VAIL RESORTS INC Form 10-Q June 06, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2013

... TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 001-09614

Vail Resorts, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 51-0291762
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

390 Interlocken Crescent Broomfield, Colorado

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(303) 404-1800

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer .

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). " Yes ý No

As of June 3, 2013, 35,913,960 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements — Unaudited

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Vail Resorts, Inc.
Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	April 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012 (Unaudited)
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$237,735	\$46,053	\$147,110
Restricted cash	11,991	14,284	13,666
Trade receivables, net	73,733	65,743	65,133
Inventories, net	61,201	65,873	56,237
Other current assets	50,478	40,417	55,671
Total current assets	435,138	232,370	337,817
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note 6)	1,039,907	1,049,207	1,056,243
Real estate held for sale and investment	201,861	237,668	248,262
Goodwill, net	271,855	269,769	269,678
Intangible assets, net	92,039	92,070	93,715
Other assets	38,869	46,530	44,024
Total assets	\$2,079,669	\$1,927,614	\$2,049,739
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	\$246,352	\$227,538	\$224,047
Income taxes payable	13,173	20,721	19,005
Long-term debt due within one year (Note 4)	518	990	1,119
Total current liabilities	260,043	249,249	244,171
Long-term debt (Note 4)	489,240	489,775	489,757
Other long-term liabilities (Note 6)	226,145	232,869	233,923
Deferred income taxes	201,511	139,393	185,160
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		·	•
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized,			
no shares issued and outstanding	_	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized,			
40,861,919 (unaudited), 40,531,204 and 40,516,476 (unaudited)		405	405
shares issued, respectively			
Additional paid-in capital	596,167	586,691	583,818
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(4)	(255)	61
Retained earnings	485,368	408,662	469,148
Treasury stock, at cost; 4,949,111 (unaudited), 4,949,111 and	•		
4,468,181 (unaudited) shares, respectively (Note 11)	(193,192)	(193,192)	(170,696)
Total Vail Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity	888,748	802,311	882,736
Noncontrolling interests	13,982	14,017	13,992
Total stockholders' equity (Note 2)	902,730	816,328	896,728
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,079,669	\$1,927,614	\$2,049,739
The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidate			+ - , · · · , , · · ·
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Vail Resorts, Inc.
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended April 30,		Nine Months Ended April 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net revenue:				
Mountain	\$402,017	\$354,586	\$815,670	\$720,194
Lodging	53,834	53,972	152,885	155,872
Real estate	13,840	12,587	39,937	34,784
Total net revenue	469,691	421,145	1,008,492	910,850
Segment operating expense (exclusive of depreciation and				
amortization shown separately below):				
Mountain	207,953	184,211	536,498	478,256
Lodging	45,446	47,103	142,055	149,497
Real estate	16,996	16,069	49,349	46,479
Total segment operating expense	270,395	247,383	727,902	674,232
Other operating expense:				
Depreciation and amortization	(33,730	(33,266)	(98,827)	(95,245)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net	(224	(90)	(757)	(1,123)
Income from operations	165,342	140,406	181,006	140,250
Mountain equity investment income, net	266	336	799	944
Investment income (loss), net	153	(18)	306	356
Interest expense, net	(8,359	(8,443)	(25,268)	(25,226)
Income before provision for income taxes	157,402	132,281	156,843	116,324
Provision for income taxes	(59,814	(52,753)	(59,329)	(46,108)
Net income	97,588	79,528	97,514	70,216
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	52	41	97	34
Net income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,640	\$79,569	\$97,611	\$70,250
Per share amounts (Note 3):				
Basic net income per share attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$2.72	\$2.21	\$2.72	\$1.95
Diluted net income per share attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$2.66	\$2.17	\$2.66	\$1.92
Cash dividends declared per share	\$0.2075	\$0.1875	\$0.5825	\$0.4875
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The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Vail Resorts, Inc. Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mont	hs Ended
	April 30,		April 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income	\$97,588	\$79,528	\$97,514	\$70,216
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(202) 61	251	61
Comprehensive income	97,386	79,589	97,765	70,277
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	52	41	97	34
Comprehensive income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,438	\$79,630	\$97,862	\$70,311

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Vail Resorts, Inc. Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

Cash flows from operating activities: Net income \$97,514 \$70,216 \$		Nine Months Ended April 30,		
Net income \$97,514 \$70,216 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$827 \$95,245 Depreciation and amortization 98,827 95,245 Cost of real estate sales 30,282 25,357 Stock-based compensation expense 9,544 9,349 Deferred income taxes, net (5,697 (4,548) Other non-cash income, net (5,697 (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities: \$822 (1,109) Restricted cash 2,292 (1,109) Trade receivables, net (7,354 (1,890) Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Investments in real estate (1,662 (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities (65,461) (107,999)		2013	2012	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 98,827 95,245 Cost of real estate sales 30,282 25,357 Stock-based compensation expense 9,544 9,349 Deferred income taxes, net 59,329 46,108 Other non-cash income, net (5,697) (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities: Restricted cash (7,354) (1,890) Irvact receivables, net Inventories, net (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (1,662 Cash flows from investing activities Capital expenditures Capital expenditures (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Eginning of period 46,053 70,143	Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cost of real estate sales Sp. 245 Sp. 24	Net income	\$97,514	\$70,216	
Depreciation and amortization 98,827 95,245 Cost of real estate sales 30,282 25,357 Stock-based compensation expense 9,544 9,349 Deferred income taxes, net 59,329 46,108 Other non-cash income, net (5,697) (4,548) Other non-cash income, net (5,697) (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities: Restricted cash 2,292 (1,109) Trade receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net (1,662) (2,005) Inventories, net (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (1,662) (2,005) Actounts payable and accrued liabilities (1,9905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities (9,905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities (291,345) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (234,045) (24	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating			
Cost of real estate sales 30,282 25,357 Stock-based compensation expense 9,544 9,349 Deferred income taxes, net 59,329 46,108 Other non-cash income, net (5,697) (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities;	activities:			
Stock-based compensation expense 9,544 9,349 Deferred income taxes, net 59,329 46,108 Other non-cash income, net (5,697 (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities: Trace receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Trade receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Inventories, net (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905) 5,412) Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net (86,96) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net (86,958) (132,422) Cash flows from f	Depreciation and amortization	98,827	95,245	
Deferred income taxes, net	Cost of real estate sales	30,282	25,357	
Other non-cash income, net (5,697) (4,548) Changes in assets and liabilities:	Stock-based compensation expense	9,544	9,349	
Changes in assets and liabilities: 2,292 (1,109) Trade receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Investments in real estate (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities (96,989) (57,002) Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) <t< td=""><td>Deferred income taxes, net</td><td>59,329</td><td>46,108</td><td></td></t<>	Deferred income taxes, net	59,329	46,108	
Restricted cash 2,292 (1,109) Trade receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Investments in real estate (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: 291,345 234,045 234,045 Capital expenditures (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: 2 1 1 4) Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 56,000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Other non-cash income, net	(5,697) (4,548)
Trade receivables, net (7,354) (1,890) Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Investments in real estate (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities (84,558) (132,422) Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net (5,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities<	Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Inventories, net 5,944 (1,494) Investments in real estate (1,662) (2,005) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,231 (6,596) Other assets and liabilities, net (9,905) 5,412 Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net (6,778 1,778) Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Restricted cash	2,292	(1,109)
Investments in real estate	Trade receivables, net	(7,354) (1,890	
Investments in real estate	Inventories, net	5,944	(1,494)
Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Acquisition of businesses Other investing activities, net Net cash used in investing activities Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Payments of common stock Dividends paid Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of common stock Dividends paid Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Beginning of period Other financing activities Postate (9,905	Investments in real estate	(1,662) (2,005	
Net cash provided by operating activities 291,345 234,045 Cash flows from investing activities: (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: Froceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: 191,682 76,967 Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,231	(6,596)
Cash flows from investing activities: (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt 96,000 56,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: 191,682 76,967 Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Other assets and liabilities, net	(9,905) 5,412	
Capital expenditures (65,461) (107,999) Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: *** Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: 191,682 76,967 Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Net cash provided by operating activities	291,345	234,045	
Acquisition of businesses Other investing activities, net Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Repurchases of common stock Dividends paid Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Beginning of period (19,958 (19,958 (19,479 (944 (944 (944 (9452 (95,000 (96,989 (96,98	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of businesses (19,958) (23,479) Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Capital expenditures	(65,461) (107,999)
Other investing activities, net 861 (944) Net cash used in investing activities (84,558) (132,422) Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt 96,000 56,000 Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Acquisition of businesses	(19,958) (23,479	
Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Repurchases of common stock Dividends paid Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period (284,558) (132,422) (132,422) (26,000 56,000 (7,869) (57,002) (7,869) (17,559) (17,559) (17,559) (15,116) (24,652) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116) (25,116	Other investing activities, net	861	(944	
Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt Payments of long-term debt Repurchases of common stock Dividends paid Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 96,000 56,000 (96,989) (57,002) (17,869) (17,559) (17,559) (15,116) (24,652) 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period	Net cash used in investing activities	(84,558) (132,422)
Payments of long-term debt (96,989) (57,002) Repurchases of common stock — (7,869) Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repurchases of common stock Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt	96,000	56,000	
Dividends paid (20,905) (17,559) Other financing activities, net 6,778 1,778 Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Payments of long-term debt	(96,989) (57,002)
Other financing activities, net Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 6,778 1,778 (15,116) (24,652) 11 (4) 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Repurchases of common stock	_	(7,869)
Net cash used in financing activities (15,116) (24,652) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Dividends paid	(20,905) (17,559)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 11 (4) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 191,682 76,967 Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Other financing activities, net	6,778	1,778	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 191,682 76,967 46,053 70,143	Net cash used in financing activities	(15,116) (24,652)
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	11	(4)
Beginning of period 46,053 70,143	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	191,682	76,967	
	Cash and cash equivalents:			
End of period \$237,735 \$147,110	• • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
	End of period	\$237,735	\$147,110	

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Vail Resorts, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Organization and Business

Vail Resorts, Inc. ("Vail Resorts" or the "Parent Company") is organized as a holding company and operates through various subsidiaries. Vail Resorts and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") currently operate in three business segments: Mountain, Lodging and Real Estate. In the Mountain segment, the Company operates the seven world-class ski resort properties of Vail, Breckenridge, Keystone and Beaver Creek mountain resorts in Colorado, and Heavenly, Northstar and Kirkwood mountain resorts in the Lake Tahoe area of California and Nevada; the ski areas of Afton Alps in Minnesota and Mount Brighton in Michigan ("Urban Ski Areas"); as well as ancillary services, primarily including ski school, dining and retail/rental operations. The resorts (with the exception of Northstar and the Urban Ski Areas) operate primarily on Federal land under the terms of Special Use Permits granted by the USDA Forest Service (the "Forest Service"). In the Lodging segment, the Company owns and/or manages a collection of luxury hotels under its RockResorts brand, as well as other strategic lodging properties and a large number of condominiums located in proximity to the Company's ski resorts; National Park Service ("NPS") concessionaire properties including the Grand Teton Lodge Company ("GTLC"), which operates destination resorts in the Grand Teton National Park; Colorado Mountain Express ("CME"), a Colorado resort ground transportation company; and mountain resort golf courses. Vail Resorts Development Company ("VRDC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, conducts the operations of the Company's Real Estate segment, which owns and develops real estate in and around the Company's resort communities. The Company's mountain business and its lodging properties at or around the Company's ski resorts are seasonal in nature with peak operating seasons from mid-November through mid-April. The Company's operations at its NPS concessionaire properties and its golf courses generally operate from mid-May through mid-October. The Company also has non-majority owned investments in various other entities, some of which are consolidated (see Note 7, Variable Interest Entities).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements—In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements reflect all adjustments necessary to state fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Results for interim periods are not indicative of the results for the entire fiscal year. The accompanying Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2012. Certain information and footnote disclosures, including significant accounting policies, normally included in fiscal year financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. The Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as of July 31, 2012 was derived from audited financial statements.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income — Effective August 1, 2012, the Company adopted Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2011-05 - "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income" which amends existing guidance by allowing two options for presenting the components of net income and other comprehensive income: (1) in a single continuous financial statement, a statement of comprehensive income or (2) in two separate but consecutive financial statements, an income statement followed by a separate statement of other comprehensive income. The Company also adopted ASU No. 2011-12—"Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in ASU No. 2011-05" which defers until further notice ASU No. 2011-05's requirement that items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income be presented on the face of the financial statements (see

below). ASU No. 2011-05 required retrospective application. The adoption of these standards only amended presentation and disclosure requirements concerning comprehensive income; therefore, the adoption of these standards did not affect the Company's financial position or results of operations. The Company elected to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income (i.e. statements of operations), and the components of other comprehensive income for both the three and nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, in two separate but consecutive statements.

New Accounting Standards -- In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income", to improve the transparency of reporting these reclassifications. The amendments in this ASU supersede and replace the presentation requirements for reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income in ASU No. 2011-05 (issued in June 2011) and ASU No.

2011-12 (issued in December 2011). This amendment does not change the current requirements for reporting net income or other comprehensive income in financial statements, but the standard requires that companies present either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements, the effect of significant amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income based on its source and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. If a component is not required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety, companies would instead cross reference to the related footnote for additional information. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012 (the Company's 2014 first fiscal quarter). The Company does not currently have any components of other comprehensive income that require reclassification to net income, as such, the adoption of this standard is not expected to have an impact on the presentation of the Company's financial statements.

Use of Estimates— The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements— Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests along with net income attributable to the stockholders of the Company are reported separately in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations. Additionally, noncontrolling interests in the consolidated subsidiaries of the Company are reported as a separate component of equity in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet, apart from the Company's equity. The following table summarizes the changes in total stockholders' equity (in thousands):

	For the Nine Months Ended April 30,						
	2013			2012			
	Vail Resorts Stockholders Equity	, Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders Equity	Vail Resorts Stockholders Equity	, Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholde Equity	ers'
Balance, beginning of period	\$802,311	\$ 14,017	\$ 816,328	\$829,723	\$ 13,996	\$ 843,719	
Net income (loss)	97,611	(97)	97,514	70,250	(34)	70,216	
Stock-based compensation expense	9,544	_	9,544	9,349	_	9,349	
Issuance of shares under share							
award plans, net of shares	(3,832)	_	(3,832)	(2,661)	_	(2,661)
withheld for taxes							
Tax benefit from share award plans	3,768	_	3,768	1,442	_	1,442	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(20,905)	_	(20,905)	(17,559)	_	(17,559)
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(7,869)	_	(7,869)
Contributions from							
noncontrolling interests, net		62	62		30	30	
Foreign currency translation							
adjustments, net of tax	251	_	251	61	_	61	
Balance, end of period	\$888,748	\$ 13,982	\$ 902,730	\$882,736	\$ 13,992	\$ 896,728	
Edianice, end of period	4000,710	Ψ 12,70 <u>2</u>	4,02,750	Ψ 00 2 ,730	Ψ 12,77 <u>2</u>	Ψ 0.7 0, 1 <u>2</u> 0	

Fair Value Instruments— The recorded amounts for cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other current assets, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. The fair value of amounts outstanding under the Employee Housing Bonds (Note 4, Long-Term Debt) approximate book value due to the variable nature of the interest rate associated with that debt. The fair value of the 6.50% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2019 ("6.50% Notes") (Note 4, Long-Term Debt) are based on quoted market prices (a Level 1 input). The fair value of the Company's Industrial Development Bonds (Note 4, Long-Term Debt) and other long-term debt have

been estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current borrowing rates for debt with similar remaining maturities and ratings (a Level 3 input). The estimated fair values of the 6.50% Notes, Industrial Development Bonds and other long-term debt as of April 30, 2013 are presented below (in thousands):

	April 30, 2013		
	Carrying Fair		
	Value	Value	
6.50% Notes	\$390,000	\$420,713	
Industrial Development Bonds	\$41,200	\$48,644	
Other long-term debt	\$5.983	\$6.696	

3. Net Income Per Common Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income attributable to Vail Resorts stockholders by the weighted-average shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised, resulting in the issuance of shares of common stock that would then share in the earnings of Vail Resorts. Presented below is basic and diluted EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended April 30,			
	2013		2012	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
Net income per share:				
Net income attributable to Vail Resorts	\$97,640	\$97,640	\$79,569	\$79,569
Weighted-average shares outstanding	35,911	35,911	36,032	36,032
Effect of dilutive securities		863	_	672
Total shares	35,911	36,774	36,032	36,704
Net income per share attributable to Vail Resorts	\$2.72	\$2.66	\$2.21	\$2.17

The Company computes the effect of dilutive securities using the treasury stock method and average market prices during the period. The number of shares issuable on the exercise of share based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because the effect of their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive totaled 25,000 and 42,000 for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Presented below is basic and diluted EPS for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

Nine Months Ended April 30,			
2013		2012	
Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
\$97,611	\$97,611	\$70,250	\$70,250
35,835	35,835	36,034	36,034
	846	_	630
35,835	36,681	36,034	36,664
\$2.72	\$2.66	\$1.95	\$1.92
	2013 Basic \$97,611 35,835 — 35,835	2013 Basic Diluted \$97,611 \$97,611 35,835 35,835 — 846 35,835 36,681	2013 Basic Diluted Basic \$97,611 \$97,611 \$70,250 35,835 35,835 36,034 846 35,835 36,034 35,835 36,681 36,034

The Company computes the effect of dilutive securities using the treasury stock method and average market prices during the period. The number of shares issuable on the exercise of share based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because the effect of their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive totaled 10,000 and 24,000 for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

On June 7, 2011 the Company's Board of Directors approved the commencement of a regular quarterly cash dividend on the Company's common stock at an annual rate of \$0.60 per share, subject to quarterly declaration. On March 5, 2012 the Company's Board of Directors approved a 25% increase to the annual cash dividend to an annual rate

of \$0.75 per share, subject to quarterly declaration. On March 4, 2013 the Company's Board of Directors approved an approximate 10% increase to its annual cash dividend to an annual rate of \$0.83 per share, subject to quarterly declaration. During the three and nine months ended April 30, 2013, the Company paid cash dividends of \$0.2075 and \$0.5825 per share, respectively (\$7.5 million

and \$20.9 million, respectively, in the aggregate). During the three and nine months ended April 30, 2012, the Company paid cash dividends of \$0.1875 and \$0.4875 per share, respectively (\$6.8 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, in the aggregate). On June 5, 2013 the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.2075 per share payable on July 9, 2013 to stockholders of record as of June 24, 2013.

4. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of April 30, 2013, July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012 is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Maturity (a)	April 30, 2013	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Credit Facility Revolver	2016	\$—	\$ —	\$ —
Industrial Development Bonds	2020	41,200	41,200	41,200
Employee Housing Bonds	2027-2039	52,575	52,575	52,575
6.50% Notes	2019	390,000	390,000	390,000
Other	2013-2029	5,983	6,990	7,101
Total debt		489,758	490,765	490,876
Less: Current maturities (b)		518	990	1,119
Long-term debt		\$489,240	\$489,775	\$489,757

- (a) Maturities are based on the Company's July 31 fiscal year end.
- (b) Current maturities represent principal payments due in the next 12 months.

Aggregate maturities for debt outstanding as of April 30, 2013 reflected by fiscal year are as follows (in thousands):

2013	\$9
2014	509
2015	533
2016	244
2017	257
Thereafter	488,206
Total debt	\$489,758

The Company incurred gross interest expense of \$8.4 million for both the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, of which \$0.5 million was amortization of deferred financing costs. The Company had no capitalized interest during the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012. The Company incurred gross interest expense of \$25.3 million and \$25.4 million for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, of which \$1.5 million was amortization of deferred financing costs in both years. The Company had no capitalized interest during the nine months ended April 30, 2013. The Company capitalized \$0.1 million of interest during the nine months ended April 30, 2012.

5. Acquisitions

Skiinfo

On February 1, 2012, the Company acquired the capital stock of Skiinfo, AS, a Norwegian company which owns and operates several European websites focused on the ski and snowboarding industry, for total cash consideration of \$5.7 million, net of cash assumed. The purchase price was allocated to identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The Company completed its purchase price allocation and recorded \$2.4 million in property, plant and equipment, \$2.7 million in other assets, \$1.8

million in goodwill, \$0.7 million in indefinite-lived intangible assets, \$0.5 million in other intangible assets (with a weighted-average amortization period of 6.7 years), and \$2.6 million of assumed liabilities on the date of acquisition. The operating results of Skiinfo are reported within the Mountain segment.

Kirkwood Mountain Resort

On April 12, 2012, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Kirkwood Mountain Resort ("Kirkwood"), a mountain resort located in Lake Tahoe, California, for total cash consideration of approximately \$18.2 million, net of cash assumed, subject to certain working capital adjustments as provided for in the purchase agreement. The purchase price was allocated to identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The Company completed its purchase price allocation and recorded \$16.8 million in property, plant and equipment, \$2.5 million in other assets, \$0.8 million in indefinite-lived intangible assets, \$1.2 million in other intangible assets (with a weighted-average amortization period of 21.5 years), and \$3.1 million of assumed liabilities on the date of acquisition. The operating results of Kirkwood are reported within the Mountain segment.

Urban Ski Areas

In December 2012, the Company acquired all of the assets of two ski areas in the Midwest, Afton Alps in Minnesota and Mount Brighton in Michigan, for total cash consideration of \$20.0 million, net of cash assumed. The purchase price was allocated to identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The Company has completed its preliminary purchase price allocation and has recorded \$17.8 million in property, plant and equipment, \$1.0 million in other assets, \$2.0 million in goodwill, \$1.0 million in other intangible assets (with a weighted-average amortization period of 10 years), and \$1.8 million of assumed liabilities on the date of acquisition. The operating results of Afton Alps and Mount Brighton are reported within the Mountain segment.

6. Supplementary Balance Sheet Information

The composition of property, plant and equipment follows (in thousands):

	April 30, 2013	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Land and land improvements	\$295,559	\$281,729	\$282,038
Buildings and building improvements	852,483	838,780	835,291
Machinery and equipment	599,199	563,309	566,466
Furniture and fixtures	254,671	243,587	240,367
Software	91,987	81,659	80,591
Vehicles	48,592	44,798	44,536
Construction in progress	27,273	36,979	26,341
Gross property, plant and equipment	2,169,764	2,090,841	2,075,630
Accumulated depreciation	(1,129,857)	(1,041,634)	(1,019,387)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$1,039,907	\$1,049,207	\$1,056,243
The composition of accounts payable and accrued liabilities	follows (in thousand	ds):	
	April 30, 2013	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Trade payables	\$59,515	\$56,508	\$55,619
Deferred revenue	81,092	78,793	68,182
Accrued salaries, wages and deferred compensation	28,563	21,242	23,534
Accrued benefits	24,002	20,216	26,089
Deposits	12,173	12,031	12,310
Accrued interest	13,543	8,015	13,534
Other accruals	27,464	30,733	24,779
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$246,352	\$227,538	\$224,047

The composition of other long-term liabilities follows (in thousands):

	April 30, 2013	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Private club deferred initiation fee revenue	\$133,578	\$135,660	\$136,740
Unfavorable lease obligation, net	34,055	36,058	36,726
Other long-term liabilities	58,512	61,151	60,457
Total other long-term liabilities	\$226,145	\$232,869	\$233,923

7. Variable Interest Entities

The Company is the primary beneficiary of four employee housing entities (collectively, the "Employee Housing Entities"), Breckenridge Terrace, LLC, The Tarnes at BC, LLC, BC Housing, LLC and Tenderfoot Seasonal Housing, LLC, which are variable interest entities ("VIEs"), and has consolidated them in its Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. As a group, as of April 30, 2013, the Employee Housing Entities had total assets of \$30.3 million (primarily recorded in property, plant and equipment, net) and total liabilities of \$62.9 million (primarily recorded in long-term debt as "Employee Housing Bonds"). The Company's lenders have issued letters of credit totaling \$53.4 million under the Company's senior credit facility ("Credit Agreement") related to Employee Housing Bonds. Payments under the letters of credit would be triggered in the event that one of the entities defaults on required payments. The letters of credit have no default provisions.

The Company is the primary beneficiary of Avon Partners II, LLC ("APII"), which is a VIE. APII owns commercial space and the Company currently leases substantially all of that space. APII had total assets of \$4.4 million (primarily recorded in property, plant and equipment, net) and no debt as of April 30, 2013.

8. Fair Value Measurements

The FASB issued fair value guidance that establishes how reporting entities should measure fair value for measurement and disclosure purposes. The guidance establishes a common definition of fair value applicable to all assets and liabilities measured at fair value and prioritizes the inputs into valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Accordingly, the Company uses valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows: Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible to the Company for identical assets or liabilities:

Level 2: Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active and inactive markets or that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

The table below summarizes the Company's cash equivalents measured at fair value (all other assets and liabilities measured at fair value are immaterial) (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurement as of April 30, 2013									
Description	Balance at April 30, 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3						
Money Market	\$49,025	\$49,025	\$ —	\$—						
Commercial Paper	\$630	\$ —	\$630	\$ —						
Certificates of Deposit	\$630	\$ —	\$630	\$ —						
	Fair Value Measurement as of July 31, 2012									
Description	Balance at July 31, 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3						
Money Market	\$6,581	\$6,581	\$ —	\$ —						
Commercial Paper	\$2,441	\$—	\$2,441	\$— \$—						
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,260	\$ —	\$1,260	\$—						
	Fair Value Measure	ment as of April	30, 2012							
Description	Balance at April 30, 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3						
Money Market	\$1,392	\$1,392	\$ —	\$ —						
Commercial Paper	\$6,993	\$ —	\$6,993	\$ —						
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,890	\$ —	\$1,890	\$ —						

The Company's cash equivalents are measured utilizing quoted market prices or pricing models whereby all significant inputs are either observable or corroborated by observable market data.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Metropolitan Districts

The Company credit-enhances \$8.0 million of bonds issued by Holland Creek Metropolitan District ("HCMD") through an \$8.1 million letter of credit issued under the Company's Credit Agreement. HCMD's bonds were issued and used to build infrastructure associated with the Company's Red Sky Ranch residential development. The Company has agreed to pay capital improvement fees to Red Sky Ranch Metropolitan District ("RSRMD") until RSRMD's revenue streams from property taxes are sufficient to meet debt service requirements under HCMD's bonds, and the Company has recorded a liability of \$1.8 million primarily within "other long-term liabilities" in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets, as of April 30, 2013, July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012, respectively, with respect to the estimated present value of future RSRMD capital improvement fees. The Company estimates that it will make capital improvement fee payments under this arrangement through the year ending July 31, 2028.

Guarantees/Indemnifications

As of April 30, 2013, the Company had various other letters of credit in the amount of \$58.4 million, consisting primarily of \$53.4 million in support of the Employee Housing Bonds and \$3.4 million for workers' compensation and general liability deductibles related to construction and development activities.

In addition to the guarantees noted above, the Company has entered into contracts in the normal course of business which include certain indemnifications under which it could be required to make payments to third parties upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of certain future events. These indemnities include indemnities to licensees in connection with the licensees' use of the Company's trademarks and logos, indemnities for liabilities associated with the infringement of other parties' technology and software products, indemnities related to liabilities associated with the use of easements, indemnities related to employment of contract workers, the Company's use of trustees, indemnities related to the Company's use of public lands and environmental indemnifications. The duration of these indemnities generally is indefinite and generally do not limit the future payments the Company could be obligated to make.

As permitted under applicable law, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries indemnify their directors and officers over their lifetimes for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is, or was, serving the Company or its subsidiaries in such a capacity. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these

indemnification agreements is unlimited; however, the Company has a director and officer insurance policy that should enable the Company to recover a portion of any future amounts paid.

Unless otherwise noted, the Company has not recorded any significant liabilities for the letters of credit, indemnities and other guarantees noted above in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, either because the Company has recorded on its Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets the underlying liability associated with the guarantee, the guarantee is with respect to the Company's own performance and is therefore not subject to the measurement requirements as prescribed by GAAP, or because the Company has calculated the fair value of the indemnification or guarantee to be immaterial based upon the current facts and circumstances that would trigger a payment under the indemnification clause. In addition, with respect to certain indemnifications it is not possible to determine the maximum potential amount of liability under these guarantees due to the unique set of facts and circumstances that are likely to be involved in each particular claim and indemnification provision. Historically, payments made by the Company under these obligations have not been material.

As noted above, the Company makes certain indemnifications to licensees in connection with their use of the Company's trademarks and logos. The Company does not record any liabilities with respect to these indemnifications. Self Insurance

The Company is self-insured for claims under its health benefit plans and for the majority of workers' compensation claims, subject to a stop loss policy. The self-insurance liability related to workers' compensation is determined actuarially based on claims filed. The self-insurance liability related to claims under the Company's health benefit plans is determined based on analysis of actual claims. The amounts related to these claims are included as a component of accrued benefits in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (see Note 6, Supplementary Balance Sheet Information).

Legal

The Company is a party to various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes the Company has adequate insurance coverage and/or has accrued for loss contingencies for all known matters that are deemed to be probable losses and estimable. As of April 30, 2013, July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012, the accrual for the above loss contingencies was not material individually and in the aggregate.

10. Segment Information

The Company has three reportable segments: Mountain, Lodging and Real Estate. The Mountain segment includes the operations of the Company's ski resorts/areas and related ancillary services. The Lodging segment includes the operations of all of the Company's owned hotels, RockResorts, NPS concessionaire properties, condominium management, CME and mountain resort golf operations. The Real Estate segment owns and develops real estate in and around the Company's resort communities. The Company's reportable segments, although integral to the success of each other, offer distinctly different products and services and require different types of management focus. As such, these segments are managed separately.

The Company reports its segment results using Reported EBITDA (defined as segment net revenue less segment operating expenses, plus or minus segment equity investment income or loss), which is a non-GAAP financial measure. The Company reports segment results in a manner consistent with management's internal reporting of operating results to the chief operating decision maker (the Chief Executive Officer) for purposes of evaluating segment performance.

Reported EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP. Items excluded from Reported EBITDA are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance. Reported EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to, or substitute for, net income, net change in cash and cash equivalents or other financial statement data presented in the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements as indicators of financial performance or liquidity. Because Reported EBITDA is not a measurement determined in accordance with GAAP and thus is susceptible to varying calculations, Reported EBITDA as presented may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

The Company utilizes Reported EBITDA in evaluating performance of the Company and in allocating resources to its segments. Mountain Reported EBITDA consists of Mountain net revenue less Mountain operating expense plus or minus Mountain equity investment income or loss. Lodging Reported EBITDA consists of Lodging net revenue less Lodging operating expense. Real Estate Reported EBITDA consists of Real Estate net revenue less Real Estate operating expense. All segment expenses include an allocation of corporate administrative expenses. Assets are not allocated between segments, or used to evaluate performance, except as shown in the table below.

The following table presents financial information by reportable segment which is used by management in evaluating performance and allocating resources (in thousands):

	Three Month 30,	s Ended April	Nine Months 30,	Ended April
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net revenue:				
Lift tickets	\$215,163	\$188,712	\$390,820	\$342,411
Ski school	53,531	47,040	95,254	84,292
Dining	37,876	31,388	74,075	61,757
Retail/rental	66,329	60,144	176,802	160,958
Other	29,118	27,302	78,719	70,776
Total Mountain net revenue	402,017	354,586	815,670	720,194
Lodging	53,834	53,972	152,885	155,872
Total Resort net revenue	455,851	408,558	968,555	876,066
Real estate	13,840	12,587	39,937	34,784
Total net revenue	\$469,691	\$421,145	\$1,008,492	\$910,850
Operating expense:				
Mountain	\$207,953	\$184,211	\$536,498	\$478,256
Lodging	45,446	47,103	142,055	149,497
Total Resort operating expense	253,399	231,314	678,553	627,753
Real estate	16,996	16,069	49,349	46,479
Total segment operating expense	\$270,395	\$247,383	\$727,902	\$674,232
Mountain equity investment income, net	\$266	\$336	\$799	\$944
Reported EBITDA:				
Mountain	\$194,330	\$170,711	\$279,971	\$242,882
Lodging	8,388	6,869	10,830	6,375
Resort	202,718	177,580	290,801	249,257
Real estate	(3,156)	(3,482)	(9,412)	(11,695)
Total Reported EBITDA	\$199,562	\$174,098	\$281,389	\$237,562
Real estate held for sale and investment	\$201,861	\$248,262	\$201,861	\$248,262
Reconciliation to net income attributable to Vail Resorts,				
Inc.:				
Total Reported EBITDA	\$199,562	\$174,098	\$281,389	\$237,562
Depreciation and amortization	(33,730)	(33,266)	(98,827)	(95,245)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net	(224)	(90)	(757)	(1,123)
Investment income (loss), net	153	(18)	306	356
Interest expense, net	(8,359)	(8,443)	(25,268)	(25,226)
Income before provision for income taxes	157,402	132,281	156,843	116,324
Provision for income taxes	(59,814)	(52,753)	(59,329)	(46,108)
Net income	\$97,588	\$79,528	\$97,514	\$70,216
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	52	41	97	34
Net income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,640	\$79,569	\$97,611	\$70,250

11. Stock Repurchase Plan

On March 9, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to 3,000,000 shares of common stock and on July 16, 2008 approved an increase of the Company's common stock repurchase authorization by an additional 3,000,000 shares. The Company did not repurchase any shares of common stock during the three and nine months ended April 30, 2013. Since inception of its stock repurchase program through April 30, 2013, the Company has repurchased 4,949,111 shares at a cost of approximately \$193.2 million. As of April 30, 2013, 1,050,889 shares remained available to repurchase under the

existing repurchase authorization. Shares of common stock purchased pursuant to the repurchase program will be held as treasury shares and may be used for the issuance of shares under the Company's employee share award plan.

12. Guarantor Subsidiaries and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries

The Company's payment obligations under the 6.50% Notes (see Note 4, Long-Term Debt) are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several, senior subordinated basis by substantially all of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, and excluding Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries (as defined below), the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"), except for Eagle Park Reservoir Company, Larkspur Restaurant & Bar, LLC, Black Diamond Insurance, Inc., Skiinfo AS and certain other insignificant entities (together, the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries"). APII and the Employee Housing Entities are included with the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries for purposes of the consolidated financial information, but are not considered subsidiaries under the indenture governing the 6.50% Notes. Presented below is the consolidated financial information of the Parent Company, the Guarantor Subsidiaries and the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries. Financial information for the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries is presented in the column titled "Other Subsidiaries." Balance sheets are presented as of April 30, 2013, July 31, 2012, and April 30, 2012. Statements of operations and statements of comprehensive income (loss) are presented for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012. Statements of cash flows are presented for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Company and Guarantor Subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting. Net income (loss) of Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries is, therefore, reflected in the Parent Company's and Guarantor Subsidiaries' investments in and advances to (from) subsidiaries. Net income (loss) of the Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries is reflected in Guarantor Subsidiaries and Parent Company as equity in consolidated subsidiaries. The elimination entries eliminate investments in Other Subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions for consolidated reporting purposes.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet As of April 30, 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Current accets	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Current assets:	\$—	\$230,429	\$7,306	\$—	\$237,735
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ —	10,894	1,097	J —	\$237,733 11,991
	_	70,424	*	_	,
Trade receivables, net	_	61,014	3,309 187	_	73,733
Inventories, net Other current assets		20,543	1,236	_	61,201 50,478
Total current assets	,	•	·	_	,
	28,699	393,304 993,813	13,135 46,094	_	435,138 1,039,907
Property, plant and equipment, net Real estate held for sale and investment	_	*	40,094	_	
Goodwill, net	_	201,861 270,076	 1,779	_	201,861 271,855
•	_	72,563	*	_	,
Intangible assets, net Other assets	6,319	72,363 37,661	19,476 4,348	(9,459)	92,039 38,869
	•	•	4,346		38,809
Investments in subsidiaries	1,885,121	(2,153)	2 (22	(1,882,968)	_
Advances	(385,997)	382,375	3,622	<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$1,534,142	\$2,349,500	\$88,454	\$(1,892,427)	\$2,079,669
Current liabilities:	¢ 10 056	Ф 225 420	¢0.076	¢	¢246.252
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$225,420	\$8,076	\$ —	\$246,352
Income taxes payable	13,173		210		13,173
Long-term debt due within one year		299	219		518
Total current liabilities	26,029	225,719	8,295		260,043
Long-term debt	390,000	41,502	57,738	<u> </u>	489,240
Other long-term liabilities	27,852	197,158	10,594	(9,459)	226,145
Deferred income taxes	201,513		(2)		201,511
Total Vail Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity (deficit)	888,748	1,885,121	(2,153)	(1,882,968)	888,748
Noncontrolling interests	_	_	13,982		13,982
Total stockholders' equity	888,748	1,885,121	11,829	(1,882,968)	902,730
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,534,142	\$2,349,500	\$88,454	\$(1,892,427)	\$2,079,669

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet As of July 31, 2012 (in thousands)

		100%			
	Parent	Owned	Other	Eliminating	Consolidated
	Company	Guarantor	Subsidiaries	Entries	Consolidated
		Subsidiaries			
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$38,380	\$7,673	\$ —	\$46,053
Restricted cash	_	13,300	984	_	14,284
Trade receivables, net	_	64,185	1,558	_	65,743
Inventories, net	_	65,673	200	_	65,873
Other current assets	24,458	15,522	437	_	40,417
Total current assets	24,458	197,060	10,852	_	232,370
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,000,767	48,440	_	1,049,207
Real estate held for sale and		237,668	_		237,668
investment					•
Goodwill, net	_	268,058	1,711	_	269,769
Intangible assets, net		72,751	19,319		92,070
Other assets	7,113	42,939	5,937	(9,459) 46,530
Investments in subsidiaries	1,775,195	(553)		(1,774,642) —
Advances	, ,	418,001	3,114		
Total assets	\$1,385,651	\$2,236,691	\$89,373	\$(1,784,101) \$1,927,614
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued	\$6,542	\$215,308	\$5,688	\$ —	\$227,538
liabilities		Ψ=10,000	42,000	Ψ	
Income taxes payable	20,721				20,721
Long-term debt due within one year		782	208		990
Total current liabilities	27,263	216,090	5,896		249,249
Long-term debt	390,000	41,817	57,958		489,775
Other long-term liabilities	28,104	203,589	10,635	(9,459) 232,869
Deferred income taxes	137,973		1,420		139,393
Total Vail Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity (deficit)	802,311	1,775,195	(553)	(1,774,642) 802,311
Noncontrolling interests			14,017		14,017
Total stockholders' equity	802,311	1,775,195	13,464	(1,774,642) 816,328
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,385,651	\$2,236,691	\$89,373	\$(1,784,101) \$1,927,614

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet As of April 30, 2012 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Current assets:	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$138,001	\$9,109	\$ —	\$147,110
Restricted cash	ψ— —	12,619	1,047	ψ————————————————————————————————————	13,666
Trade receivables, net		62,390	2,743		65,133
Inventories, net		56,050	187		56,237
Other current assets	32,809	20,925	1,937	_	55,671
Total current assets	32,809	289,985	15,023		337,817
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,007,074	49,169	_	1,056,243
Real estate held for sale and investment	_	248,262	_	_	248,262
Goodwill, net		268,057	1,621		269,678
Intangible assets, net		74,327	19,388		93,715
Other assets	7,368	32,124	4,532		44,024
Investments in subsidiaries	1,857,590	2,147		(1,859,737)	—
Advances	(381,351)	387,860	(6,509)		_
Total assets	\$1,516,416	\$2,309,836	\$83,224	\$(1,859,737)	\$2,049,739
Current liabilities:	. , ,	, , ,	. ,	, , , , ,	, ,
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$12,852	\$205,081	\$6,114	\$—	\$224,047
Income taxes payable	19,005	_		_	19,005
Long-term debt due within one year	_	911	208	_	1,119
Total current liabilities	31,857	205,992	6,322	_	244,171
Long-term debt	390,000	41,799	57,958	_	489,757
Other long-term liabilities	28,105	204,455	1,363	_	233,923
Deferred income taxes	183,718	_	1,442	_	185,160
Total Vail Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity (deficit)	882,736	1,857,590	2,147	(1,859,737)	882,736
Noncontrolling interests		_	13,992	_	13,992
Total stockholders' equity	882,736	1,857,590	16,139	(1,859,737)	896,728
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,516,416	\$2,309,836	\$83,224	\$(1,859,737)	\$2,049,739

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the three months ended April 30, 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company		100% Owner Guarantor Subsidiaries		Other Subsidiaries		Eliminating Entries		Consolidate	d
Total net revenue	\$ —		\$467,095		\$6,406		\$(3,810)	\$469,691	
Total operating expense	116		301,696		6,309		(3,772)	304,349	
(Loss) income from operations	(116)	165,399		97		(38)	165,342	
Other expense, net	(6,600)	(1,322)	(322)	38		(8,206)
Equity investment income, net			266		_		_		266	
(Loss) income before benefit (provision) from income taxes	(6,716)	164,343		(225)	_		157,402	
Benefit (provision) from income taxes	2,551		(62,452)	87				(59,814)
Net (loss) income before equity in				-						-
income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	(4,165)	101,891		(138)	_		97,588	
Equity in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	101,805		(86)	_		(101,719)	_	
Net income (loss)	97,640		101,805		(138)	(101,719)	97,588	
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		52		_		52	
Net income (loss) attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,640		\$101,805		\$(86)	\$(101,719)	\$97,640	

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the three months ended April 30, 2012 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company		100% Owne Guarantor Subsidiaries		Other Subsidiaries	;	Eliminatin Entries	g	Consolidate	ed
Total net revenue	\$ —		\$417,945		\$6,225		\$(3,025)	\$421,145	
Total operating expense	98		277,907		5,721		(2,987)	280,739	
(Loss) income from operations	(98)	140,038		504		(38)	140,406	
Other expense, net	(6,637)	(1,514)	(348)	38		(8,461)
Equity investment income, net			336				_		336	
(Loss) income before benefit (provision) from income taxes	(6,735)	138,860		156		_		132,281	
Benefit (provision) from income taxes	2,626		(55,379)					(52,753)
Net (loss) income before equity in income of consolidated subsidiaries	(4,109)	83,481		156		_		79,528	
Equity in income of consolidated subsidiaries	83,678		197				(83,875)	_	
Net income	79,569		83,678		156		(83,875)	79,528	
					41		_		41	

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling

interests

Net income attributable to Vail Resorts, \$79,569 \$83,678 \$197 \$(83,875) \$79,569

Inc.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the nine months ended April 30, 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company		100% Owne Guarantor Subsidiaries		Other Subsidiaries		Eliminating Entries		Consolidated	l
Total net revenue	\$		\$1,002,526		\$15,780		\$(9,814)	\$1,008,492	
Total operating expense	334		819,781		17,071		(9,700)	827,486	
(Loss) income from operations	(334)	182,745		(1,291)	(114)	181,006	
Other expense, net	(19,810)	(4,257)	(1,009)	114		(24,962)
Equity investment income, net			799						799	
(Loss) income before benefit (provision) from income taxes	(20,144)	179,287		(2,300)	_		156,843	
Benefit (provision) from income taxes	7,708		(67,225)	188		_		(59,329)
Net (loss) income before equity in										
income (loss) of consolidated	(12,436)	112,062		(2,112)			97,514	
subsidiaries										
Equity in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	110,047		(2,015)	_		(108,032)		
Net income (loss)	97,611		110,047		(2,112)	(108,032)	97,514	
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_				97		_		97	
Net income (loss) attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,611		\$110,047		\$(2,015)	\$(108,032)	\$97,611	

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the nine months ended April 30, 2012 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company		100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries		Other Subsidiaries	3	Eliminatin Entries	g	Consolidate	d
Total net revenue	\$ —		\$907,169		\$12,615		\$(8,934)	\$910,850	
Total operating expense	39		766,644		12,736		(8,819)	770,600	
(Loss) income from operations	(39)	140,525		(121)	(115)	140,250	
Other expense, net	(19,922)	(4,022)	(1,041)	115		(24,870)
Equity investment income, net	_		944				_		944	
(Loss) income before benefit (provision) from income taxes	(19,961)	137,447		(1,162)	_		116,324	
Benefit (provision) from income taxes	8,206		(54,314)			_		(46,108)
Net (loss) income before equity in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	(11,755)	83,133		(1,162)	_		70,216	
Equity in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	82,005		(1,128)	_		(80,877)		
Net income (loss)	70,250		82,005		(1,162)	(80,877)	70,216	
	_		_		34		_		34	

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling

interests

Net income (loss) attributable to Vail \$70,250 \$82,005 \$(1,128) \$(80,877) \$70,250

Resorts, Inc.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three months ended April 30, 2013 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Net income (loss)	\$97,640	\$101,805	\$(138)	\$(101,719)	\$97,588
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(202)	(202)	(202)	404	(202)
Comprehensive income (loss)	97,438	101,603	(340)	(101,315)	97,386
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	52	_	52
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,438	\$ 101,603	\$(288)	\$(101,315)	\$97,438

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three months ended April 30, 2012 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Net income	\$79,569	\$83,678	\$156	\$(83,875	\$79,528
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	61	61	61	(122	61
Comprehensive income	79,630	83,739	217	(83,997	79,589
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	41		41
Comprehensive income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$79,630	\$83,739	\$258	\$(83,997	\$79,630

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the nine months ended April 30, 2013 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Net income (loss)	\$97,611	\$110,047	\$(2,112)	\$(108,032)	\$97,514
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	251	251	251	(502)	251
Comprehensive income (loss)	97,862	110,298	(1,861)	(108,534)	97,765
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	97	_	97
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,862	\$110,298	\$(1,764)	\$(108,534)	\$97,862

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the nine months ended April 30, 2012 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Net income (loss)	\$70,250	\$82,005	\$(1,162)	\$(80,877	\$70,216
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	61	61	61	(122	61
Comprehensive income (loss)	70,311	82,066	(1,101	(80,999	70,277
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	34	_	34
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$70,311	\$82,066	\$(1,067	\$(80,999	\$70,311

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the nine months ended April 30, 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

(Onaudica)	Damant	100% Owned	Other			
	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries		Consolidate	ed
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$46,034	\$244,970	\$341		\$291,345	
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Capital expenditures	_	(64,765	(696)	(65,461)
Acquisition of businesses		(19,958) —		(19,958)
Other investing activities, net		943	(82)	861	
Net cash used in investing activities		(83,780	(778)	(84,558)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from borrowings under other long-term		96,000			96,000	
debt	_	70,000			70,000	
Payments of other long-term debt		(96,781	(208)	(96,989)
Dividends paid	(20,905				(20,905)
Other financing activities, net	3,986	2,608	184		6,778	
Advances	(29,115	29,065	50			
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(46,034	30,892	26		(15,116)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	(33	44		11	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		192,049	(367)	191,682	
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of period		38,380	7,673		46,053	
End of period	\$—	\$230,429	\$7,306		\$237,735	

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the nine months ended April 30, 2012 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

(Chaddica)	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$38,944	\$193,371	\$1,730	\$234,045
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(107,779)	(220)	(107,999)
Acquisition of businesses		(24,311)	832	(23,479)
Other investing activities, net	_	(944)		(944)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(133,034)	612	(132,422)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from borrowings under other long-term debt		56,000	_	56,000
Payments of long-term debt		(56,805)	(197)	(57,002)
Repurchase of common stock	(7,869) —		(7,869)
Dividends paid	(17,559) —		(17,559)
Other financing activities, net	1,502	86	190	1,778
Advances	(15,018) 15,018	_	_
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(38,944) 14,299	(7)	(24,652)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		_	(4)	(4)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	74,636	2,331	76,967
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of period	_	63,365	6,778	70,143
End of period	\$ —	\$138,001	\$9,109	\$147,110

13. Subsequent Event

VR CPC Holdings, Inc. ("VR CPC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and affiliate companies of Talisker Corporation ("Talisker") entered into a Transaction Agreement, Master Agreement of Lease (the "Lease") and ancillary transaction documents, pursuant to which the Company assumed the resort operations of Canyons Resort, which includes the ski area and related amenities, effective May 29, 2013. Additionally, these documents set forth the rights and obligations of the parties with respect to the acquisition of certain real estate and personal property, future resort development, access, water rights, intellectual property, transition services, and rights with respect to ongoing litigation between the current operator and Talisker related to the validity of a lease of the Talisker owned land under the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort. If the outcome of the litigation is favorable to Talisker, the land under the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort will become subject to the Lease. If the outcome of the litigation is unfavorable to Talisker, the Company will be entitled to receive from Talisker the rent payments that Talisker receives from the current resort operator until such time as the current resort operator's lease has ended and the ski terrain under Park City Mountain Resort is then included in the Lease.

The Lease between VR CPC and Talisker has an initial term of 50 years with six 50-year renewal options. The Lease provides for \$25 million in annual fixed payments, which increase each year by an inflation linked index of CPI less 1%, with a floor of 2% per annum. In addition, the Lease includes participating contingent payments to Talisker of 42% of the amount by which EBITDA for the resort operations, as calculated under the Lease, exceeds approximately \$35 million, with such threshold amount increased by an inflation linked index and a 10% adjustment for any capital improvements or investments made under the Lease by the Company. The inclusion of the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort in the Lease would require no additional consideration from VR CPC, but the financial contribution, if any, of the additional ski terrain would be included as part of the calculation of EBITDA for the resort operations, and as a result, factor into the participating contingent payment component of the Lease payment as described above. The Parent Company has guaranteed the obligations of VR CPC under the Lease.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2012 ("Form 10-K") and the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements as of April 30, 2013 and 2012 and for the three and nine months then ended, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q, which provide additional information regarding our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. To the extent that the following Management's Discussion and Analysis contains statements which are not of a historical nature, such statements are forward-looking statements which involve risks and uncertainties. See "Forward-Looking Statements" below. These risks include, but are not limited to those discussed in this Form 10-Q and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the risks described in Item 1A "Risk Factors" of Part I of the Form 10-K.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis includes a discussion of the financial performance of each of our segments. We have chosen to specifically include Reported EBITDA (defined as segment net revenue less segment operating expense, plus or minus segment equity investment income or loss) and Net Debt (defined as long-term debt plus long-term debt due within one year less cash and cash equivalents), in the following discussion because we consider these measures to be significant indications of our financial performance and available capital resources. Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are not measures of financial performance or liquidity under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). We utilize Reported EBITDA in evaluating our performance and in allocating resources to our segments. Refer to the end of the Results of Operations section for a reconciliation of Reported EBITDA to net income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc. We also believe that Net Debt is an important measurement as it is an indicator of our ability to obtain additional capital resources for our future cash needs. Refer to the end of the Results of Operations section for a reconciliation of Net Debt to long-term debt. Items excluded from Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance or liquidity. Reported EBITDA and Net Debt should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to, or substitute for, net income, net change in cash and cash equivalents or other financial statement data presented in the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements as indicators of financial performance or liquidity. Because Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are not measurements determined in accordance with GAAP and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, Reported EBITDA and Net Debt as presented may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

Overview

Our operations are grouped into three integrated and interdependent segments: Mountain, Lodging and Real Estate. Resort is the combination of the Mountain and Lodging segments.

Mountain Segment

The Mountain segment is comprised of the operations of ski resort properties at the Vail, Breckenridge, Keystone and Beaver Creek mountain resorts in Colorado ("Colorado" resorts); the Heavenly, Northstar and Kirkwood (acquired in April 2012) mountain resorts in the Lake Tahoe area of California and Nevada ("Tahoe" resorts); and Afton Alps ski area in Minnesota and Mount Brighton ski area in Michigan (both acquired in December 2012) ("Urban" ski areas); as well as ancillary services, primarily including ski school, dining and retail/rental operations. Our ski resorts are typically open for business from mid-November through mid-April, which is the peak operating season for the Mountain segment. Our single largest source of Mountain segment revenue is the sale of lift tickets (including season passes), which represented approximately 54% and 53% of Mountain net revenue for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and approximately 48% of Mountain segment net revenue for both the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012.

Lift ticket revenue is driven by volume and pricing. Pricing is impacted by both absolute pricing as well as the demographic mix of guests, which impacts the price points at which various products are purchased. The demographic mix of guests at our Colorado and Tahoe resorts is divided into two primary categories: (i) out-of-state and international ("Destination") guests and (ii) in-state and local ("In-State") guests. For the 2012/2013 and 2011/2012 ski seasons, Destination guests comprised approximately 56% and 57%, respectively, of our skier visits, while In-State guests comprised approximately 44% and 43%, respectively, of our skier visits.

Destination guests generally purchase our higher-priced lift ticket products and utilize more ancillary services such as ski school, dining and retail/rental, as well as the lodging at or around our resorts. Destination guest visitation is less likely to be impacted by changes in the weather, but can be more impacted by adverse economic conditions or the global geopolitical climate. In-State guests tend to be more value-oriented and weather sensitive. We offer a variety of season pass products for all of our ski resorts/areas, marketed towards both Destination and In-State guests. Our season pass product offerings range from providing access to one or a combination of our ski resorts/areas to our Epic Season Pass that allows pass holders unlimited and

unrestricted access to all of our ski resorts/areas. Our season pass products provide a value option to our guests, which in turn assists us in developing a loyal base of customers who commit to ski at our resorts/areas generally in advance of the ski season and typically ski more days each season at our resorts/areas than those guests who do not buy season passes. As such, our season pass program drives strong customer loyalty; mitigates exposure to many weather sensitive guests; and generates additional ancillary spending. In addition, our season pass products attract new guests to our resorts/areas. All of our season pass products, including the Epic Season Pass, are sold predominately prior to the start of the ski season. Season pass revenue, although primarily collected prior to the ski season, is recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations ratably over the ski season. For the 2012/2013 and 2011/2012 ski seasons, approximately 38% and 40%, respectively, of total lift ticket revenue was comprised of season pass revenue.

The cost structure of our ski resort/areas operations have a significant fixed component with variable expenses including, but not limited to, USDA Forest Service ("Forest Service") fees, credit card fees, retail/rental cost of sales and labor, ski school labor and dining operations; as such, profit margins can fluctuate greatly based on the level of revenues.

Lodging Segment

Operations within the Lodging segment include (i) ownership/management of a group of luxury hotels through the RockResorts brand, including several proximate to our ski resorts; (ii) ownership/management of non-RockResorts branded hotels and condominiums proximate to our ski resorts; (iii) National Park Service ("NPS") concessionaire properties including Grand Teton Lodge Company ("GTLC"); (iv) Colorado Mountain Express ("CME"), a Colorado resort ground transportation company; and (v) mountain resort golf courses.

The performance of lodging properties (including managed condominium rooms) at or around our ski resorts, and CME, is closely aligned with the performance of the Mountain segment and generally experiences similar seasonal trends, particularly with respect to visitation by Destination guests, and represented approximately 94% and 92% of Lodging segment revenue (excluding Lodging segment revenue associated with reimbursement of payroll costs) for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 76% and 75% of Lodging segment revenue (excluding Lodging segment revenue associated with reimbursement of payroll costs) for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Management primarily focuses on Lodging net revenue excluding payroll cost reimbursement and Lodging operating expense excluding reimbursed payroll costs (which are not measures of financial performance under GAAP) as the reimbursements are made based upon the costs incurred with no added margin, as such the revenue and corresponding expense have no effect on our Lodging Reported EBITDA which we use to evaluate Lodging segment performance. Revenue of the Lodging segment during our first and fourth fiscal quarters is generated primarily by the operations of our NPS concessionaire properties (as their operating season generally occurs from mid-May to mid-October), golf operations and seasonally low operations from our other owned and managed properties and businesses.

Real Estate Segment

The Real Estate segment owns and develops real estate in and around our resort communities and primarily engages in vertical development of projects, as well as occasionally the sale of land to third-party developers. Currently, the principal activities of our Real Estate segment include the marketing and selling of remaining condominium units that are available for sale, planning for future real estate development projects, including zoning and acquisition of applicable permits, and the purchase of selected strategic land parcels for future development. Revenue from vertical development projects is not recognized until closing of individual units within a project, which occurs after substantial completion of the project. We attempt to mitigate the risk of vertical development by often utilizing guaranteed maximum price construction contracts (although certain construction costs may not be covered by contractual limitations), pre-selling a portion of the project, requiring significant non-refundable deposits, and potentially obtaining non-recourse financing for certain projects (although our last two major vertical development projects have not incurred any such direct third party financing). Additionally, our real estate development projects most often result in the creation of certain resort assets that provide additional benefit to the Mountain and Lodging segments. Our revenue from the Real Estate segment, and associated expense, can fluctuate significantly based upon the timing of closings and the type of real estate being sold, causing volatility in the Real Estate segment's operating results from

period to period.

Recent Trends, Risks and Uncertainties

Together with those risk factors that we have identified in our Form 10-K, our management has identified the following important factors (as well as risks and uncertainties associated with such factors) that could impact our future financial performance or condition:

The timing and amount of snowfall can have an impact on Mountain and Lodging revenue particularly in regards to skier visits and the duration and frequency of guest visitation. To help partially mitigate the impact to our operating

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results from the timing and amount of snowfall, we sell a variety of season pass products prior to the beginning of the ski season resulting in a more stabilized stream of lift revenue within the second and third fiscal quarters, when the season pass sales are recorded as revenue. Additionally, our season pass products provide a value option to our guests, which in turn creates a guest commitment predominately prior to the start of the ski season. In March 2013, we began our pre-season pass sales program for the 2013/2014 ski season. Through May 28, 2013, our spring pre-season pass sales for the upcoming 2013/2014 ski season have increased approximately 18% in units and increased approximately 24% in sales dollars, compared to the prior year period ended May 29, 2012. However, we cannot predict if this favorable trend will continue through the Fall 2013 pass sales campaign or the overall impact that season pass sales will have on lift ticket revenue for the 2013/2014 ski season.

Real Estate Reported EBITDA is highly dependent on, among other things, the timing of closings on condominium units available for sale, which determines when revenue and associated cost of sales is recognized. Changes to the anticipated timing or mix of closing on one or more real estate projects, or unit closings within a real estate project, could materially impact Real Estate Reported EBITDA for a particular quarter or fiscal year. For the nine months ended April 30, 2013 we have sold 20 units (with an additional one unit closing after April 30, 2013) at The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail and One Ski Hill Place in Breckenridge and we currently have 22 units and 30 units, respectively, remaining available for sale. We cannot predict the ultimate number of units that we will sell, the ultimate price we will receive, or when the units will sell, although we currently believe the selling process will take multiple years. Additionally, if a prolonged weakness in the real estate market or general economic conditions were to occur we may have to adjust our selling prices more than currently anticipated in an effort to sell and close on units available for sale. However, our risk associated with adjusting selling prices to levels that may not be acceptable to us is partially mitigated by the fact that we generate cash flow from placing unsold units into our rental program until such time selling prices are at acceptable levels to us. Furthermore, if weakness in the real estate market were to persist for multiple years, thus requiring us to sell remaining units below anticipated pricing levels (including any sales concessions and discounts) for the remaining inventory of units at The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail or One Ski Hill Place in Breckenridge, it may result in an impairment charge on one or both projects.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2013, we announced our calendar 2013 capital expenditure plan which is estimated between approximately \$130 million and \$140 million and includes the largest number of planned improvements in our history; we completed the acquisition of two ski areas, Afton Alps in Minnesota and Mount Brighton in Michigan, for net cash consideration of approximately \$20.0 million; and on March 4, 2013, our Board of Directors increased our regular quarterly cash dividend on our common stock approximately 10% to \$0.2075 per share (or approximately \$29.8 million annually). As of April 30, 2013, we had \$237.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, as well as \$333.8 million available under the revolver component of our senior credit facility ("Credit Agreement") (which represents the total commitment of \$400.0 million less certain letters of credit outstanding of \$66.2 million). Additionally, we believe that the terms of our 6.50% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2019 ("6.50% Notes") and our Credit Agreement allow for sufficient flexibility in our ability to make future acquisitions, investments, distributions to stockholders and incur additional debt. This, combined with our completed real estate projects where the proceeds from future real estate closings on The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail, and One Ski Hill Place in Breckenridge are expected to significantly exceed future carrying costs, and the continued positive cash flow from operating activities (primarily occurring during our fiscal second and third quarters) less capital expenditures has and is anticipated to continue to provide us with significant liquidity which we believe will allow us to consider strategic investments and other forms of providing return to our stockholders including the continued payment of a quarterly cash dividend. We cannot predict that any strategic initiatives undertaken will achieve the anticipated results.

On May 29, 2013, we entered into a lease with Talisker pursuant to which we assumed resort operations of Canyons Resort which includes the ski area and related amenities. In addition to the lease, we entered into ancillary transaction documents setting forth our rights among others, to ongoing litigation between the current operator and Talisker

related to the validity of a lease of the Talisker owned land under the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort. If the outcome of the litigation is favorable to Talisker, the land under the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort will become subject to our lease with Talisker, which we expect would be beneficial to us. If the outcome of the litigation is unfavorable, we will be entitled to receive from Talisker the rent payments that Talisker receives from the current resort operator until such time as the current resort operator's lease has ended and the ski terrain under Park City Mountain Resort is then included in the lease. The lease between us and Talisker for Canyons Resort has an initial term of 50 years with six 50-year renewal options. The lease provides for \$25 million in annual fixed payments, which increase each year by an inflation linked index of CPI less 1%, with a floor of 2% per annum. In addition, the lease includes participating contingent payments to Talisker of 42% of the amount by which EBITDA for the resort operations, as calculated under the lease, exceeds approximately \$35 million, with such threshold amount increased by an inflation linked index and a 10% adjustment for any capital improvements or investments made under the lease by

us. The inclusion of the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort in the lease would require no additional consideration from us, but the financial contribution, if any, of the additional ski terrain would be included as part of the calculation of EBITDA for the resort operations, and as a result, factor into the participating contingent payment component of the lease payment as described above. We will be finalizing the accounting for the Canyons Resort transaction, including the lease, in the coming months but we expect to record an obligation on our consolidated balance sheet of approximately \$305.0 million in long-term debt (including capital lease obligations). Additionally, we cannot predict whether we will realize all of the synergies expected to arise from our operation of Canyons Resort nor can we predict the resources required to integrate its operations and the ultimate impact Canyons Resort will have on our future results of operations. Furthermore, if the litigation associated with the land under the ski terrain of Park City Mountain Resort results in an unfavorable outcome it could result in a material impairment charge attributable to goodwill, certain indefinite-lived intangible assets and/or long-lived assets recorded in conjunction with this transaction, negatively impacting our results of operations and stockholders' equity.

Under GAAP we test goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment annually, as well as on an interim basis to the extent factors or indicators become apparent that could reduce the fair value of our goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets below book value and we evaluate long-lived assets for potential impairment whenever events or change in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. We evaluate the recoverability of our goodwill by estimating the future discounted cash flows of our reporting units and terminal values of the businesses using projected future levels of income as well as business trends, prospects and market and economic conditions. We evaluate the recoverability of indefinite-lived intangible assets using the income approach based upon estimated future revenue streams, and we evaluate long-lived assets based upon estimated undiscounted future cash flows. Our fiscal 2012 annual impairment test did not result in a goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment. However, if lower than projected levels of cash flows were to occur due to prolonged abnormal weather conditions or a prolonged weakness in general economic conditions, among other risks, it could cause less than expected growth and/or a reduction in terminal values and cash flows and could result in an impairment charge attributable to certain goodwill, indefinite-lived intangible assets and/or long-lived assets (particularly related to our Lodging operations), negatively impacting our results of operations and stockholders' equity.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Summary

Below is a summary of operating results for both the three and nine months ended April 30, 2013, compared to the three and nine months ended April 30, 2012 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Month	is Ended
	April 30,		April 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$194,330	\$170,711	\$279,971	\$242,882
Lodging Reported EBITDA	8,388	6,869	10,830	6,375
Resort Reported EBITDA	202,718	177,580	290,801	249,257
Real Estate Reported EBITDA	(3,156)	(3,482	(9,412) (11,695)
Income before provision for income taxes	157,402	132,281	156,843	116,324
Net income attributable to Vail Resorts, Inc.	\$97,640	\$79,569	\$97,611	\$70,250
A discussion of the segment results and other items can be for	ound below.			

Mountain Segment

Three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012 Mountain segment operating results for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 are presented by category as follows (in thousands, except effective ticket price ("ETP")):

	Three Months Ended		Percentage Increase	
	April 30, 2013	2012	(Decrease)	
Net Mountain revenue:			(= :::::)	
Lift tickets	\$215,163	\$188,712	14.0	%
Ski school	53,531	47,040	13.8	%
Dining	37,876	31,388	20.7	%
Retail/rental	66,329	60,144	10.3	%
Other	29,118	27,302	6.7	%
Total Mountain net revenue	\$402,017	\$354,586	13.4	%
Mountain operating expense:				
Labor and labor-related benefits	\$83,372	\$73,946	12.7	%
Retail cost of sales	23,795	22,633	5.1	%
Resort related fees	22,445	20,827	7.8	%
General and administrative	31,581	27,992	12.8	%
Other	46,760	38,813	20.5	%
Total Mountain operating expense	\$207,953	\$184,211	12.9	%
Mountain equity investment income, net	266	336	(20.8)%
Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$194,330	\$170,711	13.8	%
Total skier visits	3,756	3,244	15.8	%
ETP	\$57.29	\$58.17	(1.5)%

Certain Mountain segment operating expenses presented above for the three months ended April 30, 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal quarter presentation.

Mountain Reported EBITDA includes \$2.1 million and \$1.6 million of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Mountain Reported EBITDA for the three months ended April 30, 2013 increased \$23.6 million, or 13.8%, compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012, and includes incremental EBITDA of \$4.4 million from the acquisitions of Kirkwood (acquired in April 2012), Afton Alps and Mount Brighton (acquired in December 2012) (the "Acquisitions"). Our results for the three months ended April 30, 2013 were positively impacted by increased skier visitation compared to the same period in the prior year at both our Colorado and Tahoe resorts, which included strong visitation during the peak Spring Break and the Easter holiday periods at our Colorado resorts and the addition of Kirkwood to our Tahoe resorts. However, our operating results were somewhat negatively impacted by dry conditions and warm temperatures experienced at our Tahoe resorts during the current year fiscal quarter slowing the strong momentum in skier visitation experienced during the first half of the ski season. Skier visitation to our Colorado and Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) was up 11.8% and 14.2%, respectively, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year.

Total Mountain net revenue increased \$47.4 million, or 13.4%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012, which includes incremental revenue from the Acquisitions in total of \$13.4

million. Excluding these incremental revenues, revenue increased \$34.0 million, or 9.6%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012. Lift revenue increased \$26.5 million, or 14.0%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year, resulting from a \$21.3 million, or 17.4%, increase in lift revenue excluding season pass revenue, as well as a \$5.2 million, or 7.8%, increase in season pass revenue. The increase in lift revenue excluding season pass revenue was driven by an increase in visitation excluding season pass holders of 14.6%, and an increase in ETP excluding season pass holders, of \$1.78 or 2.3%. Excluding the Acquisitions, lift revenue excluding season pass holders increased \$16.4 million, or 13.4%, driven by a 7.1% increase in visitation excluding season pass holders and an increase in ETP

excluding season pass holders of \$4.51, or 5.9%. The increase in season pass revenue was driven by a combination of both an increase in units sold and pricing. Total ETP decreased \$0.88, or 1.5%, due primarily to higher visitation from our season pass holders on a per pass basis, mostly offset by price increases in both season passes and daily lift tickets.

Ski school revenue increased \$6.5 million, or 13.8%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year, with our Colorado resorts ski school revenue increasing \$4.3 million, or 10.7%, and our Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) ski school revenue increasing \$2.0 million, or 30.1%, compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase in ski school revenue at our Colorado resorts was primarily due to an increase in skier visitation and higher pricing. Ski school revenue at our Tahoe resorts benefited from the increase in skier visitation primarily from the addition of Kirkwood, as well as an increase in yield per skier visit. Excluding the Acquisitions, ski school revenue increased \$5.6 million, or 11.8%, and yield per skier visit increased 2.5%.

Dining revenue increased \$6.5 million, or 20.7%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year, and was primarily attributable to our Colorado resorts generating a \$3.7 million, or 15.6%, increase in revenue due to increased skier visitation and an increase in yield per skier visit. Dining revenue at our Tahoe resorts increased \$2.0 million, or 26.3%, driven by the addition of Kirkwood and increased revenue at Heavenly which benefited from a higher yield per skier visit. Excluding the Acquisitions, dining revenue increased \$4.4 million, or 13.9%, and yield per skier visit increased 4.5%.

Retail/rental revenue increased \$6.2 million, or 10.3%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year, which was driven by an increase in retail sales of \$3.0 million, or 7.7%, as well as an increase in rental revenue of \$3.2 million, or 15.1%. The increase in retail sales was primarily attributed to a \$2.3 million increase in sales from stores proximate to our Colorado resorts, and the addition of Kirkwood and Urban Ski Areas. The increase in rental revenue was generated primarily from stores proximate to our Colorado resorts which increased a combined \$1.1 million, and stores proximate to our Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) and Any Mountain stores (in the San Francisco bay area) which increased a combined \$0.9 million.

Other revenue mainly consists of private club revenue (which includes both club dues and amortization of initiation fees), mountain activities revenue, marketing and internet advertising revenue, commercial leasing revenue, employee housing revenue, municipal services revenue and other recreation activity revenue. For the three months ended April 30, 2013, other revenue increased \$1.8 million, or 6.7%, compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily due to an increase in base area services and parking revenue, group events and additional revenue associated with other mountain recreation activity, partially offset by a decline in internet advertising revenue.

Operating expense increased \$23.7 million, or 12.9%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012, which includes incremental operating expense from the Acquisitions of \$8.9 million and professional service fees associated with the Canyons Resort transaction of \$2.6 million. Excluding these incremental expenses, operating expense increased \$12.2 million, or 6.6%, for the three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012. Labor and labor-related benefits (excluding the Acquisitions) increased \$4.9 million, or 6.7%, primarily due to normal wage adjustments, higher bonus expense, increased staffing levels to support higher volumes primarily in mountain operations, ski school, on-mountain dining and higher store labor due primarily to new retail stores. Retail cost of sales increased \$1.2 million, or 5.1%, on a 7.7% increase in retail sales and benefited from improved gross margins at stores proximate to our mountain resorts. General and administrative expense (excluding the Acquisitions) increased \$2.7 million, or 9.5%, primarily due to higher Mountain segment component of allocated corporate costs including increased sales and marketing expense and a shift in allocated corporate expenses to the Mountain segment. Resort related fees (including Forest Services fees, other resort-related fees, credit card fees and commissions) increased \$1.6 million, or 7.8%, due to overall increases in revenue upon which those fees are based. Other expense (excluding the Acquisitions and Canyons Resort transaction costs) increased \$2.6 million, or 6.7%, which was driven by increased repairs and maintenance and variable operating

expenses including food and beverage cost of sales, supplies expense and other operating expenses.

Mountain equity investment income, net primarily includes our share of income from the operations of a real estate brokerage joint venture.

Nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012

Mountain segment operating results for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 are presented by category as follows (in thousands, except ETP):

_	Nine Months Ended		Percentage		
	April 30,	April 30,		Increase	
	2013	2012	(Decrease)		
Net Mountain revenue:					
Lift tickets	\$390,820	\$342,411	14.1	%	
Ski school	95,254	84,292	13.0	%	
Dining	74,075	61,757	19.9	%	
Retail/rental	176,802	160,958	9.8	%	
Other	78,719	70,776	11.2	%	
Total Mountain net revenue	\$815,670	\$720,194	13.3	%	
Mountain operating expense:					
Labor and labor-related benefits	\$201,350	\$176,775	13.9	%	
Retail cost of sales	75,230	67,590	11.3	%	
Resort related fees	40,830	38,648	5.6	%	
General and administrative	93,698	85,397	9.7	%	
Other	125,390	109,846	14.2	%	
Total Mountain operating expense	\$536,498	\$478,256	12.2	%	
Mountain equity investment income, net	799	944	(15.4)%	
Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$279,971	\$242,882	15.3	%	
Total skier visits	6,977	6,142	13.6	%	
ETP	\$56.02	\$55.75	0.5	%	

Certain Mountain segment operating expenses presented above for the nine months ended April 30, 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal year-to-date presentation.

Mountain Reported EBITDA includes \$7.0 million and \$5.9 million of stock-based compensation expense for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Mountain Reported EBITDA for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 increased \$37.1 million, or 15.3%, compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012, and includes incremental EBITDA of \$6.5 million from the acquisitions of Kirkwood (acquired in April 2012), Skiinfo (acquired in February 2012), Afton Alps and Mount Brighton (acquired in December 2012) (the "Acquisitions"). Our results for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 reflect an increase in revenues from higher overall visitation due to improved weather conditions during the 2012/2013 ski season compared to the 2011/2012 ski season. Our results also benefited from higher pricing, increased average guest spend on ancillary services and higher pass sales. Our Colorado resorts experienced strong results from the peak holiday periods of Christmas through Spring Break and Easter compared to the prior year, however these results were tempered by poor snowfall and unseasonably warm temperatures which occurred from the start of the ski season through the pre-Christmas holiday period which adversely impacted skier visitation to our Colorado resorts during this period. As such, skier visitation to our Colorado resorts increased 4.0% overall for the 2012/2013 ski season compared to the 2011/2012 ski season. Our Tahoe resorts experienced significantly better snowfall and weather conditions during first half of the 2012/2013 ski season which contributed to a significant increase in skier visitation to the Tahoe region combined with the addition of Kirkwood; however, the early momentum at our Tahoe resorts was slowed by dry conditions and warm temperatures experienced throughout the latter half of the 2012/2013 ski season. Overall, our Tahoe resorts saw an increase in skier visitation of 32.3% (including Kirkwood). Total mountain net revenue increased \$95.5 million, or 13.3%, for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the nine months ended April

30, 2012 which includes incremental revenues from the Acquisitions of \$30.1 million. Lift revenue increased \$48.4 million, or 14.1%, for the nine months ended April 30, 2013, compared to the same period in the prior year, resulting from a \$36.4 million, or 17.6%, increase in lift revenue excluding season pass revenue, as well as a \$12.0 million, or 8.9%, increase in season pass revenue. The increase in lift revenue excluding season pass revenue was driven by an increase in visitation excluding season pass holders of 14.5%, and an increase in ETP excluding season pass holders, of \$2.01

or 2.7%. Excluding the Acquisitions, lift revenue excluding season pass holders increased \$26.4 million, or 12.8%, driven by a 5.7% increase in visitation excluding season pass holders and an increase in ETP excluding season pass holders of \$4.94, or 6.7%. The increase in season pass revenue was driven by a combination of both an increase in units sold and pricing. Total ETP was relatively flat compared to prior year due primarily to price increases in both season passes and daily lift tickets offset by an increase in visitation from our season pass holders.

Ski school revenue for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 increased \$11.0 million, or 13.0%, compared to the same

period in the prior year, with our Colorado resorts ski school revenue increasing \$5.7 million, or 7.9%, and our Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) ski school revenue increasing \$4.8 million, or 39.6%, compared to the same period in the prior year. Ski school revenue benefited from the increase in skier visitation at both our Colorado and Tahoe resorts (as discussed above) and an increase in yield per skier visit of 2.1%. Excluding the Acquisitions, ski school revenue increased \$9.1 million, or 10.8%, and yield per skier visit increased 4.4%.

Dining revenue for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012, increased \$12.3 million, or 19.9%, with our Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) generating a \$5.9 million, or 40.4%, increase and our Colorado resorts providing a \$4.8 million, or 10.2%, increase, both of which are primarily attributable to increased skier visitation and an increase in yield per skier visit. Excluding the Acquisitions, dining revenue increased \$7.6 million, or 12.3%, and yield per skier visit increased 6.5% for the 2012/2013 ski season.

Retail/rental revenue increased \$15.8 million, or 9.8%, for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year, which was driven by an increase in retail sales of \$10.2 million, or 8.5%, and an increase in rental revenue of \$5.6 million, or 13.7%. The increase in retail sales was primarily attributed to our Any Mountain stores (in the San Francisco bay area) along with our stores proximate to our Tahoe resorts which sales increased a combined \$5.3 million which benefited from increased skier visitation and the addition of Kirkwood; stores proximate to our Colorado resorts which sales increased a combined \$3.4 million; and an increase in sales from our on-line retailer of \$2.8 million; all of which was partially offset by sales declines occurring at our Colorado front range stores which were negatively impacted by unfavorable weather conditions during the early season. The increase in rental revenue was driven primarily by stores proximate to our Tahoe resorts (including Kirkwood) and Any Mountain stores (in the San Francisco bay area) which increased a combined \$2.6 million and stores proximate to our Colorado resorts which increased a combined \$0.9 million.

Other revenue mainly consists of private club revenue (which includes both club dues and amortization of initiation fees), summer visitation and other mountain activities revenue, marketing and internet advertising revenue, commercial leasing revenue, employee housing revenue, municipal services revenue and other recreation activity revenue. For the nine months ended April 30, 2013, other revenue increased \$7.9 million, or 11.2%, compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012, primarily due to incremental internet advertising revenue from Skiinfo of \$2.2 million, an increase in strategic alliance marketing revenue, increased employee housing revenue, an increase in summer activities revenue and additional revenue associated with other mountain recreation activity.

Operating expense increased \$58.2 million, or 12.2%, during the nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012, which includes incremental operating expense from the Acquisitions of \$23.6 million and professional service fees associated with the Canyons Resort transaction of \$2.6 million. Excluding these incremental expenses, operating expense increased \$32.0 million, or 6.7%, for the nine months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the nine months ended April 30, 2012. Labor and labor-related benefits (excluding incremental expense from the Acquisitions) increased \$13.2 million, or 7.5%, primarily due to normal wage adjustments, higher bonus expense, increased staffing levels to support higher volumes primarily in ski school, mountain operations, on-mountain dining, summer operations and higher store labor primarily due to new retail stores. Retail cost of sales increased \$7.6 million, or 11.3%, primarily due to an increase in overall retail sales, including higher on-line sales which generates a lower gross margin. General and administrative expense (excluding incremental expense from the Acquisitions) increased \$5.4 million, or 6.3%, primarily due to higher Mountain segment component of allocated corporate costs including increased sales and marketing expense and higher costs associated with employee housing, and a shift in allocated corporate expenses to the Mountain segment, partially offset by lower employee medical costs.

Resort related fees (including Forest Services fees, other resort-related fees, credit card fees and commissions) increased \$2.2 million, or 5.6%, due to overall increases in revenue upon which those fees are based. Other expense (excluding incremental expense from the Acquisitions and Canyons Resort transaction costs) increased \$5.5 million, or 5.0%, which was driven by higher operating expenses including food and beverage cost of sales, rent expense, and supplies expense, partially offset by lower utilities expense.

Mountain equity investment income, net primarily includes our share of income from the operations of a real estate brokerage joint venture.

Lodging Segment

Three months ended April 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended April 30, 2012 Lodging segment operating results for the three months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 are presented by category as follows (in thousands, except average daily rates ("ADR") and revenue per available room ("RevPAR")):

	Three Months Ended		Percentage Increase	
	April 30,			
	2013	2012	(Decrease)	
Lodging net revenue:	*	* 4 0 4 5 0	- 0	
Owned hotel rooms	\$10,966	\$10,169	7.8	%
Managed condominium rooms	16,110	14,921	8.0	%
Dining	6,044	5,704	6.0	%
Transportation	8,756	8,097	8.1	%
Other	9,180	9,439	(2.7)%
	51,056	48,330	5.6	%
Payroll cost reimbursements	2,778	5,642	(50.8)%
Total Lodging net revenue	\$53,834	\$53,972	(0.3)%
Lodging operating expense:				
Labor and labor-related benefits	\$21,384	\$21,059	1.5	%
General and administrative	7,553	7,457	1.3	%
Other	13,731	12,945	6.1	%
	42,668	41,461	2.9	%
Reimbursed payroll costs	2,778	5,642	(50.8)%
Total Lodging operating expense	\$45,446	\$47,103	(3.5)%
Lodging Reported EBITDA	\$8,388	\$6,869	22.1	%
Owned hotel statistics:				
ADR	\$244.97	\$232.10	5.5	%
RevPar	\$157.73	\$140.14	12.6	%
Managed condominium statistics:				
ADR	\$382.80	\$376.71	1.6	%
RevPar	\$145.48	\$136.41	6.6	%
Owned hotel and managed condominium statistics				
(combined):				
ADR	\$330.70	\$321.48	2.9	%
RevPar	\$148.71			