COWEN GROUP, INC.
Form 10-Q
October 31, 2016

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

Q	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016
or

o	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-34516
Cowen Group, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	27-0423711
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
599 Lexington Avenue New York, New York (Address of Principal Executive Offices)	10022 (Zip Code)

(646) 562-1000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes Q No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes Q No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer Q	Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No Q
APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:
As of October 28, 2016 there were 107,314,244 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

We have made statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (including in “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”) that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking terms such as “may,” “might,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “should,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “ “predict,” “project,” “possible,” “potential,” “intend,” “seek” or “continue,” the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology or similar expressions. In addition, our management may make forward-looking statements to analysts, representatives of the media and others. These forward-looking statements represent only the Company's beliefs regarding future events (many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control) and are predictions only, based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In particular, you should consider the risks contained in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 as well as Item 1A of this periodic report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We undertake no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this filing to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. The Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2015 were audited.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
Cowen Group, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition
(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)
(unaudited)

	As of September 30, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$76,925	$158,485
Cash collateral pledged	13,783	10,085
Securities owned, at fair value	544,644	610,234
Receivable on derivative contracts, at fair value	27,428	39,618
Other investments	167,450	140,647
Receivable from brokers	77,631	117,757
Fees receivable, net of allowance	45,787	34,413
Due from related parties	32,539	39,659
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of $24,170 and $29,953, respectively	43,463	27,231
Goodwill	60,678	58,361
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of $28,114 and $28,301, respectively	27,073	25,663
Deferred tax asset, net	151,237	143,560
Other assets	53,081	71,531
Consolidated Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	10,370	13,934
Securities owned, at fair value	71,456	32,000
Receivable on derivative contracts, at fair value	429	—
Other investments	391,872	263,818
Receivable from brokers	5,333	—
Other assets	999	663
Total Assets	$1,802,178	$1,787,659
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	$212,183	$257,159
Payable for derivative contracts, at fair value	17,021	21,183
Payable to brokers	127,216	131,789
Compensation payable	59,103	150,403
Notes payable and other debt	78,357	68,565
Convertible debt	128,065	122,401
Fees payable	6,637	5,638
Due to related parties	257	329
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	62,496	52,233
Consolidated Funds		
Due to related parties	—	3
Contributions received in advance	—	850
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	1,540	—
Payable to brokers	3,132	—
Payable for derivative contracts, at fair value	276	—

Capital withdrawals payable	2,378	78
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	410	124
Total Liabilities	699,071	810,755
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 12)		
Redeemable non-controlling interests	331,883	186,911
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, par value $0.01 per share: 10,000,000 shares authorized, 120,750 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016 (aggregate liquidation preference of $120,750,000) and 120,750 shares issued and outstanding as of as of December 31, 2015 (aggregate liquidation preference of $120,750,000), respectively	1	1
Class A common stock, par value $0.01 per share: 250,000,000 shares authorized, 146,131,829 shares issued and 107,314,157 outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and 140,120,392 shares issued and 105,604,658 outstanding as of December 31, 2015, respectively (including 648,704 and 497,570 restricted shares, respectively)	1,167	1,167
Class B common stock, par value $0.01 per share: 250,000,000 authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	921,062	902,554
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings	1,160	23,627
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(3)	—
Less: Class A common stock held in treasury, at cost, 38,817,672 and 34,515,734 shares, respectively	(152,163)	(137,356)
Total Stockholders' Equity	771,224	789,993
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	$1,802,178	$1,787,659

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Cowen Group, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues				
Investment banking	$36,722	$53,012	$98,156	$186,763
Brokerage	49,605	41,085	147,640	111,496
Management fees	10,272	10,519	31,951	31,169
Incentive income	1,284	93	2,823	365
Interest and dividends	3,906	3,604	11,664	9,846
Reimbursement from affiliates	2,140	3,355	8,268	10,499
Aircraft lease revenue	1,089	—	3,071	—
Other revenues	25,112	1,312	41,183	2,684
Consolidated Funds				
Interest and dividends	904	245	3,518	685
Other revenues	(7)	29	1,023	449
Total revenues	131,027	113,254	349,297	353,956
Expenses				
Employee compensation and benefits	98,501	56,401	217,309	227,593
Floor brokerage and trade execution	8,224	6,415	23,887	18,418
Interest and dividends	7,612	7,367	21,866	19,241
Professional, advisory and other fees	5,305	6,392	16,585	16,874
Service fees	2,075	1,778	6,334	5,338
Communications	4,619	3,478	13,287	10,313
Occupancy and equipment	8,033	7,286	23,911	21,024
Depreciation and amortization	3,174	2,301	9,654	6,584
Client services and business development	6,349	5,132	20,335	18,316
Other expenses	11,898	3,783	32,328	11,442
Consolidated Funds				
Interest and dividends	1,665	366	4,292	858
Professional, advisory and other fees	337	174	959	476
Floor brokerage and trade execution	173	(20)	306	46
Other expenses	294	114	871	246
Total expenses	158,259	100,967	391,924	356,769
Other income (loss)				
Net gains (losses) on securities, derivatives and other investments	26,153	(23,612)	9,123	24,449
Consolidated Funds				
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and other transactions	19,755	333	(6,543)	8,073
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives	5,368	(78)	13,525	(404)
Net gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions	(26)	(13)	72	(45)
Total other income (loss)	51,250	(23,370)	16,177	32,073
Income (loss) before income taxes	24,018	(11,083)	(26,450)	29,260
Income tax expense (benefit)	8,759	(5,081)	(6,553)	5,212

Net income (loss)	15,259	(6,002)	(19,897)	24,048
Net income (loss) attributable to redeemable non-controlling interests in consolidated subsidiaries and funds	18,478	4,344	(2,524)	10,980
Net income (loss) attributable to Cowen Group, Inc.	(3,219)	(10,346)	(17,373)	13,068
Preferred stock dividends	1,698	1,603	5,094	2,358
Net income (loss) attributable to Cowen Group, Inc. common stockholders	$(4,917)	$(11,949)	$(22,467)	$10,710
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	107,974	109,191	107,272	111,050
Diluted	107,974	109,191	107,272	117,249
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	$(0.05)	$(0.11)	$(0.21)	$0.10
Diluted	$(0.05)	$(0.11)	$(0.21)	$0.09

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Cowen Group, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

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the net carrying value of the related intangible asset to fair value. Any such impairment charge could be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our reported financial results. We did not record any impairment charges on our intangible assets during fiscal 2013, 2012 or 2011.

Income Taxes

Our tax provisions are calculated using estimates in accordance with ASC 740, Income Taxes. Our estimates and assumptions may differ from the actual results as reflected in our income tax returns and we record the required adjustments when they are identified or resolved.

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the temporary differences between the book and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which we expect the differences to reverse, and for tax loss and credit carryovers. We record a valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. In evaluating our ability to utilize our deferred tax assets, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including our past operating results, our forecast of future taxable income on a jurisdiction by jurisdiction basis, as well as feasible and prudent tax planning strategies. These assumptions require significant judgment about the forecasts of future taxable income and are consistent with the plans and estimates we are using to manage the underlying businesses. We believe that the net deferred tax assets of approximately $307.2 million that are recorded on our balance sheet as of October 31, 2013 will ultimately be realized. However, if we determine in the future that it is more likely than not we will not be able to realize a portion or the full amount of deferred tax assets, we would record an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance as a charge to earnings in the period such determination is made.

We apply a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining whether it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

The calculation of tax liabilities involves the inherent uncertainty associated with the application of complex tax laws. We are also subject to examination by various taxing authorities. We believe we have adequately provided in our financial statements for potential additional taxes. If we ultimately determine that these amounts are not owed, we would reverse the liability and recognize the tax benefit in the period in which we determine that the liability is no longer necessary. If an ultimate tax assessment exceeds our estimate of tax liabilities, we would record an additional charge to earnings.

Results of Operations

Revenue Background

We generate our revenue from the sale of software licenses, maintenance and professional services and to a small extent, hardware products. Under current accounting rules and policies, we recognize revenue from orders we receive for software licenses, services and hardware products at varying times. In most instances, we recognize revenue on a TSL software license order over the license term and on a term or perpetual software license order in the quarter in which the license is delivered. The average license term of the TSLs and term licenses we entered into in fiscal 2013, 2012, and 2011 was 3.6 years, 2.7 years and 2.8 years, respectively. Revenue on contracts requiring significant modification or development is accounted for using the percentage of completion method over the period of the development. Revenue on hardware product orders is generally recognized in full at the time the product is shipped. Contingent revenue is recognized if and when the applicable event occurs.

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Revenue on maintenance orders is recognized ratably over the maintenance period (normally one year). Revenue on professional services orders is generally recognized after services are performed and accepted by the customer.

Our revenue in any period is equal to the sum of our time-based license, upfront license, maintenance and professional services for the period. We derive time-based license revenue largely from TSL orders received and delivered in prior quarters and to a smaller extent due to contracts in which revenue is recognized as customer installments become due and payable and from contingent revenue arrangements. We derive upfront license revenue directly from term and perpetual license and hardware product orders mostly booked and shipped during the period. We derive maintenance revenue largely from maintenance orders received in prior periods since our maintenance orders generally yield revenue ratably over a term of one year. We also derive professional services revenue primarily from orders received in prior quarters, since we recognize revenue from professional services as those services are delivered and accepted or on percentage of completion for arrangements requiring significant modification of our software, and not when they are booked. Our license revenue is sensitive to the mix of TSLs and perpetual or term licenses delivered during a reporting period. A TSL order typically yields lower current quarter revenue but contributes to revenue in future periods. For example, a $120,000 order for a three-year TSL delivered on the last day of a quarter typically generates no revenue in that quarter, but $10,000 in each of the twelve succeeding quarters. Conversely, a $120,000 order for perpetual and term licenses with greater than 75% of the license fee due within one year from shipment typically generates $120,000 in revenue in the quarter the product is delivered, but no future revenue. Additionally, revenue in a particular quarter may also be impacted by perpetual and term licenses in which less than 75% of the license fees and 100% of the maintenance fees are payable within one year from shipment as the related revenue will be recognized as revenue in the period when customer payments become due and payable.

Our customer arrangements are complex, involving hundreds of products and various license rights, and our customers bargain with us over many aspects of these arrangements. For example, they often demand a broader portfolio of solutions, support and services and seek more favorable terms such as expanded license usage, future purchase rights and other unique rights at an overall lower total cost. No single factor typically drives our customers buying decisions, and we compete on all fronts to serve customers in a highly competitive EDA market. Customers generally negotiate the total value of the arrangement rather than just unit pricing or volumes.

Total Revenue

Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
(dollars in millions)						
$1,962.2	$ 1,756.0	$ 1,535.6	$ 206.2	12%	$ 220.4	14%

The overall growth of our business has been the primary driver of the increase in our revenue. Our revenues are subject to fluctuations, primarily due to customer requirements, including payment terms and the timing and value of contract renewals.

The sequential increase in total revenue from fiscal 2011 through fiscal 2013 was due to our organic growth and revenues from acquired companies. The increases were primarily in time-based license revenue. Fiscal 2012 had approximately $26 million of additional revenue due to the additional week in that fiscal year.

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Time-Based License Revenue

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
	$ 1,599.5	$ 1,449.3	$ 1,260.3	$ 150.2	10%	$ 189.0	15%
Percentage of total revenue	82%	83%	82%				

The increase in time-based license revenue for fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012 was primarily attributable to increases in TSL license revenue from arrangements booked in prior periods, including those from acquisitions in fiscal 2012 and particularly in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, and to a lesser extent, due to other time-based arrangements. The increase was partially offset by the impact of the additional week in fiscal 2012.

The increase in time-based license revenue for fiscal 2012 compared to fiscal 2011 was primarily attributable to increases in TSL license revenue from arrangements booked in prior periods and from the contracts acquired through fiscal 2012 acquisitions and, to a lesser extent, due to higher contingent revenue, product sales, the impact of the additional week in fiscal 2012 and other time-based arrangements.

Upfront License Revenue

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
	$ 132.0	$ 105.1	$ 90.5	$ 26.9	26%	$ 14.6	16%
Percentage of total revenue	7%	6%	6%				

Changes in upfront license revenue are generally attributable to normal fluctuations in customer requirements, which can drive the amount of upfront orders and revenue in any particular period.

The increase in upfront license revenue for fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012 was primarily attributable to the increase in sales of our hardware products and perpetual licenses to IP and system-level products, including those derived from our acquisitions in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012.

The increase in upfront license revenue for fiscal 2012 compared to fiscal 2011 was primarily attributable to the increase in sales of our hardware products and perpetual licenses to IP and system-level products.

As our sales of hardware and perpetual licenses to IP and system-level products continue to grow, we expect upfront license revenue to increase as a percentage of total revenue, but remain consistent with our business model in which approximately 90% of our total revenue consists of time-based revenue.

Maintenance and Service Revenue

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
Maintenance revenue	$ 79.2	$ 74.6	$ 77.6	$ 4.6	6%	$ (3.0)	(4)%
Professional service and other revenue	151.5	127.0	107.2	24.5	19%	19.8	18%
Total	$ 230.7	$ 201.6	$ 184.8	$ 29.1	14%	$ 16.8	9%
Percentage of total revenue	12%	11%	12%				

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Changes in maintenance revenue are generally attributable to the timing of renewals and the type of contracts renewed with the associated maintenance. Maintenance revenue was relatively flat during fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011.

The sequential increase in professional services and other revenue from fiscal 2011 through fiscal 2013 was primarily due to an increase in IP consulting services.

Cost of Revenue and Operating Expenses

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
Cost of revenue	$ 453.6	$ 392.7	$ 340.5	$ 60.8	15%	$ 52.2	15%
Operating expenses	1,262.2	1,173.3	982.4	88.9	8%	190.9	19%
Total	$ 1,715.8	$ 1,566.0	$ 1,322.9	$ 149.7	10%	$ 243.1	18%
Total expenses as a percentage of total revenue	87%	89%	86%				

Our expenses are generally impacted by changes in personnel-related costs including salaries, benefits, stock compensation and variable compensation, changes in amortization and changes in selling and marketing expenses. The increase in our expenses compared to prior fiscal years was primarily due to an increase in personnel-related costs, driven by increased headcount from our acquisitions and related fixed charges including facilities, amortization of intangible assets, and depreciation. The increases in our expenses were partially offset by the extra week of expenses in fiscal 2012 of $16 million. We allocate certain human resource programs, information technology and facility expenses among our functional income statement categories based on headcount within each functional area. Annually, or upon a significant change in headcount (such as a workforce reduction, realignment or acquisition) or other factors, management reviews the allocation methodology and expenses included in the allocation pool. Consequently, fluctuations in these drivers impact the amounts allocated to each functional area.

Foreign currency fluctuations, net of hedging, did not have a significant impact on expenses during fiscal 2013 as compared to fiscal 2012, or fiscal 2012 as compared to fiscal 2011. See Note 5 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements* for details on our foreign exchange hedging programs.

Cost of Revenue

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
Cost of license revenue	$ 268.9	$ 232.8	$ 205.5	$ 36.1	16%	$ 27.3	13%
Cost of maintenance and service revenue	80.4	78.6	80.2	1.8	2%	(1.6)	(2)%
Amortization of intangible assets	104.3	81.3	54.8	23.0	28%	26.5	48%
Total	$ 453.6	$ 392.7	$ 340.5	$ 60.9	16%	$ 52.2	15%
Percentage of total revenue	23%	22%	22%				

We divide cost of revenue into three categories: cost of license revenue, cost of maintenance and service revenue, and amortization of intangible assets. We segregate expenses directly associated with consulting and training services from cost of license revenue associated with internal functions providing license delivery and post-customer contract support services. We then allocate these group

costs between cost of license revenue and cost of maintenance and service revenue based on license and maintenance and service revenue reported.

Cost of license revenue. Cost of license revenue includes costs related to products sold and software licensed, allocated operating costs related to product support and distribution costs, royalties paid to third party vendors, and the amortization of capitalized research and development costs associated with software products which have reached technological feasibility.

Cost of maintenance and service revenue. Cost of maintenance and service revenue includes operating costs related to maintaining the infrastructure necessary to operate our services and training organization, and costs associated with the delivery of our consulting services, such as, hotline and on-site support, production services and documentation of maintenance updates.

Amortization of intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets, which is recorded to cost of revenue and operating expenses, includes the amortization of certain contract rights and the amortization of core/developed technology, trademarks, trade names, customer relationships, and covenants not to compete related to acquisitions.

Cost of revenue increased by $60.9 million or 16% in fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012 due to increases of $23.0 million in amortization of intangible assets and $17.7 million in personnel-related costs, primarily as a result of acquisitions in fiscal 2012, particularly in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, and $25.9 million in product costs primarily due to product sales. The increase in cost of revenue was partially offset by an additional week of expenses of approximately $2.2 million in fiscal 2012 and a $1.3 million reduction in acquisition-related costs compared to fiscal 2012.

Cost of revenue increased by $52.2 million or 15% in fiscal 2012 compared to fiscal 2011. The increase was primarily due to increases of $26.5 million in amortization of intangible assets, $19.0 million in personnel-related costs as a result of fiscal 2012 acquisitions and the impact of one extra week of costs of approximately $2.2 million in fiscal 2012.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
	$ 669.2	$ 581.6	$ 491.9	$ 87.6	15%	$ 89.7	18%
Percentage of total revenue	34%	33%	32%				

The increase in research and development expense in fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012 was primarily due to increases of $76.1 million in personnel-related costs and $11.0 million in functionally allocated expenses, as a result of headcount increases primarily from our acquisitions in fiscal 2012, particularly in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, and $8.6 million in consulting costs. The increase in research and development expenses was partially offset by an additional week of expenses of approximately $7.5 million in fiscal 2012 and a $6.3 million reduction in acquisition-related costs compared to fiscal 2012.

The increase in research and development expense in fiscal 2012 compared to fiscal 2011 was primarily due to increases of $61.0 million in personnel-related costs as a result of headcount increases primarily from our acquisitions, $11.1 million in functionally allocated expenses as a result of headcount increases from our current year acquisitions, $7.9 million in costs related to acquisitions, and one extra week of costs of approximately $7.5 million in fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011.

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Sales and Marketing

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
				(dollars in millions)			
	$ 426.0	$ 415.6	$ 363.1	$ 10.4	3%	$ 52.5	14%
Percentage of total revenue	22%	24%	24%				

Changes in commissions and other variable compensation are generally attributable to the volume of contracts and timing of shipments based on contract requirements.

The increase in sales and marketing expense for fiscal 2013 compared with fiscal 2012 was due to increases in personnel-related costs of $15.9 million primarily driven by headcount increases, $2.0 million in marketing activities, and $1.4 million in maintenance. The increase in sales and marketing expenses was partially offset by an additional week of expenses of approximately $4.9 million in fiscal 2012 and a $5.2 million reduction in acquisition-related costs compared to fiscal 2012.

The increase in sales and marketing expense for fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011 was due to increases in personnel-related costs of $25.6 million primarily driven by headcount increases from our acquisitions, $11.2 million in variable compensation due to higher shipments, $8.9 million in costs related to acquisitions, and one extra week of costs of approximately $4.9 million in fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011.

General and Administrative

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
				(dollars in millions)			
	$ 143.8	$ 157.5	$ 112.8	($ 13.7)	(9)%	$ 44.7	40%
Percentage of total revenue	7%	9%	7%				

The decrease in general and administrative expenses was due to a decrease in acquisition-related costs of $25.4 million compared to fiscal 2012 and higher allocation of $7.7 million in expenses to other functions (cost of revenue, research and development, and sales and marketing) in fiscal 2013 as headcount growth in those functions, primarily driven by acquisitions, resulted in an increase in the pool of expenses to be allocated. The decrease in general and administrative expense was partially offset by increases of $15.2 million in professional service costs, $5.4 million in facilities and depreciation expenses, primarily due to our acquisitions, and $2.2 million in personnel-related costs as a result of headcount increases primarily from our acquisitions.

The increase in general and administrative expense for fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011 was primarily due to increases of $15.9 million in personnel-related costs as a result of headcount increases primarily from our acquisitions, $24.5 million in costs related to acquisitions, $6.8 million in facility expenses, $5.8 million in depreciation and maintenance expenses and one extra week of costs of approximately $1.6 million in fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011. The increases were partially offset by a higher allocation of $18.0 million in expenses to other functions in fiscal 2012 compared to fiscal 2011, as a result of increased expenses in the allocation pool.

Change in Fair Value of Deferred Compensation

The income or loss arising from the change in fair value of our non-qualified deferred compensation plan obligation is recorded in cost of sales and each functional operating expense, with the offsetting change in the fair value of the related assets recorded in other income (expense), net. These assets are classified as trading securities. There is no overall impact to our net income from the income or loss of our deferred compensation plan obligation and asset.

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Acquired In-Process Research and Development

In-process research and development (IPR&D) costs relate to in-process technologies acquired in acquisitions. The value assigned to IPR&D is determined by considering the importance of each project to our overall development plan, estimating costs to develop the IPR&D into commercially viable products, estimating the resulting net cash flows from such projects when completed and discounting the net cash flows back to their present value. The utilized discount rate is our weighted average cost of capital, taking into account the inherent uncertainties in future revenue estimates and the profitability of such technology, the successful development of the IPR&D, its useful life and the uncertainty of technological advances, all of which are unknown at the time of determination.

Upon completion of development, the underlying intangible asset is amortized over its estimated useful life and recorded in cost of revenue. IPR&D projects acquired are anticipated to be completed over a period of one to three years from the date of the acquisition. See Note 4 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

Amortization of Intangible Assets

Amortization of intangible assets includes the amortization of contract rights and the amortization of core/developed technology, trademarks, trade names, customer relationships, covenants not to compete, and in-process research and development related to acquisitions completed in prior years. Amortization expense is included in the consolidated statements of operations as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
Included in cost of revenue	$ 104.3	$ 81.3	$ 54.8	$ 23.0	28%	$ 26.5	48%
Included in operating expenses	23.2	18.6	14.6	4.6	25%	4.0	27%
Total	$ 127.5	$ 99.9	$ 69.4	$ 27.6	28%	$ 30.5	44%
Percentage of total revenue	6%	6%	5%				

Amortization of capitalized software development costs is not presented in the above table and is included in cost of license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

The increases in amortization of intangible assets from fiscal 2011 through 2013 were primarily due to the amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions partially offset by certain intangible assets becoming fully amortized. See Note 4 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements* for a schedule of future amortization amounts, which is incorporated by reference here.

Impairment of Intangible Assets. We did not record any impairment charges to our intangible assets during fiscal 2013, 2012, or 2011.

Other Income (Expense), Net

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	% Change	$ Change	% Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013		2011 to 2012	
	(dollars in millions)						
Interest income	$ 1.9	$ 1.6	$ 2.1	$ 0.3	19%	$ (0.5)	(24)%
Interest expense	(1.7)	(2.0)	(0.1)	0.3	(15)%	(1.9)	1,900%
Gain (loss) on assets related to executive deferred compensation plan	18.5	7.5	2.4	11.0	147%	5.1	213%
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss)	6.0	1.7	1.7	4.3	253%	0.0	0%
Other, net	4.5	2.3	0.2	2.2	96%	2.1	1,050%
Total	$ 29.2	$ 11.1	$ 6.3	$ 18.1	163%	$ 4.8	76%

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The net increase in other income (expense) in fiscal 2013 as compared to fiscal 2012 was primarily due to an increase in market value of the assets related to our deferred compensation plan, and an increase in gains in our foreign currency contracts, partially offset by lower interest expense due to a decrease in principal payment on a term loan.

The net increase in other income (expense) in fiscal 2012 as compared to fiscal 2011 was primarily due to an increase in gain on assets related to our deferred compensation plan, and an increase in premiums on foreign currency contracts included in other income (expense), net, partially offset by higher interest expense due to a term loan that we entered into in fiscal 2012.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate for fiscal 2013 included tax benefits from the reinstatement of the U.S. federal research tax credit of approximately $19.0 million, reversal of deferred taxes resulting from the merger of a foreign affiliate of $6.8 million, and settlement with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) of certain issues related to fiscal 2012 of $1.1 million. The reinstatement of the research tax credit resulted in an additional tax credit for ten months of fiscal 2012 as well as a full year credit for fiscal 2013, compared to only two months of credit in fiscal 2012 as a result of the expiration of the credit on December 31, 2011. Our effective tax rate for fiscal 2012 included tax benefits from settlements with the IRS of $15.9 million (for fiscal years 2010 through 2011), with Taiwan tax authorities of $14.7 million (net tax benefit resulting from the 2008 settlement being applied to other open fiscal years), and with Hungarian tax authorities of $6.3 million (for fiscal years 2006 through 2010). For further discussion of the provision for income taxes and settlements, see Note 11 of the *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our sources of cash and cash equivalents are funds generated from our business operations and funds that may be drawn down under our credit facility.

As of October 31, 2013, we held an aggregate of $468.4 million in cash and cash equivalents in the United States and an aggregate of $554.0 million in our foreign subsidiaries. Funds held in our foreign subsidiaries are generated from revenue outside North America. At present, such foreign funds are considered to be indefinitely reinvested in foreign countries to the extent of indefinitely reinvested foreign earnings. In the event funds from foreign operations are needed to fund cash needs in the United States and if U.S. taxes have not already been previously accrued, we would be required to accrue and pay additional U.S. taxes in order to repatriate these funds.

The following sections discuss changes in our balance sheet and cash flows, and other commitments on our liquidity and capital resources during fiscal 2013.

Cash and cash equivalents

	Year Ended October 31,			
	2013	2012	$ Change	% Change
		(dollars in millions)		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,022.4	$ 700.4	$ 322.0	46%

Our cash generated from operating activities was $496.7 million in fiscal 2013.

Other cash activities were (1) share repurchases of $145.0 million offset by proceeds from employee stock plans of $131.9 million, (2) purchases of property and equipment of $65.5 million offset by proceeds from sale of property and equipment of $2.0 million, (3) acquisition of the non-controlling interest in SpringSoft, Inc. for $44.0 million, and (4) repayment of a term loan of $30.0 million.

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Cash flows

	Year Ended October 31,			$ Change	$ Change
	2013	2012	2011	2012 to 2013	2011 to 2012
			(dollars in millions)		
Cash provided by operating activities	$ 496.7	$ 486.1	$ 440.3	$ 10.6	$ 45.8
Cash (used in) investing activities	(66.1)	(879.1)	(88.8)	813.0	(790.3)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(98.0)	243.5	(277.6)	(341.5)	521.1

Cash provided by operating activities

We expect cash from our operating activities to fluctuate in future periods as a result of a number of factors, including the timing of our billings and collections, our operating results, the timing and amount of tax and other liability payments. Cash provided by our operations is dependent primarily upon the payment terms of our license agreements. We generally receive cash from upfront license revenue much sooner than from time-based license revenue, in which the license fee is typically paid either quarterly or annually over the term of the license.

Fiscal 2012 to fiscal 2013. Cash provided by operating activities increased slightly due to an increase in collections from customers and a decrease in tax payments, offset partly by higher disbursements to vendors and higher personnel-related costs due to increased headcount.

Fiscal 2011 to fiscal 2012. Cash provided by operating activities increased slightly due to an increase in collections from customers, offset partly by higher disbursements to vendors.

Cash used in investing activities

Fiscal 2012 to fiscal 2013. The decrease in cash used in investing activities was primarily due to the decrease in acquisition activities in fiscal 2013.

Fiscal 2011 to fiscal 2012. The increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily due to cash used for acquisitions in fiscal 2012, partly offset by net proceeds from the purchase and sale of investments.

Cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Fiscal 2012 to fiscal 2013. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities was primarily due to increased common stock repurchases under our stock repurchase program, proceeds from credit facilities in fiscal 2012 that did not recur in the current period and less proceeds from issuances of common stock.

Fiscal 2011 to fiscal 2012. The increase in cash provided by financing activities primarily relates to net proceeds from credit facilities obtained primarily to finance our acquisitions and less common stock repurchases under our stock repurchase program.

Accounts Receivable, net

Year Ended October 31,			
2013	2012	$ Change	% Change
(dollars in millions)			
$256.0	$292.7	$(36.7)	(13)%

Our accounts receivable and days sales outstanding (DSO) are primarily driven by our billing and collections activities. Our DSO was 46 days at October 31, 2013 and 59 days at October 31, 2012. The decrease in DSO is attributable to the increase in collections from customers.

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Working Capital. Working capital is comprised of current assets less current liabilities, as shown on our consolidated balance sheets:

	Year Ended October 31, 2013	2012	$ Change	% Change
	(dollars in millions)			
Current assets	$ 1,448.0	$ 1,140.7	$ 307.3	27%
Current liabilities	1,222.9	1,252.6	(29.7)	(2)%
Working capital	$ 225.1	$ (111.9)	$ 337.0	(301)%

Changes in our working capital were primarily due to (1) a $322.1 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, (2) a $24.9 million decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to timing of disbursements, (3) a $17.3 million increase in deferred income taxes, and (4) a $7.3 million decrease in deferred revenue due to timing of our billings. These changes in working capital were partially offset by a $36.6 million decrease in accounts receivable attributable to timing and a $2.5 million increase in accrued income taxes.

Other

As of October 31, 2013, our cash equivalents consisted of cash deposits, tax-exempt money market mutual funds, and taxable money market mutual funds. We follow an established investment policy and set of guidelines to monitor, manage and limit our exposure to interest rate and credit risk.

We proactively manage our cash and cash equivalents balances and closely monitor our capital and stock repurchase expenditures to ensure ample liquidity. Our cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 under fair value guidance. See Notes 5 and 6 of the *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

Other Commitments

On February 17, 2012, we entered into an agreement with several lenders (the Credit Agreement) providing for (i) a $350.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the Revolver) and (ii) a $150.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility (the Term Loan). Principal payments on a portion of the Term Loan are due in equal quarterly installments of $7.5 million, with the remainder due when the Credit Agreement expires in October 2016. We can elect to make prepayments on the Term Loan, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. Subject to obtaining additional commitments from lenders, the principal amount of the loans provided under the Credit Agreement may be increased by us by up to an additional $150.0 million through October 13, 2015. The Credit Agreement contains financial covenants requiring us to operate within a maximum leverage ratio and maintain specified levels of cash, as well as other non-financial covenants.

As of October 31, 2013, we had a $105.0 million outstanding balance under the Term Loan, of which $75.0 million is classified as long-term, and no outstanding balance under the Revolver. As of October 31, 2012, we had a $135.0 million outstanding balance under the Term Loan, of which $105.0 million is classified as long-term, and no outstanding balance under the Revolver. Borrowings bear interest at a floating rate based on a margin over our choice of market-observable base rates as defined in the Credit Agreement. At October 31, 2013, borrowings under the Term Loan bore interest at LIBOR + 1.125% and the applicable interest rate for the Revolver was LIBOR + 0.975%. In addition, commitment fees are payable on the Revolver at rates between 0.150% and 0.300% per year based on our leverage ratio on the daily amount of the revolving commitment.

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Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of October 31, 2013:

	Total	Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2015/ Fiscal 2016 (in thousands)	Fiscal 2017/ Fiscal 2018	Thereafter	Other
Lease Obligations:						
Capital Lease	$ 2,418	$ 2,418	$	$	$	$
Operating Leases(1)	$ 402,750	$ 46,492	$ 71,440	$ 61,875	$ 222,943	$
Purchase Obligations(2)	95,345	30,131	63,366	1,848		
Term Loan(3)	105,000	30,000	75,000			
Other Long-Term Obligations(4)	3,190	1,568	1,622			
Long term accrued income taxes(5)	53,064					$ 53,064
Total	$ 661,767	$ 110,609	$ 211,428	$ 63,723	$ 222,943	$ 53,064

(1) See Note 7 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*.
(2) Purchase obligations represent an estimate of all open purchase orders and contractual obligations in the ordinary course of business for which we have not received the goods or services as of October 31, 2013. Although open purchase orders are considered enforceable and legally binding, the terms generally allow us the option to cancel, reschedule and adjust our requirements based on our business needs prior to the delivery of goods or performance of services.
(3) This commitment relates to the principal on the Term Loan as discussed in *Other Commitments* above.
(4) These other obligations include a loan assumed through an acquisition and the fees associated with our Term Loan and Revolver.
(5) Long-term accrued income taxes represent uncertain tax benefits as of October 31, 2013. Currently, a reasonably reliable estimate of timing of payments in individual years beyond fiscal 2013 cannot be made due to uncertainties in timing of the commencement and settlement of potential tax audits.

The expected timing of payments of the obligations discussed above is estimated based on current information. Timing of payment and actual amounts paid may be different depending on the time of receipt of goods or services or changes to agreed-upon amounts for some obligations. Amounts disclosed as contingent or milestone based obligations depend on the achievement of the milestones or the occurrence of the contingent events and can vary significantly.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of October 31, 2013, we did not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to our cash and cash equivalents and outstanding debt. As of October 31, 2013, all of our cash, cash equivalents and debt were at short-term variable interest rates. While par value generally approximates fair value on variable instruments, rising interest rates over time would increase both our interest income and our interest expense.

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The following tables present our cash equivalents and debt by fiscal year of expected maturity and average interest rates:

As of October 31, 2013

	Maturing in Year Ending October 31,				
	2014	2015	2016 (in thousands)	Total	Fair Value
Cash equivalent (variable rate)	$ 839,149	$	$	$ 839,149	$ 839,149
Average interest rate	0.16%	%	%		
Short-term debt (variable rate)					
Term Loan	$ 30,000	$	$	$ 30,000	$ 30,000
Average interest rate	LIBOR + 1.125%	%	%		
Long-term debt (variable rate)					
Term Loan	$	$ 30,000	$ 45,000	$ 75,000	$ 75,000
Average interest rate	%	LIBOR + 1.125%	LIBOR + 1.125%		

As of October 31, 2012

	Maturing in Year Ending October 31,					
	2013	2014	2015 (in thousands)	2016	Total	Fair Value
Cash equivalent (variable rate)	$ 533,221	$	$	$	$ 533,221	$ 533,221
Average interest rate	0.39%	%	%	%		
Short-term debt (variable rate)						
Term Loan	$ 30,000	$	$	$	$ 30,000	$ 30,000
Average interest rate	LIBOR + 1.125%	%	%	%		
Long-term debt (variable rate)						
Term Loan		$ 30,000	$ 30,000	$ 45,000	$ 105,000	$ 105,000
Average interest rate		LIBOR + 1.125%	LIBOR + 1.125%	LIBOR + 1.125%		

Foreign Currency Risk. We operate internationally and are exposed to potentially adverse movements in currency exchange rates. The functional currency of the majority of our active foreign subsidiaries is the foreign subsidiary s local currency. We enter into hedges in the form of foreign currency forward contracts to reduce our exposure to foreign currency rate changes on non-functional currency denominated forecasted transactions and balance sheet positions including: (1) certain assets and liabilities, (2) shipments forecasted to occur within approximately one month, (3) future billings and revenue on previously shipped orders, and (4) certain future intercompany invoices denominated in foreign currencies. The foreign currency contracts are carried at fair value and denominated in various currencies as listed in the tables below. The duration of forward contracts usually ranges from one month to 21 months. A description of our accounting for foreign currency contracts is included in Note 2 and Note 5 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

The success of our hedging activities depends upon the accuracy of our estimates of various balances and transactions denominated in non-functional currencies. To the extent our estimates are correct, gains and losses on our foreign currency contracts will be offset by corresponding losses and gains on the underlying transactions. For example, if the Euro were to depreciate by 10% compared to the U.S. dollar prior to the settlement of the Euro forward contracts listed in the table below providing information as of October 31, 2013, the fair value of the contracts would decrease by approximately

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$9.2 million, and we would be required to pay approximately $9.2 million to the counterparty upon contract maturity. At the same time, the U.S. dollar value of our Euro-based expenses would decline, resulting in a gain and positive cash flow of approximately $9.2 million that would offset the loss and negative cash flow on the maturing forward contracts.

Net unrealized losses of approximately $1.8 million and $1.3 million, net of tax, are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in our consolidated balance sheets as of October 31, 2013 and October 31, 2012, respectively.

If estimates of our balances and transactions prove inaccurate, we will not be completely hedged, and we will record a gain or loss, depending upon the nature and extent of such inaccuracy.

We do not use foreign currency forward contracts for speculative or trading purposes. We enter into foreign exchange forward contracts with financial institutions and have not experienced nonperformance by counterparties. Further, we anticipate performance by all counterparties to such agreements. The following table provides information about the gross notional values of our foreign currency contracts as of October 31, 2013:

	Gross Notional Amount in U.S. Dollars (in thousands)	Average Contract Rate
Forward Contract Values:		
Japanese yen	$ 297,658	96.334
Euro	92,351	0.754
Taiwan dollar	84,458	29.341
Indian rupee	70,030	62.213
Chinese renminbi	68,208	6.246
Canadian dollar	30,819	1.030
British pound sterling	25,638	0.634
Israeli shekel	18,615	3.555
Armenian dram	16,442	395.147
Korean won	15,818	1116.702
Swiss franc	8,443	0.925
Swedish krona	6,440	6.416
Singapore dollar	5,555	1.263
Chilean peso	2,595	530.167
Russian ruble	2,415	34.202
Hungarian forint	1,316	212.740
	$ 746,801	

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The following table provides information about the gross notional values of our foreign currency contracts as of October 31, 2012:

	Gross Notional Amount in U.S. Dollars (in thousands)	Average Contract Rate
Forward Contract Values:		
Japanese yen	$ 259,317	79.09
Euro	93,316	0.761
Indian rupee	54,016	54.438
Chinese renminbi	52,669	6.353
Taiwan dollar	35,633	29.174
Canadian dollar	30,180	1.012
British pound sterling	24,862	0.630
Israeli shekel	14,982	4.010
Armenian dram	13,684	396.882
Korean won	13,045	1137.426
Swiss franc	8,222	0.971
Swedish krona	8,114	6.692
Singapore dollar	5,282	1.243
Russian ruble	2,818	33.261
Australian dollar	2,077	0.973
Hungarian forint	470	222.280
Polish zloty	291	3.243
	$ 618,978	

Equity Risk. We have approximately $11.5 million and $11.7 million of non-marketable equity securities in privately held companies as of October 31, 2013 and October 31, 2012, respectively. These investments are accounted for under the cost or equity methods. The cost basis of securities sold is based on the specific identification method. The securities of privately held companies are reported at carrying value. Investments are written down to the fair value if there are any events or changes in circumstances that indicate any other than temporary decline in the value. During fiscal 2013, we did not write down the value of our investment portfolio and during fiscal 2012, we wrote down our investment portfolio by $0.5 million. None of our investments are held for speculation purposes.

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Selected Unaudited Quarterly Financial Data

The table below includes certain unaudited financial information for the last four fiscal quarters. Refer to Note 2 of *Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements* for information on our fiscal year end.

	Quarter Ended			
	January 31,	April 30,	July 31,	October 31,
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
2013:				
Revenue	$ 475,137	$ 499,257	$ 482,945	$ 504,875
Gross margin	364,074	391,524	367,298	385,766
Income before provision for income taxes	71,730	86,707	58,172	59,057
Net income	69,922	68,691	52,297	56,890
Net income per share				
Basic	$ 0.46	$ 0.45	$ 0.34	$ 0.37
Diluted	0.45	0.44	0.33	0.36
2012:				
Revenue	$ 425,496	$ 432,561	$ 443,747	$ 454,213
Gross margin	335,642	332,055	343,958	351,689
Income before provision for income taxes	73,829	23,489	61,085	42,732
Net income	56,694	20,971	75,656	29,081
Net income per share				
Basic	$ 0.39	$ 0.14	$ 0.51	$ 0.19
Diluted	0.39	0.14	0.50	0.19

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Item 8. ***Financial Statements and Supplementary Data***

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Synopsys, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synopsys, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of November 2, 2013 and November 3, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended November 2, 2013. We also have audited Synopsys Inc. s internal control over financial reporting as of November 2, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework (1992)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing under item 9A(b). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company s internal control over financial reporting based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Synopsys, Inc. and subsidiaries as of November 2, 2013 and November 3, 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended November 2, 2013, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, Synopsys, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of November 2, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework (1992)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Santa Clara, California

December 19, 2013

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value amounts)

	October 31, 2013	October 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,022,441	$ 700,382
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of $4,253 and $6,072, respectively	256,026	292,668
Deferred income taxes	92,058	74,712
Income taxes receivable and prepaid taxes	18,277	17,267
Prepaid and other current assets	59,175	55,627
Total current assets	1,447,977	1,140,656
Property and equipment, net	197,600	191,243
Goodwill	1,975,971	1,976,987
Intangible assets, net	335,425	466,322
Long-term prepaid taxes	7,935	9,429
Long-term deferred income taxes	243,066	239,412
Other long-term assets	150,961	123,607
Total assets	$ 4,358,935	$ 4,147,656
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 358,197	$ 383,093
Accrued income taxes	7,168	4,682
Deferred revenue	827,554	834,864
Short-term debt	30,000	30,000
Total current liabilities	1,222,919	1,252,639
Long-term accrued income taxes	53,064	52,645
Long-term deferred revenue	54,736	67,184
Long-term debt	75,000	105,000
Other long-term liabilities	164,939	126,217
Total liabilities	1,570,658	1,603,685
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred Stock, $0.01 par value: 2,000 shares authorized; none outstanding		
Common Stock, $0.01 par value: 400,000 shares authorized; 154,169 and 150,899 shares outstanding, respectively	1,542	1,509
Capital in excess of par value	1,597,244	1,585,034
Retained earnings	1,324,854	1,098,694
Treasury stock, at cost: 3,095 and 6,365 shares, respectively	(106,668)	(168,090)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(28,695)	(15,461)
Total Synopsys stockholders equity	2,788,277	2,501,686
Non-controlling interest		42,285
Total stockholders equity	2,788,277	2,543,971
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	$ 4,358,935	$ 4,147,656

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	**2012**	**2011**
Revenue:			
Time-based license	$ 1,599,464	$ 1,449,300	$ 1,260,342
Upfront license	132,018	105,137	90,531
Maintenance and service	230,732	201,580	184,770
Total revenue	1,962,214	1,756,017	1,535,643
Cost of revenue:			
License	268,910	232,811	205,390
Maintenance and service	80,338	78,607	80,241
Amortization of intangible assets	104,304	81,255	54,819
Total cost of revenue	453,552	392,673	340,450
Gross margin	1,508,662	1,363,344	1,195,193
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	669,197	581,628	491,871
Sales and marketing	425,982	415,629	363,118
General and administrative	143,791	157,459	112,760
Amortization of intangible assets	23,199	18,604	14,601
Total operating expenses	1,262,169	1,173,320	982,350
Operating income	246,493	190,024	212,843
Other income (expense), net	29,173	11,111	6,270
Income before provision for income taxes	275,666	201,135	219,113
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	27,866	18,733	(2,251)
Net income	$ 247,800	$ 182,402	$ 221,364
Net income per share:			
Basic	$ 1.62	$ 1.24	$ 1.51
Diluted	$ 1.58	$ 1.21	$ 1.47
Shares used in computing per share amounts:			
Basic	153,319	146,887	146,573
Diluted	156,601	150,280	150,367

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands)

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	**2012**	**2011**
Net income	$ 247,800	$ 182,402	$ 221,364
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	(12,726)	(5,805)	1,659
Cash flow hedges:			
Deferred gains (losses), net of tax of $2,999, $1,101, and $3,049 for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively	6,057	(2,731)	(8,477)
Reclassification adjustment on deferred (gains) losses included in net income, net of tax of $(540), $(4,174), and $(422) for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively	(6,565)	14,235	1,989
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net of tax of $58 and $226, for fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.		(215)	(342)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax effects	(13,234)	5,484	(5,171)
Comprehensive income	234,566	187,886	216,193

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Common Stock								
	Shares	**Amount**	**Capital in Excess of Par Value**	**Retained Earnings**	**Treasury Stock**	**Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)**	**Total Synopsys Shareholder Equity**	**Non-controlling Interest**	**Total Equity**
Balance at October 31, 2010	148,479	$ 1,485	$ 1,541,383	$ 770,674	$ (197,586)	$ (15,774)	$ 2,100,182		$ 2,100,182
Components of comprehensive income (loss):									
Net income				221,364			221,364		221,364
Unrealized loss on investments, net of tax of $226						(342)	(342)		(342)
Deferred loss on cash flow hedges, net of tax of $3,049						(8,477)	(8,477)		(8,477)
Reclassification adjustment on deferred loss of cash flow hedges, net of tax of $(422)						1,989	1,989		1,989
Foreign currency translation adjustment						1,659	1,659		1,659
Purchases of treasury stock	(15,144)	(151)	151		(401,836)		(401,836)		(401,836)
Equity forward contract			(33,335)				(33,335)		(33,335)
Common stock issued	9,973	99	(43,286)	(34,521)	241,390		163,682		163,682
Stock compensation expense			56,414				56,414		56,414
Balance at October 31, 2011	143,308	$ 1,433	$ 1,521,327	$ 957,517	$ (358,032)	$ (20,945)	$ 2,101,300		$ 2,101,300
Components of comprehensive income (loss):									
Net income				182,402			182,402	(504)	181,898
Unrealized loss on investments, net of tax of $58						(215)	(215)		(215)
Deferred loss on cash flow hedges, net of tax of $1,101						(2,731)	(2,731)		(2,731)
Reclassification adjustment on deferred loss of cash flow hedges, net of tax of $(4,174)						14,235	14,235		14,235
Foreign currency translation adjustment						(5,805)	(5,805)		(5,805)
Purchases of treasury stock	(2,474)	(25)	33,360		(73,335)		(40,000)		(40,000)
Common stock issued	10,065	101	(40,990)	(41,225)	263,277		181,163		181,163
Stock compensation expense			71,337				71,337		71,337
Non-controlling interest in an acquired company								42,789	42,789
Balance at October 31, 2012	150,899	$ 1,509	$ 1,585,034	$ 1,098,694	$ (168,090)	$ (15,461)	$ 2,501,686	$ 42,285	$ 2,543,971
Components of comprehensive income (loss):									
Net income				247,800			247,800		247,800
Deferred gain on cash flow hedges, net of tax of $2,999						6,057	6,057		6,057
Reclassification adjustment on deferred gain of cash flow hedges, net of tax of $(540)						(6,565)	(6,565)		(6,565)
Foreign currency translation adjustment						(12,726)	(12,726)		(12,726)
Purchases of treasury stock	(3,996)	(40)	40		(145,016)		(145,016)		(145,016)

Common stock issued	7,266	73	(55,312)	(21,640)	206,438		129,559		129,559
Stock compensation expense			67,482				67,482		67,482
Acquisition of non-controlling interest								(42,285)	(42,285)
Balance at October 31, 2013	154,169	$ 1,542	$ 1,597,244	$ 1,324,854	$ (106,668)	$ (28,695)	$ 2,788,277		$ 2,788,277

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	**2012**	**2011**
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income	$ 247,800	$ 182,402	$ 221,364
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Amortization and depreciation	187,404	156,840	128,550
Stock compensation	67,511	71,414	56,414
Allowance for doubtful accounts	102	3,754	1,058
Write-down of long-term investments		452	999
(Gain) loss on sale of investments	(868)	(650)	(936)
Deferred income taxes	(676)	12,850	22,278
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquired assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	37,590	(53,395)	(18,974)
Prepaid and other current assets	(12,063)	15,199	(13,445)
Other long-term assets	(27,468)	(10,231)	(4,248)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,135)	42,960	(7,408)
Income taxes	(2,306)	(43,113)	(58,377)
Deferred revenue	814	107,586	113,041
Net cash provided by operating activities	496,705	486,068	440,316
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments		166,132	136,983
Purchases of short-term investments		(18,179)	(127,385)
Proceeds from sales of long-term investments	989	506	2,828
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	2,000		
Purchases of property and equipment	(65,459)	(54,191)	(57,345)
Cash paid for acquisitions and intangible assets, net of cash acquired		(970,089)	(41,015)
Capitalization of software development costs	(3,609)	(3,302)	(2,885)
Net cash used in investing activities	(66,079)	(879,123)	(88,819)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Principal payments on capital leases	(3,913)	(6,252)	(4,628)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	(44,004)		
Proceeds from credit facility and term loan		250,000	
Repayment of debt	(30,712)	(136,156)	
Issuances of common stock	131,914	175,896	162,180
Purchase of equity forward contract			(33,335)
Purchases of treasury stock	(145,016)	(40,000)	(401,836)
Other	(6,254)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(97,985)	243,488	(277,619)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(10,582)	(5,128)	5,792
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	322,059	(154,695)	79,670
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	700,382	855,077	775,407

Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	$ 1,022,441	$ 700,382	$ 855,077
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid for income taxes during the year:	$ 31,326	$ 49,208	$ 36,577
Interest payments during the year:	$ 1,761	$ 1,961	$ 69

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Description of Business

Synopsys, Inc. (Synopsys or the Company) is a world leader in supplying the electronic design automation (EDA) software that engineers use to design, create prototypes for and test integrated circuits, also known as chips. The Company also provides software and hardware used to develop the systems that incorporate integrated circuits and the software that runs on those integrated circuits. The Company s intellectual property (IP) products are pre-designed circuits that engineers use as components of larger chip designs rather than designing those circuits themselves. To complement these product offerings, the Company provides technical services to support our solutions and we help our customers develop chips and electronic systems.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fiscal Year End. The Company s fiscal year generally ends on the Saturday nearest to October 31 and consists of 52 weeks, with the exception that approximately every five years, the Company has a 53-week year. Fiscal 2013 was a 52-week year ending on November 2, 2013. Fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011 were 53-week and 52-week years, respectively, ending on November 3, 2012 and October 29, 2011, respectively. For presentation purposes, the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes refer to the closest calendar month end.

Principles of Consolidation. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates. To prepare financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), management must make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates and may result in material effects on the Company s operating results and financial position.

Foreign Currency Translation. The functional currency of the majority of the Company s active foreign subsidiaries is the foreign subsidiary s local currency. Assets and liabilities that are not denominated in the functional currency are remeasured into the functional currency with any related gain or loss recorded in earnings. The Company translates assets and liabilities of its non-U.S. dollar functional currency foreign operations into the U.S. dollar reporting currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The Company translates income and expense items of such foreign operations into U.S. dollars reporting currency at average exchange rates for the period. Accumulated translation adjustments are reported in stockholders equity, as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Foreign Currency Contracts. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to potentially adverse movements in currency exchange rates. The Company enters into hedges in the form of foreign currency forward contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency rate changes on non-functional currency denominated forecasted transactions and balance sheet positions. The Company accounts for the foreign currency forward contracts under Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. The assets or liabilities associated with the forward contracts are recorded at fair value in other current assets or accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

The accounting for gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value depends on the use of the foreign currency forward contract and whether it is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting. See *Note 5. Financial Assets and Liabilities*.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS   Continued

Fair Values of Financial Instruments. The Company s cash equivalents and foreign currency contracts are carried at fair value. The fair value of the Company s accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates the carrying amount due to their short duration. Non-marketable equity securities are carried at cost. The Company performs periodic impairment analysis over these non-marketable equity securities. See *Note 6. Fair Value Measures*.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The Company classifies investments with original maturities of three months or less when acquired as cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash equivalents, marketable securities, foreign currency contracts, and accounts receivable from trade customers. The Company maintains cash equivalents primarily in highly rated taxable and tax-exempt money market funds located in the U.S. and in various overseas locations.

The Company sells its products worldwide primarily to customers in the global electronics market. The Company performs on-going credit evaluations of its customers financial condition and does not require collateral. The Company establishes reserves for potential credit losses and such losses have been within management s expectations and have not been material in any year presented.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. Trade accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts to reduce the Company s receivables to their estimated net realizable value. The Company provides a general reserve on all accounts receivable based on a review of customer accounts. The following table presents the changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Period	Provisions	Write-offs(1)	Balance at End of Period
		(in thousands)		
2013	$ 6,072	$ 102	$ (1,921)	$ 4,253
2012	$ 2,489	$ 3,754	$ (171)	$ 6,072
2011	$ 2,727	$ 1,058	$ (1,296)	$ 2,489

(1) Balances written off, net of recoveries.

Income Taxes. The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company accounts for uncertainty in income taxes using a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining whether it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. An uncertain tax position is considered effectively settled on completion of an examination by a taxing authority if certain other conditions are satisfied.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

Property and Equipment. Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Assets, excluding land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining term of the lease or the economic useful life of the asset, whichever is shorter. Depreciation expenses were $56.7 million, $52.8 million and $51.0 million in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred and such costs were $26.3 million, $23.7 million and $20.9 million in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

A detail of property and equipment is as follows:

	October 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Computer and other equipment	$ 372,295	$ 329,376
Buildings	69,352	70,237
Furniture and fixtures	31,317	29,212
Land	20,414	20,414
Leasehold improvements	96,334	92,111
	589,712	541,350
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization(1)	(392,112)	(350,107)
Total	$ 197,600	$ 191,243

(1) Accumulated depreciation and amortization includes write-offs due to retirement of fully amortized fixed assets.

The useful lives of depreciable assets are as follows:

	Useful Life in Years
Computer and other equipment	3-5
Buildings	30
Furniture and fixtures	5
Leasehold improvements (average)	5

Goodwill. Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired by the Company. The carrying amount of goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if facts and circumstances warrant a review. The Company determined that it is a single reporting unit for the purpose of goodwill impairment tests. For purposes of assessing the impairment of goodwill, the Company estimates the value of the reporting unit using its market capitalization as the best evidence of fair value. This fair value is then compared to the carrying value of the reporting unit. During fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, there were no indicators of impairment to goodwill.

Intangible Assets. Intangible assets consist of acquired technology, certain contract rights, customer relationships, trademarks and trade names, covenants not to compete, capitalized software, and in-process research and development. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives which range from two to ten years.

The Company continually monitors events and changes in circumstances that could indicate carrying amounts of the long-lived assets, including property and equipment and intangible assets,

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances occur, the Company assesses the recoverability of long-lived assets by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through the undiscounted future cash flow. If the undiscounted future cash flow is less than the carrying amount of these assets, the Company recognizes an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets. The Company had no impairments of any long-lived assets in fiscal 2013, 2012 or 2011.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities. The balance consists of:

	October 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Payroll and related benefits	$ 302,374	$ 299,961
Other accrued liabilities	47,248	53,277
Accounts payable	8,575	29,855
Total	$ 358,197	$ 383,093

Other Long-term Liabilities. The balance consists of:

	October 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Deferred compensation liability (See *Note 10*)	$ 126,621	$ 100,645
Other long-term liabilities	38,318	25,572
Total	$ 164,939	$ 126,217

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI) includes all changes in equity during a period from non-owner sources, such as accumulated net translation adjustments, unrealized gain (loss) on certain foreign currency forward contracts that qualify as cash flow hedges, reclassification adjustments related to cash flow hedges and unrealized gain (loss) on investments. See *Note 8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss).*

Revenue Recognition. Software license revenue consists of fees associated with the licensing of the Company s software. Maintenance and service revenue consists of maintenance fees associated with perpetual and term licenses and professional services fees. Hardware revenue consists of Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)-based emulation and prototyping systems.

With respect to software licenses, the Company utilizes three license types:

Technology Subscription Licenses (TSLs). TSLs are time-based licenses for a finite term, and generally provide the customer limited rights to receive, or to exchange certain quantities of licensed software for, unspecified future technology. The Company bundles and does not charge separately for post-contract customer support (maintenance) for the term of the license.

Term licenses. Term licenses are also for a finite term, but do not provide the customer any rights to receive, or to exchange licensed software for, unspecified future technology. Customers purchase maintenance separately for the first year and may renew annually for the balance of the term. The annual maintenance fee is typically calculated as a percentage of the net license fee.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS   Continued

Perpetual licenses. Perpetual licenses continue as long as the customer renews maintenance plus an additional 20 years. Perpetual licenses do not provide the customer any rights to receive, or to exchange licensed software for, unspecified future technology. Customers purchase maintenance separately for the first year and may renew annually.

For the three software license types, the Company recognizes revenue as follows:

TSLs. The Company typically recognizes revenue from TSL fees (which include bundled maintenance) ratably over the term of the license period, or as customer installments become due and payable, whichever is later. Revenue attributable to TSLs is reported as time-based license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

Term licenses. The Company recognizes revenue from term licenses in full upon shipment of the software if payment terms require the customer to pay at least 75% of the license fee and 100% of the maintenance fee within one year from shipment and all other revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue attributable to these term licenses is reported as upfront license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations. For term licenses in which less than 75% of the license fee and 100% of the maintenance fee is payable within one year from shipment, the Company recognizes revenue as customer payments become due and payable. Such revenue is reported as time-based license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

Perpetual licenses. The Company recognizes revenue from perpetual licenses in full upon shipment of the software if payment terms require the customer to pay at least 75% of the license fee and 100% of the maintenance fee within one year from shipment and all other revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue attributable to these perpetual licenses is reported as upfront license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations. For perpetual licenses in which less than 75% of the license fee and 100% of the maintenance fee is payable within one year from shipment, the Company recognizes revenue as customer installments become due and payable. Such revenue is reported as time-based license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company also enters into arrangements in which portions of revenue are contingent upon the occurrence of uncertain future events, for example, royalty arrangements. The Company refers to this revenue as contingent revenue. Contingent revenue is recognized if and when the applicable event occurs. Such revenue is reported as time-based license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations. Historically, these arrangements have not been material to the Company s total revenue.

The Company recognizes revenue from sales of hardware and perpetual licenses to IP and system-level products in full upon shipment if all other revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue attributable to these sales is reported as upfront license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations and is not material to the Company s total revenue.

The Company infrequently enters into multiple-element arrangements that contain both software and non-software deliverables such as hardware. The Company has determined that the software and non-software deliverables in the Company s contracts are separate units of accounting. The Company recognizes revenue for the separate units of accounting when all revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue allocated to hardware units of accounting is recognized upon shipment when all other revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue allocated to software units of accounting is recognized according to the methods described above depending on the software license type (TSL, term license or perpetual license). Such arrangements have not had a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements and are not expected to have a material effect in future periods.

SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The Company recognizes revenue from maintenance fees ratably over the maintenance period to the extent cash has been received or fees become due and payable, and recognizes revenue from professional services and training fees as such services are performed and accepted by the customer. Revenue attributable to maintenance, professional services and training is reported as maintenance and service revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company also enters into arrangements to deliver software products, either alone or together with other products or services that require significant modification, or customization of the software. The Company accounts for such arrangements using the percentage of completion method as the Company has the ability to make reasonably dependable estimates that relate to the extent of progress toward completion, contract revenues and costs. The Company measures the progress towards completion using the labor hours incurred to complete the project. Revenue attributable to these arrangements is reported as maintenance and service revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company determines the fair value of each element in multiple element software arrangements that contain only software and software related deliverables based on vendor-specific objective evidence (VSOE). The Company limits assessment of VSOE of fair value for each element to the price charged when such element is sold separately. The Company has analyzed all of the elements included in multiple-element software arrangements and has determined that the Company has sufficient VSOE to allocate revenue to the maintenance components of the Company s perpetual and term license products and to professional services. Accordingly, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met, the Company recognizes license revenue from perpetual and term licenses upon delivery using the residual method, recognizes revenue from maintenance ratably over the maintenance term, and recognizes revenue from professional services as services are performed and accepted by the customer. The Company recognizes revenue from TSLs ratably over the term of the license, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met, since there is not sufficient VSOE to allocate the TSL fee between license and maintenance services.

The Company makes significant judgments related to revenue recognition. Specifically, in connection with each transaction involving the Company s products, the Company must evaluate whether: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (2) delivery of software or services has occurred, (3) the fee for such software or services is fixed or determinable, and (4) collectability of the full license or service fee is probable. All four of these criteria must be met in order for the Company to recognize revenue with respect to a particular arrangement. The Company applies these revenue recognition criteria as follows:

Persuasive Evidence of an Arrangement Exists. Prior to recognizing revenue on an arrangement, the Company s customary policy is to have a written contract, signed by both the customer and by the Company or a purchase order from those customers that have previously negotiated a standard end-user license arrangement or purchase agreement.

Delivery Has Occurred. The Company delivers its products to its customers electronically or physically. For electronic deliveries, delivery occurs when the Company provides access to its customers to take immediate possession of the software through downloading it to the customer s hardware. For physical deliveries, the standard transfer terms are typically Freight on Board (FOB) shipping point. The Company generally ships its products or license keys promptly after acceptance of customer orders. However, a number of factors can affect the timing of product shipments and, as a result, timing of revenue recognition, including the delivery dates requested by customers and its operational capacity to fulfill product orders at the end of a fiscal quarter.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The Fee is Fixed or Determinable. The Company s determination that an arrangement fee is fixed or determinable depends principally on the arrangement s payment terms. The Company s standard payment terms for perpetual and term licenses require 75% or more of the license fee and 100% of the maintenance fee to be paid within one year. If the arrangement includes these terms, the Company regards the fee as fixed or determinable, and recognizes all license revenue under the arrangement in full upon delivery (assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met). If the arrangement does not include these terms, the Company does not consider the fee to be fixed or determinable and generally recognizes revenue when customer installments are due and payable. In the case of a TSL, because of the right to exchange products or receive unspecified future technology and because VSOE for maintenance services does not exist for a TSL, the Company recognizes revenue ratably over the term of the license, but not in advance of when customers installments become due and payable.

Collectability is Probable. The Company judges collectability of the arrangement fees on a customer-by-customer basis pursuant to its credit review policy. The Company typically sells to customers with whom it has a history of successful collection. For a new customer, or when an existing customer substantially expands its commitments, the Company evaluates the customer s financial position and ability to pay and typically assigns a credit limit based on that review. The Company increases the credit limit only after it has established a successful collection history with the customer. If the Company determines at any time that collectability is not probable under a particular arrangement based upon its credit review process or the customer s payment history, the Company recognizes revenue under that arrangement as customer payments are actually received.

Warranties and Indemnities. The Company generally warrants its products to be free from defects in media and to substantially conform to material specifications for a period of 90 days for software products and for up to six months for hardware products. In certain cases, the Company also provides its customers with limited indemnification with respect to claims that their use of the Company s software products infringe on United States patents, copyrights, trademarks or trade secrets. The Company is unable to estimate the potential impact of these commitments on the future results of operations. To date, the Company has not been required to pay any material warranty claims.

Net Income Per Share. The Company computes basic income per share by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share reflects the dilution from potential common shares outstanding such as stock options and unvested restricted stock units and awards during the period using the treasury stock method.

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The table below reconciles the weighted average common shares used to calculate basic net income per share with the weighted average common shares used to calculate diluted net income per share:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
		(in thousands)	
Numerator:			
Net income	$ 247,800	$ 182,402	$ 221,364
Denominator:			
Weighted average common shares for basic net income per share	153,319	146,887	146,573
Dilutive effect of common share equivalents from equity based compensation	3,282	3,393	3,794
Weighted average common shares for diluted net income per share	156,601	150,280	150,367
Net income per share:			
Basic	$ 1.62	$ 1.24	$ 1.51
Diluted	$ 1.58	$ 1.21	$ 1.47
Anti-dilutive employee stock-based awards excluded(1)	1,326	3,314	4,669

(1) These stock options and unvested restricted stock units were anti-dilutive for the respective periods and are excluded in calculating diluted net income per share. While such awards were anti-dilutive for the respective periods, they could be dilutive in the future.

Note 3. Business Combinations and Acquisition of Non-controlling Interest

Fiscal 2013 Acquisition of Non-controlling Interest

During the first quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of the non-controlling interest in SpringSoft, Inc. (SpringSoft), a company organized under the laws of the Republic of China (Taiwan), in which the remaining 8.4% of outstanding shares of SpringSoft along with the remaining outstanding vested stock options of SpringSoft were exchanged for cash of $44.0 million.

Fiscal 2012 Acquisitions

Acquisition of SpringSoft

On August 3, 2012, the Company s wholly owned subsidiary incorporated under the laws of the Republic of China entered into a merger agreement pursuant to which it commenced a cash tender offer to acquire SpringSoft at a price of 57.00 New Taiwan Dollars per share. The Company acquired 91.6% of the outstanding shares of SpringSoft on October 1, 2012 for an aggregate cash consideration of $373.5 million. The remaining 8.4% of the outstanding shares along with the fair value of outstanding SpringSoft equity awards were reflected as a Non-controlling Interest (NCI) in the Company s fiscal 2012 financial statements. This acquisition enables the Company to strengthen and widen its offerings in design, verification and debugging tools.

The Company allocated the total purchase consideration of $426.9 million (including the $44.0 million for the fair value of the non-controlling interest and $9.4 million related to equity awards assumed) to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values, including

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

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acquired identifiable intangible assets of $107.3 million, resulting in total goodwill of $257.6 million. Identifiable intangible assets are being amortized over three to eight years. Acquisition-related costs directly attributable to the business combination were $6.6 million for fiscal 2012 and were expensed as incurred in the consolidated statements of operations. These costs consisted primarily of employee separation costs and professional services.

Acquisition of Magma Design Automation, Inc. (Magma)

On February 22, 2012, the Company acquired Magma, a chip design software provider, at a per-share price of $7.35. Additionally, the Company assumed unvested restricted stock units (RSUs) and stock options, collectively called equity awards. The aggregate purchase price was approximately $550.2 million. This acquisition enables the Company to more rapidly meet the needs of leading-edge semiconductor designers for more sophisticated design tools.

The Company allocated the total purchase consideration of $550.2 million (including $6.8 million related to equity awards assumed) to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values at the acquisition date, including acquired identifiable intangible assets of $184.3 million, resulting in total goodwill of $316.3 million. Identifiable intangible assets are being amortized over three to ten years. Acquisition-related costs directly attributable to the business combination totaling $33.5 million for fiscal 2012 were expensed as incurred in the consolidated statements of operations and consist primarily of employee separation costs, contract terminations, professional services, and facilities closure costs.

Other Fiscal 2012 Acquisitions

During fiscal 2012, the Company acquired five other companies, including Emulation & Verification Engineering, S.A. (EVE), for cash and allocated the total purchase consideration of $213.2 million to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values, resulting in total goodwill of $118.1 million. Acquired identifiable intangible assets totaling $73.3 million were valued using appropriate valuation methods such as income or cost methods and are being amortized over their respective useful lives ranging from one to eight years. During fiscal 2012, acquisition-related costs totaling $6.8 million were expensed as incurred in the consolidated statements of operations.

Fiscal 2011 Acquisitions

During fiscal 2011, the Company completed two acquisitions for cash and allocated the total purchase consideration of $37.4 million to the assets and liabilities acquired based on their respective fair values at the acquisition date resulting in goodwill of $30.6 million. Acquired identifiable intangible assets of $9.3 million are being amortized over two to ten years.

Note 4. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill:

	(in thousands)
Balance at October 31, 2011	$ 1,289,286
Additions	687,195
Other adjustments(1)	506
Balance at October 31, 2012	$ 1,976,987
Additions	
Other adjustments(1)	(1,016)
Balance at October 31, 2013	$ 1,975,971

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

(1) Adjustments primarily relate to changes in deferred tax estimates for acquisitions that closed in the prior fiscal year for which the purchase price allocation was still preliminary, and effects of foreign currency fluctuations.

Intangible assets as of October 31, 2013 consist of the following:

	Gross Assets	Accumulated Amortization (in thousands)	Net Assets
Core/developed technology	$ 380,724	$ 228,065	$ 152,659
Customer relationships	177,151	69,745	107,406
Contract rights intangible	140,517	78,950	61,567
Covenants not to compete	2,530	2,480	50
Trademarks and trade names	10,891	5,459	5,432
In-process research and development (IPR&D)(1)	4,298		4,298
Capitalized software development costs	18,190	14,177	4,013
Total	$ 734,301	$ 398,876	$ 335,425

(1) IPR&D is reclassified to core/developed technology upon completion or is written off upon abandonment.

Intangible assets as of October 31, 2012 consist of the following:

	Gross Assets	Accumulated Amortization (in thousands)	Net Assets
Core/developed technology	$ 367,321	$ 159,691	$ 207,630
Customer relationships	179,657	48,368	131,289
Contract rights intangible	142,641	43,843	98,798
Covenants not to compete	2,530	2,354	176
Trademarks and trade names	10,900	3,793	7,107
In-process research and development (IPR&D)(1)	17,696		17,696
Capitalized software development costs	14,581	10,955	3,626
Total	$ 735,326	$ 269,004	$ 466,322

(1) IPR&D is reclassified to core/developed technology upon completion or is written off upon abandonment.

SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

Total amortization expense and estimated useful life ranges related to intangible assets is set forth in the table below:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
		(in thousands)	
Core/developed technology	$ 68,781	$ 57,124	$ 44,869
Customer relationships	21,394	17,141	13,030
Contract rights intangible	35,538	24,113	10,279
Covenants not to compete	126	248	222
Trademarks and trade names	1,663	1,233	1,020
Capitalized software development costs(1)	3,222	2,994	2,964
Total	$ 130,724	$ 102,853	$ 72,384

(1) Amortization of capitalized software development costs is included in cost of license revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.
The following table presents the estimated future amortization of intangible assets:

Fiscal Year	(in thousands)
2014	$ 111,023
2015	93,400
2016	58,742
2017	26,012
2018	14,414
2019 and thereafter	27,536
IPR&D(1)	4,298
Total	$ 335,425

(1) IPR&D projects are estimated to be completed within two years as of October 31, 2013. Assets are amortized over their useful life upon completion of the project or are written off upon abandonment.

Note 5. Financial Assets and Liabilities

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments. Cash, cash equivalents and investments are detailed as follows:

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses Less Than 12 Months	Gross Unrealized Losses 12 Months or Longer	Estimated Fair Value(1)

	(in thousands)				
Balance at October 31, 2013					
Classified as current assets:					
Non-interest bearing cash	$ 183,292	$	$	$	$ 183,292
Cash deposits and money market funds	839,149				839,149
	1,022,441				1,022,441
Classified as other long-term assets:					
Non-marketable equity securities	11,536				11,536
Total	$ 1,033,977	$	$	$	$ 1,033,977

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses Less Than 12 Months	Gross Unrealized Losses 12 Months or Longer	Estimated Fair Value(1)
			(in thousands)		
Balance at October 31, 2012					
Classified as current assets:					
Non-interest bearing cash	$ 167,161	$	$	$	$ 167,161
Cash deposits and money market funds	533,221				533,221
	700,382				700,382
Classified as other long-term assets:					
Non-marketable equity securities	11,744				11,744
Total	$ 712,126	$	$	$	$ 712,126

(1) See *Note 6. Fair Value Measures* for further discussion on fair values of money market funds and non-marketable equity securities.

Non-marketable equity securities. The Company s strategic investment portfolio consists of non-marketable equity securities in privately held companies. The securities accounted for under cost method investments are reported at cost net of impairment losses. Securities accounted for under equity method investments are recorded at cost plus the proportional share of the issuers income or loss, which is recorded in the Company s other income (expense), net. The cost basis of securities sold is based on the specific identification method. Refer to *Note 6. Fair Value Measures.*

Derivatives. In accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, the Company recognizes derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the consolidated financial statements at fair value and provides qualitative and quantitative disclosures about such derivatives. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to potentially adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company enters into hedges in the form of foreign currency forward contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency rate changes on non-functional currency denominated forecasted transactions and balance sheet positions including: (1) certain assets and liabilities, (2) shipments forecasted to occur within approximately one month, (3) future billings and revenue on previously shipped orders, and (4) certain future intercompany invoices denominated in foreign currencies.

The duration of forward contracts ranges from approximately one month to 21 months, the majority of which are short-term. The Company does not use foreign currency forward contracts for speculative or trading purposes. The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts with high credit quality financial institutions that are rated A or above and to date has not experienced nonperformance by counterparties. Further, the Company anticipates continued performance by all counterparties to such agreements.

The assets or liabilities associated with the forward contracts are recorded at fair value in other current assets or accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. The accounting for gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value depends on the use of the foreign currency forward contract and whether it is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting.

Cash Flow Hedging Activities

Certain foreign exchange forward contracts are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. These contracts have durations of approximately 21 months or less. Certain forward contracts are

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

rolled over periodically to capture the full length of exposure to the Company s foreign currency risk, which can be up to three years. To receive hedge accounting treatment, all hedging relationships are formally documented at the inception of the hedge, and the hedges must be highly effective in offsetting changes to future cash flows on the hedged transactions. The effective portion of gains or losses resulting from changes in fair value of these hedges is initially reported, net of tax, as a component of other comprehensive income (OCI), in stockholders equity and reclassified into revenue or operating expenses, as appropriate, at the time the hedged transactions affect earnings. We expect a majority of the hedge balance in OCI to be reclassified to the statements of operations within the next twelve months.

Hedging effectiveness is evaluated monthly using spot rates, with any gain or loss caused by hedging ineffectiveness recorded in other income (expense), net. The premium/discount component of the forward contracts is recorded to other income (expense), net, and is not included in evaluating hedging effectiveness.

Non-designated Hedging Activities

The Company s foreign exchange forward contracts that are used to hedge non-functional currency denominated balance sheet assets and liabilities are not designated as hedging instruments. Accordingly, any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of the forward contracts are recorded in other income (expense), net. The gains and losses on these forward contracts generally offset the gains and losses associated with the underlying assets and liabilities, which are also recorded in other income (expense), net. The duration of the forward contracts for hedging the Company s balance sheet exposure is approximately one month.

The Company also has certain foreign exchange forward contracts for hedging certain international revenues and expenses that are not designated as hedging instruments. Accordingly, any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of the forward contracts are recorded in other income (expense), net. The gains and losses on these forward contracts generally offset the gains and losses associated with the foreign currency in operating income. The duration of these forward contracts is usually less than one year. The overall goal of the Company s hedging program is to minimize the impact of currency fluctuations on its net income over its fiscal year.

The effects on the changes in the fair values of non-designated forward contracts for fiscal years 2013 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

	October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands)		
Gain (loss) recorded in other income (expense), net	$ 3,009	$ 1,033	$ 889

Foreign currency forward contracts outstanding are as follows:

	As of October 31, 2013	As of October 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Total gross notional amount	$ 746,801	$ 618,978
Net fair value	$ 7,199	$ 390

SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The notional amounts for derivative instruments provide one measure of the transaction volume outstanding as of October 31, 2013 and October 31, 2012, respectively, and do not represent the amount of the Company s exposure to market gain or loss. The Company s exposure to market gain or loss will vary over time as a function of currency exchange rates. The amounts ultimately realized upon settlement of these financial instruments, together with the gains and losses on the underlying exposures, will depend on actual market conditions during the remaining life of the instruments.

The following represents the balance sheet location and amount of derivative instrument fair values segregated between designated and non-designated hedge instruments:

	Fair Values of derivative instruments designated as hedging instruments	Fair Values of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments
	(in thousands)	
As of October 31, 2013		
Other current assets	$ 12,417	$ 20
Other current liabilities	$ 5,103	$ 135
As of October 31, 2012		
Other current assets	$ 5,149	$ 68
Other current liabilities	$ 4,739	$ 88

The following table represents the income statement location and amount of gains and losses on derivative instrument fair values for designated hedge instruments, net of tax:

	Location of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivatives	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivatives (effective portion)	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from OCI	Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from OCI (effective portion)
		(in thousands)		
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2013				
Foreign exchange contracts	Revenue	$ 2,427	Revenue	$ 7,457
Foreign exchange contracts	Operating expenses	3,680	Operating expenses	(892)
Total		$ 6,107		$ 6,565
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2012				
Foreign exchange contracts	Revenue	$ 5,212	Revenue	$ (1,868)
Foreign exchange contracts	Operating expenses	(7,640)	Operating expenses	(12,367)
Total		$ (2,428)		$ (14,235)
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2011				
Foreign exchange contracts	Revenue	$ (5,647)	Revenue	$ (8,561)

Foreign exchange contracts	Operating expenses		(3,225)	Operating expenses		6,572
Total		$	(8,872)		$	(1,989)

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The following table represents the ineffective portions and portions excluded from effectiveness testing of the hedge gains (losses) for derivative instruments designated as hedging instruments, which are recorded in other income (expense) income, net:

	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income statement on derivatives (ineffective portion)(1)	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income statement on derivatives (excluded from effectiveness testing)(2)
	(in thousands)	
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2013		
Foreign exchange contracts	$ 293	$ 2,518
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2012		
Foreign exchange contracts	$ 38	$ 1,321
Fiscal year ended October 31, 2011		
Foreign exchange contracts	$ 74	$ 241

(1) The ineffective portion includes forecast inaccuracies.
(2) The portion excluded from effectiveness includes the discount earned or premium paid for the contracts.

Other Commitments-Credit and Term Loan Facilities

On February 17, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with several lenders (the Credit Agreement) providing for (i) a $350.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the Revolver) and (ii) a $150.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility (the Term Loan). Principal payments on a portion of the Term Loan are due in equal quarterly installments of $7.5 million, with the remainder due when the Credit Agreement expires in October 2016. The Company can elect to make prepayments on the Term Loan, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. Subject to obtaining additional commitments from lenders, the principal amount of the loans provided under the Credit Agreement may be increased by the Company by up to an additional $150.0 million through October 13, 2015. The Credit Agreement contains financial covenants requiring the Company to operate within a maximum leverage ratio and maintain specified levels of cash, as well as other non-financial covenants.

As of October 31, 2013, the Company had a $105.0 million outstanding balance under the Term Loan, of which $75.0 million is classified as long-term and no outstanding balance under the Revolver. As of October 31, 2012, the Company had a $135.0 million outstanding balance under the Term Loan, of which $105.0 million is classified as long-term and no outstanding balance under the Revolver. Borrowings bear interest at a floating rate based on a margin over the Company s choice of market observable base rates as defined in the Credit Agreement. At October 31, 2013, borrowings under the Term Loan bore interest at LIBOR + 1.125% and the applicable interest rate for the Revolver was LIBOR + 0.975%. In addition, commitment fees are payable on the Revolver at rates between 0.150% and 0.300% per year based on the Company s leverage ratio on the daily amount of the revolving commitment.

These borrowings under the Credit Agreement have a variable interest rate structure and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amount of the short-term and long-term debt approximates the estimated fair value.

Note 6. Fair Value Measures

ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes guidelines and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The accounting guidance requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The accounting guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the independence of the source and objective evidence of the inputs used. There are three fair value hierarchies based upon the level of inputs that are significant to fair value measurement:

Level 1 Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets;

Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-driven valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and

Level 3 Unobservable inputs to the valuation derived from fair valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

On a recurring basis, the Company measures the fair value of certain of its assets and liabilities, which include cash equivalents, non-qualified deferred compensation plan assets, foreign currency derivative contracts, and contingent consideration associated with business combinations.

The Company s cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 because they are valued using quoted market prices in an active market or alternative independent pricing sources and models utilizing market observable inputs.

The Company s non-qualified deferred compensation plan assets consist of money market and mutual funds invested in domestic and international marketable securities that are directly observable in active markets and are therefore classified within Level 1.

The Company s foreign currency derivative contracts are classified within Level 2 because these contracts are not actively traded and the valuation inputs are based on quoted prices and market observable data of similar instruments.

The Company s borrowings under its credit and term loan facilities are classified within Level 2 because these borrowings are not actively traded and have a variable interest rate structure based upon market rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar terms and maturities. Refer to *Note 5. Financial Assets and Liabilities.*

The Company s liabilities for contingent consideration are classified within Level 3 because these valuations are based on management assumptions including discount rates and estimated probabilities of achievement of certain milestones which are unobservable in the market. The Company did not record any significant changes during fiscal 2013. The Company recorded a reduction of $3.6 million during fiscal 2012, in research and development expenses due to the change in fair value of the liability for contingent consideration. As of October 31, 2013 and October 31, 2012, the fair value of the liability for contingent consideration was estimated at $0.5 million and $0.8 million, respectively.

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Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below as of October 31, 2013:

Description	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
			Fair Value Measurement Using (in thousands)	
Assets				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	$ 552,470	$ 552,470	$	$
Prepaid and other current assets:				
Foreign currency derivative contracts	12,437		12,437	
Other long-term assets:				
Deferred compensation plan assets	126,621	126,621		
Total assets	$ 691,528	$ 679,091	$ 12,437	$
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:				
Foreign currency derivative contracts	$ 5,238	$	$ 5,238	$
Contingent consideration	493			493
Total liabilities	$ 5,731	$	$ 5,238	$ 493

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below as of October 31, 2012:

Description	Total	Fair Value Measurement Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
			(in thousands)	
Assets				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	$ 239,770	$ 239,770	$	$
Prepaid and other current assets:				
Foreign currency derivative contracts	5,217		5,217	
Other long-term assets:				
Deferred compensation plan assets	100,645	100,645		
Total assets	$ 345,632	$ 340,415	$ 5,217	$
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:				
Foreign currency derivative contracts	$ 4,827	$	$ 4,827	$
Contingent consideration	469			469
Other long-term liabilities:				
Contingent consideration	355			355
Total liabilities	$ 5,651	$	$ 4,827	$ 824

Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

Non-Marketable Equity Securities

Equity investments in privately-held companies, also called non-marketable equity securities, are accounted for using either the cost or equity method of accounting.

These equity investments are classified within Level 3 as they are valued using significant unobservable inputs or data in an inactive market, and the valuation requires management judgment due to the absence of market price and inherent lack of liquidity. The non-marketable equity securities are measured and recorded at fair value when an event or circumstance which impacts the fair value of these securities indicates an other-than-temporary decline in value has occurred. The Company monitors these investments and generally uses the income approach to assess impairments based primarily on the financial conditions of these companies.

The Company did not recognize any impairment during fiscal 2013. The Company recorded $0.5 million and $1.0 million of other-than-temporary impairments during fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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The following tables present the non-marketable equity securities that were measured and recorded at fair value within other long-term assets and the loss recorded in other income (expense), net during the following periods:

	Balance as of October 31, 2012	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (in thousands)	Total (losses) for Fiscal 2012
Non-marketable equity securities	$	$	$ (452)

	Balance as of October 31, 2011	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (in thousands)	Total (losses) for Fiscal 2011
Non-marketable equity securities	$ 92	$ 92	$ (999)

As of October 31, 2013, the Company s non-marketable securities were $11.5 million of which $6.9 million and $4.6 million were accounted for under the cost method and equity method, respectively. As of October 31, 2012, the Company s non-marketable securities were $11.7 million, of which $7.0 million and $4.7 million were accounted for under the cost method and equity method, respectively. Subsequent to the fiscal 2013 year-end, in November 2013, the Company received a cash distribution from the liquidation of one of its investments and will recognize a gain of $6.4 million in other income (expense), net, in the first quarter of fiscal 2014.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Lease Commitments

The Company leases certain of its domestic and foreign facilities and certain office equipment under non-cancelable lease agreements. The lease agreements generally require the Company to pay property taxes, insurance, maintenance and repair costs. Rent expenses were $64.4 million, $62.0 million and $58.1 million in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Company charges operating lease payments to expense using the straight-line method. The Company subleases portions of its facilities and records sublease payments as a reduction of rent expense.

On October 15, 2011, the Company agreed to lease two office buildings to be constructed in Mountain View, California. Once construction is complete, the buildings together will provide approximately 341,000 square feet. The lease of such premises begins upon the later of March 1, 2015 or six months after construction is substantially completed, and expires approximately 15 years thereafter and can be extended for an additional 19 years after such initial expiration. The Company may terminate the lease if the lessor fails to substantially complete construction of the buildings by March 1, 2015.

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Anticipated future minimum lease payments on all non-cancelable operating leases with a term in excess of one year, net of sublease income, as of October 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Minimum Lease Payments	Sublease Income (in thousands)	Net
Fiscal Year			
2014	$ 46,492	$ 877	$ 45,615
2015	35,951	1,428	34,523
2016	35,489	1,434	34,055
2017	32,373	1,451	30,922
2018	29,502	1,494	28,008
Thereafter	222,943	7,004	215,939
Total	$ 402,750	$ 13,688	$ 389,062

Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to routine legal proceedings, as well as demands, claims and threatened litigation, which arise in the normal course of its business. The ultimate outcome of any litigation is uncertain and unfavorable outcomes could have a negative impact on the Company s financial position and results of operations. The Company reviews the status of each significant matter and assesses its potential financial exposure. If the potential loss from any claim or legal proceeding is considered probable and the amount is estimable, the Company accrues a liability for the estimated loss. The Company has determined that no disclosure of estimated loss is required for a claim against the Company because: (a) there is not a reasonable possibility that a loss exceeding amounts already recognized (if any) may be incurred with respect to such claim; (b) a reasonably possible loss or range of loss cannot be estimated; or (c) such estimate is immaterial.

On December 5, 2011, plaintiff Dynetix Design Solutions, Inc. (Dynetix) filed a patent infringement lawsuit against the Company in federal district court in the Northern District of California, alleging, among other things, that our VCS functional verification tool, and more specifically our VCS multicore technology, infringed Dynetix s United States Patent No. 6,466,898. The lawsuit seeks, among other things, compensatory damages and a permanent injunction. The Company asserted declaratory relief counterclaims and patent infringement counterclaims against Dynetix. As a result of certain pre-trial rulings in the Company s favor, the parties stipulated to entry of judgment in the Company s favor on Dynetix s patent infringement claim and on the Company s counterclaim for a declaration of non-infringement. The court entered the stipulated judgment on September 16, 2013. Dynetix has appealed from the judgment.

The Company acquired Emulation & Verification Engineering S.A. (EVE) on October 4, 2012. At the time of the acquisition, EVE and EVE-USA, Inc. (collectively, the EVE Parties) were defendants in three patent infringement lawsuits filed by Mentor Graphics Corporation (Mentor). Mentor filed suit against the EVE Parties in federal district court in the District of Oregon on August 16, 2010 alleging that EVE s ZeBu products infringe Mentor s United States Patent No. 6,876,962. Mentor filed an additional suit in federal district court in the District of Oregon on August 17, 2012 alleging that EVE s ZeBu products infringe Mentor s United States Patent No. 6,947,882. Both cases seek compensatory damages and a permanent injunction. Mentor also filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Nihon EVE K.K. in Tokyo District Court in 2010 alleging that EVE s ZeBu series of products infringes Mentor s Japanese Patent No. P3,588,324. This case seeks compensatory damages, a permanent injunction and destruction of inventory.

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On September 27, 2012, the Company and the EVE Parties filed an action for declaratory relief against Mentor in federal district court in the Northern District of California, seeking a determination that Mentor s United States Patents Nos. 6,009,531; 5,649,176 and 6,240,376, which were the subject of a patent infringement lawsuit filed by Mentor against EVE in 2006 and settled in the same year, are invalid and not infringed by EVE s products, and that Mentor is without right or authority to threaten or maintain suit against the plaintiffs on such patents. Mentor has asserted patent infringement counterclaims in this action based on the same three patents and is seeking compensatory damages and a permanent injunction. In April 2013, this action was transferred to the federal district court in Oregon and consolidated with the two Mentor lawsuits in that district (the Oregon Action).

In the Oregon Action, the Company and the EVE Parties have further asserted patent infringement counterclaims against Mentor based on the Company s United States Patents Nos. 6,132,109 and 7,069,526, seeking compensatory damages and a permanent injunction.

On September 26, 2012, the Company filed two *inter partes* review requests with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (the PTO) challenging the validity of Mentor s 376 and 882 patents. The PTO granted review of the 376 patent and denied review of the 882 patent.

On December 21, 2012, the Company filed an action for patent infringement against Mentor in federal district court in the Northern District of California, alleging that Mentor s Veloce products infringe the Company s United States Patents Nos. 5,748,488, 5,530,841, 5,680,318 and 6,836,420. This case seeks compensatory damages and a permanent injunction.

Note 8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), on an after-tax basis where applicable, were as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Cumulative currency translation adjustments	$ (26,848)	$ (14,123)
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net of taxes	(1,847)	(1,338)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	$ (28,695)	$ (15,461)

The effect of amounts reclassified out of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into net income was as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands)		
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into consolidated statement of operations:			
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges, net of taxes			
Revenues	$ 7,457	$ (1,868)	$ (8,561)
Operating expenses	(892)	(12,367)	6,572
Total reclassifications into net income	$ 6,565	$ (14,235)	$ (1,989)

Amounts reclassified in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011 consisted of gains (losses) from the Company s cash flow hedging activities. Refer to *Note 5. Financial Assets and Liabilities.*

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

Note 9. Stock Repurchase Program

The Company s Board of Directors (Board) approved a stock repurchase program in 2002 pursuant to which the Company was authorized to purchase up to $500.0 million of its common stock, and has periodically replenished the stock repurchase program to such amount. The Company repurchases shares to offset dilution caused by ongoing stock issuances from existing equity plans for equity compensation awards and issuances related to acquisitions, and when management believes it is a good use of cash. Repurchases are transacted in accordance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) and may be made through any means including, but not limited to, open market purchases, plans executed under Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act and structured transactions. As of October 31, 2013, $127.4 million remained available for further repurchases under the program. The Board replenished the stock repurchase program up to $500.0 million on December 3, 2013.

The following table summarizes stock repurchase activities as well as the reissuance of treasury stock for employee stock compensation purposes:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands, except per share price)		
Shares repurchased	3,996	2,474	15,144
Average purchase price	$ 36.29	$ 29.64	$ 26.53
Aggregate purchase price(1)	$ 145,016	$ 73,335	$ 401,836
Reissuance of treasury stock	7,266	10,065	9,973

(1) Fiscal 2011 does not include a $33.3 million equity forward contract related to an accelerated share repurchase agreement entered into by the Company in September 2011. The equity forward contract was settled with 1,105,457 shares of the Company s common stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2012.

Note 10. Employee Benefit Plans

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Company s Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP), employees are granted the right to purchase shares of common stock at a price per share that is 85% of the lesser of the fair market value of the shares at (1) the beginning of a rolling two-year offering period or (2) the end of each semi-annual purchase period, subject to a plan limit on the number of shares that may be purchased in a purchase period.

On April 3, 2012, the Company s stockholders approved an amendment to the ESPP to increase the number of shares of common stock authorized for issuance under the plan by 5.0 million shares. During fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, the Company issued 2.1 million, 2.0 million, and 2.2 million shares, respectively, under the ESPP at average per share prices of $22.75, $21.65 and $17.95, respectively. As of October 31, 2013, 3.7 million shares of common stock were reserved for future issuance under the ESPP.

Equity Compensation Plans

2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan. On April 25, 2006, the Company s stockholders approved the 2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan (2006 Employee Plan), which provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

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awards, stock appreciation rights and other forms of equity compensation, including performance stock awards and performance cash awards, as determined by the plan administrator. The terms and conditions of each type of award are set forth in the 2006 Employee Plan. Options granted under this plan have a contractual term of seven years and generally vest over four years. On April 3, 2013, the Company s stockholders approved an amendment to increase the number of shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under the 2006 Employee Plan by 5.0 million shares. As of October 31, 2013, an aggregate of 7.7 million stock options and 4.0 million restricted stock units were outstanding, and 8.5 million shares were available for future issuance under the 2006 Employee Plan.

As a result of the stockholders approval of the 2006 Employee Plan in 2006, the Company s 1992 Stock Option Plan, 1998 Non-Statutory Stock Option Plan and 2005 Assumed Stock Option Plan (collectively, the Prior Plans) have been terminated for future grants. Should any options currently outstanding under such Prior Plans and plans assumed by the Company in acquisitions prior to fiscal 2006 (options to purchase 0.2 million shares are outstanding under such plans as of October 31, 2013) be cancelled or expire unexercised, the shares underlying such options shall become available for future grant under the 2006 Employee Plan.

2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan. On May 23, 2005, the Company s stockholders approved the 2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan (the 2005 Directors Plan). The 2005 Directors Plan provides for annual equity awards to non-employee directors in the form of stock options, restricted stock or a combination thereof. The Company s stockholders have approved an aggregate of 0.8 million shares of common stock reserved under the 2005 Directors Plan.

As of October 31, 2013, the Company has issued an aggregate of 298,947 shares of restricted stock awards with an aggregate grant date fair value of approximately $7.1 million under the 2005 Directors Plan. Restricted stock awards vest over a period of three years. In addition, the Company granted options to purchase 123,649 shares of common stock, which vest over a period of three to four years, with an aggregate grant date fair value of $3.3 million to non-employee directors during fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2011. As of October 31, 2013, 52,595 shares of restricted stock and 82,898 stock options were outstanding and a total of 340,747 shares of common stock were reserved for future grant under the 2005 Directors Plan.

1994 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan. No stock options remained outstanding under the Company s 1994 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan as of October 31, 2013, which expired as to future grants in October 2004.

Other Assumed Stock Plans through Acquisitions. In connection with the Company s acquisitions in fiscal 2008, fiscal 2010, and fiscal 2012, the Company assumed certain outstanding share-based awards of acquired companies. If these assumed equity awards are canceled, forfeited or expire unexercised, the underlying shares do not become available for future grant. As of October 31, 2013, 0.5 million shares of the Company s common stock remained subject to such outstanding assumed equity awards.

Restricted Stock Units. Since fiscal 2007, restricted stock units are granted as part of the Company s new hire and annual incentive compensation program under the 2006 Employee Plan. Restricted stock units are valued based on the closing price of the Company s common stock on the grant date. In general, for non-executive officers, restricted stock units vest over three to four years and are subject to the employees continuing service to the Company. For each restricted stock unit granted under the 2006 Employee Plan, a share reserve ratio is applied for the purpose of determining the remaining number of shares reserved for future grants under the plan. Prior to the

SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

second quarter of fiscal 2009, the share reserve ratio was 1.36 for each restricted stock unit granted, and an equivalent of 1.36 shares was deducted from the share reserve for each restricted stock unit issued. Likewise, each forfeited restricted stock unit increased the number of shares available for issuance by the applicable rate at the time of forfeiture. In the second quarter of fiscal 2010, the Company s stockholders approved an amendment of the 2006 Employee Plan to prospectively change the reserve ratio from 1.36 to 2.18. On March 24, 2011, the stockholders approved an amendment of the 2006 Employee Plan to prospectively change the reserve ratio from 2.18 to 1.25. On April 3, 2012, the stockholders approved amending the share reserve ratio from 1.25 to 1.50.

The following table contains information concerning activities related to restricted stock units:

	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Aggregate Fair Value
	(in thousands, except per share and life amounts)			
Balance at October 31, 2010	3,730	$ 22.71	1.41	
Granted	1,483	$ 26.89		
Vested(1)	(1,522)	$ 23.11		$ 35,164
Forfeited	(237)	$ 23.49		
Balance at October 31, 2011	3,454	$ 24.28	1.48	
Granted	1,813	$ 29.52		
Assumed(2)	353	$ 30.33		
Vested(1)	(1,508)	$ 24.14		$ 36,402
Forfeited	(192)	$ 26.70		
Balance at October 31, 2012	3,920	$ 27.18	1.52	
Granted	1,680	$ 35.27		
Vested(1)	(1,476)	$ 35.40		$ 52,234
Forfeited	(141)	$ 28.36		
Balance at October 31, 2013	3,983	$ 27.51	1.51	

(1) The number of vested restricted stock units includes shares that were withheld on behalf of employees to satisfy the statutory tax withholding requirements.
(2) The Company assumed certain restricted stock units outstanding under various plans through acquisitions.

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The following table contains additional information concerning activities related to stock options and restricted stock units under all equity plans, other than shares available for grant under the 2005 Directors Plan:

		Options(2)			
	Available for Grant(3)	Options Outstanding	Weighted-Average Exercise Price per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
		(in thousands, except per share and life amounts)			
Balance at October 31, 2010	2,606	21,184	$ 21.83	2.80	$ 90,013
Options Granted	(2,228)	2,270	$ 26.07		
Options Exercised		(6,800)	$ 20.53		
Options Canceled/forfeited/expired	550	(694)	$ 27.24		
Restricted stock units granted(1)	(2,182)				
Restricted stock units forfeited(1)	165				
Additional shares reserved	7,000				
Balance at October 31, 2011	5,911	15,960	$ 22.76	2.97	$ 74,068
Options Granted	(1,719)	1,719	$ 28.86		
Options Assumed(2)		382	$ 19.15		
Options Exercised		(7,103)	$ 21.09		
Options Canceled/forfeited/expired	631	(739)	$ 25.07		
Restricted stock units granted(1)	(2,638)				
Restricted stock units forfeited(1)	167				
Additional shares reserved	5,000				
Balance at October 31, 2012	7,352	10,219	$ 24.64	3.71	$ 80,950
Options Granted	(1,704)	1,704	$ 34.10		
Options Assumed(2)		158	$ 23.60		
Options Exercised		(4,173)	$ 24.34		
Options Canceled/forfeited/expired	159	(182)	$ 24.17		
Restricted stock units granted(1)	(2,519)				
Restricted stock units forfeited(1)	184				
Additional shares reserved	5,000				
Balance at October 31, 2013	8,472	7,726	$ 26.87	4.30	$ 71,700
Vested and expected to vest as of October 31, 2013		7,653	$ 26.83	4.28	$ 71,343
Exercisable at October 31, 2013		3,940	$ 24.12	3.26	$ 47,405

(1) These amounts do not reflect the actual number of restricted stock units granted or forfeited but rather the effect on the total remaining shares available for future grants after the application of the share reserve ratio. For more information about the share reserve ratio, please see *Restricted Stock Units* above.
(2) The Company assumed options and stock appreciation rights (SARs) outstanding under various plans through acquisitions.
(3) Excluding shares reserved for future issuance under the 2005 Directors Plan.

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The aggregate intrinsic value in the preceding table represents the total pretax intrinsic value based on stock options with an exercise price less than the Company s closing stock price of $36.15 as of October 31, 2013. The pretax intrinsic value of options exercised and their average exercise prices were:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands, except per share price)		
Intrinsic value	$ 46,592	$ 63,048	$ 42,388
Average exercise price per share	$ 24.34	$ 21.09	$ 20.53

Restricted stock award activities during fiscal 2013 under the 2005 Directors Plan are summarized as follows:

	Restricted Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
	(in thousands)	
Unvested at October 31, 2012	57	$ 28.28
Granted	25	$ 35.40
Vested	(29)	$ 26.77
Forfeited		$
Unvested at October 31, 2013	53	$ 32.48

Valuation and Expense of Stock Compensation. The Company estimates the fair value of stock based awards in the form of stock options, employee stock purchases under employee stock purchase plans, restricted stock, and restricted stock units on the grant date. The value of awards expected to vest is recognized as expense over the applicable service periods. The Company uses the straight-line attribution method to recognize stock compensation costs over the service period of the award. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options, stock appreciation rights and employee stock purchase plans awards under ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation.* The Black-Scholes option-pricing model incorporates various subjective assumptions including expected volatility, expected term and interest rates. The expected volatility for both stock options and stock purchase rights under the ESPP is estimated by a combination of implied volatility for publicly traded options of the Company s common stock with a term of six months or longer and the historical stock price volatility over the estimated expected term of the Company s stock-based awards. The expected term of the Company s stock-based awards is based on historical experience.

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The assumptions presented in the following table were used to estimate the fair value of stock options and employee stock purchase rights granted under the Company s stock plans or stock plans assumed from acquisitions:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Stock Options			
Expected life (in years)	4.7	1.0 - 4.9	4.8
Risk-free interest rate	0.62% - 1.66%	0.22% - 0.95%	0.96% - 2.28%
Volatility	20.61% - 26.47%	22.65% - 29.76%	26.96% - 30.30%
Weighted average estimated fair value	$7.29	$8.46	$7.04
ESPP			
Expected life (in years)	0.5 - 2.0	0.5 - 2.0	0.5 - 2.0
Risk-free interest rate	0.10% - 0.43%	0.16% - 0.34%	0.09% - 0.68%
Volatility	17.12% - 21.75%	21.95% - 23.20%	19.48% - 27.08%
Weighted average estimated fair value	$8.19	$8.02	$6.82

The following table presents stock compensation expense for fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands)		
Cost of license	$ 6,597	$ 6,927	$ 5,658
Cost of maintenance and service	1,628	1,727	1,416
Research and development expense	32,423	32,767	26,747
Sales and marketing expense	13,983	13,566	11,068
General and administrative expense	12,880	16,427	11,525
Stock compensation expense before taxes	67,511	71,414	56,414
Income tax benefit	(16,446)	(15,989)	(14,798)
Stock compensation expense after taxes	$ 51,065	$ 55,425	$ 41,616

As of October 31, 2013, the Company had $121.1 million of total unrecognized stock compensation expense relating to options and restricted stock units and awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.5 years.

The cash flows resulting from the tax benefits for tax deductions in excess of the compensation expense recorded for the options (excess tax benefits) are classified as cash flows from financing activities. The Company has not recorded any excess tax benefits in fiscal periods 2013, 2012 and 2011.

Deferred Compensation Plan. The Company maintains the Synopsys Deferred Compensation Plan (the Deferred Plan), which permits eligible employees to defer up to 50% of their annual cash base compensation and up to 100% of their eligible cash variable compensation. Amounts may be withdrawn from the Deferred Plan pursuant to elections made by the employees in accordance with the terms of the plan. Since the inception of the Deferred Plan, the Company has not made any matching or discretionary contributions to the Deferred Plan. There are no Deferred Plan provisions that provide

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SYNOPSYS, INC.

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for any guarantees or minimum return on investments. Undistributed amounts under the Deferred Plan are subject to the claims of the Company s creditors. The securities held by the Deferred Plan are classified as trading securities.

Deferred Plan Assets and Liabilities are as follows:

	As of October 31, 2013	As of October 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
Plan assets recorded in other long-term assets	$ 126,621	$ 100,645
Plan liabilities recorded in other long-term liabilities(1)	$ 126,621	$ 100,645

(1) For undistributed deferred compensation due to participants.

Income or loss from the change in fair value of the Deferred Plan assets is recorded in other income (expense), net. The increase or decrease in the fair value of the undistributed Deferred Plan obligation is recorded in total cost of revenue and operating expense. The following table summarizes the impact of the Deferred Plan:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands)		
Increase (reduction) to cost of revenue and operating expense	$ 18,453	$ 7,498	$ 2,449
Other income (expense), net	18,453	7,498	2,449
Net increase (decrease) to net income	$	$	$

Other Retirement Plans. The Company sponsors various retirement plans for its eligible U.S. and non-U.S. employees. Total contributions to these plans were $21.3 million, $23.2 million and $21.4 million in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. For employees in the United States and Canada, the Company matches pretax employee contributions up to a maximum of US $1,500 and Canadian $4,000, respectively, per participant per year.

Note 11. Income Taxes

The domestic and foreign components of the Company s total income before provision for income taxes are as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousands)		
United States	$ 61,818	$ 39,855	$ 40,434
Foreign	213,848	161,280	178,679
	$ 275,666	$ 201,135	$ 219,113

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The components of the (benefit) provision for income taxes were as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
		(in thousands)	
Current:			
Federal	$ 11,692	$ (12,443)	$ (6,436)
State	(5,949)	(547)	(2,197)
Foreign	29,428	6,826	474
	35,171	(6,164)	(8,159)
Deferred:			
Federal	4,969	22,506	(7,160)
State	933	14	(2,456)
Foreign	(13,207)	2,377	15,524
	(7,305)	24,897	5,908
Provision (Benefit) for income taxes	$ 27,866	$ 18,733	$ (2,251)

The provision (benefit) for income taxes differs from the taxes computed with the statutory federal income tax rate as follows:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
		(in thousands)	
Statutory federal tax	$ 96,483	$ 70,397	$ 76,689
State tax (benefit), net of federal effect	(2,697)	1,078	(4,988)
Tax credits(1)	(24,972)	(4,289)	(19,042)
Tax on foreign earnings less than U.S. statutory tax	(36,670)	(21,288)	(28,968)
Deferred tax reversal resulting from merger of foreign affiliate	(6,808)		
Tax settlements	(1,130)	(36,882)	(32,782)
Stock based compensation	4,671	9,016	7,817
Changes in valuation allowance	(776)	10	49
Other	(235)	691	(1,026)
	$ 27,866	$ 18,733	$ (2,251)

(1) As a result of the reinstatement of the federal research and development tax credit in fiscal year 2013, the Company reflected a benefit of approximately $19 million in the above amount for the period January 1, 2012 through October 31, 2013. The federal research tax credit is scheduled to expire on December 31, 2013.

SYNOPSYS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

	October 31,	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
Net deferred tax assets:		
Deferred tax assets:		
Accruals and reserves	$ 35,548	$ 30,317
Deferred revenue	36,551	46,247
Deferred compensation	45,662	39,186
Capitalized costs	84,390	94,031
Capitalized research and development costs	36,650	48,059
Stock compensation	16,790	21,229
Tax loss carryovers	63,869	73,492
Foreign tax credit carryovers	3,532	10,766
Research and other tax credit carryovers	108,044	88,973
Other	3,736	2,449
Gross deferred tax assets	434,772	454,749
Valuation allowance	(32,945)	(26,259)
Total deferred tax assets	401,827	428,490
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Intangible assets	82,662	116,639
Undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries	11,982	831
Total deferred tax liabilities	94,644	117,470
Net deferred tax assets	$ 307,183	$ 311,020

The valuation allowance increased by $6.7 million, related principally to state research credits. It is more likely than not that the results of future operations will generate sufficient taxable income to realize the remaining deferred tax assets.

The Company has the following tax loss and credit carryforwards available to offset future income tax liabilities:

Carryforward	Amount (in thousands)	Expiration Date
Federal net operating loss carryforward	$ 137,576	2018-2030
Federal research credit carryforward	117,257	2018-2033
Foreign tax credit carryforward	6,654	2018-2021
California research credit carryforward	112,167	Indefinite
Other state research credit carryforward	8,079	2014-2032
State net operating loss carryforward	164,385	2014-2031

The federal and state net operating loss carryforward is from acquired companies and the annual use of such loss is subject to significant limitations under Internal Revenue Code Section 382. Foreign tax credits may only be used to offset tax attributable to foreign source income.

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The Company has unrecognized deferred tax assets of approximately $60.7 million as of October 31, 2013 attributable to excess tax deductions related to stock options, the benefit of which will be credited to equity when realized.

The Company has not provided taxes for undistributed earnings of its foreign subsidiaries except to the extent that the Company does not plan to reinvest such earnings indefinitely outside the United States. If the cumulative foreign earnings exceed the amount the Company intends to reinvest in foreign countries in the future, the Company would provide for taxes on such excess amount. As of October 31, 2013, there were approximately $765.2 million of earnings upon which U.S. income taxes of approximately $168.8 million have not been provided for.

The gross unrecognized tax benefits increased by approximately $8.1 million during fiscal 2013 resulting in gross unrecognized tax benefits of $117.8 million as of October 31, 2013. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of gross unrecognized tax benefits is summarized as follows:

	As of October 31, 2013	As of October 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Beginning balance	$ 109,680	$ 177,893
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions	4,189	6,053
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions	(3,328)	(35,010)
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to current year tax positions	14,128	9,431
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to settlements with taxing authorities	(4,967)	(80,137)
Reductions in unrecognized tax benefits due to lapse of applicable statute of limitations	(7,728)	(3,499)
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits acquired	5,718	35,171
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits due to foreign currency translation	68	(222)
	$ 117,760	$ 109,680

As of October 31, 2013 and 2012, approximately $117.8 million and $75.3 million, respectively, of the unrecognized tax benefits would affect our effective tax rate if recognized upon resolution of the uncertain tax positions.

Interest and penalties related to estimated obligations for tax positions taken in the Company s tax returns are recognized as a component of income tax expense (benefit) in the consolidated statements of operations and totaled approximately $0.2 million**,** $(5.8) million and $2.8 million for fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of October 31, 2013 and 2012, the combined amount of accrued interest and penalties related to tax positions taken on the Company s tax returns was approximately $0.8 million and $0.6 million, respectively.

The timing of the resolution of income tax examinations is highly uncertain as well as the amounts and timing of various tax payments that are part of the settlement process. This could cause large fluctuations in the balance sheet classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities. The Company believes that in the coming 12 months, it is reasonably possible that either certain audits will

SYNOPSYS, INC.

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conclude or the statute of limitations on certain state and foreign income and withholding taxes will expire, or both. Given the uncertainty as to ultimate settlement terms, the timing of payment and the impact of such settlements on other uncertain tax positions, the range of the estimated potential decrease in underlying unrecognized tax benefits is between $0 and $35 million.

The Company and/or its subsidiaries remain subject to tax examination in the following jurisdictions:

Jurisdiction	Year(s) Subject to Examination
United States Synopsys	Fiscal 2013
United States Magma Design Automation	Fiscal years after 2009
California Synopsys	Fiscal years after 2008
California Magma Design Automation	Fiscal years after 2009
Hungary	Fiscal years after 2006
Taiwan and Japan	Fiscal years after 2007
Ireland	Fiscal years after 2008

In addition, the Company has made acquisitions with operations in several of its significant jurisdictions which may have years subject to examination different from the years indicated in the above table.

IRS Examinations

In the third and fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013, the Company reached settlement with the Examination Division of the IRS for its audit of certain fiscal year 2012 issues, which resulted in a decrease in unrecognized tax benefits of $6.0 million, decrease in deferred tax assets of $4.9 million and a $1.1 million net tax benefit. On November 6th, 2013, subsequent to year end, the Company reached final settlement on the remaining fiscal 2012 issues and will recognize approximately $10 million in unrecognized tax benefits in the first quarter of fiscal year 2014.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company reached a final settlement with the IRS for its audits of fiscal years 2010 and 2011. As a result of the settlement, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits decreased by $24.7 million and the impact to other balance sheet tax accounts was not material. The net tax benefit resulting from the settlement was $15.9 million.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company reached a final settlement with the IRS for its audits of fiscal years 2006 through 2009. As a result of the settlement, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits decreased by $35.9 million and the impact to other balance sheet tax accounts was not material. The net tax benefit resulting from the settlement was $32.8 million.

The audit of certain returns filed by Synplicity, Inc. prior to its acquisition by the Company in May 2008 was finalized in the first quarter of fiscal 2011, which resulted in a decrease in unrecognized tax benefits of $4.0 million.

Non-U.S. Examinations

Taiwan

On June 21, 2012, the Company reached a settlement with the Taiwan tax authorities for fiscal 2008 with regard to certain transfer pricing issues. As a result of the settlement and the application of the settlement to other open fiscal years, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits decreased by $16.5 million. The net tax benefit resulting from the settlement and the application to other open fiscal years was $14.7 million.

SYNOPSYS, INC.

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Certain of the Company s income tax returns in Taiwan are under review for fiscal years 2009 through 2012. The Company believes that it has adequately provided for potential tax adjustments, including interest and potential penalties.

Hungary

On March 5, 2012, the Company reached a settlement with the Hungarian tax authorities with regard to its fiscal years 2006 through 2008. The settlement resulted in a $5.1 million cash payment.

On May 10, 2012 the Company reached a settlement with the Hungarian tax authorities for fiscal years 2009 and 2010. The settlement resulted in a $6.3 million benefit principally from interest in the second quarter, a $3.2 million reduction to prepaid taxes in the third quarter, and a cash payment of $10.9 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012.

The settlements of fiscal years 2006 through 2010 reduced unrecognized tax benefits by $27.0 million and $24.2 million in the second and third quarter of fiscal 2012, respectively.

Note 12. Other Income (Expense), Net

The following table presents the components of other income (expense), net:

	Year Ended October 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
		(in thousands)	
Interest income	$ 1,891	$ 1,567	$ 2,117
Interest expense	(1,696)	(1,991)	(101)
Gain (loss) on assets related to deferred compensation plan	18,453	7,498	2,426
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss)	6,026	1,676	1,655
Other, net	4,499	2,361	173
Total	$ 29,173	$ 11,111	$ 6,270

Note 13. Segment Disclosure

ASC 280, *Segment Reporting,* requires disclosures of certain information regarding operating segments, products and services, geographic areas of operation and major customers. Segment reporting is based upon the management approach, i.e., how management organizes the Company s operating segments for which separate financial information is (1) available and (2) evaluated regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Makers (CODMs) in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Synopsys CODMs are the Company s two Co-Chief Executive Officers.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued

The Company provides software products and consulting services in the EDA software industry. The Company operates in a single segment. In making operating decisions, the CODMs primarily consider consolidated financial information, accompanied by disaggregated information about revenues by geographic region. Specifically, the CODMs consider where individual seats or licenses to the Company s products are located in allocating revenue to particular geographic areas. Revenue is defined as revenues from external customers. Goodwill is not allocated since the Company operates in one reportable operating segment. Revenues and property and equipment, net, related to operations in the United States and other by geographic areas were:

	Year Ended October 31, (in thousands)		
	2013	2012	2011
Revenue:			
United States	$ 939,749	$ 834,191	$ 714,036
Europe	273,041	225,797	207,071
Japan	264,141	289,420	275,174
Asia Pacific and Other	485,283	406,609	339,362
Consolidated	$ 1,962,214	$ 1,756,017	$ 1,535,643

	As of October 31, (in thousands)	
	2013	2012
Property and Equipment, net:		
United States	$ 133,310	$ 133,148
Other countries	64,290	58,095
Total	$ 197,600	$ 191,243

Geographic revenue data for multiregional, multi-product transactions reflect internal allocations and are therefore subject to certain assumptions and to the Company s methodology.

One customer, in the aggregate, accounted for 11.3%, 10.5%, and 10.6% of the Company s consolidated revenue in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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Item 9. *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure*

Not applicable.

Item 9A. *Controls and Procedures*

(a) *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* As of October 31, 2013, Synopsys carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of Synopsys management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Synopsys disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving their control objectives. Our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of October 31, 2013, Synopsys disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports Synopsys files and submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to Synopsys management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding its required disclosure.

(b) *Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*. Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) for Synopsys.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of October 31, 2013. In assessing the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, our management used the framework established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework (1992)* issued by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

Our management has concluded that, as of October 31, 2013, our internal control over financial reporting was effective based on these criteria. Our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, has issued an auditors report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, which is included herein.

(c) *Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.* There were no changes in Synopsys internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ended October 31, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Synopsys internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. *Other Information*

None.

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PART III

Item 10. *Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance*

For information with respect to our executive officers, see *Executive Officers of the Registrant* in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report.

All other information required by this Item is incorporated by reference herein from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the Proxy Statement) scheduled to be held on April 2, 2014, provided under the headings Proposal 1: Election of Directors, Audit Committee Report, Corporate Governance, and Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance.

Item 11. *Executive Compensation*

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference from the Proxy Statement, provided under the headings Executive Compensation and Related Information (and all subheadings thereunder), Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation, and Compensation Committee Report.

Item 12. *Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters*

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference from the Proxy Statement, provided under the headings Equity Compensation Plan Information and Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

Item 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence*

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference from the Proxy Statement, provided under the headings Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons, Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Corporate Governance (under the subheading Director Independence).

Item 14. *Principal Accountant Fees and Services*

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference from the Proxy Statement, provided under the heading Proposal 6 Ratification of Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

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PART IV

Item 15. *Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules*

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Form 10-K:

(1) Financial Statements

The following documents are included as Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K:

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	45
Consolidated Balance Sheets	46
Consolidated Statements of Operations	47
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	48
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity	49
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	50
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	51

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

(3) Exhibits

See Item 15(b) below.

(b) Exhibits

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger among Synopsys, Inc., Magma Design Automation, Inc. and Lotus Acquisition Corp. dated November 30, 2011	8-K	000-19807	2.1	12/01/11	
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation	10-Q	000-19807	3.1	09/15/03	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws	8-K	000-19807	3.2	05/23/12	
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate	S-1	33-45138	4.3	02/24/92 (effective date)	
10.1	Form of Indemnification Agreement for directors and executive officers	8-K	000-19807	99.2	07/14/11	
10.2	Director s and Officer s Insurance and Company Reimbursement Policy	S-1	33-45138	10.2	02/24/92 (effective date)	
10.3	Lease Agreement, dated August 17, 1990, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The August 17, 1990 Lease)	S-1	33-45138	10.6	02/24/92 (effective date)	
10.3(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.13	12/21/07	
10.3(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.3(ii)	12/20/12	
10.3(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.12	12/21/07	
10.3(iv)	Amendment No. 4 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.3(iv)	12/20/12	
10.3(v)	Amendment No. 5 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.11	12/21/07	
10.3(vi)	Amendment No. 6 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.10	12/21/07	
10.4*	Deferred Compensation Plan as restated effective August 1, 2002	10-Q	000-19807	10.5	06/10/04	
10.5	Lease Agreement, dated June 16, 1992, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The June 16, 1992 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.15	Fiscal year ended September 30, 1992	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
10.5(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.5(i)	12/20/12	
10.5(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.5(ii)	12/20/12	
10.5(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.15	12/21/07	
10.5(iv)	Amendment No. 4 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.14	12/21/07	
10.6	Lease Agreement, dated June 23, 1993, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The June 23, 1993 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.16	Fiscal year ended September 30,1993	
10.6(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.6(i)	12/20/12	
10.6(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.17	12/21/07	
10.6(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.16	12/21/07	
10.7	Lease Agreement, dated August 24, 1995, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The August 24, 1995 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.21	Fiscal year ended September 30, 1995	
10.7(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The August 24, 1995 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.18	12/21/07	
10.8	Lease Agreement, dated January 2, 1996 between Synopsys, Inc. and Tarigo-Paul, a California Limited Partnership, (The January 2, 1996 Lease)	10-Q	000-19807	10.28	05/14/96	
10.8(i)	First Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	8-K	000-19807	10.42	09/12/06	
10.8(ii)	Second Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	8-K	000-19807	10.41	09/12/06	
10.8(iii)	Third Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.8(iii)	12/20/12	
10.8(iv)	Fourth Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.8(iv)	12/20/12	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
10.8(v)	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises under The January 2, 1996 Lease Effective September 25, 2012	10-K	000-19807	10.8(v)	12/20/12	
10.9	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises Effective April 25, 2006, notifying Synopsys, Inc. of the change of ownership under multiple leases	10-K	000-19807	10.20	12/21/07	
10.10	Lease Agreement dated October 14, 2011 between Synopsys, Inc. and 690 E. Middlefield Road Fee, LLC, (The October 14, 2011 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.19	12/16/11	
10.10(i)	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises under The October 14, 2011 Lease Effective May 9, 2012	10-K	000-19807	10.10(i)	12/20/12	
10.10(ii)	First Amendment to The October 14, 2011 Lease	10-Q	000-19807	10.10(ii)	3/4/13	
10.11*	1992 Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated	10-K	000-19807	10.29	01/25/02	
10.12*	Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.21	04/05/12	
10.13*	Synopsys Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan II	10-Q	000-19807	10.23	3/09/09	
10.14*	1994 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated	10-Q	000-19807	10.1	09/15/03	
10.15*	1998 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan	S-8	333-90643	10.1	11/09/99	
10.16	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated February 17, 2012, among Synopsys as Borrower, the several Lenders from time to time parties thereto, Bank of America, N.A. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as Co-Syndication Agents, HSBC Bank USA, N.A. and Union Bank, N.A. as Co-Documentation Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Co-Lead Arrangers and Co-Bookrunners	8-K	000-19807	10.45	02/22/12	
10.17*	Form of Stock Option Agreement under 1992 Stock Option Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.27	01/12/05	
10.18*	Non-Employee Director Compensation Arrangements	10-K	000-19807	10.27	12/17/10	
10.19*	2005 Non-Employee Director Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.30	03/31/10	
10.20*	Synopsys, Inc. 2005 Assumed Stock Option Plan	8-K	000-19807	10.34	09/12/05	
10.21*	Form of Amended and Restated Executive Change of Control Severance Benefit Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.32	12/22/08	
10.22*	Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Award Agreement under 2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.33	12/16/11	

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Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
10.23*	Form of Stock Options Grant Notice and Option Agreement under 2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.34	12/16/11	
10.24*	2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.24	04/08/13	
10.25*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice and Award Agreement under 2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan					X
10.26*	Form of Notice of Grant of Stock Options and Option Agreement under 2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan					X
10.27*	Executive Incentive Plan 162(m)	8-K	000-19807	10.42	01/28/10	
10.28*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated June 2, 2008, between Synopsys, Inc. and Dr. Aart de Geus	8-K	000-19807	10.50	06/03/08	
10.29*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated June 2, 2008, between Synopsys, Inc. and Dr. Chi-Foon Chan	8-K	000-19807	10.51	06/03/08	
10.30*	Compensation Recovery Policy	10-K	000-19807	10.46	12/22/08	
21.1	Subsidiaries of Synopsys, Inc.					X
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm					X
24.1	Power of Attorney (see signature page to this Annual Report on Form 10-K)					X
31.1	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
31.2	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
31.3	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
32.1	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Exchange Act and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code					X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					X

* Indicates a management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.
We have requested confidential treatment for certain portions of this document pursuant to an application for confidential treatment sent to the SEC. We omitted such portions from this filing and filed them separately with the SEC.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SYNOPSYS, INC.

Date: December 19, 2013

By: /s/ Brian M. Beattie
Brian M. Beattie

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Aart J. de Geus, Chi-Foon Chan and Brian M. Beattie, and each of them, as his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution and reconstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Name	Title	Date
/s/ AART J. DE GEUS Aart J. de Geus	Co-Chief Executive Officer (Co-Principal Executive Officer) and Chairman of the Board of Directors	December 19, 2013
/s/ CHI-FOON CHAN Chi-Foon Chan	Co-Chief Executive Officer (Co-Principal Executive Officer), President and Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ BRIAN M. BEATTIE Brian M. Beattie	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	December 19, 2013
/s/ ESFANDIAR NADDAF Esfandiar Naddaf	Vice President, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	December 19, 2013
/s/ ALFRED J. CASTINO Alfred J. Castino	Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ BRUCE R. CHIZEN Bruce R. Chizen	Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ DEBORAH A. COLEMAN Deborah A. Coleman	Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ CHRYSOSTOMOS L. NIKIAS Chrysostomos L. Nikias	Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ JOHN G. SCHWARZ John G. Schwarz	Director	December 19, 2013
/s/ ROY VALLEE	Director	December 19, 2013

Roy Vallee

/s/ STEVEN C. WALSKE	Director	December 19, 2013
Steven C. Walske		

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation	10-Q	000-19807	3.1	09/15/03	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws	8-K	000-19807	3.2	05/23/12	
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate	S-1	33-45138	4.3	02/24/92 (effective date)	
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10.2	Director s and Officer s Insurance and Company Reimbursement Policy	S-1	33-45138	10.2	02/24/92 (effective date)	
10.3	Lease Agreement, dated August 17, 1990, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The August 17, 1990 Lease)	S-1	33-45138	10.6	02/24/92 (effective date)	
10.3(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.13	12/21/07	
10.3(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.3(ii)	12/20/12	
10.3(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.12	12/21/07	
10.3(iv)	Amendment No. 4 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.3(iv)	12/20/12	
10.3(v)	Amendment No. 5 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.11	12/21/07	
10.3(vi)	Amendment No. 6 to The August 17, 1990 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.10	12/21/07	
10.4*	Deferred Compensation Plan as restated effective August 1, 2002	10-Q	000-19807	10.5	06/10/04	
10.5	Lease Agreement, dated June 16, 1992, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The June 16, 1992 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.15	Fiscal year ended September 30, 1992	
10.5(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.5(i)	12/20/12	

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Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
10.5(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.5(ii)	12/20/12	
10.5(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.15	12/21/07	
10.5(iv)	Amendment No. 4 to The June 16, 1992 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.14	12/21/07	
10.6	Lease Agreement, dated June 23, 1993, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The June 23, 1993 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.16	Fiscal year ended September 30, 1993	
10.6(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.6(i)	12/20/12	
10.6(ii)	Amendment No. 2 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.17	12/21/07	
10.6(iii)	Amendment No. 3 to The June 23, 1993 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.16	12/21/07	
10.7	Lease Agreement, dated August 24, 1995, between Synopsys, Inc. and John Arrillaga, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (John Arrillaga Separate Property Trust), as amended, and Richard T. Peery, Trustee, or his successor trustee, UTA dated July 20, 1977 (Richard T. Peery Separate Property Trust), as amended, (The August 24, 1995 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.21	Fiscal year ended September 30, 1995	
10.7(i)	Amendment No. 1 to The August 24, 1995 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.18	12/21/07	
10.8	Lease Agreement, dated January 2, 1996 between Synopsys, Inc. and Tarigo-Paul, a California Limited Partnership, (The January 2, 1996 Lease)	10-Q	000-19807	10.28	05/14/96	
10.8(i)	First Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	8-K	000-19807	10.42	09/12/06	
10.8(ii)	Second Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	8-K	000-19807	10.41	09/12/06	
10.8(iii)	Third Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.8(iii)	12/20/12	
10.8(iv)	Fourth Amendment to The January 2, 1996 Lease	10-K	000-19807	10.8(iv)	12/20/12	
10.8(v)	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises under The January 2, 1996 Lease Effective September 25, 2012	10-K	000-19807	10.8(v)	12/20/12	
10.9	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises Effective April 25, 2006, notifying Synopsys, Inc. of the change of ownership under multiple leases	10-K	000-19807	10.20	12/21/07	

Exhibit		Incorporated By Reference				Filed or
Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Furnished Herewith
10.10	Lease Agreement dated October 14, 2011 between Synopsys, Inc. and 690 E. Middlefield Road Fee, LLC, (The October 14, 2011 Lease)	10-K	000-19807	10.19	12/16/11	
10.10(i)	Notification of Change of Ownership of Leased Premises under The October 14, 2011 Lease Effective May 9, 2012	10-K	000-19807	10.10(i)	12/20/12	
10.10(ii)	First Amendment to The October 14, 2011 Lease	10-Q	000-19807	10.10(ii)	3/4/13	
10.11*	1992 Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated	10-K	000-19807	10.29	01/25/02	
10.12*	Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.21	04/05/12	
10.13*	Synopsys Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan II	10-Q	000-19807	10.23	3/09/09	
10.14*	1994 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated	10-Q	000-19807	10.1	09/15/03	
10.15*	1998 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan	S-8	333-90643	10.1	11/09/99	
10.16	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated February 17, 2012, among Synopsys as Borrower, the several Lenders from time to time parties thereto, Bank of America, N.A. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as Co-Syndication Agents, HSBC Bank USA, N.A. and Union Bank, N.A. as Co-Documentation Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Co-Lead Arrangers and Co-Bookrunners	8-K	000-19807	10.45	02/22/12	
10.17*	Form of Stock Option Agreement under 1992 Stock Option Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.27	01/12/05	
10.18*	Non-Employee Director Compensation Arrangements	10-K	000-19807	10.27	12/17/10	
10.19*	2005 Non-Employee Director Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.30	03/31/10	
10.20*	Synopsys, Inc. 2005 Assumed Stock Option Plan	8-K	000-19807	10.34	09/12/05	
10.21*	Form of Amended and Restated Executive Change of Control Severance Benefit Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.32	12/22/08	
10.22*	Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Award Agreement under 2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.33	12/16/11	
10.23*	Form of Stock Options Grant Notice and Option Agreement under 2005 Non-Employee Directors Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	000-19807	10.34	12/16/11	
10.24*	2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	8-K	000-19807	10.24	04/08/13	
10.25*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice and Award Agreement under 2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan					X
10.26*	Form of Notice of Grant of Stock Options and Option Agreement under 2006 Employee Equity Incentive Plan					X
10.27*	Executive Incentive Plan 162(m)	8-K	000-19807	10.42	01/28/10	

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Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated By Reference Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed or Furnished Herewith
10.28*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated June 2, 2008, between Synopsys, Inc. and Dr. Aart de Geus	8-K	000-19807	10.50	06/03/08	
10.29*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated June 2, 2008, between Synopsys, Inc. and Dr. Chi-Foon Chan	8-K	000-19807	10.51	06/03/08	
10.30*	Compensation Recovery Policy	10-K	000-19807	10.46	12/22/08	
21.1	Subsidiaries of Synopsys, Inc.					X
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm					X
24.1	Power of Attorney (see signature page to this Annual Report on Form 10-K)					X
31.1	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
31.2	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
31.3	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
32.1	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Exchange Act and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code					X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					X

* Indicates a management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.

We have requested confidential treatment for certain portions of this document pursuant to an application for confidential treatment sent to the SEC. We omitted such portions from this filing and filed them separately with the SEC.