Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. Form 10-Q May 03, 2017

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-35908

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland	46-1214914
(State of Organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

222 Central Park Avenue, Suite 210023462Virginia Beach, Virginia23462(Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)

(757) 366-4000 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated

filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of May 1, 2017, the Registrant had 38,015,135 shares of common stock outstanding.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

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PART I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except par value and share data)

	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
Real estate investments:	¢ 0.00 50(¢ 004 070
Income producing property	\$ 898,526	\$ 894,078
Held for development	8,042	680 12,520
Construction in progress	19,198	13,529
	925,766	908,287
Accumulated depreciation) (139,553)
Net real estate investments	779,785	768,734
Cash and cash equivalents	10,039	21,942
Restricted cash	3,649	3,251
Accounts receivable, net	14,122	15,052
Notes receivable	60,959	59,546
Construction receivables, including retentions	50,151	39,433
Construction contract costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	812	110
Equity method investments	10,794	10,235
Other assets	62,593	64,165
Total Assets	\$992,904	\$ 982,468
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	¢ 500 00 1	¢ 500 100
Indebtedness, net	\$ 522,394	\$ 522,180
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,008	10,804
Construction payables, including retentions	57,457	51,130
Billings in excess of construction contract costs and estimated earnings	9,823	10,167
Other liabilities	39,107	39,209
Total Liabilities	\$639,789	\$ 633,490
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	2,000	_
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 37,813,127 and 27,400 2(1 characterized and external increases of March 21, 2017 and December 21, 2017	277	274
37,490,361 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	377	374
Additional paid-in capital	199,923	197,114
Distributions in excess of earnings	(50,629) (49,345)
Total stockholders' equity	149,671	148,143
Noncontrolling interests	201,444	200,835
Total Equity	351,115	348,978

Total Liabilities and Equity

\$992,904 \$982,468

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

(Chaudheu)	Three Mo Ended March 3	1,
	2017	2016
Revenues	ф од оро	¢ 00 000
Rental revenues	\$27,232	\$23,283
General contracting and real estate services revenues	63,519	36,803
Total revenues	90,751	60,086
Expenses		
Rental expenses	6,068	5,329
Real estate taxes	2,509	2,349
General contracting and real estate services expenses	61,196	35,037
Depreciation and amortization	9,475	8,149
General and administrative expenses	2,986	2,484
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs	47	704
Impairment charges	4	35
Total expenses	82,285	54,087
Operating income	8,466	5,999
Interest income	1,398	182
Interest expense	(4,535)	(3,791)
Gain on real estate dispositions	3,395	26,674
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	294	(2,389)
Other income	37	76
Income before taxes	9,055	26,751
Income tax provision	(302)	(218)
Net income	8,753	26,533
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,817)	(9,163)
Net income attributable to stockholders	\$5,936	\$17,370
Net income attributable to stockholders per share (basic and diluted)	\$0.16	\$0.57
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (basic and diluted)	37,622	30,191
Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit	\$0.19	\$0.18

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity

(In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Shares of common stock	Commo Stock	Additional n paid-in capital	Distribution in excess of earnings	sTotal stockholder equity	's' Noncontroll interests	ingTotal Equity
Balance, January 1, 2017	37,490,361	\$ 374	\$197,114	\$(49,345)	\$148,143	\$ 200,835	\$348,978
Net income				5,936	5,936	2,817	8,753
Net proceeds from sales of common stock	248,559	2	3,360		3,362		3,362
Restricted stock awards	94,991	1	735		736		736
Restricted stock award forfeitures	(20,784)	·	(289)	—	(289) —	(289)
Acquisitions of noncontrolling interests in real estate investments	_		(987)	_	(987) 982	(5)
Redemption of operating partnership units		_	(10)		(10) (40) (50)
Dividends and distributions declared	—	—	—	(7,220)	(7,220) (3,150) (10,370)
Balance, March 31, 2017	37,813,127	\$ 377	\$199,923	\$(50,629)	\$ 149,671	\$ 201,444	\$351,115

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)		
	Three Mo	onths
	Ended	
	March 31	l ,
	2017	2016
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$8,753	\$26,533
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of buildings and tenant improvements	6,473	5,468
Amortization of leasing costs and in-place lease intangibles	3,002	2,681
Accrued straight-line rental revenue	-	(188)
Amortization of leasing incentives and above or below-market rents	· /	6
Accrued straight-line ground rent expense	138	66
Bad debt expense	68	45
Noncash stock compensation	411	437
Impairment charges	4	35
Noncash interest expense	277	191
Gain on real estate dispositions		(26,674)
Change in the fair value of derivatives		2,389
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(294)	2,309
Property assets	1,024	218
	,	
Property liabilities Construction assets	. ,	
	(13,137)	
Construction liabilities		(4,070)
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,907	11,308
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	$(C \land F C)$	(10.777)
Development of real estate investments		(19,777)
Tenant and building improvements		(1,309)
Acquisitions of real estate investments, net of cash received		(165,161)
Dispositions of real estate investments		-
Notes receivable issuances	(1,413)	
(Decrease) increase in restricted cash		(13)
Leasing costs	(493)	(490)
Leasing incentives		(22)
Contributions to equity method investments		(5,440)
Net cash used for investing activities	(13,347)	(111,103)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales of common stock	3,523	10,089
Offering costs	(161)	(273)
Debt issuances, credit facility and construction loan borrowings	44,952	144,684
Debt and credit facility repayments, including principal amortization	(44,530)	(54,821)
Debt issuance costs	(471)	(442)
Redemption of operating partnership units	(50)	
Dividends and distributions	(9,726)	(7,621)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(6,463)	91,616
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,903)	(8,179)

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Supplemental Disclosures:	21,942 \$10,039	26,989 \$18,810
Noncash transactions:	\$2 000	¢
Redeemable noncontrolling interest from development	\$2,000	\$—
Deferred payment for land acquisition	\$600	\$—
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.		

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Business of Organization

Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. (the "Company") is a full service real estate company with extensive experience developing, building, owning and managing high-quality, institutional-grade office, retail and multifamily properties in attractive markets primarily throughout the Mid-Atlantic United States. The Company is the sole general partner of Armada Hoffler, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"). The operations of the Company are carried on primarily through the Operating Partnership and the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership. Both the Company and the Operating Partnership were formed on October 12, 2012 and commenced operations upon completion of the underwritten initial public offering of shares of the Company's common stock and certain related formation transactions on May 13, 2013.

As of March 31, 2017, the Company's operating property portfolio consisted of the following properties:

Property	Segment	Location	Owne	-
4525 Main Street	Office	Vincinia Daach Vincinia*	Intere 100	
Armada Hoffler Tower	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	% %
	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	70 %
Commonwealth of Virginia - Chesapeake		Chesapeake, Virginia		
Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia Beach	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
One Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Two Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
249 Central Park Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Alexander Pointe	Retail	Salisbury, North Carolina	100	%
Bermuda Crossroads	Retail	Chester, Virginia	100	%
Broad Creek Shopping Center	Retail	Norfolk, Virginia	100	%
Broadmoor Plaza	Retail	South Bend, Indiana	100	%
Brooks Crossing ⁽¹⁾	Retail	Newport News, Virginia	65	%
Columbus Village	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Columbus Village II	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Commerce Street Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Courthouse 7-Eleven	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
Dick's at Town Center	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Dimmock Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia	100	%
Fountain Plaza Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Gainsborough Square	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia	100	%
Greentree Shopping Center	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia	100	%
Hanbury Village	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia	100	%
Harper Hill Commons	Retail	Winston-Salem, North Carolina	100	%
Harrisonburg Regal	Retail	Harrisonburg, Virginia	100	%
Lightfoot Marketplace ⁽²⁾	Retail	Williamsburg, Virginia	70	%
North Hampton Market	Retail	Taylors, South Carolina	100	%
North Point Center	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
Oakland Marketplace	Retail	Oakland, Tennessee	100	%
Parkway Marketplace	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
Patterson Place	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
		,		

Perry Hall Marketplace	Retail	Perry Hall, Maryland	100	%
Providence Plaza	Retail	Charlotte, North Carolina	100	%

Property	Sagmant	Location	Ownership	
Property	Segment	Location	Interest	
Renaissance Square	Retail	Davidson, North Carolina	100	%
Sandbridge Commons	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
Socastee Commons	Retail	Myrtle Beach, South Carolina	100	%
Southgate Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia	100	%
Southshore Shops	Retail	Chesterfield, Virginia	100	%
South Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
South Square	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
Stone House Square	Retail	Hagerstown, Maryland	100	%
Studio 56 Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Tyre Neck Harris Teeter	Retail	Portsmouth, Virginia	100	%
Waynesboro Commons	Retail	Waynesboro, Virginia	100	%
Wendover Village	Retail	Greensboro, North Carolina	100	%
Encore Apartments	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Johns Hopkins Village ⁽³⁾	Multifamily	Baltimore, Maryland	80	%
Liberty Apartments	Multifamily	Newport News, Virginia	100	%
Smith's Landing	Multifamily	Blacksburg, Virginia	100	%
The Cosmopolitan	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%

(1) The Company is entitled to a preferred return of 8% on its investment in Brooks Crossing. As of March 31, 2017, the Company has not received the full amount of this return.

(2) The Company is entitled to a preferred return of 9% on its investment in Lightfoot Marketplace. As of March 31, $(2)^{2017}$, the Company has not received the full amount of this return.

See discussion of redeemable noncontrolling interest in Note 9 for additional information. The Company is entitled (3)to a preferred return of 9% on its investment in Johns Hopkins Village. As of March 31, 2017, the Company has

not received the full amount of this return.

*Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

As of March 31, 2017, the following properties that the Company consolidates for financial statement purposes were under development or construction:

Property	Segment	Location	Owner Interes	
Town Center Phase VI	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Harding Place	Multifamily	Charlotte, North Carolina	80	%
595 King Street	Multifamily	Charleston, South Carolina	92.5	%

*Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

Please see Note 5 for information related to the Company's investment in Durham City Center II, LLC, which is an unconsolidated subsidiary that the Company accounts for using the equity method of accounting.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial position and results of operations of the Company, the Operating Partnership and its consolidated subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which are necessary for the fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the interim periods presented.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the requirements for interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements have not been audited and exclude certain disclosures required for annual financial statements. Also, the operating results presented for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed. Such estimates are based on management's historical experience and best judgment after considering past, current and expected events and economic conditions. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared on the basis of the accounting principles described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued a new standard that provides a single, comprehensive model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. While the new standard does not supersede the guidance on accounting for leases, it could change the way the Company recognizes revenue from construction and development contracts with third party customers. The new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. The Company plans to adopt the new standard using the full retrospective method. A substantial portion of our revenue consists of rental revenues from leasing arrangements, such as base rent, which is specifically excluded from the revenue guidance. Non-lease components, such as tenant reimbursements for common area maintenance will be subject to the revenue guidance. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new revenue standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company does not expect the new standard to have a material impact on the measure and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of properties.

On February 25, 2016, the FASB issued a new lease standard that requires lessees to recognize most leases in their balance sheets as lease liabilities with corresponding right-of-use assets. The new standard also makes targeted changes to lessor accounting. The new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 and requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application with an option to use certain transition relief. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new lease standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On March 30, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that will change the accounting for certain aspects of share-based payments to employees. Entities will be required to recognize the income tax effects of awards in the income statement when the awards vest or are settled, and allows the Company to account for forfeitures as they occur. The new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2017 and it did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On August 26, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that addresses eight classification issues related to the statement of cash flows. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. This guidance should be applied retrospectively to each period presented. This new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On February 22, 2017, the FASB issued new guidance that clarifies the scope and application of guidance on sales or transfers of nonfinancial assets and in substance nonfinancial assets to customers, including partial sales. The new guidance applies to all nonfinancial assets, including real estate, and defines an in substance nonfinancial asset. The new

guidance will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new revenue standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Segments

Net operating income (segment revenues minus segment expenses) is the measure used by the Company's chief operating decision-maker to assess segment performance. Net operating income is not a measure of operating income or cash flows from operating activities as measured by GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. As a result, net operating income should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Not all companies calculate net operating income in the same manner. The Company considers net operating income to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it assists both investors and management in understanding the core operations of the Company's real estate and construction businesses.

Net operating income of the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was as follows (in thousands):

T1

3.6

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	March 31,		
	2017	2016	
	(Unaudite	ed)	
Office real estate			
Rental revenues	\$4,906	\$5,521	
Rental expenses	1,325	1,456	
Real estate taxes	450	539	
Segment net operating income	3,131	3,526	
Retail real estate			
Rental revenues	15,631	13,032	
Rental expenses	2,520	2,336	
Real estate taxes	1,450	1,284	
Segment net operating income	11,661	9,412	
Multifamily residential real estate			
Rental revenues	6,695	4,730	
Rental expenses	2,223	1,537	
Real estate taxes	609	526	
Segment net operating income	3,863	2,667	
General contracting and real estate services			
Segment revenues	63,519	36,803	
Segment expenses	61,196	35,037	
Segment gross profit	2,323	1,766	
Net operating income	\$20,978	\$17,371	

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 exclude revenue related to intercompany construction contracts of \$5.9 million. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 exclude expenses related to intercompany construction contracts of \$5.7 million. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 include noncash stock compensation expense of less than \$0.3 million.

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2016 exclude revenue from intercompany construction contracts of \$15.0 million. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 exclude expenses for intercompany construction contracts of \$14.8 million. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include noncash stock compensation expense of less than \$0.2 million.

The following table reconciles net operating income to net income for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (in thousands):

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	March 31,		
	2017	2016	
	(Unaudited)		
Net operating income	\$20,978	8 \$17,371	
Depreciation and amortization	(9,475) (8,149)
General and administrative expenses	(2,986) (2,484)
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs	(47) (704)
Impairment charges	(4) (35)
Interest income	1,398	182	
Interest expense	(4,535) (3,791)
Gain on real estate dispositions	3,395	26,674	
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	294	(2,389)
Other income	37	76	
Income tax provision	(302) (218)
Net income	\$8,753	\$26,533	

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 include noncash stock compensation expense of \$0.4 million. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include noncash stock compensation expense of \$0.3 million.

4. Real Estate Investments

Property Acquisitions

On January 4, 2017, the Company acquired undeveloped land in Charleston, South Carolina for a contract price of \$7.1 million plus capitalized acquisition costs of \$0.2 million. The Company intends to use the land for future development.

Property Dispositions

On January 20, 2017, the Company completed the sale of the Wawa outparcel at Greentree Shopping Center. Net proceeds after transaction costs were \$4.4 million. The gain on the disposition was \$3.4 million.

Subsequent to March 31, 2017

On April 20, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to sell the Courthouse 7-Eleven property for \$2.4 million. The Company expects the sale to close in the third quarter of 2017.

5. Equity Method Investments

City Center

On February 25, 2016, the Company acquired a 37% interest in Durham City Center II, LLC ("City Center") for purposes of developing a 22-story mixed use tower in Durham, North Carolina. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company has invested \$10.8 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, in City Center. The

Company has agreed to guarantee 37% of the construction loan for City Center; however, the loan is collateralized by 100% of the assets of City Center. As of March 31, 2017, \$4.9 million has been drawn against the construction loan.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the difference between the carrying value of the Company's initial investment in City Center and the amount of underlying equity was immaterial. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, City Center did not have any operating activity, and therefore the Company did not receive any dividends or allocated income.

Based on the terms of City Center's operating agreement, the Company has concluded that City Center is a variable interest entity, and that the Company holds a variable interest. The Company does not have the power to direct the activities of the project that most significantly impact its performance. Accordingly, the Company is not the project's primary beneficiary and, therefore, does not consolidate City Center in its consolidated financial statements.

6. Notes Receivable

Point Street Apartments

On October 15, 2015, the Company agreed to invest up to \$28.2 million in the Point Street Apartments project in the Harbor Point area of Baltimore, Maryland. Point Street Apartments is an estimated \$93.0 million development project with plans for a 17-story building comprised of 289 residential units and 18,000 square feet of street-level retail space. Beatty Development Group ("BDG") is the developer of the project and has engaged the Company to serve as construction general contractor. Point Street Apartments is scheduled to open in 2017; however, management can provide no assurances that Point Street Apartments will open on the anticipated timeline.

BDG secured a senior construction loan of up to \$70.0 million to fund the development and construction of Point Street Apartments on November 10, 2016. The Company has agreed to guarantee \$25.0 million of the senior construction loan in exchange for the option to purchase up to an 88% controlling interest in Point Street Apartments upon completion of the project as follows: (i) an option to purchase a 79% indirect interest in Point Street Apartments for \$27.3 million, exercisable within 1 year from the project's completion (the "First Option") and (ii) provided that the Company has exercised the First Option, an option to purchase an additional 9% indirect interest in Point Street Apartments for \$3.1 million, exercisable within 27 months from the project's completion (the "Second Option"). The Company currently has a \$2.1 million letter of credit for the guarantee of the senior construction loan.

The Company's investment in the Point Street Apartments project is in the form of a loan under which BDG may borrow up to \$28.2 million (the "BDG loan"). Interest on the BDG loan accrues at 8.0% per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) November 1, 2018, which may be extended by BDG under two one-year extension options, (ii) the maturity date or earlier termination of the senior construction loan or (iii) the date the Company exercises the Second Option as described further below.

In the event the Company exercises the First Option, BDG is required to pay down the outstanding BDG loan in full, with the difference between the BDG loan and \$28.2 million applied to the senior construction loan. In the event the Company exercises the Second Option, BDG is required to simultaneously repay any remaining amounts outstanding under the BDG loan, with any excess proceeds received from the exercise of the Second Option applied against the senior construction loan. In the event the Company does not exercise either the First Option or the Second Option, the interest rate on the BDG loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan for the remaining term of the BDG loan.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had funded \$21.1 million and \$20.6 million, respectively, under the BDG loan. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, of interest income on the BDG loan. No portion of the note receivable is past due and the Company has not recorded an impairment balance on the note.

Management has concluded that this entity is a VIE. Because BDG is the developer of Point Street Apartments, the Company does not have the power to direct the activities of the project that most significantly impact its performance, nor is the Company the party most closely associated with the project. Therefore, the Company is not the project's primary beneficiary.

Annapolis Junction

On April 21, 2016, the Company entered into a note receivable with a maximum balance of \$48.1 million in the Annapolis Junction residential component of the Annapolis Junction Town Center project in Maryland ("Annapolis Junction"). Annapolis Junction is an estimated \$102.0 million mixed-use development project with plans for 416 residential units, 17,000 square feet of retail space and a 150-room hotel. Annapolis Junction Apartments Owner, LLC ("AJAO") is the developer of the residential component and has engaged the Company to serve as construction general contractor for the residential component. Annapolis Junction is scheduled to open in 2017; however, management can provide no assurances that Annapolis Junction will open on the anticipated timeline or at the anticipated cost.

AJAO secured a senior construction loan of up to \$60.0 million to fund the development and construction of Annapolis Junction's residential component on September 30, 2016. The Company has agreed to guarantee up to \$25.0 million of the senior construction loan in exchange for the option to purchase up to an 88% controlling interest in Annapolis Junction upon completion of the project as follows: (i) an option to purchase an 80% indirect interest in Annapolis Junction's residential component for the lesser of the seller's budgeted or actual cost, exercisable within one year from the project's completion (the "First Option") and (ii) provided that the Company has exercised the First Option, an option to purchase an additional 8% indirect interest in Annapolis Junction for the lesser of the seller's completion for the seller's actual or budgeted cost, exercisable within 27 months from the project's completion (the "Second Option").

The Company's investment in the Annapolis Junction project is in the form of a loan under which AJAO may borrow up to \$48.1 million, including a \$6.0 million interest reserve (the "AJAO loan"). Interest on the AJAO loan accrues at 10.0% per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) December 21, 2020, which may be extended by AJAO under two one-year extension options, (ii) the maturity date or earlier termination of the senior construction loan or (iii) the date the Company exercises the Second Option as described further below. In the event that the Company exercises the First Option, AJAO is required to simultaneously pay down both the senior construction loan and the AJAO loan by 80%, at which time the interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan. In the event the Company exercises the Second Option, with any excess proceeds received from the exercise of the Second Option applied against the remaining balance of the senior construction loan. In the event that the Company does not exercise either the First Option or the Second Option, the interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest the Company does not exercise of the senior construction loan. In the event that the Company balance of the senior construction loan. In the event that the Company does not exercise either the First Option or the Second Option, the interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan. In the event that the Company does not exercise either the First Option or the Second Option, the interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had funded \$39.9 million and \$38.9 million, respectively, on the AJAO loan. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recognized \$1.0 million of interest income on the AJAO loan. No portion of the note receivable balance is past due and the Company has not recorded an impairment balance on the note.

Management has concluded that this entity is a VIE. Because AJAO is the developer of Point Street Apartments, the Company does not have the power to direct the activities of the project that most significantly impact its performance, nor is the Company the party most closely associated with the project. Therefore, the Company is not the project's primary beneficiary.

7. Indebtedness

Credit Facility

On February 20, 2015, the Operating Partnership, as borrower, and the Company, as parent guarantor, entered into a new \$200.0 million senior unsecured credit facility that includes a \$150.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility. During 2016, the Company increased the borrowings under the senior unsecured term loan facility to \$100.0 million. During the first quarter of 2017, the Company increased the borrowings under the senior unsecured term loan facility to \$125.0 million, increasing the total capacity of the credit facility to \$275.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature.

Depending on the Operating Partnership's total leverage, the revolving credit facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.40% to 2.00% and the term loan facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%. As of March 31, 2017, the effective interest rates on the revolving credit facility and the term loan facility were 2.53% and 2.48%, respectively. The revolving credit facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2019, with a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions, and the term loan facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2019, with a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions, and the term loan facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2020. The Operating Partnership may, at any time, voluntarily prepay any loan under the credit facility in whole or in part

without premium or penalty.

On February 25, 2016, the Company amended the credit facility to, among other things, allow the maximum leverage ratio of the Company to be increased to 65% for the two consecutive quarters following any acquisition that is equal to or greater than 10% of the Company's total asset value (as defined in the credit agreement), but only up to two times during the term of the credit facility.

As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding balances on the revolving credit facility and the term loan facility were \$82.0 million and \$125.0 million, respectively.

Other Financing Activity

On February 1, 2017, the Company paid off the North Point Center Note 5 in full for \$0.6 million.

On February 24, 2017, the Company secured a \$29.8 million construction loan for the Harding Place project in Charlotte, North Carolina.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company borrowed \$1.9 million under its construction loans to fund new development and construction.

Subsequent to March 31, 2017

On April 4, 2017, the Company increased its borrowings under the revolving credit facility by \$18.0 million.

On April 7, 2017, the Company paid off the Harrisonburg Regal note in full for \$3.2 million.

On April 19, 2017, the Company entered into a second amendment to the credit agreement for the Lightfoot Marketplace loan, which amended certain definitions and covenant requirements.

8. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company may enter into interest rate derivative contracts to manage exposure to interest rate risks. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments are recognized at fair value and presented within other assets and liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of derivatives that are neither designated nor qualify as hedging instruments are recognized within the change in fair value of interest rate derivatives in the condensed consolidated statements of income. For derivatives that qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss is reported as a component of other comprehensive loss and reclassified into earnings in the periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings.

On February 1, 2017, the North Point Center Note 5 was paid in full, which terminated the interest rate swap agreement associated with the note. The loss on the interest rate swap agreement was not significant.

On February 7, 2017, the Operating Partnership entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of

\$50.0 million at a strike rate of 1.50% for a premium of less than \$0.2 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on March 1, 2019.

The Company's derivatives were comprised of the following as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (in thousands):

	March 31, 2017		December 31, 2016			
	(Unaudited)					
	Notional	Fair Value		Notional	Fair Value	
	Amount			Amount		
		Asset	Liability		Asset	Liability
Interest rate swaps	\$56,214	\$—	\$(568)	\$56,901	\$—	\$(829)
Interest rate caps	270,000	479		270,000	259	
Total	\$326,214	\$479	\$(568)	\$326,901	\$259	\$(829)

The changes in the fair value of the Company's derivatives during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	March 31,		
	2017 2016		
	(Unaudited)		
Interest rate swaps	\$261 \$(2,244)		
Interest rate caps	33 (145)		
Total	\$294 \$(2,389)		
Income statement presentation:			
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	\$294 \$(2,389)		
Total	\$294 \$(2,389)		

9. Equity

Stockholders' Equity

On May 4, 2016, the Company commenced an at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "ATM Program") through which the Company may, from time to time, issue and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$75.0 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 248,559 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$14.17 per share under the ATM Program, receiving net proceeds after offering costs and commissions of \$3.4 million.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's authorized capital was 500 million shares of common stock and 100 million shares of preferred stock. The Company had 37,813,127 and 37,490,361 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. No shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

The noncontrolling interest holder of Johns Hopkins Village has the option to redeem the 20% noncontrolling interest in that entity (the "Put Option"). Currently, the Put Option may be redeemed for \$2.0 million in cash or the equivalent amount in Class A units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("Class A Units"), which is at the holder's control. Upon the first anniversary of the certificate of occupancy, which occurs in August 2017, the Put Option may be settled for the fair value of the 20% noncontrolling interest in Johns Hopkins Village, as determined by appraised value. Because the timing of the Put Option's redemption is outside of the Company's control, it has been included in temporary equity. Upon the exercise of the Put Option, it will be reclassed into permanent equity.

Noncontrolling Interests

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company held a 67.9% and 68.1% interest, respectively, in the Operating Partnership. The Company is the primary beneficiary of the Operating Partnership as it has the power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership and the rights to absorb 67.9% of the net income of the Operating Partnership. As the primary beneficiary, the Company consolidates the financial position and results of operations of the Operating Partnership. Noncontrolling interests in the Company represent units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership not held by the Company. The noncontrolling interest for the consolidated entities under development or construction (see Note 1) was zero as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017, there were 16,583,610 Class A Units not held by the Company.

As partial consideration for Columbus Village, the Operating Partnership issued 1,000,000 Class B Units on July 10, 2015 and issued 275,000 Class C Units on January 10, 2017. Subject to the occurrence of certain events, the Class B Units and Class C Units will not earn or accrue distributions until July 10, 2017 and January 10, 2018, respectively, at which time each automatically will convert to Class A Units.

On January 10, 2017, the Operating Partnership issued 68,691 Class A Units to acquire the remaining 20% interest in the Town Center Phase VI project.

Common Stock Dividends and Class A Unit Distributions

On January 5, 2017, the Company paid cash dividends of \$6.7 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$3.0 million to holders of Class A Units.

On February 2, 2017, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.19 per share payable on April 6, 2017 to stockholders of record on March 29, 2017.

Subsequent to March 31, 2017

On April 6, 2017, the Company paid cash dividends of \$7.2 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$3.2 million to holders of Class A Units.

From April 1, 2017 to April 13, 2017, the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 202,131 shares of common stock under the ATM Program at a weighted average price of \$13.97 per share. Net proceeds to the Company after offering costs and commissions were \$2.8 million.

10. Stock-Based Compensation

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company granted an aggregate of 94,991 shares of restricted stock to employees and non-employee directors with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$13.99 per share. Employee restricted stock awards generally vest over a period of two years: one-third immediately on the grant date and the remaining two-thirds in equal amounts on the first two anniversaries following the grant date, subject to continued service to the Company. Non-employee director restricted stock awards vest either immediately upon grant or over a period of one year, subject to continued service to the Company.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company issued performance-based awards in the form of restricted stock units to certain employees. The performance period for these awards is three years, with a required two-year service period immediately following the expiration of the performance period. The compensation expense and the effect on the Company's weighted average diluted shares calculation were immaterial.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense. As of March 31, 2017, there were 111,382 nonvested restricted shares outstanding; the total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested restricted shares was \$1.0 million, which the Company expects to recognize over the next 23 months.

11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value measurements are based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. The hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value is as follows:

Level 1-quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2-observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 3-unobservable inputs

Except as disclosed below, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair value. Financial assets and liabilities whose fair values are measured on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs consist of interest rate swaps and caps. The Company measures the fair values of these assets and liabilities based on prices provided by independent market participants that are based on observable inputs using market-based valuation techniques.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. For disclosure purposes, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value of the Company's long term debt is sensitive to fluctuations in interest rates. Discounted cash flow analysis based on Level 2 inputs is generally used to estimate the fair value of the Company's long term debt. Considerable judgment is used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. The estimates of fair value presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized upon disposition of the financial instruments.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments, all of which are based on Level 2 inputs, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, were as follows (in thousands):

			December 31, 2016	
			Carrying	Fair
	Value	Value	Value	Value
	(Unaudite	d)		
Indebtedness	\$522,394	\$522,438	\$522,180	\$527,414
Interest rate swap liabilities	568	568	829	829
Interest rate cap assets	479	479	259	259

12. Related Party Transactions

The Company provides general contracting and real estate services to certain related party entities that are not included in these condensed consolidated financial statements. Revenue from construction contracts with related party entities of the Company were \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Gross profit from such contracts was \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Revenue from construction contracts with related party entities of the Company was \$6.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Gross profit from such contracts was less than \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Real estate services fees from affiliated entities of the Company were not significant for either the three months ended March 31, 2017 or 2016. In addition, affiliated entities also reimburse the Company for monthly maintenance and facilities management services provided to the properties. Cost reimbursements earned by the Company from affiliated entities were not significant for either the three months ended entities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities management services provided to the properties. Cost reimbursements earned by the Company from affiliated entities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended facilities were not significant for either the three months ended March 31, 2017 or 2016.

The Operating Partnership entered into tax protection agreements that indemnify certain directors and executive officers of the Company from their tax liabilities resulting from the potential future sale of certain of the Company's properties within seven (or, in a limited number of cases, ten) years of the completion of the Company's initial public offering and formation transactions completed on May 13, 2013. In addition, the tax protection agreements provide that the Operating Partnership will offer certain of the original contributors, including certain of the Company's directors and executive officers, the opportunity to guarantee debt, or, alternatively, to enter into a deficit restoration obligation, for ten years from the closing of the Company's initial public offering in a manner intended to provide an allocation of Operating Partnership liabilities to the partner for federal income tax purposes. Pursuant to these tax protection agreements, certain of the Company's executive officers have guaranteed approximately \$0.3 million of the Operating Partnership's outstanding debt as of March 31, 2017.

The loan for the City Center joint venture is underwritten by a syndicate which includes Park Sterling Bank. The Chief Executive Officer of Park Sterling Bank is the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is from time to time involved in various disputes, lawsuits, warranty claims, environmental and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business. Management makes assumptions and estimates concerning the likelihood and amount of any potential loss relating to these matters.

The Company currently is a party to various legal proceedings, none of which management expects will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity. Management accrues a liability for litigation if an unfavorable outcome is determined to be probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If an unfavorable outcome is determined to be probable and a range of loss can be reasonably estimated,

management accrues the best estimate within the range; however, if no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount within the range is accrued. Legal fees related to litigation are expensed as incurred. Management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations; however, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties.

Under the Company's leases, tenants are typically obligated to indemnify the Company from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses imposed upon or asserted against it as owner of the properties due to certain matters relating to the operation of the properties by the tenant.

Commitments

The Company has a bonding line of credit for its general contracting construction business and is contingently liable under performance and payment bonds, bonds for cancellation of mechanics liens and defect bonds. Such bonds collectively totaled \$40.1 million and \$40.5 million as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Operating Partnership has entered into standby letters of credit using the available capacity under the credit facility. The letters of credit relate to the guarantee of future performance on certain of the Company's construction contracts. Letters of credit generally are available for draw down in the event the Company does not perform. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Operating Partnership had total outstanding letters of credit of \$4.1 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. The amounts outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 include a \$2.1 million letter of credit related to the guarantee on the Point Street Apartments senior construction loan.

Review Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc.

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. as of March 31, 2017, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the condensed consolidated statement of equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. as of December 31, 2016, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein) and we expressed an unqualified audit opinion on those consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017. In our opinion, the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2016, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

McLean, Virginia May 3, 2017

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References to "we," "our," "us," and "our company" refer to Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with our consolidated subsidiaries, including Armada Hoffler, L.P., a Virginia limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership"), of which we are the sole general partner. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements presented in this report, or which management may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on beliefs and assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "estimate," "project," "will," "result" and similar expressions, which do not relate solely to historical matters, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. We caution you that while forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs when we make them, they are not guarantees of future performance and are impacted by actual events when they occur after we make such statements. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties and you should not rely on them as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements depend on assumptions, data or methods which may be incorrect or imprecise and we may not be able to realize them. We do not guarantee that the transactions and events described will happen as described (or that they will happen at all). The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

adverse economic or real estate developments, either nationally or in the markets in which our properties are located; our failure to develop the properties in our development pipeline successfully, on the anticipated timeline or at the anticipated costs;

our failure to generate sufficient cash flows to service our outstanding indebtedness;

defaults on, early terminations of or non-renewal of leases by tenants, including significant tenants;

bankruptcy or insolvency of a significant tenant or a substantial number of smaller tenants;

difficulties in identifying or completing development, acquisition or disposition opportunities;

our failure to successfully operate developed and acquired properties;

our failure to generate income in our general contracting and real estate services segment in amounts that we anticipate;

fluctuations in interest rates and increased operating costs;

our failure to obtain necessary outside financing on favorable terms or at all;

our inability to extend the maturity of or refinance existing debt or comply with the financial covenants in the agreements that govern our existing debt;

financial market fluctuations;

risks that affect the general retail environment or the market for office properties or multifamily units;

the competitive environment in which we operate;

decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;

conflicts of interests with our officers and directors;

- lack or insufficient amounts of
- insurance;

environmental uncertainties and risks related to adverse weather conditions and natural disasters; other factors affecting the real estate industry generally;

our failure to maintain our qualification as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes; limitations imposed on our business and our ability to satisfy complex rules in order for us to maintain our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and

changes in governmental regulations or interpretations thereof, such as real estate and zoning laws and increases in real property tax rates and taxation of REITs.

While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, of new information, data or methods, future events or other changes after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, except as required by applicable law. We caution investors not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and urge investors to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and uncertainties in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as risks, uncertainties and other factors discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and identified in other documents that we file from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

Business Description

We are a full-service real estate company with extensive experience developing, building, owning and managing high-quality, institutional-grade office, retail and multifamily properties in attractive markets primarily throughout the Mid-Atlantic United States. As of March 31, 2017, our operating property portfolio consisted of the following properties:

PropertySegmentLocationInterest4525 Main StreetOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Armada Hoffler TowerOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Commonwealth of Virginia - ChesapeakeOfficeChesapeake, Virginia100%Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia BeachOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia100%One ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Two ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%Broad Creek Shopping CenterRetailNorfolk, Virginia100%
Armada Hoffler TowerOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Commonwealth of Virginia - ChesapeakeOfficeChesapeake, Virginia100%Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia BeachOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia100%One ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia100%Two ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
Commonwealth of Virginia - ChesapeakeOfficeChesapeake, Virginia100%Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia BeachOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia100%One ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Two ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia BeachOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia100%One ColumbusOfficeOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Two ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
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Two ColumbusOfficeVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
249 Central Park RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
Alexander PointeRetailSalisbury, North Carolina100%Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100%
Bermuda CrossroadsRetailChester, Virginia100 %
Broad Creek Shopping Center Retail Norfolk Virginia 100 %
Broadmoor Plaza Retail South Bend, Indiana 100 %
Brooks Crossing ⁽¹⁾ Retail Newport News, Virginia 65 %
Columbus Village Retail Virginia Beach, Virginia* 100 %
Columbus Village IIRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100 %
Commerce Street RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100 %
Courthouse 7-Eleven Retail Virginia Beach, Virginia 100 %
Dick's at Town Center Retail Virginia Beach, Virginia* 100 %
Dimmock Square Retail Colonial Heights, Virginia 100 %
Fountain Plaza RetailRetailVirginia Beach, Virginia*100%
Gainsborough SquareRetailChesapeake, Virginia100 %
Greentree Shopping Center Retail Chesapeake, Virginia 100 %
Hanbury VillageRetailChesapeake, Virginia100 %
Harper Hill CommonsRetailWinston-Salem, North Carolina 100 %

Harrisonburg Regal	Retail	Harrisonburg, Virginia	100	%
4.0				

Property	Segment	Location	Owne	ership
Property	Segment Elocation		Intere	est
Lightfoot Marketplace ⁽²⁾	Retail	Williamsburg, Virginia	70	%
North Hampton Market	Retail	Taylors, South Carolina	100	%
North Point Center	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
Oakland Marketplace	Retail	Oakland, Tennessee	100	%
Parkway Marketplace	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
Patterson Place	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
Perry Hall Marketplace	Retail	Perry Hall, Maryland	100	%
Providence Plaza	Retail	Charlotte, North Carolina	100	%
Renaissance Square	Retail	Davidson, North Carolina	100	%
Sandbridge Commons	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia	100	%
Socastee Commons	Retail	Myrtle Beach, South Carolina	100	%
Southgate Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia	100	%
Southshore Shops	Retail	Chesterfield, Virginia	100	%
South Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
South Square	Retail	Durham, North Carolina	100	%
Stone House Square	Retail	Hagerstown, Maryland	100	%
Studio 56 Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Tyre Neck Harris Teeter	Retail	Portsmouth, Virginia	100	%
Waynesboro Commons	Retail	Waynesboro, Virginia	100	%
Wendover Village	Retail	Greensboro, North Carolina	100	%
Encore Apartments	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Johns Hopkins Village ⁽³⁾	Multifamily	Baltimore, Maryland	80	%
Liberty Apartments	Multifamily	Newport News, Virginia	100	%
Smith's Landing	Multifamily	Blacksburg, Virginia	100	%
The Cosmopolitan	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%

(1) The Company is entitled to a preferred return of 8% on its investment in Brooks Crossing. As of March 31, 2017, the Company has not received the full amount of this return.

The Company is entitled to a preferred return of 9% on its investment in Lightfoot Marketplace. As of March 31, $(2)_{2017}^{2017}$, the Company has not received the full amount of this return.

See discussion of redeemable noncontrolling interest in Note 9 for additional information. The Company is entitled (3)to a preferred return of 9% on its investment in Johns Hopkins Village. As of March 31, 2017, the Company has not received the full amount of this return.

*Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

As of March 31, 2017, the following properties that we consolidate for financial reporting purposes were either under development or construction:

Propsegment	Location	Owner Interes	
Town Center Multifamily Phase VI	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	100	%
Harding Place 595 Multifamily King	Charlotte, North Carolina Charleston, South Carolina		% %

Street

*Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

Please see Note 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for information related to our investment in Durham City Center II, LLC, which is an unconsolidated subsidiary that we account for under the equity method of accounting.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

On January 4, 2017, we acquired undeveloped land in Charleston, South Carolina for a contract price of \$7.1 million plus capitalized acquisition costs of \$0.2 million. We intend to use the land for future development.

On January 20, 2017, we completed the sale of the Wawa outparcel at Greentree Shopping Center. Net proceeds after transaction costs were \$4.4 million. The gain on the disposition was \$3.4 million.

On April 20, 2017, we entered into an agreement to sell the Courthouse 7-Eleven property for \$2.4 million. We expect the sale to close in the third quarter of 2017.

First Quarter 2017 Highlights

The following highlights our results of operations and significant transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2017:

•Net income of \$8.8 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share, compared to \$26.5 million, or \$0.57 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

•Funds from operations ("FFO") of \$14.8 million, or \$0.27 per diluted share, compared to \$8.4 million, or \$0.18 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2016. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Normalized funds from operations ("Normalized FFO") of \$14.6 million, or \$0.26 per diluted share, compared to \$11.6 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2016. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."
Property segment net operating income ("NOI") of \$18.7 million compared to \$15.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016:

Office NOI of \$3.1 million compared to \$3.5 million

Retail NOI of \$11.7 million compared to \$9.4 million

Multifamily NOI of \$3.9 million compared to \$2.7 million

•Same store NOI of \$12.0 million compared to \$11.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016:

Office same store NOI of \$2.5 million compared to \$2.5 million

Retail same store NOI of \$6.8 million compared to \$6.7 million

Multifamily same store NOI of \$2.7 million compared to \$2.7 million

•General contracting and real estate services segment gross profit of \$2.3 million compared to \$1.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

•Third party construction backlog of \$157.7 million as of March 31, 2017.

•Raised \$3.5 million of gross proceeds at a weighted average price of \$14.17 per share under our at-the-market equity offering program. Net proceeds totaled \$3.4 million.

•Declared cash dividends of \$0.19 per share and Class A unit.

Segment Results of Operations

As of March 31, 2017, we operated our business in four segments: (i) office real estate, (ii) retail real estate, (iii) multifamily residential real estate and (iv) general contracting and real estate services, which are conducted through our taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS"). Net operating income (segment revenues minus segment expenses), or "NOI", is the measure used by management to assess segment performance and allocate our resources among our segments. NOI is not a measure of operating income or cash flows from operating activities as measured by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. As a result, NOI should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Not all companies calculate NOI in the same manner. We consider NOI to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it assists both investors and management in understanding the core operations of our real estate and construction businesses. See Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a reconciliation of NOI to net income.

We define same store properties as those properties that we owned and operated and that were stabilized for the entirety of both periods presented. Same store properties exclude those that were in lease-up during either of the periods presented. We generally consider a property to be in lease-up until the earlier of: (i) the quarter after the property reaches 80% occupancy or (ii) the thirteenth quarter after the property receives its certificate of occupancy.

Beginning with the three months ended March 31, 2017, our calculation of core occupancy included, and in future periods will include, the square footage from ground leases where we are the lessor. We did not retrospectively apply this new calculation methodology to prior periods. If we were to exclude these ground leases in the calculation of core occupancy, our core occupancy as of March 31, 2017 would have been 96.1%.

Office Segment Data

 Three Months

 Ended March

 31,

 2017
 2016

 Change

 (unaudited,

 \$ in thousands)

 Rental revenues
 \$4,906

 \$ 5,521
 \$(615)

 Property expenses
 1,775

 3,131
 \$3,526

 \$ (395)

Office segment NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$0.4 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016. This decrease is due to the sales of the Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings, which contributed \$0.4 million in office segment NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2016. We completed the sale of Richmond Tower in the first quarter of 2016 and the sale of the Oyster Point office building in the third quarter of 2016.

Office Same Store Results

Office same store results for the three months ended March 31, 2017 exclude new real estate development -4525 Main Street - as well as the Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings, which we sold in the first quarter of 2016 and the third quarter of 2016, respectively.

Office same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Three Months					
	Ended March					
	31,					
	2017	2016	Change			
	(unaudit	ed, \$ in				
	thousand	ls)				
Rental revenues	\$3,807	\$3,921	\$(114)			
Property expenses	1,336	1,390	(54)			
Same Store NOI	\$2,471	\$2,531	\$(60)			
Non-Same Store NOI	660	995	(335)			
Segment NOI	\$3,131	\$3,526	\$(395)			

Office same store NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased 2.4% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 due to the relocation of one tenant from One Columbus to 4525 Main Street during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and decreased occupancy at Armada Hoffler Tower. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the NOI from this tenant is now included in Non-Same Store NOI.

Retail Segment Data

	Three Months						
	Ended March 31,						
	2017 2016 Change						
	(unaudited, \$ in thousands)						
Rental revenues	\$15,631	\$13,032	\$2,599				
Property expenses	3,970	3,620	350				
Segment NOI	\$11,661	\$9,412	\$2,249				

Retail segment NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$2.2 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016. The acquisitions of Southgate Square, Southshore Shops, Columbus Village II and Renaissance Square, together with the completion of Lightfoot Marketplace and Brooks Crossing, contributed a total of \$1.7 million of NOI during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The remainder of the increase for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was due to a full quarter of activity for the remaining nine properties of the 11-property retail portfolio, which was acquired on January 14, 2016. Two properties from the 11-property retail portfolio were subsequently sold during 2016.

Retail Same Store Results

Retail same store results for the three months ended March 31, 2017 excludes the nine-property retail portfolio, Southgate Square, Lightfoot Marketplace, Southshore Shops, Brooks Crossing, Columbus Village II and Renaissance Square.

Retail same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Three Months					
	Ended March					
	31,					
	2017 2016 Change					
	(unaudited, \$ in					
	thousands	5)				
Rental revenues	\$9,498	\$9,370	\$128			
Property expenses	2,668	2,703	(35)			
Same Store NOI	\$6,830	\$6,667	\$163			
Non-Same Store NOI	4,831	2,745	2,086			
Segment NOI	\$11,661	\$9,412	\$2,249			

Retail same store NOI increased 2.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to the corresponding period in 2016. The increase was the result of higher occupancy, specifically at 249 Central Park Retail, together with lower property expenses, specifically snow removal at Stone House Square.

Multifamily Segment Data Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2016 Change (unaudited, \$ in thousands) Rental revenues \$6,695 \$4,730 \$1,965 Property expenses 2,832 2,063 769 Segment NOI \$3,863 \$2,667 \$1,196

Multifamily segment NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$1.2 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016, primarily as a result of a full quarter of activity for Johns Hopkins Village, which was placed into service in the third quarter of 2016.

Multifamily Same Store Results

Multifamily same store results exclude new real estate development – specifically Johns Hopkins Village, which was placed into service in the third quarter of 2016.

Multifamily same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

Three Months					
Ended March					
31,					
2017	2016	Change			
(unaudit	ed, \$ in				
thousand	ls)				
\$4,796	\$4,730	\$66			
2,111	2,063	48			
\$2,685	\$2,667	\$18			
1,178		1,178			
\$3,863	\$2,667	\$1,196			
	Ended I 31, 2017 (unaudit thousand \$4,796 2,111 \$2,685 1,178	Ended March 31, 2017 2016 (unaudited, \$ in thousands) \$4,796 \$4,730 2,111 2,063 \$2,685 \$2,667			

Multifamily same store NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 0.7% compared to the corresponding period in 2016. The increase was primarily due to increases in occupancy at Encore and Smith's Landing.

General Contracting and Real Estate Services Segment Data

Three Months Ended							
	March 31,						
	2017	2016	Change				
	(unaudited,	\$ in thousan	nds)				
Segment revenues	\$63,519	\$36,803	\$26,716				
Segment expenses	61,196	35,037	26,159				
Segment gross profit	\$2,323	\$1,766	\$557				
Operating margin	3.7 %	4.8 %	(1.1)%				

Segment profit for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$0.6 million compared to the first quarter of 2016 because of several new large projects started subsequent to the first quarter of 2016, partially offset by lower margins.

The changes in third party construction backlog for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

Three Months Ended		
March 31,		
2017	2016	
(unaudited,	, \$ in	
thousands)		
\$217,718	\$83,433	
3,441	129,501	
(63,437)	(36,754)	
\$157,722	\$176,180	
	March 31, 2017 (unaudited, thousands) \$217,718	

As of March 31, 2017, we had \$37.5 million in backlog on the Point Street Apartments project, \$41.4 million in backlog on the City Center project, \$36.3 million in backlog on the Annapolis Junction project, \$22.0 million on the Dinwiddie Municipal Complex project, \$9.8 million on the Four Seasons residence interior construction project, and \$7.5 million in connection with the construction of three Lidl grocery stores in the Hampton Roads area.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

The following table summarizes the results of operation	Jus for the	unce mom	ins chucu wia
	Three Mo	onths	
	Ended M	arch 31,	
	2017	2016	Change
	(unaudited	l, \$ in thou	sands)
Revenues			
Rental revenues	\$27,232	\$23,283	\$3,949
General contracting and real estate services revenues	63,519	36,803	26,716
Total revenues	90,751	60,086	30,665
Expenses			
Rental expenses	6,068	5,329	739
Real estate taxes	2,509	2,349	160
General contracting and real estate services expenses	61,196	35,037	26,159
Depreciation and amortization	9,475	8,149	1,326
General and administrative expenses	2,986	2,484	502
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs	47	704	(657)
Impairment charges	4	35	(31)
Total expenses	82,285	54,087	28,198
Operating income	8,466	5,999	2,467
Interest income	1,398	182	1,216
Interest expense	(4,535)	(3,791)	(744)
Gain on real estate dispositions	3,395	26,674	(23,279)
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	294	(2,389)	2,683
Other (expense) income	37	76	(39)
Income before taxes	9,055	26,751	(17,696)
Income tax provision	(302)	(218)	(84)
Net income	\$8,753	\$26,533	\$(17,780)

Rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$3.9 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016, as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2016 Change (unaudited, \$ in thousands) Office \$4,906 \$5,521 \$(615) Retail 15,631 13,032 2,599 Multifamily 6,695 4,730 1,965 \$27,232 \$23,283 \$3,949

Office rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased 11.1% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of the sales of the Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings, which contributed \$0.6 million in office rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Retail rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 19.9% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of property acquisitions and organic growth in the same store retail portfolio due to higher occupancy rates. The acquisitions of the remaining nine properties of the eleven property retail portfolio, Southgate Square, Southshore Shops, Columbus Village II and Renaissance Square, together with the completion of Brooks Crossing and Lightfoot Marketplace, contributed \$2.5 million in retail rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Multifamily rental revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 41.5% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of the completion of Johns Hopkins Village, which was placed into service in the third quarter of 2016, and higher occupancy at Encore Apartments and Smith's Landing.

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 72.6% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 because of several new large projects started subsequent to the first quarter of 2016.

Rental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$0.7 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016, as follows:

 Three Months

 Ended March

 31,

 2017
 2016

 Change

 Office
 \$1,325

 \$1,456
 \$(131)

 Retail
 2,520
 2,336

 Multifamily
 2,223
 1,537
 686

 \$6,068
 \$5,329
 \$739

Office rental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased compared to the corresponding period in 2016 due to the sales of the Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings. Retail rental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased compared to the corresponding periods in 2016 as a result of property acquisitions and the completion of development projects that were placed into service subsequent to the first quarter of 2016. Multifamily rental expenses increased due to placing Johns Hopkins Village into service.

Real estate taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$0.2 million compared to the corresponding period in 2016, as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31. 2017 2016 Change (unaudited, \$ in thousands) Office \$450 \$539 \$ (89) Retail 1,450 1,284 166 Multifamily 609 526 83 \$2,509 \$2,349 \$160

Office real estate taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased compared to the corresponding period in 2016 due to the sales of Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings. Retail and multifamily real estate taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of acquisitions, completion of development projects that were placed into service subsequent to the first quarter of 2016 and increases from new tax assessments.

General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 74.7% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of several new large projects started subsequent to the first quarter of 2016, partially offset by lower margins.

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 16.3% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of property acquisitions and completion of development projects that were placed into service subsequent to the first quarter of 2016.

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 20.2% compared to the corresponding period in 2016 as a result of higher regulatory and compliance costs, higher compensation and benefit costs from increased employee headcount and franchise taxes based on our operations in certain states.

Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased compared to the corresponding period in 2016. Approximately \$0.7 million of the acquisition costs incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2016 were related to the acquisition of the 11-property retail portfolio.

Impairment charges for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were primarily due to lease terminations.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased 20% compared to the corresponding period in 2016, primarily as a result of increased borrowings.

The change in fair value of interest rate derivatives for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was an increase of \$0.3 million compared to a decrease of \$2.4 million for the corresponding period in 2016. The increase for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was due to the increase in LIBOR, while the expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was due to dedesignation of our hedge accounting.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we recognized gains of \$3.4 million on our sale of the Greentree Wawa outparcel. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we recognized gains of \$26.7 million on our sales of the Richmond Tower office building and the Newport News Economic Authority building.

Income tax provisions that we recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were attributable to the taxable profits and losses of our development and construction businesses that we operate through our TRS.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

We believe our primary short-term liquidity requirements consist of general contractor expenses, operating expenses and other expenditures associated with our properties, including tenant improvements, leasing commissions and leasing incentives, dividend payments to our stockholders required to maintain our REIT qualification, debt service, capital expenditures, new real estate development projects and strategic acquisitions. We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through net cash provided by operations, reserves established from existing cash, borrowings under construction loans to fund new real estate development and construction, borrowings available under our credit facility and proceeds from the sale of common stock through our at-the-market continuous equity offering program, which is discussed below.

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary for the repayment of debt at or prior to maturity, general contracting expenses, property development and acquisitions, tenant improvements and capital improvements. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements with net cash from operations, long-term secured and unsecured indebtedness and the issuance of equity and debt securities. We also may fund property development and acquisitions and capital improvements using our credit facility pending long-term financing.

As of March 31, 2017, we had unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of \$10.0 million available for both current liquidity needs as well as development activities. We also had restricted cash of \$3.6 million available for property improvements and required maintenance. As of March 31, 2017, we had \$64.0 million of available borrowings under our credit facility and \$10.6 million available for future issuance under our ATM Program to meet our short-term liquidity requirements.

ATM Equity Offering Programs

On May 4, 2016, we commenced an at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "ATM Program") through which we may, from time to time, issue and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of \$75.0 million. Our sale of shares under the ATM Program will depend on a variety of factors, including among other things, market conditions, the trading price of our common stock, capital needs and our determination of appropriate sources of funding. We have no obligation to sell any shares and may at any time suspend or terminate the ATM Program. Each of our sales agents are entitled to a commission of up to 1.5% of the gross offering proceeds of shares that they sell through the ATM Program. We intend to use any net proceeds from the sale of shares through the ATM Program to fund development or redevelopment activities, fund potential acquisition opportunities, repay indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under our credit facility, or for general corporate purposes. In the three months ended March 31, 2017, we raised approximately \$3.5 million of gross proceeds at a weighted average price of \$14.17 per share under the ATM Program, resulting in net proceeds after offering costs and commissions of \$3.4 million.

Credit Facility

On February 20, 2015, we entered into a \$200.0 million senior unsecured credit facility that includes a \$150.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility. The credit facility replaced the prior \$155.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility that was scheduled to mature on May 13, 2016. We intend to use future borrowings under the credit facility for general corporate purposes, including funding acquisitions, development and redevelopment of properties in our portfolio and for working capital.

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The credit facility includes an accordion feature that allows the total commitments to be increased to \$350.0 million, subject to certain conditions. On January 5, 2016, March 31, 2016 and February 1, 2017, we increased the total borrowing capacity to \$225.0 million, \$250.0 million and \$275.0 million, respectively, using this feature. The amount permitted to be borrowed under the credit facility, together with all of our other unsecured indebtedness, is generally limited to the lesser of: (i) 60% of the value of our unencumbered borrowing base properties, (ii) the maximum amount of principal that would result in a debt service coverage ratio of 1.50 to 1.0, and (iii) the maximum aggregate loan commitment, which currently is \$275.0 million.

The revolving credit facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2019, with a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions. The term loan facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2020. We may, at any time, voluntarily prepay any loan under the credit facility in whole or in part without premium or penalty.

The revolving credit facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.40% to 2.00%, depending on our total leverage. The term loan facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%, depending on our total leverage. We are also obligated to pay an

unused commitment fee of 15 or 25 basis points on the unused portions of the commitments under the credit facility, depending on the amount of borrowings under the credit facility. If we attain investment grade credit ratings from S&P and Moody's, we may elect to have borrowings become subject to interest rates based on our credit ratings.

On February 25, 2016, we entered into an amendment to the credit facility to, among other things, amend the maximum leverage ratio as set forth below.

The credit facility requires us to comply with various financial covenants, affirmative covenants and other restrictions, including the following:

Total leverage ratio of the Company of not more than 60% (or 65% for the two consecutive quarters following any acquisition that is equal to or greater than 10% of our total asset value (as defined in the credit agreement), but only up to two times during the term of the credit facility);

Ratio of adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges of the Company of not less than 1.50 to 1.0;

Tangible net worth of not less than the sum of \$220.0 million and 75% of the net equity proceeds received after December 31, 2014;

Ratio of variable rate indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 30%;

Ratio of secured indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 45%; and

Ratio of secured recourse debt to total asset value of not more than 25%.

The credit facility limits our ability to pay cash dividends. However, so long as no default or event of default exists, the credit agreement allows us to pay cash dividends with respect to any 12-month period in an amount not to exceed the greater of: (i) 95% of adjusted funds from operations (as defined in the credit agreement) or (ii) the amount required for us (a) to maintain our status as a REIT and (b) to avoid income or excise tax under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If certain defaults or events of default exist, we may pay cash dividends with respect to any 12-month period to the extent necessary to maintain our status as a REIT. The credit facility also restricts the amount of capital that we can invest in specific categories of assets, such as unimproved land holdings, development properties, notes receivable, mortgages, mezzanine loans and unconsolidated affiliates.

We are currently in compliance with all covenants under the credit facility.

Consolidated Indebtedness

The following table sets forth our consolidated indebtedness as of March 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands):

		Effective Rate for		,	Balance				
	Amount Outstandin	g	Interest Rate(a)		Variabl Debt	e		Maturity Date	at Maturity
Secured Debt 249 Central Park Retail South Retail Fountain Plaza Retail	\$ 17,021 7,468 10,247	(b)	LIBOR+1.95% LIBOR+1.95% LIBOR+1.95%		2.93 2.93 2.93	% % %		August 8, 2021 August 8, 2021 August 8, 2021	\$15,959 7,002 9,608
4525 Main Street	32,034	(c)	3.25	%)			September 10, 2021	30,774
Encore Apartments	24,966	(c)	3.25	%)			September 10, 2021	24,006
Harrisonburg Regal	3,202		6.06	%)			June 8, 2017	3,165
Commonwealth of Virginia – Chesapeake	4,933		LIBOR+1.90%		2.88	%		August 28, 2017	4,933
Hanbury Village	20,635		6.67	%)			October 11, 2017	20,499
Lightfoot Marketplace	12,894		LIBOR+1.90%		2.88	%		November 14, 2017	12,194
Sandbridge Commons	9,314		LIBOR+1.85%		2.83	%		January 17, 2018	9,129
Southgate Square	21,150		LIBOR+2.00%		2.98	%		April 29, 2021	18,925
Columbus Village Note 1	6,215 2,254		LIBOR+2.00%		3.05	%	(d)	April 5, 2018	6,033
Columbus Village Note 2 Johns Hopkins Village	2,254 45,093		LIBOR+2.00% LIBOR+1.90%		2.98 2.88	% %		April 5, 2018 July 30, 2018	2,207 43,841
North Point Note 1	9,726		6.45	%)			February 5, 2019	9,333
Socastee Commons	4,842	(e)	4.57	%)			January 6, 2023 September 15,	4,223
North Point Note 2	2,539		7.25	%)			2025	1,344
Smith's Landing	20,325		4.05	%)			June 1, 2035	_
Liberty Apartments	19,925	(e)	5.66	%)			November 1, 2043	_
The Cosmopolitan Total secured debt Unsecured Debt	45,721 \$ 320,504		3.75	%)			July 1, 2051	\$223,175
Revolving credit facility	82,000		LIBOR+1.40% to 2.00%		2.53	%		February 20, 2019	82,000
Term loan	75,000		LIBOR+1.35% to 1.95%		2.48	%		February 20, 2020	75,000
Term loan	50,000		LIBOR+1.35% to 1.95%		3.50	%	(b)	February 20, 2020	50,000
Total unsecured debt	\$207,000								\$207,000
Unamortized GAAP adjustments Indebtedness, net	(5,110 \$ 522,394)							— \$430,175

(a) LIBOR rate is determined by individual lenders.

- (b) Cross collateralized.
- (c) Cross collateralized.
- (d) Subject to an interest rate swap agreement.
- (e) Principal balance excluding fair value adjustments.

We are currently in compliance with all covenants on our outstanding indebtedness.

As of March 31, 2017, our principal payments during the following years are as follows (\$ in thousands):

YeArnount Due	Percentage		
	of To	tal	
20\$644,380	8	%	
2063,780	12	%	
2098,818	18	%	
20129,482	25	%	
20209,862	21	%	
Th 8Bea82 r	16	%	
\$ 527,504	100	%	

(1) Does not reflect the effect of any maturity extension options.

On February 1, 2017, we paid off the North Point Center Note 5 in full for \$0.6 million.

On April 7, 2017, we paid off the Harrisonburg Regal note in full for \$3.2 million.

On April 19, 2017, we entered into a second amendment to the credit agreement for the Lightfoot Marketplace loan, which amended certain definitions and covenant requirements.

Interest Rate Derivatives

On February 20, 2015, we entered into a \$50.0 million floating-to-fixed interest rate swap attributable to one-month LIBOR indexed interest payments. The \$50.0 million interest rate swap has a fixed rate of 2.00%, an effective date of March 1, 2016 and a maturity date of February 20, 2020. We entered into this interest rate swap agreement in connection with the \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility that bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%, depending on our total leverage.

On July 13, 2015, we entered into a \$6.5 million floating-to-fixed interest rate swap attributable to one-month LIBOR indexed interest payments. The \$6.5 million interest rate swap has a fixed rate of 3.05%, an effective date of July 13, 2015 and a maturity date of April 5, 2018.

On February 7, 2017, we entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of \$50.0 million at a strike rate of 1.50% for a premium of less than \$0.2 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on March 1, 2019.

As of March 31, 2017, we were party to the following LIBOR interest rate cap agreements (\$ in thousands): Effective Date Maturity Date Strike Rate Notional Amount

Effective Date	Maturity Date	Strike	Rate	Notional Ar
October 26, 2015	October 15, 2017	1.25	%	75,000
February 25, 2016	March 1, 2018	1.50	%	75,000
June 17, 2016	June 17, 2018	1.00	%	70,000
February 7, 2017	March 1, 2019	1.50	%	50,000
Total				\$ 270,000

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

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We have entered into standby letters of credit relating to the guarantee of future performance on certain of our construction contracts. Letters of credit generally are available for draw down in the event we do not perform. As of March 31, 2017, we had aggregate outstanding standby letters of credit totaling \$4.1 million that expire during 2017. However, any of our standby letters of credit may be renewed for additional periods until completion of the underlying contractual obligation.

Cash Flows

	Three Months		
	Ended Ma	rch 31,	
	2017	2016	Change
	(\$ in thous	sands)	
Operating Activities	\$7,907	\$11,308	\$(3,401)
Investing Activities	(13,347)	(111,103)	97,756
Financing Activities	(6,463)	91,616	(98,079)
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$(11,903)	\$(8,179)	\$(3,724)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	\$21,942	\$26,989	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$10,039	\$18,810	

Net cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased 30.1% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016, primarily as a result of decreased net cash collected under our construction contracts and timing differences in operating assets and liabilities.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we invested 88.0% less cash compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. The primarily component of the 2016 investments was our acquisition of the 11-property retail portfolio.

Net cash used in/provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased 107.1% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016, primarily as a result of reduced net proceeds from common stock sales and reduced net borrowings on the credit facility.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We calculate FFO in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). NAREIT defines FFO as net income (loss) (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

FFO is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because we believe that FFO is beneficial to investors as a starting point in measuring our operational performance. Specifically, in excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization and gains and losses from property dispositions, which do not relate to or are not indicative of operating performance, FFO provides a performance measure that, when compared year-over-year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of the performance of REITs, FFO will be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs.

However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. In addition, other equity REITs may not calculate FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our calculation of FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs' calculation of FFO. Accordingly, FFO should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends or service indebtedness. Also, FFO should not be used as a supplement to or substitute for cash flow

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from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP.

We also believe that the computation of FFO in accordance with NAREIT's definition includes certain items that are not indicative of the results provided by the Company's operating property portfolio and affect the comparability of the Company's year-over-year performance. Accordingly, management believes that Normalized FFO is a more useful performance measure that excludes certain items, including but not limited to, debt extinguishment losses and prepayment penalties, property acquisition, development and other pursuit costs, mark-to-market adjustments for interest rate derivatives and other non-comparable items.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of FFO and Normalized FFO for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP equivalent:

	Three Months		
	Ended March 31,		
	2017 2016		
	(unaudited,		
	\$ in thousands)		
Net income	\$8,753	\$26,533	
Depreciation and amortization	9,475	8,149	
Gain on real estate dispositions	(3,395)	(26,244)	
Funds from operations	\$14,833	\$8,438	
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs	47	704	
Impairment charges	4	35	
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	\$(294)	\$2,389	
Normalized funds from operations	\$14,590	\$11,566	
Net income per diluted share and unit	\$0.16	\$0.57	
FFO per diluted share and unit	\$0.27	\$0.18	
Normalized FFO per diluted share and unit	\$0.26	\$0.25	
Weighted average common shares and units - diluted	55,475	46,218	

The adjustment for gain on real estate dispositions excludes the gain recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2016 on the Newport News Economic Authority building because this building was sold before being placed in service.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to exercise our best judgment in making estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, based upon then-currently available information. Actual results could differ from these estimates. We discuss the accounting policies and estimates that are most critical to understanding our reported financial results in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The primary market risk to which we are exposed is interest rate risk. Our primary interest rate exposure is LIBOR. We primarily use fixed interest rate financing to manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. On a limited basis, we also use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk. We do not use these derivatives for trading or other speculative purposes.

At March 31, 2017, approximately \$240.1 million, or 45.5%, of our debt had fixed interest rates and approximately \$287.4 million, or 54.5%, had variable interest rates. Assuming no increase in the level of our variable rate debt, if interest rates increased by 1.0%, our cash flow would decrease by approximately \$1.0 million per year. At March 31, 2017, LIBOR was approximately 98 basis points. Assuming no increase in the level of our variable rate debt, if LIBOR was reduced to 0 basis points, our cash flow would increase by approximately \$2.8 million per year.

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We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the

desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

We have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, regarding the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2017, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, as of March 31, 2017, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act: (i) is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes to our internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings that we believe to be material or which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations if determined adversely to us. We may be subject to on-going litigation relating to our portfolio and the properties comprising our portfolio, and we expect to otherwise be party from time to time to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, certain of our employees surrendered shares of common stock owned by them to satisfy their minimum statutory federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted shares of common stock issued under our 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2013 Plan"). The following table summarizes all of these repurchases during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

			Total Number of	
			Shares Purchased	Maximum Number of
			as Part of Publicly	Shares that May Yet be
	Total Nu	mber of Avera	ge PriceAnnounced Plans	Purchased Under the
Period	Shares P	urchased (di)d f	or Shar es(P) ograms	Plans or Programs
January 1, 2017 through January 31, 2017		\$	—N/A	N/A

February 1, 2017 through February 28, 201	17 —	_	N/A	N/A
March 1, 2017 through March 31, 2017	20,691	13.99	N/A	N/A
Total	20,691	13.99		

The number of shares purchased represents shares of common stock surrendered by certain of our employees to

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(1) satisfy their statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted shares of common stock issued under the 2013 Plan. With respect to these shares, the price paid per share is based on the fair value at the time of surrender.

Item 3. Defaults on Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed, furnished or incorporated by reference (as applicable) as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

Date: May 3, 2017 /s/ LOUIS S. HADDAD Louis S. Haddad President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 3, 2017 /s/ MICHAEL P. O'HARA Michael P. O'Hara Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

Exhibit Index			
Exhibit No.	Description		
15.1	Acknowledgment of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm		
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document		
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document		
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document		
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document		
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document		
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase		