

TOLL BROTHERS INC
Form 10-Q
June 04, 2015

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-09186

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

23-2416878

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

250 Gibraltar Road, Horsham, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)

(215) 938-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

At June 1, 2015, there were approximately 176,103,000 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.
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STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information included in this report or in other materials we have filed or will file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by us) contains or may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate to matters of strictly historical or factual nature and generally discuss or relate to future events. These statements contain words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “may,” “can,” “could,” “might,” “should,” and other words or phrases of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, information related to: anticipated operating results; home deliveries; financial resources and condition; changes in revenues; changes in profitability; changes in margins; changes in accounting treatment; cost of revenues; selling, general and administrative expenses; interest expense; inventory write-downs; unrecognized tax benefits; anticipated tax refunds; sales paces and prices; effects of home buyer cancellations; growth and expansion; joint ventures in which we are involved; anticipated results from our investments in unconsolidated entities; the ability to acquire land and pursue real estate opportunities; the ability to gain approvals and open new communities; the ability to sell homes and properties; the ability to deliver homes from backlog; the ability to secure materials and subcontractors; the ability to produce the liquidity and capital necessary to expand and take advantage of opportunities; and legal proceedings and claims.

From time to time, forward-looking statements also are included in other reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q, and 8-K, in press releases, in presentations, on our website, and in other materials released to the public. Any or all of the forward-looking statements included in this report and in any other reports or public statements made by us are not guarantees of future performance and may turn out to be inaccurate. This can occur as a result of incorrect assumptions or as a consequence of known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Many factors mentioned in this report or in other reports or public statements made by us, such as market conditions, government regulation and the competitive environment, will be important in determining our future performance. Consequently, actual results may differ materially from those that might be anticipated from our forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the captions “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC and in this report.

When this report uses the words “we,” “us,” “our,” and the “Company,” they refer to Toll Brothers, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. References herein to “fiscal 2014,” “fiscal 2013,” “fiscal 2012,” and “fiscal 2011” refer to our fiscal years ending October 31, 2014, October 31, 2013, October 31, 2012, and October 31, 2011, respectively. References herein to “fiscal 2015” refer to our fiscal year ending October 31, 2015.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands)

	April 30, 2015 (unaudited)	October 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$532,157	\$586,315
Marketable securities	10,015	12,026
Restricted cash	17,962	18,342
Inventory	6,724,343	6,490,321
Property, construction, and office equipment, net	141,143	143,010
Receivables, prepaid expenses, and other assets	258,958	251,572
Mortgage loans held for sale	80,864	101,944
Customer deposits held in escrow	44,399	42,073
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	467,259	447,078
Investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	65,938	73,800
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances	244,643	250,421
	\$8,587,681	\$8,416,902
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Loans payable	\$674,817	\$654,261
Senior notes	2,655,798	2,655,044
Mortgage company loan facility	70,052	90,281
Customer deposits	275,347	223,799
Accounts payable	233,675	225,347
Accrued expenses	586,411	581,477
Income taxes payable	37,641	125,996
Total liabilities	4,533,741	4,556,205
Equity		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, none issued	—	—
Common stock, 177,930 shares issued at both April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014	1,779	1,779
Additional paid-in capital	722,303	712,162
Retained earnings	3,381,290	3,232,035
Treasury stock, at cost — 1,830 and 2,884 shares at April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, respectively	(55,980)	(88,762)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,051)	(2,838)
Total stockholders' equity	4,046,341	3,854,376
Noncontrolling interest	7,599	6,321
Total equity	4,053,940	3,860,697
	\$8,587,681	\$8,416,902

See accompanying notes.

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues	\$1,706,035	\$1,504,055	\$852,583	\$860,374	
Cost of revenues	1,328,544	1,202,030	678,512	687,998	
Selling, general and administrative	213,999	202,190	107,685	104,320	
	1,542,543	1,404,220	786,197	792,318	
Income from operations	163,492	99,835	66,386	68,056	
Other:					
Income from unconsolidated entities	11,128	37,242	6,227	14,327	
Other income - net	35,935	27,642	13,919	11,101	
Income before income taxes	210,555	164,719	86,532	93,484	
Income tax provision	61,300	53,917	18,602	28,262	
Net income	\$149,255	\$110,802	\$67,930	\$65,222	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:					
Change in pension liability	(201	) 156	(23	) 103
Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities	2	(22	)	9
Unrealized (loss) income on derivative held by equity investee	(14) 223	(7) (18)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(213	) 357	(30	) 94
Total comprehensive income	\$149,042	\$111,159	\$67,900	\$65,316	
Income per share:					
Basic	\$0.85	\$0.63	\$0.38	\$0.37	
Diluted	\$0.81	\$0.60	\$0.37	\$0.35	
Weighted-average number of shares:					
Basic	176,267	177,278	176,458	178,082	
Diluted	184,472	185,665	184,838	186,442	
See accompanying notes.					

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Amounts in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Six months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flow used in operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 149,255	\$ 110,802
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	11,772	11,095
Stock-based compensation	12,552	12,294
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(3,045)	(1,841)
Income from unconsolidated entities	(11,128)	(37,242)
Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated entities	11,490	39,471
Income from distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	(5,205)	(7,934)
Deferred tax provision	7,197	18,864
Change in deferred tax valuation allowances	(1,290)	(1,226)
Inventory impairments and write-offs	13,310	3,906
Change in fair value of mortgage loans held for sale and derivative instruments	245	429
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(6)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in inventory	(201,915)	(319,826)
Origination of mortgage loans	(382,718)	(308,466)
Sale of mortgage loans	403,197	352,349
Decrease in restricted cash	380	9,494
Increase in receivables, prepaid expenses, and other assets	(14,387)	(4,587)
Increase in customer deposits	49,222	28,994
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,436	21,973
(Decrease) increase in income taxes payable	(85,310)	5,272
Net cash used in operating activities	(37,942)	(66,185)
Cash flow used in investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment — net	(5,884)	(5,767)
Sale and redemption of marketable securities	2,000	39,243
Investment in and advances to unconsolidated entities	(27,705)	(80,654)
Return of investments in unconsolidated entities	10,637	39,014
Investment in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	(1,697)	(757)
Return of investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	14,592	22,424
Net increase in cash from purchase of joint venture interest	3,848	
Acquisition of a business, net of cash acquired		(1,489,116)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,209)	(1,475,613)
Cash flow (used in) provided by financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes		600,000
Debt issuance costs for senior notes		(4,700)
Proceeds from loans payable	529,053	1,597,562
Debt issuance costs for loans payable		(3,005)
Principal payments of loans payable	(572,838)	(1,046,677)
Redemption of senior notes		(267,960)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock		220,357
Proceeds from stock-based benefit plans	34,057	23,333

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Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	3,045	1,841	
Purchase of treasury stock	(6,616) (185)
Receipts related to noncontrolling interest	1,292	81	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(12,007	) 1,120,647	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(54,158	) (421,151)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	586,315	772,972	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$532,157	\$351,821	
See accompanying notes.			

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TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Toll Brothers, Inc. (the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”), a Delaware corporation, and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Investments in 50% or less owned partnerships and affiliates are accounted for using the equity method unless it is determined that we have effective control of the entity, in which case we would consolidate the entity.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for interim financial information. The October 31, 2014 balance sheet amounts and disclosures included herein have been derived from our October 31, 2014 audited financial statements. Since the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for complete financial statements, we suggest that they be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly our financial position as of April 30, 2015, the results of our operations for the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, and our cash flows for the six-month periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2013-11, “Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists” (“ASU 2013-11”). ASU 2013-11 is intended to eliminate inconsistent practices regarding the presentation of unrecognized tax benefits when a net operating loss, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward is available to reduce the taxable income or tax payable that would result from the disallowance of a tax position. We adopted ASU 2013-11 on November 1, 2014 and the adoption did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

In April 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-04, “Liabilities” (“ASU 2013-04”), which provides guidance for the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation is fixed at the reporting date. We adopted ASU 2013-04 on November 1, 2014 and the adoption did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, “Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs” (“ASU 2015-03”), which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. ASU 2015-03 is effective for us beginning November 1, 2016. Upon adoption, we must apply the new guidance retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 is not expected to have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, “Consolidation (Topic 810) - Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis” (“ASU 2015-02”), which eliminates the deferral granted to investment companies from applying the variable interest entities (“VIEs”) guidance and makes targeted amendments to the current consolidation guidance. The new guidance applies to all entities involved with limited partnerships or similar entities and will require re-evaluation of these entities under the revised guidance which may change previous consolidation conclusions. ASU 2015-02 is effective for us beginning February 1, 2016, and, at that time, we may adopt the new standard retrospectively or use a modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact the adoption of

ASU 2015-02 will have on our condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09"), which provides guidance for revenue recognition. ASU 2014-09 affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets and supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, "Revenue Recognition-Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts." The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in

an amount that reflects the consideration to which a company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, companies will need to use more judgment and make more estimates than under the current guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 is effective for us beginning November 1, 2017, and, at that time, we may adopt the new standard under the full retrospective approach or the modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the method of adoption and the impact the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on our condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-04, "Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors" ("ASU 2014-04"), which clarifies when an in substance repossession or foreclosure of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan has occurred. By doing so, this guidance helps determine when the creditor should derecognize the loan receivable and recognize the real estate property. ASU 2014-04 is effective prospectively for us beginning November 1, 2015. The adoption of ASU 2014-04 is not expected to have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

2. Acquisition

On February 4, 2014, we completed our acquisition of Shapell Industries, Inc. ("Shapell") pursuant to the Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") dated November 6, 2013 with Shapell Investment Properties, Inc. ("SIPI"). We acquired all of the equity interests in Shapell from SIPI for \$1.49 billion, net of cash acquired (the "Acquisition"). We acquired the single-family residential real property development business of Shapell, including a portfolio of approximately 4,950 home sites in California, some of which we have sold to other builders. As part of the Acquisition, we assumed contracts to deliver 126 homes with an aggregate value of approximately \$105.3 million. We did not acquire the apartment and commercial rental properties owned and operated by Shapell (the "Shapell Commercial Properties") or Shapell's mortgage lending activities relating to its home building operations. Accordingly, the Purchase Agreement provides that SIPI will indemnify us for any loss arising out of or resulting from, among other things, (i) any liability (other than environmental losses, subject to certain exceptions) related to the Shapell Commercial Properties, and (ii) any liability (other than environmental losses, subject to certain exceptions) to the extent related to Shapell Mortgage, Inc. See Note 2, "Acquisitions" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2014 for additional information regarding the Acquisition.

In the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2014, we recorded acquisition-related costs of \$5.9 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, which are included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income within "Selling, general and administrative." Such costs were expensed as incurred in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805, "Business Combinations." There were no acquisition-related costs incurred in the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2015.

3. Inventory

Inventory at April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2015	October 31, 2014
Land controlled for future communities	\$58,985	\$122,533
Land owned for future communities	2,229,518	2,355,874
Operating communities	4,435,840	4,011,914
	\$6,724,343	\$6,490,321

Operating communities include communities offering homes for sale; communities that have sold all available home sites but have not completed delivery of the homes; communities that were previously offering homes for sale but are temporarily closed due to business conditions or non-availability of improved home sites and that are expected to reopen within twelve months of the end of the fiscal period being reported on; and communities preparing to open for sale. The carrying value attributable to operating communities includes the cost of homes under construction, land and land development costs, the carrying cost of home sites in current and future phases of these communities, and the carrying cost of model homes.

Communities that were previously offering homes for sale but are temporarily closed due to business conditions that do not have any remaining backlog and are not expected to reopen within twelve months of the end of the fiscal period being reported on have been classified as land owned for future communities. Backlog consists of homes under contract but not yet delivered to our home buyers (“backlog”).

Information regarding the classification, number, and carrying value of these temporarily closed communities, as of the dates indicated, is provided in the table below.

	April 30, 2015	October 31, 2014
Land owned for future communities:		
Number of communities	18	16
Carrying value (in thousands)	\$156,267	\$122,015
Operating communities:		
Number of communities	8	9
Carrying value (in thousands)	\$23,025	\$42,092

The amounts we have provided for inventory impairment charges and the expensing of costs that we believed not to be recoverable, for the periods indicated, are shown in the table below (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Land controlled for future communities	\$610	\$1,006	\$366	\$324
Land owned for future communities	700		700	
Operating communities	12,000	2,900	11,100	1,600
	\$13,310	\$3,906	\$12,166	\$1,924

See Note 13, "Fair Value Disclosures," for information regarding the number of operating communities that we tested for potential impairment, the number of operating communities in which we recognized impairment charges, the amount of impairment charges recognized, and the fair values of those communities, net of impairment charges.

See Note 15, "Commitments and Contingencies," for information regarding land purchase commitments.

At April 30, 2015, we evaluated our land purchase contracts to determine if any of the selling entities were VIEs and, if they were, whether we were the primary beneficiary of any of them. Under these land purchase contracts, we do not possess legal title to the land; our risk is generally limited to deposits paid to the sellers; and the creditors of the sellers generally have no recourse against us. At April 30, 2015, we determined that 55 land purchase contracts, with an aggregate purchase price of \$629.3 million, on which we had made aggregate deposits totaling \$29.7 million, were VIEs and that we were not the primary beneficiary of any VIE related to our land purchase contracts. At October 31, 2014, we determined that 63 land purchase contracts, with an aggregate purchase price of \$578.2 million, on which we had made aggregate deposits totaling \$30.7 million, were VIEs, and that we were not the primary beneficiary of any VIE related to our land purchase contracts.

Interest incurred, capitalized, and expensed, for the periods indicated, was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest capitalized, beginning of period	\$356,180	\$343,077	\$364,228	\$356,618
Interest incurred	80,458	82,628	39,954	42,684
Interest expensed to cost of revenues	(57,953	) (54,585	) (29,576	) (29,145
Write-off against other income	(1,738	) (1,039	) (410	) (722
Interest capitalized on investments in unconsolidated entities	(4,825	) (4,757	) (2,074	) (2,300
Previously capitalized interest on investments in unconsolidated entities transferred to inventory	772	1,811	772	
Interest capitalized, end of period	\$372,894	\$367,135	\$372,894	\$367,135

Inventory impairment charges are recognized against all inventory costs of a community, such as land, land improvements, cost of home construction, and capitalized interest. The amounts included in the table directly above reflect the gross amount of capitalized interest without allocation of any impairment charges recognized. We estimate that, had inventory impairment charges been allocated on a pro rata basis to the individual components of inventory,

capitalized interest at April 30, 2015 and 2014 would have been reduced by approximately \$33.7 million and \$35.4 million, respectively.

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4. Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Entities

We have investments in and advances to various unconsolidated entities. These joint ventures (i) develop land for use by certain joint venture participants and, in other cases, for sale to other third party builders (“Land Development Joint Ventures”); (ii) develop for-sale homes and condominiums (“Home Building Joint Ventures”); (iii) develop luxury for-rent residential apartments, commercial space and a hotel (“Rental Property Joint Ventures”), which includes our investments in Toll Brothers Realty Trust (the “Trust”) and Toll Brothers Realty Trust II (“Trust II”); and (iv) invest in a portfolio of distressed loans and real estate (“Structured Asset Joint Venture”).

The table below provides information, as of April 30, 2015, regarding active joint ventures that we are invested in, by joint venture category (\$ amounts in thousands):

	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Number of investments in unconsolidated entities	7	4	10	1	22
Investment in unconsolidated entities	\$ 144,103	\$ 205,253	\$ 100,939	\$ 16,964	\$ 467,259
Number of unconsolidated entities with funding commitments by the Company	4	2	4	—	10
Company's remaining funding commitment to unconsolidated entities	\$ 31,180	\$ 29,887	\$ 19,807	\$ —	\$ 80,874

Certain joint ventures in which we have investments obtained debt financing to finance a portion of their activities.

The table below provides information at April 30, 2015 regarding the debt financing obtained by category (\$ amounts in thousands):

	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Total
Number of joint ventures with debt financing	3	2	8	13
Aggregate loan commitments	\$ 175,000	\$ 222,000	\$ 734,685	\$ 1,131,685
Amounts borrowed under commitments	\$ 111,506	\$ 78,906	\$ 431,584	\$ 621,996

More specific and/or recent information regarding our investments in, advances to, and future commitments to these entities is provided below; such activity is also included in the summary information provided above.

Land Development Joint Ventures

See Note 15, "Commitments and Contingencies," for information regarding land purchase agreements that we have with our Land Development Joint Ventures.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we received approximately 48 home sites from a Land Development Joint Venture in consideration of our previous investment in the joint venture. In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, we received approximately 515 home sites from this venture. We have a commitment to this joint venture to fund approximately \$15.5 million which represents our expected share of the major infrastructure improvements related to this community. Contributions to this joint venture related to these improvements will be included in “Inventory” in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets when they are actually made.

Home Building Joint Ventures

In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we entered into a joint venture with an unrelated party to complete the development of a high-rise luxury condominium project in New York City on property that we owned. We contributed \$15.9 million as our initial contribution for a 25% interest in this joint venture. We sold the property to the joint venture for \$78.5 million and we were reimbursed for development and construction costs incurred by us prior to the sale. The gain of \$9.3 million that we achieved on the sale was deferred and will be recognized in our results of operations as units are sold and delivered to the ultimate home buyer. At April 30, 2015, we had an investment of \$16.7 million in

this joint venture. The joint venture entered into a construction loan agreement of \$124.0 million to fund the land purchase and a portion of the cost of the development of the property. At April 30, 2015, the joint venture had \$52.1 million borrowed under the construction loan.

We have an investment in a joint venture in which we have a 50% interest to develop a high-rise luxury condominium project in conjunction with a luxury hotel in New York City. At April 30, 2015, we had invested \$28.6 million in this joint venture and

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expect to make additional investments of approximately \$21.6 million for the development of this project. In November 2014, this joint venture, along with the hotel joint venture discussed in Rental Property Joint Ventures below, entered into a \$160.0 million construction loan agreement to complete the construction of the condominiums and hotel. At April 30, 2015, this joint venture had \$26.8 million of outstanding borrowings under the loan agreement. We have invested in a joint venture in which we have a 50% voting interest to develop 400 Park Avenue South, a high-rise luxury for-sale/rental project in New York City. At April 30, 2015, we had an investment of \$132.0 million in this joint venture. Pursuant to the terms of the joint venture agreement, following completion of the construction of the building's structure, we will acquire, with no additional consideration due from us, ownership of the top 18 floors of the building to sell, for our own account, luxury condominium units. Our partner will receive ownership of the lower floors containing residential rental units and retail space, with no additional consideration due from them. We expect to receive title to our floors during our third quarter of fiscal 2015. At the time of transfer, our investment in this joint venture will be reclassified from "Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities" on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet to "Inventory." Contracts at 400 Park Avenue South have always been reported as if the project was wholly owned.

Rental Property Joint Ventures

In the second quarter of fiscal 2015, we entered into two joint ventures with an unrelated party to develop luxury for-rent residential apartment buildings. Prior to the formation of these joint ventures, we acquired the properties, through two 100%-owned entities, and incurred \$18.8 million of land and land development costs. Our partner acquired a 75% interest in each of these entities for \$14.5 million, of which \$2.3 million was unpaid as of April 30, 2015. At April 30, 2015, we had a combined investment of \$5.0 million and funding commitments of \$5.5 million in these ventures. In addition, in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, one of the joint ventures entered into a \$39.0 million construction loan agreement with two banks to finance the development of this project. At April 30, 2015, this joint venture had no borrowings under the construction loan agreement. The second joint venture expects to enter into a construction loan agreement during the second half of fiscal 2015.

We have an investment in a joint venture in which we have a 50% interest to develop a luxury hotel in conjunction with a high-rise luxury condominium project in the urban New York market. At April 30, 2015, we had invested \$16.8 million in this joint venture and expect to make additional investments of approximately \$13.9 million for the development of the hotel. In November 2014, this joint venture, along with a joint venture discussed in Home Building Joint Ventures above, entered into a \$160.0 million construction loan agreement to complete the construction of the condominiums and the hotel. At April 30, 2015, this joint venture had \$12.4 million of outstanding borrowings under the loan agreement.

In fiscal 2005, we, together with an unrelated party, formed Trust II to invest in commercial real estate opportunities. Trust II is owned 50% by us and 50% by our partner. In December 2013, Trust II sold substantially all of its assets to an unrelated party. As a result of this sale, we realized income of approximately \$23.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, representing our share of the gain on the sale. Our share of the gain on sale of assets is included in "Income from unconsolidated entities" for the six months ended April 30, 2014 in our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income. In December 2013, we received a \$20.0 million cash distribution from Trust II. In addition, in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, we recognized \$2.9 million in previously deferred gains on our initial sales of the properties to Trust II. This gain is included in "Other income - net," for the six months ended April 30, 2014, in our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income. At April 30, 2015, we had an investment of \$0.7 million in Trust II.

In 1998, prior to the formation of Trust II, we formed the Trust to invest in commercial real estate opportunities. The Trust is effectively owned one-third by us; one-third by Robert I. Toll, Bruce E. Toll (and members of his family), Douglas C. Yearley, Jr. and former members of our senior management; and one-third by an unrelated party. As of April 30, 2015, our investment in the Trust was zero as distributions received from the Trust were in excess of the carrying amount of our net investment. We provide development, finance, and management services to the Trust and recognized fees under the terms of various agreements in the amounts of \$1.2 million and \$1.7 million in the six-month periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million in the three-month periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we received a \$2.0 million

distribution from the Trust which is included in “Income from unconsolidated entities” in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, the Trust refinanced the mortgage on one of its properties and distributed \$36.0 million of the net proceeds from the refinancing to its partners. We received \$12.0 million as our share of the proceeds and recognized this distribution as income in the second quarter of fiscal 2014.

Guarantees

The unconsolidated entities in which we have investments generally finance their activities with a combination of partner equity and debt financing. In some instances, we and our partners have guaranteed debt of certain unconsolidated entities. These guarantees may include any, or all, of the following: (i) project completion guarantees, including any cost overruns; (ii)

repayment guarantees, generally covering a percentage of the outstanding loan; (iii) guarantees of indemnities provided to the lender by the unconsolidated entity with regard to environmental matters; (iv) a hazardous material indemnity that holds the lender harmless for any liability it may suffer from the threat or presence of any hazardous or toxic substances at or near the property covered by a loan; and (v) indemnification of the lender from “bad boy acts” of the unconsolidated entity.

In some instances, the guarantees provided in connection with loans to an unconsolidated entity are joint and several. In these situations, we generally have a reimbursement agreement with our partner that provides that neither party is responsible for more than its proportionate share or agreed-upon share of the guarantee; however, if a joint venture partner does not have adequate financial resources to meet its obligations under the reimbursement agreement, we may be liable for more than our proportionate share.

We believe that, as of April 30, 2015, in the event we become legally obligated to perform under a guarantee of the obligation of an unconsolidated entity due to a triggering event, the collateral in such entity should be sufficient to repay a significant portion of the obligation. If it is not, we and our partners would need to contribute additional capital to the venture. At April 30, 2015, the unconsolidated entities that have guarantees related to debt had loan commitments aggregating \$922.2 million and had borrowed an aggregate of \$412.5 million. The terms of these guarantees generally range from seven months to 60 months. We estimate that the maximum potential exposure under these guarantees, if the full amount of the loan commitments were borrowed, would be \$922.2 million before any reimbursement from our partners. Based on the amounts borrowed at April 30, 2015, our maximum potential exposure under these guarantees is estimated to be approximately \$412.5 million before any reimbursement from our partners. In addition, we have guaranteed approximately \$10.9 million of ground lease payments and insurance deductibles for three joint ventures.

As of April 30, 2015, the estimated aggregate fair value of the guarantees provided by us related to debt and other obligations of certain unconsolidated entities was approximately \$4.5 million. We have not made payments under any of the guarantees, nor have we been called upon to do so.

Variable Interest Entities

At April 30, 2015, we determined that one of our joint ventures was a VIE under the guidance within ASC 810, “Consolidation.” At October 31, 2014, we had determined that three of our joint ventures were VIEs under this guidance; we have concluded that we were not the primary beneficiary of the VIEs because the power to direct the activities of these VIEs that most significantly impact their performance was shared by us and the VIEs’ other members. Business plans, budgets, and other major decisions are required to be unanimously approved by all members. Management and other fees earned by us are nominal and believed to be at market rates, and there is no significant economic disproportionality between us and the other members. The information presented below regarding the investments, commitments, and guarantees in unconsolidated entities deemed to be VIEs is also included in the information provided above.

At April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, our investments in unconsolidated joint ventures deemed to be VIEs, which are included in “Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, totaled \$7.0 million and \$46.4 million, respectively. At April 30, 2015, the maximum exposure of loss to our investment in the unconsolidated joint venture that is a VIE is limited to our investment in the unconsolidated VIE, except with regard to \$0.4 million of additional commitments to the VIE. At October 31, 2014, the maximum exposure of loss to our investment in unconsolidated joint ventures that are VIEs is limited to our investment in the unconsolidated VIEs, except with regard to \$43.4 million of additional commitments to fund the joint ventures and a \$9.1 million guaranty of ground lease payments.

Joint Venture Condensed Financial Information

The Condensed Balance Sheets, as of the dates indicated, and the Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the periods indicated, for the unconsolidated entities in which we have an investment, aggregated by type of business, are included below (in thousands).

Condensed Balance Sheets:

	April 30, 2015				
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$29,519	\$13,378	\$32,607	\$13,347	\$88,851
Inventory	245,998	627,461			873,459
Non-performing loan portfolio				41,522	41,522
Rental properties			245,087		245,087
Rental properties under development			330,394		330,394
Real estate owned ("REO")				162,843	162,843
Other assets (1)	55,346	69,551	12,773	77,990	215,660
Total assets	\$330,863	\$710,390	\$620,861	\$295,702	\$1,957,816
Debt (1)	\$112,620	\$86,186	\$431,584	\$77,950	\$708,340
Other liabilities	31,308	56,870	29,922	5	118,105
Members' equity	186,935	567,334	159,355	87,111	1,000,735
Noncontrolling interest				130,636	130,636
Total liabilities and equity	\$330,863	\$710,390	\$620,861	\$295,702	\$1,957,816
Company's net investment in unconsolidated entities (2)	\$144,103	\$205,253	\$100,939	\$16,964	\$467,259

	October 31, 2014				
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$31,968	\$21,821	\$33,040	\$23,462	\$110,291
Inventory	258,092	465,144			723,236
Non-performing loan portfolio				57,641	57,641
Rental properties			140,238		140,238
Rental properties under development			327,315		327,315
Real estate owned ("REO")				184,753	184,753
Other assets (1)	30,166	75,164	14,333	77,986	197,649
Total assets	\$320,226	\$562,129	\$514,926	\$343,842	\$1,741,123
Debt (1)	\$102,042	\$8,713	\$333,128	\$77,950	\$521,833
Other liabilities	23,854	56,665	43,088	177	123,784
Members' equity	194,330	496,751	138,710	106,298	936,089
Noncontrolling interest				159,417	159,417
Total liabilities and equity	\$320,226	\$562,129	\$514,926	\$343,842	\$1,741,123
Company's net investment in unconsolidated entities (2)	\$140,221	\$189,509	\$97,353	\$19,995	\$447,078

(1) Included in other assets of the Structured Asset Joint Venture at April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 is \$78.0 million of restricted cash held in a defeasance account which will be used to repay debt of the Structured Asset

Joint Venture.

Differences between our net investment in unconsolidated entities and our underlying equity in the net assets of the entities are primarily a result of the acquisition price of an investment in a land development joint venture in fiscal (2) 2012 that was in excess of our pro-rata share of the underlying equity; impairments related to our investment in unconsolidated entities; a loan made to one of the entities by us; interest capitalized on our investment; the estimated fair value of the guarantees provided to the joint ventures; and distributions from entities in excess of the carrying amount of our net investment.

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income:

	For the six months ended April 30, 2015					
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture		Total
Revenues	\$31,759	\$36,259	\$15,327	\$2,961		\$86,306
Cost of revenues	16,116	31,358	7,227	8,848		63,549
Other expenses	533	2,876	8,698	592		12,699
Total expenses	16,649	34,234	15,925	9,440		76,248
Gain on disposition of loans and REO				23,586		23,586
Income (loss) from operations	15,110	2,025	(598	) 17,107		33,644
Other income	11	341		1,355		1,707
Net income (loss)	15,121	2,366	(598	) 18,462		35,351
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(11,077	)	(11,077
Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interest	15,121	2,366	(598	) 7,385		24,274
Other comprehensive loss			(45	)		(45
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$15,121	\$2,366	\$(643	) \$7,385		\$24,229
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$5,381	\$1,458	\$2,815	\$1,474		\$11,128

	For the six months ended April 30, 2014					
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture		Total
Revenues	\$111,950	\$23,228	\$17,006	\$3,789		\$155,973
Cost of revenues	62,170	21,825	7,390	6,482		97,867
Other expenses	465	2,047	21,558	874		24,944
Total expenses	62,635	23,872	28,948	7,356		122,811
Gain on disposition of loans and REO				6,458		6,458
Income (loss) from operations	49,315	(644	) (11,942	) 2,891		39,620
Other income	5	201	43,199	1,533		44,938
Net income (loss)	49,320	(443	) 31,257	4,424		84,558
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(2,654	)	(2,654
Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interest	49,320	(443	) 31,257	1,770		81,904
Other comprehensive income			729			729
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$49,320	\$(443	) \$31,986	\$1,770		\$82,633
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$103	\$327	\$36,622	\$190		\$37,242

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	For the three months ended April 30, 2015				
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Revenues	\$13,484	\$16,965	\$7,716	\$2,072	\$40,237
Cost of revenues	6,486	14,445	3,958	2,773	27,662
Other expenses	299	1,301	4,309	266	6,175
Total expenses	6,785	15,746	8,267	3,039	33,837
Gain on disposition of loans and REO				15,955	15,955
Income (loss) from operations	6,699	1,219	(551)	14,988	22,355
Other income	11	268		768	1,047
Net income (loss)	6,710	1,487	(551)	15,756	23,402
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(9,454)	(9,454)
Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interest	6,710	1,487	(551)	6,302	13,948
Other comprehensive loss			(23)		(23)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$6,710	\$1,487	\$(574)	\$6,302	\$13,925
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$2,939	\$916	\$1,114	\$1,258	\$6,227

	For the three months ended April 30, 2014				
	Land Development Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Rental Property Joint Ventures	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Revenues	\$110,406	\$11,647	\$7,557	\$3,505	\$133,115
Cost of revenues	61,488	11,451	3,419	4,132	80,490
Other expenses	210	1,047	9,504	415	11,176
Total expenses	61,698	12,498	12,923	4,547	91,666
Gain on disposition of loans and REO				2,551	2,551
Income (loss) from operations	48,708	(851)	(5,366)	1,509	44,000
Other income	4	162	342	1,409	1,917
Net income (loss)	48,712	(689)	(5,024)	2,918	45,917
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(1,751)	(1,751)
Net income (loss) attributable to controlling interest	48,712	(689)	(5,024)	1,167	44,166
Other comprehensive loss			(56)		(56)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$48,712	\$(689)	\$(5,080)	\$1,167	\$44,110
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$135	\$145	\$12,872	\$1,175	\$14,327

(3) Differences between our equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities and the underlying net income (loss) of the entities are primarily a result of a basis difference of an acquired joint venture interest, distributions from entities in excess of the carrying amount of our net investment, and our share of the entities' profits related to home sites purchased by us which reduces our cost basis of the home sites acquired.

5. Investments in Distressed Loans and Foreclosed Real Estate

Investments in distressed loans and REO consisted of the following as of the dates indicated (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2015	October 31, 2014
Investment in distressed loans	\$2,258	\$4,001
Investment in REO	63,680	69,799
	\$65,938	\$73,800

In prior periods, we presented our investments in distressed loans and REO in two separate line items on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at October 31, 2014 has been reclassified to conform to the fiscal 2015 presentation.

Investments in Distressed Loans

Our investments in distressed loans represent non-performing loans classified as nonaccrual in accordance with ASC 310-10, "Receivable." Interest income is not recognized on nonaccrual loans. When a loan is classified as nonaccrual, any subsequent cash receipt is accounted for using the cost recovery method.

Investments in REO

The table below provides, for the periods indicated, the activity in REO (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$69,799	\$72,972	\$66,934	\$79,267
Additions	1,904	8,036	227	871
Sales	(7,668)	(4,192)	(3,382)	(3,384)
Impairments	(183)	(2)	(14)	(2)
Depreciation	(172)	(162)	(85)	(100)
Balance, end of period	\$63,680	\$76,652	\$63,680	\$76,652

As of April 30, 2015, approximately \$10.2 million and \$53.5 million of REO was classified as held-for-sale and held-and-used, respectively. As of April 30, 2014, approximately \$7.2 million and \$69.5 million of REO was classified as held-for-sale and held-and-used, respectively. The table below provides, for the periods indicated, gains we recorded from the acquisitions of REO through foreclosure (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gains from acquisition of REO through foreclosure	\$230	\$1,523	\$—	\$5

6. Loans Payable, Senior Notes and Mortgage Company Loan Facility

Loans Payable

At April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, loans payable consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2015	October 31, 2014
Senior unsecured term loan	\$500,000	\$500,000
Loans payable - other	174,817	154,261
	\$674,817	\$654,261

Senior Unsecured Term Loan

On February 3, 2014, we entered into a five-year senior, \$485.0 million, unsecured term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility") with a syndicate of banks. We borrowed the full amount of the Term Loan Facility on February 3, 2014. In October 2014, we increased the Term Loan Facility by \$15.0 million and borrowed the full amount of the increase. At April 30, 2015, the interest rate on borrowings under the Term Loan Facility was 1.59% per annum.

We and substantially all of our 100%-owned home building subsidiaries are guarantors under the Term Loan Facility. The Term Loan Facility contains substantially the same financial covenants as our Credit Facility, as described below. The Term Loan Facility will mature and amounts owing thereunder will become due and payable on February 3, 2019.

Loans Payable - Other

Our “Loans payable - other” represent purchase money mortgages on properties we acquired that the seller had financed and various revenue bonds that were issued by government entities on our behalf to finance community infrastructure and our manufacturing facilities. At April 30, 2015, the weighted-average interest rate on “Loans payable - other” was 4.20% per annum.

Credit Facility

On August 1, 2013, we entered into a \$1.035 billion unsecured, five-year revolving credit facility (“Credit Facility”) with a syndicate of banks (“Aggregate Credit Commitment”). The commitments under the Credit Facility are scheduled to expire on August 1, 2018. We are obligated to pay an undrawn commitment fee to the lenders under the Credit Facility which is based on the average daily unused amount of the Aggregate Credit Commitment and our leverage ratio. Any proceeds from borrowings under the Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes. We and substantially all of our 100%-owned home building subsidiaries are guarantors under the Credit Facility.

Under the terms of the Credit Facility, our maximum leverage ratio (as defined in the credit agreement) may not exceed 1.75 to 1.00 and we are required to maintain a minimum tangible net worth (as defined in the credit agreement) of no less than approximately \$2.57 billion. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, at April 30, 2015, our leverage ratio was approximately 0.70 to 1.00 and our tangible net worth was approximately \$4.00 billion. Based upon the minimum tangible net worth requirement in the Credit Facility, our ability to repurchase our common stock was limited to approximately \$1.89 billion as of April 30, 2015.

At April 30, 2015, we had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility and had outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$97.8 million. See “Subsequent Events” below.

Senior Notes

At April 30, 2015, we, through Toll Brothers Finance Corp, had eight issues of Senior Notes outstanding with an aggregate principal amount of \$2.66 billion.

In March 2014, we repaid the \$268.0 million of the then outstanding principal amount of 4.95% Senior Notes due March 15, 2014.

In November 2013, we issued \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.0% Senior Notes due 2018 (the “4.0% Senior Notes”) and \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2024 (the “5.625% Senior Notes”). We received \$596.2 million of net proceeds from the issuance of the 4.0% Senior Notes and the 5.625% Senior Notes.

Subsequent Events

In May 2015, we repaid, at maturity, the \$300.0 million of outstanding 5.15% Senior Notes due May 15, 2015 using available cash and \$250.0 million of borrowings under the Credit Facility.

Mortgage Company Loan Facility

In July 2014, TBI Mortgage[®] Company (“TBI Mortgage”), our wholly-owned mortgage subsidiary, amended its Master Repurchase Agreement (the “Repurchase Agreement”) with Comerica Bank. The purpose of the Repurchase Agreement is to finance the origination of mortgage loans by TBI Mortgage, and the Repurchase Agreement is accounted for as a secured borrowing under ASC 860, “Transfers and Servicing.” The Repurchase Agreement, as amended, provides for loan purchases up to \$50.0 million, subject to certain sublimits. In addition, the Repurchase Agreement provides for an accordion feature under which TBI Mortgage may request that the aggregate commitments under the Repurchase Agreement be increased to an amount up to \$100.0 million for a short period of time. The Repurchase Agreement, as amended, expires on July 21, 2015 and borrowings thereunder bear interest at LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum, with a minimum rate of 2.00%. At April 30, 2015, the interest rate on the Repurchase Agreement was 2.18% per annum. At April 30, 2015, we had \$70.1 million of outstanding borrowings under the Repurchase Agreement.

7. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014 consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2015	October 31, 2014
Land, land development and construction	\$107,041	\$124,816
Compensation and employee benefits	125,306	118,607
Self-insurance	108,575	100,407
Warranty	83,057	86,282
Interest	33,436	33,993
Commitments to unconsolidated entities	4,919	3,293
Other	124,077	114,079
	\$586,411	\$581,477

Prior to the third quarter of fiscal 2014, we received stucco-related claims in certain completed communities located in Pennsylvania and Delaware, which are in our Mid-Atlantic region. During the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the rate of claims increased. Through the third quarter of fiscal 2014, we believed that our warranty accruals, self-insurance accruals, and our liability insurance were adequate to cover our cost of repairs for those claims. The rate of claims continued to increase during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. In response, we undertook a comprehensive review of homes in completed communities built during fiscal 2003 through fiscal 2009 in Pennsylvania and Delaware. Our review revealed that additional stucco-related repairs will likely be needed in certain communities. As of October 31, 2014, we estimated our potential liability for known and unknown claims to be approximately \$54.0 million, of which we expect to recover approximately 40% from our outside insurance carriers. In addition to previously recognized warranty and self-insurance accruals, we recognized a \$25.0 million additional charge in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014 for estimated repair costs. Our review included an analysis of the number of claims received, our inspection to-date of homes, an estimate of the number of homes we expect to repair and the extent of such repairs, and the amount of warranty and self-insurance reserves already recorded. We continue to review our potential liability for these claims and at April 30, 2015, we believe that our existing reserves and insurance were sufficient. We will continue to review and analyze these claims as they are submitted, and, due to the degree of judgment required and the potential for variability in our underlying assumptions, our actual future costs could differ from those estimated. The above charge was included in "Cost of revenues" in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2014.

We have received construction claims brought by three related multifamily community associations in the West region alleging issues with design and construction and damage to exterior common area elements. Our investigations of these matters are in the very early stages. We believe we have coverage under multiple owner controlled insurance policies with deductibles or self-insured retention requirements that vary from policy year to policy year. Our review of these matters is ongoing, and, due to the degree of judgment required, the potential for variability in our underlying assumptions, and the availability of insurance coverage, our actual future costs could differ from our estimates.

We do not believe that any resolution of the above matters in excess of the amounts currently accrued would be material to our financial condition.

We accrue for expected warranty costs at the time each home is closed and title and possession are transferred to the home buyer. Warranty costs are accrued based upon historical experience. The table below provides, for the periods indicated, a reconciliation of the changes in our warranty accrual (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$86,282	\$43,819	\$84,695	\$42,688
Additions - homes closed during the period	8,253	7,302	4,335	4,205
Addition - Shapell liabilities acquired		9,244		9,244
	1,309	1,421	441	1,077

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Increase in accruals for homes closed in
prior years

Charges incurred	(12,787) (9,207) (6,414) (4,635)
Balance, end of period	\$83,057	\$52,579	\$83,057	\$52,579	

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8. Income Taxes

We recorded an income tax provision of \$61.3 million and \$53.9 million for the six months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The effective tax rate for the six months ended April 30, 2015 was 29.1%, compared to 32.7% for the six months ended April 30, 2014. The income tax provisions for both periods included tax benefits related to the utilization of domestic production activities deductions and other permanent differences, offset by the provision for state income taxes and interest accrued on unrecognized tax benefits. The income tax provision for the six months ended April 30, 2015 also benefited from a \$13.7 million reversal of a previously recognized tax provision related to a settlement with a taxing jurisdiction. The income tax provision for the six months ended April 30, 2014 also benefited from the reversal of a previously recognized tax provision related to the expiration of the statute of limitations and the settlement of a state income tax audit.

We recorded an income tax provision of \$18.6 million and \$28.3 million for the three months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2015 was 21.5%, compared to 30.2% for the three months ended April 30, 2014. The income tax provisions for both periods included tax benefits related to the utilization of domestic production activities deductions and other permanent differences, offset by the provision for state income taxes and interest accrued on unrecognized tax benefits. The income tax provision for three months ended April 30, 2015 also benefited from a \$13.7 million reversal of a previously recognized tax provision related to a settlement with a taxing jurisdiction. The income tax provision for the three months ended April 30, 2014 also benefited from the reversal of a previously recognized tax provision related to the expiration of the statute of limitations and the settlement of a state income tax audit.

We currently operate in 19 states and are subject to various state tax jurisdictions. We estimate our state tax liability based upon the individual taxing authorities' regulations, estimates of income by taxing jurisdiction, and our ability to utilize certain tax-saving strategies. Based on our estimate of the allocation of income or loss among the various taxing jurisdictions and changes in tax regulations and their impact on our tax strategies, we estimate our rate for the full fiscal year for state income taxes at 6.7% and 7.2% for fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively.

For state tax purposes, due to past and projected losses in certain jurisdictions where we do not have carryback potential and/or cannot sufficiently forecast future taxable income, we recognized net cumulative valuation allowances against our state deferred tax assets of \$42.5 million and \$43.8 million as of April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, respectively.

At April 30, 2015, we had \$45.6 million of gross unrecognized tax benefits, including interest and penalties. If these unrecognized tax benefits reverse in the future, they would have a beneficial impact on our effective tax rate at that time. During the next 12 months, it is reasonably possible that our unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by up to \$10.8 million, primarily due to the expiration of certain statutes of limitations and potential settlements with taxing jurisdictions.

9. Stock-Based Benefit Plans

We grant stock options and various types of restricted stock units to our employees and our non-employee directors. Additionally, we have an employee stock purchase plan that allows employees to purchase our stock at a discount. Information regarding the amount of total stock-based compensation expense and tax benefit recognized by us, for the periods indicated, is as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April		Three months ended	
	2015	2014	April 30,	2014
Total stock-based compensation expense recognized	\$12,552	\$12,294	\$5,106	\$4,625
Income tax benefit recognized	\$4,736	\$4,619	\$1,927	\$1,647

At April 30, 2015 and October 31, 2014, the aggregate unamortized value of outstanding stock-based compensation awards was approximately \$34.8 million and \$24.0 million, respectively.

10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The tables below provide, for the periods indicated, the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30, 2015			
	Employee retirement plans	Available-for-sale securities	Derivative instruments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (2,789)	) \$ (2)	) \$ (47)	) \$ (2,838)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(754)	) 3	(22)	) (773)
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	432			432
Income tax benefit (expense)	121	(1)	8	128
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(201)	) 2	(14)	) (213)
Balance, end of period	\$ (2,990)	) \$ —	) \$ (61)	) \$ (3,051)
	Six months ended April 30, 2014			
	Employee retirement plans	Available-for-sale securities	Derivative instruments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (2,112)	) \$ (5)	) \$ (270)	) \$ (2,387)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(77)	) (29)	) 365	) 259
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	328	(6)	)	322
Income tax (expense) benefit	(95)	) 13	(142)	) (224)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	156	(22)	) 223	) 357
Balance, end of period	\$ (1,956)	) \$ (27)	) \$ (47)	) \$ (2,030)
	Three months ended April 30, 2015			
	Employee retirement plans	Available-for-sale securities	Derivative instruments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (2,967)	) \$ —	) \$ (54)	) \$ (3,021)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(253)	)	(11)	) (264)
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	216			216
Income tax benefit	14		4	18
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(23)	) —	(7)	) (30)
Balance, end of period	\$ (2,990)	) \$ —	) \$ (61)	) \$ (3,051)
	Three months ended April 30, 2014			
	Employee retirement plans	Available-for-sale securities	Derivative instruments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (2,059)	) \$ (36)	) \$ (29)	) \$ (2,124)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications			(28)	) (28)
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	164	15		179