Aon plc Form 10-Q October 31, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

 $\circ$  QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 30, 2014

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-7933

Aon plc

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

ENGLAND AND WALES 98-1030901 (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 98-1030901 (I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization)

8 DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON, ENGLAND
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
+44 20 7623 5500

EC2M 4PL
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's Telephone Number,

Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ý NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  $\acute{v}$  NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO  $\acute{y}$ 

Number of Class A Ordinary Shares of Aon plc, \$0.01 nominal value, outstanding as of September 30, 2014: 285,136,690

# PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Aon plc Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

(millions, except per share data)	_	30,September 30,	_	0,September 30,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenue	Φ2.072	Φ <b>2.7</b> 0.6	Φ0.707	Φ O <b>5</b> O <b>5</b>
Commissions, fees and other	\$2,873	\$ 2,786	\$8,727	\$ 8,585
Fiduciary investment income	7	8	19	21
Total revenue	2,880	2,794	8,746	8,606
Expenses				
Compensation and benefits	1,707	1,666	5,166	5,103
Other general expenses	756	764	2,249	2,347
Total operating expenses	2,463	2,430	7,415	7,450
Operating income	417	364	1,331	1,156
Interest income	3	3	7	6
Interest expense	(65	) (53	(188)	(153)
Other income	35	39	34	54
Income before income taxes	390	353	1,184	1,063
Income taxes	75	89	220	275
Net income	315	264	964	788
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	6	8	26	30
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$309	\$ 256	\$938	\$ 758
Basic net income per share attributable to Aon shareholders	\$1.06	\$ 0.83	\$3.15	\$ 2.42
Diluted net income per share attributable to Aon shareholders	\$1.04	\$ 0.82	\$3.11	\$ 2.39
Cash dividends per share paid on ordinary shares	\$0.25	\$ 0.18	\$0.68	\$ 0.51
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - basic	292.3	309.5	298.1	313.2
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - diluted	296.1	312.9	301.6	316.7

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(millions)	Three Mor September		s Ended ),September	30,	Nine Mon September			r 30,
(millions)	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Net income	\$315		\$ 264		\$964		\$ 788	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	6		8		26		30	
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	309		256		938		758	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:								
Change in fair value of investments			(14	)	(1	)	(1	)
Change in fair value of derivatives	(8	)	9		13		(12	)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(318	)	155		(228	)	(77	)
Post-retirement benefit obligation	26		24		70		65	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(300	)	174		(146	)	(25	)
Less: Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		3		(2	)	1	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Aon shareholders	(300	)	171		(144	)	(26	)
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$9		\$ 427		\$794		\$ 732	

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(millions, except nominal value)	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2013	
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	(		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 382	\$477	
Short-term investments	217	523	
Receivables, net	2,630	2,896	
Fiduciary assets	10,815	11,871	
Other current assets	711	563	
Total Current Assets	14,755	16,330	
Goodwill	9,026	8,997	
Intangible assets, net	2,612	2,578	
Fixed assets, net	760	791	
Investments	143	132	
Other non-current assets	1,531	1,423	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 28,827	\$30,251	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		-	
LIABILITIES  LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Fiduciary liabilities	\$ 10,815	\$11,871	
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	660	703	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,528	1,931	
Other current liabilities	853	906	
Total Current Liabilities	13,856	15,411	
Long-term debt	4,840	3,686	
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	1,437	1,607	
Other non-current liabilities	1,422	1,352	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,555	22,056	
1011E BI BIETIES	21,333	22,030	
EQUITY			
Ordinary shares - \$0.01 nominal value		•	
Authorized: 750 shares (issued: 2014 - 285.1; 2013 - 300.7)	3	3	
Additional paid-in capital	5,012	4,785	
Retained earnings	4,718	5,731	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,518)	(2,374	)
TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7,215	8,145	•
Noncontrolling interests	57	50	
TOTAL EQUITY	7,272	8,195	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 28,827	\$30,251	

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(millions)	Shares	Ordinary Shares and Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Ot Comprehensive Loss, Net of Tax		r Non- controlling Interests	g	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2013	300.7	\$4,788	\$5,731	\$ (2,374	)	\$50		\$8,195	,
Net income	_		938	_		26		964	
Shares issued - employee benefit plans	0.4	28	_	_		_		28	
Shares issued - employee compensation	4.4	(120)	_	_		_		(120	)
Shares purchased	(20.4)		(1,750)	_		_		(1,750	)
Tax benefit - employee benefit plans	_	72	_	_		_		72	
Share-based compensation expense		247				_		247	
Dividends to shareholders			(201)			_		(201	)
Net change in fair value of investments	_		_	(1	)	_		(1	)
Net change in fair value of derivatives				13		_		13	
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	_	_	_	(226	)	(2)	)	(228	)
Net post-retirement benefit obligation	_			70		_		70	
Sales (purchases) of shares to (from) noncontrolling interests		_		_		1		1	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests on subsidiary common stock		_		_		(18)	)	(18	)
Balance at September 30, 2014	285.1	\$5,015	\$4,718	\$ (2,518	)	\$57		\$7,272	

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

# Aon plc

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(millions)	Nine Months Ended September 30,September 2		r 30,
	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0064	ф. <b>7</b> 00	
Net income	\$964	\$ 788	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Gain from sales of businesses and investments, net	(41	) (28	)
Depreciation of fixed assets	183	177	
Amortization of intangible assets	263	296	
Share-based compensation expense	247	207	
Deferred income taxes	77	100	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Fiduciary receivables	988	684	
Short term investments - funds held on behalf of clients	(177	) (369	)
Fiduciary liabilities	(811	) (315	)
Receivables, net	220	374	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(408	) (330	)
Restructuring reserves	(75	) (7	)
Current income taxes	(211	) (197	)
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	(299	) (401	)
Other assets and liabilities	(37	) 5	
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	883	984	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of long-term investments	51	81	
Purchases of long-term investments	(19	) (13	)
Net sales (purchases) of short-term investments - non-fiduciary	301	(13	)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(464	) (26	)
Proceeds from sale of businesses	48	6	
Capital expenditures	(179	) (174	)
CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(262	) (139	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Share repurchase	(1,750	) (1,025	)
Issuance of shares for employee benefit plans	58	84	
Issuance of debt	4,255	4,270	
Repayment of debt	(3,073	) (3,870	)
Cash dividends to shareholders	(201	) (159	)
Sales (purchases) of shares to (from) noncontrolling interests	ì	(6	)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	(18	) (13	)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback	25	_	,
CASH USED FOR FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(703	) (719	)
	•	, ,	,
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH	(12	) (40	`
EQUIVALENTS	(13	) (48	)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(95	) 78	
•			

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	477 \$382	291 \$ 369
Supplemental disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$194	\$ 186
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$280	\$ 330

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Aon plc and all controlled subsidiaries ("Aon" or the "Company"). Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and reclassifications) necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of operating results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2014.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of reserves and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Aon adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Illiquid credit markets, volatile equity markets, and foreign currency movements increase the uncertainty inherent in such estimates and assumptions. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

# 2. Accounting Principles and Practices

Changes in Accounting Principles

## Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new accounting guidance on revenue from contracts with customers, which will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The core principal of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. The guidance is effective for Aon in the first quarter of 2017 and early adoption is not permitted. The guidance permits two methods of transition upon adoption; full retrospective and modified retrospective. Under the full retrospective method, prior periods would be restated under the new revenue standard, providing a comparable view across all periods presented.

Under the modified retrospective method, prior periods would not be restated. Rather, revenues and other disclosures for pre-2017 periods would be provided in the notes to the financial statements as previously reported under the current revenue standard. The impact from the adoption of this guidance on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements cannot be determined at this time. The Company is also working to determine the appropriate method of transition to the guidance.

# **Discontinued Operations**

In April 2014, the FASB issued new accounting guidance that increased the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. The guidance is effective for Aon in the first quarter of 2015. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Presentation of Unrecognized Tax Benefits

In July 2013, the FASB issued guidance on the presentation of certain unrecognized tax benefits on financial statements. The guidance requires, unless certain conditions exist, an unrecognized tax benefit to be presented as a reduction to a deferred tax asset in the financial statements for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. The guidance was effective for Aon in the first quarter of 2014. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Foreign Currency

In March 2013, the FASB issued new accounting guidance clarifying the accounting for the release of cumulative translation adjustment into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity. The guidance was effective for Aon in the first quarter of 2014. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances and all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less. Short-term investments include certificates of deposit, money market funds and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with initial maturities in excess of three months but less than one year and are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

At September 30, 2014, Cash and cash equivalents and Short-term investments were \$599 million compared to \$1.0 billion at December 31, 2013. Of the total balance, \$144 million and \$214 million was restricted as to its use at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Included within that amount, at September 30, 2014, the Company is required to hold £40.5 million of operating funds in the U.K. by the Financial Conduct Authority, a U.K.-based regulator, which were included in Short-term investments. At December 31, 2013, the Company was required to hold £77 million of operating funds in Short-term investments. These operating funds, when translated to U.S. dollars, were equal to \$66 million and \$126 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. In addition, Cash and cash equivalents included additional restricted balances of \$78 million and \$88 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The restricted balances primarily relate to cash required to be held as collateral.

#### 4. Other Financial Data

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income Information

#### Other Income

Other income consists of the following (in millions):

		ths ended September	Nine months ended September 30				
	30, 2014	2013	2014	2013			
Equity earnings	\$4	\$6	\$10	\$12			
Gain on investments	4	37	2	36			
Foreign currency remeasurement gain (loss)	7	(4	) 11	15			
Derivative (loss) gain	(6	) 1	(19	) (8	)		

Gain on disposal of business	25		25		
Other	1	(1	) 5	(1	)
	\$35	\$39	\$34	\$54	
8					

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position Information

### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An analysis of the allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended September 30,			er	Nine months ended September 3				
	2014		2013		2014		2013		
Balance at beginning of period	\$88		\$114		\$90		\$118		
Provision charged to operations	1		(5	)	9		6		
Accounts written off, net of recoveries	(14	)	(8	)	(23	)	(26	)	
Effect of exchange rate changes and other	4		(2	)	3		1		
Balance at end of period	\$79		\$99		\$79		\$99		

### Other Current Assets

The components of Other current assets are as follows (in millions):

•	September 30, December 31,		
	2014	2013	
Taxes receivable	258	111	
Prepaid expenses	238	229	
Deferred project costs	102	98	
Deferred tax assets	81	93	
Other	32	32	
	\$ 711	\$ 563	

### Other Non-Current Assets

The components of Other non-current assets are as follows (in millions):

	September	September 30, December 31,		
	2014	2013		
Prepaid pension (1)	\$ 750	\$ 567		
Deferred project costs	256	273		
Deferred tax assets	176	193		
Taxes receivable	98	108		
Other	251	282		
	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,423		

<sup>(1)</sup> Increase in prepaid pensions is primarily due to cash funding of the U.K. pension plans.

q

### Other Current Liabilities

The components of Other current liabilities are as follows (in millions):

1	,	Sentember	30, December 31,
		2014	2013
Deferred revenue		\$ 440	\$ 475
Taxes payable		96	136
Deferred tax liabilities		36	48
Other		281	247
		\$ 853	\$ 906

#### Other Non-Current Liabilities

The components of Other non-current liabilities are as follows (in millions):

	September	30, December 31,
	2014	2013
Deferred tax liabilities	\$ 535	\$420
Taxes payable	202	184
Leases	191	204
Deferred revenue	170	134
Compensation and benefits	56	105
Other	268	305
	\$ 1,422	\$1,352

# 5. Acquisitions and Dispositions

#### Acquisitions

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company completed the acquisition of four businesses in the Risk Solutions segment and one business in the HR Solutions segment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company completed the acquisition of seven businesses in the Risk Solutions segment and two businesses in the HR Solutions segment. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Risk Solutions segment and one business in the HR Solutions segment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of five businesses in the Risk Solutions segment and two businesses in the HR Solutions segment.

The following table includes the aggregate consideration transferred and the preliminary value of intangible assets recorded as a result of the Company's acquisitions (in millions):

	Nine month	Nine months ended September		
	30,			
	2014	2013		
Consideration	\$446	\$26		
Intangible assets:				
Goodwill	\$261	\$26		
Other intangible assets	310	8		
Total	\$571	\$34		

The results of operations of these acquisitions are included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of the acquisition date. The results of operations of the Company would not have been materially different if these acquisitions had been reported from the beginning of the period in which they were acquired.

#### **Dispositions**

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company completed the disposition of one business in the Risk Solutions segment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company completed the disposition of two businesses in the Risk Solutions segment. A pretax gain of \$25 million was recognized on these sales in the both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, which is included in Other income in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company completed the disposition of one business in the Risk Solutions segment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company completed the disposition of five businesses in the Risk Solutions segment. A pretax gain of \$0.2 million gain was recognized on these dispositions in both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, which is included in Other income in the Condensed Statements of Income.

#### 6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 are as follows (in millions):

Risk	HR	Total	
Solutions	Solutions	Total	
\$6,020	\$2,977	\$8,997	
256	5	261	
(14	) —	(14	)
(1	) —	(1	)
(2	2		
(202	) (15	) (217	)
\$6,057	\$2,969	\$9,026	
	Solutions \$6,020 256 (14 (1 (2 (202	Solutions       Solutions         \$6,020       \$2,977         256       5         (14       ) —         (1       ) —         (2       ) 2         (202       ) (15	Solutions       Solutions       Total         \$6,020       \$2,977       \$8,997         256       5       261         (14       ) —       (14         (1       ) —       (1         (2       ) 2       —         (202       ) (15       ) (217

Other intangible assets by asset class are as follows (in millions):

o that mitaligies about of about the		,,,, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	٠,٠					
	September 3	September 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount		
Intangible assets with indefinite								
lives:								
Tradenames	\$1,019	\$	\$1,019	\$1,019	\$	\$1,019		
Intangible assets with finite lives:								
Customer related and contract	2,972	1,520	1,452	2,720	1,310	1,410		
based	2,> / 2	1,520	1,102	2,720	1,510	1,110		
Marketing, technology and other	588	447	141	584	435	149		
	\$4,579	\$1,967	\$2,612	\$4,323	\$1,745	\$2,578		

Amortization expense from finite lived intangible assets was \$90 million and \$263 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Amortization expense from finite lived intangibles assets was \$98 million and \$296 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

The estimated future amortization for finite lived intangible assets as of September 30, 2014 is as follows (in millions):

	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	Total
Remainder of 2014	\$29	\$60	\$89

2015	109	211	320
2016	100	176	276
2017	91	140	231
2018	79	93	172
Thereafter	253	252	505
	\$661	\$932	\$1,593

#### 7. Restructuring

## Aon Hewitt Restructuring Plan

On October 14, 2010, the Company announced a global restructuring plan ("Aon Hewitt Plan") in connection with the acquisition of Hewitt Associates, Inc. The Aon Hewitt Plan was intended to streamline operations across the combined Aon Hewitt organization. The Company incurred all remaining costs for the Aon Hewitt Plan and the plan was closed in the fourth quarter of 2013. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, no charges were taken under the Aon Hewitt Plan. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, \$30 million of restructuring expenses were charged, of which \$24 million and \$6 million were in the Risk Solutions segment and HR Solutions segment, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, \$109 million of restructuring expenses were charged, of which \$52 million and \$57 million were in the Risk Solutions segment and HR Solutions segment, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013, the remaining liabilities for the Company's restructuring plans were \$166 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company made cash payments of \$70 million, resulting in remaining restructuring liabilities of \$90 million as of September 30, 2014. The remaining \$6 million reduction in the liability is due fluctuation in foreign exchange rates.

#### 8. Investments

The Company earns income on cash balances and investments, as well as on premium trust balances that the Company maintains for premiums collected from insureds but not yet remitted to insurance companies, and funds held under the terms of certain outsourcing agreements to pay certain obligations on behalf of clients. Premium trust balances and receivables, as well as a corresponding liability, are included in Fiduciary assets and Fiduciary liabilities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

The Company's interest-bearing assets and other investments are included in the following categories in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$382	\$477
Short-term investments	217	523
Fiduciary assets (1)	3,877	3,778
Investments	143	132
	\$4,619	\$4,910

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiduciary assets include funds held on behalf of clients but does not include fiduciary receivables.

The Company's investments are as follows (in millions):

September 30,	December 31,
2014	2013
\$122	\$113
13	10
8	9
\$143	\$132
	2014 \$122 13 8

#### 9. Debt

The Company uses proceeds from the commercial paper market from time to time in order to meet short-term working capital needs and to retire other debt obligations. At September 30, 2014, the Company had \$50 million in commercial paper outstanding compared to no commercial paper outstanding at December 31, 2013. The weighted average commercial paper outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$360 million and \$338 million, respectively. The weighted average interest rate of the commercial paper outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was 0.31% and 0.34%, respectively.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, Aon plc's \$600 million 3.50% Notes due September 2015 were classified as Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as the date of maturity is less than one year.

On August 12, 2014, Aon plc issued \$350 million of 3.50% Notes due June 2024. The 3.50% Notes due 2024 constitute a further issuance of, and were consolidated to form a single series of debt securities with, the \$250 million of 3.50% Notes due June 2024 issued by the Company on May 20, 2014. The 3.50% Notes due June 2024 are unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by Aon Corporation. The Company used the proceeds of the issuance for general corporate purposes.

On June 30, 2014, Aon plc transferred €531 million to a trustee pursuant to an agreement related to the repayment of the €500 million of 6.25% Notes due July 2014 and accrued interest. The trustee subsequently disbursed €531 million to the noteholders on July 1, 2014 in payment of principal and accrued interest. The Company remained the primary obligor of the €500 million of 6.25% Notes due July 2014 until the funds were disbursed from the trustee to the bondholders on July 1, 2014. Therefore, the Company extinguished the liability related to this obligation as of July 1, 2014.

On May 20, 2014, Aon plc issued \$250 million of 3.50% Notes due June 2024 and \$550 million of 4.60% Notes due June 2044. The 3.50% Notes due June 2024 and 4.60% Notes due June 2044 are unconditionally guaranteed by Aon Corporation. The Company used the proceeds of the issuance to repay commercial paper borrowings and for general corporate purposes.

On May 7, 2014, Aon plc issued €500 million of 2.875% Notes due May 2026. The 2.875% Notes due May 2026 are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Aon Corporation. The Company used the proceeds of the issuance for general corporate purposes, including the repayment at maturity of the Company's then outstanding €500 million of 6.25% Notes due July 2014.

#### 10. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate on net income was 19.1% and 18.5% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. The effective tax rate on net income was 25.1% and 25.9% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The effective tax rate in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 was favorably impacted by a change in the geographical distribution of income, partially offset by the impact of certain discrete items.

#### 11. Shareholders' Equity

## **Ordinary Shares**

In April 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program under which up to \$5.0 billion of Class A Ordinary Shares may be repurchased ("2012 Share Repurchase Program"). Under this program, shares may be repurchased through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, from time to time, based on prevailing market conditions, and will be funded from available capital.

In the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company repurchased 5.8 million shares at an average price per share of \$86.07 for a total cost of \$500 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company repurchased 20.4 million shares at an average price per share of \$85.73 for a total cost of \$1.8 billion under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. In the third quarter of 2013, the Company repurchased 7.3 million shares at an average price per share of \$68.33 for a total cost of \$500 million under the 2012

Share Repurchase Program. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company repurchased 15.8 million shares at an average price per share of \$64.79 for a total cost of \$1.0 billion under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. The remaining authorized amount for share repurchase under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program is \$1.1 billion. Since the inception of the 2012 Share Repurchase Program, the Company repurchased a total of 56.7 million shares for an aggregate cost of \$3.9 billion.

# **Participating Securities**

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities, as defined, and therefore, should be included in computing basic and diluted earnings per share using the two class method. Certain of the Company's restricted share awards allow the holder to receive a non-forfeitable dividend equivalent.

Net income attributable to participating securities was \$2 million and \$7 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Net income attributable to participating securities was \$3 million and \$8 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Weighted average shares outstanding are as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Shares for basic earnings per share (1)	292.3	309.5	298.1	313.2
Common stock equivalents	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.5
Shares for diluted earnings per share	296.1	312.9	301.6	316.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes 2.9 million and 3.8 million of participating securities for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and 3.1 million and 4.0 million of participating securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Certain ordinary share equivalents may not be included in the computation of diluted net income per share because their inclusion would have been antidilutive. There were no shares excluded from the calculation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

## Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss by component, net of related tax, are as follows (in millions):

	Change in Fair Value of Investments (1)	Change in Fair Value of Derivatives (1)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Post-Retirement Benefit Obligation (2)	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$1		\$169	\$ (2,522 )	\$(2,374	)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications, net	(1)	1	(226 )	2	(224	)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:						
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	17	_	94	111	
Tax benefit	_	(5)		(26)	(31	)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		12	_	68	80	
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	) (1 )	13	(226 )	70	(144	)
Balance at September 30, 2014	<b>\$</b> —	\$(9)	\$(57)	\$ (2,452 )	\$(2,518	)

<sup>(1)</sup> Reclassifications from this category included in Accumulated other comprehensive loss are recorded in Other income.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reclassifications from this category included in Accumulated other comprehensive loss are recorded in Compensation and benefits.

#### 12. Employee Benefits

The following table provides the components of the net periodic benefit cost for Aon's material U.K., U.S., and other significant international pension plans, which are located in the Netherlands and Canada (in millions):

	Three months ended September 30,						
	U.K.		U.S.		Other		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Service cost	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$	\$—	\$	\$5	
Interest cost	58	52	32	28	12	11	
Expected return on plan assets	(82	) (74	) (39	) (34	) (15	) (15	)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	13	12	11	13	2	6	
Total net periodic (benefit) cost	\$(11	) \$(10	) \$4	\$7	\$(1	) \$7	
	Nine months ended September 30,						
	U.K.		U.S.		Other		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Service cost	<b>\$</b> —	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$14	
Interest cost	174	156	96	84	36	33	
Expected return on plan assets	(247	) (223	) (117	) (103	) (45	) (44	)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	40	36	32	39	6	19	
Net periodic (benefit) cost	(33	) (31	) 11	20	(3	) 22	
Curtailment loss (gain) and other	_	_	1	_	(3	) —	
Total net periodic (benefit) cost	\$(33	) \$(31	) \$12	\$20	\$(6	) \$22	

Based on current assumptions, in 2014, Aon plans to contribute \$183 million, \$173 million, and \$29 million to its U.K., U.S. and other significant international pension plans, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, contributions of \$24 million, \$39 million, and \$7 million were made to the Company's U.K., U.S. and other significant international pension plans, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, contributions of \$145 million, \$112 million, and \$23 million were made to the Company's U.K., U.S. and other significant international pension plans, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, contributions of \$54 million, \$54 million, and \$5 million were made to the Company's U.K., U.S. and other significant international pension plans, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, contributions of \$241 million, \$122 million, and \$49 million were made to the Company's U.K., U.S. and other significant international pension plans, respectively.

# 13. Share-Based Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income in Compensation and benefits (in millions):

	Three months	s ended	Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Restricted share units ("RSUs")	\$41	\$40	\$144	\$135
Performance share awards ("PSAs")	29	28	96	66
Share options	_	_	_	1
Employee share purchase plans	2	2	7	5
Total share-based compensation expense	\$72	\$70	\$247	\$207

#### **Restricted Share Units**

A summary of the status of the Company's RSUs is as follows (shares in thousands):

	Nine mont	ths ended Septen	nber 30,	t 30,		
	2014	2013	2013			
	Shares	Fair Value	(1) Shares	Fair Value (1)		
Non-vested at beginning of period	9,759	\$51	10,432	\$44		
Granted	2,675	84	3,598	62		
Vested	(3,561	) 49	(3,618	) 44		
Forfeited	(385	) 56	(308	) 47		
Non-vested at end of period	8,488	63	10,104	51		

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents per share weighted average fair value of award at date of grant.

#### Performance Share Awards

The vesting of PSAs is contingent upon meeting a level of earnings per share performance over a three-year period. The performance conditions are not considered in the determination of the grant date fair value for these awards. The fair value of PSAs is based upon the market price of an Aon ordinary share at the date of grant. Compensation expense is recognized over the performance period based on management's estimate of the number of units expected to vest. Compensation expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares issued at the end of the programs. The actual issue of shares may range from 0-200% of the target number of PSAs granted, based on the terms of the plan and level of achievement of the related performance target. Dividend equivalents are not paid on PSAs.

Information as of September 30, 2014 regarding the Company's target PSAs granted and shares that would be issued at current performance levels for PSAs granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, is as follows (shares in thousands, dollars in millions, except fair value):

	As of	As of	As of
	September 30,	December 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2012
Target PSAs granted	816	1,135	1,369
Fair value (1)	\$81	\$58	\$47
Number of shares that would be issued based on current performance levels	804	2,211	2,656
Unamortized expense, based on current performance levels	\$52	\$57	\$11

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents per share weighted average fair value of award at date of grant.

#### **Share Options**

The Company did not grant any share options during either the nine months ended September 30, 2014 or 2013.

A summary of the status of the Company's share options and related information is as follows (shares in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,						
	2014						
	Shares Weighted- Exercise Pr		Weighted- Average Exercise Price				
Beginning outstanding	3,462	\$ 32	5,611	\$ 32			
Granted				_			

Exercised	(953 ) 32	(1,694 ) 32
Forfeited and expired	(6 ) 37	(29 ) 34
Outstanding at end of period	2,503 32	3,888 32
Exercisable at end of period	2,464 32	3,681 32

The weighted average remaining contractual life, in years, of outstanding options was 1.7 years and 2.2 years at September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value represents the total pretax intrinsic value, based on options with an exercise price less than the Company's closing share price of \$87.67 as of September 30, 2014, which would have been received by the option holders had those option holders exercised their options as of that date. At September 30, 2014, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was \$138 million, of which \$137 million was exercisable.

Other information related to the Company's share options is as follows (in millions):

	Three months	ended September	Nine months ended September	
	30,		30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$6	\$14	\$51	\$53
Cash received from the exercise of stock options	3	14	30	55
Tax benefit realized from the exercise of stock options	2	3	14	10

Unamortized deferred compensation expense, which includes both options and awards, amounted to \$395 million as of September 30, 2014, with a remaining weighted-average amortization period of approximately 2.1 years.

### 14. Derivatives and Hedging

The Company is exposed to market risks, including changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. To manage the risk related to these exposures, the Company enters into various derivative instruments that reduce these risks by creating offsetting exposures. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for trading or speculative purposes.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk when it receives revenues, pays expenses, or enters into intercompany loans denominated in a currency that differs from its functional currency, or other transactions that are denominated in a currency other than its functional currency. The Company uses foreign exchange derivatives, typically forward contracts, options and cross currency swaps, to reduce its overall exposure to the effects of currency fluctuations on cash flows. These exposures are hedged, on average, for less than two years; however, in limited instances, the Company has hedged certain exposures up to five years in the future.

The Company also uses foreign exchange derivatives, typically forward contracts and options, to hedge its net investments in foreign operations for up to two years in the future, and to manage the currency exposure of the Company's global liquidity profile, including monetary assets or liabilities that are denominated in a non-functional currency of an entity, for up to one year in the future. These derivatives are not accounted for as hedges, and changes in fair value are recorded each period in Other income in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company holds variable-rate short-term brokerage and other operating deposits. The Company uses interest rate derivatives, typically swaps, to reduce its exposure to the effects of interest rate fluctuations on the forecasted interest receipts from these deposits for up to two years in the future.

Certain derivatives also give rise to credit risks from the possible non-performance by counterparties. The credit risk at the balance sheet date is generally limited to the fair value of those contracts that are favorable to the Company. The Company has reduced its credit risk by (1) using International Swaps and Derivatives Association master

agreements, collateral and credit support arrangements, (2) entering into non-exchange-traded derivatives with highly-rated major financial institutions and (3) using exchange-traded instruments. The Company monitors the creditworthiness of, and exposure to, its counterparties. As of September 30, 2014, all net derivative positions were free of credit risk contingent features. The Company has not received or pledged any collateral related to derivative arrangements as of September 30, 2014.

The notional and fair values of derivative instruments are as follows (in millions):

	Notional Amount		Derivative Ass	sets (1)	Derivative Liabilities (2)	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Derivatives accounted for as						
hedges:						
Interest rate contracts	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 171	<b>\$</b> —	\$9	\$—	\$ —
Foreign exchange contracts	1,106	1,191	55	71	65	93
Total	1,106	1,362	55	80	65	93
Derivatives not accounted fo	r					
as hedges:						
Foreign exchange contracts	184	215				_
Total	\$1,290	\$ 1,577	\$55	\$ 80	\$65	\$ 93

Included within Other current assets (\$25 million and \$46 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013,

Offsetting of financial assets and derivatives assets are as follows (in millions):

C	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets		Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position			Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Position (1)	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 3	0,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2014		2013	2014	2013
Derivatives accounted for as							
hedges:							
Interest rate contracts	<b>\$</b> —	\$9	<b>\$</b> —		\$ <i>—</i>	<b>\$</b> —	\$9
Foreign exchange contracts	55	71	(15	)	(30)	40	41
Total	55	80	(15	)	(30)	40	50
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:	r						
Foreign exchange contracts	_	_	_			_	_
Total	\$55	\$ 80	\$(15	)	\$ (30)	\$40	\$ 50

<sup>(1)</sup> Included within Other current assets (\$13 million and \$18 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively) or Other non-current assets (\$27 million and \$32 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively).

<sup>(1)</sup> respectively) or Other non-current assets (\$30 million and \$34 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively).

Included within Other current liabilities (\$17 million and \$51 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31,

<sup>(2)2013,</sup> respectively) or Other non-current liabilities (\$48 million and \$42 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively).

Offsetting of financial liabilities and derivative liabilities are as follows (in millions):

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities		Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position				Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Position (1)		
	September 30,	December 31,	September 3	30,	December 3	1,	September 30,	December 31,	
	2014	2013	2014		2013		2014	2013	
Derivatives accounted for as									
hedges:									
Interest rate contracts	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$		\$—		<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>—</i>	
Foreign exchange contracts	65	93	(15	)	(30	)	50	63	
Total	65	93	(15	)	(30	)	50	63	
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:	r								
Foreign exchange contracts							_		
Total	\$65	\$ 93	\$(15	)	\$ (30	)	\$50	\$ 63	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included within Other current liabilities (\$5 million and \$23 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively) or Other non-current liabilities (\$45 million and \$40 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively).

The amounts of derivative gains (losses) recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows (in millions):

Gain (Loss) recognized in Accumulated Other	Three mont September		Nine months ended September 30,		
Comprehensive Loss:	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Cash flow hedges:					
Interest rate contracts (1)	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$—	\$	
Foreign exchange contracts (2)	(3	) —	4	(28	)
Total	\$(3	) \$—	\$4	\$(28	)

<sup>(1)</sup> Location of future reclassification from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss will be included within Interest expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> Location of future reclassification from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss will be included within Compensation and benefits (\$2 million and \$3 million loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$14 million gain and \$17 million loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively), Other income (\$2 million and \$3 million gain for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$9 million and \$11 million loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively), and Other general expenses (\$3 million and \$1 million loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively).

Gain (Loss) reclassified from Accumulated Other	Three month September 30			Nine months ended September 30,		
Comprehensive Loss into Income (Effective Portion):	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Cash flow hedges:						
Interest rate contracts (1)	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$(1	) \$(1	)	
Foreign exchange contracts (2)	4	(10	) (15	) (7	)	
Total	4	(10	) (16	) (8	)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included within Interest expense

(2) Included within Compensation and benefits (\$1 million and \$5 million loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$4 million and \$9 million loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively), Other income (\$5 million gain and \$5 million loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$6 million loss and \$3 million gain for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively), Interest expenses (\$3 million and \$8 million loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively), and Other general expenses (\$3 million gain for the three months ended September 30, 2014, and \$3 million gain and \$1 million loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively).

The amount of gain (loss) recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is as follows (in millions):									
	Three n	nonths ended	September 3	0,	Nine months ended September 30,				
	Amoun Recogn	t of Gain (Los ized in Incom	ss)Amount of ne <b>Re</b> cognize	Gain (Loss) d in Income	Amoun onRecogn	t of Gain (L ized in Inco	Amount o	f Gain (Loss) ed in Income on edge Item (1)	
	Derivat	ive (1)	Related Hedged Item		Derivat	ive (1) (2)	(2)		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Fair value hedges: Foreign exchange contracts (2)	\$(9	) \$(7	) \$9	\$ 7	\$(9	) \$(8	) \$9	\$ 8	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in Interest expense.

The Company estimates that approximately \$3 million of pretax losses currently included within Accumulated other comprehensive loss will be reclassified into earnings in the next twelve months.

The amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on the ineffective portion of derivatives for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was not material.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded a loss of \$11 million and \$13 million, respectively, in Other income, for foreign exchange derivatives not designated or qualifying as hedges. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded a gain of \$3 million and a loss of \$15 million, respectively, in Other income, for foreign exchange derivatives not designated or qualifying as hedges.

#### 15. Fair Value Measurements and Financial Instruments

Accounting standards establish a three tier fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair values as follows:

Level 1 — observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets in active markets;

Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 — unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data which requires the use of valuation techniques and the development of assumptions.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

Money market funds and highly liquid debt securities are carried at cost and amortized cost, respectively, as an approximation of fair value. Based on market convention, the Company considers cost a practical and expedient measure of fair value.

Cash, cash equivalents, and highly liquid debt instruments consist of cash and institutional short-term investment funds. The Company independently reviews the short-term investment funds to obtain reasonable assurance the fund net asset value is \$1 per share.

Equity investments consist of domestic and international equity securities and exchange traded equity derivatives valued using the closing stock price on a national securities exchange. Over the counter equity derivatives are valued

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates to fixed rate debt.

using observable inputs such as underlying prices of the equity security and volatility. The Company independently reviews the listing of Level 1 equity securities in the portfolio and agrees the closing stock prices to a national securities exchange, and on a sample basis, independently verifies the observable inputs for Level 2 equity derivatives and securities.

Fixed income investments consist of certain categories of bonds and derivatives. Corporate, government, and agency bonds are valued by pricing vendors who estimate fair value using recently executed transactions and proprietary models based on observable inputs, such as interest rate spreads, yield curves and credit risk. Asset-backed securities are valued by pricing vendors who estimate fair value using discounted cash flow models utilizing observable inputs based on trade and quote activity of securities with similar features. Fixed income derivatives are valued by pricing vendors using observable inputs such as interest rates and yield curves. The Company obtains a detailed understanding of the models, inputs, and assumptions used in developing prices provided by its vendors. This understanding includes discussions with valuation resources at the vendor.

During these discussions, the Company uses a fair value measurement questionnaire, which is part of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, to obtain the information necessary to assert the model, inputs and assumptions used comply with U.S. GAAP, including disclosure requirements. The Company also obtains observable inputs from the pricing vendor and independently verifies the observable inputs, as well as assesses assumptions used for reasonableness based on relevant market conditions and internal Company guidelines. If an assumption is deemed unreasonable, based on the Company's guidelines, it is then reviewed by a member of management and the fair value estimate provided by the vendor is adjusted, if deemed appropriate. These adjustments do not occur frequently and have not historically been material to the fair value estimates used in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Pooled funds consist of various equity, fixed income, commodity, and real estate mutual fund type investment vehicles. Pooled investment funds fair value is estimated based on the proportionate share ownership in the underlying net assets of the investment, which is based on the fair value of the underlying securities that trade on a national securities exchange. Where possible, the Company independently reviews the listing of securities in the portfolio and agrees the closing stock prices to the price quoted on a national securities exchange. The Company gains an understanding of the investment guidelines and valuation policies of the fund and discusses fund performance with pooled fund managers. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. If the pooled fund is designed to replicate a publicly traded index, the Company compares the performance of the fund to the index to assess the reasonableness of the fair value measurement.

Alternative investments consist of limited partnerships, private equity and hedge funds. Alternative investment fair value is generally estimated based on the proportionate share ownership in the underlying net assets of the investment as determined by the general partner or investment manager. The valuations are based on various factors depending on investment strategy, proprietary models, and specific financial data or projections. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. The Company obtains a detailed understanding of the models, inputs and assumptions used in developing prices provided by the investment managers (or appropriate party) through regular discussions. During these discussions with the investment managers, the Company uses a fair value measurement questionnaire, which is part of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, to obtain the information necessary to assert the model, inputs and assumptions used comply with U.S. GAAP, including disclosure requirements. The Company also obtains observable inputs from the investment manager and independently verifies the observable inputs, as well as assesses assumptions used for reasonableness based on relevant market conditions and internal Company guidelines. If an assumption is deemed unreasonable, based on the Company's guidelines, it is then reviewed by a member of management and the fair value estimate provided by the vendor is adjusted, if deemed appropriate. These adjustments do not occur frequently and have not historically been material to the fair value estimates in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Derivatives are carried at fair value, based upon industry standard valuation techniques that use, where possible, current market-based or independently sourced pricing inputs, such as interest rates, currency exchange rates, or implied volatilities.

Annuity contracts consist of insurance group annuity contracts purchased to match the pension benefit payment stream owed to certain selected plan participant demographics within a few major U.K. defined benefit plans. Annuity contracts are valued using a discounted cash flow model utilizing assumptions such as discount rate, mortality, and inflation. The Company independently verifies the observable inputs.

Real estate and REITs consist of publicly traded real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and direct real estate investments. Level 1 REITs are valued using the closing stock price on a national securities exchange. The Level 3 values are based on the proportionate share of ownership in the underlying net asset value as determined by the investment manager. The Company independently reviews the listing of Level 1 REIT securities in the portfolio and

agrees the closing stock prices to a national securities exchange. The Company gains an understanding of the investment guidelines and valuation policies of the Level 3 real estate funds and discusses performance with the fund managers. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. See the description of "Alternative investments" for further detail on valuation procedures surrounding Level 3 REITs.

Guarantees are carried at fair value, which is based on discounted estimated cash flows using published historical cumulative default rates and discount rates commensurate with the underlying exposure.

Debt is carried at outstanding principal balance, less any unamortized discount or premium. Fair value is based on quoted market prices or estimates using discounted cash flow analyses based on current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

The following tables present the categorization of the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in millions):

		Fair Value Mea	surements Using	
	Balance at September 30, 2014	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:				
Money market funds and highly liquid debt securities	\$1,649	\$1,647	\$ 2	\$ —
(1)	\$1,049	φ1,047	Ψ 2	ψ —
Other investments:				
Fixed maturity securities:				
Corporate bonds	1			1
Government bonds	7		7	
Equity securities	11	6	5	
Derivatives:				
Interest rate contracts	_	_	_	_
Foreign exchange contracts	55	_	55	
Liabilities:				
Derivatives:				
Foreign exchange contracts	65	_	65	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$1,647 million of money market funds and \$2 million of highly liquid debt securities that are classified as Fiduciary assets, Short-term investments or Cash and cash equivalents in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, depending on their nature and initial maturity. See Note 8 "Investments" for additional information regarding the Company's investments.

		Fair Value Mea	surements Using		
Balance at December 31, 2013		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:					
Money market funds and highly liquid debt	\$2,079	\$2,054	\$ 25	\$ <i>—</i>	
securities (1)					
Other investments:					
Fixed maturity securities:					
Corporate bonds	2	<del></del>	_	2	
Government bonds	7		7		
Equity securities	13	6	7	_	
Derivatives:					
Interest rate contracts	9	_	9	_	
Foreign exchange contracts	71		71		
Liabilities:					
Derivatives:					
Foreign exchange contracts	93	_	93	_	

(1) Includes \$2,054 million of money market funds and \$25 million of highly liquid debt securities that are classified as Fiduciary assets, Short-term investments or Cash and cash equivalents in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, depending on their nature and initial maturity. See Note 8 "Investments" for additional information regarding the Company's investments.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between fair value hierarchy levels in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. There were no realized or unrealized gains or losses recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, related to assets and liabilities measured at fair value using unobservable inputs. There were \$6 million of realized gains and no unrealized gains or losses

recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, related to assets and liabilities measured at fair value using unobservable inputs.

The fair value of Long-term debt is classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The following table discloses the Company's financial instruments where the carrying amounts and fair values differ (in millions):

September 30, 2014 December 31, 2013
Carrying Value Fair Value
\$4,840 \$5,190 \$3,686 \$3,894

16. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Legal

Long-term debt

Aon and its subsidiaries are subject to numerous claims, tax assessments, lawsuits and proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business, which frequently include errors and omissions ("E&O") claims. The damages claimed in these matters are or may be substantial, including, in many instances, claims for punitive, treble or extraordinary damages. Aon has historically purchased E&O insurance and other insurance to provide protection against certain losses that arise in such matters. Aon has exhausted or materially depleted its coverage under some of the policies that protect the Company and, consequently, is self-insured or materially self-insured for some claims. Accruals for these exposures, and related insurance receivables, when applicable, are included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and have been recognized in Other general expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income to the extent that losses are deemed probable and are reasonably estimable. These amounts are adjusted from time to time as developments warrant. Matters that are not probable and estimable are not accrued for in the financial statements. Included in the matters described below are matters in which (1) loss is probable (2) loss is reasonably possible but not probable or (3) there exists the reasonable possibility of loss greater than the accrued amount. The reasonably possible range of loss for the matters described below, in excess of amounts that are deemed probable and estimable and therefore already accrued, is estimated to be between \$0 and \$0.7 billion, exclusive of any insurance coverage. These estimates are based on currently available information. As available information changes, the matters for which Aon is able to estimate will change, and the estimates themselves will change. In addition, many estimates involve significant judgment and uncertainty. For example, at the time of making an estimate, Aon may only have limited information about the facts underlying the claim, and predictions and assumptions about future court rulings and outcomes may prove to be inaccurate.

Although management at present believes that the ultimate outcome of all matters described below, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position of Aon, legal proceedings are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable rulings or other events. Unfavorable resolutions could include substantial monetary or punitive damages imposed on Aon or its subsidiaries. If unfavorable outcomes of these matters were to occur, future results of operations or cash flows for any particular quarterly or annual period could be materially adversely affected.

A predecessor of a retail insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon provided insurance brokerage services to Northrop Grumman Corporation ("Northrop"). This subsidiary placed Northrop's property insurance program for the period covering 2005. Northrop suffered a substantial loss in August 2005 when Hurricane Katrina damaged Northrop's shipbuilding facilities in the Gulf States. Northrop's excess insurance carrier, Factory Mutual Insurance Company ("Factory Mutual"), denied coverage for storm surge damage pursuant to a flood exclusion in the excess policy. Northrop sued Factory Mutual in the United States District Court for the Central District of California. The district court granted summary judgment in Northrop's favor in August 2007. In August 2008, the United State Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit reversed the district court's ruling and held that the flood exclusion applied to storm surge damage. Northrop thereafter sought to join Aon's subsidiary as a defendant in the action against Factory Mutual,

asserting that if Northrop's policy with Factory Mutual does not cover the Northrop storm surge losses, then the Aon subsidiary will be responsible for Northrop's losses. In August 2010, the court granted in large part Factory Mutual's motion for partial summary judgment regarding the applicability of the flood exclusion and denied Northrop's motion to add the Aon subsidiary as a defendant in the federal lawsuit. On January 27, 2011, Northrop filed suit against the Aon subsidiary in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, asserting claims for negligence, breach of contract and negligent misrepresentation. Northrop later settled its claims with Factory Mutual. In January 2014, Northrop filed an amended complaint, adding additional claims against the Aon subsidiary for intentional misrepresentation and concealment. Northrop seeks compensatory damages of approximately \$340 million, which includes prejudgment interest and attorneys' fees, and punitive damages that are a multiple of the compensatory damages sought. Aon asserts several defenses, including, but not limited to, that it committed no error or omission in placing the Factory Mutual excess policy for Northrop and that Northrop did not suffer any damages as a result of Aon's conduct.

Another retail insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon was sued on September 14, 2010 in the Chancery Court for Davidson County, Tennessee Twentieth Judicial District, at Nashville by a client, Opry Mills Mall Limited Partnership ("Opry Mills") that sustained flood damage to its property in May 2010. The lawsuit seeks \$200 million from numerous insurers with whom this Aon subsidiary placed the client's property insurance coverage. The insurers contend that only \$50 million in coverage is available for the loss because the flood event occurred on property in a high hazard flood zone. Opry Mills is seeking full coverage from the insurers for the loss and has sued this Aon subsidiary in the alternative for the same \$150 million difference on various theories of professional liability if the court determines there is not full coverage. In addition, Opry Mills seeks prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees and enhanced damages which could substantially increase Aon's exposure. Aon believes it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these claims.

A pensions consulting and administration subsidiary of Hewitt before its acquisition by Aon provided advisory services to the Trustees of the Philips UK pension fund and the relevant employer of fund beneficiaries. On January 2, 2014, Philips Pension Trustees Limited and Philips Electronics UK Limited (together, "Philips") sued Aon in the High Court, Chancery Division, London alleging negligence and breach of duty. The proceedings assert Philips' right to claim damages related to Philips' use of a credit default swap hedging strategy pursuant to the supply of the advisory services, which is said to have resulted in substantial damages to Philips. Philips is seeking approximately £189 million (\$307 million at September 30, 2014 exchange rates), plus interest and costs. Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these allegations.

On December 21, 2012, Mazeikiu Nafta ("MN"), which operates an oil refinery in Lithuania, sued an insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon in the High Court of Justice in England & Wales, Queen's Bench Division, Commercial Court. Aon placed property damage and business interruption coverage for MN. There was a fire at the refinery in 2006. MN settled with insurers in November 2011. The claim was for \$125 million, which was the shortfall alleged by MN to have been caused by Aon's failure to obtain appropriate business interruption coverage. On October 27, 2014, following 11 days of trial, the case was settled for \$5 million with no admission of liability on the part of Aon.

On June 1, 2007, the International Road Transport Union ("IRU") sued Aon in the Geneva Tribunal of First Instance in Switzerland. IRU alleges, among other things, that, between 1995 and 2004, a predecessor of Aon and, later, an Aon subsidiary (1) accepted commissions for certain insurance placements that violated a fee agreement entered between the parties and (2) negligently failed to ask certain insurance carriers to contribute to the IRU's risk management costs. IRU seeks damages of approximately CHF 46 million (\$48 million at September 30, 2014 exchange rates) and \$3 million, plus legal fees and interest of approximately \$30 million. Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these claims.

On December 27, 2012, AXA Versicherung Aktiengesellschaft ("AXA") started arbitral proceedings in Hamburg, Germany against an insurance and reinsurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon in Germany. Predecessors of AXA granted predecessors of the Aon subsidiary a mandate to underwrite non-proportional reinsurance business from 1975 through 1999. AXA alleges, among other things, that the Aon-related entities intentionally exceeded their mandate and that, if AXA had known of this intention, it would not have granted a mandate. AXA seeks damages of approximately €183 million (\$232 million at September 30, 2014 exchange rates). Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these claims.

A pensions consulting and administration subsidiary of Aon provided advisory services to the Trustees of the Gleeds pension fund in the United Kingdom and, on occasion, to the relevant employer of the fund. In April 2014, the High Court, Chancery Division, London found that certain governing documents of the fund that sought to alter the fund's benefit structure and that had been drafted by Aon were procedurally defective and therefore invalid. No lawsuit naming Aon as a party has been filed, although a tolling agreement has been entered. The High Court decision says that the additional liabilities in the pension fund resulting from the alleged defect in governing documents amount to

approximately £45 million (\$73 million at September 30, 2014 exchange rates). An believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against this potential claim.

From time to time, Aon's clients may bring claims and take legal action pertaining to the performance of fiduciary responsibilities. Whether client claims and legal action related to the Company's performance of fiduciary responsibilities are founded or unfounded, if such claims and legal actions are resolved in a manner unfavorable to the Company, they may adversely affect Aon's financial results and materially impair the market perception of the Company and that of its products and services.

#### Guarantees and Indemnifications

In connection with the redomicile of Aon's headquarters (the "Redomestication"), the Company on April 2, 2012 entered various agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of its subsidiaries arising under issued and outstanding debt securities. Those agreements included the (1) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the "Trustee") (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of September 10, 2010, between Aon Corporation and the Trustee), (2) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc and the Trustee (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of December 16, 2002, between Aon Corporation and the Trustee), (3) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc and the Trustee (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of January 13, 1997, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 13, 1997) (4) First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Finance N.S. 1, ULC, as issuer, Aon Corporation, as guarantor, Aon plc, as guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as trustee, and (5) Amended and Restated Trust Deed, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc, Aon Services Luxembourg & Co S.C.A. (formerly known as Aon Financial Services Luxembourg S.A.) ("Aon Luxembourg") and BNY Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited, as trustee (the "Luxembourg Trustee") (amending and restating the Trust Deed, dated as of July 1, 2009, as amended and restated on January 12, 2011, among Aon Delaware, Aon Luxembourg and the Luxembourg Trustee).

Effective as of the same date, the Company also entered into agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of its subsidiaries arising under the (1) \$450,000,000 Term Credit Agreement dated June 15, 2011, among Aon Corporation, as borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and the other agents and lenders party thereto, (2) \$400,000,000 Five-Year Agreement dated March 20, 2012, among Aon Corporation, as borrower, Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent and the other agents and lenders party thereto and (3) €650,000,000 Facility Agreement, dated October 15, 2010, among Aon Corporation, the subsidiaries of Aon Corporation party thereto as borrowers, Citibank International plc, as agent, and the other agents and lenders party thereto, as amended on July 18, 2011.

The Company provides a variety of guarantees and indemnifications to its customers and others. The maximum potential amount of future payments represents the notional amounts that could become payable under the guarantees and indemnifications if there were a total default by the guaranteed parties, without consideration of possible recoveries under recourse provisions or other methods. These amounts may bear no relationship to the expected future payments, if any, for these guarantees and indemnifications. Any anticipated amounts payable are included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and are recorded at fair value.

The Company expects that, as prudent business interests dictate, additional guarantees and indemnifications may be issued from time to time.

#### Letters of Credit

The Company had total letters of credit ("LOCs") outstanding for approximately \$97 million at September 30, 2014, compared to \$71 million at December 31, 2013. These letters of credit cover the beneficiaries related to certain of Aon's U.S. and Canadian non-qualified pension plan schemes and secure deductible retentions for Aon's own workers compensation program. The Company has also issued LOCs to cover contingent payments for taxes and other business obligations to third parties, and other guarantees for miscellaneous purposes at its international subsidiaries. Amounts are accrued in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and are recorded at fair value.

#### Commitments

The Company has provided commitments to fund certain limited partnerships in which it has an interest in the event that the general partners request funding. Some of these commitments have specific expiration dates and the maximum potential funding under these commitments was \$16 million at September 30, 2014 compared to \$34 million at December 31, 2013. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company funded \$4 million and \$18 million of these commitments, respectively.

#### **Premium Payments**

The Company has certain contractual contingent guarantees for premium payments owed by clients to certain insurance companies. Costs associated with these guarantees, to the extent estimable and probable, are provided in Aon's allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure with respect to such contractual contingent guarantees was approximately \$83 million at September 30, 2014 compared to \$98 million at December 31, 2013.

#### 17. Segment Information

The Company has two reportable segments: Risk Solutions and HR Solutions. Unallocated income and expenses, when combined with the operating segments and after the elimination of intersegment revenues and expenses, equal the amounts in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reportable operating segments have been determined using a management approach, which is consistent with the basis and manner in which Aon's chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") uses financial information for the purposes of allocating resources and evaluating performance. The CODM assesses performance based on operating income and generally accounts for inter-segment revenue as if the revenue were from third parties and at what management believes are current market prices. The Company does not present net assets by segment as this information is not reviewed by the CODM.

Risk Solutions acts as an advisor and insurance and reinsurance broker, helping clients manage their risks, via consultation, as well as negotiation and placement of insurance risk with insurance carriers through Aon's global distribution network.

HR Solutions partners with organizations to solve their most complex benefits, talent and related financial challenges, and improve business performance by designing, implementing, communicating and administering a wide range of human capital, retirement, investment management, health care, compensation and talent management strategies.

Aon's total revenue is as follows (in millions):

	Three months e	ended September	Nine months ended September				
	30,		30,				
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Risk Solutions	\$1,836	\$1,821	\$5,778	\$5,736			
HR Solutions	1,057	981	3,004	2,891			
Intersegment eliminations	(13	(8)	(36)	(21)			
Total revenue	\$2,880	\$2,794	\$8,746	\$8,606			

Commissions, fees and other revenues by product are as follows (in millions):

	Three months	ended September	Nine months ended September				
	30,		30,				
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Retail brokerage	\$1,458	\$1,424	\$4,619	\$4,548			
Reinsurance brokerage	371	389	1,140	1,167			
Total Risk Solutions Segment	1,829	1,813	5,759	5,715			
Consulting services	466	406	1,245	1,176			
Outsourcing	604	587	1,788	1,746			
Intrasegment	(13	) (12	(29	(31)			
Total HR Solutions Segment	1,057	981	3,004	2,891			
Intersegment	(13	) (8	(36	(21)			
Total commissions, fees and other revenue	\$2,873	\$2,786	\$8,727	\$8,585			

Fiduciary investment income by segment is as follows (in millions):

Three months e	nded September	Nine months en	ded September
30,		30,	
2014	2013	2014	2013

Risk Solutions	\$7	\$8	\$19	\$21
HR Solutions	_		_	
Total fiduciary investment income	\$7	\$8	\$19	\$21

A reconciliation of segment operating income before tax to income before income taxes is as follows (in millions):

	Three mo	nths ended September	Nine months ended September				
	30,	30,					
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Risk Solutions	\$343	\$333	\$1,205	\$1,127			
HR Solutions	113	75	249	162			
Segment income before income taxes	456	408	1,454	1,289			
Unallocated expenses	(39	) (44	(123	) (133	)		
Interest income	3	3	7	6			
Interest expense	(65	) (53	(188	) (153	)		
Other income	35	39	34	54			
Income before income taxes	\$390	\$353	\$1,184	\$1,063			

Unallocated expenses include administrative or other costs not attributable to the operating segments, such as corporate governance costs. Interest income represents income earned primarily on operating cash balances and certain income producing securities. Interest expense represents the cost of debt obligations.

Other income consists of equity earnings, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, gains or losses on the disposal of businesses, gains or losses on derivatives, and gains or losses on foreign currency transactions.

#### 18. Guarantee of Registered Securities

As described in Note 16, in connection with the Redomestication, Aon plc entered into various agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon Corporation arising under issued and outstanding debt securities. Aon Corporation is a 100% directly owned subsidiary of Aon plc. The debt securities that are subject to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X are the 3.50% Notes due September 2015, the 3.125% Notes due May 2016, the 5.00% Notes due September 2020, the 8.205% Notes due January 2027 and the 6.25% Notes due September 2040. All guarantees of Aon plc are full and unconditional. There are no other subsidiaries of Aon plc that are guarantors of the debt.

Aon Corporation entered into an agreement pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon plc arising under the 4.250% Notes due 2042 exchanged for Aon Corporation's outstanding 8.205% Notes due January 2027. Those Notes are subject to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X. Aon Corporation also agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon plc arising under the 4.45% Notes due 2043, the 4.00% Notes due November 2023, the 2.875% Notes due May 2026, the 3.50% Notes due June 2024, and the 4.60% Notes due June 2044. In each case, the guarantee of Aon Corporation is full and unconditional. There are no subsidiaries of Aon plc, other than Aon Corporation, that are guarantors of the 4.250% Notes due 2042, the 4.45% Notes due 2043, the 4.00% Notes due 2023, the 2.875% Notes due 2026, the 3.50% Notes due 2024 or the 4.60% Notes due 2044.

The following tables set forth condensed consolidating statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, condensed consolidating statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, condensed consolidating statements of financial position as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 in accordance with Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X. The condensed consolidating financial information includes the accounts of Aon plc, the accounts of Aon Corporation, and the combined accounts of the non-guarantor subsidiaries. The condensed consolidating financial statements are presented in all periods as a merger under common control, with Aon plc presented as the parent company in all periods prior and subsequent to the Redomestication. The principal consolidating adjustments are to eliminate the investment in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

#### Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

Net income attributable to Aon shareholders

Three months ended September 30, 2014 Other Aon Aon Non-Guarantor Consolidating (millions) Corporation Subsidiaries Adjustments Consolidated plc Revenue Commissions, fees and other \$---\$ 2,873 **\$**— \$ 2,873 Fiduciary investment income 7 Total revenue 2,880 2,880 **Expenses** Compensation and benefits 4 5 1,707 1,698 Other general expenses 6 14 736 756 Total operating expenses 19 2,434 2,463 10 Operating (loss) income (10)) (19 ) 446 417 Interest income 3 (2 ) 1 4 (25 ) 2 Interest expense ) (42 (65 ) Intercompany interest income (expense) 113 (73 ) (40 Other income 35 2 2 31 Income (loss) before taxes 78 ) 443 390 (131)Income tax expense (benefit) 75 16 (52 ) 111 Income (loss) before equity in earnings of 62 (79 ) 332 315 subsidiaries Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax 247 202 (449 Net income 309 123 332 (449 ) 315 Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling

\$309

\$123

6

\$326

28

interests

6

) \$309

\$ (449

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

Three months en	ded Septem	ber 30,	2013
-----------------	------------	---------	------

				-	Other					
	Aon		Aon		Non-Guarant	Consolidatin	ıg			
(millions)	plc		Corporation	n	Subsidiaries		Adjustments	3	Consolida	ited
Revenue										
Commissions, fees and other	\$1		<b>\$</b> —		\$ 2,785		\$ <i>-</i>		\$ 2,786	
Fiduciary investment income					8				8	
Total revenue	1		_		2,793		_		2,794	
Expenses										
Compensation and benefits	11		14		1,641				1,666	
Other general expenses			5		759		_		764	
Total operating expenses	11		19		2,400				2,430	
Operating (loss) income	(10	)	(19	)	393				364	
Interest income			1		2				3	
Interest expense	(6	)	(39	)	(8	)			(53	)
Intercompany interest income (expense)	25		11		(36	)			_	
Other income			13		26				39	
Income (loss) before taxes	9		(33	)	377				353	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(2	)	(14	)	105				89	
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	11		(19	)	272		_		264	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	245		127				(372	)		
Net income	256		108		272		(372	)	264	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		8		_		8	
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$256		\$108		\$ 264		\$ (372	)	\$ 256	

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

	Nine months ended September 30, 2014								
				Other					
	Aon	Aon		Non-Guaranton	r Consolidating	,			
(millions)	plc	Corporati	on	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated			
Revenue									
Commissions, fees and other	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —		\$ 8,727	\$	\$ 8,727			
Fiduciary investment income				19		19			
Total revenue				8,746		8,746			
Expenses									
Compensation and benefits	29	19		5,118		5,166			
Other general expenses	18	37		2,194	_	2,249			
Total operating expenses	47	56		7,312	_	7,415			
Operating (loss) income	(47	) (56	)	1,434	_	1,331			
Interest income	(6	) 1		12	_	7			
Interest expense	(49	) (105	)	(34)		(188)			
Intercompany interest income (expense)	335	(220	)	(115)	_	_			
Other income	1	10		23	_	34			
Income (loss) before taxes	234	(370	)	1,320	_	1,184			
Income tax expense (benefit)	49	(144	)	315		220			
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of	185	(226	)	1,005		964			
subsidiaries		•	,	1,005		701			
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	753	734		_	(1,487)	_			
Net income	938	508		1,005	(1,487)	964			
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_			26	_	26			
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$938	\$508		\$ 979	\$ (1,487)	\$ 938			
30									

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

	Nine months ended September 30, 2013									
		Other								
	Aon	n Aon Non-Guarantoi				Consolidatii	ng			
(millions)	plc		Corporation	on	Subsidiaries		Adjustments	S	Consolida	ted
Revenue										
Commissions, fees and other	\$2		\$		\$ 8,583		\$ <i>-</i>		\$ 8,585	
Fiduciary investment income			_		21				21	
Total revenue	2		_		8,604				8,606	
Expenses										
Compensation and benefits	27		34		5,042				5,103	
Other general expenses	14		29		2,304				2,347	
Total operating expenses	41		63		7,346				7,450	
Operating (loss) income	(39	)	(63	)	1,258				1,156	
Interest income	1		2		3				6	
Interest expense	(12	)	(106	)	(35	)			(153	)
Intercompany interest (expense) income	11		96		(107	)				
Other income			10		44				54	
(Loss) income before taxes	(39	)	(61	)	1,163				1,063	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(11	)	(24	)	310				275	
(Loss) income before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(28	)	(37	)	853				788	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	786		617		_		(1,403	)	_	
Net income	758		580		853		(1,403	)	788	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		30		_		30	
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$758		\$580		\$ 823		\$ (1,403	)	\$ 758	

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Three months ended September 30, 2014

					Other					
	Aon		Aon		Non-Guaran	tor	Consolidati	ng		
(millions)	plc		Corporatio	n	Subsidiaries		Adjustment	S	Consolida	ted
Net income	\$309		\$123		\$ 332		\$ (449	)	\$ 315	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		6		_		6	
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$309		\$123		\$ 326		\$ (449	)	\$ 309	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:							`			
Change in fair value of investments			_							
Change in fair value of derivatives	_		(1	)	(7	)			(8	)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_		(17	)	(301	)			(318	)
Post-retirement benefit obligation	_		6		20				26	
Total other comprehensive income			(12	)	(288	)	_		(300	)
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(300	)	(285	)	_		585		_	
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		_		_		_	
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	(300	)	(297	)	(288	)	585		(300	)
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$9		\$(174	)	\$ 38		\$ 136		\$ 9	

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Three months ended September 30, 2013

	Three months ended September 30, 2013								
			Other						
	Aon	Aon	Non-Guaranto	on-Guarantor Consolidating					
(millions)	plc	Corporation	Subsidiaries	Adjustment	S	Consolidated			
Net income	\$256	\$108	\$ 272	\$ (372	)	\$ 264			
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		8	_		8			
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$256	\$108	\$ 264	\$ (372	)	\$ 256			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:									
Change in fair value of investments	_	(4)	(10)			(14)			
Change in fair value of derivatives	_	2	7			9			
Foreign currency translation adjustments		6	149			155			
Post-retirement benefit obligation	_	7	17	_		24			
Total other comprehensive income	_	11	163	_		174			
Equity in other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, net of tax	170	157	_	(327	)	_			
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		3	_		3			
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	170	168	160	(327	)	171			
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon Shareholders	\$426	\$276	\$ 424	\$ (699	)	\$ 427			

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Nine months ended September 30, 2014									
					Other					
	Aon		Aon		Non-Guaran	tor	or Consolidating		,	
(millions)	plc		Corporation	n	Subsidiaries		Adjustmen	ts	Consolida	ated
Net income	\$938		\$508		\$ 1,005		\$ (1,487	)	\$ 964	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		26		_		26	
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$938		\$508		\$ 979		\$ (1,487	)	\$ 938	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:										
Change in fair value of investments	_				(1	)	_		(1	)
Change in fair value of derivatives	_		(1	)	14		_		13	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_		(19	)	(209	)	_		(228	)
Post-retirement benefit obligation	_		17		53		_		70	
Total other comprehensive income	_		(3	)	(143	)	_		(146	)
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(144	)	(142	)	_		286		_	
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_		(2	)	_		(2	)
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	(144	)	(145	)	(141	)	286		(144	)
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$794		\$363		\$ 838		\$ (1,201	)	\$ 794	

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

r	Nine months ended September 30, 2013									
		_	Other							
	Aon	Aon	Non-Guaranto	g						
(millions)	plc	Corporation	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidate	ed				
Net income	\$758	\$580	\$ 853	\$ (1,403	\$ 788					
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests			30	_	30					
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$758	\$580	\$ 823	\$ (1,403	\$ 758					
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:										
Change in fair value of investments			(1)		(1	)				
Change in fair value of derivatives		5	(17)		(12	)				
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(14)	(63)		(77	)				
Post-retirement benefit obligation		22	43		65					
Total other comprehensive income		13	(38)		(25	)				
Equity in other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, net of tax	(27	(38)	_	65						
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests			1	_	1					
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	(27	) (25	(39)	65	(26	)				
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon Shareholders	\$731	\$555	\$ 784	\$ (1,338	\$ 732					

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

As of September 30, 2014

Other

Aon Aon Non-Guarantor Consolidating

(millions) plc Corporation&#1