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TELUS CORP
Form 6-K
November 03, 2003

Form 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a - 16 or 15d - 16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of ____September ____ 2003

(Commission File No. 000-24876)

TELUS Corporation
(Translation of registrant's name into English)

21st Floor, 3777 Kingsway
Burnaby, British Columbia V5H 3Z7
Canada
(Address of principal registered offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports
under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F _____ Form 40-F _____ X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information
contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the
Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of
1934.

Yes _____ No _____ X

This Form 6-K consists of the following:

Press Release dated October 31, 2003 of Third Quarter Results

TELUS Reports Third Quarter Results

Strong wireless performance and wireline efficiency drive earnings and
cash flow growth

VANCOUVER, Oct. 31 /CNW/ - TELUS Corporation (TSX: T and T.A/NYSE: TU)
today reported for the third quarter of 2003 strong growth in earnings and
cash flow. Operating earnings (EBITDA) were up 14% due to strong performance
at TELUS Mobility and continued cost structure improvements from the

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Operational Efficiency Program at TELUS Communications. Earnings per share (EPS) for the quarter and nine months ended September were 32 cents and 79 cents, compared to negative 35 cents and negative 32 cents, respectively, a year ago. Interest on a favourable tax settlement contributed five cents of EPS in the third quarter. Free cash flow was up 74% to \$ 417 million this quarter (up \$177 million from a year ago), and \$862 million year-to-date (up \$783 million from a year ago).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Rounded to nearest C\$ Millions, except per share amounts

(unaudited)	3 months ended September 30		Change
	2003	2002	
Operating revenues	1,806.2	1,766.3	2.3%
EBITDA(1)	754.5	663.1	13.8%
Restructuring and workforce reduction costs	2.3	313.3	(99.3)%
Net income	115.9	(107.4)	-
Common share & Non-Voting share income (loss)	113.2	(110.0)	-
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS)	0.32	(0.35)	-
Capital expenditures	304.0	327.2	(7.1)%
Free cash flow(2)	417.1	239.9	73.8%

Darren Entwistle, president and CEO, stated, "I am pleased that we are again exceeding expectations with our third quarter results and demonstrating the benefits of continued and consistent execution on TELUS' focused national strategy and 2003 corporate priorities. TELUS Mobility's strong network revenue growth of 17% and EBITDA increase of 49%, combined with TELUS Communications' operational efficiency program, have contributed to significant margin and bottom line profit expansion and strong free cash flow generation. Therefore, TELUS is once again raising 2003 full year guidance in several key areas, including earnings, free cash flow and wireless and high-speed Internet subscriber growth. We are on track to achieve our year-end operational efficiency improvement goals. Moreover, TELUS is firm in its commitment to provide uniformly superior service levels to our pre-operational efficiency program performance and are confident of reaching this goal by the end of 2003."

Robert McFarlane, executive vice president and CFO, commented, "TELUS has shown remarkable financial performance this quarter with \$417 million of free cash flow, which is reflected in our ahead of plan progress to delever our Balance Sheet. TELUS' Net Debt at \$7.5 billion is down \$810 million from a year ago, and \$516 million in the third quarter alone. I am pleased to announce today increased 2003 guidance for EPS of 85 to 95 cents, up five cents; EBITDA and free cash flow increased to the high end of last July's guidance ranges; and once again this quarter improved guidance for the Net Debt to EBITDA ratio, which today is revised to 2.7 times or less by December 2003 - our original target a year ago for the end of 2004. Clearly TELUS is delivering on our commitments well ahead of plan for the benefit of both debt and equity investors."

OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

TELUS Communications

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Cash flow improvement of \$32 million driven by lower capex and Operational Efficiency Program savings

- Total revenue of \$1.2 billion in the third quarter declined by 4% or \$48 million due largely to lower access revenue as a result of price cap regulation, lower long distance revenues, and reduced voice equipment sales
- OEP-related incremental cost savings of \$80 million in the third quarter resulted in a \$58 million or 8% decrease in Operations expense
- EBITDA of \$509 million, up \$11 million or 2% from the same quarter a year ago
- EBITDA margin 42% up 2 points from a year ago
- Capital expenditures reduced to \$209 million from \$230 million, down 9% from a year ago
- Cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) increased to \$300 million this quarter, up \$32 million or 12% from last year
- Non-incumbent operations in Central Canada generated revenues of \$138 million up 2% from the same quarter a year ago while negative EBITDA of \$6 million improved 74%
- Strongest quarter this year for high-speed Internet subscriber net additions with 47,200. High-speed Internet subscriber base of 516,000, a 41% increase from year-ago period
- Network access lines were 4.9 million, a 0.8% decline compared to a year ago

TELUS Mobility

Cash flow improvement of \$83 million driven by EBITDA growth of 49%

- Network service revenue of \$577 million, up 17% from same quarter a year ago
- Strong EBITDA growth of 49% to \$246 million in the quarter, due to double-digit revenue and subscriber growth, cost containment and enhanced operating efficiencies
- EBITDA margin of 43%, based on network revenue, representing a 9 point year-over-year margin expansion
- Net subscriber additions of 100,600 bringing total subscribers to 3.3 million, a 14% year-over-year increase. Higher-revenue generating net postpaid subscriber additions increased by 14% over the third quarter a year ago
- World class churn rate of 1.4%, a significant improvement from 1.7% a year ago
- Canadian industry leading average revenue per unit (ARPU) of \$60 per month, compared to \$56 in the second quarter and up \$2 from a year ago
- Capital expenditures of \$95 million, down 2% from a year ago. Capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue decreased to 15% from 18% a year ago
- Cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) of \$150 million this quarter, an \$83 million improvement compared to \$68 million in the same quarter a year ago

CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

TELUS operationalizes Next Generation Network

TELUS has made the transition from traditional circuit-based switching to leading edge Internet Protocol (IP) technology with the launch of our Next Generation Network (NGN). NGN reduces TELUS network costs and provides the infrastructure required to bring a variety of enhanced capabilities and services to customers. Eventually it will eliminate the need for separate networks for voice, data and entertainment services.

TELUS has been investing in these capabilities for over two years now, with approximately \$35 million invested. This summer, TELUS achieved another milestone in the execution of our national growth strategy by completing the evolution of the TELUS' core network to a single ubiquitous IP network

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designed to carry high-quality voice, data and video applications.

In the third quarter, TELUS began the process of transparently migrating customer long distance voice traffic onto its IP based NGN network in parts of Alberta. The migration of traffic is continuing this quarter nationally with customers continuing to receive high quality and reliable service. There are very few places in the world where commercial long distance traffic is traveling over an IP network designed to deliver carrier class voice quality and reliability, which makes TELUS one of the first incumbent telcos world-wide to do so.

TELUS Communication winning new Data and IP business

TELUS wins major managed data solutions sub-contract with IBM Canada for TD Bank

TELUS has made a significant stride in executing its national expansion by recently winning a seven-year sub-contract from IBM Canada worth approximately \$160 million. TELUS will provide TD Bank Financial Group a fully Managed IP Network Services solution including use of TELUS' next generation network (NGN) platform with secure IP Virtual Private Network (VPN) connectivity.

This integrated solution sets a new benchmark for Managed IP Network Services and will be capable of providing enhanced customer services that combine voice, data and video for over 1,200 TD Canada Trust branch offices across Canada.

Calgary Health Region links with TELUS

On September 16, TELUS and the Calgary Health Region announced the creation of TELUS Sourcing Solutions Inc. (TSS), a new business process outsourcing company that will deliver end-to-end human resources (HR) solutions to healthcare and other organizations. TSS will initially provide compensation, benefits, pension, HR systems, recruitment and workforce analysis, occupational health and safety, and payroll services to the Calgary Health Region.

TSS will manage these critical services, enabling organizations such as the Calgary Health Region to focus on their core business of delivering health services to the community. TSS, with over 150 new employees being outsourced into TELUS beginning in the fourth quarter of 2003, plans to offer creative technology and business process solutions, rather than simply providing infrastructure. The new company plans to offer these services to other health regions across the country and explore opportunities in other market sectors. The Calgary Health Region is TSS' foundation client.

New high-speed Internet introductory service offer a success

TELUS launched a new introductory high-speed Internet offer in August of \$16.95 per month for first six months and then the regular monthly price for our long distance customers of \$34.95 with purchase of a QuickConnect(TM) kit or \$39.95 with a TELUS technician installation. This new consumer offer is successfully stimulating demand as we added over 47,000 new subscribers this quarter, the most since early 2002. Interestingly this introductory offer generates 4% more annual revenue than the former offer of \$24.95 for the first 12 months. The service now includes the popular value added features of Freedom Anti-Virus and Ad Block pop-up ads protection.

TELUS humanitarian effort responds to BC and Alberta forest fires

In response to forest fires in Alberta and British Columbia this summer, members of the TELUS Emergency Operations Centre and TELUS team members worked hard to restore service. For example, almost all of the 5,000 telephone lines put out of service in Kamloops were restored within 72 hours.

In addition, an army of TELUS Community Connections volunteers worked tirelessly to provide humanitarian aid to evacuated families, firefighters, volunteers and relief centre workers. TELUS collected and distributed 200 TELUS cell phones to firefighters to help them coordinate the fire containment

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efforts. The Company set up phone lines for emergency centres, Red Cross and relief centres. We distributed 3,000 "comfort kits" containing towels, brushes, combs, toothpaste, soap, shampoo, razors, shaving cream, comfort bears, t-shirts, toys, and videos to evacuation centres throughout the Kelowna area. Finally, the Company established a toll-free assistance line for TELUS team members who were hosting some of the 30,000 evacuees.

TELUS responds to customer service performance

One of TELUS' six corporate priorities for 2003 is to improve customer service levels. Many initiatives have been taken to accomplish this during the year and are planned going forward. For example, a new interactive voice recognition system is reducing misdirected calls and a new self-serve Web site is fully functioning.

During the third quarter a combination of external and internal events resulted in unexpected volumes and unacceptably long wait times for customers trying to access our business office or to have service provided. External causes included: the BC and Alberta fires, power outages and computer virus attacks. Internal causes included: challenges in implementing new systems; delays in having sufficient new staff hired, trained and fully functioning to replace employees taking the originally planned voluntary departure program; and the success of our latest high-speed Internet offer. These service issues are temporary in nature and TELUS is publicly committed to realizing better than pre-operational efficiency program levels of service by December 2003 at the latest.

Janet Yale appointed executive vice president government and regulatory affairs

On September 24, TELUS announced the appointment of Janet Yale, former president and CEO of the Canadian Cable Television Association, to executive vice president government and regulatory affairs. Janet, located in Ottawa, will lead a team responsible for TELUS' interaction with all levels of government, regulatory and public bodies.

Yale brings extensive experience in government and regulatory affairs to the TELUS team. Her strong background in the telecommunications industry and specifically in regulatory affairs will be invaluable to TELUS in contributing to the company's national business strategy.

TELUS receives broadcasting distribution and Video-on-Demand licence approvals

On August 20, TELUS received approval from the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) for a broadcasting distribution licence that allows the company to offer digital television service in select communities across Alberta and British Columbia.

On September 9, TELUS received an additional licence from the CRTC to offer commercial Video-on-Demand (VOD) services. Video-on-Demand is a service that allows customers to order programming such as feature films and other entertainment from a central video server. Whereas Pay-per-View (PPV) service offers a set suite of movies or events starting at fixed times, VOD allows customers to choose when to watch a program, and to control their own experience by stopping, rewinding or fast forwarding.

TELUS is taking a careful measured approach to the entertainment market. Our next steps in the process are to fully understand the economics and technology and we are undertaking extensive network and systems testing, including an employee trial in Edmonton. No decision has been taken on any commercial launch.

CRTC approves revised service improvement plan of \$21.4 million for TELUS

On September 25, the CRTC approved a revised service improvement plan (SIP) of \$21.4 million for TELUS to be completed by 2006. The decision is positive for customers and TELUS. Many customers living in rural and remote areas, who were previously unable to qualify for extension of service, will now be able to receive service as the program is implemented. A large portion

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of the costs of this program will be recovered through the deferral account established by the CRTC in the 2002 Price Cap decision.

TELUS Quebec confirms job creation program with Quebec government

On October 10, TELUS and the Quebec government jointly announced a job creation program that, based on ongoing capital investments, would result in approximately \$90 million of job creation tax exemptions for TELUS over a 10-year period. This relates to various government job creation programs for up to 800 jobs split between Montreal and Rimouski. Over 200 new jobs are to be created with the opening of a new Montreal Call Centre in late 2003. This assists TELUS Quebec in continuing to develop our network and offering state-of-the-art services to our customers while developing business potential in the major urban centers of Quebec.

New camera phones from TELUS Mobility

In October, TELUS Mobility announced both an exclusive new camera phone and a unique picture messaging service that allows clients to instantly share or store their pictures. TELUS Mobility's unique multimedia picture messaging service allows clients to share their photos, with attached sound and text files, by sending them directly to other camera phones or to any e-mail address worldwide, or store them in their own secure online photo album on TELUS Mobility's Web site. TELUS Mobility's camera phone, the LG 5450, is both a fully functional tri-mode digital wireless phone and a 300,000 pixel digital camera with high-resolution colour screen, self-timer and the ability to store up to 30 pictures. This is the first in a series of exclusive camera phones from TELUS Mobility, which will be marketing both camera phones and its picture messaging service throughout the fourth-quarter holiday sales season with a national advertising campaign.

Mike Network enhancements

In October, TELUS Mobility announced significant enhancements to its all-in-one Mike wireless network, including the expansion of its Direct Connect walkie-talkie service across Canada and the introduction of four powerful new phone models from Motorola.

Based on Motorola's iDEN (integrated digital enhanced network) technology, Mike is the only wireless service able to combine digital PCS phone, push-to-talk Direct Connect radio, text messaging and Internet access in a single compact handset.

Mike users can now push-to-talk with any other Mike user in Canada, allowing for instant communication that's far faster and more economical than a regular wireless telephone call. Mike's network service area now stretches almost 5,000 kilometres, from Vancouver Island to eastern Quebec, offering national enterprises a powerful means to stay in instant touch.

Motorola announced four powerful new phones that will be part of TELUS Mobility's Mike roster this fall. Featuring Global Positioning System (GPS) capability that offers support for new location-based services such as Mobile Fleet Management, the new phones are aimed at markets ranging from white-collar office users to mobile fleets and rugged work environments.

TELUS Mobility Wi-Fi

In August, Canada's national wireless carriers including TELUS Mobility, announced an agreement to establish common standards for roaming and interoperability among their public Wi-Fi hotspots and from their next generation wireless networks, such as 1X, to those hotspots. Common standards will help eliminate the development of redundant authentication and billing methods, mean simplified access for customers and stimulate overall adoption of Wi-Fi. The carriers aim to have definitive standards and agreements in place by the end of 2003, with implementation in 2004.

In October, Vancouver International Airport Authority and TELUS Mobility announced the most comprehensive Wi-Fi Hotspot initiative within a Canadian airport, offering travelers at Vancouver International Airport (YVR) fast and secure wireless Internet access throughout the facility's terminals, from

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check-in right through to departure gate. The service also includes access to online passenger services through the Airport Authority's Web site, including up-to-the-minute flight arrival and departure information, terminal maps and a complete listing of restaurants, shops and other services.

TELUS Mobility Wi-Fi Hotspots are public Internet access zones offering high-speed mobile access to the Internet and other data networks. TELUS Mobility and its partner Spotnik Mobile have begun an aggressive national rollout of public Wi-Fi Hotspots, and have already acquired the rights to provide public Wi-Fi access in more than 450 sites, including transportation facilities, hotels, office complexes, food-service establishments and other high-traffic locations.

TELUS Mobility alliance with Spotwave to offer coverage enhancements

In September, TELUS Mobility partnered with Spotwave Wireless Inc. to distribute the Ottawa-based engineering company's SpotCell in-building repeaters across Canada. Spotcell repeaters enhance in-building wireless coverage and extend it into hard-to-reach areas such as parking garages, basements and remote locations. TELUS Mobility is offering these easy-to-install coverage enhancements through its national sales channels to clients who require specialized coverage beyond that provided by carrier-funded public networks.

TELUS Mobility Competes Vigorously in the Wireless Sector

In October, a wireless competitor introduced a well-publicized, flat-rate unlimited local calling plan in Vancouver. TELUS Mobility continually monitors competitive developments and takes appropriate action to address competitor initiatives and to seek out new revenue opportunities. In response to this offering, TELUS Mobility is offering, for a limited time, the Ontario and Quebec customers of that competitor a phone at no charge and the opportunity to match their existing rate plan, in order to gain access to TELUS Mobility's superior digital network coverage. This move is consistent with TELUS Mobility's emphasis on rational pricing of wireless services.

TELUS' annual report garners world recognition

TELUS' 2002 annual report is featured in the Annual Report on Annual Reports, the only global ranking of corporate reports. Produced by Corporate Essentials, the Annual Report on Annual Reports ranked TELUS 18th out of 1,000 selected international companies. In its judging, the awards panel evaluated five areas: financial reporting; review of operations and business issues; executive statements, strategy and governance; share information and investor communication; and visuals, design and layout.

Judges also presented awards on 15 attributes it considers key in corporate reporting. The TELUS annual report was named the best in the world on financial objectives - outlook, receiving the 'O' Award. It also received honourable mentions in the executive statement, business at a glance, financial highlights, risk factors and management categories.

The award clearly reflects TELUS' commitment to public disclosure and corporate governance, and continues to build TELUS' credibility with investors for providing excellent information needed for their decision-making.

TELUS is Canada's most environmentally friendly company

In October, TELUS received powerful confirmation of our leadership in corporate social responsibility by being named Canada's most environmentally friendly company by Corporate Knights, in its 2003 ranking of "green machines". Joining TELUS in the top five listing of environmentally friendly companies were Suncor Energy, Alcan, Dofasco and Royal Bank of Canada.

The Corporate Knights ranking was determined by three leading corporate social performance research firms which evaluated the Toronto Stock Exchange's 100 largest companies, on a wide range of indicators, including land reclamation, energy efficiency, recycling and stakeholder relations. Some of the activities that make TELUS a "green machine" include: a program to reduce paper consumption, reduction of our halon inventory and reclamation of

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contaminated sites.

The aim of Corporate Knights is to be a resource for citizens and corporations on the topic of responsible business. Their specific areas of coverage include socially responsible investing and corporate social responsibility. For more detailed information on Corporate Knights or to view the rankings list, please visit: www.corporateknights.ca

Dividend declaration

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of fifteen cents (\$0.15) per share on outstanding Common and Non-Voting Shares payable on January 1, 2004 to shareholders of record on the close of business on December 11, 2003.

Forward-Looking Statements

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This document and the management discussion and analysis contain statements about expected future events and financial and operating results of TELUS Corporation ("TELUS" or the "Company") that are forward-looking and subject to risks and uncertainties. TELUS' actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Such statements are qualified in their entirety by the inherent risks and uncertainties surrounding future expectations and may not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers or divestitures. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include but are not limited to: general business and economic conditions in TELUS' service territories across Canada and future demand for services; competition in wireline and wireless services, including voice, data and Internet services and within the Canadian telecommunications industry generally; re-emergence from receivership of newly restructured competitors; levels of capital expenditures; corporate restructurings; success of operational and capital efficiency programs including maintenance of customer service levels; success of integrating acquisitions; network upgrades, billing system conversions, and reliance on legacy systems; implementation of new customer relationship management software; development and introduction of new products and services; supplier/vendor reliability and viability; realization of tax savings; the impact of credit rating changes; availability and cost of capital including renewal of credit facilities; financial condition and credit risk of customers affecting collectibility of receivables; ability to maintain an accounts receivable securitization program; legal and regulatory compliance of employees and key stakeholders; adverse regulatory action; attraction and retention of key personnel; collective labour agreement negotiations and outcome of conciliation efforts; future costs of retirement and pension obligations and returns on invested pension assets; technological advances; the final outcome of pending or future litigation; the effect of environmental, health and safety concerns; man-made and natural disasters; and other risk factors discussed herein and listed from time to time in TELUS' reports, comprehensive public disclosure documents, including the Annual Information Form, and in other filings with securities commissions in Canada and the U.S.

The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is a discussion of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of TELUS Corporation for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002. This discussion contains forward-

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looking information that is qualified by reference to, and should be read together with, the Company's discussion regarding forward-looking statements (see "Forward-Looking Statements" above). TELUS' most significant accounting policies are discussed in the annual and interim financial statements of TELUS. These policies and disclosures are important to the understanding of the following discussion. The following should also be read together with the interim and annual consolidated financial statements of TELUS. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), which differ in certain respects from U.S. GAAP. See Note 20 to the interim consolidated financial statements for a summary of the principal differences between Canadian and U.S. GAAP as they relate to TELUS.

Management's discussion and analysis is comprised of the following:

1. Vision, Core Business and Strategy
2. Capability to Deliver Results
3. Results and Key Performance Indicators
4. Risks and Uncertainties

1. Vision, Core Business and Strategy

TELUS will continue to be guided by its six strategic imperatives established in 2000. TELUS is focusing and moving forward on the following priorities in 2003:

Continuing to deliver on our efficiency improvement objectives

- Communications segment operating costs were significantly reduced and fifteen customer contact centres were closed and consolidated in the first nine months of 2003. Net staff levels decreased by 835 since the beginning of the year and an additional net 500 reduction is expected during the fourth quarter of 2003 to meet the planned Operational Efficiency Program cumulative staff reduction target of 7,300. During the third quarter of 2003, staff reductions under the Operational Efficiency Program were offset by planned hiring to accommodate an anticipated seasonal volume increase. Additional temporary staff were also hired and planned departures were deferred in response to unprecedented emergency situations.

Improving customer service

Service levels in most areas have improved in 2003 compared with 2002, with 15 of 19 retail Canadian Radio-telephone and Telecommunications Commission ("CRTC") quality of service measures meeting or exceeding targets at September 30, 2003. Three of the four remaining retail service quality measures showed steady improvement until July 2003. Recent process and system changes that are having a positive impact, include:

- Launch and roll-out of an interactive voice recognition tool that directs callers to the appropriate destination for four contact centre numbers (ADSL, Customer Care, Business billing and Credit). The number of misdirected calls has been reduced substantially and productivity and quality of service measures have improved significantly in recent weeks;
- Integration of the Internet support and online billing information Web site, TELUS.net, with the Company's portal myTELUS.com, providing a more seamless look and feel. The integrated Web site provides customers with 24 hours per day, 7 days per week access to support, information and self-serve tools via a single, common access at

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myTELUS.com. The benefits to TELUS of an integrated Web site include more efficient Web management and customer support data analysis.

However, at the end of the third quarter of 2003, TELUS was below minimum standards for 4 of 19 retail CRTC quality of service measures, namely: "Access to Repair Bureau", "Out of Service Cleared in 24 Hours", "Repair Appointments Met", and "Access to the Business Office". Access to the business office was of particular concern, with too many customers experiencing long wait times. Service levels were affected by a number of concurrent factors, including:

- Unprecedented emergency situations (discussed in "2. Capability to Deliver Results") and heavy seasonal volumes challenged the Company's goal to improve customer service levels.
- TELUS hired temporary and regular staff to replace a portion of Operational Efficiency Program departures to remedy customer care staff levels in order to improve service delivery; however an inability to backfill Operational Efficiency Program departures as quickly as planned occurred in certain customer contact centres as a result of introducing more rigorous hiring and training criteria.
- The Company had implemented a new trouble management system in July that integrated eight formerly separate systems in order to cut down customer wait times, and resolve issues the first time they are reported. Performance and stability problems were experienced with this system, reducing employee productivity and creating delays in processing customer work orders. Many of these problems are being remediated and we are seeing consistent weekly improvement. Additional actions taken to meet repair demands included re-allocating resources geographically and across departments and the use of overtime. Improvements in response times are being made and the Company expects the four quality of service metrics to improve by the end of 2003.

Enhancing our leadership position in the North American wireless industry

- TELUS Mobility continued to build on its industry-leading performance from the first half of 2003. Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) increased by 49% and 54% for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, when compared with the same periods a year ago. As a result of continued EBITDA growth and reduced capital expenditures, Mobility generated substantially improved cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) of \$150.4 million and \$397.9 million for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, as compared with \$67.8 million and \$71.7 million for the same periods in 2002.
- Mobility EBITDA margin expanded by 9 percentage points to a record 42.5% of Network revenue.
- TELUS Mobility continues to lead the industry with average revenue per subscriber unit per month ("ARPU") of \$60 and \$57 for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, while maintaining a world-class churn rate of 1.4% for both periods.

Strengthen our financial position, based on improved operating performance

- The Company reduced net debt and continued to improve its financial ratios in the third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2003. The Net debt to EBITDA ratio decreased from 3.3:1 at the end of 2002 to reach the original 2003 year-end target of 3.0:1 by June 30, 2003,

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and was further reduced to 2.7:1 at September 30, 2003. Management has further revised its guidance to 2.7:1 or less for the end of 2003 from the 2.8:1 or less set at the end of July;

- During the third quarter of 2003, Moody's changed its outlook for TELUS debt to 'positive' from 'stable', and Standard & Poor's changed its outlook to 'stable' from 'negative'. Collectively, the debt rating agencies have improved their outlooks or trend for TELUS debt to one 'positive' and three 'stable' assessments from four 'negative' assessments at the beginning of the year. In the bond markets, prices on TELUS Corporation notes have appreciated by approximately 15%, while interest rate spreads over the relevant benchmark government bonds have narrowed by 60% on average as at September 30, 2003, when compared with December 31, 2002.

Achieving a settlement with our unionized employees

In 2000, TELUS commenced collective bargaining with the Telecommunications Workers Union ("TWU") for a new collective agreement replacing the legacy agreements from BC TELECOM and Alberta-based TELUS. Since January 2003, the Company and the TWU continue to participate in a conciliation process, which includes a global review of all outstanding issues and a subsequent 60-day conciliation period. In July 2003, the conciliators concluded their global review and released their action plan, which was agreed to and accepted by the Company and the TWU. The conciliators' action plan sets out that the 60-day conciliation period will commence November 14, 2003, while, in the interim, pensions and employee benefits discussions will continue. If the outstanding issues are not resolved at the end of the 60-day period, the parties may agree to extend this phase or, alternatively, following a 21 day cooling off period, a legal work stoppage may occur no earlier than February 2004.

If the outstanding issues are not resolved and a new collective agreement is not achieved, there is the risk of a labour disruption. While the financial and operational impacts of a labour disruption are difficult to estimate, the Company expects that in the short-term, profitability would be reduced, but cash flow would increase due to reduced capital expenditures.

2. Capability to Deliver Results

Impact of Forest Fires in Western Canada, the Power Grid Failure in Eastern Canada, and computer viruses

A number of natural disasters and other emergencies occurred during the third quarter of 2003, which tested TELUS' emergency response capability. TELUS activated its Emergency Operations Centre on four separate occasions during the month of August 2003 in response to forest fires and wind storms in B.C. and Alberta, the 'Niagara loop' power grid failure affecting Ontario, and the spread of computer viruses over the Internet. The Emergency Operations Centre provided strategic direction and support to local TELUS staff dealing with various situations, and assisted in determining short-term priorities and developing solutions. The total value of lost revenues and indirect costs of responding to these events have not been quantified.

The B.C. forest fires in August destroyed approximately 80 km of fibre optic cable, approximately 100 km of copper cable, one cable junction box, and one TELUS Mobility cellular site. In the Kamloops area, approximately 5,000 lines were out of service - all but 65 lines were restored within 72 hours. In the Kelowna area, the damage to TELUS facilities was less severe and service was restored prior to evacuation orders being lifted. The total capital and financial losses from the various fires is currently estimated at over \$2 million and is reflected in the September 30, 2003 quarterly results; however, as each fire is a separate insurance event, little if any of the losses will

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be recovered from insurance.

During the electrical blackout that affected parts of Ontario in mid-August, TELUS' wireline network and emergency 911 services were fully operational. Customers with hosting services in TELUS' Intelligent Internet Data Centres in Toronto experienced no outages during the power grid failure. The TELUS Mobility network in the affected areas did experience heavy call volume, which affected performance of the network. TELUS Mobility experienced some site outages as the blackout endured. Additional power supply was sent to sites to help minimize the impact, especially where customers providing emergency services were affected.

August and September is traditionally a busy time of year for the wireline business, with student moves and customers back from summer holidays. Call volumes to TELUS' customer contact centres increased as a result of the situations described above and as a result of the spread of computer viruses over the Internet to many of TELUS' Internet customers. Despite having added staff to customer care and technical help functions in July, the Company could not provide enough customer help resources to deal with all of these situations concurrently.

Despite these circumstances, TELUS is meeting 15 of 19 of its retail quality of service indicators filed monthly with the CRTC. TELUS remains committed to not only maintaining but also improving customer service levels in coming quarters.

Regulatory updates

Approval for National video-on-demand service (Broadcasting Decision 2003-453) and Regional broadcasting distribution undertakings in Alberta and British Columbia (Broadcasting Decision 2003-407)

On August 20, 2003, the CRTC approved applications by TELUS Communications Inc. ("TCI") to operate terrestrial broadcasting distribution undertakings to serve various communities in Alberta and British Columbia. On September 9, 2003, the CRTC approved TELUS' application for a video-on-demand undertaking licence with the same terms and conditions as previously licensed video-on-demand undertakings in Canada. The licence is national in scope and extends for a seven-year term. TCI continues to test and assess this opportunity and no launch date has been set.

Access to Municipal Rights-of-Way (Supreme Court of Canada dismisses of Appeal of Telecom Decision 2001-23 - Ledcor/Vancouver - Construction, operation and maintenance of transmission lines in Vancouver)

In Telecom Decision 2001-23, the CRTC resolved a dispute between the City of Vancouver and Ledcor over the access to municipal rights-of-way, granting permission to Ledcor to construct, maintain and operate transmission lines that Ledcor has constructed in Vancouver, and prescribing terms and conditions related to that permission. The Federal Court of Appeal later dismissed an appeal of Decision 2001-23. Subsequently, the Federation of Canadian Municipalities, the City of Vancouver and other appellants sought leave to appeal the Federal Court of Appeal's decision with the Supreme Court of Canada.

On September 4, 2003, the Supreme Court of Canada decided to not hear the appeal. The significant claims for annual fees by the cities (estimated at between \$30 to \$60 million annually for TELUS) will not be payable. Accordingly, the CRTC's jurisdiction to grant access to municipal rights-of-way has been affirmed and TELUS, other telecommunications carriers and broadcast distribution companies will be in a better position to negotiate fair and reasonable terms of access to municipal rights-of-way for placement of facilities.

Appeal of Telecom Decision 2003-45 - Provision of telecommunications services to customers in multi-dwelling units

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On July 30, 2003, the Canadian Institute of Public and Private Real Estate Companies and the Building Owners and Managers Association - Canada filed a motion for leave to appeal Telecom Decision 2003-45 with the Federal Court of Appeal. In Decision 2003-45, the CRTC announced principles that allow for access by all local telephone companies to equipment and wire in buildings known as multi-dwelling units. The decision reduced considerably the uncertainty TELUS had faced in gaining access to such buildings, both where TELUS is an entrant in the market and in its incumbent territory where onerous terms and conditions of access, including fees, were being demanded by building owners. From a financial perspective, the decision reduced TELUS' exposure to potential significantly increased costs of building access. This matter is still before the courts.

Telecom Decision 2003-49 - CRTC directs incumbent telephone companies to offer high-speed Internet services to competitors' residential telephone customers

On July 21, 2003, the CRTC directed the incumbent telephone companies to provide their retail high-speed Internet services to residential customers receiving primary local telephone service from competitors upon request. Currently the provision of high-speed service is directly linked to the local telephone line. TELUS has determined a plan to reconfigure numerous automated systems and processes to effect this decision by the second quarter of 2004 for estimated capital and operating costs of up to \$10 million. In the meantime, a manual process should begin to be rolled out towards the end of 2003.

Telecom Decision 2003-64 - TELUS' revised service improvement plan

On September 25, 2003, the CRTC approved TELUS' \$21.4 million total service improvement program, including high cost and non-high cost service areas, to be completed over four years ending in 2006, and approved recovery of this amount from the Deferral Account. TELUS continues to defer revenues in accordance with Telecom Decision CRTC 2002-34 as the CRTC has not determined the process for disposal of the balance of deferral account liability.

Public Notice 2003-8 - Review of Price Floor Safeguards for Retail Tariffed Services and Related Issues

On October 23, 2003, the CRTC issued a public notice requesting comments on its current imputation test, bundling rules and other matters. The CRTC also proposed interim rules that could be effective in the first quarter of 2004. A public process to consider final rules may extend into the second half of 2004. These interim rules would have the effect of increasing the floor price that TELUS is subject to when pricing new tariffed (non-forborne) services and when offering new bundles of services that include at least one tariffed service. TELUS intends to fully participate in these public proceedings and present its perspective on the issues addressed.

3. Results and Key Performance Indicators

Accounting Policy Developments

Guarantees

In the normal course of its operations, the Company enters into obligations which GAAP may consider to be guarantees. Effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2002, Canadian GAAP requires the disclosure of these guarantees and their maximum, undiscounted amounts, even when the likelihood of the Company having to make any payments under the guarantees is

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slight. See Note 2a and Note 16c to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Commencing with the Company's 2004 fiscal year, the new recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") for accounting for asset retirement obligations (CICA Handbook Section 3110) will apply. The new section focuses on the recognition and measurement of liabilities for statutory, contractual or legal obligations, normally when incurred, associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.

Hedging Relationships

Commencing with the Company's 2004 fiscal year, the new guidelines of the CICA for accounting for hedging relationships apply to the Company (CICA Accounting Guideline AcG-13). The Company's previously disclosed hedge accounting policy is compliant with the new Guideline.

Financial Impact of Price Cap Decisions

On May 30, 2002 and July 31, 2002, the CRTC announced its decisions on the Regulatory Framework for the Second Price Cap Period for the ILECs (Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers), or Telecom Decision 2002-34 and Telecom Decision 2002-43, which established the framework for regulation of ILECs, including TELUS. These decisions cover a four-year period beginning June 2002 for TELUS Communications Inc. and beginning August 2002 for TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc. ("TCQI").

On March 18, 2003, the CRTC issued Telecom Decision 2003-11, which finalized for the industry the assignment of tariffed services to the service baskets established in Regulatory Framework for the Second Price Cap Period. Also on March 18, 2003, the CRTC released Telecom Decision 2003-18, TELUS Communications Inc. - 2002 Annual price cap filing, in which it approved, on a final basis, the majority of the applications filed in 2002 by TELUS proposing rate changes pursuant to Decision 2002-34. On August 27, 2003, the CRTC released Telecom Order 2003-352 - 2003 Annual Price Cap Filing. This order approved all of TCI's tariff applications, for implementation on a prospective basis, to meet its 2003 price cap commitments.

On August 22, 2003, the CRTC issued Telecom Decision 2003-56, which finalized for TCQI the assignment of tariffed services to the service baskets established in Decision 2002-43. The assignment was made in a manner very similar with the assignments for large ILECs in Decision 2003-11. Also on August 22, 2003, the CRTC issued Telecom Decision 2003-57 which approved, with changes, applications filed by TCQI for rate changes and directed TCQI to file further rate changes to meet its 2002 price cap commitment. All other TCQI rates were approved on a final basis.

The impact of these decisions on TELUS was a decrease in Communications segment Operating revenues of \$11.7 million and \$58.7 million, respectively, for the third quarter and nine month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. In addition, the Communications segment EBITDA decreased by \$10.6 million and \$57.7 million, respectively, for the third quarter and nine month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared to the same period one year earlier.

Results of Operations

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Highlights

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions except per share amounts)				
Operating revenues	1,806.2	1,766.3	39.9	2.3
EBITDA(1)	754.5	663.1	91.4	13.8
Restructuring and workforce reduction costs	2.3	313.3	(311.0)	(99.3)
Income taxes (recovery)	84.0	(50.5)	134.5	-
Net income (loss)	115.9	(107.4)	223.3	-
Common Share and Non-Voting Share income (loss)	113.2	(110.0)	223.2	-
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS)	0.32	(0.35)	0.67	-
Capital expenditures	304.0	327.2	(23.2)	(7.1)
Free cash flow(2)	417.1	239.9	177.2	73.8

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions except per share amounts)				
Operating revenues	5,320.4	5,212.3	108.1	2.1
EBITDA	2,145.1	1,873.4	271.7	14.5
Restructuring and workforce reduction costs	12.1	328.9	(316.8)	(96.3)
Income taxes (recovery)	133.0	(0.9)	133.9	-
Net income (loss)	281.9	(89.8)	371.7	-
Common Share and Non-Voting Share income (loss)	274.0	(97.5)	371.5	-
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS), basic	0.79	(0.32)	1.11	-
Capital expenditures	817.3	1,281.7	(464.4)	(36.2)
Free cash flow	861.8	79.1	782.7	-

Significant changes included in the third quarter 2003 financial results, when compared with the third quarter of 2002, were:

- Communications segment revenues decreased by \$47.4 million or 3.8%. Normalized for incremental year-over-year \$11.7 million negative price cap decision impacts, revenues decreased by \$35.7 million or 2.8%, primarily as a result of lower voice equipment sales, lower long distance revenues from reduced long distance minutes and prices, and reduced application development revenues due to the disposal of certain assets earlier in 2003;
- Communications segment EBITDA improved by \$10.7 million or 2.1%, as the decrease in revenues was more than offset by a \$58.1 million decrease in operations expense. The decrease in operations expense was primarily a result of Operational Efficiency Program savings partially offset by increased pension and other expenses;
- Communications segment high-speed Internet net additions of 47,200 exceeded net additions of the same period in 2002 as well as net additions for the first and second quarters of 2003;
- Mobility Network revenue continued its strong growth, increasing \$83.5 million or 16.9%. Mobility Network revenue growth, combined with significant operating efficiencies and economies of scale, flowed through to EBITDA at a rate of 96.6%. TELUS' Canadian industry-leading

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ARPU increased \$2 to \$60;

- Mobility EBITDA increased \$80.7 million or 49.0% as a result of strong ARPU and subscriber growth combined with a significant reduction in the churn rate and cost containment efforts;
- Mobility EBITDA margin expanded by 9 percentage points to a record 42.5% of Network revenue;
- Mobility net subscriber additions for the third quarter were 100,600, an increase of 7.4% continuing the positive trend experienced in the second quarter of 2003. Notably, higher revenue-generating net postpaid subscriber additions increased by 13.5% over the third quarter of 2002;
- Mobility blended postpaid and prepaid churn declined to 1.4% per month, a considerable improvement from 1.7% for the same quarter last year, driving the 7.4% year-over-year net subscriber additions increase despite gross additions being flat.
- Interest expense on long-term and short-term debt decreased by \$14.5 million as a result of lower debt balances, while \$30.7 million of interest income was recorded in the third quarter of 2003 primarily with respect to the settlement of tax matters. Interest income, net of related income taxes, contributed five cents to earnings per share in the third quarter of 2003;
- Consolidated Free cash flow increased to \$417.1 million, exceeding cash payments of \$32.1 million under Restructuring and workforce reduction initiatives; and
- Net debt decreased by \$516.4 million in the third quarter of 2003 and decreased by \$810.0 million during the last twelve months.

The discussion below for Operating revenues, Operations expense, EBITDA and Capital expenditures is presented on a segmented basis. All other discussion is presented for the consolidated interim financial results.

Operating revenues - Communications segment

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Voice local(1)	526.2	524.4	1.8	0.3
Voice contribution	16.7	24.9	(8.2)	(32.9)
Voice long distance(2)	238.5	252.3	(13.8)	(5.5)
Data(3)	331.9	332.2	(0.3)	(0.1)
Other(4)	73.0	100.0	(27.0)	(27.0)

External operating revenue	1,186.3	1,233.8	(47.5)	(3.8)
Intersegment revenue	24.6	24.5	0.1	0.4

Total operating revenue	1,210.9	1,258.3	(47.4)	(3.8)

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				

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Voice local(1)	1,574.4	1,580.9	(6.5)	(0.4)
Voice contribution	48.6	62.8	(14.2)	(22.6)
Voice long distance(2)	728.8	772.2	(43.4)	(5.6)
Data(3)	1,027.1	1,026.7	0.4	0.0
Other(4)	225.1	302.5	(77.4)	(25.6)

External operating revenue	3,604.0	3,745.1	(141.1)	(3.8)
Intersegment revenue	71.4	72.5	(1.1)	(1.5)

Total operating revenue	3,675.4	3,817.6	(142.2)	(3.7)

TELUS Communications continued its strategic focus on driving increased profitability by focusing on operational efficiency and cost control in the face of declining revenues.

Voice local revenue is generated from access to the Company's network, which is provided to customers on a monthly subscription basis, and from the Company's optional and pay-per-use enhanced services. Local access revenue decreased by \$0.5 million and \$16.7 million, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods last year, due to price cap decision impacts and fewer access lines than one year ago were partly offset by growth in Non-ILEC business. Increased local enhanced services revenue of \$2.3 million and \$10.2 million, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months, partly offset the decline in local access revenues. Excluding the negative price cap impacts, voice local revenue increased by \$3.3 million or 0.6% and \$25.7 million or 1.6%, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003 as compared to 2002.

Network access lines decreased by 4,000 lines during the third quarter of 2003 as compared with an increase of 7,000 in the third quarter of 2002. Consumer lines increased by 3,000 and 7,000, respectively, for the third quarter of 2003 and 2002, which primarily reflects seasonal increases associated with students returning to university and college. Lower seasonal growth in 2003 was a result of increased competitive line losses. Business lines decreased by 7,000 during the third quarter of 2003 and were unchanged during the same period in 2002. Business lines decreased primarily as a result of competitive losses in Western Canada exceeding gains in Central and Eastern Canada, as well as continued migration to more efficient ISDN services. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, network access lines decreased by 28,000 as compared with a decrease of 46,000 for the same period in 2002. Network access lines decreased by 0.8% in the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2003, an improvement from the 1.1% rate for the twelve months ended December 31, 2002. The combined ILEC business and local consumer market share was estimated to be 96.2% at September 30, 2003 (97.0% one year earlier).

Voice contribution revenue, which represents TELUS' share of contribution pool funds for providing service in high cost rural service areas, decreased for the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods one year ago. The decrease was a result of a lower shortfall calculated according to the methods prescribed by the CRTC for TELUS and other industry competitors.

Voice long distance revenue decreased for the third quarter and nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods last year, primarily as a result of fewer consumer and business minutes and price competition. Consumer revenues decreased as a result of competitive pressures including 'dial-around' services; partly offset by an increase in the monthly long distance plan administration fee from \$1.25 to \$2.95 in February of this year. Business revenues decreased as a result of fewer minutes and lower rates. Wholesale settlement revenues were relatively unchanged in the third quarter and the first nine months of 2003 as higher volumes were offset by lower prices. Substitution to alternative technologies

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such as e-mail, Internet and wireless contributed to long distance revenue and minute erosion.

Data revenues include Internet access, hosting and applications, LAN/WAN, gateway service, internetworking and remote access, managed information technology (IT) services and legacy data services such as private line, switched data services, data local access, data settlements and data equipment sales. Wireless data revenues are included in Mobility segment Network revenues. Communications segment data revenue growth was relatively flat as increased Internet-related revenues were offset by price cap impacts and lower revenues for data equipment sales and other services. This included a reduction of application development revenues by approximately \$7 million and \$14 million, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared with the prior year, due to the disposal of certain assets during the second quarter of 2003. Data revenue growth excluding the negative price cap impacts was \$10.1 million or 3.0% and \$25.5 million or 2.5%, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003 as compared to 2002. Internet service revenues increased by \$14.8 million and \$62.2 million, respectively, primarily as a result of growth in the Internet subscriber base. TELUS high-speed Internet subscriber additions were a strong 47,200 during the third quarter of 2003 due in part to a new introductory offer. This is in contrast to an industry trend of lower net additions each quarter.

Other revenue decreased for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002, primarily as a result of lower voice equipment rental and sales, as well as lower rent from support structures, lower installation and contract services, and lower individual line service grants in respect of the conversion of multi-party lines to single lines in high cost rural areas in Alberta in the early 1990s.

Total external operating revenue discussed above included Non-ILEC revenues of \$138.4 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$135.9 million for the third quarter of 2002, an increase of \$2.5 million or 1.8%. Non-ILEC revenues for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 were \$417.7 million, compared with \$375.0 million for the same period last year - an increase of \$42.7 million or 11.4%. Growth in Non-ILEC application development revenues was affected by the disposal of certain assets discussed in data revenues above, reducing the revenues by approximately \$7 million and \$14 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ending September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. Normalized for such asset disposal, Non-ILEC revenues increased by approximately \$9.5 million or 7% in the third quarter and approximately \$56.7 million or 15% respectively.

Intersegment revenues represent services provided by the Communications segment to the Mobility segment. These revenues are eliminated upon consolidation together with the associated expense from the Mobility segment.

Key operating indicators - Communications segment

(000s for subscribers and additions)	2003	2002	Change	%

As at September 30				

Network access lines, end of period	4,883	4,921	(38)	(0.8)
Total Internet subscribers(1), end of period	849.7	783.0	66.7	8.5
Dial-up	333.7	416.2	(82.5)	(19.8)
High-speed	516.0	366.8	149.2	40.7
Quarter ended September 30				

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Change in Network access lines	(4)	7	(11)	(157.1)
Total Internet subscriber				
net additions	29.1	25.4	3.7	14.6
Dial-up	(18.1)	(15.4)	(2.7)	(17.5)
High-speed	47.2	40.8	6.4	15.7

Nine months ended September 30

Change in Network access lines	(28)	(46)	18	39.1
Total Internet subscriber				
net additions(1)	48.0	113.1	(65.1)	(57.6)
Dial-up	(58.0)	(38.9)	(19.1)	(49.1)
High-speed	106.0	152.0	(46.0)	(30.3)

Operating revenues - Mobility segment

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Network revenue	577.4	493.9	83.5	16.9
Equipment revenue	42.5	38.6	3.9	10.1

External operating revenue	619.9	532.5	87.4	16.4
Intersegment revenue	4.0	4.9	(0.9)	(18.4)

Total operating revenue	623.9	537.4	86.5	16.1

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Network revenue	1,595.9	1,362.2	233.7	17.2
Equipment revenue	120.5	105.0	15.5	14.8

External operating revenue	1,716.4	1,467.2	249.2	17.0
Intersegment revenue	11.6	13.2	(1.6)	(12.1)

Total operating revenue	1,728.0	1,480.4	247.6	16.7

Mobility Network revenue is generated from monthly billings for access fees, incremental airtime charges, prepaid time consumed or expired, wireless Internet services and fees for value-added services. Network revenue increased for the three months ended September 30, 2003 as compared to the same period in 2002 as a result of increased ARPU and the continued expansion of TELUS Mobility's subscriber base by 14.0% to approximately 3.3 million subscribers from 2.9 million one year ago. ARPU increased to \$60 from \$58 for the same quarter last year.

TELUS Mobility's execution of its strategic focus on profitable revenue growth and subscriber retention resulted in a higher ARPU and a substantially improved churn rate year-over-year. The \$2 increase in ARPU continued to build upon the year-over-year increases experienced in the first half of 2003, reversing the previously declining trend. Similarly, ARPU for the first nine months of 2003 was \$57 as compared to \$55 for the same period last year. The

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improved ARPU was a result of increased usage and disciplined pricing changes including per-minute billing and the reduction of eligible hours included in certain 'free evening and weekend' rate plan features. Average minutes of use ("MOU") per subscriber per month were 367 for the third quarter of 2003 and 342 for the first nine months of 2003 as compared to 297 and 286, respectively, for the same periods in 2002. As of September 30, 2003, postpaid subscribers accounted for 82.4% of the total cumulative subscriber base as compared to 84.1% one year earlier and have been stable during the current year. Net postpaid subscriber additions of 76,400 for the third quarter of 2003 represented 75.9% of all net additions in the period as compared to 67,300 (71.8%) for the corresponding period one year ago. Moreover, net postpaid additions increased by 13.5% in the current period, reversing a negative trend experienced since the third quarter of 2002. For the first nine months of 2003, net postpaid additions represented 74.3% of all net additions as compared to 76.7% in the same period one year earlier. Total net subscriber additions for the third quarter increased 7.4%.

Blended postpaid and prepaid churn rate averaged 1.4% per month in the third quarter of 2003, a considerable improvement from 1.7% for the comparable period one year earlier, and up only slightly from 1.3% in the second quarter of 2003. The churn rate for the first nine months of 2003 was 1.4% as compared to 1.8% for the same period last year. Deactivations declined 6.6% to 133,500 for the third quarter 2003 as compared to 142,900 for the same period in 2002 despite a 14.0% increase in the subscriber base. Deactivations for the first nine months of 2003 were 393,900 as compared to 451,700 for the same period last year representing a 12.8% decline. The decline in churn can be attributed to improved network quality and coverage, improved client service levels, client contracting as part of loyalty and retention programs, and specific grandfathered rate plans related to per-second billing and the change to certain 'free evening and weekend' rate plan features.

Equipment sales, rental and service revenue in the three-month period ended September 30, 2003, was \$42.5 million as compared to \$38.6 million for the same period in 2002. Equipment revenue for the first nine months of 2003 was \$120.5 million representing an increase of \$15.5 million or 14.8% over the same period in 2002. The increase occurred despite a decline in gross subscriber additions to 234,100 and 664,000 for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, as compared to 236,600 and 738,500 for the same periods in 2002. The increase in revenue was principally due to handset price increases, product mix, and increased retention and upgrade activity.

Intersegment revenues represent services provided by the Mobility segment to the Communications segment. These revenues are eliminated upon consolidation together with the associated expense from the Communications segment.

Key operating indicators - Mobility segment

(000s for subscribers and additions)	2003	2002	Change	%

As at September 30				

Subscribers - postpaid	2,691.4	2,408.9	282.5	11.7
Subscribers - prepaid	574.2	455.6	118.6	26.0

Subscribers - total	3,265.6	2,864.5	401.1	14.0

Total POPs(1) covered including roaming/resale (millions) (2)	29.1	26.9	2.2	8.2

Quarter ended September 30

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Net subscriber additions - postpaid	76.4	67.3	9.1	13.5
Net subscriber additions - prepaid	24.2	26.4	(2.2)	(8.3)
Net subscriber additions - total	100.6	93.7	6.9	7.4
Churn, per month (%) (3a)	1.4	1.7	(0.3)	-
Acquisition COA (3b) per gross subscriber add. (\$) (3c)	406	391	15	3.8
ARPU (\$) (3d)	60	58	2	3.4
EBITDA to network revenue (%)	42.5	33.4	9.1	-
Retention COA to network revenue (%)	3.9	3.6	0.3	-
EBITDA excluding Acquisition COA (\$ millions) (3e)	340.6	256.8	83.8	32.6
Nine months ended September 30				
Net subscriber additions - postpaid	200.8	219.9	(19.1)	(8.7)
Net subscriber additions - prepaid	69.3	66.9	2.4	3.6
Net subscriber additions - total	270.1	286.8	(16.7)	(5.8)
Churn, per month (%)	1.4	1.8	(0.4)	-
Acquisition COA per gross subscriber add. (\$) (4)	420	405	15	3.7
ARPU (\$)	57	55	2	3.6
EBITDA to network revenue (%)	39.2	29.8	9.4	-
Retention COA to network revenue (%)	4.0	4.0	-	-
EBITDA excluding Acquisition COA (\$ millions)	904.0	683.0	221.0	32.4

Operations expense - Communications segment

(\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	701.9	760.0	(58.1)	(7.6)
Nine months ended September 30	2,155.7	2,350.4	(194.7)	(8.3)

Operations expense for the Communications segment decreased in the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to the traction of the Operational Efficiency Program that became significant beginning in the third quarter last year, as well as lower Non-ILEC expenses and lower equipment costs of sales, partly offset by an increased pension expense in 2003. In addition, expenses in the nine-month period last year were reduced by a \$40 million investment tax credit.

The significant changes in operating expenses for the third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002, were:

- Incremental Operational Efficiency Program savings from lower salaries

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and benefits of \$73.0 million and \$225.0 million, respectively. Staff levels, including hiring of temporary and regular customer contact centre staff, increased by 38 in the third quarter of 2003, but have decreased by 835 and 3,339, respectively, when compared with the end of 2002 and with September 2002. During the fourth quarter of 2003, over 500 net staff reductions are expected to occur so that the Company achieves the planned targets announced under Operational Efficiency Program initiatives;

- Incremental Operational Efficiency Program non salary-related savings were \$7.0 million and \$54.0 million, respectively. The non salary-related savings were from lower employee-related overhead costs, use of fewer contractors, and lower advertising and promotions expense;
- Equipment cost of sales decreased by \$9.7 million and \$45.2 million, respectively, primarily as a result of lower sales of voice and data equipment. This included approximately \$12 million year-to-date, of lower high-speed Internet cost of sales as a result of reduced gross additions of high-speed Internet subscribers, lower modem prices, and recognition of certain promotional discounts to customers recorded as an offset against revenues;
- Bad debt expense decreased by \$4.5 million and \$2.2 million, respectively;
- The expense for the Software and Related Technology and Service Agreements with Verizon Communications Inc. ("Verizon"), was lower by \$1.2 million and \$8.1 million, respectively;
- Expenses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 increased by \$38.8 million, when compared with 2002, as a result of significant investment tax credits recorded in 2002 (\$40.0 million in 2002; \$1.2 million in 2003). The investment tax credits were recognized as a result of a settlement with tax authorities for previous years' claims and were recorded as a reduction to operations expense;
- Increased pension expense for defined benefit and defined contribution plans of \$11.5 million and \$39.3 million, respectively;
- Expenses increased by \$3.8 million and \$30.6 million, respectively, as a result of lower labour capitalization representing lower capital build activities consistent with lower salaries and benefits as a result of Operational Efficiency Program savings;
- Overtime expenses increased by \$3.8 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, as compared with 2002 in response to a number of natural disasters and other emergencies;
- All other changes increased expenses by \$18.2 million for the quarter and \$27.3 million for the nine-month period.

Included in the total segment expenses discussed above, Non-ILEC operations expenses for the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 were \$144.4 million and \$444.3 million, respectively, compared with \$159.2 million and \$464.5 million, respectively, in the same periods last year. This represented decreases of \$14.8 million or 9.3% and \$20.2 million or 4.3%, respectively as a result of operating efficiencies and the greater use of on-net facilities, despite increasing revenues.

Operations expense - Mobility segment

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(\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	378.4	372.6	5.8	1.6
Nine months ended September 30	1,102.6	1,074.2	28.4	2.6

Mobility operations expense in the third quarter increased by \$5.8 million or 1.6% and increased (after normalizing for the \$21.0 million favourable PST ruling in 2002) by \$7.4 million or 0.7% for the first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. TELUS Mobility has been able to achieve significant economies of scale as evidenced by growth in subscribers of 14.0% and Network revenue of 16.9% in the third quarter while maintaining flat operating expenses year-over-year.

Expenses related to equipment sales increased \$1.1 million (1.3%) to \$86.4 million in the third quarter as compared to \$85.3 million for the same period one year earlier. Despite a decline in gross subscriber additions in the third quarter from 236,600 to 234,100, the increase in equipment expense was due to higher retention activity. For the first nine months of 2003, equipment expenses increased by \$8.5 million or 3.4% over the same period last year. However, prior year expenses included a \$21.0 million reduction resulting from a clarification of provincial sales tax legislation related to handset subsidies, which represented the reversal of a cumulative liability previously recorded in marketing cost of acquisition ("COA"). Once normalized to exclude the 2002 provincial sales tax credit, equipment expense for the first nine months of 2003 decreased \$12.5 million or 4.6% as compared with the same period in 2002. This decrease was principally due to a decline in gross subscriber activations and improved handset pricing including favourable exchange rates. Gross subscriber activations were 664,000 for the first nine months of 2003 as compared to 738,500 for the same period last year. The cost improvement due to the reduction in gross subscriber additions was partially offset by increased retention activity in the first nine months of 2003. Handset costs are included in marketing cost of acquisition (COA).

Network operating expenses consist of site-related expenses, transmission costs, spectrum licence fees, contribution revenue taxes, and other direct costs related to network operations. Network operating expenses remained relatively flat at \$97.9 million and \$274.7 million for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, compared to \$97.9 million and \$274.6 million for the same periods last year. This occurred despite increases in transmission and site-related expenses to support the increased cell sites, subscriber base, and improved network quality and coverage. These costs were offset by a reduction in Industry Canada spectrum licence fees of approximately \$7.0 million for the first nine months. TELUS Mobility has focused efforts on containing these costs through negotiating improved leased transmission rates, roaming rates, and maintenance rates with a number of telecommunications carriers and key vendors. PCS digital population coverage expanded by 7.3 million (principally due to roaming with Bell - 5.1 million and Aliant - 1.5 million) to 29.0 million during the year.

Marketing expenses excluding handset subsidies were \$67.2 million for the third quarter and \$188.3 million for the first nine months of 2003 as compared to \$56.7 million and \$164.3 million for the same periods in 2002. The increases were primarily due to higher dealer compensation costs associated with the expanded cumulative subscriber base and to increased re-contracting activity. Acquisition COA was \$406 for the third quarter of 2003 as compared to \$391 for the same period last year. However, Acquisition COA for the third quarter of 2003 declined \$22 from \$428 in the second quarter of 2003. Acquisition COA for the first nine months of 2003 was \$420 as compared to \$405 (excluding any benefit from the \$21.0 million PST clarification) for the same period in 2002. The small increases in acquisition COA were principally due to higher marketing costs and lower gross subscriber additions partially offset

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by lower handset subsidies.

General and Administration ("G&A") expenses consist of employee compensation and benefits, facilities, client services, bad debt and various other expenses. G&A expenses declined in the third quarter and for the first nine months of 2003 despite a subscriber base growth of 14.0% and Network revenue growth of 16.9% in the quarter. G&A expenses were \$126.9 million and \$380.4 million for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, as compared to \$132.7 million and \$384.6 million for the same periods in 2002. The declines of \$5.8 million in the third quarter and \$4.2 million for the first nine months of 2003 were primarily due to lower bad debts. The improvements in bad debts can be attributed to the completion of billing system conversions in 2002 and improvement in credit and collections. TELUS Mobility completed five major billing system conversions by October 2002 after an 18-month period. TELUS Mobility only slightly increased full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) to 5,175 from 5,149 one year earlier despite the increase in the subscriber base and the number of retail store personnel over the same period.

Earnings(1) Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) by segment

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Communications segment	509.0	498.3	10.7	2.1
Mobility segment	245.5	164.8	80.7	49.0

TELUS Consolidated	754.5	663.1	91.4	13.8

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Communications segment	1,519.7	1,467.2	52.5	3.6
Mobility segment	625.4	406.2	219.2	54.0

TELUS Consolidated	2,145.1	1,873.4	271.7	14.5

EBITDA(1) margin(2) by segment (%)

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change

(\$ in millions)			
Communications segment	42.0	39.6	2.4
Mobility segment(3)	39.3	30.7	8.6
TELUS Consolidated	41.8	37.5	4.3

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change

(\$ in millions)			
Communications segment	41.3	38.4	2.9

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Mobility segment(3)	36.2	27.4	8.8
TELUS Consolidated	40.3	35.9	4.4

Communications segment EBITDA and EBITDA margin excluding Restructuring and workforce reduction costs improved for the third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002, primarily as a result of:

- Operational Efficiency Program savings of \$80 million and \$279 million, respectively;
- Non-ILEC EBITDA improved by \$17.3 million and \$62.9 million, respectively; and
- Partly offset by negative price cap decision impacts, decreasing long distance and other revenues, increased pension costs, and the investment tax credits received in 2002.

Normalized for price cap decision impacts, Communications segment EBITDA increased by \$21.3 million or 4.3% and \$110.2 million or 7.5%, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003 as compared to 2002.

TELUS Mobility segment EBITDA and EBITDA margin improvement for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003 was attributed to strong ARPU and subscriber growth combined with a significant reduction in the churn rate and cost containment.

TELUS Mobility EBITDA growth for the third quarter represented a flow-through rate of 96.6% of Network revenue growth. Consequently, EBITDA for the first nine months of 2003 grew 54.0% to \$625.4 million. When the \$21.0 million favourable PST clarification is excluded, EBITDA for the first nine months of 2003 increased by 62.4%. EBITDA margin, when calculated as a percentage of network revenue, improved to 42.5% for the third quarter and 39.2% for the first nine months of 2003 as compared to 33.4% and 29.8% (28.3% before the PST clarification), respectively, for the same periods one year earlier.

Depreciation and amortization

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>				
(\$ in millions)				
Depreciation	308.9	307.3	1.6	0.5
Amortization of intangible assets	98.3	93.5	4.8	5.1
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Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>				
(\$ in millions)				
Depreciation	949.5	898.5	51.0	5.7
Amortization of intangible assets	278.9	261.9	17.0	6.5

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by \$6.4 million and \$68.0 million, respectively, in the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002, primarily as a result of growth in shorter life capital assets, including billing system and customer relationship management software, data network capital assets.

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Restructuring and workforce reduction costs (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

Quarter ended September 30	2.3	313.3	(311.0)	(99.3)
Nine months ended September 30	12.1	328.9	(316.8)	(96.3)

Restructuring and workforce reduction costs were recorded for initiatives under the Company's Operational Efficiency Program. In 2001, the Company initiated the phased Operational Efficiency Program aimed at improving operating and capital productivity and competitiveness. The second and third phases commenced in 2002, with the third phase continuing into 2003. Thirty-nine customer contact centres have been closed and consolidated to date, and it is currently expected that the Company will achieve its target for closing or consolidating 44 customer contact centres by the end of 2003. It is estimated that additional restructuring charges of approximately \$7 million may be recorded in 2003. For further detail, refer to Note 4 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Net staff reductions since the beginning of 2002 through to September 30, 2003 were approximately 6,000. Since the inception of the Operational Efficiency Program in 2001 through September 30, 2003, the Company has reduced its staff count by approximately 6,800, comprised of 4,900 bargaining unit positions and 1,900 management positions. TELUS believes it will attain the 500 additional net employee reductions in 2003 required to meet the Operational Efficiency Program targeted reduction of 7,300 net positions since inception or 6,500 since the beginning of 2002.

EBITDA savings since inception of the Operational Efficiency Program have increased to approximately \$429 million by the end of the third quarter of 2003. The annual savings for 2003 are currently expected to be approximately \$450 million. Thereafter, annual recurring savings are currently estimated to be approximately \$550 million.

Other expense (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

Quarter ended September 30	7.6	7.7	(0.1)	(1.3)
Nine months ended September 30	19.8	18.4	1.4	7.6

Other expense includes accounts receivable securitization expense, charitable donations, income or impairments in portfolio investments, gains and losses on disposal of property, and 2002 discontinued operations. The Company recorded \$2.4 million lower losses on portfolio investments and asset sales for the third quarter of 2003 as compared with the same period in 2002, offset by later timing of charitable donations in 2003. For the first nine months of 2003, gains from the sale of properties were \$7.7 million compared with \$1.3 million for the same period in 2002. Accounts receivable securitization expense decreased by \$0.6 million and increased by \$5.4 million, respectively, for the third quarter and nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. The increase for the nine month period was as a result of expanding the securitization program in July 2002. Proceeds from securitization averaged \$471 million for the first nine months of 2003, compared with \$191 million in the same period last year.

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Financing costs (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	136.5	98.6	37.9	38.4
Nine months ended September 30	467.2	454.0	13.2	2.9

Financing costs include interest expense on long-term and short-term debt, gains on debt repurchase (in 2002), interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and amortization of debt issue costs. See note 5 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

- Financing costs in the third quarter of 2002, were net of an \$82.4 million pre-tax gain on debt redemption. The gain in 2002 arose from the repurchase of approximately \$402 million principal amount of notes and debentures of TELUS Corporation and TELUS Communications Inc. for a cash outlay of approximately \$310 million including commissions and net of cross currency swap unwind proceeds.
- Interest on long-term and short-term debt decreased by \$14.5 million and \$34.0 million, respectively, in the third quarter and nine month periods ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. This was primarily a result of debt repurchases and retirements. TELUS maintains a hedging program using cross-currency swaps, and as a result, financing costs were generally unaffected by the appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar in 2003.
- Interest income, which has the effect of reducing financing costs, increased by \$30.1 million and \$35.6 million, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. Interest income in 2003 and in 2002 was recognized primarily as a result of tax refunds received from the settlement of various tax matters.

The average debt principal outstanding was \$7,750 million in the third quarter of 2003 (\$8,899 million in the third quarter of 2002), while the effective interest rate on the average debt outstanding was 8.3% (7.9% in 2002). During the first nine months of 2003, the average debt principal outstanding was \$7,993 million (\$8,836 million during the first nine months of 2002), while the effective interest rate on the average debt outstanding was 8.2% (8.0% in 2002).

Income taxes (recovery) (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	84.0	(50.5)	134.5	-
Nine months ended September 30	133.0	(0.9)	133.9	-

The increase in Income taxes for the quarter and nine-month periods ended

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September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002, were primarily related to increases in income before taxes of \$358.2 million and \$505.9 million, respectively. In addition, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, TELUS, recorded a \$47.0 million income tax recovery for settlement of previous years' tax matters, which significantly impacted the year-to-date effective tax rate. See note 6 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Non-controlling interest (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

Quarter ended September 30	1.0	0.6	0.4	66.7
Nine months ended September 30	2.7	2.4	0.3	12.5

Non-controlling interest primarily represents a partner's interest in a small foreign subsidiary.

Preferred dividends (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

Quarter ended September 30	0.9	0.8	0.1	-
Nine months ended September 30	2.6	2.6	-	-

There were no significant changes to quarterly dividends on preferred shares.

Interest on convertible debentures (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

Quarter ended September 30	1.8	1.8	-	-
Nine months ended September 30	5.3	5.1	0.2	3.9

The interest on convertible debentures is presented net of related income taxes. As these debentures are convertible into non-voting shares and are classified as equity on the balance sheet, the related interest is recorded as a charge to retained earnings rather than an interest expense.

Liquidity and capital resources

Cash provided by operating activities (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%

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Quarter ended September 30	849.7	804.8	44.9	5.6
Nine months ended September 30	1,729.1	1,381.1	348.0	25.2

Cash provided by operating activities increased for the quarter and nine month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods last year principally as a result of improvement in operating profitability, lower cash interest from debt reduction, and recovery of income taxes in 2003 associated with settlement of tax matters. This was partially offset by reduced investment in accounts receivable in 2002 from expanding the accounts receivable securitization program. Payments under restructuring and workforce reduction initiatives in 2003 were \$32.1 million for the third quarter and \$233.6 million for nine-month period, compared with \$56.7 million and \$134.0 million, respectively, in the same periods in 2002. Contributions to defined benefit pension plans net of defined benefit plan expenses (credits) increased by \$6.9 million for the third quarter and decreased by \$17.6 million for the nine-month period. Other working capital changes included: (i) increased Accounts payable for the third quarter of 2003 and 2002 for accrual of interest to be paid in the fourth quarter, partly offset in 2002 by a drop in accounts payable due to Operational Efficiency Program initiatives and timing of payments to vendors; (ii) increased Advance billings and customer deposits primarily from the price cap deferral account.

During the third quarter the Company delivered notice that, effective October 27, 2003, it would make an accounts receivable securitization reduction payment of \$106 million. In October 2003, TELUS received a \$162 million refund of income taxes as a result of previously announced settlements with income tax authorities. Cash flow from operations in the fourth quarter of 2003 will include the tax refund and the securitization reduction payment.

Cash provided (used) by investing activities (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	(307.8)	(322.1)	14.3	4.4
Nine months ended September 30	(776.4)	(1,310.3)	533.9	40.7

Net cash used by investing activities decreased for the third quarter and nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the same periods last year, primarily as a result of reduced capital spending. In addition, the Company disposed of non-strategic properties and monetized an investment for net proceeds of \$19.0 million in the second quarter of 2003. In the first quarter of 2003, the Company disposed of an administrative property under the terms of a sale and leaseback transaction. An \$8.2 million pre-tax gain on the administrative property sale, on total cash proceeds of \$19.3 million, was deferred and is amortized over the term of the lease. In the third quarter of 2002, the Company disposed of its remaining directory operations in the U.S. for proceeds of \$7.8 million.

Capital expenditures by segment

Quarter ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%
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(\$ in millions)				
Communications segment	208.9	230.2	(21.3)	(9.3)
Mobility segment	93.7	92.5	1.2	1.3

Capital expenditures - general	302.6	322.7	(20.1)	(6.2)
Mobility segment - wireless spectrum	1.4	4.5	(3.1)	(68.9)

Total capital expenditures	304.0	327.2	(23.2)	(7.1)

Capital expenditure intensity(1) (%)	16.8	18.5	(1.7)	

Nine months ended September 30	2003	2002	Change	%

(\$ in millions)				
Communications segment	589.8	947.2	(357.4)	(37.7)
Mobility segment	226.1	330.0	(103.9)	(31.5)

Capital expenditures - general	815.9	1,277.2	(461.3)	(36.1)
Mobility segment - wireless spectrum	1.4	4.5	(3.1)	(68.9)

Total capital expenditures	817.3	1,281.7	(464.4)	(36.2)

Capital expenditure intensity(1) (%)	15.4	24.6	(9.2)	

Capital spending decreased in the Communications segment in the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared to the same periods in 2002. For the third quarter, Non-ILEC expenditures decreased by \$27.9 million to \$22.4 million, and for the first nine months Non-ILEC expenditures decreased by \$97.6 million to \$76.0 million. Non-ILEC capital expenditures decreased as a result of the Company concentrating its deployment activity on meeting growth demands through the use of assets in place. ILEC capital expenditures increased by \$6.6 million to \$186.5 million for the third quarter, and decreased by \$259.8 million to \$513.8 million for the first nine months, when compared with the same periods in 2002. The primary changes in ILEC capital expenditures were:

- High-speed Internet ("ADSL") facilities and systems expenditures increased by \$2.2 million to \$25.2 million for the third quarter and decreased by \$96.2 million, to \$66.4 million for the first nine months of 2003, when compared to the same periods in 2002. Lower spending on ADSL in 2003 was due to a focus on higher utilization of existing facilities, the completion of accelerated facility deployment and system in 2002, and slowing growth in the industry;
- There were no purchases from Verizon in 2003 for software licences and trademark licences compared with \$55.5 million in the first nine months of 2002; and
- Increased spending on new service development was partly offset by reductions in other spending in the third quarter of 2003. For the first nine months of 2003, spending on network infrastructure decreased due to lower demand for facilities and spending on internal systems and processes also decreased due to completion of initiatives in 2002, as planned, such as the national long distance and card service platform and internal web enablement projects, partly offset increased spending on new service development.

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The Communications segment capital intensity ratios for the quarter and nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 were 17.3% and 16.0%, respectively, when compared with 18.3% and 24.8%, respectively, for the same periods last year. As a result of reduced capital expenditures and improved EBITDA, the Communications segment contribution to Cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2003 increased to \$300.1 million and \$929.9 million, respectively, from \$268.1 million and \$520.0 million, respectively, in the same periods last year.

Mobility capital expenditures were relatively flat for the third quarter and significantly lower for the first nine months of 2003 as compared to the same periods in 2002. TELUS Mobility continued the enhancement of digital wireless coverage during the third quarter of 2003. Also, TELUS Mobility has started building out a significant amount of Microwave in 2003 aimed at reducing future leased line costs. Capital spending declined significantly year-over-year principally as a result of:

- Implementation of the 1X digital network in 2002;
- Digital conversion of analogue networks in 2002;
- Reduced coverage expansion costs in 2003 due to operationalized roaming/resale agreements in 2002 with Bell Mobility and Aliant Telecom Wireless; and
- Timing of network capital expenditures in 2003, lower planned net subscriber additions, improved infrastructure equipment costs, and a stronger Canadian dollar.

Capital expenditure intensity for TELUS Mobility was 15.2% and 13.2% for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, as compared to 18.0% and 22.6% for the same periods one year ago due to both lower capital spending and significant growth in network revenues. As a result of continued EBITDA growth and reduced capital expenditure intensity, Mobility generated substantially improved cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) of \$150.4 million and \$397.9 million, or 26.0% and 24.9% of Network revenue, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, respectively, as compared with \$67.8 million and \$71.7 million, or 13.7% and 5.3%, for the same periods in 2002, respectively.

Both segments have contributed to significantly improved consolidated cash flow (EBITDA less capital expenditures) to \$450.5 million and \$1,327.8 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, when compared with the \$335.9 million and \$591.7 million, respectively, in same periods in 2002.

Cash provided (used) by financing activities (\$ in millions)	2003	2002	Change	%
Quarter ended September 30	(456.2)	(479.0)	22.8	4.8
Nine months ended September 30	(841.4)	(93.2)	(748.2)	-

Cash used by financing activities decreased in the third quarter of 2003 and increased in the first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods one year ago.

- Common and Non-voting shares issued - Proceeds received from shares

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issued from Treasury under the employee share purchase plan and from share option plans were \$20.6 million and \$61.7 million respectively for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, compared with proceeds of \$16.6 million and \$73.9 million, respectively, in the same periods in 2002 under the same plans, from exercised warrants and from additional shares purchased by Verizon pursuant to anti-dilutive rights.

- Public issuance of Non-voting shares - \$nil in 2003; \$337.4 million in 2002. In September 2002, a public issuance of 34.25 million Non-voting shares was offered concurrently in Canada and the U.S. at a share price of \$9.85 (Canadian dollars) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$337.4 million. The net proceeds of \$322.9 million were used to repurchase and repay debt, including bank debt incurred to repurchase notes of TELUS Corporation and notes and debentures of TELUS Communications Inc. and for general corporate purposes. The debt was repurchased at an average discount of 21%, while equity dilution was limited to 10% from the September 2002 public share issuance.
- Dividends to shareholders - Cash dividends paid to shareholders decreased by \$1.6 million and increased by \$33.9 million, respectively, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003, when compared with the same periods in 2002. The increase in cash dividends for the nine month period resulted from an increased number of shares outstanding, partly offset by a higher enrolment in dividend reinvestment plans (approximately 24% for the dividend paid in July 2003, compared with approximately 10% one year earlier). The 15-cent dividend paid per Common share and Non-voting share remained unchanged from one year ago.
- Net debt redemptions (Long-term debt issued net of Redemptions and repayment of long-term debt and Change in short-term obligations) - were \$434.4 million and \$765.2 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, compared with net debt repurchases and redemptions of \$779.1 million and \$389.2 million, respectively, for the same periods in 2002. Net debt redemptions in the first nine months of 2003 included approximately \$585 million of bank facilities, \$151 million of medium-term notes, and \$30 million of First Mortgage Bonds. In the third quarter of 2002, the Company repurchased approximately \$402 million principal amount of notes and bank debt for a cash outlay of approximately \$310 million including commissions and net of cross-currency swap unwind proceeds.

Liquidity and capital resource measures

Period ended	Sept. 30, 2003	Sept. 30, 2002	Change	June 30, 2003
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Components of debt and coverage ratios

Net debt (1) (\$ millions)	7,522.3	8,332.3	(810.0)	8,038.7
Total capitalization(2)				
- book value (\$ millions)	14,169.5	14,942.6	(773.1)	14,593.6
EBITDA (12-month trailing, \$ millions)	2,790.3	2,471.7	318.6	2,698.9
Net interest cost(3) (12-month trailing, \$ millions)	617.6	716.8	(99.2)	662.1

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Debt ratios				

Fixed rate debt as a proportion of total indebtedness (%)	100.0	94.1	5.9	94.6
Average term to maturity of debt (years)	6.4	6.6	(0.2)	6.4
Net debt(1) to total capitalization(2) (%)	53.1	55.8	(2.7)	55.1
Net debt to EBITDA(4)	2.7	3.4	(0.7)	3.0
Coverage ratios				

Earnings coverage(5)	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.8
EBITDA interest coverage(6)	4.5	3.4	1.1	4.1
Other measures				

Free cash flow(7) (3-month, \$ millions)	417.1	239.9	177.2	69.0
Free cash flow(7) (12-month trailing, \$ millions)	757.4	(431.0)	1,188.4	579.6

The short-term obligation and long-term debt balance as at September 30, 2003 decreased by \$1,470 million to \$6,918 million from \$8,388 million as at December 31, 2002. This reduction in the debt balance included a \$707 million decrease in the Canadian dollar value of U.S. dollar denominated Notes as a result of an approximate 17% appreciation of the Canadian dollar between December 31, 2002 and September 30, 2003. TELUS' U.S. dollar debt is fully hedged, resulting in a corresponding increase of \$707 million being recorded in the net Deferred hedging liability (the Deferred hedging asset of \$126.8 million as at December 31, 2002 has become a Deferred hedging liability of \$580.8 million as at September 30, 2003). The remaining reduction was from debt repayment and repurchases. TELUS expects to continue applying surplus cash flow to reduce accounts receivable securitization and possible other repurchases of debt.

The proportion of debt with fixed interest rates increased as at September 30, 2003, when compared with September 30, 2002, as the amount of utilized bank facilities at September 30, 2003 decreased to \$70 million from approximately \$655 million since the beginning of the year. The remaining \$70 million bank facility amount was repaid on October 6, 2003.

The primary reasons for a reduction in the net debt to total capitalization ratio measured at September 30, 2003, when compared to a year ago, were the net debt repayments in 2003. The Company's Operational Efficiency Program, improved Non-ILEC margins, reduced capital expenditures, improved Mobility cash generation and tax refunds resulted in significant increased free cash flow allowing for additional debt reduction in 2003. Free cash flow for the third quarter and first nine months of 2003 exceeded cash payments for Restructuring and workforce reduction of \$32.1 million and \$233.6 million, respectively. The \$350.6 million increase in Free cash flow in the third quarter of 2003, when compared with the second quarter of 2003, was due primarily to lower cash interest payments (significant semi-annual interest payments are made in the second and fourth quarters), lower third quarter cash taxes and higher third quarter EBITDA.

The net debt to EBITDA ratio measured at September 30, 2003 improved significantly, when compared with September 30, 2002 and June 30, 2003, as a result of debt reduction and an increase in twelve-month trailing EBITDA. The EBITDA interest coverage ratio measured at September 30, 2003 improved, when

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compared with September 30, 2002 and June 30, 2003, as a result of higher twelve-month trailing EBITDA and lower twelve-month trailing net interest costs including significant interest income.

Credit Facilities

TELUS' credit facilities at September 30, 2003 consisted of a \$1.5 billion (or U.S. dollar equivalent) revolving credit facility expiring on May 30, 2004 (\$70 million drawn along with \$98.2 million in outstanding undrawn letters of credit), an undrawn \$600 million (or the U.S. dollar equivalent) 364 day-revolving credit facility extendible at TELUS' option for any amount outstanding as at May 26, 2004 for one year on a non-revolving basis, and approximately \$74 million in other bank facilities (nil drawn and approximately \$9.4 million in committed and outstanding undrawn letters of credit). On October 6, 2003, TELUS repaid the remaining \$70 million drawn against the \$1.5 billion facility.

At September 30, 2003, TELUS had unutilized available liquidity well in excess of \$1 billion. TELUS' credit facilities contain customary covenants including a requirement that TELUS not permit its consolidated Leverage Ratio (Funded Debt and Asset Securitization Amount to trailing 12-month EBITDA) to exceed 4.0:1 (approximately 2.7:1 as at September 30, 2003) and not permit its consolidated Coverage Ratio (EBITDA to Interest Expense and Asset Securitization Charges on a trailing 12-month basis) to be less than 2.5:1 (approximately 4.1:1 as at September 30, 2003) at the end of any financial quarter. There are certain minor differences in the calculation of the Leverage Ratio and Coverage Ratio under the credit agreement as compared with the calculation of Net debt to EBITDA and EBITDA interest coverage. The calculations are not expected to be materially different. Continued access to TELUS' credit facilities is not contingent on the maintenance by TELUS of a specific credit rating.

Accounts Receivable Sale

TELUS Communications Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of TELUS, is able to sell an interest in certain of its receivables up to a maximum of \$650 million and is required to maintain at least a BBB(low) credit rating by Dominion Bond Rating Service (DBRS), or the purchaser may require the sale program to be wound down. The necessary credit rating was exceeded by one level at BBB as of October 28, 2003. The proceeds of securitized receivables were \$481 million at September 30, 2003. The Company also delivered notice that, effective October 27, 2003, it would make a securitization reduction payment of \$106 million. See Note 9 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

TELUS' credit facilities require that a portion of sold accounts receivable be added to debt for purposes of calculating the Leverage Ratio covenant under the credit agreement. This portion is calculated on a monthly basis and is a function of the ongoing collection performance of the receivables pool. At September 30, 2003, this amount, defined as the Asset Securitization Amount, was \$125.5 million.

Credit Ratings

The following rating actions occurred during 2003:

- On September 12, 2003, Moody's Investor Service affirmed its Bal rating and changed its outlook for TELUS Corporation's senior unsecured credit to 'positive' from 'stable'. Earlier, on April 16, 2003, Moody's changed the outlook for TELUS Corporation's senior unsecured credit rating to 'stable' from 'negative';
- On August 8, 2003, Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("S&P") affirmed its 'BBB' long-term corporate credit rating for TELUS Corporation and revised its outlook to 'stable' from 'negative'. The revised outlook

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also applied to TELUS Communications Inc. and TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc. Earlier in the year, on May 29, 2003, S&P had affirmed its 'BBB' long-term corporate credit rating for TELUS Corporation, TELUS Communications Inc. and TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc., each with a 'negative' outlook. S&P withdrew its short-term corporate credit rating on TELUS due to the discontinuance of commercial paper programs. S&P also raised the issue rating on TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc.'s first mortgage bonds from BBB+ to A-.

- On June 17, 2003, Dominion Bond Rating Service ("DBRS") revised the trend from 'negative' to 'stable' for its ratings on TELUS Corporation, TELUS Communications Inc. and TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc. On May 1, 2003, DBRS discontinued its rating on commercial paper programs of TELUS Corporation, TELUS Communications Inc. and TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc. as TELUS had no issues outstanding; and
- On May 28, 2003, Fitch Ratings changed the outlook to 'stable' from 'negative' for its ratings on TELUS Corporation and TELUS Communications Inc.

TELUS has an objective to preserve access to capital markets at a reasonable cost by maintaining investment grade credit ratings.

Credit rating summary	DBRS(1)	S&P(1)	Moody's(2)	Fitch(1)

TELUS Corporation				
Senior bank debt	---	---	---	BBB
Notes	BBB	BBB	Ba1	BBB
TELUS Communications Inc.				
Debentures	BBB	BBB	---	BBB
Medium-term Notes	BBB	BBB	---	BBB
Preferred shares	Pfd-3	P-3(high)	---	---
TELUS Communications (Quebec) Inc.				
First mortgage bonds	BBB	A-	---	---
Medium-term Notes	BBB	BBB	---	---

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Liabilities

Financial Instruments

TELUS uses various financial instruments, the fair values of which are not reflected on the balance sheet, to reduce or eliminate exposure to interest rate and currency risks. These instruments are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying exposure being hedged.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates on its temporary investments, short-term obligations and long-term debt. On October 6, 2003, the Company terminated an interest rate swap that had the effect of fixing the interest rate on \$70 million of floating rate debt that was repaid.

The Company is exposed to currency risks arising from fluctuations in

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foreign exchange rates on its U.S. Dollar denominated long-term debt. Currency hedging relationships have been established for the related semi-annual interest payments and principal payments at maturity. The Company's foreign exchange risk management also includes the use of foreign currency forwards to fix the exchange rates on short-term foreign currency transactions and commitments. Hedge accounting is not generally applied to these foreign currency forwards. The Company entered into foreign currency forward contracts that have the effect of fixing the exchange rates on, as at September 30, 2003, U.S. \$38 million of fiscal 2003 purchase commitments; hedge accounting has been applied to these foreign currency forward contracts all of which relate to the Mobility segment.

The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its short-term deposits, accounts and leases receivable, interest rate swap agreements and foreign exchange hedges. Credit risk associated with short-term deposits is minimized substantially by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with governments, well-capitalized financial institutions and other creditworthy counterparties. An ongoing review is performed to evaluate changes in the status of counterparties.

The carrying value of cash and temporary investments, bank indebtedness, accounts receivable, leases receivable, accounts payable, restructuring and workforce reduction accounts payable, dividends payable and short-term obligations approximates their fair values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 16 of the interim consolidated financial statements)

The Company has a number of commitments and contingent liabilities. The Company has \$178.9 million in outstanding commitments for its Operational Efficiency Program as at September 30, 2003, and approximately \$7 million of additional Restructuring and workforce reduction expense may be recorded for items that were not eligible to be recorded prior to September 30, 2003. The Company occupies leased premises in various centres and has land, buildings and equipment under operating leases. The Company is currently engaged in contract negotiations through the federal conciliation process. In the normal course of the Company's operations, it enters into commercial agreements that require, as a part of normal terms, guarantees by the Company.

Revised Guidance for 2003

The Company publicly set certain estimated financial and operational targets for 2003 in December 2002. Each quarter, management reviews the targets and updates the guidance, if deemed necessary. The third quarter revised guidance for 2003 is shown:

	Third quarter revised 2003 guidance	Second quarter revised 2003 guidance	2003 original targets
Consolidated			
Revenues	no change	\$7.1 to \$7.2 billion	\$7.2 to \$7.3 billion
EBITDA(1)	\$2.8 to \$2.85 billion	\$2.75 to \$2.85 billion	\$2.7 to \$2.8 billion

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Earnings (loss) per share	85 to 95 cents	80 to 90 cents	35 to 55 cents
Capital expenditures	\$1.2 to \$1.25 billion	\$1.2 to \$1.3 billion	Approx. \$1.5 billion
Free cash flow	\$900 million to \$1 billion	\$800 million to \$1 billion	\$300 to \$600 million(2)
Net debt to EBITDA	2.7 times or less	2.8 times or less	3.0 times
Communications segment			
Revenue (external)	\$4.8 to \$4.85 billion	\$4.85 to \$4.9 billion	\$5.0 to \$5.05 billion
Non-ILEC revenue	no change	no change	\$575 million
EBITDA(1)	\$2.025 to \$2.05 billion	\$2.0 to \$2.075 billion	\$2.075 to \$2.15 billion
Non-ILEC EBITDA	no change	Approx. \$(30) million	Approx. \$(60) million
Capital expenditures	\$850 to \$875 million	\$850 to \$900 million	Approx. \$1.05 billion
High-speed Internet subscriber net adds	Approx. 150,000	Approx. 125,000	150,000 to 175,000
Mobility segment			
Revenue (external)	\$2.3 to \$2.35 billion	\$2.25 to \$2.3 billion	\$2.2 to \$2.25 billion
EBITDA(1)	\$775 to \$800 million	\$750 to \$775 million	\$625 to \$650 million
Capital expenditures	\$350 to \$375 million	\$350 to \$400 million	Approx. \$450 million
Wireless subscriber net additions	Approx. 400,000	350,000 to 375,000	400,000 to 450,000

4. Risks and Uncertainties

A comprehensive discussion of the risks and uncertainties can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis in TELUS' Annual Information Form, TELUS' 2002 Annual Report, and filings on www.sedar.com and on Edgar at www.sec.gov.

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consolidated statements of income

Periods ended September 30 (unaudited) (millions)	Three months		Nine months	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 1,806.2	\$ 1,766.3	\$ 5,320.4	\$ 5,212.3
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations	1,051.7	1,103.2	3,175.3	3,338.9
Depreciation	308.9	307.3	949.5	898.5
Amortization of intangible assets	98.3	93.5	278.9	261.9
Restructuring and workforce reduction costs	2.3	313.3	12.1	328.9
	1,461.2	1,817.3	4,415.8	4,828.2
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	345.0	(51.0)	904.6	384.1
Other expense	7.6	7.7	19.8	18.4
Financing costs	136.5	98.6	467.2	454.0
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	200.9	(157.3)	417.6	(88.3)
Income taxes (recovery)	84.0	(50.5)	133.0	(0.9)
Non-controlling interest	1.0	0.6	2.7	2.4
NET INCOME (LOSS)	115.9	(107.4)	281.9	(89.8)
Preference and preferred share dividends	0.9	0.8	2.6	2.6
Interest on convertible debentures, net of income taxes	1.8	1.8	5.3	5.1
COMMON SHARE AND NON-VOTING SHARE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 113.2	\$ (110.0)	\$ 274.0	\$ (97.5)
INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE AND NON-VOTING SHARE (\$)				
- Basic	0.32	(0.35)	0.79	(0.32)
- Diluted	0.32	(0.35)	0.78	(0.32)
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON SHARE AND NON-VOTING SHARE (\$)	0.15	0.15	0.45	0.45
TOTAL WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES AND NON-VOTING SHARES OUTSTANDING (millions)				
- Basic	350.1	315.3	348.5	308.7
- Diluted	353.2	315.3	350.8	308.7

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consolidated balance sheets

(unaudited) (millions)	As at September 30, 2003	As at December 31, 2002
<hr/>		
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and temporary investments, net	\$ 102.3	\$ -
Accounts receivable	504.5	640.4
Income and other taxes receivable	342.1	134.0
Inventories	77.8	96.5
Prepaid expenses and other	160.2	163.5
Current portion of future income taxes	219.4	138.8
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,406.3	1,173.2
<hr/>		
Capital Assets, Net		
Property, plant, equipment and other	7,763.0	8,025.9
Intangible assets subject to amortization	819.1	998.5
Intangible assets with indefinite lives	2,954.5	2,950.1
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	11,536.6	11,974.5
<hr/>		
Other Assets		
Deferred charges	615.0	729.1
Future income taxes	736.5	1,170.3
Investments	40.5	48.1
Goodwill	3,125.0	3,124.6
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,517.0	5,072.1
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 17,459.9	\$ 18,219.8
<hr/>		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Cash and temporary investments, net	\$ -	\$ 9.0
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,266.4	1,198.8
Restructuring and workforce reduction accounts payable and accrued liabilities	178.9	400.4
Dividends payable	53.3	52.2
Advance billings and customer deposits	390.8	330.3
Current maturities of long-term debt	285.8	190.3
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,175.2	2,181.0
<hr/>		
Long-Term Debt	6,632.5	8,197.4
<hr/>		
Other Long-Term Liabilities	1,018.7	405.3
<hr/>		
Future Income Taxes	986.3	992.3
<hr/>		
Non-Controlling Interest	10.5	11.2
<hr/>		
Shareholders' Equity		
Convertible debentures	151.8	148.5
Preference and preferred shares	69.7	69.7
Common equity	6,415.2	6,214.4

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	6,636.7	6,432.6
	\$ 17,459.9	\$ 18,219.8

consolidated statements of cash flows

Periods ended September 30 (unaudited) (millions)	Three months		Nine months	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss)	\$ 115.9	\$ (107.4)	\$ 281.9	\$ (89.8)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	407.2	400.8	1,228.4	1,160.4
Future income taxes	95.7	(57.1)	351.0	(37.8)
Gain on redemption of long-term debt	-	(82.4)	-	(82.4)
Net employee defined benefit plans expense (credits)	13.2	(2.1)	39.5	(11.8)
Employer contributions to employee defined benefit plans	(33.9)	(11.7)	(69.9)	(36.2)
Other, net	2.3	(15.6)	36.7	(13.3)
Restructuring and workforce reduction costs, net of cash payments	(29.8)	256.6	(221.5)	194.9
Net change in non-cash working capital	279.1	423.7	83.0	297.1
Cash provided by operating activities	849.7	804.8	1,729.1	1,381.1
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Capital expenditures	(304.0)	(327.2)	(817.3)	(1,281.7)
Proceeds from the sale of property and other assets	1.3	7.8	39.6	7.8
Other	(5.1)	(2.7)	1.3	(36.4)
Cash used by investing activities	(307.8)	(322.1)	(776.4)	(1,310.3)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Common Shares and Non-Voting Shares issued	20.6	16.6	61.7	73.9
Public issuance of Non-Voting Shares	-	337.4	-	337.4

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Cost of public issuance of Non-Voting Shares	-	(14.5)	-	(14.5)
Dividends to shareholders	(41.6)	(43.2)	(130.2)	(96.3)
Long-term debt issued	56.0	-	365.4	584.0
Redemptions and repayment of long-term debt	(490.4)	(779.1)	(1,130.6)	(892.7)
Change in short-term obligations (commercial paper and bank borrowings)	-	-	-	(80.5)
Interest on convertible debentures	-	-	(5.1)	(5.1)
Other	(0.8)	3.8	(2.6)	0.6

Cash used by financing activities	(456.2)	(479.0)	(841.4)	(93.2)

CASH POSITION				
Increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments, net	85.7	3.7	111.3	(22.4)
Cash and temporary investments, net, beginning of period	16.6	(9.0)	(9.0)	17.1

Cash and temporary investments, net, end of period	\$ 102.3	\$ (5.3)	\$ 102.3	\$ (5.3)

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Interest paid	\$ 27.7	\$ 48.6	\$ 362.5	\$ 392.9

Income taxes (inclusive of Investment Tax Credits (received) paid	\$ (38.4)	\$ 4.2	\$ (35.1)	\$ 24.0

TELUS Corporation
Segmented information

Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	Communications		Mobility	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
External revenue	\$ 1,186.3	\$ 1,233.8	\$ 619.9	\$ 532.5
Inter-segment revenue	24.6	24.5	4.0	4.9
Total operating revenue	1,210.9	1,258.3	623.9	537.4
Operations expenses	701.9	760.0	378.4	372.6
EBITDA (a)	\$ 509.0	\$ 498.3	\$ 245.5	\$ 164.8
CAPEX (b)	\$ 208.9	\$ 230.2	\$ 95.1	\$ 97.0

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EBITDA less CAPEX	\$ 300.1	\$ 268.1	\$ 150.4	\$ 67.8
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Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	Eliminations		Consolidated	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
External revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,806.2	\$ 1,766.3
Inter-segment revenue	(28.6)	(29.4)	-	-
Total operating revenue	(28.6)	(29.4)	1,806.2	1,766.3
Operations expenses	(28.6)	(29.4)	1,051.7	1,103.2
EBITDA (a)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 754.5	\$ 663.1
CAPEX (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 304.0	\$ 327.2
EBITDA less CAPEX	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 450.5	\$ 335.9

Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	Communications		Mobility	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
External revenue	\$ 3,604.0	\$ 3,745.1	\$ 1,716.4	\$ 1,467.2
Inter-segment revenue	71.4	72.5	11.6	13.2
Total operating revenue	3,675.4	3,817.6	1,728.0	1,480.4
Operations expenses	2,155.7	2,350.4	1,102.6	1,074.2
EBITDA (a)	\$ 1,519.7	\$ 1,467.2	\$ 625.4	\$ 406.2
CAPEX (b)	\$ 589.8	\$ 947.2	\$ 227.5	\$ 334.5
EBITDA less CAPEX	\$ 929.9	\$ 520.0	\$ 397.9	\$ 71.7

Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	Eliminations		Consolidated	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
External revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,320.4	\$ 5,212.3
Inter-segment revenue	(83.0)	(85.7)	-	-
Total operating revenue	(83.0)	(85.7)	5,320.4	5,212.3
Operations expenses	(83.0)	(85.7)	3,175.3	3,338.9
EBITDA (a)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,145.1	\$ 1,873.4

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CAPEX (b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	817.3	\$	1,281.7

EBITDA less CAPEX	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,327.8	\$	591.7

For further information:

Media Relations:

Nick Culo, (780) 493-7236, nick.culo(at)telus.com;

Shafiq Jamal, (604) 488-1100; Investor Relations:

John Wheeler, (780) 493-7310, ir(at)telus.com;

Robert Mitchell, (416) 279-3219

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: October 31, 2003

TELUS Corporation

___ "James W. Peters"___

Name: James W. Peters

Title: Corporate Secretary