.

Year Ended December 31, 2009 as Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2008

For the year ended December 31, 2009, total revenues of \$216.8 million increased approximately \$18.6 million, or 9.4%, from the same period in 2008. Approximately \$10.6 million of this increase was generated by our Vein Clinics Division and \$8.0 million from our Attain Fertility Centers Division. Two new vein clinics opened during the first quarter of 2009 accounted for \$1.7 million of our Vein Clinics Division's increase, with the remaining increase attributed to existing clinics.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, contribution increased from \$18.3 million in the comparable period of 2008, to \$20.9 million in 2009, or an increase of 14.2%, driven by growth in both our Attain Fertility Centers and Vein Clinics divisions.

A Segment-by-Segment Discussion is Presented Below:

Attain Fertility Centers:

Our Attain Fertility Centers segment is comprised primarily of our Partner fertility centers, which represent the provider aspect of the fertility market, and our Attain IVF Programs, which are directed at the consumer portion of the market.

Revenues:

Partner fertility centers

In providing clinical care to patients, each of our Partner fertility centers generates patient revenues which we do not report in our consolidated financial statements. Although we do not consolidate the Partner fertility center practice financials with our own, these financials do directly affect our revenues.

The components of our revenues from most of the Partner fertility centers are:

- A base service fee calculated as a percentage of patient revenues as reported by the Partner fertility center (this percentage generally varies from 6% down to 3% depending on the agreement and the level of patient revenues);
- Cost of services equal to reimbursement for the expenses which we advanced to the Partner fertility center during the month (representing substantially all of the expenses incurred by the center, except physician compensation); and
- Our additional fees which represent our share of the net income of the Partner fertility center (which varies from 10% to 20% or a fixed amount depending on the underlying center, subject to limits in some circumstances).

Our revenues from our Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. ("FCI") Partner fertility center are not based on this three-part structure. Rather, effective as of November 1, 2009, our revenues from FCI are generally equal to the operating expenses associated with managing FCI's medical practice plus 9.5% of such expenses. Our revenues from FCI prior to November 1, 2009 were, pursuant to our current Partner agreement with FCI, set at a fixed annual amount paid monthly.

In addition to these revenues generated from our fertility centers, we often receive miscellaneous other revenues related to providing non-medical services to medical practices. From the total of our revenues, we subtract the annual amortization of our business service rights under most agreements, which are the rights to provide business services to each of the centers.

During 2010, revenue from our Partner fertility centers increased by \$8.3 million, or 5.8%, relative to the same period in the prior year. This increase was the result of a \$3.0 million rise in same-center revenues as well as \$5.3 million of incremental revenues from the addition of new Partner contracts in 2009. The increased revenue from same-centers was due in part to the increased number of physicians practicing at these locations as well as facility fees earned from

affiliated physicians who utilized our clinical facilities.

During 2009, our Partner fertility center revenues increased by \$6.9 million, or 5.0%, relative to the same period in the prior year. This increase was the result of a \$2.8 million rise in same-center revenues as well as \$4.1 million of incremental revenues from the addition of new Partner contracts. This increase is net of the reduction in business at one of our top fertility centers in the Midwest as a result of termination of a contract with one of the center's third-party payors, as well as a slight moderation in demand that we believe is attributable to the prolonged recession

The table below illustrates the components of the Attain Fertility Centers revenues in relation to the Partner fertility center practice financials for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):



	Year ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
<b>Partner Fertility Center Financials</b>			
(a) Patient revenue	\$ 215,468	\$ 203,898	\$ 192,380
(b) Cost of services	138,360	130,615	125,156
(c) Base service fee	10,906	9,562	8,798
(d) Practice contribution (a-b-c)	66,202	63,721	58,426
(e) Additional service fee	5,569	6,302	5,563
Contribution retained by			
(f) Physician Partners (d-e)	60,633	57,419	52,863
<b>IntegraMed Financials</b>			
(g) IntegraMed gross revenue (b+c+e)	154,835	146,479	139,517
Amortization of business service			
(h) rights	(1,295 )	(1,295 )	(1,300 )
(i) Other revenue	99	125	223
IntegraMed fertility services			
(j) revenue (g+h+i)	\$ 153,639	\$ 145,309	\$ 138,440
(k) Cost of Services	138,360	130,615	125,156
Division Overhead	3,402	3,091	3,069
Other Contractual Cost of Service	114	0	0
Contribution of IntegraMed			
(l) Fertility Centers (j-k)	\$ 11,763	\$ 11,603	\$ 10,215

(i) Other revenue includes administrative fees we receive from ARTIC, the captive insurance company as well as other miscellaneous fees.

The Company's revenue generated from the business services provided to the physician Partner clinics (line g) is comprised of the three fee components, the cost of service fee (line b), the base service fee (line c) and the additional service fee (line e).

The revenue recorded by our physician Partner clinics (line "a") is derived from providing medical services to patients. As the exclusive service provider to these clinics, the Company supplies the clinics with all resources necessary for the physicians to provide these medical services. In return, the Company receives reimbursement for the cost of these resources (line "b") plus two additional fees (lines "c" and "e") which are based on the performance of specific operations under the service agreement. The residual financial results of the partner physician's business (patient revenue, line "a", less costs and fees of the business) (line "f"), are a right of the partner physicians (the business owners), and as such are not consolidated in the financial results of the Company.

Our Cost of service and sales are comprised of all costs necessary to operate Partner fertility and vein care clinics as well as payments to contracted physicians for medical services associated with our Attain IVF programs. A tabular break-down of these costs are presented below (in thousands):

Attain	Total
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	Partner Centers	IVF	Fertility	Vein Clinics	Total Cost of Services
For the year ended December 31, 2010					
Employee Salaries & Benefits	\$72,127		\$72,127	\$24,484	\$96,611
Professional Service Fees	7,529	19,369	26,898		26,898
Clinical Supplies & Donor Fee	14,816		14,816	5,898	20,714
Office Expenses	3,695		3,695	2,717	6,412
Occupancy Costs	12,697		12,697	2,432	15,129
Depreciation/Lease Expense	5,841		5,841	583	6,424
Marketing and Promotion	3,529		3,529	8,184	11,713
Outside Services	3,716		3,716		3,716
Insurance/Taxes	4,593		4,593		4,593
Bad Debt	2,021		2,021	1,933	3,954
Other	7,796	326	8,122	5,040	13,162
Subtotal	\$138,360	\$19,695	\$158,055	\$51,271	\$209,326
Division Overhead	3,516	3,147	6,663	5,964	12,627
Total Cost of services and sales	\$141,876	\$22,842	\$164,718	\$57,235	\$221,953

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	Partner Centers	Attain IVF	Total Fertility	Vein Clinics	Total Cost of Services
For the year ended December 31, 2009					
Employee Salaries & Benefits	\$68,087		\$68,087	\$21,465	\$89,552
Professional Service Fees	7,910	13,163	21,073		21,073
Clinical Supplies & Donor Fee	13,116		13,116	4,807	17,923
Office Expenses	6,170		6,170	1,726	7,896
Occupancy Costs	12,275		12,275	1,897	14,172
Depreciation/Lease Expense	4,114		4,114	750	4,864
Marketing and Promotion	3,768		3,768	5,626	9,394
Outside Services	3,530		3,530		3,530
Insurance/Taxes	4,315		4,315		4,315
Bad Debt	3,151		3,151	1,655	4,806
Other	4,179	246	4,425	3,004	7,429
Subtotal	\$130,615	\$13,409	\$144,024	\$40,930	\$184,954
Division Overhead	3,091	2,230	5,321	5,595	10,916
Total Cost of services and sales	\$133,706	\$15,639	\$149,345	\$46,525	\$195,870

For the year ended December 31, 2008					
Employee Salaries & Benefits	\$65,901		\$65,901	\$18,339	\$84,240
Professional Service Fees	8,062	12,092	20,154		20,154
Clinical Supplies & Donor Fee	12,716	11	12,727	3,007	15,734
Office Expenses	8,589		8,589	1,938	10,527
Occupancy Costs	10,967		10,967	1,603	12,570
Depreciation/Lease Expense	4,324		4,324	761	5,085
Marketing and Promotion	3,251		3,251	3,680	6,931
Outside Services	3,277		3,277		3,277
Insurance/Taxes	4,151		4,151		4,151
Bad Debt	2,075		2,075	1,539	3,614
Other	1,843	242	2,085	1,523	3,608
Subtotal	\$125,156	\$12,345	\$137,501	\$32,390	\$169,891
Division Overhead	3,068	1,999	5,067	4,909	9,976
Total Cost of services and sales	\$128,224	\$14,344	\$142,568	\$37,299	\$179,867

The following summarized quarterly data for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 is presented for additional analysis and demonstration of the slight seasonality of our Attain Fertility Centers Division. New patients visits are an indicator of initial patient interest in fertility treatment and IVF cases completed are an indicator of billable charges. IVF cases completed in the fourth quarter of each year are typically lower, as many patients do not

wish to undergo the IVF procedure during the year end holiday season. Contributing to the lower number of IVF cases completed are voluntary laboratory closures at year end as several of our labs in order to undergo normal maintenance.

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(in thousands, except new patient visits and IVF cases completed).

	Period Ended December 31, 2010				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Revenues, Net	\$44,044	\$45,580	\$45,899	\$46,920	\$182,443
Contribution	\$4,445	\$4,389	\$4,636	\$4,255	\$17,725
<b>Partner Center Statistics:</b>					
New Patient Visits	7,041	7,161	6,933	6,787	27,922
IVF Cases Completed	3,413	3,558	3,578	3,082	13,631
IUI Cycles	5,723	6,259	6,103	5,621	23,706
<b>Attain IVF Statistics:</b>					
Applications	725	799	713	693	2,930
Enrollments	361	433	448	391	1,633
Pregnancies	216	262	289	305	1,072

	Period Ended December 31, 2009				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Revenues, Net	\$41,509	\$42,294	\$40,977	\$41,355	\$166,135
Contribution	\$4,153	\$4,218	\$4,047	\$4,371	\$16,790
<b>Partner Center Statistics:</b>					
New Patient Visits	6,980	7,086	7,069	6,433	27,568
IVF Cases Completed	3,624	3,560	3,488	3,255	13,927
IUI Cycles	5,848	5,908	6,065	6,215	24,036
<b>Attain IVF Statistics:</b>					
Applications	549	519	552	593	2,213
Enrollments	253	239	288	283	1,063
Pregnancies	211	199	175	195	780

	Period Ended December 31, 2008				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Revenues, Net	\$36,942	\$39,858	\$41,869	\$39,534	\$158,203
Contribution	\$3,539	\$4,016	\$4,095	\$3,985	\$15,635
<b>Partner Center Statistics:</b>					
New Patient Visits	6,765	7,093	7,186	7,173	28,217
IVF Cases Completed	3,141	3,314	3,474	3,219	13,148
IUI Cycles	5,229	5,694	5,895	6,101	22,919
<b>Attain IVF Statistics:</b>					
Applications	481	546	542	530	2,099
Enrollments	212	280	307	250	1,049
Pregnancies	167	189	217	205	778

Attain IVF program:

Patients enrolled in our Attain IVF Refund Program pay us an up-front fee (deposit) in return for up to six treatment cycles (consisting of three fresh IVF cycles and three frozen embryo transfers). Any non-refundable portion of these fees is recognized as revenue, based on the relative fair value of each treatment cycle completed relative to the total fair value of the contracted treatment package available to the patient. The refundable portion of the program contract amount is recognized as revenue when the patient becomes pregnant. At the time of pregnancy, we establish a reserve for future medical costs should the patient miscarry and require additional contracted treatment cycles. The two main factors that impact Attain IVF Refund Program financial performance are:

- the number of patients enrolled and receiving treatment, and
- clinical pregnancy rates.

Patients enrolled in our Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program pay us a single fee, which is slightly less than the average cost of two fresh IVF cycles, in return for up to four treatment cycles (consisting of two fresh IVF cycles and two frozen embryo transfers). With respect to our Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program, we recognize a pro rata share of the contract amount as revenue as each treatment cycle is completed. The refundable portion of the program contract amount is recognized as revenue when the patient becomes pregnant. Under such revenue recognition methodology, we never recognize more revenue than the potential refundable amount under the program. At the time of pregnancy, we establish a reserve for future medical costs should the patient miscarry and require additional contracted treatment cycles. The main factors that impacts Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program financial performance is the number of patients enrolled and receiving treatment as well as clinical outcomes.

Revenues from our Attain IVF programs increased by \$8.2 million, or 41.8%, for the year ended December 31, 2010, versus the same period in the prior year. This growth was fueled primarily by the expansion of our Multi-Cycle product offering during fiscal 2010 which helped drive enrollments and pregnancies in our Attain IVF programs to increases of 53.6% and 37.4% , respectively, during 2010 versus the prior year.

Revenues from our Attain IVF programs grew 5.4%, or \$1.1 million, for the year ended December 31, 2009 versus the same period in the prior year. During the second quarter of 2009, the loss of a primary third-party lender that provided financing programs for many Attain IVF patients and a general tightening of credit standards and higher interest rates caused a decline in new patient enrollments that adversely affected the program.

#### Contribution:

Contribution from our Attain Fertility Centers Division for the year ended December 31, 2010 rose \$0.9 million or 5.3% to \$17.7 million versus \$16.8 million in the year earlier period. This increase is comprised of additional contribution of \$0.1 million from our Partner fertility centers resulting from higher management fees associated with the underlying growth of those clinics; an additional \$0.9 million of contribution from our Attain IVF programs resulting from the revenue additions described above, less additional division specific overhead costs of \$1.3 million primarily related to marketing initiatives and additional management infrastructure.

Contribution from our Attain Fertility Centers Division for the year ended December 31, 2009 rose \$1.2 million, or 7.4% to \$16.8 million from \$15.6 million in the year earlier period. This increase was comprised of additional contribution of \$1.4 million from our Partner fertility centers, of which \$0.3 million was attributable to new Partner centers and \$1.1 million was attributable to legacy centers. Contribution from our Attain IVF programs for the year ended December 31, 2009 was essentially even with that of the prior year due to previously discussed macro-economic conditions which impacted the ability of many patients to secure the adequate financing required for treatment. Division level overhead costs also increased \$0.2 million during the twelve months ended December 31, 2009 versus 2008, which was primarily comprised of additional management and marketing related initiatives.

#### Vein Clinics Segment:

Revenues:

Revenues within our Vein Clinics segment are generated from direct billings to patients or their insurer for vein disease treatment services and these revenues are consolidated directly into our financials.

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Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 were \$60.7 million, up 20.0%, or \$10.1 million from 2009. During 2010, we opened new vein clinic locations in Columbia and Chevy Chase, Maryland, Quantico, VA, Glastonbury & Greenwich, CT, Chapel Hill, NC, Crocker Park, OH, and Trevoise, PA. These additional clinics brought our total number of vein clinics to 42 as of December 31, 2010. These new vein clinics were primarily opened in the later part of 2010 and accounted for \$2.0 million of the increase in division revenue. The remaining \$8.1 million increase was generated from existing clinics and resulted from increased marketing, operational and service enhancement offerings.

Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2009 were \$50.6 million, up 26.7%, or \$10.7 million from 2008. During 2009, we opened new vein clinic locations in Cincinnati and Cleveland, marking our entry into the State of Ohio and these two markets. These additional clinics brought our total number of vein clinics to 34. The two new vein clinics opened in early 2009 accounted for \$1.7 million of our Vein Clinics Division's revenue increase, the five clinics opened throughout 2008 accounted for \$6.1 million of the increase with the remaining \$2.8 million generated by legacy clinics.

**Contribution:**

Contribution for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$3.5 million, a decline of \$0.6 million from the prior year and is attributable to the start-up costs associated with our new clinic expansion program which opened 8 new clinics in 2010, versus 2 in 2009. Contribution from our legacy clinics, those open one year or more, grew by \$2.1 million, or 21.5% for the year ended December 31, 2010 versus the prior year.

For 2009, contribution of \$4.1 million, rose \$1.4 million compared to a contribution of \$2.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The improved performance for 2009 is largely attributable to the additional operational and marketing infrastructure put in place during 2008. The infrastructure improvements were initiated after the purchase of the Vein Clinics Division during the third quarter of 2007, and allowed the division to initiate ongoing marketing efforts resulting in increased patient volumes as well as to establish a management structure which allowed for greater operational control and a platform for new-clinic expansion.

We continue to target the opening of additional new vein clinics in locations across the United States during 2011 and future years. The pace of these openings is dependent upon our ability to identify and develop appropriate site locations for clinics which comprise both adequate reimbursement rates and patient demographics, and to recruit qualified physicians to staff those sites. To address these challenges we have assembled a new-clinic task force who are focused on the expansion of our clinical footprint across the United States.

First Leg Starts, which are a billable procedure, and a measure of our ability to attract and convert new patients, rose 15.2% and 31.8% in the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 versus 2009, and 2009 versus 2008, respectively. Growth rates for 2010 were moderated in part due to the timing of new clinic openings in 2010 which were heavily weighted towards the end of the calendar year.

Vein Clinics Division quarterly data for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 appear below (in thousands, except first leg starts).

	Period Ended December 31, 2010				Total
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Revenues, Net	\$ 12,980	\$ 16,188	\$ 14,658	\$ 16,900	\$ 60,726
Contribution	\$ 867	\$ 1,956	\$ 112	\$ 556	\$ 3,491
Inquiries	5,244	7,347	5,231	3,024	20,846
New Consultations	3,420	4,541	3,781	2,811	14,553
First Leg Starts	1,882	2,307	2,097	2,017	8,303

	Period Ended December 31, 2009				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Revenues, Net	\$ 10,846	\$ 13,821	\$ 12,621	\$ 13,337	\$ 50,625
Contribution	\$ 754	\$ 1,282	\$ 995	\$ 1,069	\$ 4,100
Inquiries	4,783	6,894	5,328	3,407	20,412
New Consultations	3,121	4,585	3,894	2,564	14,164
First Leg Starts	1,574	2,085	1,959	1,590	7,208

	Period Ended December 31, 2008				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Revenues, Net	\$ 8,842	\$ 10,062	\$ 10,360	\$ 10,686	\$ 39,950
Contribution	\$ 322	\$ 713	\$ 892	\$ 724	\$ 2,651
Inquiries	2,954	4,416	3,434	2,080	12,884
New Consultations	1,961	3,423	2,848	1,748	9,980
First Leg Starts	1,208	1,573	1,500	1,187	5,468

### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses are comprised of salaries and benefits, administrative, regulatory compliance and operational support costs defined as our Shared Services group, which are not specifically related to individual center or clinic operations or other product offerings.

General and administrative expenses totaled \$12.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, an increase from the \$12.2 million recognized in the prior year. The increased general and administrative expenses in 2010 is attributable to higher marketing and infrastructure activities designed to provide operational support to our two growing business segments. We measure our performance in part by relating general and administrative expenses to operating contribution. For the year ended December 31, 2010, general and administrative expenses were 59.7% of contribution compared to a ratio of 58.2% for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase was attributable to enhanced marketing spend.

General and administrative expenses totaled \$12.2 million in 2009 and \$10.7 million in 2008. For the year ended December 31, 2009, general and administrative expenses were 58.2% of contribution as compared to 58.3% in 2008.

We continue to actively manage general and administrative expenses in an effort to leverage our Shared Services group and extract economies of scale as those opportunities arise.

### Interest

Net interest expense was \$0.7 million, \$0.9 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 respectively. The reduction in net interest expense for the years presented is the result of scheduled debt repayments which reduced our outstanding loan balances.

Subject to interest rate fluctuations and any changes to our credit arrangements, we anticipate interest expense to decrease gradually in the coming quarters as scheduled debt repayments reduce our outstanding principal balances.

Income Tax Provision

Our provision for income tax was approximately \$3.1 million, \$3.3 million and \$2.5 million for the three years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 respectively, or 39.8%, 42.6% and 39.3% of pre-tax income, respectively. Our effective tax rates for all years reflect provisions for both federal and state income taxes.

Effective January 1, 2007, we adopted ASC 740-10-50, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," which clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertainty in income taxes. The adoption of this interpretation has not had a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. For federal income tax purposes, our 2010 tax year remains open for examination by the tax authorities. Federal income tax returns through 2009 have been examined by the Internal Revenue Service. For state tax purposes, our 2004 through 2010 tax years remain open for examination by the tax authorities mainly because we are currently under examination by the States of New York and Florida. We do not anticipate any material impact to our consolidated financial statements due to these examinations.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Current accounting guidance addresses how a business enterprise should evaluate whether it has a controlling financial interest in an entity through means other than voting rights and accordingly should consolidate the entity. In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") amended its guidance on accounting for variable interest entities ("VIE"). The new accounting guidance is effective for reporting periods after January 1, 2010. Both new accounting guidance requires continuous assessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a VIE and requires consolidation if the enterprise has the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, and is the primary beneficiary or obligor of the VIE. As of December 31, 2010, through the acquisition of Vein Clinics of America, Inc, we have interests in the individual vein clinics, where we are the primary beneficiary and obligor of their financial results (our contract provides for us to receive any excess or deficit profits from the vein clinics). As such we have consolidated these vein clinic operations in our consolidated financial statements. Since we do not have any financial interest in the individual fertility centers and we are not the primary beneficiary or obligor of their financial results (our contracts provide for the physician owners of the clinics to receive any excess or deficit profits), we do not consolidate the results of the fertility centers in our accounts. Also, since we do not have a controlling interest in the captive insurance provider and we are not the primary beneficiary, we do not consolidate the results of the captive insurance company in our accounts.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2010, we had approximately \$50.2 million in cash and cash equivalents on hand as compared to \$28.9 million at December 31, 2009. We had a working capital of approximately \$17.9 million, at December 31, 2010.

Attain IVF deferred revenue and other patient deposits, which are reflected as a current liability, represent funds received from patients in advance of treatment cycles and are an indication of future revenues. These deposits totaled approximately \$13.7 million and \$11.6 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The change in deposit balances are a direct result of patient enrollment, and through-put, in our treatment programs. These deposits are a significant source of cash flow and represent interest-free financing for us. These funds are not restricted and the cash balances are included in our cash and cash equivalents.

In May, 2010, we entered into a syndicated amended and restated financing arrangement with Bank of America, TD Bank and Webster Bank and secured a \$35 million three-year revolving credit facility (amounts available to be borrowed are based on eligible patient receivables and as of December 31, 2010, approximately \$13.5 million of the \$35 million line of credit was available) and a \$25 million three-year term loan (of which approximately \$16 million was outstanding at the date of closing). Both the term loan and the revolving credit facility mature in May 2013.

Interest on the term loan and revolving loans are payable based on a tiered pricing structure related to a defined leverage ratio. Commitment fees on unused portions of the revolving credit facility are also payable based on a tiered pricing structure tied to the same defined leverage ratio.

We continuously review our credit agreements and may renew, revise or enter into new agreements from time to time as deemed necessary.

During the third quarter of 2010 we also entered into an interest rate swap agreement to help manage interest rate risk. This swap will mature in the third quarter of 2013, at which time we will re-evaluate our options for managing interest rate risk.

As of December 31, 2010, we were not in compliance with one of the required financial covenants in our credit facility, for which we have received a waiver from our lenders. On March 2, 2011, we amended our credit facility to modify (i) the definition of “Unfunded Capital Expenditures” and (ii) the covenant related to “Minimum Consolidated EBITDA,” for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2010 and each fiscal quarter through March 31, 2012 to \$16 million on a trailing four quarters basis and for each quarter ending June 30, 2012 and thereafter to \$18 million.

On February 18, 2010, we completed a public offering of 2,800,000 shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$7.50 per share, which raised approximately \$19.1 million of net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses. The stated use of proceeds for this new capital was to assist with the addition of new partner fertility centers, accelerate the pace of new vein clinic openings in 2010, and for general working capital and other corporate purposes.

As of December 31, 2010, we did not have any significant contractual commitments for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of leasehold improvements. However, we do anticipate upcoming capital expenditures during the normal course of business which we will be able to finance from our operating cash flows. These expenditures are primarily related to medical equipment, information system infrastructure and leasehold improvements.

We believe that working capital, specifically cash and cash equivalents, remains at adequate levels to fund our operations and our commitments for fixed asset acquisitions. We also believe that the cash flows from our operations plus our available credit facility will be sufficient to provide for our future liquidity needs over the next twelve months.

#### Significant Contractual Obligations and Other Commercial Commitments

The following summarizes our contractual obligations and other commercial commitments at December 31, 2010, and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flows in future periods.

	Total	Payments Due by Period			After 5 Years
		Less Than 1 Year	1 — 3 Years	4 — 5 Years	
			(in thousands)		
Notes payable	\$ 14,562	\$ 3,688	\$ 10,874	\$	\$
Capital lease obligations	129	96	33		
Interest on debt	1,063	569	494		
Operating leases	77,065	11,138	30,857	7,455	27,615
<b>Total contractual cash obligations</b>	<b>\$ 92,819</b>	<b>\$ 15,491</b>	<b>\$ 42,258</b>	<b>\$ 7,455</b>	<b>\$ 27,615</b>

	Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period				After
	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1 — 3 Years (in thousands)	4 — 5 Years	
Unused lines of credit	\$ 35,000	\$	\$ 35,000	\$	\$

We also have commitments to provide working capital financing to Partner centers in our Attain Fertility Centers division that are not included in the above table. A significant portion of these commitments relate to our transactions with the medical practices themselves. Our responsibilities to the these medical practices are to provide financing for their accounts receivable and to hold patient deposits on their behalf, as well as undistributed physician earnings. Disbursements to the medical practices generally occur monthly. The medical practice’s repayment hierarchy consists of the following:



- We provide a cash credit to the practice for billings to patients and insurance companies;
- We reduce the cash credit for center expenses that we have incurred on behalf of the practice;
- We reduce the cash credit for the base portion of our service fee which relates to the Partner revenues;
- We reduce the cash credit for the variable portion of our service fee which relates to the Partner earnings; and
- We disburse to the medical practice the remaining cash amount which represents the physician's undistributed earnings.

We are also responsible for the collection of the Partner accounts receivables. We continuously fund these needs from our cash flows from operations, the collection of prior months' receivables and deposits from patients in advance of treatment. If delays in repayment are incurred, which have not as yet been encountered, we could draw on our existing revolving line of credit. We also make payments on behalf of the Partner for which we are reimbursed in the short-term. Other than these payments, as a general course, we do not make other advances to the medical practices. We have no other funding commitments to the Partner centers.

#### RECENT ISSUED ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE:

Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements (ASU No. 2010-06)

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements," which amends Subtopic 820-10. ASU 2010-06 enhances disclosure requirements related to fair value measurements. Certain provisions of ASU 2010-06 are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2009 and others for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The Company has adopted the relevant provisions of ASU 2010-06 and has incorporated new disclosures regarding fair value measurements. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 08-1 – Replacement for Issue 00-21 (ASC 605-25)

Issue 08-1 will change the accounting for revenue recognition for arrangements with multiple deliverables. Issue 08-1 will enable entities to separately account for individual deliverables for many more revenue arrangements. By removing the criterion that entities must use objective and reliable evidence of fair value in separately accounting for deliverables, the EITF expects the recognition of revenue to more closely align with the economics of certain revenue arrangements. Issue 08-1 applies to all deliverables in contractual arrangements in all industries in which a vendor will perform multiple revenue-generating activities, except when some or all deliverables in a multiple deliverable arrangement are within the scope of other, more specific sections of the Codification and other sections of ASC 605 on revenue recognition. Specifically, Issue 08-1 addresses the unit of accounting for arrangements involving multiple deliverables. It also addresses how arrangement consideration should be allocated to the separate units of accounting, when applicable. Issue 08-1 requires a vendor to evaluate all deliverables in an arrangement to determine whether they represent separate units of accounting. This evaluation must be performed at the inception of an arrangement and as each item in the arrangement is delivered. It is our opinion that the adoption of this guidance will not have a material

impact on our consolidated financial statements. Issue 08-1 must be applied prospectively to revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010.

ITEM 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

In the normal course of business, our interest income and expense items are sensitive to changes in the general level of interest rates. We are currently subject to interest rate risk associated with our credit facilities as well as our short term investments and certain advances to our Partner Fertility Centers, some of which are tied to either short term interest rates, LIBOR or the prime rate. As of December 31, 2010, we do not believe that a one percent change in market level interest rates would have a material impact our pre-tax income.

## ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

See Index to Financial Statements on Page F-1.

## ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

## ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act.

Internal control over financial reporting refers to a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and members of our board of directors; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process, and it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Management conducted the above-referenced assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 using the framework set forth in the report entitled, “Internal Control—Integrated Framework,” issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, or the COSO Report. Based on management’s evaluation and the criteria set forth in the COSO Report, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2010.

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, EisnerAmper LLP, has audited our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 as stated in their report which appears on page F-2 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

Changes in internal controls:

There were no changes made in our internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. Other Information

None.

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### PART III

#### ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Our Board of Directors has adopted a Code of Business Conduct that is applicable to all of our directors, officers and employees, a copy of which has previously been filed with the SEC. Any material changes made to our Code of Business Conduct or any waivers granted to any of our directors and executive officers will be publicly disclosed by filing a current report on Form 8-K. A copy of our Code of Business Conduct as well as charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, which comply with the corporate governance rules of NASDAQ, are available on our website at [www.integrated.com](http://www.integrated.com). In addition, copies of such documents are also available to our shareholders upon request by contacting our Investor Relations Department at 914-253-8000 or through an e-mail request from our website at [www.integrated.com](http://www.integrated.com).

The other information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the applicable information in the definitive proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, which is to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after our fiscal year end, including the information set forth under the captions “Election of Directors for a Term of One Year”, “Section 16 (a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance” and “Committees of the Board”.

#### ITEM 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the applicable information in the definitive proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, which is to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after our fiscal year end, including the information set forth under the captions “Executive Compensation”, “Director Compensation” and “Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation”.

#### ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management, and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the applicable information in the definitive proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, which is to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after our fiscal year end, including the information set forth under the caption “Security Ownership”.

#### ITEM 13. Certain Relationships, Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the applicable information in the definitive proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, which is to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after our fiscal year end, including the information set forth under the caption “Certain Relationships and Related Transactions”.

#### ITEM 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the applicable information in the definitive proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of shareholders, which is to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after our fiscal year end, including the information set forth under the caption “Independent Public Registered Accounting Firm”.

### PART IV

#### ITEM 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedule

- (a) (1) Financial Statements
- (2) The exhibits that are listed on the Index to Exhibits herein which are filed as 21.1; 23.1; 31.1; 31.2; 32.1 and 32.2
- (b) Exhibits. The list of exhibits required to be filed with Annual Report on Form 10-K is set forth in the Index to Exhibits herein.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Item 8 and 15 (a)(1)

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and  
Shareholders of IntegraMed America, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of IntegraMed America, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and the related consolidated statement of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010. We also have audited IntegraMed America, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). IntegraMed America, Inc.'s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of the consolidated financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of IntegraMed America, Inc. as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted

in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, IntegraMed America, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Internal Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

/s/EisnerAmper LLP  
New York, New York  
March 9, 2011

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and  
Shareholders of IntegraMed America, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of IntegraMed America, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2009. We also have audited IntegraMed America, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). IntegraMed America, Inc.'s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of IntegraMed America, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, IntegraMed America,

Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Internal Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

/s/Amper, Politziner & Mattia, LLP  
Edison, New Jersey  
March 10, 2010

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.  
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 (all dollars in thousands, except share amounts)

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and short term investments	\$50,183	\$28,865
Patient and other receivables, net	7,350	6,964
Deferred income taxes	2,510	2,883
Prepays and other current assets	9,611	7,653
Total current assets	69,654	46,365
Fixed assets, net		
Intangible assets, Business Service Rights, net	19,264	16,705
Goodwill	22,915	24,210
Trademarks	30,334	30,334
Other assets	4,442	4,442
Total assets	2,046	2,253
	\$148,655	\$124,309
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$3,626	\$2,846
Accrued liabilities	17,265	15,119
Current portion of long-term notes payable and other obligations	3,784	11,317
Due to Fertility Medical Practices	11,246	6,424
Attain IVF Refund Program deferred revenue and other Patient Deposits	15,852	13,362
Total current liabilities	51,773	49,068
Long-term notes payable and other obligations	10,908	14,849
Deferred income and other tax liabilities	2,454	2,199
Total Liabilities	65,135	66,116
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common Stock, \$.01 par value – 20,000,000 and 15,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively, 11,728,491 and 8,785,150 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively	117	88
Capital in excess of par	76,483	56,354
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(55 )	(188 )
Treasury stock, at cost – 6,848 and 46,408 shares in 2010 and 2009, respectively	(64 )	(375 )
Retained earnings	7,039	2,314

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Total shareholders' equity	83,520	58,193
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 148,655	\$ 124,309

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(all amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the years ended		
	2010	2009	2008
<b>Revenues, net</b>			
Fertility Centers	\$ 182,443	\$ 166,135	\$ 158,203
Vein Clinics	60,726	50,625	39,950
Total revenues	243,169	216,760	198,153
<b>Costs of services and sales:</b>			
Fertility Centers	164,718	149,345	142,568
Vein Clinics	57,235	46,525	37,299
Total costs of services and sales	221,953	195,870	179,867
<b>Contribution</b>			
Fertility Centers	17,725	16,790	15,635
Vein Clinics	3,491	4,100	2,651
Total contribution	21,216	20,890	18,286
General and administrative expenses	12,668	12,155	10,654
Interest income	(202 )	(250 )	(383 )
Interest expense	897	1,160	1,563
Total other expenses, net	13,363	13,065	11,834
Income before income taxes	7,853	7,825	6,452
Income tax provision	3,128	3,331	2,537
Net income	\$4,725	\$4,494	\$3,915
<b>Basic and diluted net earnings per share:</b>			
Basic earnings per share	\$0.42	\$0.51	\$0.45
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.41	\$0.51	\$0.45
Weighted average shares - basic	11,380	8,773	8,618
Weighted average shares - diluted	11,429	8,834	8,691

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.





INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(all amounts in thousands)

	Common Stock		Capital in Excess of Par	Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Equity
	Shares	Amount						
BALANCE AT								
DECEMBER 31, 2007	8,572	86	53,890	(82 )	14	(165 )	(6,095 )	47,634
Stock grants issued, net	99	1	(1 )					
Stock based compensation expense			858					858
Exercise of common stock options and related tax benefits	11	1	360		2	(23 )		338
Treasury stock transactions, net	(14 )	(1 )	(164 )		7	(23 )		(188 )
Unrealized loss on hedging transaction				(293 )				(293 )
Net income for the year ended 12/31/08							3,915	3,915
BALANCE AT								
DECEMBER 31, 2008	8,668	\$ 87	\$ 54,943	\$ (375 )	23	\$ (211 )	\$ (2,180 )	\$ 52,264
Stock grants issued, net	142	1	(1 )		23	(164 )		(164 )
Stock based compensation expense			1,337					1,337
Exercise of common stock options and related tax benefits	22		75					75
Unrealized gain on hedging transaction				187				187
Net income for the year ended 12/31/09							4,494	4,494
BALANCE AT								
DECEMBER 31, 2009	8,832	\$ 88	\$ 56,354	\$ (188 )	46	\$ (375 )	\$ 2,314	\$ 58,193
Stock awards grants, net	168	2	(1 )		45	(346 )		(345 )
Restricted stock award and stock option expense amortization			1,591					1,591
Stock options exercised and related	19		162	(15 )				147

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tax benefits								
Unrealized gain on hedging transaction, net				148				148
Secondary Offering	2,800	28	19,034					19,062
Retire Treasury Stock	(84 )	(1 )	(657 )		(84 )	657		(1 )
Net income for the year ended 12/31/10							4,725	4,725
BALANCE AT								
DECEMBER 31, 2010	11,735	117	76,483	(55 )	7	(64 )	7,039	83,520

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(all amounts in thousands)

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Net income	\$4,725	\$4,494	\$3,915
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	6,846	7,119	7,288
Deferred income tax provision	663	3,433	(1,068 )
Deferred or stock-based compensation	1,591	1,337	858
<b>Changes in assets and liabilities —</b>			
Patient and other accounts receivables	(386 )	(283 )	(1,170 )
Prepays and other current assets	(1,958 )	(1,187 )	(643 )
Other assets	207	(472 )	(162 )
Accounts payable	744	(7 )	958
Accrued liabilities	1,837	(2,865 )	(1,097 )
Due to medical practices	4,822	70	(2,689 )
Attain IVF Refund Program deferred revenue and other patient deposits	2,490	2,125	677
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,581	13,764	6,867
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>			
Purchase of business service rights		(3,550 )	(950 )
Cash paid to purchase VCA, net of cash acquired			(119 )
Purchase of other intangibles, net			50
Purchase of fixed assets and leasehold improvements, net	(8,110 )	(5,909 )	(5,695 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,110 )	(9,459 )	(6,714 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Proceeds from issuance of debt			7,880
Debt repayments	(11,255 )	(3,750 )	(3,648 )
Common Stock transactions, net	19,062	8	120
Proceeds from stock option exercises	40	29	30
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	7,847	(3,713 )	4,382
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,318	590	4,535
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	28,865	28,275	23,740
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$50,183	\$28,865	\$28,275

Supplemental Information:

Interest paid	\$912	\$1,067	\$1,632
Income taxes paid	\$2,616	\$3,896	\$1,526

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 — THE COMPANY:

IntegraMed America, Inc. (the “Company”) is a specialty healthcare services company offering products and services to patients and providers in the fertility, through our Attain Fertility Centers Division, and vein care, through our Vein Clinics Division, segments of the health industry.

Our Attain Fertility Centers Division provides a number of services to fertility centers across the United States. These services include business and management services to a network of 14 contracted fertility centers in our Partner Program, and our Attain IVF products to both our 14 contracted fertility centers and an additional 28 affiliate fertility centers. Our Partner and Affiliate fertility centers offer a range of diagnostic and fertility treatment options to patients. The fertility centers’ physicians perform diagnostic tests on both women and men to determine the cause of infertility and each fertility center has an endocrine and andrology laboratory on site in order to perform and expedite infertility analyses. Once the cause of infertility is identified, several treatment options are offered to patients, including IVF treatment, frozen embryo transfer, intrauterine insemination and minimally invasive surgery to correct anatomical reproductive problems.

Our Vein Clinic Division, which began operations in August, 2007, is currently comprised of 42 (32 as of December 31, 2009) vein clinics in major markets, which primarily provide advanced treatment for vein diseases. We offer a comprehensive array of defined business services to these clinics which are designed to support their operations and growth.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Basis of consolidation —

The consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of IntegraMed America, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. We are currently organized and report our operations along two distinct product lines, our Attain Fertility Centers segment and our Vein Clinics segment.

In our Attain Fertility Centers Segment, we derive our revenues from business service contracts with independent fertility centers; fees assessed to patients enrolling in our Attain IVF programs; fees assessed to affiliated fertility clinics; and referral fees derived from fertility patient financing products. Our Vein Clinics Segment derives revenues from billings to patients and third party payers for treatment services rendered based upon the amount billed to the patient or their payer less any expected contractual allowances resulting from specified rates contained within payer contracts.

We evaluate whether we should report the results of the clinical operations in which we have management service contracts in accordance with ASC 810. Since we do not have a controlling financial interest in any of the fertility medical practices to which we provide services, and we are not the primary beneficiary or obligor of their financial

results (our contracts provide for the physician owners of the clinics to receive any excess or deficit of profits), we do not consolidate their results. This is further supported by the facts that the physician owners of the clinics have the voting rights with respect to the entity and sufficient equity interests to fund their entity. We do have effective voting control and a controlling financial interest in the operations of each of the vein clinics, where we are the primary beneficiary and obligor of their financial results (our contracts provide for us to receive any excess or deficit of profits) and therefore consolidate the results of those clinic operations. Accordingly, we report the revenue for patient services only from the vein clinic segment and those fertility patients who enroll in the Attain IVF programs. (included in our Attain Fertility Centers segment).

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Revenue Recognition —

Attain Fertility Centers - Partner service fees

Generally under our current fertility Partner agreements, we receive as compensation for our services a three-part fee comprised of: (i) a tiered percentage of the fertility center's net revenues, (ii) reimbursed costs of services (costs incurred in servicing a fertility center and any costs paid on behalf of the fertility center) and (iii) either a fixed percentage ranging from 10% to 20%, or a fixed dollar amount of the fertility center's earnings after service fees, which may be subject to further limits. However, under one of our current Partner agreements, we do not receive a three-part fee. Rather, effective as of November 1, 2009, we receive a fee that is generally equal to the operating expenses associated with managing that centers medical practice plus 9.5% of such expenses. Our revenues from this center prior to November 1, 2009 were, pursuant to our current Partner agreement with Fertility Centers of Illinois, set at a fixed annual amount paid monthly.

All revenues from Partner contracts are recorded in the period services are rendered. Direct costs incurred by us in performing our services and costs incurred on behalf of the medical practices are reported as costs of services. Revenue and costs are recognized in the same period in which the related services have been performed.

Attain Fertility Centers – Attain IVF Programs

The Attain IVF Programs consist of fertility treatment packages that includes a fixed number of treatment cycles for one fixed price. We receive payment directly from consumers who qualify for the program and the patient contracts with us to provide the medical treatment. We discharge the obligation of patient treatment by arranging with affiliated fertility clinics for the provision of patient care. We pay contracted fertility centers a defined reimbursement for each treatment cycle performed. Since we are the primary obligor in the arrangement, has latitude in establishing the price, performs a portion of the contracted service, has discretion in supplier selection, the amount earned by us per transaction is not fixed and the patient looks to us as the contracting party, these arrangements qualify for gross accounting under ASC 605. We have two principal programs in this program, the Attain IVF Refund Program and the Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program.

Under our Attain IVF Refund Program, by contract, a portion of the enrollment fee (generally 30%) is non-refundable and is recognized as revenue based on the relative fair value of each treatment cycle completed relative to the total fair value of the contracted treatment package available to the patient, following the guidance of ASC 605. The remaining revenue, which consists of the 70% refundable portion as well as any part of the 30% non-refundable portion not yet recognized as revenue, is recorded upon the patient becoming pregnant and achieving a fetal heartbeat (most of the patients that are pregnant at this point go on to deliver a baby). We are able to record income at the time of pregnancy as we have substantially completed our obligation to the patient, discharged the patient from the care of the fertility specialists, and we can accurately estimate the amount of expenses and refunds that will become due if there is a pregnancy loss. We are able to make these estimates for pregnancy loss based upon reliable Company specific data with respect to the large homogeneous population we have served for more than seven years. Expenses prior to pregnancy related to the program and principally paid to the affiliated fertility clinic are recorded as incurred.

Accordingly, at each balance sheet date, we have established a liability for patients in the Attain IVF Refund Program for the following:

1. Deposits for customers who have not yet begun treatment and for whom no revenue has been recognized (we expect such amounts to be recognized as income or refunded within twelve to eighteen months)
  2. Refund reserve for those patients who became pregnant, but may not deliver a baby (See Note 13)
3. Medical costs associated with additional treatments to a patient who became pregnant, did not deliver a baby and still has additional treatments available under their treatment package. (See Note 13)

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The table below presents the balances of each of these liabilities as of the respective dates (000's):

	December 31,	
	2010	2009
Deposits or refundable fees	\$ 13,691	\$ 11,648
Refund reserve for pregnant patients	386	300
Medical cost reserve	431	344

Due to the characteristics of the program, we assume the risk for a patient's treatment cost in excess of their enrollment fee should initial treatment cycles be unsuccessful. In order to moderate and manage this risk, we have developed a sophisticated statistical model and case management program in which Attain IVF patients are medically pre-approved prior to enrollment in the program. We also continuously review their clinical criteria as they undergo treatment. If, while undergoing treatment, a patient's clinical response falls outside our criteria for participation in the Attain IVF program, we have the right to remove that individual from the program, with an applicable refund to the patient. To date, our case management process has been effective in managing the risks associated with our Attain IVF program within expected limits. A patient may withdraw from the program at anytime and will be issued a refund.

Patients enrolled in our Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program pay us a single fee, which is slightly less than the average cost of two fresh IVF cycles, in return for up to four treatment cycles (consisting of two fresh IVF cycles and two frozen embryo transfers). With respect to our Attain IVF Multi-Cycle Program, we recognize a pro rata share of the contract amount as revenue as each treatment cycle is completed based on the relative fair value of each treatment cycle completed relative to the total value of the treatment package. The refundable portion of the program contract amount is recognized as revenue when the patient becomes pregnant. Under such revenue recognition methodology, we never recognize more revenue than the potential refundable amount under the program. At the time of pregnancy, we establish a reserve for future medical costs should the patient miscarry and require additional contracted treatment cycles.

Attain Fertility Centers - Patient Financing

A fertility treatment cycle can be an expensive process for which many patients do not have full medical insurance coverage. As a service to these patients, we can arrange financing to qualified patients of our network at rates significantly lower than credit cards and other finance companies. Our financing operations are administered by a third-party vendor and loans are made to qualified patients by an independent bank or finance organization. We are not at risk for loan losses and receive a placement fee from the lender involved. Since many financing transactions are closely associated with our Attain IVF Programs, financing revenues, which we receive and record at the time the loans are closed, are reported as part of the Attain Fertility Centers segment's revenues.

#### Attain Fertility Centers - Affiliate Service Fee

Under our Affiliate agreements, we receive as compensation for our services a fixed fee dependent upon the level of service provided. All revenues and costs from Affiliate contracts are recorded in the period services are rendered.

#### Vein Clinics – Patient Revenues and Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Our relationship with the individual medical practices comprising our Vein Clinics Division meets the test for consolidation under ASC 810. Among these tests is the fact that we hold a controlling financial interest in the medical practices, we are the primary beneficiary of the results of the practices and we are obligated to absorb any losses of the practices. As a result of these relationships, we consolidate the medical practice's patient revenues in

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

our consolidated financial statements. These revenues are derived from the treatment of individual patients and revenue is recognized when the services are performed, net of allowance for uncollectable accounts.

The medical practices have agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments at amounts different from established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates for reimbursed cost and discounted charges. Revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients and third-party payers.

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payers follows:

- **Medicare:** All outpatient services related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a fixed physician fee schedule per service which is updated annually.
- **Managed care:** Payment terms under managed care health plans are based primarily on prior contractual arrangements, such as predetermined rates per diagnosis, per diem rates or discounted fee for service rates.

Approximately 15% and 15% respectively, of gross patient revenues of the Vein Clinics Division for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, related to services rendered to patients covered by the Medicare program.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare program are complex and subject to interpretation. Management believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing. While no such regulatory inquiries have been made, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation.

Our accounts receivable are primarily comprised of patient and third-party receivables arising from services provided by our Vein Clinics Division. Receivables due directly from patients are carried at the original charge for the service provided less an estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts. Reserves for uncollectible amounts are determined based on historical collection performance data and are reviewed and adjusted monthly as necessary.

#### Vein Clinics – Deferred Compensation Arrangements

The Professional Corporations providing medical services at the clinics have entered into employment agreements with physicians at clinic sites providing for multi-year bonus compensation to be accumulated over a physician's first five years of employment. Accumulated balances are paid out during the years following this period, or after specific performance targets have been met. These obligations are funded in physician designated investment accounts on a quarterly basis. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, these balances totaled approximately \$1,413,000 and \$1,307,000, respectively, and are recorded in deferred liabilities.

#### Intangible and Long-Lived Assets –

Our intangible assets are comprised of Business Service Rights associated with our fertility Partner contracts, Goodwill associated with our acquisition of Vein Clinics of America, Inc., and Trademarks, also associated with our Vein Clinic acquisition.

Business service rights represent payments we made for the right to service certain fertility centers. Certain business service rights are refundable from the medical practice at termination of the underlying contracts. We amortize our non-refundable Business Service Rights on a straight-line basis over the life of the underlying contract, usually ten to twenty five years. Our refundable Business Service Rights are not amortized as they are contractually reimbursable from the medical practice upon termination of the underlying contract. Our Goodwill and Trademark assets associated with the Vein Clinics of America, Inc. acquisition are deemed to have indefinite lives and are therefore not amortized.

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We test our intangible and long-lived assets for impairment on a regular basis in accordance with ASC 360. We test our goodwill and indefinite lived trademarks for impairment as of December 31 every year. If we record an impairment loss, it may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations for the year in which the impairment is recorded. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, none of our long lived assets were deemed to be impaired.

Use of Estimates –

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The use of estimates and assumptions in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements is primarily related to the determination of accounts receivable reserves as well as refunds due to pregnancy losses and subsequent medical costs within our Attain IVF programs.

Due to Fertility Medical Practices —

Due to Medical Practices represents the net amounts owed by us by contracted medical practices in our Fertility Partner Program. This balance is comprised of amounts due to us by the medical practices for funds which we advanced for use in financing their accounts receivable and other selected transactions, less balances owed to the medical practices by us for undistributed physician earnings and patient deposits we hold on behalf of the medical practices.

Cash and short term investments —

Cash and short term investments primarily include unrestricted cash balances and debt instruments with original maturities of one year or less, recorded at cost, which approximates market.

Prepaid Marketing—

Prepaid marketing consists of two items, those expenses which relate to the following period which were paid prior to the end of the current period, and direct response advertising costs, which we capitalize and then expense over the life of the expected benefit from the advertising costs in accordance with ASC 720.

Concentrations of credit risk —

Financial instruments, which potentially expose us to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of trade receivables from patients and third-party payers which totaled approximately \$9.7 million and \$9.8 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Our related reserves for uncollectible accounts totaled \$2.5 million and \$2.9 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively (see Note 6).

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Income taxes —

We account for income taxes utilizing the asset and liability approach in accordance with FASB ASC 740 “Income Taxes.” Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities using presently enacted tax rates. The income tax provision is the sum of the amount of income tax paid or payable for the year as determined by applying the provisions of enacted tax laws to the taxable income for that year and the net change during the year in our deferred tax assets and liabilities. (See Note 17).

Earnings per share —

We determine earnings per share in accordance with ASC 260. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares, and potential common shares, outstanding during the reporting period. (See Note 18)

Fair value of financial instruments —

The fair value of a financial instrument, such as notes payable, represents the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation. Significant differences can arise between the fair value and carrying amounts of financial instruments that are recorded at historical cost amounts. We believe that the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of our long-term liabilities approximates the fair value of such instruments based upon our best estimate of interest rates that would be available to us for similar debt obligations with similar maturities.

New accounting pronouncements —

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements (ASU No. 2010-06)

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2010-06, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements,” which amends Subtopic 820-10. ASU 2010-06 enhances disclosure requirements related to fair value measurements. Certain provisions of ASU 2010-06 are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2009 and others for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The Company has adopted the

relevant provisions of ASU 2010-06 and has incorporated new disclosures regarding fair value measurements. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 08-1 – Replacement for Issue 00-21 (ASC 605-25)

Issue 08-1 will change the accounting for revenue recognition for arrangements with multiple deliverables. Issue 08-1 will enable entities to separately account for individual deliverables for many more revenue arrangements. By removing the criterion that entities must use objective and reliable evidence of fair value in separately accounting for deliverables, the EITF expects the recognition of revenue to more closely align with the economics of certain revenue arrangements. Issue 08-1 applies to all deliverables in contractual arrangements in all industries in which a vendor will perform multiple revenue-generating activities, except when some or all deliverables in a multiple deliverable arrangement are within the scope of other, more specific sections of the Codification and other sections of ASC 605 on revenue recognition. Specifically, Issue 08-1 addresses the unit of accounting for arrangements involving multiple deliverables. It also addresses how arrangement consideration should be allocated to the separate units of accounting, when applicable. Issue 08-1 requires a vendor to evaluate all deliverables in an arrangement to determine whether they represent separate units of accounting. This evaluation must be performed at the inception of an arrangement and as each item in the arrangement is delivered. It is our opinion that the adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Issue 08-1 must be applied prospectively to revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010.



## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## Subsequent Events —

We evaluate subsequent events through the date our financial statements are issued to determine if any event or transaction occurring during that period would require revenue recognition, expense recognition or disclosure and include disclosures as appropriate.

## NOTE 3 — SIGNIFICANT SERVICE CONTRACTS:

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the following two contracted fertility centers each individually provided greater than 10% of our revenues, net and/or contribution as follows:

	Percent of Company Revenues, net			Percent of Contribution		
	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008
Shady Grove Fertility Center	16.9	17.6	18.0	15.8	15.4	17.2
Fertility Centers of Illinois (“FCI”)	11.3	13.1	16.3	9.3	10.3	15.2

Under our fertility Partner agreement with the Shady Grove Fertility Center, we receive as compensation for our services a three-part fee comprised of: a percentage of the fertility center’s net revenues; reimbursed costs of services (costs incurred in servicing a fertility center and any costs paid on behalf of the fertility center); and a fixed dollar amount of the fertility center’s earnings after services fees which is subject to further limits.

Under our current Partner agreement with FCI, we do not receive a three-part fee. Rather, effective as of November 1, 2009, we receive a fee that is generally equal to the operating expenses associated with managing FCI’s medical practice plus 9.5% of such expenses. Our revenues from FCI prior to November 1, 2009 were based on the three-part fee structure described earlier.

## NOTE 4 — SEGMENT INFORMATION:

In mid-2010, we consolidated our Fertility Centers Division and our Consumer Services Division into one operating segment, the Attain Fertility Centers Division (AFC). This consolidation resulted in a reduction from three operating segments to two, our Attain Fertility Centers and our Vein Clinics divisions. This consolidation was done to reflect the integrated goals, resources and management shared by the former Fertility Centers and Consumer Services divisions.

Performance by segment, for the three years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 (restated) are presented below (000's omitted):

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Fertility Centers	Vein Clinics	Corp. G&A	Consolidated
For the Year ended December 31, 2010				
Revenues	\$182,443	\$60,726	\$—	\$ 243,169
Cost of Services	164,718	57,235	—	221,953
Contribution	17,725	3,491	—	21,216
Operating Margin	9.7	% 5.7	% —	8.7 %
General and administrative	—	—	12,668	12,668
Interest (income) expense, net	(202 )	—	897	695
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$17,927	\$3,491	\$(13,565 )	7,853
Depreciation expense included above	3,773	1,133	645	5,551
Capital expenditures, net	3,413	3,995	702	8,110
Total assets	41,692	52,999	53,964	148,655
For the Year ended December 31, 2009				
Revenues	\$166,135	\$50,625	\$—	\$ 216,760
Cost of Services	\$149,345	46,525	—	195,870
Contribution	16,790	4,100	—	20,890
Operating Margin	10.1	% 8.1	% —	9.6 %
General and administrative	—	—	12,155	12,155
Interest (income) expense, net	(149 )	—	1,059	910
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$16,939	\$4,100	\$(13,214 )	\$ 7,825
Depreciation expense included above	\$4,076	\$873	\$873	\$ 5,822
Capital expenditures, net	\$4,173	\$947	\$790	\$ 5,910
Total assets	\$39,190	\$49,845	\$35,274	\$ 124,309
For the Year ended December 31, 2008, restated				
Revenues	\$158,203	\$39,950	\$—	\$ 198,153
Cost of Services	142,568	37,299	—	179,867
Contribution	15,635	2,651	—	18,286
Operating Margin	9.9	% 6.6	% —	9.2 %
General and administrative	—	—	10,654	10,654
Interest (income) expense, net	(181 )	8	1,353	1,180
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$15,816	\$2,643	\$(12,007 )	\$ 6,452
Depreciation expense included above	\$4,330	\$761	\$898	\$ 5,989
Capital expenditures, net	\$4,053	\$1,057	\$585	\$ 5,695

Total assets	\$37,216	\$46,750	\$37,475	\$ 121,441
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**NOTE 5 – CASH AND SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS:**

To the extent that cash balances exceed short term operating needs, excess cash is invested in short term interest bearing instruments. It is our policy to restrict our investments to high-quality securities with fixed principle amounts and maturity dates of one year or less. The composition of our cash and short term investments is as follows (000's omitted):

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	December 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash	\$ 32,057	\$ 15,770
Short term investments	18,126	13,081
Accrued interest income	-	14
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,183	\$ 28,865

## NOTE 6 – PATIENT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET:

Patient and other receivables are principally comprised of patient and insurance receivables from our Vein Clinics segment which represent outstanding balances due for patient treatments less estimated allowances for insurance contractual agreements and uncollectible balances. Uncollectible reserves are based on both historical trends and specific identification of specific accounts. For the periods ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, we believe that our receivable reserves were adequate to provide for any collection issues.

The composition of our patient and other receivables is as follows (000's omitted):

	December 31,	
	2010	2009
Vein Clinic patient and insurance receivables	\$ 9,745	\$ 9,773
Reserve for uncollectible accounts	(2,492 )	(2,913 )
Subtotal Vein Clinic receivables, net	7,253	6,860
Other receivables	97	104
Total Patient and other receivables, net	\$ 7,350	\$ 6,964

Our accounts receivable reserves are primarily related to patient and third-party receivables arising from services provided by our Vein Clinics Division. Receivables due from third-party payers are recorded based on the original charge for the service provided, less an estimate for an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Receivables due directly from patients are carried at the original charge for the service provided less an estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts. Uncollectible reserve amounts are determined based on historical collection performance data, current trends and events and are reviewed and adjusted monthly as necessary. We have not had any material adjustments to the reserve balance other than the normal accounting activity to reflect the changing related asset values.

NOTE 7 — DIRECT RESPONSE ADVERTISING:

Direct Response Advertising Costs of \$1.3 million and \$1.3 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, consist of capitalized advertising costs which have met the criteria outlined in ASU 340, including; probable future benefit, the ability to uniquely track individual responses to specific advertisements, and no material selling or marketing expenses are expected to occur after the advertisement. These capitalized Direct Response Advertising costs are amortized and recognized as an expense over a seven month expected benefit period. These amounts (which relate primarily to specific broadcast and internet based advertisements) are capitalized and begin to amortize at the time of use, based on the broadcast date or month of usage and are amortized over the expected period that revenue will be generated over as a result of these costs.

## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 8 — FIXED ASSETS, NET:

Fixed assets, net of depreciation at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following (000's omitted):

	2010	2009
Furniture, office and computer equipment	24,379	\$ 20,923
Medical equipment	10,315	8,626
Leasehold improvements	26,001	23,112
Construction in progress	20	-
Assets under capital leases	427	427
Total	61,142	53,088
Less — Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(41,878)	(36,383)
	\$ 19,264	\$ 16,705

Our fixed assets are depreciated on a straight line basis. We generally assign useful lives of five years to assets classified as furniture, fixtures, office and medical equipment. Assets classified as computer hardware and software are generally assigned a three year useful life and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lesser of their useful life, or the term of the lease.

Depreciation expense on fixed assets for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$5,551,000, and \$5,822,000, respectively. Assets under capital lease are comprised of various medical equipment. Accumulated amortization related specifically to capital leases at December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$298,000 and \$209,000, respectively.

## NOTE 9 — BUSINESS SERVICE RIGHTS, NET:

Business Service Rights, net at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following (000's omitted):

	2010	2009
	\$ 37,755	\$ 37,755

Business Service rights, net			
Less accumulated amortization	(14,840)		(13,545)
Total	\$ 22,915	\$	24,210

Business Service Rights are negotiated one-time payments we generally make to physician practices joining our fertility Partner program. These payments are made to secure the right to provide business services to the practices for contracted terms generally ranging from ten to twenty five years. Depending upon the negotiated terms, these payments may be refundable at the termination of the contract or non-refundable. We amortize our non-refundable Business Service Rights over the life of the applicable contract. Refundable Business Service Rights, which totaled approximately \$9.6 million as of December 31, 2010, are not amortized because these amounts will be repaid to us upon termination of the contract.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, amortization expense related to our Business Service Rights totaled approximately \$1.3 million, respectively.



## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Amortization expense of our Business Service Rights in future years are as follows (000's omitted):

2011	1,296
2012	1,296
2013	1,296
2014	1,296
2015	1,296
Thereafter	6,766
Total payments	\$ 13,246

We test our Business Service Rights for impairment on a regular basis in accordance with ASC 360. To date, no impairment charges have been recognized.

## NOTE 10 – GOODWILL:

Goodwill of \$30.3 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, represents the excess of purchase price of our Vein Clinics subsidiary over the net assets acquired and consists largely of market and growth potential expected from VCA's operations. As of the date of acquisition in August 2007, VCA operated 27 clinics in 11 states. These operations have grown to 42 clinics in 14 states as of December 31, 2010. All of our goodwill is assigned to VCA's vein care operations, with none of the goodwill expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

We test our goodwill for impairment in accordance with the provisions of ASC 350. This test consists of a two-step process. The first step is to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount. If the fair value, which is based on future cash flows, exceeds the carrying amount, the goodwill is not considered impaired. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, the second step must be performed to measure the amount of the impairment loss, if any. The second step compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill with the carrying amount of the goodwill. If the implied fair value is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to the excess of the carrying amount of the goodwill over its implied fair value. To date we have not recorded any impairment losses.

## NOTE 11 — TRADEMARKS:

Trademarks and other intangibles, net at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following trademark items (000's omitted)

2010 and  
2009

IntegraMed America, Inc.	\$ 42
Vein Clinics of America, Inc.	4,400
Total	\$ 4,442

We do not amortize our trademarks as they have an indefinite useful life. We do test our trademarks for impairment on a regular basis in accordance with ASC 360. To date, no impairment charges have been recognized.

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 12 — OTHER ASSETS:

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, other assets consisted of the following (000's omitted):

	2010	2009
Physician investment accounts – supporting VCA deferred compensation arrangements	\$ 966	\$ 1,000
Security deposits	1,021	847
Deferred offering costs		346
Other	59	60
Total	\$ 2,046	\$ 2,253

Deferred offering costs totaled \$0 million and \$0.3 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. These costs primarily represent legal, accounting and other direct costs related to our efforts to raise capital through a secondary offering and have been deferred based on the guidance provided in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) Topic 5A “Deferred Offering Costs”. We completed this offering during the first quarter of 2010, at which time these costs were reclassified to additional paid-in capital as a reduction of the offering proceeds (see Note 24).

## NOTE 13 — ACCRUED LIABILITIES:

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following (000's omitted):

	2010	2009
Accrued payroll	\$ 2,937	\$ 2,251
Accrued employee incentives and benefits	3,229	4,177
Accrued physician incentives (VCA)	3,404	3,160
Accrued costs on behalf of medical practices	3,695	1,454
Accrued rent	1,028	1,108
Accrued professional fees	819	878

Reserves for estimated Attain IVF patient refunds	386	300
Reserve for Attain IVF post-pregnancy medical costs	431	344
Other (1)	1,336	1,447
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 17,265	\$ 15,119

(1) Individually represents less than 5% of total accrued liabilities.

Our Attain IVF refund and medical cost reserves provide for warranty costs associated with revenue we record from our Attain IVF Programs. Our deferred revenue relating to Attain IVF is comprised of both a refundable and non-refundable portion. We recognize the non-refundable portion of the product enrollment fee as revenue based on the relative value of a completed treatment cycle to the value of all treatment cycles included in the product offering. The refundable portion of any product offering (in addition to any amounts not yet recognized) are recognized as revenue at the time a patient becomes pregnant and a fetal heartbeat is achieved (at which point most patients will go on to successfully deliver a baby). When we recognize non-refundable revenue related to a patient achieving pregnancy (as opposed to a cycle completed in regards to non-refundable fees) or when a patient withdraws from the program, we will establish reserves at each balance sheet date for patients who have been classified as pregnant, but have not yet delivered a baby. These reserves are:

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**A Refund Reserve:** A reserve for those patients who have become pregnant, but may not successfully deliver a baby and who will request the refundable portion of the program fee to be returned to them. The Refund Reserve is calculated by reviewing the percentage of revenue recognized at time of pregnancy, which was later refunded to the patient due to a baby not being successfully delivered. We have not had any material adjustments to the reserve balance other than the normal accounting activity to reflect the changing related asset values.

**Medical Cost Reserves:** A reserve for additional medical treatment costs for a patient who has become pregnant, but has not yet delivered a baby and has additional treatment cycles available to them under the program. The Medical Cost Reserve is calculated by reviewing the percentage of revenue recognized at time of pregnancy, which was later spent on further medical costs. We have not had any material adjustment to the reserve balance other than the normal accounting activity to reflect the changing related asset values.

We base the estimates for both reserves upon reliable, actual Company specific data with regards to a large homogenous population which we have served for more than seven years.

**NOTE 14 – DUE TO FERTILITY MEDICAL PRACTICES:**

Due to Fertility Medical Practices is comprised of the net amounts owed by us to medical practices contracted for the full array of practice management services. We do not consolidate the results of the Fertility Medical Practices into our accounts (as discussed in Note 2). This balance is comprised of amounts due to us by the medical practices for funds which we advanced for use in financing their accounts receivable and selected other transactions, less balances owed to the medical practices by us for undistributed physician earnings and patient deposits we hold on behalf of the medical practices.

While we are responsible for the management and collection of the Partner's accounts receivable, as part of the business services we provide, the credit and collection risk for these receivables remains with the medical practice. We finance the receivables with full recourse. Amounts financed relating to uncollectible accounts are recovered from the medical practice in the month uncollectible reserves are established or accounts are written-off.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, Due to Medical Practices was comprised of the following balances (000's omitted):

	2010	2009
Advances to Partner medical practices	\$ (14,906)	\$ (14,653)
Undistributed physician earnings	2,841	2,270
	23,311	18,807

Partner practice patient deposits			
Due to Medical Practices, net	\$ 11,246	\$ 6,424	

NOTE 15 — NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS:

Notes payable and other obligations at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following (000's omitted):

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	2010	2009
Note payable to bank	\$ 14,476	\$ 18,142
Credit facility payable to bank		7,500
Derivative fair valuation adjustment	87	306
Obligations under capital lease	129	218
Total notes payable and other obligations	\$ 14,692	\$ 26,166
Less — Current portion	(3,784 )	(11,317)
Long-term notes payable and other obligations	\$ 10,908	\$ 14,849

## Note payable to Bank —

In May, 2010, we entered into a syndicated amended and restated financing arrangement with Bank of America, TD Bank and Webster Bank and secured a \$35 million three-year revolving credit facility (amounts available to be borrowed are based on eligible patient receivables and as of December 31, 2010, approximately \$13.5 million of the \$35 million line of credit was available) and a \$25 million three-year term loan (of which approximately \$15.2 million was outstanding at closing). Both the term loan and the revolving credit facility mature in May 2013. Interest on the term loan and revolving loans are payable based on a tiered pricing structure related to a defined leverage ratio. As of December 31, 2010, interest on the term loan was payable at a rate of approximately 4.5%. As of December 31, 2010 there was no outstanding balance on the revolving credit facility and the unused balance bore a commitment fee of 0.25%.

During the third quarter of 2010 we also entered into an interest rate swap agreement to help manage interest rate risk. This swap will mature in the third quarter of 2013, at which time we will re-evaluate our options for managing interest rate risk (See Note 16).

Our credit facility is collateralized by substantially all of our assets. As of December 31, 2010, we were in full compliance with all applicable debt covenants except one, minimum consolidated EBITDA, for which a waiver and an amendment to that covenant were obtained in the first quarter of 2011.

We continuously review our credit agreements and may renew, revise or enter into new agreements from time to time as deemed necessary.

## Debt Maturities —

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At December 31, 2010, aggregate note payments, including capital lease obligation payments, in future years were as follows (000's omitted):

2011	\$3,784
2012	\$3,765
2013	\$7,143
Total payments	\$14,692

Leases —

Our capital lease obligation relates to medical equipment acquired for certain vein clinics.

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We maintain operating leases for our corporate headquarters and for medical office space for our Partner and our vein clinic centers. We also have operating leases covering certain medical equipment. Aggregate rental expense under operating leases was approximately \$14.0 million, \$12.6 million, and \$11.5 million, for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

At December 31, 2010, the minimum lease payments for assets under capital and non-cancelable operating leases in future years were as follows (000's omitted):

	Capital	Operating
2011	\$ 102	\$ 11,139
2012	34	11,591
2013	—	10,480
2014	—	8,785
2015	—	7,455
Thereafter		27,615
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 136	\$ 77,065
Less — Amount representing interest	7	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 129	

## NOTE 16 – OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS:

IntegraMed is exposed to the risk that its earnings and cash flows could be adversely impacted by market driven fluctuations in the level of interest rates. It is our policy to manage these risks by using a mix of fixed and floating rate debt and derivative instruments. After the expiration of an existing interest rate swap agreement in the third quarter of 2010, IntegraMed entered into another interest rate swap agreement, with a nominal value of \$10 million and maturity of May 2013, which is designed to help manage the interest rate risk associated with its financial structure. As a result of both swap agreements, our net income for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 includes additional financing costs of approximately \$280,000, \$390,000 and \$260,000 respectively. In addition to the costs included in our reported net income, the interest rate swap is accounted for as a hedge and has also generated a non-recognized after-tax loss of approximately \$55,000 as of December 31, 2010 which is reported as part of our comprehensive income.

This fair value of this hedge was calculated in accordance with ASC 820, utilizing Level 2 inputs of quoted prices for similar liabilities in active markets.

We deem this hedge to be highly effective as it shares the same amortization schedule as the underlying debt subject to the hedge and any change in fair value inversely mimics the appropriate portion of the hedged item. As of December 31, 2010, we had no other hedge or derivative transactions.

The following table summarizes total comprehensive income (loss) for the applicable periods (000's omitted):

	For the twelve-month period ending		
	December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Net income	\$ 4,725	\$ 4,494	\$ 3,915
Net non-recognized gain (loss) on derivative transactions	133	187	(293 )
Total comprehensive income	\$ 4,858	\$ 4,681	\$ 3,622

## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 17 — INCOME TAXES:

We are subject to income taxes in various states within the United States. Judgment is often required in evaluating our provision for income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are certain transactions for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. For example, certain taxing authorities where we do not have a physical presence and do not file tax returns may take the position that we are providing services in those jurisdictions and therefore are subject to the state's tax laws. We have made provision for estimated liabilities in such states in accordance with ASC 450. The final determination of tax audits and any related litigation could be materially different from our historical income tax provisions and accruals. The results of an audit or litigation could have a material effect on our operating results or cash flows.

The provision for income taxes consisted of the following (000's omitted):

	For the years ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
<b>Current taxes:</b>			
Federal	\$ 2,029	\$ 665	\$ 2,699
State	422	396	644
Total current tax expense	\$ 2,451	\$ 1,061	\$ 3,343
<b>Deferred taxes:</b>			
Federal	\$ 550	\$ 1,868	\$ (645 )
State	127	402	(161 )
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)	\$ 677	\$ 2,270	\$ (806 )
Total tax provision	\$ 3,128	\$ 3,331	\$ 2,537

The consolidated financial statement income tax provision differed from income taxes determined by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to the consolidated financial statement income before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 primarily as a result of the following (000's omitted):

	For the years ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Provision at U.S. federal statutory rate	\$ 2,670	\$ 2,661	\$ 2,192
	362	366	306

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State income taxes, net of federal tax effect			
Non-deductible expenses	118	118	27
Tax-exempt interest income			(14 )
Change in ASC 740 liability	(22 )	186	26
Income tax expense	\$ 3,128	\$ 3,331	\$ 2,537

Significant components of the deferred tax assets (liabilities) at December 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (000's omitted):

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	December 31,	
	2010	2009
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>		
Temporary book to tax differences	\$ 2,912	\$ 3,426
<b>Total deferred tax assets</b>	<b>2,912</b>	<b>3,426</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	(2,375 )	(2,137 )
Other	(311 )	(307 )
<b>Total deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>(2,686 )</b>	<b>(2,444 )</b>
<b>Net total deferred tax asset</b>	<b>\$ 226</b>	<b>\$ 982</b>

We assess the realizability of our deferred tax assets at each interim and annual balance sheet date based on actual and forecasted operating results in order to determine the proper amount, if any, required for a valuation allowance. As a result of this assessment, we believe that it is more likely than not, given the weight of available evidence, that all of our deferred tax assets will be realized. We will continue to assess the realizability of our deferred tax assets at each interim and annual balance sheet date in order to determine the proper amount, if any, required for a valuation allowance.

Effective January 1, 2007, we adopted ASC 740-10-50, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," which clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertainty in income taxes. The adoption of this interpretation has not had a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. For federal income tax purposes, our 2010 tax year remains open for examination by the tax authorities. Federal income tax returns through 2009 have been examined by the Internal Revenue Service. For state tax purposes, our 2004 through 2010 tax years remain open for examination by the tax authorities mainly because we are currently under examination by the States of New York and Florida. We do not anticipate any material impact to our consolidated financial statements due to these examinations.

A reconciliation of the unrecognized tax benefits for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 follows:

Unrecognized  
Tax Benefits (000s)

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	2010	2009
Balance as of January 1,	\$ 368	\$ 175
Additions for current year tax positions	13	69
Additions for prior year tax positions	138	117
Reductions for prior year tax positions	(53 )	
Settlements	(374 )	
Reductions related to expirations of statute of limitations		(7 )
Additional interest	19	14
Balance as of December 31,	\$ 111	\$ 368

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, all of the unrecognized tax benefits could affect our tax provision and effective tax rate.

## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In accordance with our accounting policy, interest expense and penalties related to income taxes are included in the income tax expense line of our consolidated statement of operations. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, we recognized \$19,000 and \$14,000, respectively, for interest expense related to uncertain tax positions. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we had recorded liabilities for interest expense related to uncertain tax positions in the amounts of \$34,000 and \$77,000, respectively. We made no accrual for penalties related to income tax positions.

In conjunction with the preparation of the December 31, 2009 consolidated financial statements, we determined that approximately \$856,000 was improperly recognized as a deferred tax asset when we allocated the purchase price associated with the acquisition of our Vein Clinics Division (which occurred in August 2007.) We have concluded that the \$856,000 should be recognized as additional goodwill associated with the acquisition transaction and as of December 31, 2009 has been recorded as such. The Company concluded that this misclassification was not material, both qualitatively or quantitatively, to the Company's financial position and that this misclassification had no effect on the statement of operations or cash flows.

## NOTE 18 - EARNINGS PER SHARE:

The reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS computations for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 as is a follows (000's omitted, except for per share amounts):

	For the years ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
<b>Numerator</b>			
Net Income	\$ 4,725	\$ 4,494	\$ 3,915
<b>Denominator</b>			
Weighted average shares outstanding	11,380	8,773	8,618
Effect of dilutive options	49	61	73
Weighted average shares and dilutive potential Common shares	11,429	8,834	8,691
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.45
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.45

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, options to purchase approximately 91,000, 61,000 and 124,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share as the exercise price of the options was above the average market price of the shares of common stock.

NOTE 19 — SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

During 2010, 2009 and 2008, we issued approximately 168,000, 142,000, and 99,000 shares, respectively, of restricted common stock as deferred compensation to several of our officers and directors with an aggregate value of \$1,341,000, \$978,000 and \$889,000 respectively. These shares were valued at their fair value on the date of grant, and are amortized to expense over their vesting period, which approximates the service period.

During 2010 and 2008 we issued approximately 81,000 and 128,000, respectively, incentive stock options to certain members of our management team. These options have a ten year life, vest over four years and had a fair value at date of grant of approximately \$311,000 for the options issued in 2010, and \$741,000 for those issued in 2008.



INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our Board of Directors has authorized the retirement of common stock held as Treasury Shares on a periodic basis. As such we retired approximately 84,000 and 14,000 shares of Treasury Stock during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2008 respectively. No shares were retired during 2009. As of December 31, 2010 there were 6,848 shares of common stock held as Treasury shares.

NOTE 20 — STOCK-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION:

We account for our stock based employee compensation plans in accordance with ASC 718. ASC 718 addresses the accounting for share based payment transactions in which an enterprise receives employee services in exchange for equity instruments of the enterprise or liabilities that are based on the fair value of the enterprise's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of such equity instruments. ASC 718 requires that such transactions be accounted for using a fair value based method.

In considering the fair value of the underlying stock when we grant options or issue restricted stock, we consider several factors including the fair values established by market transactions. Stock-based compensation includes significant estimates and judgments of when stock options might be exercised, forfeiture rates and stock price volatility. The timing of option exercises is out of our control and depends upon a number of factors including our market value and the financial objectives of the option holders. These estimates can have a material impact on our stock compensation expense but will have no impact on our cash flows.

We currently have three stock option plans which have been previously approved by the stockholders. Under the 1992 Incentive and Non-Incentive Stock Option Plan (the "1992 Plan"), the 2000 Long-term Compensation Plan (the "2000 Plan") and the 2007 Long-term Compensation Plan (the "2007 Plan"), 500,000, 700,000 and 500,000 shares, subject to adjustment, of common stock, respectively, were reserved for issuance of incentive and non-incentive stock options and stock grants. Under these plans, stock awards may be granted to employees, directors and such other persons as the Board of Directors determines will contribute to our success. Vesting periods are set by the Board of Directors and stock options are generally exercisable during a ten-year period following the date of award, with stock grants generally vesting in three to five years. The Board of Directors has the authority to accelerate the maturity of any stock option or grant at its discretion, and all stock options and grants have anti-dilution provisions. Under all of our plans, options expire three months from the date of the holder's termination of employment or twelve months in the event of disability or death. As of December 31, 2010, there were 234,690 shares available for granting under these plans. We recognize compensation cost for stock awards over the vesting period based on the fair value of the award as of the date of the grant.

The following table sets forth information about the weighted-average fair value of options granted during the periods below, and the assumptions used for each grant:

For the twelve-month period ending December  
31,

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	2010		2009		2008	
Fair Value of Options	\$	5.11		N/A	\$	8.45
Dividend yield		0.0	%	N/A		0.0 %
Expected volatility		57.4	%	N/A		51.8 %
Risk free interest rate		3.9	%	N/A		4.0 %
Expected term in years		5.0		N/A		6.3

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Our dividend yield assumptions on the underlying common stock upon which the options were granted anticipate that all earnings will be retained for use in the operation and expansion of the company and no dividends will be paid to shareholders. Our expected volatility is based on historic trading patterns of our common stock. The risk free interest rate is based on the yield of short term U.S. Treasury securities in effect at the time of the grant. The expected term of the options reflects our historic exercise and forfeiture experience with similar option grants.

Stock option activity under these plans is summarized below:

	Number of shares of Common Stock underlying options	Weighted Average exercise price
Options outstanding at December 31, 2007	102,219	\$ 2.33
Granted	127,844	\$ 8.45
Exercised	(3,047 )	\$ 2.68
Options outstanding at December 31, 2008	227,016	\$ 5.78
Granted	—	—
Exercised	(21,331 )	\$ 1.72
Options outstanding at December 31, 2009	205,685	\$ 5.78
Granted	81,117	\$ 8.28
Exercised	(19,595 )	\$ 2.03
Cancelled	(19,221 )	\$ 8.14
Options outstanding at December 31, 2010	247,986	\$ 6.96

Options exercisable at:

December 31, 2008	99,171	\$2.34
December 31, 2009	119,771	\$4.64
December 31, 2010	132,137	\$5.95

As of December 31, 2010, stock options outstanding and exercisable by price range were as follows:

Range of Exercise Prices	OPTIONS OUTSTANDING			OPTIONS EXERCISABLE	
	Outstanding As of 12/31/2010	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Exercisable As of 12/31/2010	Weighted Average Exercise Price
0.00 - \$2.55	31,518	0.4	\$2.44	31,518	\$2.44
2.56 - \$5.00	26,727	1.3	\$2.95	26,727	\$2.95
5.01 - \$20.00	189,741	7.6	\$8.28	73,892	\$8.52
	247,986	6.0	\$6.96	132,137	\$5.95

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$127,000, \$125,000 and \$57,000 respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$338,000, \$354,000, and \$333,000, respectively.

## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

During the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, we issued restricted stock grants to selected officers and members of the Board of Directors. These stock grants vest over a three or five year period for officers, with grants to directors vesting immediately. These grants are valued at the closing market price on the date granted with the associated compensation expense is recognized ratably over the applicable period.

Compensation expense recognized in connection with stock options for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$288,000, \$189,000, and \$105,000 respectively. Compensation expense recognized in connection with stock grants for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1,303,000, \$1,147,000, and \$753,000 respectively. As of December 31, 2010, remaining unamortized stock compensation expense for both stock options and stock grants was approximately \$ 1.7 million and will be as follows (000's):

	Stock Options	Stock Grants
2011	246	514
2012	137	304
2013	67	143
2014	67	33
2015	2	59
Thereafter	17	71
Unamortized stock compensation costs at December 31, 2010	\$ 536	\$ 1,124

## NOTE 21 — QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED):

Summarized quarterly financial data 2010, 2009, and 2008 appear below (in thousands, except per share data):

	Revenues Net			Contribution			Net Income			Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)		
	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008
First quarter	\$57,024	\$52,355	\$45,784	\$5,312	\$4,907	\$3,861	\$1,121	\$920	\$720	\$0.11	\$0.10	\$0.08
Second quarter	61,768	56,115	49,920	6,345	5,500	4,729	\$1,616	1,114	1,015	0.14	0.13	0.12
Third quarter	60,557	53,598	52,229	4,748	5,043	4,987	1,099	1,228	1,099	0.09	0.14	0.13
	63,820	54,692	50,220	4,811	5,440	4,709	890	1,232	1,081	0.08	0.14	0.12

Fourth  
quarter

T o t a l

year	\$243,169	\$216,760	\$198,153	\$21,216	\$20,890	\$18,286	\$4,725	\$4,494	\$3,915	\$0.41	\$0.51	\$0.45
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(1) The sum of the quarterly earnings per share may not equal the full year earnings per share as the computations of the weighted average shares outstanding for each quarter and the full year are made independently.

NOTE 22 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Capital Leases —

Refer to Note 15 for a summary of capital lease commitments.

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Reliance on Third Party Vendors —

Our fertility and vein clinics are dependent on a limited number of primary third-party vendors that produce supplies and medications vital to treating infertility and vein disease. Should any of these vendors experience a supply shortage, it may have an adverse impact on the operations of our clinical locations and network members. To date, no shortage or disruption has been experienced.

Employment Agreements

We have an employment agreement with our President and Chief Executive Officer. Pursuant to that agreement, we may terminate the President and Chief Executive Officer's employment without cause on thirty days notice, in which event severance pay equal to twelve months' base salary plus an annual bonus, calculated without regard to the condition precedents established under the bonus plan, will be payable in a lump sum. Under the employment agreement, if we had terminated Mr. Higham effective December 31, 2010, based on his 2010 compensation, he would have been paid an aggregate of \$400,000 of which represents his 2010 base salary and \$300,000 of which represents his 2010 bonus.

The employment agreement further provides that in the event that within one year after a "Change of Control" (as defined therein) of the Company occurs, and the President and Chief Executive Officer's employment is terminated, the President and Chief Executive Officer will be paid a lump sum amount equal to their base salary for a 24-month period following termination, plus twice the full amount of their annual bonus based on their then current salary, without regard to the condition precedents established for the bonus payment. Based on this change of control provision, if there had been a change of control of the Company in 2010 and the President and Chief Executive Officer's employment had terminated effective December 31, 2010, either for "Good Reason" or without cause, then the President and Chief Executive Officer would be entitled to termination pay equal to \$800,000 representing his then annualized base salary for 24-months, plus \$600,000 representing twice the amount to which he was eligible under our Executive Incentive Compensation Plan for 2010.

We have also entered into indemnification and change in control severance agreements with certain of our Corporate officers, which include, among other terms, noncompetitive provisions and salary and benefits continuation. Our minimum aggregate commitment under these agreements at December 31, 2010 was approximately \$2.3 million.

Commitments to Partners —

In accordance with the majority of our Partner agreements, we are obligated to: (i) on an ongoing basis, advance funds to the fertility centers to fund operations and provide services; and (ii) on a monthly basis, transfer to the fertility centers funds equal to the net accounts receivable generated that month to finance those receivables less any amounts owed to us for services fees and/or advances.

Litigation —

From time to time, we and our Partner fertility centers, and vein clinics and their physicians are parties to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. We are exposed to claims of professional negligence based on services performed by our employees, including physician assistants and nurse practitioners, as well as based on our relationships with physicians providing treatments at our Partner fertility centers and vein clinics. On January 15, 2009, a patient of our Partner fertility center, Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. (“FCI”), filed suit (Heather Kornick vs. Lawrence A. Jacobs, M.D. and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C.), in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, , alleging, among other things, a failure to diagnose plaintiff’s adrenal cortical carcinoma. In June 2009, plaintiff amended her complaint to add the Company and, more recently, two of the Company’s nurse employees, as

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INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

defendants. Plaintiff is seeking unspecified monetary damages. Although we are vigorously defending the allegations, we cannot assure you that we will ultimately prevail or that our insurance will be sufficient to satisfy any monetary award, in which case there may be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

The Company records accruals for contingencies when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. These accruals are adjusted periodically as assessments change or additional information becomes available. As of December 31, 2010, the Company has not recorded an expense related to the Kornick suit due to it has not yet been determined if a liability has incurred and if so, if the liability can be reasonably estimated. Legal defense costs expected to be incurred in connection with a loss contingency are accrued when probable and reasonably estimable.

We maintain medical malpractice insurance with limits of \$1 million per claim, regardless of the number of the covered defendants, and \$10 million per year in the aggregate, with respect to our Partner fertility centers, and with limits generally equal to \$1 million per physician and \$10 million per year in the aggregate, with respect to our vein clinics. Our Partner fertility centers, vein clinics and their physicians are additional named insureds under our policies. All of our insurance policies are subject to deductibles or a self-insured retention. A portion of the insurance for certain of our fertility centers is provided by ARTIC.

Insurance —

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we and our affiliated fertility and vein care centers were insured with respect to medical malpractice risks on a claims made basis. We believe, either through this captive insurance company, or on the open market, we will be able to obtain continued coverage for both our fertility and vein care physicians in the future. We are not aware of any claims against us or our affiliated medical practices, which would expose us, or our affiliated medical practices to liabilities in excess of insured amounts.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we also carried policies to insure against liability, theft, property loss, business interruption and a variety of other business risks. We also maintain an appropriate insurance reserve to cover estimated deductible amounts should a claim be filed under our policies. Premiums paid to the captive insurance company, which we manage for the benefit of our Fertility Partners are \$2,124,000, \$2,140,000, and \$2,245,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

NOTE 23 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

For the years 2004 through 2009, Dr. Michael J. Levy, an employed shareholder physician of the Shady Grove Fertility P.C., served as a non-voting advisory director to our Board of Directors. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Shady Grove medical practice paid us service fees of \$3,225,172, and \$3,145,000, respectively.

For the years 2004 through 2009, Dr. Aaron Lifchez, an employed shareholder physician of the Fertility Centers of Illinois S.C., served as a non-voting advisory director to our Board of Directors. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the FCI medical practice paid us service fees of \$2,147,445, and \$2,787,000, respectively.

**NOTE 24 — SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION AND NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:**

Equity transactions related to common stock, principally arising from stock grants, option exercises and related tax benefits disclosed on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows are comprised of the following (000's omitted):

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## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	2010	For the year ended December 31, 2009	2008
Common stock offering	19,062	0	0
Common stock options and grants	278	\$ 37	\$ 30
Tax benefit related to stock transactions	108	39	332
Treasury Stock, net and other	(346 )	(39 )	(211 )
	19,102	\$ 37	\$ 151

## NOTE 25 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

On January 14, 2011, we announced the acquisition of the Northwest Center for Reproductive Science (NCRS) for a purchase price of approximately \$2.3 million. NCRS was an established fertility practice based in the Pacific Northwest and will be integrated into Seattle Reproductive Medicine, our Seattle based Partner fertility center.

SCHEDULE I

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
SCHEDULE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
of IntegraMed America, Inc.:

Our audit of the consolidated financial statements referred to in our report dated March 10, 2010 appearing in the 2010 Annual Report to Shareholders of IntegraMed America, Inc. also included an audit of the financial statement schedule listed in Item 8 and 15 (a) (1) of this Form 10-K. In our opinion, this financial statement schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements.

/s/Amper, Politziner & Mattia, LLP  
Edison, New Jersey  
March 10, 2010

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SCHEDULE I

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
SCHEDULE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
of IntegraMed America, Inc.:

Our audit of the consolidated financial statements referred to in our report dated March 9, 2011 appearing in the 2010 Annual Report to Shareholders of IntegraMed America, Inc. also included an audit of the financial statement schedule listed in Item 8 and 15 (a) (1) of this Form 10-K. In our opinion, this financial statement schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements.

/s/EisnerAmper LLP  
New York, New York  
March 9, 2011

## SCHEDULE II

## INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

## VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2010, 2009, 2008

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	End of Year
<b>Year Ended December 31, 2010</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable	\$2,913	\$4,189	\$4,610	\$2,492
Reserve for Attain IVF refunds	300	422	336	386
Reserve for attain IVF medical costs	344	454	367	431
<b>Year Ended December 31, 2009</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable	\$2,648	\$4,820	\$4,555	\$2,913
Reserve for Attain IVF refunds	397	206	303	300
Reserve for Attain IVF medical costs	331	72	59	344
<b>Year Ended December 31, 2008</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable	\$3,386	\$3,613	\$4,351	\$2,648
Reserve for Attain IVF refunds	326	427	356	397
Reserve for Attain IVF medical costs	272	355	296	331



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INTEGRAMED AMERICA, INC.

March 9, 2011

By: /s/Timothy P. Sheehan  
 Timothy P. Sheehan  
 Vice President Finance  
 and Interim Chief Financial Officer  
 (Principal Financial and Accounting  
 Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/Jay Higham Jay Higham	President and Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	March 9, 2011
/s/Timothy P. Sheehan Timothy P. Sheehan	Vice President Finance and Interim Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 9, 2011
/s/Gerardo Canet Gerardo Canet	Director	March 9, 2011
/s/Wayne R. Moon Wayne R. Moon	Director	March 9, 2011
/s/Lawrence J. Stuesser Lawrence J. Stuesser	Director	March 9, 2011
/s/Elizabeth E. Tallett Elizabeth E. Tallett	Director	March 9, 2011



/s/Yvonne S. Thornton, M.D.

Yvonne S. Thornton, M.D.      Director

March 9, 2011

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Number	Description
	3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	3.2	By-laws of IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	4.1	Specimen certificate for shares of common stock
	10.1 *	1992 Stock Option Plan, including form of option, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-47046) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 9, 1992 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	10.2 *	Amended and Restated 1992 Incentive and Non-Incentive Stock Option Plan, dated April 16, 1998, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 5, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	10.3	Agreement of Lease, dated September 27, 1994, between Purchase Corporate Park Associates and IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	10.4	Amendment, dated January 1995, to Agreement of Lease between Purchase Corporate Park Associates and IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 dated October 2, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
	10.5	Second Amendment, dated August 23, 1999, to Agreement of Lease between Purchase Corporate Park Associates, L.P. and IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 dated October 2, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
	10.6	Third Amendment, dated October 15, 2002, to Agreement of Lease between Purchase Corporate Park Associates, L.P. and IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 dated October 2, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
	10.7	Business Service Agreement, dated August 30, 2007, by and between IntegraMed and the Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.A. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 6, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
	10.8 *	Employment Agreement, dated October 10, 2005, between IntegraMed and Jay Higham filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto

- 10.9 Management Agreement, dated January 7, 1997, by and between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Medical Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 20, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.10 Amendment No. 1, dated April 5, 1998, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Medical Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.11 Amendment No. 2, dated July 21, 1998, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Medical Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.12 Amendment No. 3, dated April 1, 2000, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.13 Amendment No. 4, dated January 1, 2001, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Medical Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.14 Amendment No. 5, dated September 19, 2001, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Bay Area Fertility and Gynecology Medical Group, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.15 Amendment No. 6, dated December 2003, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area, a California medical corporation, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.16 Management Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-26551) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.17 Amendment, dated May 2, 1997, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to Amendment No. 1 to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-26551) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 20, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.18 Amendment No. 2, dated June 18, 1997, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to Amendment No. 1 to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-26551) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 20, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.19 Amendment No. 3, dated August 19, 1997, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto

- 10.20 Amendment No. 4, dated January 9, 1998, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to a Schedule 13D dated February 11, 1998 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by Gerardo Canet and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.21 Amendment No. 5, dated March 5, 1998, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.22 Amendment No. 6, dated July 1, 1999, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.23 Amendment No. 7, dated April 1, 2000, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.24 Amendment No. 8, dated September 24, 2001, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.25 Amendment No. 9, dated December 2003, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.26 Amendment No. 10, dated January 1, 2005, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.27 Amendment No. 11, dated November 30, 2009, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Fertility Centers of Illinois, S.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A on February 4, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.28 Service Agreement, dated May 25, 2001, between IntegraMed and MPD Medical Associates (MA), P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.29 Amendment No. 1, dated March 5, 2002, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and MPD Medical Associates (MA), P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.30 Management Agreement, dated March 11, 1998, between Shady Grove Fertility Centers, P.C. and Levy, Sagoskin and Stillman, M.D., P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto



- 10.31 Amendment No. 1, dated April 16, 1998, to Management Agreement between Shady Grove Fertility Centers, Inc. and Levy, Sagoskin and Stillman, M.D., P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.32 Amendment No. 2, dated May 6, 1998, to Management Agreement between Shady Grove Fertility Centers, Inc. and Levy, Sagoskin and Stillman, M.D., P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.33 Amendment No. 3, dated September 1, 1999, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.34 Amendment No. 4, dated April 1, 2000, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.35 Amendment No. 5 to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.36 Amendment No. 6, dated September 18, 2001, to Management Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.37 Amendment No. 7, dated November 2003, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.38 Amendment No. 8, dated February 16, 2006, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.39 Amendment No. 9, dated March 22, 2007, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.40 \* Form of Retention Agreement filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.41 \* Form of Amendment to Retention Agreement relating to Section 409A of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.42 \* Form of Indemnification Agreement filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference thereto



- 10.43 \* Form of Amendment to Indemnification Agreement relating to Section 409A of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.44 Service Agreement, dated April 26, 2002, between IntegraMed and Northwest Center for Infertility and Reproductive Endocrinology filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.45 Amendment No. 1, dated June 14, 2002, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Northwest Center for Infertility and Reproductive Endocrinology filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.46 Amendment No. 2, dated November 1, 2002, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Northwest Center for Infertility and Reproductive Endocrinology filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.47 Amendment No. 3, dated January 1, 2003, to Service Agreement between IntegraMed and Northwest Center for Infertility and Reproductive Endocrinology filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.48 \* 2000 Long-Term Compensation Plan filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.49 \* Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.50 \* Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.51 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.52 \* Form of Amendment filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Current report on Form 8-K dated January 26, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.53 Service Agreement, dated September 1, 2003, between IntegraMed and Reproductive Endocrine Associates of Charlotte, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.54 Service Agreement, dated January 1, 2004, between IntegraMed and Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Inc., P.S. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.55 Submanagement Agreement, dated January 1, 2005, between Reproductive Partners, Inc. and IntegraMed filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
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- 10.56 \* 2007 Long-Term Compensation Plan filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.57 Business Service Agreement, dated April 24, 2008, between IntegraMed and Southeastern Fertility Centers, P.A. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.58 Business Service Agreement, dated July 9, 2008, between IntegraMed and Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists Ltd. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.59 First Amended and Restated Management Agreement, dated December 1, 2009, by and among IntegraMed, Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.C. and Idaho Reproductive Labs, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A on February 4, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.60 First Amended and Restated Management Agreement, dated December 1, 2009, by and among IntegraMed, Foulk & Whitten Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine, P.C. and Nevada Reproductive Labs, Inc. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A on February 4, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto
- 10.61 Management Agreement, dated December 1, 2009, by and between IntegraMed and Utah Fertility Center, P.C. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A on February 4, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.62 Amendment No. 7 dated, October 12, 2010, to Service Agreement Between IntegraMed America, Inc. and Reproductive Science Center of San Francisco Bay Area, a medical corporation, filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed America's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.63 Third Amended and Restated Loan Agreement by and among IntegraMed America, Inc., Bank of America, T.D. Bank, N.A. and Webster Bank, N.A. dated May 21, 2010 and filed as an Exhibit on IntegraMed America's Form 8-K dated May 21, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.64 First Amendment to Service Agreement dated January 14, 2011 by and between IntegraMed America, Inc. and Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Inc., P.S. filed as an Exhibit to IntegraMed America's Form 8-K dated January 14, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.
- 10.65 First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Loan Agreement Agreement dated March 2, 2011 by and among IntegraMed America, Inc., Bank of America, T.D. Bank, N.A. and Webster Bank, N.A. filed as Exhibit No. 10.68 on IntegraMed America's Form 8-K dated March 2, 2011
- 21.1 List of subsidiaries of IntegraMed America, Inc.

- 23.1 Consent of Amper, Politziner & Mattia, LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 23.2 Consent of EisnerAmper, LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 31.1 CEO Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 dated March 9, 2011.
- 31.2 CFO Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 dated March 9,2011.
- 32.1 CEO Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 dated March 9,2011.
- 32.2 CFO Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 dated March 9, 2011.

\* Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement