CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORP Form 10-Q August 01, 2011

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number 000-20202 CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**MICHIGAN** 

38-1999511

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

25505 WEST TWELVE MILE ROAD SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN (Address of principal executive offices)

48034-8339

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 248-353-2700

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  $\flat$  No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No  $\flat$ 

The number of shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01, outstanding on July 22, 2011 was 25,656,848.

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# PART I. - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands, except per share data)		For the Th Ended .			For the Six Months June 30,			,	
D.		2011		2010		2011		2010	
Revenue:	¢	113,830	\$	05 540	\$	220 222	\$	185,212	
Finance charges Premiums earned	\$	10,190	Ф	95,549 8,245	Ф	220,333 18,733	Ф	15,949	
Other income		5,945		7,985				13,880	
				·		14,411			
Total revenue		129,965		111,779		253,477		215,041	
Costs and expenses:		15 400		14.050		21 472		20.160	
Salaries and wages		15,402		14,050		31,473		30,160	
General and administrative		6,509		5,920		12,142		12,462	
Sales and marketing		5,772		4,834		12,181		9,644	
Provision for credit losses		8,928		1,790		17,844		8,216	
Interest		14,950		12,267		27,573		23,972	
Provision for claims		7,771		6,282		14,370		11,494	
Total costs and expenses		59,332		45,143		115,583		95,948	
Income from continuing operations before provision for									
income taxes		70,633		66,636		137,894		119,093	
Provision for income taxes		25,789		17,571		49,859		38,013	
Income from continuing operations		44,844		49,065		88,035		81,080	
Discontinued operations									
Loss from discontinued United Kingdom operations		-		(25)		-		(30)	
Provision for income taxes		-		-		-		-	
Loss from discontinued operations		-		(25)		-		(30)	
Net income	\$	44,844	\$	49,040	\$	88,035	\$	81,050	
Net income per share:									
Basic	\$	1.73	\$	1.57	\$	3.31	\$	2.61	
Diluted	\$	1.72	\$	1.55	\$	3.29	\$	2.56	
	·				·				
Income from continuing operations per share:									
Basic	\$	1.73	\$	1.57	\$	3.31	\$	2.61	
Diluted	\$	1.72	\$	1.55	\$	3.29	\$	2.57	
	Ψ	11,72	Ψ	1.00	4	0.25	Ψ.	2.07	
Loss from discontinued operations per share:									
Basic	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Diluted	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Diaco	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		
Weighted average shares outstanding:									
Basic		25,975		31,172		26,582		31,108	
Diluted		26,111		31,601		26,796		31,601	
Diluted		20,111		51,001		20,790		31,001	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share data)	As	of
	June 30,	December
	2011	31, 2010
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,690	\$ 3,792
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	86,096	66,536
Restricted securities available for sale	738	805
Loans receivable (including \$6,360 and \$9,031 from affiliates as of June 30, 2011 and		
December 31, 2010, respectively)	1,582,905	1,344,881
Allowance for credit losses	(144,819)	(126,868)
Loans receivable, net	1,438,086	1,218,013
Property and equipment, net	16,827	16,311
Income taxes receivable	2,724	12,002
Other assets	31,494	26,056
Total Assets	\$ 1,581,655	\$ 1,343,515
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 96,247	\$ 75,297
Revolving secured line of credit	127,200	136,700
Secured financing	452,665	300,100
Mortgage note	4,407	4,523
Senior notes	350,427	244,344
Deferred income taxes, net	108,798	108,077
Total Liabilities	1,139,744	869,041
Commitments and Contingencies - See Note 12		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, none issued	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 80,000 shares authorized, 25,640 and 27,304 shares		
issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively	256	273
Paid-in capital	36,589	30,985
Retained earnings	405,089	443,326
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(23)	(110)
Total Shareholders' Equity	441,911	474,474
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 1,581,655	\$ 1,343,515

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands)	For the Six Months June 30,			
		2011		2010
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				0.4.0.70
Net income	\$	88,035	\$	81,050
Adjustments to reconcile cash provided by operating activities:				
Provision for credit losses		17,844		8,216
Depreciation		2,040		2,317
Amortization		2,773		3,824
Loss on retirement of property and equipment		13		-
Provision for deferred income taxes		671		6,482
Stock-based compensation		1,192		2,168
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		21,077		2,966
Decrease (increase) in income taxes receivable		9,278		(3,039)
Increase in other assets		(2,964)		(1,819)
Net cash provided by operating activities		139,959		102,165
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents		(19,560)		18,597
Purchases of restricted securities available for sale		(303)		(1,018)
Maturities of restricted securities available for sale		380		1,256
Principal collected on Loans receivable		494,412		392,156
Advances to Dealer-Partners		(610,207)		(394,863)
Purchases of Consumer Loans		(63,495)		(52,151)
Accelerated payments of Dealer Holdback		(24,416)		(15,320)
Payments of Dealer Holdback		(34,749)		(22,882)
Net decrease in other loans		538		83
Purchases of property and equipment		(2,569)		(1,926)
Net cash used in investing activities		(259,969)		(76,068)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Borrowings under revolving secured line of credit		1,112,200		212,700
Repayments under revolving secured line of credit		1,121,700)		(305,700)
Proceeds from secured financing	ì	295,000		70,000
Repayments of secured financing		(142,435)		(234,097)
Principal payments under mortgage note and capital lease obligations		(116)		(417)
Proceeds from sale of senior notes		106,000		243,738
Payments of debt issuance costs		(5,164)		(12,365)
Repurchase of common stock		(126,675)		(1,896)
Proceeds from stock options exercised		2,473		172
Tax benefits from stock-based compensation plans		2,325		1,137
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		121,908		(26,728)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		-		(20,720) $(2)$
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,898		(633)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		3,792		2,170
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	5,690	\$	1,537
Cush and cush equivalents, end of period	Ψ	5,070	Ψ	1,337

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 24,690 \$	21,194
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ 38,030 \$	38,236

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted accounting principles" or "GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of actual results achieved for full fiscal years. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for Credit Acceptance Corporation (the "Company", "Credit Acceptance", "we", "our" or "us").

Certain amounts for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. We have changed the presentation of our consolidated statement of cash flows to present depreciation and amortization as separate operating activities. Under our previous presentation, depreciation and amortization were presented as a combined operating activity. We have also changed the presentation of our consolidated statement of cash flows to reflect the increased significance of debt issuance costs. Under our current presentation, payments of debt issuance costs are presented as a separate financing activity and the related amortization is presented within operating activities as amortization. Under our previous presentation, payments of debt issuance costs and the related amortization were presented as a net change in other assets within operating activities. We have also changed the presentation of our consolidated statement of cash flows to present advances to Dealer-Partners (as defined in Note 2) and accelerated payments of Dealer Holdback (as defined in Note 2) as separate investing activities. Under our previous presentation, advances to Dealer-Partners and accelerated payments of Dealer Holdback were presented as a combined investing activity.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

We have evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the consolidated balance sheet date of June 30, 2011 for items that could potentially be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements. We did not identify any items which would require disclosure in or adjustment to the financial statements.

#### 2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Since 1972, Credit Acceptance has provided auto loans to consumers, regardless of their credit history. Our product is offered through a nationwide network of automobile dealers who benefit from sales of vehicles to consumers who otherwise could not obtain financing; from repeat and referral sales generated by these same customers; and from sales to customers responding to advertisements for our product, but who actually end up qualifying for traditional financing.

We refer to dealers who participate in our programs and who share our commitment to changing consumers' lives as "Dealer-Partners". Upon enrollment in our financing programs, the Dealer-Partner enters into a dealer servicing agreement with us that defines the legal relationship between Credit Acceptance and the Dealer-Partner. The dealer servicing agreement assigns the responsibilities for administering, servicing, and collecting the amounts due on retail

installment contracts (referred to as "Consumer Loans") from the Dealer-Partners to us. We are an indirect lender from a legal perspective, meaning the Consumer Loan is originated by the Dealer-Partner and assigned to us.

We have two programs: the Portfolio Program and the Purchase Program. Under the Portfolio Program, we advance money to Dealer-Partners (referred to as a "Dealer Loan") in exchange for the right to service the underlying Consumer Loans. Under the Purchase Program, we buy the Consumer Loans from the Dealer-Partners (referred to as a "Purchased Loan") and keep all amounts collected from the consumer. Dealer Loans and Purchased Loans are collectively referred to as "Loans". The following table shows the percentage of Consumer Loans assigned to us based on unit volumes under each of the programs for each of the last six quarters:

		Portfolio	Purchase
	Quarter Ended	Program	Program
March 31, 2010		90.9%	9.1%
June 30, 2010		90.5%	9.5%
September 30, 2010		90.5%	9.5%
December 31, 2010		91.8%	8.2%
March 31, 2011		92.9%	7.1%
June 30, 2011		92.1%	7.9%

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS – (Continued)

#### Portfolio Program

As payment for the vehicle, the Dealer-Partner generally receives the following:

- a down payment from the consumer;
- a non-recourse cash payment ("advance") from us; and
- after the advance has been recovered by us, the cash from payments made on the Consumer Loan, net of certain collection costs and our servicing fee ("Dealer Holdback").

We record the amount advanced to the Dealer-Partner as a Dealer Loan, which is classified within Loans receivable in our consolidated balance sheets. Cash advanced to Dealer-Partners is automatically assigned to the originating Dealer-Partner's open pool of advances. We generally require Dealer-Partners to group advances into pools of at least 100 Consumer Loans. At the Dealer-Partner's option, a pool containing at least 100 Consumer Loans can be closed and subsequent advances assigned to a new pool. All advances within a Dealer-Partner's pool are secured by the future collections on the related Consumer Loans assigned to the pool. For Dealer-Partners with more than one pool, the pools are cross-collateralized so the performance of other pools is considered in determining eligibility for Dealer Holdback. We perfect our security interest in the Dealer Loans by taking possession of the Consumer Loans, which list us as lien holder on the vehicle title.

The dealer servicing agreement provides that collections received by us during a calendar month on Consumer Loans assigned by a Dealer-Partner are applied on a pool-by-pool basis as follows:

- First, to reimburse us for certain collection costs;
- Second, to pay us our servicing fee, which generally equals 20% of collections;
- Third, to reduce the aggregate advance balance and to pay any other amounts due from the Dealer-Partner to us; and
  - Fourth, to the Dealer-Partner as payment of Dealer Holdback.

If the collections on Consumer Loans from a Dealer-Partner's pool are not sufficient to repay the advance balance and any other amounts due to us, the Dealer-Partner will not receive Dealer Holdback.

Dealer-Partners have an opportunity to receive an accelerated Dealer Holdback payment at the time a pool of 100 or more Consumer Loans is closed by Dealer-Partners with a single open pool or at the time 100 Consumer Loans have been collectively assigned by Dealer-Partners with multiple open pools. The amount paid to the Dealer-Partner is calculated using a formula that considers the forecasted collections and the advance balance on the related Consumer Loans.

Since typically the combination of the advance and the consumer's down payment provides the Dealer-Partner with a cash profit at the time of sale, the Dealer-Partner's risk in the Consumer Loan is limited. We cannot demand repayment of the advance from the Dealer-Partner except in the event the Dealer-Partner is in default of the dealer servicing agreement. Advances are made only after the consumer and Dealer-Partner have signed a Consumer Loan contract, we have received the original Consumer Loan contract and supporting documentation, and we have approved all of the related stipulations for funding. The Dealer-Partner can also opt to repurchase Consumer Loans that have been assigned to us under the Portfolio Program, at their discretion, for a fee.

For accounting purposes, the transactions described under the Portfolio Program are not considered to be loans to consumers. Instead, our accounting reflects that of a lender to the Dealer-Partner. The classification as a Dealer Loan for accounting purposes is primarily a result of (1) the Dealer-Partner's financial interest in the Consumer Loan and (2) certain elements of our legal relationship with the Dealer-Partner.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS – (Concluded)

#### Purchase Program

The Purchase Program differs from our Portfolio Program in that the Dealer-Partner receives a one-time payment from us at the time of assignment to purchase the Consumer Loan instead of a cash advance at the time of assignment and future Dealer Holdback payments. For accounting purposes, the transactions described under the Purchase Program are considered to be originated by the Dealer-Partner and then purchased by us.

#### Program Enrollment

Currently, Dealer-Partners can enroll in our program by paying a one-time fee of \$9,850 or by agreeing to allow us to retain 50% of their first accelerated Dealer Holdback payment.

On September 1, 2009, we began requiring Dealer-Partners who elected to enroll without paying the \$9,850 fee to pay a fee of \$1,950 (in addition to agreeing to let us retain 50% of their first accelerated Dealer Holdback payment). The \$1,950 fee was eliminated on June 1, 2011.

For all Dealer-Partners enrolling in our program, access to the Purchase Program is typically only granted after the first accelerated Dealer Holdback payment has been received under the Portfolio Program.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Business Segment Information**

We currently operate in one reportable segment which represents our core business of offering auto loans, and related products and services to consumers through our network of Dealer-Partners. The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial results of our one reportable operating segment.

Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses

Consumer Loan Assignment. For accounting purposes, a Consumer Loan is considered to have been assigned to us after all of the following has occurred:

- the consumer and Dealer-Partner have signed a Consumer Loan contract;
- we have received the original Consumer Loan contract and supporting documentation;
  - we have approved all of the related stipulations for funding; and
- we have provided funding to the Dealer-Partner in the form of either an advance under the Portfolio Program or one-time purchase payment under the Purchase Program.

Portfolio Segments and Classes. We are considered to be a lender to our Dealer-Partners for Consumer Loans assigned under our Portfolio Program and a purchaser of Consumer Loans assigned under our Purchase Program. As a result, our Loan portfolio consists of two portfolio segments: Dealer Loans and Purchased Loans. We have only one class of Consumer Loans assigned under our programs, which are retail installment contracts with deteriorated credit quality that were originated by Dealer-Partners to finance consumer purchases of vehicles and related ancillary products.

Dealer Loans. Amounts advanced to Dealer-Partners for Consumer Loans assigned under the Portfolio Program are recorded as Dealer Loans and are aggregated by Dealer-Partner for purposes of recognizing revenue and evaluating impairment. We account for Dealer Loans in a manner consistent with loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality. The outstanding balance of each Dealer Loan included in Loans receivable is comprised of the following:

- the aggregate amount of all cash advances paid;
  - finance charges;
  - Dealer Holdback payments;
  - accelerated Dealer Holdback payments; and
    - recoveries.

Less:

- collections (net of certain collection costs); and
  - write-offs.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

An allowance for credit losses is maintained at an amount that reduces the net asset value (Dealer Loan balance less the allowance) to the value of forecasted future cash flows discounted at the yield established at the time of assignment. This allowance calculation is completed for each individual Dealer-Partner. The discounted value of future cash flows is comprised of estimated future collections on the Consumer Loans, less any estimated Dealer Holdback payments. We write off Dealer Loans once there are no forecasted future collections on any of the associated Consumer Loans, which generally occurs 120 months after the last Consumer Loan assignment.

Future collections on Dealer Loans are forecasted based on the historical performance of Consumer Loans with similar characteristics, adjusted for recent trends in payment patterns. Dealer Holdback is forecasted based on the expected future collections and current advance balance of each Dealer Loan. Cash flows from any individual Dealer Loan are often different than estimated cash flows at the time of assignment. If such difference is favorable, the difference is recognized prospectively into income over the remaining life of the Dealer Loan through a yield adjustment. If such difference is unfavorable, a provision for credit losses is recorded immediately as a current period expense and a corresponding allowance for credit losses is established. Because differences between estimated cash flows at the time of assignment and actual cash flows occur often, an allowance is required for a significant portion of our Dealer Loan portfolio. An allowance for credit losses does not necessarily indicate that a Dealer Loan is unprofitable, and in recent years, very seldom are cash flows from a Dealer Loan insufficient to repay the initial amounts advanced to the Dealer-Partner.

Purchased Loans. Amounts paid to Dealer-Partners for Consumer Loans assigned under the Purchase Program are recorded as Purchased Loans and are aggregated into pools based on the month of purchase for purposes of recognizing revenue and evaluating impairment. We account for Purchased Loans as loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality. The outstanding balance of each Purchased Loan pool included in Loans receivable is comprised of the following:

- the aggregate amount of all amounts paid during the month of purchase to purchase Consumer Loans from Dealer-Partners:
  - finance charges; and
    - recoveries.

Less:

- collections (net of certain collection costs); and
  - write-offs.

An allowance for credit losses is maintained at an amount that reduces the net asset value (Purchased Loan pool balance less the allowance) to the value of forecasted future cash flows discounted at the yield established at the time of assignment. This allowance calculation is completed for each individual pool of Purchased Loans. The discounted value of future cash flows is comprised of estimated future collections on the pool of Purchased Loans. We write off pools of Purchased Loans once there are no forecasted future collections on any of the Purchased Loans included in the pool, which generally occurs 120 months after the month of purchase.

Future collections on Purchased Loans are forecasted based on the historical performance of Consumer Loans with similar characteristics, adjusted for recent trends in payment patterns. Cash flows from any individual pool of Purchased Loans are often different than estimated cash flows at the time of assignment. If such difference is

favorable, the difference is recognized prospectively into income over the remaining life of the pool of Purchased Loans through a yield adjustment. If such difference is unfavorable, a provision for credit losses is recorded immediately as a current period expense and a corresponding allowance for credit losses is established.

Credit Risk. Substantially all of the Consumer Loans assigned to us are made to individuals with impaired or limited credit histories or higher debt-to-income ratios than are permitted by traditional lenders. Consumer Loans made to these individuals generally entail a higher risk of delinquency, default and repossession and higher losses than loans made to consumers with better credit. Since most of our revenue and cash flows are generated from these Consumer Loans, our ability to accurately forecast Consumer Loan performance is critical to our business and financial results. At the time the Consumer Loan is submitted to us for assignment, we forecast future expected cash flows from the Consumer Loan. Based on these forecasts, an advance or one-time purchase payment is made to the related Dealer-Partner at a price designed to achieve an acceptable return on capital. We use a statistical model that considers a number of credit quality indicators to estimate the expected collection rate for each Consumer Loan at the time of assignment. Since all known, significant credit quality indicators have already been factored into our forecasts and pricing, we are not able to use any credit quality indicators to predict or explain variances in actual performance from our initial expectations. Any variances in performance from our initial expectations are the result of Consumer Loans performing differently than historical Consumer Loans with similar characteristics.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

When overall forecasted collection rates underperform our initial expectations for certain Consumer Loan assignment periods, the decline in forecasted collections has a more adverse impact on Purchased Loans than Dealer Loans. For Purchased Loans, the decline in forecasted collections is absorbed entirely by us. For Dealer Loans, the decline in the forecasted collections is substantially offset by a decline in forecasted payments of Dealer Holdback.

Forecast Methodology Changes and Modifications. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we did not make any methodology changes or significant modifications to our forecasts of future collections on Consumer Loans that had a material impact on our financial results.

#### Reinsurance

VSC Re Company ("VSC Re"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, is engaged in the business of reinsuring coverage under vehicle service contracts sold to consumers by Dealer-Partners on vehicles financed by us. VSC Re currently reinsures vehicle service contracts that are underwritten by one of our two third party insurers. Vehicle service contract premiums, which represent the selling price of the vehicle service contract to the consumer, less commissions and certain administrative costs, are contributed to trust accounts controlled by VSC Re. These premiums are used to fund claims covered under the vehicle service contracts. VSC Re is a bankruptcy remote entity. As such, our exposure to fund claims is limited to the trust assets controlled by VSC Re and our net investment in VSC Re.

Premiums from the reinsurance of vehicle service contracts are recognized over the life of the policy in proportion to expected costs of servicing those contracts. Expected costs are determined based on our historical claims experience. Claims are expensed through a provision for claims in the period the claim was incurred. Capitalized acquisition costs are comprised of premium taxes and are amortized as general and administrative expense over the life of the contracts in proportion to premiums earned. A summary of reinsurance activity is as follows:

	]	For the Three Months				For the Six Months Ended				
(In thousands)		Ended J	30,	June 30,						
	2011 2010		2010	2011			2010			
Net assumed written premiums	\$	11,740	\$	8,366	\$	26,126	\$	18,676		
Net premiums earned		10,190		8,245		18,733		15,950		
Provision for claims		7,771		6,283		14,370		11,498		
Amortization of capitalized acquisition costs		246		103		459		321		

We are considered the primary beneficiary of the trusts and as a result, the trusts have been consolidated on our balance sheet. The trust assets and related reinsurance liabilities are as follows:

(In thousands)	As of				
	J	une 30,	De	ecember	
	Balance Sheet location			31, 2010	
Trust assets	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,981	\$	31,246
Unearned premium	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		32,150		24,757
Claims reserve (1)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,284		1,029

(1) The claims reserve is estimated based on historical claims experience.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Our determination to consolidate the VSC Re trusts was based on the following:

- First, we determined that the trusts qualified as variable interest entities. The trusts have insufficient equity at risk as no parties to the trusts were required to contribute assets that provide them with any ownership interest.
- Next, we determined that we have variable interests in the trusts. We have a residual interest in the assets of the trusts, which is variable in nature, given that it increases or decreases based upon the actual loss experience of the related service contracts. In addition, VSC Re is required to absorb any losses in excess of the trusts' assets.
- Next, we evaluated the purpose and design of the trusts. The primary purpose of the trusts is to provide third party administrators ("TPAs") with funds to pay claims on vehicle service contracts and to accumulate and provide us with proceeds from investment income and residual funds.
- Finally, we determined that we are the primary beneficiary of the trusts. We control the amount of premium written and placed in the trusts through Consumer Loan assignments under our Programs, which is the activity that most significantly impacts the economic performance of the trusts. We have the right to receive benefits from the trusts that could potentially be significant. In addition, VSC Re has the obligation to absorb losses of the trusts that could potentially be significant.

### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents increased to \$86.1 million as of June 30, 2011 from \$66.5 million as of December 31, 2010. The following table summarizes restricted cash and cash equivalents:

(In thousands)	As of			
		une 30,	De	ecember
		2011	3	1, 2010
Cash related to secured financings	\$	44,926	\$	35,160
Cash held in trusts for future vehicle service contract claims (1)		41,170		31,376
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	86,096	\$	66,536

(1) The unearned premium and claims reserve associated with the trusts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance includes \$40,981 related to VSC Re and \$189 related to a discontinued profit sharing arrangement. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding balance includes \$31,246 related to VSC Re and \$130 related to a discontinued profit sharing arrangement.

#### Restricted Securities Available for Sale

Restricted securities available for sale consist of amounts held in a trust in accordance with a discontinued vehicle service contract profit sharing arrangement. We determine the appropriate classification of our investments in debt securities at the time of purchase and reevaluate such determinations at each balance sheet date. Debt securities for which we do not have the intent or ability to hold to maturity are classified as available for sale, and stated at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of income taxes included in the determination of comprehensive income and reported as a component of shareholders' equity.

Restricted securities available for sale consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	As of June 30, 2011							
				Gross	Gro	SS		
			Ur	realized	Unreal	ized	Estin	nated
		Cost		Gains	Loss	es	Fair '	Value
US Government and agency securities	\$	75	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75
Corporate bonds		651		12		-		663
Total restricted securities available for sale	\$	726	\$	12	\$	-	\$	738
(In thousands)			As	of Decem	ber 31, 2	2010		
				Gross	Gro	SS		
			Unrealized Unrealized Estin			nated		
		Cost	Gains Losses F			Fair '	Value	
US Government and agency securities	\$	298	\$	3	\$	-	\$	301
Corporate bonds		504		5		(5)		504
Total restricted securities available for sale	\$	802	\$	8	\$	(5)	\$	805

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The cost and estimated fair values of debt securities by contractual maturity were as follows (securities with multiple maturity dates are classified in the period of final maturity). Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

(In thousands)	As of						
	June 30, 2011				December 31, 2010		
	Estimated				Estimated		
	Cost	Fair Value			Cost	Fair Value	
Contractual Maturity							
Within one year	\$ 221	\$	222	\$	499	\$	496
Over one year to five years	505		516		303		309
Total restricted securities available for sale	\$ 726	\$	738	\$	802	\$	805

#### **Deferred Debt Issuance Costs**

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, deferred debt issuance costs were \$18.0 million and \$15.6 million, respectively, and are included in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Expenses associated with the issuance of debt instruments are capitalized and amortized as interest expense over the term of the debt instrument using the effective interest method for term secured financings and Senior Notes (as defined below in Note 5) and the straight-line method for lines of credit and revolving secured financings.

#### **Derivative and Hedging Instruments**

We rely on various sources of financing, some of which contain floating rates of interest and expose us to risks associated with increases in interest rates. We manage such risk primarily by entering into interest rate cap and interest rate swap agreements ("derivative instruments").

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, we formally document all relationships between the hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as their risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. This process includes linking all derivative instruments that are designated as cash flow hedges to specific assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. We also formally assess (both at the hedge's inception and on a quarterly basis) whether the derivative instruments that are used in hedging transactions have been highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of hedged items and whether those derivative instruments may be expected to remain highly effective in the future periods. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments is recorded in other comprehensive income, net of income taxes. If it is determined that a derivative instrument is not (or has ceased to be) highly effective as a hedge, we would discontinue hedge accounting prospectively and the ineffective portion of changes in fair value would be recorded in interest expense. For derivative instruments not designated as hedges, changes in the fair value of these agreements increase or decrease interest expense.

We recognize derivative instruments as either other assets or accounts payable and accrued liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets. For additional information regarding our derivative and hedging instruments, see Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Concluded)

New Accounting Updates

Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts. In October 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-26, which amends Topic 944 (Financial Services – Insurance). ASU No. 2010-26 is intended to address diversity in practice regarding the interpretation of which costs relating to the acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts qualify for deferral. The amendments specify which costs incurred in the acquisition of new and renewal contracts should be capitalized. ASU No. 2010-26 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. While the guidance in this ASU is required to be applied prospectively upon adoption, retrospective application is also permitted (to all prior periods presented). Early adoption is also permitted, but only at the beginning of an entity's annual reporting period. The adoption of ASU No. 2010-26 beginning on January 1, 2012 is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04 which amends Topic 820 (Fair Value Measurement). ASU No. 2011-04 is intended to provide a consistent definition of fair value and common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and IFRS. The amendments in ASU No. 2011-04 include changes regarding how and when the valuation premise of highest and best use applies, the application of premiums and discounts, and new required disclosures. ASU No. 2011-04 is to be applied prospectively upon adoption and is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 with early adoption prohibited. While the adoption of ASU No. 2011-04 is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements, we expect that it will expand our disclosures related to fair value measurements.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income. In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05 which amends Topic 220 (Comprehensive Income). ASU No. 2011-05 is intended to enhance comparability between entities that report under US GAAP and those that report under IFRS, and to provide a more consistent method of presenting non-owner transactions that affect an entity's equity. ASU No. 2011-05 eliminates the current option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in equity. The amended guidance allows an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. ASU No. 2011-05 is to be applied retrospectively upon adoption and is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 with early adoption permitted. We expect the adoption of ASU No. 2011-05 will change the presentation of our consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consists of the following:

(In thousands)	As of June 30, 2011				
	Dealer				
	Loans	Loans	Total		
Loans receivable	\$ 1,331,973	\$ 250,932	\$ 1,582,905		
Allowance for credit losses	(131,728)	(13,091)	(144,819)		
Loans receivable, net	\$ 1,200,245	\$ 237,841	\$ 1,438,086		

(In thousands)	As of December 31, 2010					
	Dealer	Dealer Purchased				
	Loans	Loans	Total			
Loans receivable	\$ 1,082,039	\$ 262,842	\$ 1,344,881			
Allowance for credit losses	(113,227)	(13,641)	(126,868)			
Loans receivable, net	\$ 968,812	\$ 249,201	\$ 1,218,013			

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

# 4. LOANS RECEIVABLE – (Continued)

A summary of changes in Loans receivable is as follows:

(In thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011			
	Dealer	Purchased		
	Loans	Loans	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,233,387	\$ 254,969	\$ 1,488,356	
New Consumer Loan assignments (1)	273,799	30,769	304,568	
Principal collected on Loans receivable	(203,087)	(37,733)	(240,820)	
Accelerated Dealer Holdback payments	12,371	-	12,371	
Dealer Holdback payments	19,175	-	19,175	
Transfers (2)	(2,961)	2,961	-	
Write-offs	(476)	(61)	(537)	
Recoveries	533	27	560	
Net change in other loans	(768)	-	(768)	
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,331,973	\$ 250,932	\$ 1,582,905	
(In thousands)	For the Thro	ee Months End 2010 Purchased	led June 30,	
	Loans	Loans	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 925,094	\$ 286,392	\$ 1,211,486	
New Consumer Loan assignments (1)	189,745	25,708	215,453	
Principal collected on Loans receivable	(149,096)	(36,923)	(186,019)	
Accelerated Dealer Holdback payments	8,121	-	8,121	
Dealer Holdback payments	10,712	-	10,712	
Transfers (2)	(3,522)	3,522	-	
Write-offs	(672)	(24)	(696)	
Recoveries	582	20	602	
Net change in other loans	(45)	-	(45)	
Currency translation	33	-	33	
Balance, end of period	\$ 980,952	\$ 278,695	\$ 1,259,647	
(In thousands)	For the Six M Dealer Loans	Ionths Ended J Purchased Loans	Tune 30, 2011 Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,082,039	\$ 262,842	\$ 1,344,881	
New Consumer Loan assignments (1)	610,207	63,495	673,702	
Principal collected on Loans receivable	(411,546)	(82,866)	(494,412)	
Accelerated Dealer Holdback payments	24,416	-	24,416	
Dealer Holdback payments	34,749	_	34,749	
Transfers (2)	(7,557)	7,557	-	
Write-offs	(827)	(139)	(966)	
Recoveries	1,030	43	1,073	

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Net change in other loans	(538)	- (538)
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,331,973	5 250,932 \$ 1,582,905
(In thousands)	For the Six Mo	nths Ended June 30, 2010
	Dealer	Purchased
	Loans	Loans Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 869,603 \$	5 297,955 \$ 1,167,558
New Consumer Loan assignments (1)	394,863	52,151 447,014
Principal collected on Loans receivable	(311,087)	(81,069) (392,156)
Accelerated Dealer Holdback payments	15,320	- 15,320
Dealer Holdback payments	22,882	- 22,882
Transfers (2)	(9,665)	9,665 -
Write-offs	(2,060)	(49) $(2,109)$
Recoveries	1,146	42 1,188
Net change in other loans	(83)	- (83)
Currency translation	33	- 33
Balance, end of period	\$ 980,952 \$	5 278,695 \$ 1,259,647

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 4. LOANS RECEIVABLE – (Concluded)

- (1) The Dealer Loans amount represents advances paid to Dealer-Partners on Consumer Loans assigned under our Portfolio Program. The Purchased Loans amount represents one-time payments made to Dealer-Partners to purchase Consumer Loans assigned under our Purchase Program.
- (2) Under our Portfolio Program, certain events may result in Dealer-Partners forfeiting their rights to Dealer Holdback. We transfer the Dealer-Partner's outstanding Dealer Loan balance to Purchased Loans in the period this forfeiture occurs.

A summary of changes in the allowance for credit losses is as follows:

(In thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011					
(III tilousalius)		Dealer		rchased		
		Loans		Loans		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	122,801	\$	13,067	\$	135,868
Provision for credit losses	Ψ	8,870	Ψ	58	Ψ	8,928
Write-offs		(476)		(61)		(537)
Recoveries		533		27		560
Balance, end of period	\$	131,728	\$	13,091	\$	144,819
(In thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 2010				June 30,	
(in the doubles)		Dealer		rchased		
		Loans		Loans		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	111,372	\$	11,772	\$	123,144
Provision for credit losses		802		988		1,790
Write-offs		(672)		(24)		(696)
Recoveries		582		20		602
Currency translation		31		-		31
Balance, end of period	\$	112,115	\$	12,756	\$	124,871
(In thousands)	Fo	or the Six M	Ionth	ns Ended I	lune	30, 2011
		Dealer	Pu	rchased		
		Loans		Loans		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	113,227	\$	13,641	\$	126,868
Provision for credit losses		18,298		(454)		17,844
Write-offs		(827)		(139)		(966)
Recoveries		1,030		43		1,073
Balance, end of period	\$	131,728	\$	13,091	\$	144,819
(In thousands)	Fo	or the Six M	Ionth	ns Ended J	lune	30, 2010
		Dealer	Pu	rchased		
		Loans		Loans		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	108,792	\$	8,753	\$	117,545
Provision for credit losses		4,206		4,010		8,216

Write-offs	(2,060)	(49)	(2,109)
Recoveries	1,146	42	1,188
Currency translation	31	-	31
Balance, end of period	\$ 112,115 \$	12,756 \$	124,871

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

#### 5. DEBT

We currently utilize the following primary forms of debt financing: (1) a revolving secured line of credit with a commercial bank syndicate; (2) revolving secured warehouse facilities with institutional investors; (3) asset-backed secured financings ("Term ABS") with qualified institutional investors; and (4) 9.125% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2017 ("Senior Notes"). General information for each of our financing transactions in place as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

#### (Dollars in thousands)

						Interest Rate as
	Wholly-owned	Issue			Financing	of
Financings	Subsidiary	Number	Close Date	Maturity Date	Amount	June 30, 2011
Revolving Secured Line of Credit	n/a	n/a	June 17, 2011	June 22, 2014	\$205,000	At our option, either the LIBOR rate plus 225 basis points or the prime rate plus 125 basis points
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (1)	CAC Warehouse Funding Corp. II	2003-2	June 17, 2011	June 17, 2014 (2)	\$325,000	Commercial paper rate plus 275 basis points or LIBOR plus 375 basis points (4) (5)
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (1)	CAC Warehouse Funding III, LLC	2008-2	September 10, 2010	September 10, 2013 (6)	\$75,000	Commercial paper rate plus 160 basis points or LIBOR plus 160 basis points (3) (4) (5)
Term ABS 2009-1 (1)	Credit Acceptance Funding LLC 2009-1	2009-1	December 3, 2009	May 15, 2011 (2)	\$110,500	Fixed rate
Term ABS 2010-1 (1)	Credit Acceptance Funding LLC 2010-1	2010-1	November 4, 2010	October 15, 2012 (2)	\$100,500	Fixed rate
Senior Notes	n/a	n/a	(7)	February 1, 2017	\$350,000	Fixed rate

<sup>(1)</sup> Financing made available only to a specified subsidiary of the Company.

(3)

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the revolving maturity date. The outstanding balance will amortize after the maturity date based on the cash flows of the pledged assets.

A portion of the outstanding balance is a floating rate obligation that has been converted to a fixed rate obligation via an interest rate swap.

- (4) The LIBOR rate is used if funding is not available from the commercial paper market.
- (5) Interest rate cap agreements are in place to limit the exposure to increasing interest rates.
- (6) Represents the revolving maturity date. The outstanding balance will amortize after the revolving maturity date and any amounts remaining on September 10, 2014 will be due.
- (7) The close dates associated with the issuance of \$250.0 million and \$100.0 million of the Senior Notes were on February 1, 2010 and March 3, 2011, respectively.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

# 5. DEBT – (Continued)

Additional information related to the amounts outstanding on each facility is as follows:

(In thousands)		For the Three Months Ended June 30,			F	Jur	•	
D 11 G 17 G 17		2011		2010		2011		2010
Revolving Secured Line of Credit	φ.	4 50 500	φ.	<b>67.0</b> 00	Φ.	1 7 2 7 0 0	φ.	407.000
Maximum outstanding balance	\$		\$	67,300	\$	·		,
Average outstanding balance		124,858		30,332		105,804		37,393
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (2003-2)								
Maximum outstanding balance	\$	240,600	\$	66,000	\$	240,600	\$	152,600
Average outstanding balance	φ	211,519	φ	31,736	ψ	168,316		42,603
Average outstanding balance		211,319		31,730		100,510		42,003
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (2008-2)								
Maximum outstanding balance	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000
Average outstanding balance		32,813		74,945		34,144		74,972
		,		,		,		,
(Dollars in thousands)						As	of	
					Jι	June 30, Decem		ecember
						2011	3	31, 2010
Revolving Secured Line of Credit								
Balance outstanding					\$	127,200	\$	136,700
Letter of credit						500		500
Amount available for borrowing (1)						77,300		32,800
Interest rate						2.52%		3.03%
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (2003-2)								
Balance outstanding				9	\$	185,000	\$	49,100
Amount available for borrowing (1)						140,000		275,900
Loans pledged as collateral						349,154		83,692
Restricted cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral						7,873		4,037
Interest rate						2.96%		3.82%
D 11 0 1W 1 D W (2000 2)								
Revolving Secured Warehouse Facility (2008-2)					<b>.</b>	<b>7</b> 0.000	Φ.	40.000
Balance outstanding				,	\$	70,000	\$	40,000
Amount available for borrowing (1)						5,000		35,000
Loans pledged as collateral						98,760		70,639
Restricted cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral						4,279		2,409
Interest rate						2.20%		3.94%
Torm ADS 2000 1								
Term ABS 2009-1					τ ·	07 165	Φ	110 500
Balance outstanding					\$	97,165	\$	110,500
Loans pledged as collateral						134,290		138,090

Restricted cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral	17,362		15,554
Interest rate	4.46%		4.40%
Term ABS 2010-1			
Balance outstanding	\$ 100,500	\$	100,500
Loans pledged as collateral	122,987		125,161
Restricted cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral	15,412		13,160
Interest rate	2.36%		2.36%
Senior Notes			
Balance outstanding (2)	\$ 350,427	\$	244,344
Interest rate	9.13%		9.13%

- (1) Availability may be limited by the amount of assets pledged as collateral.
- (2) The outstanding balance presented for the Senior Notes includes a net unamortized debt premium of \$0.4 million as of June 30, 2011 and unamortized debt discount of \$5.7 million as of December 31, 2010.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 5. DEBT – (Continued)

Senior Notes

We have outstanding \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 9.125% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2017, \$100.0 million of which we issued on March 3, 2011 and \$250.0 million of which we issued on February 1, 2010. The Senior Notes are governed by an indenture, dated as of February 1, 2010, as amended and supplemented (the "Indenture"), among us, as the issuer; our subsidiaries Buyers Vehicle Protection Plan, Inc. and Vehicle Remarketing Services, Inc., as guarantors (the "Guarantors"); and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. The Senior Notes issued on March 3, 2011 have the same terms as the previously issued Senior Notes, other than issue price and issue date, and all of the Senior Notes are treated as a single class under the Indenture.

The Senior Notes mature on February 1, 2017 and bear interest at a rate of 9.125% per annum, computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months and payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, beginning on August 1, 2010. The Senior Notes issued on March 3, 2011 were issued at a price of 106.0% of their aggregate principal amount, resulting in gross proceeds of \$106.0 million, and a yield to maturity of 7.83% per annum. The Senior Notes issued on February 1, 2010 were issued at a price of 97.495% of their aggregate principal amount, resulting in gross proceeds of \$243.7 million, and a yield to maturity of 9.625% per annum. The premium with respect to the Senior Notes issued on March 3, 2011 and the discount with respect to the Senior Notes issued on February 1, 2010 are being amortized over the life of the Senior Notes using the effective interest method.

The Senior Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by the Guarantors, which are also guarantors of obligations under our revolving secured line of credit facility. Other existing and future subsidiaries of ours may become guarantors of the Senior Notes. The Senior Notes and the Guarantors' Senior Note guarantees are secured on a first-priority basis (subject to specified exceptions and permitted liens), together with all indebtedness outstanding from time to time under the revolving secured line of credit facility and, under certain circumstances, certain future indebtedness, by a security interest in substantially all of our assets and those of the Guarantors, subject to certain exceptions such as real property, cash (except to the extent it is deposited with the collateral agent), certain leases, and equity interests of our subsidiaries (other than those of specified subsidiaries including the Guarantors). Our assets and those of the Guarantors securing the Senior Notes and the Senior Note guarantees will not include our assets transferred to special purpose subsidiaries in connection with securitization transactions and will generally be the same as the collateral securing indebtedness under the revolving secured line of credit facility and, under certain circumstances, certain future indebtedness, subject to certain limited exceptions as provided in the security and intercreditor agreements related to the revolving secured line of credit facility.

#### Revolving Secured Line of Credit Facility

During the second quarter of 2011, we extended the maturity of our revolving secured line of credit facility from June 22, 2012 to June 22, 2014. Additionally, the amount of the facility was increased from \$170.0 million to \$205.0 million. The interest rate on borrowings under the facility remains the same at the prime rate plus 1.25% or the LIBOR rate plus 2.25%, at our option. The financial covenant that required us to maintain a minimum ratio of assets to debt and the floor on the LIBOR rate was eliminated.

Borrowings under the revolving secured line of credit facility, including any letters of credit issued under the facility, are subject to a borrowing-base limitation. This limitation equals 80% of the net book value of Loans, less a hedging reserve (not exceeding \$1.0 million), and the amount of other debt secured by the collateral which secures the

revolving secured line of credit facility. Borrowings under the revolving secured line of credit facility agreement are secured by a lien on most of our assets. We must pay quarterly fees on the amount of the facility.

#### **Revolving Secured Warehouse Facilities**

We have two revolving secured warehouse facilities that are provided to our wholly-owned subsidiaries. One is a \$325.0 million facility with an institutional investor and the other is a \$75.0 million facility with another institutional investor.

During the second quarter of 2011, we extended the date on which our \$325.0 million revolving secured warehouse facility will cease to revolve from June 15, 2013 to June 17, 2014. The interest rate on borrowings under the facility was decreased from the commercial paper rate plus 3.5% to the commercial paper rate plus 2.75%.

During the second quarter of 2011, we decreased the interest rate on our \$75.0 million revolving secured warehouse facility from LIBOR plus 3.0% to LIBOR plus 1.6%.

Under both revolving secured warehouse facilities we can contribute Loans to our wholly-owned subsidiaries in return for cash and equity in each subsidiary. In turn, each subsidiary pledges the Loans as collateral to institutional investors to secure financing that will fund the cash portion of the purchase price of the Loans. The financing provided to each subsidiary under the applicable facility is limited to the lesser of 80% of the net book value of the contributed Loans plus the cash collected on such Loans or the facility limit.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

## 5. DEBT – (Continued)

The financings create indebtedness for which the subsidiaries are liable and which is secured by all the assets of each subsidiary. Such indebtedness is non-recourse to us, even though we are consolidated for financial reporting purposes with the subsidiaries. Because the subsidiaries are organized as legal entities separate from us, their assets (including the contributed Loans) are not available to our creditors.

Interest on borrowings under the \$325.0 million revolving secured warehouse facility has been limited through interest rate cap agreements to a maximum rate of 6.75% plus the spread over the LIBOR rate or the commercial paper rate, as applicable. Interest on borrowings for a portion of the \$75.0 million revolving secured warehouse facility has also been limited through interest rate cap agreements to a maximum rate of 6.75% plus the spread over the LIBOR rate or the commercial paper rate, as applicable. We have also entered into an interest rate swap to convert \$25.0 million of the \$75.0 million revolving secured warehouse facility into fixed rate debt bearing an interest rate of 2.96%. For additional information, see Note 6 of these consolidated financial statements.

The subsidiaries pay us a monthly servicing fee equal to 6% of the collections received with respect to the contributed Loans. The fee is paid out of the collections. Except for the servicing fee and holdback payments due to Dealer-Partners, if a facility is amortizing, we do not have any rights in any portion of such collections until all outstanding principal, accrued and unpaid interest, fees and other related costs have been paid in full. If a facility is not amortizing, the applicable subsidiary may be entitled to retain a portion of such collections provided that the borrowing base requirements of the facility are satisfied.

#### Term ABS Financings

In 2009 and 2010, two of our wholly-owned subsidiaries (the "Funding LLCs"), each completed a secured financing transaction. In connection with these transactions, we contributed Loans on an arms-length basis to each Funding LLC for cash and the sole membership interest in that Funding LLC. In turn, each Funding LLC contributed the Loans to a respective trust that issued notes to qualified institutional investors. The Term ABS 2010-1 and 2009-1 transactions consist of three classes of notes. The Class A Notes for each Term ABS financing were rated by S&P and DBRS, Inc. and the Class B Notes for each Term ABS financing were rated by S&P. The Class C Notes for each Term ABS financing do not bear interest, were not rated and have been retained by us.

Each financing at the time of issuance has a specified revolving period during which we may be required, and are likely, to contribute additional Loans to each Funding LLC. Each Funding LLC will then contribute the Loans to their respective trust. At the end of the revolving period, the debt outstanding under each financing will begin to amortize.