

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS INC
Form 10-K
April 03, 2012

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

x **ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011

OR

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
Commission File Number 001-09240

Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of

Incorporation or organization)
1603 LBJ Freeway,

Suite 300, Dallas, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

94-6565852
(IRS Employer

Identification Number)

75234
(Zip Code)

(469) 522-4200

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Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<i>Title of Each Class</i>	<i>Name of each exchange on which registered</i>
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

NONE

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes No

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, computed by reference to the closing price at which the common equity was last sold which was the sales price of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange as of June 30, 2011 (the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was \$2,460,237 based upon a total of 1,123,396 shares held as of June 30, 2011 by persons believed to be non-affiliates of the Registrant. The basis of the calculation does not constitute a determination by the Registrant as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, such calculation, if made as of a date within sixty days of this filing, would yield a different value.

As of March 22, 2012, there were 8,413,469 shares of common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

Consolidated Financial Statements of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. Commission File No. 001-14784

Consolidated Financial Statements of American Realty Investors, Inc. Commission File No. 001-15663

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain Statements in this Form 10-K are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words estimate, plan, intend, expect, anticipate, believe, and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this Report and in the documents incorporated herein by reference. The Company disclaims any intention or obligations to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although we believe that our expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our goals will be achieved. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ from estimates or projections contained in any forward-looking statements are described under Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

As used herein, the terms TCI, the Company, We, Our, or Us refer to Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. a Nevada corporation. TCI is the successor to a California business trust that was organized on September 6, 1983 and commenced operations on January 31, 1984. On November 30, 1999, TCI acquired all of the outstanding shares of beneficial interest of Continental Mortgage and Equity Trust (CMET), a real estate company, in a tax-free exchange of shares, issuing 1,181 shares of its Common Stock for each outstanding CMET share. Prior to January 1, 2000, TCI elected to be treated as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). During the third quarter of 2000, due to a concentration of ownership TCI no longer met the requirement for tax treatment as a REIT. Effective March 31, 2003, TCI financial results were consolidated in the American Realty Investors, Inc. (ARL) Form 10-K and related consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2011, ARL through subsidiaries owned 82.7% of the outstanding TCI common shares.

The Company is headquartered in Dallas, Texas and its common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol (TCI). TCI is a C corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and files an annual consolidated income tax return with ARL.

On July 17, 2009, the Company acquired from Syntek West, Inc., (SWI), 2,518,934 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. (IOT) at an aggregate price of \$17,884,431 (approximately \$7.10 per share), the full amount of which was paid by the Company through an assumption of an aggregate amount of indebtedness of \$17,884,431 on the outstanding balance owed by SWI to IOT. The 2,518,934 shares of IOT Common Stock acquired by the Company constituted approximately 60.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of IOT. The Company had owned for several years an aggregate of 1,037,184 shares of Common Stock of IOT (approximately 25% of the issued and outstanding). After giving effect to the transaction on July 17, 2009, TCI owned an aggregate of 3,556,118 shares of IOT common stock which constituted over 80% of the shares of common stock of IOT outstanding. As of December 31, 2011 TCI owned 82.6% of the outstanding IOT common shares. Shares of IOT are traded on the American Stock Exchange (AMEX) under the symbol (IOT).

With the Company's acquisition of the additional shares on July 17, 2009, which increased the aggregate ownership to in excess of 80%, beginning in July 2009, IOT's results of operations are now consolidated with those of the Company for tax and financial reporting purposes. At the time of the acquisition, the historical accounting value of IOT's assets was \$112 million and liabilities were \$43 million. In that the shares of IOT

acquired by TCI were from a related party, the values recorded by TCI are IOT's historical accounting values at the date of transfer. The Company's fair valuation of IOT's assets and liabilities at the acquisition date approximated IOT's book value. The net difference between the purchase price and historical accounting basis of the assets and liabilities acquired was \$26.9 million and has been reflected by TCI as deferred income. The deferred income will be recognized upon the sale of the land that IOT held on its books as of the date of sale, to an independent third party.

TCI's Board of Directors represents the Company's shareholders and is responsible for directing the overall affairs of TCI and for setting the strategic policies that guide the Company. As of April 30, 2011, the Board of Directors delegated the day-to-day management of the Company to Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation (Pillar) under a written Advisory Agreement that is reviewed annually by TCI's Board of Directors. The directors of TCI are also directors of ARL and IOT. The Chairman of the Board of Directors of TCI also serves as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of ARL and IOT. The officers of TCI also serve as officers of ARL, IOT and Pillar.

Prior to April 30, 2011, the Company's contractual Advisor and Cash Manager was Prime Income Asset Management, LLC (Prime). Effective April 30, 2011, Pillar, a Nevada corporation, the sole stockholder of which is Realty Advisors, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, the sole member of which is Realty Advisors, Inc., a Nevada corporation, the sole stockholder of which is Realty Advisors Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation which is owned 100% by a Trust known as the May Trust, became the Company's external Advisor and Cash Manager. Pillar's duties include, but are not limited to, locating, evaluating and recommending real estate and real estate-related investment opportunities. Pillar also arranges, for TCI's benefit, debt and equity financing with third party lenders and investors. Pillar also serves as an Advisor and Cash Manager to ARL and IOT. As the contractual advisor, Pillar is compensated by TCI under an Advisory Agreement that is more fully described in Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance The Advisor . TCI has no employees. Employees of Pillar render services to TCI in accordance with the terms of the Advisory Agreement.

Prior to December 31, 2010, Triad Realty Services, L.P. (Triad), an affiliate of Prime, provided management services for our commercial properties. Triad subcontracted the property-level management and leasing of our commercial properties (office buildings, shopping centers and industrial warehouses) to Regis Realty I, LLC (Regis I). Effective January 1, 2011, Regis Realty Prime, LLC, dba Regis Property Management, LLC (Regis), the sole member of which is Realty Advisors, LLC, manages our commercial properties and provides brokerage services under the same terms as the previous agreements with Triad and Regis Realty I for a term of five years. Regis receives property and construction management fees and leasing commissions in accordance with the terms of its property-level management agreement. Regis is also entitled to receive real estate brokerage commissions in accordance with the terms of a non-exclusive brokerage agreement. See Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance Property Management . TCI engages third-party companies to lease and manage its apartment properties.

Our primary business is the acquisition, development and ownership of income-producing residential and commercial real estate properties. In addition, we opportunistically acquire land for future development in in-fill or high-growth suburban markets. From time to time and when we believe it appropriate to do so, we will also sell land and income-producing properties. We generate revenues by leasing apartment units to residents, and leasing office, industrial and retail space to various for-profit businesses as well as certain local, state and federal agencies. We also generate revenues from gains on sales of income-producing properties and land.

At December 31, 2011, our income-producing properties consisted of:

16 commercial properties consisting of 11 office buildings, one industrial warehouse, three retail properties, and one parking garage, comprising in aggregate approximately 3.6 million square feet;

50 residential apartment communities comprising 9,317 units, excluding apartments being developed.

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The following table sets forth the location of our real estate held for investment (income-producing properties only) by asset type as of December 31, 2011:

Location	Apartments		Commercial	
	No.	Units	No.	SF
Alaska			1	20,715
Arkansas	4	678		
Florida			1	6,722
Indiana			1	220,439
Kansas	1	320		
Louisiana-New Orleans			5	1,356,813
Louisiana-Other	2	384		
Mississippi	7	568	1	26,000
Ohio	1	200		
Oklahoma			1	225,566
Tennessee	2	312		
Texas-Greater Dallas-Ft Worth	20	3,936	5	1,652,885
Texas-Greater Houston	3	656		
Texas-San Antonio	2	468		
Texas -Temple	2	452		
Texas-Other	6	1,343		
Wisconsin			1	122,205
Total	50	9,317	16	3,631,345

We finance our acquisitions primarily through operating cash flow, proceeds from the sale of land and income-producing properties, and debt financing primarily in the form of property-specific, first-lien mortgage loans from commercial banks and institutional lenders. We finance our development projects principally with short-term, variable-rate construction loans that are refinanced with the proceeds of long-term, fixed-rate amortizing mortgages when the development has been completed and occupancy has been stabilized. When we sell properties, we may carry a portion of the sales price generally in the form of a short-term, interest bearing seller-financed note receivable, secured by the property being sold. We may also from time to time enter into partnerships or joint ventures with various investors to acquire land or income-producing properties or to sell interests in certain of our properties.

We join with various third-party development companies to construct residential apartment communities. We completed construction on five apartment projects in 2011 and are in the predevelopment process on several residential apartment communities, scheduled for construction in 2012. At December 31, 2011, we had no apartment projects in development. The third-party developer typically holds a general partner as well as a limited partner interest in a limited partnership formed for the purpose of building a single property while we generally take a limited partner interest in the limited partnership. We may contribute land to the partnership as part of our equity contribution or we may contribute the necessary funds to the partnership to acquire the land. We are required to fund all required equity contributions while the third-party developer is responsible for obtaining construction financing, hiring a general contractor and for the overall management, successful completion and delivery of the project. We generally bear all the economic risks and rewards of ownership in these partnerships and therefore include these partnerships in our consolidated financial statements. The third-party developer is paid a developer fee typically equal to a percentage of the construction costs. When the project reaches stabilized occupancy, we acquire the third-party developer's partnership interests in exchange for any remaining unpaid developer fees.

We have made investments in a number of large tracts of undeveloped and partially developed land and intend to a) continue to improve these tracts of land for our own development purposes or b) make the improvements necessary to ready the land for sale to other developers.

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At December 31, 2011, our investments in undeveloped and partially developed land consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

Property	Location	Date(s) Acquired	Acres	Cost	Primary Intended Use
Capital City Center	Jackson, MS	2007-2008	8	\$ 12,500	Mixed use
McKinney Multi-Tracts	McKinney, TX	1997-2008	204	20,676	Mixed use
Mercer Crossing	Dallas, TX	1996-2008	425	66,723	Mixed use
Pioneer Crossing	Austin, TX	1997-2005	39	1,494	Multi-family residential
Travis Ranch	Kaufman County, TX	2008	18	1,980	Multi-family residential
US Virgin Islands Multi-Tracts	St. Thomas, USVI	2005-2008	97	16,391	Single-family residential
Waco Multi-Tracts	Waco, TX	2005-2006	492	4,831	Single-family residential
Windmill Farms	Kaufman County, TX	2011	2,900	43,193	Single-family residential
Woodmont Multi-Tracts	Dallas, TX	2006-2008	12	5,678	Mixed use
Other Land Holdings	Various	1990-2010	525	23,835	Various
Total Land Holdings			4,720	\$ 197,301	

Significant Real Estate Acquisitions/Dispositions and Financings

A summary of some of the significant transactions for the year ended December 31, 2011 are discussed below:

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 18.84 acres of land known as Archon land located in Las Colinas, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$5.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group X, LP, a partnership that owned 7.19 acres of land known as Galleria West Lofts land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On January 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XI, LP, a partnership that owned 1.97 acres of land known as Galleria West Hotel land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On January 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 9.96 acres of land known as Limestone Canyon II land located in Austin, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.6 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the January 3, 2011 sale of 72.14 acres of land known as Manhattan land located in Farmers Branch, Texas to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded the sale when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Teleport Blvd., a 6,833 square foot building and 3.70 acres of land located in Irving, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Westgrove Air Plaza, a 79,652 square foot building located in Addison, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.3 million secured by the property. When ownership transferred to the existing lender, we recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XIII, LP, a partnership that owned 8.91 acres of land known as Las Colinas Station land located in Irving, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On February 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and TCI recognized deferred gain of \$2.2 million on the transfer.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group IX, LP, a partnership that owned 15.0 acres of land known as Galleria East Center Retail land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On February 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

On February 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Vistas of Vance Jackson apartments, a 240-unit complex located in San Antonio, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$16.1 million. We received \$0.1 million in cash after paying off the existing mortgage of \$15.4 million and \$0.6 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 4.80% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on March 1, 2051.

On March 23, 2011, we sold 82.20 acres of land known as Denton Coonrod land located in Denton, Texas and 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.9 million. We provided \$1.6 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on March 23, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On January 3, 2012, ownership of Denton Coonrod land was transferred to the lender to satisfy the debt secured by this property and partial credit against debt related to another property. Any impairment necessary, related to the inability to recover our original investment, has been realized in 2011 and the sale that was deferred will be recognized in the first quarter of 2012 when ownership transferred to a third party.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our membership interest in 1340 Poydras Corp. to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$23.5 million. This entity owns a 378,895 square foot building located in New Orleans, Louisiana known as Amoco. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.5 million, secured by the property. This transaction was rescinded as of the original transaction date and ownership transferred back to TCI.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Courtyard, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$11.2 million. This entity owns Quail Hollow at the Lakes apartments, a 200-unit complex located in Holland, Ohio. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$11.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On March 30, 2011, we sold six parcels, comprising approximately 195.52 acres of undeveloped land known as Dominion land, Hollywood Casino land, Stanley Tools land and Wilmer 88 land, all located in Dallas County, Texas, and Creekside land and Crowley land, both located in Fort Worth, Texas, to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$16.6 million. We provided \$9.3 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on March 30, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial

investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On April 5, 2011, we recognized the sale of Creekside land, Crowley land and Wilmer 88 land when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 1, 2011, we sold of 6.80 acres of land known as Travis Ranch land located in Kaufman, Texas, to Kelly Lot Development, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.8 million. There was no gain or loss recorded on the sale of the land parcel.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the general and limited partnership interest in Garden Whispering Pines, LP, which owns Whispering Pines apartments, a 320-unit complex located in Topeka, Kansas, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$1.4 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$9.5 million.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the membership interest in EQK Sesame Square, LLC, which owns Sesame Square, a 20,715 square-foot office building located in Anchorage, Alaska, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$0.6 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$1.1 million.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 13.22 acres of land known as Hackberry land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.9 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$3.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 14.43 acres of land known as Fortune Drive land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 10.69 acres of land known as Temple land, located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 7.11 acres of land known as Pac Trust land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group III, LP, a partnership that owned 5.87 acres of land known as Polo Estates at Bent Tree land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On April 5, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and we recorded a gain on sale of \$3.0 million.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the March 30, 2011 sale of 87.62 acres of land known as Wilmer 88 land located in Dallas, Texas, 24.91 acres of land known as Crowley land located in Dallas, Texas and 30.07 acres of land known as Creekside land located in Fort Worth, Texas to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.0 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Mariposa Villas apartments, a 216-unit complex located in Dallas, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$12.4 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$11.8 million and \$0.6 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 3.90% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on May 1, 2051

On April 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Verandas at City View apartments, a 314-unit complex located in Fort Worth, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$18.5 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$17.3 million and \$1.2 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 4.20% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on May 1, 2051.

On May 31, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Stonebridge at City Park apartments, a 240-unit complex located in Houston, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$14.6 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$13.9 million and \$0.7 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 3.90% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on June 1, 2051.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of Alpenloan, a 28,594 square foot building and 8.16 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of 5.34 acres of land known as Archon land located in Irving, Texas and 1.31 acres of land known as Ackerley land located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$0.7 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.7 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 22, 2010 sale of Fenton Center, a 707,559 square foot building and 4.70 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to ABCLD Properties, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$67.0 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$8.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 27.11 acres of land known as Kinwest land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 20.85 acres of land known as McKinney Ranch land located in McKinney, Texas to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$5.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.8 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 109.85 acres of land known as Payne North land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$14.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$12.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$5.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 1, 2011, we sold 12.72 acres of land known as Centurion 12 land located in Fort Worth, Texas for a sales price of \$1.1 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.3 million on the land parcel.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 13.0 acres of land with a 29,784 square foot storage warehouse known as Eagle Crest located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$1.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the March 28, 2011 sale of One Hickory Center, a 97,361 square-foot office building and Two Hickory Center, a 96,539 square-foot office building, both located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD

Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$19.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$4.2 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 6.6 acres of land known as Three Hickory land located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.3 million. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 245.95 acres of land known as Windmill Farms-Harlan land located in Kaufman County, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$6.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.5 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 10.08 acres of land known as Centura land located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$13.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.2 million secured by the property. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the April 25, 2011 sale of seven land parcels, comprising approximately 2,713.68 acres of undeveloped land known as Diplomat land, Kaufman Cogen land, Kaufman Stagliano land, Kaufman Taylor land, Payne South land, Senlac VHP land and Valley Ranch land located in Dallas County, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$24.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$8.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of Parkway North, a 69,009 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Signature Athletic Club, a 58,910 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XII, LP, a partnership that owned 16.18 acres of land known as Las Colinas Village land located in Irving, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On August 2, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and TCI recognized a deferred gain of \$7.5 million on the sale.

On August 31, 2011, we sold 100% of our membership interests in TCI Luna Ventures, LLC to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.0 million. This entity owns 26.71 acres of undeveloped land located in Dallas, Texas, known as Luna Ventures land. We provided \$0.9 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on August 31, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On September 1, 2011, we sold seven land parcels, comprising approximately 107.73 acres of undeveloped land located in Austin, Texas, Dallas County, Texas, Denton County, Texas and Tarrant County, Texas, known as Andrew B land, Andrew C land, DeSoto Ranch land, Mansfield land, Pioneer Crossing land, Senlac land and Sheffield land, to TCI Luna Ventures, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of

\$10.6 million. We provided \$6.4 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on September 1, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. In the first quarter of 2012, ownership of the Andrew B land and DeSoto Ranch land was transferred to the existing lender to satisfy a portion of the multi-tract collateral debt.

On September 21, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Dedeaux Road, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1,000. This entity owns 9.97 acres of undeveloped land located in Gulfport, Mississippi, known as Dedeaux land. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.0 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On September 27, 2011, we sold a 256-unit apartment complex known as Spyglass apartments, located in Dallas, Texas, for a sales price of \$21.6 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$15.5 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$5.7 million on the apartment sale.

On October 12, 2011, we recognized the January 26, 2011 sale of Willowbrook Village, a 179,741 square foot retail shopping center located in Coldwater, Michigan, to TX LTS Investments, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$7.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.6 million, secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.5 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group VIII, LP, a partnership that owned 7.37 acres of land known as Keller Springs Lofts land located in Addison, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On October 20, 2011, the partnership sold the property for a sales price of \$4.2 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.1 million on the land parcel.

On November 1, 2011, we acquired 100% of the membership interest in Bridgeview Plaza, LLC. On September 21, 2010, we sold our investment in EQK Bridgeview Plaza, Inc. to Warren Road Farm, Inc. (WRF), a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$8.3 million to be paid via an assumption of debt of \$6.2 million and seller-financing of \$2.1 million. On October 4, 2010, WRF filed a voluntary petition seeking relief under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. The approved bankruptcy plan was effective November 1, 2011, whereby TCI, for its contribution to the plan, was given 100% equity ownership in the entity. During the period of time that WRF owned the equity interest, it had also acquired 2900 acres of land known as Windmill Farms land located in Kaufman, TX, previously held by ARL, for a sales price of \$64.5 million. ARL provided \$33.8 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6.0% and is payable at maturity on September 21, 2015. WRF assumed the existing mortgage of \$30.7 million, secured by the property.

On November 2, 2011, we recognized the September 3, 2004 sale of Addison Hanger I, a 25,102 square foot industrial warehouse and Addison Hanger II, a 24,000 square foot industrial warehouse located in Addison, Texas, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. At the time of the sale, TCI entered into a 10-year triple-net lease with the buyer. Therefore, this transaction was accounted for under the financing method and the properties continued to be consolidated. As of November 12, 2011, the lease with the buyer was terminated. Due to ongoing litigation related to the lease, TCI has deferred the gain recognition until the matter is resolved.

On November 30, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.1 million. The existing mortgage of \$0.5 million, secured by the property, was paid in full. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.6 million on the land parcel.

On December 21, 2011, we sold 17.07 acres of land known as Lamar Parmer Lane land located in Austin, Texas for a sales price of \$1.4 million. The existing mortgage of \$1.3 million, secured by the property, was paid in full. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.8 million on the land parcel.

On December 28, 2011, we sold 100% of our common stock of Centura-Ewing, Inc. and Garden Centura, Inc. to Realty Advisors Management, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$20.4 million. These entities own a 1% general manager partnership interest and a 4% limited partnership interest in Garden Centura L.P., which owns a 412,215 square foot office building known as Centura Tower located in Dallas, Texas. Centura-Ewing, Inc. has an option to purchase the remaining 95% limited partner interest in Garden Centura, L.P. TCI received a 5-year promissory note for the full sales price. Interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 2% is due quarterly with the principal due at maturity on December 28, 2016. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.3 million when the stock was subsequently sold to an unrelated party.

In December 2010, there were various commercial and land holdings sold to FRE Real Estate, Inc. a related party under common control. During the first three months of 2011, many of these transactions were rescinded as of the original transaction date and were subsequently sold to related parties under the same ownership as FRE Real Estate, Inc. and disclosed in the transactions above. As of December 31, 2011, there is one commercial building, Thermalloy, that remains in FRE Real Estate, Inc. We have deferred the recognition of the sales in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

The properties that we have sold to a related party under common control and have deferred the recognition of the sale are treated as subject to sales contract on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and are listed in detail in Schedule III, Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation. These properties were sold to a related party in order to help facilitate an appropriate debt or organizational restructure and may or may not be transferred back to the seller upon resolution. These properties have mortgages that are secured by the property and many have corporate guarantees. According to the loan documents, we are currently in default on these mortgages primarily due to lack of payment although we are actively involved in discussions with every lender in order to settle or cure the default situation. We have reviewed each asset and taken impairment to the extent we feel the value of the property was less than our current basis.

We continue to invest in the development of apartment projects. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2011, we have expended \$46.8 million on the construction of various apartment projects and capitalized \$2.1 million of interest costs.

Business Plan and Investment Policy

Our business objective is to maximize long-term value for our stockholders by investing in commercial real estate through the acquisition, development and ownership of apartments, commercial properties and land. We intend to achieve this objective through acquiring and developing properties in multiple markets and operating as an industry-leading landlord. We believe this objective will provide the benefits of enhanced investment opportunities, economies of scale and risk diversification, both in terms of geographic market and real estate product type. We believe our objective will also result in continuing access to favorably priced debt and equity capital. In pursuing our business objective, we seek to achieve a combination of internal and external growth while maintaining a strong balance sheet and employing a strategy of financial flexibility. We maximize the value of our apartments and commercial properties by maintaining high occupancy levels while charging competitive rental rates, controlling costs and focusing on tenant retention. We also pursue attractive development opportunities either directly or in partnership with other investors.

For our portfolio of commercial properties, we generate increased operating cash flow through annual contractual increases in rental rates under existing leases. We also seek to identify best practices within our industry and across our business units in order to enhance cost savings and gain operating efficiencies. We

employ capital improvement and preventive maintenance programs specifically designed to reduce operating costs and increase the long-term value of our real estate investments.

We seek to acquire properties consistent with our business objectives and strategies. We execute our acquisition strategy by purchasing properties which management believes will create stockholder value over the long-term. We will also sell properties when management believes value has been maximized or when a property is no longer considered an investment to be held long-term.

We are continuously in various stages of discussions and negotiations with respect to development, acquisition, and disposition of projects. The consummation of any current or future development, acquisition, or disposition, if any, and the pace at which any may be completed cannot be assured or predicted.

Substantially all of our properties are owned by subsidiary companies, many of which are single-asset entities. This ownership structure permits greater access to financing for individual properties and permits flexibility in negotiating a sale of either the asset or the equity interests in the entity owning the asset. From time-to-time, our subsidiaries have invested in joint ventures with other investors, creating the possibility of risks that do not exist with properties solely owned by a TCI subsidiary. In those instances where other investors are involved, those other investors may have business, economic, or other objectives that are inconsistent with our objectives, which may in turn, require us to make investment decisions different from those if we were the sole owner.

Real estate generally cannot be sold quickly. We may not be able to promptly dispose of properties in response to economic or other conditions. To offset this challenge, selective dispositions have been a part of our strategy to maintain an efficient investment portfolio and to provide additional sources of capital. We finance acquisitions through mortgages, internally generated funds, and, to a lesser extent, property sales. Those sources provide the bulk of funds for future acquisitions. We may purchase properties by assuming existing loans secured by the acquired property. When properties are acquired in such a manner, we customarily seek to refinance the asset in order to properly leverage the asset in a manner consistent with our investment objectives.

Our businesses are not generally seasonal with regard to real estate investments. Our investment strategy seeks both current income and capital appreciation. Our plan of operation is to continue, to the extent our liquidity permits, to make equity investments in income-producing real estate such as apartments and commercial properties. We may also invest in the debt or equity securities of real estate-related entities. We intend to pursue higher risk, higher reward investments, such as improved and unimproved land where we can obtain reasonably-priced financing for substantially all of a property's purchase price. We intend to continue the development of apartment properties in selected markets in Texas and in other locations where we believe adequate levels of demand exist. We intend to pursue sales opportunities for properties in stabilized real estate markets where we believe our properties' value has been maximized. We also intend to be an opportunistic seller of properties in markets where demand exceeds current supply. Although we no longer actively seek to fund or purchase mortgage loans, we may, in selected instances, originate mortgage loans or we may provide purchase money financing in conjunction with a property sale.

Our Board of Directors has broad authority under our governing documents to make all types of investments, and we may devote available resources to particular investments or types of investments without restriction on the amount or percentage of assets that may be allocated to a single investment or to any particular type of investment, and without limit on the percentage of securities of any one issuer that may be acquired. Investment objectives and policies may be changed at any time by the Board without stockholder approval.

The specific composition from time-to-time of our real estate portfolio owned by TCI directly and through our subsidiaries depends largely on the judgment of management to changing investment opportunities and the level of risk associated with specific investments or types of investments. We intend to maintain a real estate portfolio that is diversified by both location and type of property.

Competition

The real estate business is highly competitive and TCI competes with numerous companies engaged in real estate activities (including certain entities described in Part III, Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence), some of which have greater financial resources than TCI. We believe that success against such competition is dependent upon the geographic location of a property, the performance of property-level managers in areas such as leasing and marketing, collection of rents and control of operating expenses, the amount of new construction in the area and the maintenance and appearance of the property. Additional competitive factors include ease of access to a property, the adequacy of related facilities such as parking and other amenities, and sensitivity to market conditions in determining rent levels. With respect to apartments, competition is also based upon the design and mix of the units and the ability to provide a community atmosphere for the residents. We believe that beyond general economic circumstances and trends, the degree to which properties are renovated or new properties are developed in the competing submarket are also competitive factors. See also Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors .

To the extent that TCI seeks to sell any of its properties, the sales prices for the properties may be affected by competition from other real estate owners and financial institutions also attempting to sell properties in areas where TCI's properties are located, as well as aggressive buyers attempting to dominate or penetrate a particular market.

As described above and in Part III, Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence , the officers and directors of TCI serve as officers and directors of ARL and IOT. Both ARL and IOT have business objectives similar to those of TCI. TCI's officers and directors owe fiduciary duties to both IOT and ARL as well as to TCI under applicable law. In determining whether a particular investment opportunity will be allocated to TCI, IOT, or ARL, management considers the respective investment objectives of each Company and the appropriateness of a particular investment in light of each Company's existing real estate and mortgage notes receivable portfolio. To the extent that any particular investment opportunity is appropriate to more than one of the entities, the investment opportunity may be allocated to the entity which has had funds available for investment for the longest period of time, or, if appropriate, the investment may be shared among all three or two of the entities.

In addition, as described in Part III, Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence , TCI competes with affiliates of Pillar having similar investment objectives related to the acquisition, development, disposition, leasing and financing of real estate and real estate-related investments. In resolving any potential conflicts of interest which may arise, Pillar has informed TCI that it intends to exercise its best judgment as to what is fair and reasonable under the circumstances in accordance with applicable law.

We have historically engaged in and will continue to engage in certain business transactions with related parties, including but not limited to asset acquisitions and dispositions. Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's length basis due to the absence of free market forces that naturally exist in business dealings between two or more unrelated entities. Related party transactions may not always be favorable to our business and may include terms, conditions and agreements that are not necessarily beneficial to or in the best interests of our company.

Available Information

TCI maintains an internet site at <http://www.transconrealty-invest.com>. We make available through our website free of charge Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, reports filed pursuant to Section 16 and amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish such materials to the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, we have posted the charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Governance and Nominating Committee, as well as our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Corporate Governance Guidelines on Director

Independence and other information on the website. These charters and principles are not incorporated in this Report by reference. We will also provide a copy of these documents free of charge to stockholders upon written request. The Company issues Annual Reports containing audited financial statements to its common shareholders.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

An investment in our securities involves various risks. All investors should carefully consider the following risk factors in conjunction with the other information in this report before trading our securities.

Risk Factors Related to our Business

Adverse events concerning our existing tenants or negative market conditions affecting our existing tenants could have an adverse impact on our ability to attract new tenants, release space, collect rent or renew leases, and thus could adversely affect cash flow from operations and inhibit growth.

Cash flow from operations depends in part on the ability to lease space to tenants on economically favorable terms. We could be adversely affected by various facts and events over which the Company has limited or no control, such as:

lack of demand for space in areas where the properties are located;

inability to retain existing tenants and attract new tenants;

oversupply of or reduced demand for space and changes in market rental rates;

defaults by tenants or failure to pay rent on a timely basis;

the need to periodically renovate and repair marketable space;

physical damage to properties;

economic or physical decline of the areas where properties are located; and

potential risk of functional obsolescence of properties over time.

At any time, any tenant may experience a downturn in its business that may weaken its financial condition. As a result, a tenant may delay lease commencement, fail to make rental payments when due, decline to extend a lease upon its expiration, become insolvent or declare bankruptcy. Any tenant bankruptcy or insolvency, leasing delay or failure to make rental payments when due, could result in the termination of the tenant's lease and material losses to the Company.

If tenants do not renew their leases as they expire, we may not be able to rent the space. Furthermore, leases that are renewed, and some new leases for space that is re-let, may have terms that are less economically favorable than expiring lease terms, or may require us to incur significant costs, such as renovations, tenant improvements or lease transaction costs. Any of these events could adversely affect cash flow from operations and our ability to make distributions to shareholders and service indebtedness. A significant portion of the costs of owning property, such as real estate taxes, insurance, and debt service payments, are not necessarily reduced when circumstances cause a decrease in rental income from the properties.

We may not be able to compete successfully with other entities that operate in our industry.

We experience a great deal of competition in attracting tenants for the properties and in locating land to develop and properties to acquire.

In our effort to lease properties, we compete for tenants with a broad spectrum of other landlords in each of the markets. These competitors include, among others, publicly-held REITs, privately-held entities, individual

property owners and tenants who wish to sublease their space. Some of these competitors may be able to offer prospective tenants more attractive financial terms than we are able to offer.

If the availability of land or high quality properties in our markets diminishes, operating results could be adversely affected.

We may experience increased operating costs which could adversely affect our financial results and the value of our properties.

Our properties are subject to increases in operating expenses such as insurance, cleaning, electricity, heating, ventilation and air conditioning, administrative costs and other costs associated with security, landscaping, repairs, and maintenance of the properties. While some current tenants are obligated by their leases to reimburse us for a portion of these costs, there is no assurance that these tenants will make such payments or agree to pay these costs upon renewal or new tenants will agree to pay these costs. If operating expenses increase in our markets, we may not be able to increase rents or reimbursements in all of these markets to offset the increased expenses, without at the same time decreasing occupancy rates. If this occurs, our ability to make distributions to shareholders and service indebtedness could be adversely affected.

Our ability to achieve growth in operating income depends in part on our ability to develop additional properties.

We intend to continue to develop properties where warranted by market conditions. We have a number of ongoing development and land projects being readied for commencement.

Additionally, general construction and development activities include the following risks:

construction and leasing of a property may not be completed on schedule, which could result in increased expenses and construction costs, and would result in reduced profitability for that property;

construction costs may exceed original estimates due to increases in interest rates and increased cost of materials, labor or other costs, possibly making the property less profitable because of inability to increase rents to compensate for the increase in construction costs;

some developments may fail to achieve expectations, possibly making them less profitable;

we may be unable to obtain, or face delays in obtaining, required zoning, land-use, building, occupancy, and other governmental permits and authorizations, which could result in increased costs and could require us to abandon our activities entirely with respect to a project;

we may abandon development opportunities after the initial exploration, which may result in failure to recover costs already incurred. If we determine to alter or discontinue its development efforts, future costs of the investment may be expensed as incurred rather than capitalized and we may determine the investment is impaired resulting in a loss;

we may expend funds on and devote management's time to projects which will not be completed; and

occupancy rates and rents at newly-completed properties may fluctuate depending on various factors including market and economic conditions, and may result in lower than projected rental rates and reduced income from operations.

We face risks associated with property acquisitions.

We acquire individual properties and various portfolios of properties and intend to continue to do so. Acquisition activities are subject to the following risks:

when we are able to locate a desired property, competition from other real estate investors may significantly increase the seller's offering price;

acquired properties may fail to perform as expected;

the actual costs of repositioning or redeveloping acquired properties may be higher than original estimates;

acquired properties may be located in new markets where we face risks associated with an incomplete knowledge or understanding of the local market, a limited number of established business relationships in the area and a relative unfamiliarity with local governmental and permitting procedures; and

we may be unable to quickly and efficiently integrate new acquisitions, particularly acquisitions of portfolios of properties, into existing operations, and results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

We may acquire properties subject to liabilities and without any recourse, or with limited recourse, with respect to unknown liabilities. However, if an unknown liability was later asserted against the acquired properties, we might be required to pay substantial sums to settle it, which could adversely affect cash flow.

Many of our properties are concentrated in our primary markets and the Company may suffer economic harm as a result of adverse conditions in those markets.

Our properties are located principally in specific geographic areas in the southwestern, southeastern, and mid-western United States. The Company's overall performance is largely dependent on economic conditions in those regions.

We are leveraged and may not be able to meet our debt service obligations.

We had total indebtedness at December 31, 2011 of approximately \$868.3 million. Substantially all assets have been pledged to secure debt. These borrowings increase the risk of loss because they represent a prior claim on assets and most require fixed payments regardless of profitability. Our leveraged position makes us vulnerable to declines in the general economy and may limit the Company's ability to pursue other business opportunities in the future.

We may not be able to access financial markets to obtain capital on a timely basis, or on acceptable terms.

We rely on proceeds from property dispositions and third party capital sources for a portion of our capital needs, including capital for acquisitions and development. The public debt and equity markets are among the sources upon which the Company relies. There is no guarantee that we will be able to access these markets or any other source of capital. The ability to access the public debt and equity markets depends on a variety of factors, including:

general economic conditions affecting these markets;

our own financial structure and performance;

the market's opinion of real estate companies in general; and

the market's opinion of real estate companies that own similar properties.

We may suffer adverse effects as a result of terms and covenants relating to the Company's indebtedness.

Required payments on our indebtedness generally are not reduced if the economic performance of the portfolio declines. If the economic performance declines, net income, cash flow from operations and cash available for distribution to stockholders may be reduced. If payments on debt cannot be made, we could sustain a loss or suffer judgments, or in the case of mortgages, suffer foreclosures by mortgagees. Further, some obligations contain cross-default and/or cross-acceleration provisions, which means that a default on one obligation may constitute a default on other obligations.

We anticipate only a small portion of the principal of its debt will be repaid prior to maturity. Therefore, we are likely to refinance a portion of its outstanding debt as it matures. There is a risk that we may not be able to refinance existing debt or the terms of any refinancing will not be as favorable as the terms of the maturing debt. If principal balances due at maturity cannot be refinanced, extended, or repaid with proceeds from other sources, such as the proceeds of sales of assets or new equity capital, cash flow may not be sufficient to repay all maturing debt in years when significant balloon payments come due.

Our credit facilities and unsecured debt contain customary restrictions, requirements and other limitations on the ability to incur indebtedness, including total debt to asset ratios, secured debt to total asset ratios, debt service coverage ratios, and minimum ratios of unencumbered assets to unsecured debt. Our continued ability to borrow is subject to compliance with financial and other covenants. In addition, failure to comply with such covenants could cause a default under credit facilities, and we may then be required to repay such debt with capital from other sources. Under those circumstances, other sources of capital may not be available, or be available only on unattractive terms.

Our degree of leverage could limit our ability to obtain additional financing or affect the market price of our common stock.

The degree of leverage could affect our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, development or other general corporate purposes. The degree of leverage could also make us more vulnerable to a downturn in business or the general economy.

An increase in interest rates would increase interest costs on variable rate debt and could adversely impact the ability to refinance existing debt.

We currently have, and may incur more, indebtedness that bears interest at variable rates. Accordingly, if interest rates increase, so will the interest costs, which could adversely affect cash flow and the ability to pay principal and interest on our debt and the ability to make distributions to shareholders. Further, rising interest rates could limit our ability to refinance existing debt when it matures.

Unbudgeted capital expenditures or cost overruns could adversely affect business operations and cash flow.

If capital expenditures for ongoing or planned development projects or renovations exceed expectations, the additional cost of these expenditures could have an adverse effect on business operations and cash flow. In addition, we might not have access to funds on a timely basis to pay the unexpected expenditures.

Construction costs are funded in large part through construction financing, which the Company may guarantee and the Company's obligation to pay interest on this financing continues until the rental project is completed, leased up and permanent financing is obtained, or the for sale project is sold or the construction loan is otherwise paid. Unexpected delays in completion of one or more ongoing projects could also have a significant adverse impact on business operations and cash flow.

We may need to sell properties from time to time for cash flow purposes.

Because of the lack of liquidity of real estate investments generally, our ability to respond to changing circumstances may be limited. Real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly. In the event that we must sell assets to generate cash flow, we cannot predict whether there will be a market for those assets in the time period desired, or whether we will be able to sell the assets at a price that will allow the Company to fully recoup its investment. We may not be able to realize the full potential value of the assets and may incur costs related to the early pay-off of the debt secured by such assets.

We intend to devote resources to the development of new projects.

We plan to continue developing new projects as opportunities arise in the future. Development and construction activities entail a number of risks, including but not limited to the following:

we may abandon a project after spending time and money determining its feasibility;

construction costs may materially exceed original estimates;

the revenue from a new project may not be enough to make it profitable or generate a positive cash flow;

we may not be able to obtain financing on favorable terms for development of a property, if at all;

we may not complete construction and lease-ups on schedule, resulting in increased development or carrying costs; and

we may not be able to obtain, or may be delayed in obtaining, necessary governmental permits.

The overall business is subject to all of the risks associated with the real estate industry.

We are subject to all risks incident to investment in real estate, many of which relate to the general lack of liquidity of real estate investments, including, but not limited to:

our real estate assets are concentrated primarily in the southwest and any deterioration in the general economic conditions of this region could have an adverse effect;

changes in interest rates may make the ability to satisfy debt service requirements more burdensome;

lack of availability of financing may render the purchase, sale or refinancing of a property more difficult or unattractive;

changes in real estate and zoning laws;

increases in real estate taxes and insurance costs;

federal or local economic or rent control;

acts of terrorism; and

hurricanes, tornadoes, floods, earthquakes and other similar natural disasters.

Our performance and value are subject to risks associated with our real estate assets and with the real estate industry.

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Our economic performance and the value of our real estate assets, and consequently the value of our securities, are subject to the risk that if our properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet our operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditures, our cash flow will be adversely affected. The following factors, among others, may adversely affect the income generated by our properties:

downturns in the national, regional and local economic conditions (particularly increases in unemployment);

competition from other office and commercial buildings;

local real estate market conditions, such as oversupply or reduction in demand for office or other commercial space;

changes in interest rates and availability of financing;

vacancies, changes in market rental rates and the need to periodically repair, renovate and re-let space;

increased operating costs, including insurance expense, utilities, real estate taxes, state and local taxes and heightened security costs;

civil disturbances, earthquakes and other natural disasters, or terrorist acts or acts of war which may result in uninsured or underinsured losses;

significant expenditures associated with each investment, such as debt service payments, real estate taxes, insurance and maintenance costs which are generally not reduced when circumstances cause a reduction in revenues from a property;

declines in the financial condition of our tenants and our ability to collect rents from our tenants; and

decreases in the underlying value of our real estate.

Adverse economic conditions and dislocations in the credit markets could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, and financial condition.

Our business may be affected by market and economic challenges experienced by the U.S. economy or real estate industry as a whole or by the local economic conditions in the markets in which our properties are located, including the current dislocations in the credit markets and general global economic recession. These current conditions, or similar conditions existing in the future, may adversely affect our results of operations, and financial condition as a result of the following, among other potential consequences:

the financial condition of our tenants may be adversely affected which may result in tenant defaults under leases due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failures or for other reasons;

significant job losses within our tenants may occur, which may decrease demand for our office space, causing market rental rates and property values to be negatively impacted;

our ability to borrow on terms and conditions that we find acceptable, or at all, may be limited, which could reduce our ability to pursue acquisition and development opportunities and refinance existing debt, reduce our returns from our acquisition and development activities and increase our future interest expense;

reduced values of our properties may limit our ability to dispose of assets at attractive prices or to obtain debt financing secured by our properties and may reduce the availability of unsecured loans; and

one or more lenders could refuse to fund their financing commitment to us or could fail and we may not be able to replace the financing commitment of any such lenders on favorable terms, or at all.

Real estate investments are illiquid, and we may not be able to sell properties if and when it is appropriate to do so.

Real estate generally cannot be sold quickly. We may not be able to dispose of properties promptly in response to economic or other conditions. In addition, provisions of the Internal Revenue Code may limit our ability to sell properties (without incurring significant tax costs) in some situations when it may be otherwise economically advantageous to do so, thereby adversely affecting returns to stockholders and adversely impacting our ability to meet our obligations.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

On December 31, 2011, our portfolio consisted of 66 income producing properties consisting of 50 apartments totaling 9,317 units, 16 commercial properties consisting of 11 office buildings, one industrial warehouse, three retail centers, and one parking garage. In addition, we own or control 4,720 acres of improved and unimproved land for future development or sale. The average annual dollar per square foot for the Company's apartment/residential portfolio is \$11.68 and \$9.58 for the commercial portfolio. The table below shows information relating to those properties in which we own or have an ownership interest in:

Apartments	Location	Units	Occupancy
Anderson Estates	Oxford, MS	48	100.00%
Blue Lake Villas I	Waxahachie, TX	186	95.70%
Blue Lake Villas II	Waxahachie, TX	70	94.30%
Blue Ridge	Midland, TX	290	99.30%
Breakwater Bay	Beaumont, TX	176	91.50%
Bridgewood Ranch	Kaufman, TX	106	95.30%
Capitol Hill	Little Rock, AR	156	92.30%
Curtis Moore Estates	Greenwood, MS	104	92.30%
Dakota Arms	Lubbock, TX	208	94.20%
David Jordan Phase II	Greenwood, MS	32	93.80%
David Jordan Phase III	Greenwood, MS	40	92.50%
Desoto Ranch	DeSoto, TX	248	87.90%
Dorado Ranch	Odessa, TX	224	99.10%
Falcon Lakes	Arlington, TX	248	95.60%
Heather Creek	Mesquite, TX	200	96.00%
Huntington Ridge	DeSoto, TX	198	96.00%
Laguna Vista	Dallas, TX	206	98.10%
Lake Forest	Houston, TX	240	90.80%
Legends of El Paso	El Paso, TX	240	94.60%
Lodge at Pecan Creek ⁽¹⁾	Denton, TX	192	35.40%
Mansions of Mansfield	Mansfield, TX	208	98.60%
Mariposa Villas	Dallas, TX	216	95.40%
Mission Oaks	San Antonio, TX	228	91.20%
Monticello Estate	Monticello, AR	32	90.60%
Northside on Travis	Sherman, TX	200	96.50%
Paramount Terrace	Amarillo, TX	181	92.80%
Parc at Clarksville	Clarksville, TN	168	93.50%
Parc at Denham Springs ⁽¹⁾	Denham Springs, LA	224	81.70%
Parc at Maumelle	Little Rock, AR	240	95.00%
Parc at Metro Center	Nashville, TN	144	100.00%
Parc at Rogers	Rogers, AR	250	98.40%
Pecan Pointe	Temple, TX	232	94.00%
Portofino	Farmers Branch, TX	224	96.40%
Preserve at Pecan Creek	Denton, TX	192	93.80%
River Oaks	Wylie, TX	180	98.30%
Riverwalk Phase I	Greenville, MS	32	90.60%
Riverwalk Phase II	Greenville, MS	72	93.10%
Savoy of Garland	Garland, TX	144	96.50%
Sonoma Court ⁽¹⁾	Rockwall, TX	124	79.80%
Stonebridge at City Park	Houston, TX	240	91.30%
Sugar Mill	Baton Rouge, LA	160	91.90%
Toulon ⁽¹⁾	Gautier, MS	240	46.70%
Treehouse	Irving, TX	160	93.80%
Verandas at City View	Fort Worth, TX	314	97.80%
Vistas of Pinnacle Park	Dallas, TX	332	93.10%
Vistas of Vance Jackson	San Antonio, TX	240	97.50%
Whispering Pines	Topeka, KS	320	90.60%
Windsong	Fort Worth, TX	188	93.10%
Total Apartment Units		8,897	

Apartments Subject to Sales Contract	Location	Units	Occupancy
Quail Hollow	Holland, OH	200	98.50%
Total Apartments Subject to Sale		200	
Apartments Held for Sale	Location	Units	Occupancy
Wildflower Villas	Temple, TX	220	93.20%
Total Apartments Held for Sale		220	
Total Apartments		9,317	

(1) These properties had construction completed in 2011 and are currently in lease-up.

Office Buildings	Location	SqFt	Occupancy
225 Baronne ⁽¹⁾	New Orleans, LA	422,037	0.00%
305 Baronne	New Orleans, LA	37,081	34.48%
600 Las Colinas	Las Colinas, TX	510,173	66.67%
1010 Common	New Orleans, LA	512,593	42.38%
Amoco Building	New Orleans, LA	378,895	68.67%
Browning Place (Park West I)	Farmers Branch, TX	625,463	87.72%
Ergon Office Building	Jackson, MS	26,000	0.00%
Eton Square ⁽²⁾	Tulsa, OK	43,695	36.13%
Senlac (VHP)	Farmers Branch, TX	2,812	100.00%
Sesame Square	Anchorage, AK	20,715	87.52%
Stanford Center	Dallas, TX	336,632	98.33%
Total Office Buildings		2,916,096	

Parking Garage	Location	SqFt	Occupancy
Clark Garage	New Orleans, LA	6,207	34.44%
Total Parking Garage		6,207	

Retail Centers	Location	SqFt	Occupancy
Bridgeview Plaza	LaCrosse, WI	122,205	90.45%
Dunes Plaza	Michigan City, IN	220,439	22.54%
Fruitland Plaza	Fruitland Park, FL	6,722	0.00%
Total Retail Centers		349,366	

Retail Centers Subject to Sales Contract	Location	SqFt	Occupancy
Eton Square ⁽²⁾	Tulsa, OK	181,871	75.21%
Total Retail Centers Subject to Sales Contract		181,871	

Industrial Warehouses Subject to Sales Contract	Location	SqFt	Occupancy
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Thermalloy	Farmers Branch, TX	177,805	100.00%
	<i>Total Industrial Warehouses Subject to Sales Contract</i>	177,805	
	<i>Total Commercial</i>	3,631,345	

- (1) Vacant since 2005 s hurricane Katrina. Plans to renovate in the future.
- (2) Eton Square is considered one commercial property that includes both office and retail space.

Lease Expirations

The table below shows the lease expirations of the commercial properties over a ten-year period (dollars in thousands):

Year of Lease Expiration	Rentable Square Feet Subject to Expiring Leases	Current Annualized⁽¹⁾ Contractual Rent Under Expiring Leases	Current Annualized⁽¹⁾ Contractual Rent Under Expiring Leases (P.S.F.)	Percentage of Total Square Feet	Percentage of Gross Rentals
2012	465,589	\$ 8,551,296	\$ 18.37	9.4%	26.5%
2013	390,551	\$ 8,213,306	\$ 21.03	7.8%	25.5%
2014	457,973	\$ 4,143,329	\$ 9.05	9.2%	12.9%
2015	105,098	\$ 1,475,434	\$ 14.04	2.1%	4.6%
2016	436,642	\$ 3,967,917	\$ 9.09	8.8%	12.3%
2017	169,564	\$ 2,982,006	\$ 17.59	3.4%	9.3%
2018	23,098	\$ 404,350	\$ 17.51	0.5%	1.3%
2019	98,761	\$ 2,125,700	\$ 21.52	2.0%	6.6%
2020		\$	\$	0.0%	0.0%
Thereafter	20,121	\$ 349,235	\$ 17.36	0.4%	1.0%
Total	2,167,397	\$ 32,212,573		43.6%	100%

⁽¹⁾ Represents the monthly contractual base rent and recoveries from tenants under existing leases as of December 31, 2011 multiplied by twelve. This amount reflects total rent before any rent abatements and includes expense reimbursements, which may be estimates as of such date.

Land	Location	Acres
1013 Common St	New Orleans, LA	0.41
Audubon	Adams County, MS	48.20
Copperridge	Dallas, TX	3.90
Denham Springs	Denham Springs, LA	4.38
Dunes Plaza Vacant Land	Michigan City, IN	14.62
Gautier Land	Gautier, MS	40.06
Hollywood Casino Land Tract II	Farmers Branch, TX	13.85
Hunter Equities Land	Dallas, TX	2.56
Jackson Capital City Center	Jackson, MS	7.95
Kinwest Manor	Irving, TX	7.98
Lacy Longhorn Land	Farmers Branch, TX	17.12
LaDue Land	Farmers Branch, TX	8.01
Lake Shore Villas	Humble, TX	19.51
Lubbock Land	Lubbock, TX	2.86
Luna (Carr)	Farmers Branch, TX	2.60
Manhattan Land	Farmers Branch, TX	36.75
Marine Creek	Forth Worth, TX	44.17
McKinney 36	Collin County, TX	34.05
McKinney Ranch Land	McKinney, TX	169.74
Nicholson Croslin	Dallas, TX	0.80
Nicholson Mendoza	Dallas, TX	0.35
Ocean Estates	Gulfport, MS	12.00
Southwood Plantation 1394	Tallahassee, FL	14.52
Texas Plaza Land	Irving, TX	10.33
Travelers Land	Farmers Branch, TX	193.17

Land	Location	Acres
Travis Ranch Land	Kaufman County, TX	10.00
Travis Ranch Retail	Kaufman County, TX	8.13
Union Pacific Railroad Land	Dallas, TX	0.04
US Virgin Islands Land	US Virgin Islands	96.60
Valley View 34 (Mercer Crossing)	Farmers Branch, TX	2.19
Valley View/Senlac	Farmers Branch, TX	3.45
Waco 151 Land	Waco, TX	151.40
Waco Swanson	Waco, TX	340.65
Walker Land	Dallas County, TX	82.59
Willowick Land	Pensacola, TX	39.78
Windmill Farms Land	Kaufman County, TX	2,900.00
	Total Land/Development	4,344.72

Land Subject to Sales Contract	Location	Acres
Dedeaux	Gulfport, MS	10.00
Denton (Andrew B)	Denton, TX	22.90
Denton (Andrew C)	Denton, TX	5.20
Denton Coonrod	Denton, TX	82.80
Desoto Ranch	Desoto, TX	8.02
Dominion Tract	Dallas, TX	10.59
Hollywood Casino Land Tract I	Farmers Branch, TX	19.71
Luna Ventures	Farmers Branch, TX	26.74
Mansfield Land	Mansfield, TX	21.89
Pioneer Crossing Tract II	Austin, TX	38.54
Senlac Land Tract II	Farmers Branch, TX	11.94
Sheffield Village	Grand Prairie, TX	13.90
Stanley Tools	Farmers Branch, TX	23.76
Whorton Land	Bentonville, AR	79.70
	Total Land Subject to Sales Contract	375.69
	Total Land	4,720.41

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The ownership of property and provision of services to the public as tenants entails an inherent risk of liability. Although the Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various items of litigation incidental to and in the ordinary course of its business, in the opinion of Management, the outcome of such litigation will not have a material adverse impact upon the Company's financial condition, results of operation or liquidity.

During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this Report, no proceeding previously reported was terminated.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II**ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

TCI's Common Stock is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol TCI . The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices as reported in the consolidated reporting system of the NYSE for the quarters ended:

	2011		2010	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 7.20	\$ 3.26	\$ 13.13	\$ 10.58
Second Quarter	\$ 4.34	\$ 2.06	\$ 12.30	\$ 8.04
Third Quarter	\$ 3.91	\$ 1.70	\$ 10.50	\$ 8.48
Fourth Quarter	\$ 2.35	\$ 1.56	\$ 9.45	\$ 6.05

On March 22, 2012, the closing price of TCI's Common Stock as reported in the consolidated reporting system of the NYSE was \$1.86 per share, and was held by approximately 3,700 holders of record.

Performance Graph

The following performance graph compares the cumulative total stockholder return on TCI's shares of Common Stock with the Dow Jones Industrial Average (Dow Jones Industrial) and the Real Estate Investment Index (Real Estate Index). The comparison assumes that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2006, in TCI's shares of Common Stock and in each of the indices and further assumes the reinvestment of all distributions. Past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance.

\$100 invested on 12/31/06 in stock or index-including reinvestment of dividends.

Fiscal year ending December 31:

	12/06	12/07	12/08	12/09	12/10	12/11
Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.	\$ 100.00	\$ 111.22	\$ 82.73	\$ 85.68	\$ 48.27	\$ 11.80
Dow Jones Industrial	\$ 100.00	\$ 106.43	\$ 70.42	\$ 83.67	\$ 92.89	\$ 98.03
Dow Jones US Real Estate	\$ 100.00	\$ 80.15	\$ 47.65	\$ 62.22	\$ 78.76	\$ 83.12

TCI's Board of Directors established a policy that dividend declarations on common stock would be determined on an annual basis following the end of each year. No dividends on TCI's common stock were declared for 2011, 2010, or 2009. Future distributions to common stockholders will be determined by the Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including the Company's financial condition and requirements, future prospects, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board.

In December 1989, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program, authorizing the repurchase of a total of 687,000 shares of TCI s Common Stock. In June 2000, the Board increased this authorization to 1,387,000 shares. On August 10, 2010, the Board of Directors approved an increase in the share repurchase program for up to an additional 250,000 shares of common stock which results in a total authorization under the repurchase program for up to 1,637,000 shares of our common stock. This repurchase program has no termination date. The following table represents shares repurchased during each of the three months of the last quarter ended December 31, 2011:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Program
Balance at September 30, 2011			1,230,535	406,465
October 31, 2011		\$	1,230,535	406,465
November 30, 2011		\$	1,230,535	406,465
December 31, 2011		\$	1,230,535	406,465
Total				

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.**

	2011	For the Years Ended December 31,			2007
		2010	2009	2008	
	(dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)				
EARNINGS DATA					
Total operating revenues	\$ 114,087	\$ 110,281	\$ 107,286	\$ 96,583	\$ 78,600
Total operating expenses	145,038	126,888	147,623	104,626	87,488
Operating loss	(30,951)	(16,607)	(40,337)	(8,043)	(8,888)
Other expenses	(45,535)	(42,569)	(45,314)	(48,731)	(9,671)
Loss before gain on land sales, non-controlling interest, and income tax benefit	(76,486)	(59,176)	(85,651)	(56,774)	(18,559)
Gain (loss) on land sales	17,011	(15,155)	6,296	4,798	
Income tax benefit	4,505	2,563	(76)	39,246	8,251
Net loss from continuing operations	(54,970)	(71,768)	(79,431)	(12,730)	(10,308)
Net income (loss) from discontinuing operations, net of non-controlling interest	8,367	4,670	(142)	44,285	21,369
Net income (loss)	(46,603)	(67,098)	(79,573)	31,555	11,061
Net (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interest	282	(98)	(125)	654	50
Net income (loss) attributable to Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.	(46,321)	(67,196)	(79,698)	32,209	11,111
Preferred dividend requirement	(1,110)	(1,073)	(1,023)	(975)	(925)
Net income (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (47,431)	\$ (68,269)	\$ (80,721)	\$ 31,234	\$ 10,186
PER SHARE DATA					
Earnings per share basic					
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (6.67)	\$ (8.99)	\$ (9.93)	\$ (1.61)	\$ (1.41)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1.00	0.58	(0.02)	5.48	2.69
Net income (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (5.66)	\$ (8.41)	\$ (9.95)	\$ 3.87	\$ 1.28
Weighted average common share used in computing earnings per share	8,370,729	8,113,575	8,113,669	8,086,640	7,953,676
Earnings per share diluted					
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (6.67)	\$ (8.99)	\$ (9.93)	\$ (1.61)	\$ (1.41)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1.00	0.58	(0.02)	5.48	2.69
Net income (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (5.66)	\$ (8.41)	\$ (9.95)	\$ 3.87	\$ 1.28
Weighted average common share used in computing diluted earnings per share	8,370,729	8,113,575	8,113,669	8,086,640	8,188,602
BALANCE SHEET DATA					
Real estate, net	\$ 988,339	\$ 1,213,114	\$ 1,447,184	\$ 1,480,791	\$ 1,364,426
Notes and interest receivable, net	77,371	67,025	45,247	39,120	32,699
Total assets	1,160,324	1,384,761	1,608,287	1,640,067	1,521,189
Notes and interest payables	884,305	1,022,015	1,188,625	1,168,015	1,177,586
Stockholders' equity	141,284	183,448	245,416	324,696	287,102

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Book value per share	\$	16.88	\$	22.61	\$	30.25	\$	40.15	\$	36.10
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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

The Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, principally, but not only, under the captions Business, Risk Factors and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements in this report, or which management may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on management's beliefs and on assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words anticipate, believe, expect, intend, may, might, plan, estimate, project, should, will, result and similar expressions which refer to historical matters are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. We caution you that, while forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs when we make them, they are not guarantees of future performance and are impacted by actual events when they occur after we make such statements. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

general risks affecting the real estate industry (including, without limitation, the inability to enter into or renew leases, dependence on tenants' financial condition, and competition from other developers, owners and operators of real estate);

risks associated with the availability and terms of financing and the use of debt to fund acquisitions and developments;

failure to manage effectively our growth and expansion into new markets or to integrate acquisitions successfully;

risks and uncertainties affecting property development and construction (including, without limitation, construction delays, cost overruns, inability to obtain necessary permits and public opposition to such activities);

risks associated with downturns in the national and local economies, increases in interest rates, and volatility in the securities markets;

costs of compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and other similar laws and regulations;

potential liability for uninsured losses and environmental contamination;

risks associated with our dependence on key personnel whose continued service is not guaranteed; and

the other risk factors identified in this Form 10-K, including those described under the caption Risk Factors.

The risks included here are not exhaustive. Other sections of this report, including Part I Item 1A. Risk Factors, include additional factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all such risk factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual

results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. Investors should also refer to our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for future periods and current reports on Form 8-K as we file them with the SEC, and to other materials we may furnish to the public from time to time through Forms 8-K or otherwise.

Overview

We are an externally advised and managed real estate investment company that owns a diverse portfolio of income-producing properties and land held for development. The Company's portfolio of income-producing properties includes residential apartment communities, office buildings and other commercial properties. Our investment strategy includes acquiring existing income-producing properties as well as developing new properties on land already owned or acquired for a specific development project. We acquire land primarily in in-fill locations or high-growth suburban markets. We are an active buyer and seller and during 2011 acquired \$45.5 million and sold \$288.5 million of land and income-producing properties. As of December 31, 2011, we owned 9,317 units in 50 residential apartment communities, 16 commercial properties comprising approximately 3.6 million rentable square feet. In addition, we own 4,720 acres of land held for development. The Company currently owns income-producing properties and land in 13 states as well as in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

We finance our acquisitions primarily through operating cash flow, proceeds from the sale of land and income-producing properties and debt financing primarily in the form of property-specific first-lien mortgage loans from commercial banks and institutional lenders. We finance our development projects principally with short-term, variable interest rate construction loans that are converted to long-term, fixed rate amortizing mortgages when the development project is completed and occupancy has been stabilized. The Company will, from time to time, also enter into partnerships with various investors to acquire income-producing properties or land and to sell interests in certain of its wholly-owned properties. When the Company sells assets, it may carry a portion of the sales price generally in the form of a short-term, interest bearing seller-financed note receivable. The Company generates operating revenues primarily by leasing apartment units to residents; leasing office, retail and industrial space to commercial tenants.

We have historically engaged in and may continue to engage in certain business transactions with related parties, including but not limited to asset acquisition and dispositions. Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's length basis due to the absence of free market forces that naturally exist in business dealings between two or more unrelated entities. Related party transactions may not always be favorable to our business and may include terms, conditions and agreements that are not necessarily beneficial to or in our best interest.

Prior to April 30, 2011, we were advised by Prime under a contractual arrangement that is reviewed annually by our Board of Directors. Effective April 30, 2011, Pillar became the Company's external Advisor and Cash Manager under the same terms as the previous agreement with Prime. Prior to December 31, 2010, Triad Realty Services, L.P. (Triad) managed the Company's commercial properties and Regis Realty I, LLC (Regis I) provided brokerage services. Triad and Regis I are affiliates of Prime. Effective January 1, 2011, Regis Realty Prime, LLC (Regis), an affiliate of Pillar, manages our commercial properties and provides brokerage services under the same terms as the previous agreements with Triad and Regis I for a term of five years. We currently contract with third-party companies to lease and manage our apartment communities.

Critical Accounting Policies

We present our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) completed its accounting guidance codification project. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) became effective for our financial statements issued subsequent to June 30, 2009 and is the single source of authoritative

accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. As of the effective date, we no longer refer to the authoritative guidance dictating its accounting methodologies under the previous accounting standards hierarchy. Instead, we refer to the ASC Codification as the sole source of authoritative literature.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include our accounts, our subsidiaries, generally all of which are wholly-owned, and all entities in which we have a controlling interest. Arrangements that are not controlled through voting or similar rights are accounted for as a Variable Interest Entity (VIE), in accordance with the provisions and guidance of ASC Topic 810 Consolidation, whereby we have determined that we are a primary beneficiary of the VIE and meet certain criteria of a sole general partner or managing member as identified in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 04-5, Investor's Accounting for an Investment in a Limited Partnership when the Investor is the Sole General Partner and the Limited Partners have Certain Rights (EITF 04-5). VIEs are generally entities that lack sufficient equity to finance their activities without additional financial support from other parties or whose equity holders as a group lack adequate decision making ability, the obligation to absorb expected losses or residual returns of the entity, or have voting rights that are not proportional to their economic interests. The primary beneficiary generally is the entity that provides financial support and bears a majority of the financial risks, authorizes certain capital transactions, or makes operating decisions that materially affect the entity's financial results. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, we consider qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to: the amount and characteristics of our investment; the obligation or likelihood for us or other investors to provide financial support; our and the other investors' ability to control or significantly influence key decisions for the VIE; and the similarity with and significance to the business activities of us and the other investors. Significant judgments related to these determinations include estimates about the current future fair values and performance of real estate held by these VIEs and general market conditions.

For entities in which we have less than a controlling financial interest or entities where we are not deemed to be the primary beneficiary, the entities are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, our share of the net earnings or losses of these entities are included in consolidated net income. TCI's investments in ARL and Garden Centura, L.P. are accounted for under the equity method. On December 28, 2011, we sold our investment in Garden Centura, L.P.

Real Estate

Upon acquisitions of real estate, we assess the fair value of acquired tangible and intangible assets, including land, buildings, tenant improvements, above- and below-market leases, origination costs, acquired in-place leases, other identified intangible assets and assumed liabilities in accordance with ASC Topic 805 Business Combinations, and allocate the purchase price to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities, including land at appraised value and buildings at replacement cost.

We assess and consider fair value based on estimated cash flow projections that utilize appropriate discount and/or capitalization rates, as well as available market information. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including the historical operating results, known and anticipated trends, and market and economic conditions. The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property considers the value of the property as if it were vacant. We also consider an allocation of purchase price of other acquired intangibles, including acquired in-place leases that may have a customer relationship intangible value, including (but not limited to) the nature and extent of the existing relationship with the tenants, the tenants' credit quality and expectations of lease renewals. Based on our acquisitions to date, our allocation to customer relationship intangible assets has been immaterial.

We record acquired above- and below-market leases at their fair values (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) equal to the difference between (1) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to each in-place lease and (2) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for each corresponding in-place lease, measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above-market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options for below-market leases.

Other intangible assets acquired include amounts for in-place lease values that are based on our evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease. Factors to be considered include estimates of carrying costs during hypothetical expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions, and costs to execute similar leases. In estimating carrying costs, we include real estate taxes, insurance and other operating expenses and estimates of lost rentals at market rates during the expected lease-up periods, depending on local market conditions. In estimating costs to execute similar leases, we consider leasing commissions, legal and other related expenses.

Acquisitions from our parent, ARL, have previously been reflected at the fair value purchase price. Upon discussion with the SEC and in review of the guidance pursuant to ASC 250-10-45-22 to 24, we have adjusted those assets, in the current year, to reflect a basis equal to ARL's cost basis in the asset at the time of the sale. The affiliate payables to ARL were reduced for the lower asset price.

Depreciation and Impairment

Real estate is stated at depreciated cost. The cost of buildings and improvements includes the purchase price of property, legal fees and other acquisition costs. Costs directly related to the development of properties are capitalized. Capitalized development costs include interest, property taxes, insurance, and other project costs incurred during the period of development.

Management reviews its long-lived assets used in operations for impairment when there is an event or change in circumstances that indicates impairment in value. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of its assets is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. If such impairment is present, an impairment loss is recognized based on the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its fair value. The evaluation of anticipated cash flows is highly subjective and is based in part on assumptions regarding future occupancy, rental rates and capital requirements that could differ materially from actual results in future periods. If we determine that impairment has occurred, the affected assets must be reduced to their face value.

ASC Topic 360 Property, Plant and Equipment requires that qualifying assets and liabilities and the results of operations that have been sold, or otherwise qualify as held for sale, be presented as discontinued operations in all periods presented if the property operations are expected to be eliminated and the Company will not have significant continuing involvement following the sale. The components of the property's net income that is reflected as discontinued operations include the net gain (or loss) upon the disposition of the property held for sale, operating results, depreciation and interest expense (if the property is subject to a secured loan). We generally consider assets to be held for sale when the transaction has been approved by our Board of Directors, or a committee thereof, and there are no known significant contingencies relating to the sale, such that the property sale within one year is considered probable. Following the classification of a property as held for sale, no further depreciation is recorded on the assets.

A variety of costs are incurred in the acquisition, development and leasing of properties. After determination is made to capitalize a cost, it is allocated to the specific component of a project that is benefited. Determination of when a development project is substantially complete and capitalization must cease involves a degree of judgment. Our capitalization policy on development properties is guided by ASC Topic 835-20 Interest Capitalization of Interest and ASC Topic 970 Real Estate - General. The costs of land and buildings under development include specifically identifiable costs. The capitalized costs include pre-construction costs essential to the development of the property, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, salaries

and related costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. We consider a construction project as substantially completed and held available for occupancy upon the receipt of certificates of occupancy, but no later than one year from cessation of major construction activity. We cease capitalization on the portion (1) substantially completed and (2) occupied or held available for occupancy, and we capitalize only those costs associated with the portion under construction.

Investment in Unconsolidated Real Estate Ventures

Except for ownership interests in variable interest entities, we account for our investments in unconsolidated real estate ventures under the equity method of accounting because the Company exercises significant influence over, but does not control, these entities. These investments are recorded initially at cost, as investments in unconsolidated real estate ventures, and subsequently adjusted for equity in earnings and cash contributions and distributions. Any difference between the carrying amount of these investments on the Company's balance sheet and the underlying equity in net assets is amortized as an adjustment to equity in earnings of unconsolidated real estate ventures over the life of the related asset. Under the equity method of accounting, our net equity is reflected within the Consolidated Balance Sheets, and our share of net income or loss from the joint ventures is included within the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The joint venture agreements may designate different percentage allocations among investors for profits and losses; however, our recognition of joint venture income or loss generally follows the joint venture's distribution priorities, which may change upon the achievement of certain investment return thresholds. For ownership interests in variable interest entities, the Company consolidates those in which we are the primary beneficiary.

Recognition of Rental Income

Rental income for commercial property leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the respective lease terms. In accordance with ASC Topic 805, we recognize rental revenue of acquired in-place above- and below-market leases at their fair values over the terms of the respective leases. On our Consolidated Balance Sheets, we include as a receivable the excess of rental income recognized over rental payments actually received pursuant to the terms of the individual commercial lease agreements.

Reimbursements of operating costs, as allowed under most of our commercial tenant leases, consist of amounts due from tenants for common area maintenance, real estate taxes and other recoverable costs, and are recognized as revenue in the period in which the recoverable expenses are incurred. We record these reimbursements on a gross basis, since we generally are the primary obligor with respect to purchasing goods and services from third-party suppliers; we have discretion in selecting the supplier and have the credit risk with respect to paying the supplier.

Rental income for residential property leases is recorded when due from residents and is recognized monthly as earned, which is not materially different than on a straight-line basis as lease terms are generally for periods of one year or less. An allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded for all past due rents and operating expense reimbursements considered to be uncollectible.

Revenue Recognition on the Sale of Real Estate

Sales and the associated gains or losses of real estate assets are recognized in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 360-20, Property, Plant and Equipment Real Estate Sale. The specific timing of a sale is measured against various criteria in ASC 360-20 related to the terms of the transaction and any continuing involvement in the form of management or financial assistance associated with the properties. If the sales criteria for the full accrual method are not met, we defer some or all of the gain recognition and account for the continued operations of the property by applying the finance, leasing, deposit, installment or cost recovery methods, as appropriate, until the sales criteria are met.

Non-performing Notes Receivable

We consider a note receivable to be non-performing when the maturity date has passed without principal repayment and the borrower is not making interest payments in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Interest Recognition on Notes Receivable

For notes other than surplus cash notes, we record interest income as earned in accordance with the terms of the related loan agreements. On cash flow notes where payments are based upon surplus cash from operations, accrued but unpaid interest income is only recognized to the extent cash is received.

Allowance for Estimated Losses

We assess the collectability of notes receivable on a periodic basis, of which the assessment consists primarily of an evaluation of cash flow projections of the borrower to determine whether estimated cash flows are sufficient to repay principal and interest in accordance with the contractual terms of the note. We recognize impairments on notes receivable when it is probable that principal and interest will not be received in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. The amount of the impairment to be recognized generally is based on the fair value of the partnership's real estate that represents the primary source of loan repayment. See Note 3 Notes and Interest Receivable for details on our Notes Receivable.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We apply the guidance in ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to the valuation of real estate assets. These provisions define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establish a hierarchy that prioritizes the information used in developing fair value estimates and require disclosure of fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3 measurements), such as the reporting entity's own data.

The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date and includes three levels defined as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical and unrestricted assets or liabilities in active markets.
 - Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
 - Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement.
- A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Results of Operations

The discussion of our results of operations is based on management's review of operations, which is based on our segments. Our segments consist of apartments, commercial buildings, land and other. For discussion purposes, we break these segments down into the following sub-categories; same property portfolio, acquired properties, and developed properties in the lease-up phase. The same property portfolio consists of properties that were held by us for the entire period for both years being compared. The acquired property portfolio consists of properties that we acquired but have not held for the entire period for both periods being compared. Developed properties in the lease-up phase consist of completed projects that are being leased-up. As we complete each

phase of the project, we lease-up that phase and include those revenues in our continued operations. Once a developed property becomes leased-up and is held the entire period for both years under comparison, it is considered to be included in the same property portfolio. Income producing properties that we have sold during the year are reclassified to discontinuing operations for all periods presented.

The following discussion is based on our Consolidated Statements of Operations Years Ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 as included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data. The prior year's property portfolios have been adjusted for subsequent sales. Continued operations relates to income producing properties that were held during those years as adjusted for sales in the subsequent years.

At December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, we owned or had interests in a portfolio of 66, 72 and 86 income producing properties, respectively. For discussion purposes, we broke this out between continued operations and discontinued operations. The total property portfolio represents all income producing properties held as of December 31 for the year end presented. Sales subsequent to year end represent properties that were held as of year-end for the years presented, but sold in the next year. Continued operations represents all properties that have not been reclassified to discontinued operations as of December 31, 2011 for the year presented. The table below shows the number of income producing properties held by year:

	2011	2010	2009
Continued operations	65	58	59
Sales subsequent to year end	1	14	27
Total property portfolio	66	72	86

Comparison of the year ended December 31, 2011 to the same period ended 2010:

We had a net loss applicable to common shares of \$47.4 million in 2011, which includes gain on land sales of \$17.0 million and net income from discontinued operations of \$8.4 million, as compared to the prior year net loss applicable to common shares of \$68.3 million, which includes loss on land sales of \$15.2 million and net gain from discontinued operations of \$4.7 million. This was offset by an increase in provision on impairment of investment in real estate partnerships and real estate assets.

Revenues

Rental and other property revenues were \$114.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents an increase of \$3.8 million, as compared to the prior year revenues of \$110.3 million. This change, by segment, is an increase in the apartment portfolio of \$9.6 million, offset by a decrease in the commercial portfolio of \$5.8 million. Within the apartment portfolio, the same property portfolio increased by \$3.3 million, the acquired properties increased by \$1.5 million and the developed properties increased by \$4.8 million. Within the commercial portfolio, the same property portfolio decreased by \$5.8 million due to an increase in vacancy, which we attribute to the current state of the economy. We have directed our efforts to apartment development and put some additional land projects on hold until the economic conditions turn around. We are also continuing to market our properties aggressively to attract new tenants and strive for continuous improvement of our properties in order to maintain our existing tenants.

Expense

Property operating expenses were \$63.5 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents an increase of \$1.4 million as compared to the prior year operating expenses of \$62.1 million. This change, by segment, is an increase in the apartment portfolio of \$3.3 million offset by a decrease in the land and other portfolio of \$1.0 million and a decrease in the commercial portfolio of \$0.9 million. The decrease in the land portfolio was due to land sales. Within the apartment portfolio, the same apartment properties decreased \$0.2 million due to lower overall operating costs and additional repair and maintenance. The developed apartments increased expenses by \$2.4 million and the acquired properties increased expenses by \$1.1 million.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$20.6 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents a decrease of \$1.6 million, as compared to the prior year expense of \$22.2 million. This change, by segment, is an increase in the apartment portfolio of \$0.8 million offset by a decrease in the commercial portfolio of \$2.4 million. Within the apartment portfolio, the same property portfolio decreased by \$0.5 million, the acquired properties increased by \$0.1 million and the developed properties in the lease-up phase increased by \$1.2 million. Once the apartment complex is considered stabilized, we begin to depreciate the assets.

General and administrative expenses were \$9.2 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents an increase of \$1.1 million as compared to the prior year expenses of \$8.1 million. This change is due to an increase in administrative expenses and professional services.

The current year provision on impairment of notes receivable, investment in real estate partnerships, and real estate assets was \$41.8 million. This was an increase of \$19.2 million as compared to the prior year expense of \$22.6 million. In the current year, impairment was recorded as an additional loss in the investment portfolio of \$5.2 in apartments we currently hold, \$5.3 million in commercial properties we currently hold, \$22.4 million in land we currently hold, \$0.4 million in impairment on our investments in unconsolidated entities, and the remainder was land sold during the current period or subsequent to year end. The majority of the impairment losses were taken on the properties that are treated as subject to sales contract where, subsequent to the sale to a related party under common control, negotiations have occurred for the property ownership to transfer to the lender and estimated current property values are lower than our current basis. In the prior year, impairment was recorded as an additional loss in the investment portfolio of \$18.3 million in land we sold during the current period or subsequent to year end and \$4.3 million in impairment on notes receivable.

Other income (expense)

Other income was \$2.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents a decrease of \$6.3 million as compared to the prior year income of \$8.4 million. The decrease was due to revenue received in prior year from an incentive fee from Regis I.

Interest income was \$5.7 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents an increase of \$0.5 million, as compared to the prior year income of \$5.2 million. This change was due to the receipt of interest payments due on our Unified Housing surplus cash flow notes. Interest is recognized when interest payments are received.

Mortgage and loan interest expense was \$53.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. This represents a decrease of \$2.1 million, as compared to the prior year expense of \$55.2 million. This change, by segment, is a decrease in the commercial portfolio of \$0.2 million, a decrease in the land and other portfolio of \$1.5 million and a decrease in the apartment portfolio of \$0.4 million. Within the apartment portfolio, the same apartment portfolio decreased \$3.3 million, the acquired properties increased by \$0.3 million and the developed properties increased \$2.6 million due to properties in the lease-up phase. Once an apartment is completed, the interest expense is no longer capitalized. The decrease in the land and other portfolio was due to land sales.

Gain on land sales increased in the current year. In the current year, we sold 3,809.49 acres of land in 34 separate transactions for an aggregate sales price of \$163.1 million and recorded a gain of \$17.0 million. The average sales price was \$42,801 per acre. In the prior year, we sold 1,227.53 acres of land in 13 separate transactions for an aggregate sales price of \$23.1 million, receiving \$8,984 in cash and recorded a loss of \$15.1 million. The average sales price was \$18,823 per acre.

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations relates to properties that were either sold or held for sale as of the respective year end. Included in discontinued operations are a total of 13 and 22 income-producing properties as of 2011 and 2010, respectively and one held for sale as of 2011. In 2011, we sold 11 commercial properties (Addison Hanger I, Addison Hanger II, Alpenloan, Fenton Center, One Hickory, Parkway North, Signature, Teleport Blvd, Two Hickory, Westgrove Air Plaza and Willowbrook Village), one apartment complex (Spyglass), 13 acres of land with a storage warehouse (Eagle Crest), and one apartment complex held for sale (Wildflower Villas). In 2010, we sold seven apartment complexes (Baywalk, Foxwood, Island Bay, Kingsland Ranch, Longfellow Arms, Marina Landing and Mason Park), one commercial building (217 Rampart), and transferred our limited partnership interest in a consolidated entity that owned an apartment complex (Quail Oaks). In addition, we recognized the deferred gains on the sales of six apartment complexes (Bridges on Kinsey, Limestone Canyon, Limestone Ranch, Longfellow Arms, Sendero Ridge and Tivoli) and four commercial properties (2010 Valley View, Cullman Shopping Center, Kmart Cary and Parkway Centre) that were sold in prior years in accordance with the requirements per ASC Topic 360-20 Property, Plant, and Equipment Real Estate Sales. The gains on sale of the properties sold are also included in the discontinued operations for those years as shown in the table below (dollars in thousands):

	For Years Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
Revenues		
Rental	\$ 10,685	\$ 30,850
Property operations	6,492	17,465
	4,193	13,385
Expenses		
Other income	49	3,697
Interest	(3,509)	(12,303)
General and administration	(966)	(530)
Depreciation	(2,416)	(6,125)
Provision on impairment of real estate assets	(3,231)	(1,923)
	(10,073)	(17,184)
Net loss from discontinued operations before gains on sale of real estate, taxes and fees	(5,880)	(3,799)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	18,300	10,781
Equity in investee	452	203
Income from discontinued operations	12,872	7,185
Tax expense	(4,505)	(2,515)
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 8,367	\$ 4,670

Comparison of the year ended December 31, 2010 to the same period ended 2009:

We had a net loss applicable to common shares of \$68.3 million in 2010, which includes loss on land sales of \$15.2 million and net income from discontinued operations of \$4.7 million, as compared to the prior year net loss applicable to common shares of \$80.7 million, which includes gain on land sales of \$6.3 million and net loss from discontinued operations of \$0.1 million. The majority of the decrease in our net loss applicable to common shares is primarily due to our impairment on notes receivable and real estate assets of \$22.6 million in 2010, as compared to \$42.5 million in the prior year. This was offset by other income received from an incentive fee from Regis I.

Revenues

Rental and other property revenues were \$110.3 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents an increase of \$3.0 million, as compared to the prior year revenues of \$107.3 million. This change, by segment, is an increase in the apartment portfolio of \$3.0 million, an increase in the other portfolio of \$1.4 million, offset by a decrease in the commercial portfolio of \$1.3 million and a decrease in the land portfolio of \$0.1 million. Within the apartment portfolio, the same property portfolio decreased by \$0.2 million and the developed properties increased by \$3.2 million. Within the commercial portfolio, the same property portfolio decreased by \$1.3 million due to an increase in vacancy which we attribute to the current state of the economy. We have directed our efforts to apartment development and put some additional land projects on hold until the economic conditions turn around. We are also continuing to market our properties aggressively to attract new tenants and strive for continuous improvement of our properties in order to maintain our existing tenants.

Expenses

Property operating expenses were \$62.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents an increase of \$0.1 million as compared to the prior year operating expenses of \$62.0 million. This change, by segment, is an increase in the land and other portfolio of \$1.1 million offset by a decrease in the apartment portfolio of \$1.0 million. The increase within the land portfolio was primarily due to an adjustment in 2009 to correct over accrual of 2008 real estate property taxes, resulting in recording lower operating expenses in 2009. Within the apartment portfolio, the same apartment properties decreased \$1.5 million due to lower overall operating costs and additional repair and maintenance. The developed apartments increased expenses by \$0.5 million.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$22.2 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents an increase of \$1.7 million, as compared to the prior year expense of \$20.5 million. This increase in the apartment portfolio was mainly from our developed properties in the lease-up phase. Once the apartment complex is considered stabilized, we begin to depreciate the assets.

General and administrative expenses were \$8.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents a decrease of \$2.6 million as compared to the prior year expenses of \$10.7 million. This change is due to a reduction in administrative expenses and cost reimbursements to our Advisor, in addition to reductions in professional services.

The 2010 provision on impairment of notes receivable, investment in real estate partnerships, and real estate assets was \$22.6 million. This was a decrease of \$19.9 million as compared to the prior year expense of \$42.5 million. In 2010, impairment was recorded as an additional loss in the investment portfolio of \$18.3 million in land we sold subsequent to year end and \$4.3 million in impairment on notes receivable. In 2009, impairment was recorded as an additional loss in the investment portfolio of \$1.9 million in commercial properties we currently hold, \$2.4 million in land we currently hold and the remainder was land sold during the current period or subsequent to year end.

Other income (expense)

Other income was \$8.4 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents an increase of \$5.4 million as compared to the prior year income of \$3.0 million. The increase was due to revenue received from a consulting agreement with EurEnergy Resources Poland Sp.zoo.o. and an incentive fee from Regis I.

Interest income was \$5.2 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents a decrease of \$0.2 million, as compared to the prior year income of \$5.4 million. This change was due to the receipt of interest payments due on our Unified Housing surplus cash flow notes. Interest is recognized when interest payments are received.

Mortgage and loan interest expense was \$55.2 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010. This represents an increase of \$1.6 million, as compared to the prior year expense of \$53.6 million. This change,

by segment, is an increase in the apartment portfolio of \$3.4 million, an increase in the commercial portfolio of \$0.4 million, a decrease in the land portfolio of \$4.3 million and an increase in the other portfolio of \$2.1 million. Within the apartment portfolio, the same apartment portfolio increased \$1.6 million and the developed properties increased \$1.8 million due to properties in the lease-up phase. Once an apartment is completed, the interest expense is no longer capitalized. The land portfolio decrease was due to land sales.

Gain on land sales decreased by \$21.4 million. This decrease was in part due to the overall economic environment which, among other issues, resulted in the tightening of the credit markets, causing an inability of potential buyers to obtain financing. Thus, we have found it difficult to complete land transactions. In 2010, we sold 1,227.53 acres of land in 13 separate transactions for an aggregate sales price of \$23.1 million, receiving \$8,984 in cash and recorded a loss of \$15.1 million. The average sales price was \$18,823 per acre. In 2009, we sold 857.12 acres of land in seven separate transactions for an aggregate sales price of \$36.7 million, receiving \$9.5 million in cash and recorded a gain on sale of \$6.3 million. The average sales price was \$42,818 per acre.

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations relates to properties that were either sold or held for sale. Included in discontinued operations are a total of 23 and 29 income-producing properties as of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The prior periods discontinued operations have been adjusted to reflect properties held during those years that were subsequently sold or held for sale as of December 31, 2011. In 2010, we sold seven apartment complexes (Baywalk, Foxwood, Island Bay, Kingsland Ranch, Longfellow Arms, Marina Landing and Mason Park), one commercial building (217 Rampart) and transferred our limited partnership interest in a consolidated entity that owned an apartment complex (Quail Oaks). In addition, we also recognized the gains on the sales of four apartment complexes (Limestone Canyon, Limestone Ranch, Sendero Ridge and Tivoli) that were sold in the prior year in accordance with the requirements per ASC Topic 360-20 Property, Plant, and Equipment Real Estate Sales. In 2009, we sold one apartment complex (Bridges on Kinsey), and five commercial properties (2010 Valley View, 5000 Space Center, 5360 Tulane, Cullman Shopping Center and Parkway Centre). These were reclassified to prior year discontinued operations. 2010 Valley View and Parkway Centre operations began on July 17, 2009, when TCI began consolidating IOT. The gains on sale of the properties sold are also included in the discontinued operations for those years as shown in the table below (dollars in thousands):

	For Years Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009
Revenue		
Rental	\$ 30,850	\$ 48,778
Property operations	17,465	25,433
	13,385	23,345
Expenses		
Other income	3,697	702
Litigation settlement		(1)
Interest	(12,303)	(18,229)
General and administration	(530)	(381)
Depreciation	(6,125)	(9,342)
Provision on impairment of real estate assets	(1,923)	
	(17,184)	(27,251)
Net loss from discontinued operations before gains on sale of real estate, taxes and fees	(3,799)	(3,906)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	10,781	3,524
Equity in investee	203	164
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	7,185	(218)
Tax expense	(2,515)	76
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 4,670	\$ (142)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our principal liquidity needs are:

fund normal recurring expenses;

meet debt service and principal repayment obligations including balloon payments on maturing debt;

fund capital expenditures, including tenant improvements and leasing costs;

fund development costs not covered under construction loans; and

fund possible property acquisitions.

Our principal sources of cash have been and will continue to be:

property operations;

proceeds from land and income-producing property sales;

collection of mortgage notes receivable;

collections of receivables from affiliated companies;

refinancing of existing mortgage notes payable; and

additional borrowings, including mortgage notes payable, and lines of credit.

It is important to realize that the current status of the banking industry has had a significant effect on our industry. The banks' willingness and/or ability to originate loans affects our ability to buy and sell property, and refinance existing debt. We are unable to foresee the extent and length of this down-turn. A continued and extended decline could materially impact our cash flows. We draw on multiple financing sources to fund our long-term capital needs. We generally fund our development projects with construction loans, which are converted to traditional mortgages upon completion of the project.

We may also issue additional equity securities, including common stock and preferred stock. Management anticipates that our cash as of December 31, 2011, along with cash that will be generated in 2012 from property operations, may not be sufficient to meet all of our cash requirements. Management intends to selectively sell land and income-producing assets, refinance or extend real estate debt and seek additional borrowings secured by real estate to meet its liquidity requirements. Although history cannot predict the future, historically, we have been successful at refinancing and extending a portion of the Company's current maturity obligations.

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Management reviews the carrying values of TCI's properties and mortgage notes receivable at least annually and whenever events or a change in circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. Impairment is considered to exist if, in the case of a property, the future cash flow from the property (undiscounted and without interest) is less than the carrying amount of the property. For notes receivable, impairment is considered to exist if it is probable that all amounts due under the terms of the note will not be collected. If impairment is found to exist, a provision for loss is recorded by a charge against earnings. The note receivable review includes an evaluation of the collateral property securing such note. The property review generally includes: (1) selective property inspections; (2) a review of the property's current rents compared to market rents; (3) a review of the property's expenses; (4) a review of maintenance requirements; (5) a review of the property's cash flow; (6) discussions with the manager of the property; and (7) a review of properties in the surrounding area.

Cash flow summary

The following summary discussion of our cash flows is based on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in Part II, Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data and is not meant to be an all inclusive discussion of the changes in our cash flows for the periods presented below (dollars in thousands):

	2011	2010	Variance
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,538	\$ (7,198)	\$ 13,736
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 149,782	\$ 185,823	\$ (36,041)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (147,588)	\$ (173,031)	\$ 25,443

The primary use of cash for operations is daily operating costs, general and administrative expenses, advisory fees, and land holding costs. Our primary source of cash from operating activities is from rental income on properties. In addition, we have an affiliated account in which excess cash is transferred to or from. The majority of the overall increase in cash provided by operating activities is due to the reduction in obligations to our affiliates.

Our primary cash outlays for investing activities are for construction and development, acquisition of land and income producing properties, and capital improvements to existing properties. We used \$46.8 million on construction and development of five apartment projects during 2011. This is an increase of \$8.5 million from the prior year. We have discontinued certain projects and put some projects on hold, while continuing to development our apartment properties. We acquired approximately 2900 acres of land during 2011. We continue to make capital improvements on our existing properties but spent significantly less in 2011 on land development than in the prior year. Our primary sources of cash from investing activities are from the proceeds on the sale of land and income producing properties. We sold 1 apartment complex and twelve commercial buildings, providing over \$116.9 million of sales proceeds along with 3,809.49 acres of land sales of providing \$122.7 million of sales proceeds. The majority of the sales proceeds were used to cover the loan obligations. Sales proceeds are gross of the loan assumptions.

Our primary sources of cash from financing activities are from proceeds on notes payables. Our primary cash outlays are for recurring debt payments and payments on maturing notes payable. Proceeds from notes payable associated with the new loans and refinancing provided \$117.4 million. We used \$16.4 million to make recurring note payments, \$120.9 million for maturing notes, including payoffs required on sold properties and \$126.6 million assumption of debt related to the sales of income producing properties and land.

Equity Investments.

TCI has from time to time purchased shares of IOT and ARL. The Company may purchase additional equity securities of IOT and ARL through open market and negotiated transactions to the extent TCI's liquidity permits.

Equity securities of ARL and IOT held by TCI may be deemed restricted securities under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933 (Securities Act). Accordingly, TCI may be unable to sell such equity securities other than in a registered public offering or pursuant to an exemption under the Securities Act for a one-year period after they are acquired. Such restrictions may reduce TCI's ability to realize the full fair value of such investments if TCI attempted to dispose of such securities in a short period of time.

Contractual Obligations

We have contractual obligations and commitments primarily with regards to the payment of mortgages. The following table aggregates our expected contractual obligations and commitments and includes items not accrued, per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, through the term of the obligation such as interest expense and operating leases. Our aggregate obligations subsequent to December 31, 2011 are shown in the table below (dollars in thousands):

	Total	2012	2013	2014-2016	Thereafter
Long-term debt obligation ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,551,053	\$ 239,184	\$ 131,552	\$ 138,762	\$ 1,041,555
Capital lease obligation					
Operating lease obligation	46,426	682	692	2,135	42,917
Purchase obligation					
Other long-term debt liabilities reflected on the Registrant's Balance Sheet under GAAP					
Total	\$ 1,597,479	\$ 239,866	\$ 132,244	\$ 140,897	\$ 1,084,472

⁽¹⁾ TCI's long-term debt may contain financial covenants that, if certain thresholds are not met, could allow the lender to accelerate principal payments or cause the note to become due immediately.

Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, TCI may be potentially liable for removal or remediation costs, as well as certain other potential costs, relating to hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property) where property-level managers have arranged for the removal, disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances. In addition, certain environmental laws impose liability for release of asbestos-containing materials into the air, and third parties may seek recovery for personal injury associated with such materials.

Management is not aware of any environmental liability relating to the above matters that would have a material adverse effect on TCI's business, assets or results of operations.

Inflation

The effects of inflation on TCI's operations are not quantifiable. Revenues from property operations tend to fluctuate proportionately with inflationary increases and decreases in housing costs. Fluctuations in the rate of inflation also affect sales values of properties and the ultimate gain to be realized from property sales. To the extent that inflation affects interest rates, TCI's earnings from short-term investments, the cost of new financings and the cost of variable interest rate debt will be affected.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

TCI's primary market risk exposure consists of changes in interest rates on borrowings under our debt instruments that bear interest at variable rates that fluctuate with market interest rates and maturing debt that has to be refinanced. TCI's future operations, cash flow and fair values of financial instruments are also partially dependent on the then existing market interest rates and market equity prices.

As of December 31, 2011, our \$868.3 million debt portfolio consisted of approximately \$681.6 million of fixed-rate debt and approximately \$186.7 million of variable-rate debt with interest rates ranging from 1.1% to 12.5%. Our overall weighted average interest rate at December 31, 2011 and 2010 was 6.52% and 6.65%, respectively.

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TCI's interest rate sensitivity position is managed by the capital markets department. Interest rate sensitivity is the relationship between changes in market interest rates and the fair value of market rate sensitive assets and liabilities. TCI's earnings are affected as changes in short-term interest rates affect its cost of variable-rate debt and maturing fixed-rate debt.

If market interest rates for variable-rate debt average 100 basis points more in 2012 than they did during 2011, TCI's interest expense would increase and net income would decrease by \$1.9 million. This amount is determined by considering the impact of hypothetical interest rates on TCI's borrowing cost. The analysis does not consider the effects of the reduced level of overall economic activity that could exist in such an environment. Further, in the event of a change of such magnitude, management would likely take actions to further mitigate its exposure to the change. However, due to the uncertainty of the specific actions that would be taken and their possible effects, the sensitivity analysis assumes no change in TCI's financial structure.

The following table contains only those exposures that existed at December 31, 2011. Anticipation of exposures or risk on positions that could possibly arise was not considered. TCI's ultimate interest rate risk and its effect on operations will depend on future capital market exposures, which cannot be anticipated with a probable assurance level (dollars in thousands):

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Thereafter	Total
Assets							
Market securities at fair value							\$
Note Receivable							
Variable interest rate fair value							\$
Instruments maturities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Instruments amortization							
Interest							
Average Rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Fixed interest rate fair value							\$
Instruments maturities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Instruments amortization							
Interest							
Average Rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.0%	
Notes Payable							
Variable interest rate fair value							\$ 204,605
Instruments maturities	\$ 161,438	\$ 10,823	\$	\$	\$ 191	\$ 28,407	\$ 200,859
Instruments amortization	1,801	651	303	318	208	465	3,746
Interest	2,557	1,529	1,169	1,154	1,135	14,214	21,758
Average Rate	3.87%	4.70%	4.72%	4.71%	4.71%	3.91%	
Fixed interest rate fair value							\$ 681,716
Instruments maturities	\$ 32,083	\$ 82,313	\$ 37,161	\$	\$ 256	\$ 56,746	\$ 208,559
Instruments amortization	7,479	6,163	5,589	5,722	5,967	442,237	473,157
Interest	34,685	30,833	28,637	26,774	26,456	530,286	677,671
Average Rate	5.55%	5.47%	5.43%	5.40%	5.40%	4.90%	

ITEM 8. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA
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Financial Statement Schedules	
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All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are not applicable or the information required is included in the Financial Statements or the notes thereto.	

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of and

Stockholders of Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.

Dallas, Texas

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows each for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2011. Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.'s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 16, Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.'s management intends to sell land and income producing properties and refinance or extend debt secured by real estate to meet the Company's liquidity needs.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Schedules III and IV are presented for the purpose of complying with the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and are not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

FARMER, FUQUA & HUFF, PC

Plano, Texas

March 30, 2011

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
	(dollars in thousands, except share and par value amounts)	
Assets		
Real estate, at cost	\$ 1,069,699	\$ 1,074,635
Real estate held for sale at cost, net of depreciation (\$1752 in 2011 and \$0 in 2010)	15,015	
Real estate subject to sales contracts at cost, net of depreciation (\$7,213 in 2011 and \$58,579 in 2010)	52,555	232,495
Less accumulated depreciation	(148,930)	(94,016)
Total real estate	988,339	1,213,114
Notes and interest receivable		
Performing (including \$58,465 in 2011 and \$66,011 in 2010 from affiliates and related parties)	79,161	71,766
Non-Performing	2,152	
Less allowance for estimated losses (including \$2,097 in 2011 and \$3,061 in 2010 from affiliates and related parties)	(3,942)	(4,741)
Total notes and interest receivable	77,371	67,025
Cash and cash equivalents	19,991	11,259
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and investees	6,362	8,146
Other assets	68,261	85,217
Total assets	\$ 1,160,324	\$ 1,384,761
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Liabilities:		
Notes and interest payable	\$ 829,617	\$ 830,247
Notes related to assets held for sale	13,830	
Notes related to subject to sales contracts	38,376	190,693
Stock secured notes payable	2,482	1,075
Affiliate payables	17,465	47,261
Deferred revenue (from sales to related parties)	65,607	82,841
Accounts payable and other liabilities (including \$1,746 in 2011 and \$1,485 in 2010 from affiliates and related parties)	51,663	49,196
	1,019,040	1,201,313
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred Stock, Series C: \$.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 30,000 shares in 2011 and 2010 respectively (liquidation preference \$100 per share). Series D: \$.01 par value, authorized, issued and outstanding 100,000 shares in 2011 and 2010 respectively	1	1
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued 8,413,669 in 2011 and 8,113,669 in 2010 and outstanding 8,413,469 in 2011 and 8,113,669 in 2010	84	81
Treasury stock at cost; 200 and 200 shares in 2011 and 2010	(2)	(2)
Paid-in capital	273,886	271,682
Retained earnings	(148,235)	(101,914)
Total Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. shareholders equity	125,734	169,848
Non-controlling interest	15,550	13,600
Total equity	141,284	183,448
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,160,324	\$ 1,384,761

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)		
Revenues:			
Rental and other property revenues (including \$223 and \$564 and \$1,600 for the year ended 2011 and 2010 and 2009 respectively from affiliates and related parties)	\$ 114,087	\$ 110,281	\$ 107,286
Expenses:			
Property operating expenses (including \$1,117 and \$844 and \$1,431 for year ended 2011 and 2010 and 2009 respectively from affiliates and related parties)	63,473	62,108	62,027
Depreciation and amortization	20,618	22,189	20,471
General and administrative (including \$1,927 and \$3,065 and \$4,315 for the year ended 2011 and 2010 and 2009 respectively from affiliates and related parties)	9,213	8,093	10,709
Provision on impairment of notes receivable and real estate assets	41,776	22,579	42,513
Advisory fee to affiliate	9,958	11,919	11,903
Total operating expenses	145,038	126,888	147,623
Operating loss	(30,951)	(16,607)	(40,337)
Less allowance for estimated losses (including \$2,097 in 2011 and \$3,061 in 2010 from affiliates and related parties)			
Other income (expense):			
Interest income (including \$5,624 and \$4,406 and \$4,280 for the year ended 2011 and 2010 and 2009 respectively from affiliates and related parties)	5,720	5,187	5,407
Other income	2,149	8,406	3,011
Mortgage and loan interest (including \$1,696 and \$3,345 and \$2,566 for the year ended 2011 and 2010 and 2009 respectively from affiliates and related parties)	(53,133)	(55,204)	(53,638)
Loss on the sale of investments	(514)		
Earnings from unconsolidated subsidiaries and investees	243	(958)	(451)
Litigation Settlement			357
Total other expenses	(45,535)	(42,569)	(45,314)
Loss before gain on land sales, non-controlling interest, and tax	(76,486)	(59,176)	(85,651)
Gain (loss) on land sales	17,011	(15,155)	6,296
Loss from continuing operations before tax	(59,475)	(74,331)	(79,355)
Income tax benefit	4,505	2,563	(76)
Net loss from continuing operations	(54,970)	(71,768)	(79,431)
Discontinued operations:			
Loss from discontinued operations	(5,428)	(3,596)	(3,742)
Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations	18,300	10,781	3,524
Income tax expense from discontinued operations	(4,505)	(2,515)	76
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	8,367	4,670	(142)
Net loss	(46,603)	(67,098)	(79,573)
Net (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interest	282	(98)	(125)
Net loss attributable to Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.	(46,321)	(67,196)	(79,698)
Preferred dividend requirement	(1,110)	(1,073)	(1,023)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$ (47,431)	\$ (68,269)	\$ (80,721)

Earnings per share basic

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Loss from continuing operations	\$ (6.67)	\$ (8.99)	\$ (9.93)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1.00	0.58	(0.02)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$ (5.67)	\$ (8.41)	\$ (9.95)
Earnings per share diluted			
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (6.67)	\$ (8.99)	\$ (9.93)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1.00	0.58	(0.02)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$ (5.67)	\$ (8.41)	\$ (9.95)
Weighted average common share used in computing earnings per share	8,370,729	8,113,575	8,113,669
Weighted average common share used in computing diluted earnings per share	8,370,729	8,113,575	8,113,669
Amounts attributable to Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.			
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (54,970)	\$ (71,768)	\$ (79,431)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	8,367	4,670	(142)
Net loss	\$ (46,603)	\$ (67,098)	\$ (79,573)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

For the Three Years Ended December 31, 2011

(dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock					Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Retained Earnings	Comprehensive	
	Total	Income (Loss)	Preferred Stock	Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Paid-in Capital	Income (Loss)		Non-Controlling Interest	
Balance, December 31, 2008	\$ 324,696	\$ 44,124	\$ 1	8,113,669	\$ 81	\$ 263,290	\$ 44,980	\$ 2,575	\$ 13,769	
Unrealized gain on investment securities	(2,575)	(2,575)						(2,575)		
Series D preferred stock dividends (7% per year)	(813)					(813)				
Series C preferred stock dividends	(210)					(210)				
Net income (loss)	(79,573)	(79,573)					(79,698)		125	
Sale of controlling interest	(149)					(149)				
Acquisition of controlling interest	4,040								4,040	
Repurchase/sale of treasury shares, net										
Balance, December 31, 2009	\$ 245,416	\$ (38,024)	\$ 1	8,113,669	\$ 81	\$ 262,118	\$ (34,718)	\$	\$ 17,934	
Series D preferred stock dividends (7% per year)	(863)					(863)				
Series C preferred stock dividends (8.5% per year)	(210)					(210)				
Net income (loss)	(67,098)	(67,098)					(67,196)		98	
Sale of controlling interest	49					27			22	
Acquisition of controlling interest	6,202					10,610			(4,408)	
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(46)								(46)	
Repurchase/sale of treasury shares, net	(2)					(2)				
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$ 183,448	\$ (105,122)	\$ 1	8,113,669	\$ 81	\$ 271,682	\$ (101,914)	\$	\$ 13,600	
Series D preferred stock dividends (7% per year)	(900)					(900)				
Series C preferred stock dividends (8.5% per year)	(210)					(210)				
Net income (loss)	(46,603)	(45,930)					(46,321)		(282)	

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Issuance of common stock	1,530			300,000	3		1,527		
Sale of controlling interest	4,019						1,787		2,232
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 141,284	\$ (151,052)	\$ 1	8,413,669	\$ 84	\$ (2)	\$ 273,886	\$ (148,235)	\$ 15,550

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)		
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:			
Net loss	\$ (46,603)	\$ (67,098)	\$ (79,573)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss applicable to common shares to net cash used in operating activities:			
(Gain) loss on sale of land	(17,011)	15,155	(6,296)
Gain on sale of income producing properties	(18,300)	(10,781)	(3,524)
Depreciation and amortization	23,034	28,302	29,813
Provision on impairment of notes receivable and real estate assets	52,128	24,502	42,513
Amortization of deferred borrowing costs	2,365	2,613	3,698
Earnings due to non-controlling interest			4,040
Earnings from unconsolidated subsidiaries and investees	(695)	754	287
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accrued interest receivable	(4,050)	(1,869)	2,018
Other assets	(799)	8,971	(2,783)
Prepaid expense	2,083	551	(494)
Escrow	18,837	8,476	(3,222)
Earnest money	1,385	850	(1,723)
Rent receivables	(6,158)	(2,276)	(422)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accrued interest payable	8,743	1,764	(2,217)
Affiliate payables	(29,795)	(2,902)	(12,204)
Other liabilities	717	(14,210)	3,526
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,538	(7,198)	(26,563)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:			
Proceeds from notes receivables	16,924	3,967	8,000
Originations of notes receivables	(22,421)	(29,455)	
Acquisition of land held for development	(43,193)	(4,937)	(11,844)
Acquisition of income producing properties	6,526		
Proceeds from sales of income producing properties	123,105	206,143	34,647
Proceeds from sale of land	137,214	55,171	36,289
Proceeds from sale of investment in unconsolidated real estate entities	(9)		
Proceeds from sale of investments	586		
Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities	(319)	458	16,495
Improvement of land held for development	(1,562)	(4,834)	(10,115)
Improvement of income producing properties	(3,657)	(2,277)	(2,220)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest			
Sale of controlling interest	4,019	22	
Investment in marketable equity securities		(89)	2,775
Acquisition of income producing properties			(5,971)
Construction and development of new properties	(46,774)	(38,346)	(26,134)
Net cash provided by investing activities	149,782	185,823	41,922
Cash Flow From Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from notes payable	117,441	182,849	55,508
Recurring amortization of principal on notes payable	(16,383)	(10,655)	(18,588)
Payments on maturing notes payable	(120,922)	(242,795)	(49,522)
Debt assumption by buyer	(126,589)	(97,772)	
Deferred financing costs	(1,555)	(3,539)	(2,052)
Distributions to non-controlling interests		(46)	
Common stock issuance	1,530		
Preferred stock dividends Series C	(210)	(210)	(210)
Preferred stock dividends Series D	(900)	(863)	(813)
Net cash used in financing activities	(147,588)	(173,031)	(15,677)

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Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,732	5,594	(318)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	11,259	5,665	5,983
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 19,991	\$ 11,259	\$ 5,665
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 56,641	\$ 61,439	\$ 67,995
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$	\$ (48)	\$ 1,728
Schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:			
Affiliate payables release of obligation for cost basis adjustment	\$ (34,234)	\$	\$
Sales proceeds increase for cost basis adjustment	\$ 34,234	\$	\$
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	\$	\$	\$ (2,575)
Note receivable allowance	\$	\$ (1,937)	\$
Notes receivable received from affiliate	\$ 20,387	\$ 28,554	\$ 2,341
Note paydown from right to build sale	\$	\$	\$ 1,500
Acquisition of real estate to satisfy note receivable	\$	\$	\$ (7,748)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

For the Three Years Ended December 31,

	2011	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)		
Net loss	\$ (46,603)	\$ (67,098)	\$ (79,573)
Other comprehensive loss			
Unrealized gain on investment securities			(2,575)
Total other comprehensive loss	(46,603)	(67,098)	(82,148)
Comprehensive loss	(93,206)	(134,196)	(161,721)
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interest	282	(98)	(125)
Comprehensive loss attributable to Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc.	\$ (92,924)	\$ (134,294)	\$ (161,846)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. and consolidated entities have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the most significant of which are described in Note 1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. The data presented in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are as of December 31 of each year and for the year then ended, unless otherwise indicated. Dollar amounts in tables are in thousands, except per share amounts.

Certain balances for 2009 and 2010 have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation.

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The Company presents its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) completed its accounting guidance codification project. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) became effective for the Company's financial statements issued subsequent to June 30, 2009 and is the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. As of the effective date, the company will no longer refer to the authoritative guidance dictating its accounting methodologies under the previous accounting standards hierarchy. Instead, the Company will refer to the ASC Codification as the sole source of authoritative literature.

Organization and business. TCI, a Nevada corporation, is the successor to a California business trust that was organized on September 6, 1983 and commenced operations on January 31, 1984. On November 30, 1999, TCI acquired all of the outstanding shares of beneficial interest of Continental Mortgage and Equity Trust (CMET), a real estate company, in a tax-free exchange of shares, issuing 1,181 shares of its Common Stock for each outstanding CMET share. Prior to January 1, 2000, TCI elected to be treated as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). During the third quarter of 2000, due to a concentration of ownership TCI no longer met the requirement for tax treatment as a REIT. Effective March 31, 2003, TCI financial results were consolidated in the American Realty Investors, Inc. (ARL) Form 10-K and related consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2011, ARL through subsidiaries owned 82.7% of the outstanding TCI common shares.

The Company is headquartered in Dallas, Texas and its common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol (TCI). TCI is a C corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and files an annual consolidated income tax return with ARL.

On July 17, 2009, the Company acquired from Syntek West, Inc., (SWI), 2,518,934 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. (IOT) at an aggregate price of \$17,884,431 (approximately \$7.10 per share), the full amount of which was paid by the Company through an assumption of an aggregate amount of indebtedness of \$17,884,431 on the outstanding balance owed by SWI to IOT. The 2,518,934 shares of IOT Common Stock acquired by the Company constituted approximately 60.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of IOT. The Company had owned for several years an aggregate of 1,037,184 shares of Common Stock of IOT (approximately 25% of the issued and outstanding). After giving effect to the transaction on July 17, 2009, TCI owned an aggregate of 3,556,118 shares of IOT common stock which constituted over 80% of the shares of common stock of IOT outstanding. As of December 31, 2011 TCI owned 82.6% of the outstanding IOT common shares. Shares of IOT are traded on the American Stock Exchange (AMEX) under the symbol (IOT).

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

With the Company's acquisition of the additional shares on July 17, 2009, which increased the aggregate ownership to in excess of 80%, beginning in July 2009, IOT's results of operations are now consolidated with those of the Company for tax and financial reporting purposes. At the time of the acquisition, the historical accounting value of IOT's assets was \$112 million and liabilities were \$43 million. In that the shares of IOT acquired by TCI were from a related party, the values recorded by TCI are IOT's historical accounting values at the date of transfer. The Company's fair valuation of IOT's assets and liabilities at the acquisition date approximated IOT's book value. The net difference between the purchase price and historical accounting basis of the assets and liabilities acquired was \$26.9 million and has been reflected by TCI as deferred income. The deferred income will be recognized upon the sale of the land that IOT held on its books as of the date of sale, to an independent third party.

TCI's Board of Directors represents the Company's shareholders and is responsible for directing the overall affairs of TCI and for setting the strategic policies that guide the Company. As of April 30, 2011, the Board of Directors delegated the day-to-day management of the Company to Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation (Pillar) under a written Advisory Agreement that is reviewed annually by TCI's Board of Directors. The directors of TCI are also directors of ARL and IOT. The Chairman of the Board of Directors of TCI also serves as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of ARL and IOT. The officers of TCI also serve as officers of ARL, IOT and Pillar.

Prior to April 30, 2011, the Company's contractual Advisor and Cash Manager was Prime Income Asset Management, LLC (Prime). Effective April 30, 2011, Pillar, a Nevada corporation, the sole stockholder of which is Realty Advisors, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, the sole member of which is Realty Advisors, Inc., a Nevada corporation, the sole stockholder of which is Realty Advisors Management, Inc., a Nevada corporation which is owned 100% by a Trust known as the May Trust, became the Company's external Advisor and Cash Manager. Pillar's duties include, but are not limited to, locating, evaluating and recommending real estate and real estate-related investment opportunities. Pillar also arranges, for TCI's benefit, debt and equity financing with third party lenders and investors. Pillar also serves as an Advisor and Cash Manager to ARL and IOT. As the contractual advisor, Pillar is compensated by TCI under an Advisory Agreement that is more fully described in Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance The Advisor. TCI has no employees. Employees of Pillar render services to TCI in accordance with the terms of the Advisory Agreement.

Prior to December 31, 2010, Triad Realty Services, L.P. (Triad), an affiliate of Prime, provided management services for our commercial properties. Triad subcontracted the property-level management and leasing of our commercial properties (office buildings, shopping centers and industrial warehouses) to Regis Realty I, LLC (Regis I). Effective January 1, 2011, Regis Realty Prime, LLC, dba Regis Property Management, LLC (Regis), the sole member of which is Realty Advisors, LLC, manages our commercial properties and provides brokerage services under the same terms as the previous agreements with Triad and Regis Realty I for a term of five years. Regis receives property and construction management fees and leasing commissions in accordance with the terms of its property-level management agreement. Regis is also entitled to receive real estate brokerage commissions in accordance with the terms of a non-exclusive brokerage agreement. See Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance Property Management. TCI engages third-party companies to lease and manage its apartment properties.

Our primary business is the acquisition, development and ownership of income-producing residential and commercial real estate properties. In addition, we opportunistically acquire land for future development in in-fill or high-growth suburban markets. From time to time and when we believe it appropriate to do so, we will also sell land and income-producing properties. We generate revenues by leasing apartment units to residents and leasing office, industrial and retail space to various for-profit businesses as well as certain local, state and federal

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

agencies. We also generate revenues from gains on sales of income-producing properties and land. At December 31, 2011, we owned 50 residential apartment communities comprising of 9,317 units, 16 commercial properties comprising an aggregate of approximately 3.6 million square feet, and an investment in 4,709 acres of undeveloped and partially developed land.

Basis of presentation. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include our accounts, our subsidiaries, generally all of which are wholly-owned, and all entities in which we have a controlling interest. Arrangements that are not controlled through voting or similar rights are accounted for as a Variable Interest Entity (VIE), in accordance with the provisions and guidance of ASC Topic 810 Consolidation, whereby we have determined that we are a primary beneficiary of the VIE and meet certain criteria of a sole general partner or managing member as identified in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 04-5, Investor's Accounting for an Investment in a Limited Partnership when the Investor is the Sole General Partner and the Limited Partners have Certain Rights (EITF 04-5). VIEs are generally entities that lack sufficient equity to finance their activities without additional financial support from other parties or whose equity holders as a group lack adequate decision making ability, the obligation to absorb expected losses or residual returns of the entity, or have voting rights that are not proportional to their economic interests. The primary beneficiary generally is the entity that provides financial support and bears a majority of the financial risks, authorizes certain capital transactions, or makes operating decisions that materially affect the entity's financial results. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, we consider qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to: the amount and characteristics of our investment; the obligation or likelihood for us or other investors to provide financial support; our and the other investors' ability to control or significantly influence key decisions for the VIE; and the similarity with and significance to the business activities of us and the other investors. Significant judgments related to these determinations include estimates about the current future fair values and performance of real estate held by these VIEs and general market conditions.

For entities in which we have less than a controlling financial interest or entities where it is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary, the entities are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, our share of the net earnings or losses of these entities are included in consolidated net income. TCI's investments in ARL and Garden Centura, LP are accounted for under the equity method.

Real estate, depreciation, and impairment. Real estate assets are stated at the lower of depreciated cost or fair value, if deemed impaired. Major replacements and betterments are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the properties (buildings and improvements 10-40 years; furniture, fixtures and equipment 5-10 years). We continually evaluate the recoverability of the carrying value of its real estate assets using the methodology prescribed in ASC Topic 360,

Property, Plant and Equipment. Factors considered by management in evaluating impairment of its existing real estate assets held for investment include significant declines in property operating profits, annually recurring property operating losses and other significant adverse changes in general market conditions that are considered permanent in nature. Under ASC Topic 360, a real estate asset held for investment is not considered impaired if the undiscounted, estimated future cash flows of an asset (both the annual estimated cash flow from future operations and the estimated cash flow from the theoretical sale of the asset) over its estimated holding period are in excess of the asset's net book value at the balance sheet date. If any real estate asset held for investment is considered impaired, a loss is provided to reduce the carrying value of the asset to its estimated fair value.

Real estate held for sale. We periodically classify real estate assets as held for sale. An asset is classified as held for sale after the approval of the Company's board of directors and after an active program to sell the asset has commenced. Upon the classification of a real estate asset as held for sale, the carrying value of the asset

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

is reduced to the lower of its net book value or its estimated fair value, less costs to sell the asset. Subsequent to the classification of assets as held for sale, no further depreciation expense is recorded. Real estate assets held for sale are stated separately on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Upon a decision to no longer market as an asset for sale, the asset is classified as an operating asset and depreciation expense is reinstated. The operating results of real estate assets held for sale and sold are reported as discontinued operations in the accompanying statements of operations. Income from discontinued operations includes the revenues and expenses, including depreciation and interest expense, associated with the assets. This classification of operating results as discontinued operations applies retroactively for all periods presented. Additionally, gains and losses on assets designated as held for sale are classified as part of discontinued operations.

Cost Capitalization. Costs related to planning, developing, leasing and constructing a property are capitalized and classified as Properties in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. We capitalize interest to qualifying assets under development based on average accumulated expenditures outstanding during the period. In capitalizing interest to qualifying assets, we first use the interest incurred on specific project debt, if any, and next use the weighted average interest rate of non-project specific debt.

We capitalize interest, real estate taxes and certain operating expenses until building construction is substantially complete and the building is ready for its intended use, but no later than one year from the cessation of major construction activity.

We capitalize leasing costs which include commissions paid to outside brokers, legal costs incurred to negotiate and document a lease agreement and any internal costs that may be applicable. We allocate these costs to individual tenant leases and amortize them over the related lease term.

Fair value measurement. We apply the guidance in ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to the valuation of real estate assets. These provisions define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establish a hierarchy that prioritizes the information used in developing fair value estimates and require disclosure of fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3 measurements), such as the reporting entity's own data.

The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date and includes three levels defined as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical and unrestricted assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Recognition of revenue. Our revenues, which are composed largely of rental income, include rents reported on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In accordance with ASC 805 Business Combinations, we recognize rental revenue of acquired in-place above- and below-market leases at their fair values over the terms of the respective leases.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Reimbursements of operating costs, as allowed under most of our commercial tenant leases, consist of amounts due from tenants for common area maintenance, real estate taxes and other recoverable costs, and are recognized as revenue in the period in which the recoverable expenses are incurred. We record these reimbursements on a gross basis, since we generally are the primary obligor with respect to purchasing goods and services from third-party suppliers; we have discretion in selecting the supplier and have the credit risk with respect to paying the supplier.

Rental income for residential property leases is recorded when due from residents and is recognized monthly as earned, which is not materially different than on a straight-line basis as lease terms are generally for periods of one year or less. An allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded for all past due rents and operating expense reimbursements considered to be uncollectible

Sales and the associated gains or losses of real estate assets are recognized in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 360-20, Property, Plant and Equipment Real Estate Sale . The specific timing of a sale is measured against various criteria in ASC 360-20 related to the terms of the transaction and any continuing involvement in the form of management or financial assistance associated with the properties. If the sales criteria for the full accrual method are not met, the Company defers some or all of the gain recognition and accounts for the continued operations of the property by applying the finance, leasing, deposit, installment or cost recovery methods, as appropriate, until the sales criteria are met.

Non-performing notes receivable. We consider a note receivable to be non-performing when the maturity date has passed without principal repayment and the borrower is not making interest payments in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Interest recognition on notes receivable. For notes other than surplus cash notes, we record interest income as earned in accordance with the terms of the related loan agreements. On cash flow notes where payments are based upon surplus cash from operations, accrued but unpaid interest income is only recognized to the extent cash is received.

Allowance for estimated losses. We assess the collectability of notes receivable on a periodic basis, of which the assessment consists primarily of an evaluation of cash flow projections of the borrower to determine whether estimated cash flows are sufficient to repay principal and interest in accordance with the contractual terms of the note. We recognize impairments on notes receivable when it is probable that principal and interest will not be received in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. The amount of the impairment to be recognized generally is based on the fair value of the partnership's real estate that represents the primary source of loan repayment. See Note 3 for details on our Notes Receivable.

Cash equivalents. For purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Earnings per share. Income (loss) per share is presented in accordance with ASC 620 Earnings per Share . Income (loss) per share is computed based upon the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each year.

Use of estimates. In the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, it is necessary for management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expense for the year ended. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Income Taxes. TCI is a C Corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. TCI files an annual consolidated income tax return with ARL and IOT and their subsidiaries. ARL is the common parent for the consolidated group. TCI is part of a tax sharing and compensating agreement with respect to federal income taxes between ARL, TCI and IOT and their subsidiaries that was entered into in July of 2009. Prior to 2009, ARL and TCI and their subsidiaries were in a tax sharing and compensating agreement with respect to federal income taxes and IOT was the parent company of its own consolidated filing group. The agreement specifies the manner in which the group will share the consolidated tax liability and also how certain tax attributes are to be treated among members of the group.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements. There were no recent accounting pronouncements that our company has not implemented that materially affect our financial statements.

NOTE 2. REAL ESTATE

A summary of our real estate owned as of the end of the year is listed below (dollars in thousands):

	2011	2010
Apartments	\$ 657,586	\$ 608,335
Apartments under construction		47,178
Commercial properties	241,736	215,386
Land held for development	170,573	203,736
Real estate held for sale	16,767	
Real estate subject to sales contract	59,572	291,074
Total real estate	1,146,234	1,365,709
Less accumulated depreciation	(157,895)	(152,595)
	\$ 988,339	\$ 1,213,114

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred. Significant betterments are capitalized. When assets are sold or retired, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with the resulting gains or losses reflected in net income or loss for the period.

Depreciation is computed on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land improvements	25 to 40 years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 40 years
Tenant improvements	Shorter of useful life or terms of related lease
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 7 years

Provision for Asset Impairments:

In 2011, the provision for allowance and impairments was related to our investments in real estate assets and our investments in unconsolidated entities and other investees. Provision for allowance on notes receivable and impairment was \$41.8 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011. Impairment was recorded as an additional loss in the investment portfolio of \$5.2 million in apartment properties we currently hold, \$5.3 million in commercial properties we currently hold, \$22.4 million in land we currently hold, \$0.4 million in impairment on our investments in unconsolidated entities and the remainder was land sold during the current year or subsequent to year end. In 2010, we recorded a \$22.4 million in land parcels we currently hold.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a brief description of the most significant property acquisitions and sales in 2011.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 18.84 acres of land known as Archon land located in Las Colinas, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$5.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group X, LP, a partnership that owned 7.19 acres of land known as Galleria West Lofts land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On January 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XI, LP, a partnership that owned 1.97 acres of land known as Galleria West Hotel land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On January 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 9.96 acres of land known as Limestone Canyon II land located in Austin, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.6 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the January 3, 2011 sale of 72.14 acres of land known as Manhattan land located in Farmers Branch, Texas to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded the sale when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Teleport Blvd., a 6,833 square foot building and 3.70 acres of land located in Irving, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Westgrove Air Plaza, a 79,652 square foot building located in Addison, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.3 million secured by the property. When ownership transferred to the existing lender, we recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XIII, LP, a partnership that owned 8.91 acres of land known as Las Colinas Station land located in Irving, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On February 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and TCI recognized deferred gain of \$2.2 million on the transfer.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group IX, LP, a partnership that owned 15.0 acres of land known as Galleria East Center Retail land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On February 4, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and there was no gain or loss recorded on the transfer.

On March 23, 2011, we sold 82.20 acres of land known as Denton Coonrod land located in Denton, Texas and 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.9 million. We provided \$1.6 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

March 23, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On January 3, 2012, ownership of Denton Coonrod land was transferred to the lender to satisfy the debt secured by this property and partial credit against debt related to another property. Any impairment necessary related to the inability to recover our original investment has been realized in 2011 and the sale that was deferred will be recognized in the first quarter of 2012, when ownership transferred to a third party.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our membership interest in 1340 Poydras Corp. to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$23.5 million. This entity owns a 378,895 square foot building located in New Orleans, Louisiana known as Amoco. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.5 million, secured by the property. This transaction was rescinded as of the original transaction date and ownership transferred back to TCI.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Courtyard, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$11.2 million. This entity owns Quail Hollow at the Lakes apartments, a 200-unit complex located in Holland, Ohio. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$11.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On March 30, 2011, we sold six parcels, comprising approximately 195.52 acres of undeveloped land known as Dominion land, Hollywood Casino land, Stanley Tools land and Wilmer 88 land, all located in Dallas County, Texas, and Creekside land and Crowley land, both located in Fort Worth, Texas, to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$16.6 million. We provided \$9.3 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on March 30, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On April 5, 2011, we recognized the sale of Creekside land, Crowley land and Wilmer 88 land when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 1, 2011, we sold of 6.80 acres of land known as Travis Ranch land located in Kaufman, Texas, to Kelly Lot Development, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.8 million. There was no gain or loss recorded on the sale of the land parcel.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the general and limited partnership interest in Garden Whispering Pines, LP, which owns Whispering Pines apartments, a 320-unit complex located in Topeka, Kansas, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$1.4 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$9.5 million.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the membership interest in EQK Sesame Square, LLC, which owns Sesame Square, a 20,715 square-foot office building located in Anchorage, Alaska, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$0.6 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$1.1 million.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 13.22 acres of land known as Hackberry land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.9 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$3.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 14.43 acres of land known as Fortune Drive land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 10.69 acres of land known as Temple land, located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 7.11 acres of land known as Pac Trust land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group III, LP, a partnership that owned 5.87 acres of land known as Polo Estates at Bent Tree land located in Dallas, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On April 5, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and we recorded a gain on sale of \$3.0 million.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the March 30, 2011 sale of 87.62 acres of land known as Wilmer 88 land located in Dallas, Texas, 24.91 acres of land known as Crowley land located in Dallas, Texas and 30.07 acres of land known as Creekside land located in Fort Worth, Texas to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.0 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of Alpenloan, a 28,594 square foot building and 8.16 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of 5.34 acres of land known as Archon land located in Irving, Texas and 1.31 acres of land known as Ackerley land located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$0.7 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.7 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 22, 2010 sale of Fenton Center, a 707,559 square foot building and 4.70 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to ABCLD Properties, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$67.0 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$8.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 27.11 acres of land known as Kinwest land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 20.85 acres of land known as McKinney Ranch land located in McKinney, Texas to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

sales price of \$5.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.8 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 109.85 acres of land known as Payne North land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$14.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$12.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$5.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 1, 2011, we sold 12.72 acres of land known as Centurion 12 land located in Fort Worth, Texas for a sales price of \$1.1 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.3 million on the land parcel.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 13.0 acres of land with a 29,784 square foot storage warehouse known as Eagle Crest located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$1.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the March 28, 2011 sale of One Hickory Center, a 97,361 square-foot office building and Two Hickory Center, a 96,539 square-foot office building, both located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$19.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$4.2 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 6.6 acres of land known as Three Hickory land located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.3 million. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 245.95 acres of land known as Windmill Farms-Harlan land located in Kaufman County, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$6.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.5 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 10.08 acres of land known as Centura land located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$13.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.2 million secured by the property. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the April 25, 2011 sale of seven land parcels, comprising approximately 2,713.68 acres of undeveloped land known as Diplomat land, Kaufman Cogen land, Kaufman Stagliano land, Kaufman Taylor land, Payne South land, Senlac VHP land and Valley Ranch land located in Dallas County, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$24.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$8.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of Parkway North, a 69,009 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Signature Athletic Club, a 58,910 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group XII, LP, a partnership that owned 16.18 acres of land known as Las Colinas Village land located in Irving, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On August 2, 2011 the partnership transferred ownership of the property to the existing lender and TCI recognized a deferred gain of \$7.5 million on the sale.

On August 31, 2011, we sold 100% of our membership interests in TCI Luna Ventures, LLC to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.0 million. This entity owns 26.71 acres of undeveloped land located in Dallas, Texas, known as Luna Ventures land. We provided \$0.9 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on August 31, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On September 1, 2011, we sold seven land parcels, comprising approximately 107.73 acres of undeveloped land located in Austin, Texas, Dallas County, Texas, Denton County, Texas and Tarrant County, Texas, known as Andrew B land, Andrew C land, DeSoto Ranch land, Mansfield land, Pioneer Crossing land, Senlac land and Sheffield land, to TCI Luna Ventures, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$10.6 million. We provided \$6.4 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on September 1, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. In first quarter of 2012, ownership of the Andrew B land and DeSoto Ranch land was transferred to the existing lender to satisfy a portion of the multi-tract collateral debt.

On September 21, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Dedeaux Road, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1,000. This entity owns 9.97 acres of undeveloped land located in Gulfport, Mississippi, known as Dedeaux land. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.0 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On September 27, 2011, we sold a 256-unit apartment complex known as Spyglass apartments, located in Dallas, Texas, for a sales price of \$21.6 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$15.5 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$5.7 million on the apartment sale.

On October 12, 2011, we recognized the January 26, 2011 sale of Willowbrook Village, a 179,741 square foot retail shopping center located in Coldwater, Michigan, to TX LTS Investments, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$7.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.6 million, secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.5 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

The Company had a 75.0% limited partner interest in Woodmont TCI Group VIII, LP, a partnership that owned 7.37 acres of land known as Keller Springs Lofts land located in Addison, Texas. The partnership was consolidated in accordance with ASC 810. On October 20, 2011, the partnership sold the property for a sales price of \$4.2 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.1 million on the land parcel.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On November 1, 2011, we acquired 100% of the membership interest in Bridgeview Plaza, LLC. On September 21, 2010, we sold our investment in EQK Bridgeview Plaza, Inc. to Warren Road Farm, Inc. (WRF), a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$8.3 million to be paid via an assumption of debt of \$6.2 million and seller financing of \$2.1 million. On October 4, 2010, WRF filed a voluntary petition seeking relief under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. The approved bankruptcy plan was effective November 1, 2011, whereby TCI, for its contribution to the plan was given 100% equity ownership in the entity. During the period of time that WRF owned the equity interest, it had also acquired 2900 acres of land known as Windmill Farms land located in Kaufman, TX, previously held by ARL, for a sales price of \$64.5 million. ARL provided \$33.8 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6.0% and is payable at maturity on September 21, 2015. WRF assumed the existing mortgage of \$30.7 million, secured by the property.

On November 2, 2011, we recognized the September 3, 2004 sale of Addison Hanger I, a 25,102 square foot industrial warehouse and Addison Hanger II, a 24,000 square foot industrial warehouse located in Addison, Texas, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. At the time of the sale, TCI entered into a 10-year triple-net lease with the buyer. Therefore, this transaction was accounted for under the financing method and the properties continued to be consolidated. As of November 12, 2011, the lease with the buyer was terminated. Due to ongoing litigation related to the lease, TCI has deferred the gain recognition until the matter is resolved.

On November 30, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.1 million. The existing mortgage of \$0.5 million, secured by the property, was paid in full. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.6 million on the land parcel.

On December 21, 2011, we sold 17.07 acres of land known as Lamar Palmer Lane land located in Austin, Texas for a sales price of \$1.4 million. The existing mortgage of \$1.3 million, secured by the property, was paid in full. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.8 million on the land parcel.

On December 28, 2011, we sold 100% of our common stock of Centura-Ewing, Inc. and Garden Centura, Inc. to Realty Advisors Management, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$20.4 million. These entities own a 1% general manager partnership interests and a 4% limited partnership interest in Garden Centura L.P., which owns 412,215 square foot office building known as Centura Tower located in Dallas, Texas. Centura-Ewing, Inc. has an option to purchase the remaining 95% limited partner interest in Garden Centura, L.P. TCI received a 5-year promissory note for the full sales price. Interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 2% is due quarterly with the principal due at maturity on December 28, 2016. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.3 million when the stock was subsequently sold to an unrelated party.

In December 2010, there were various commercial and land holdings sold to FRE Real Estate, Inc. a related party under common control. During the first three months of 2011, many of these transactions were rescinded as of the original transaction date and were subsequently sold to related parties under the same ownership as FRE Real Estate, Inc. and disclosed in the transactions above. As of December 31, 2011, there is one commercial building, Thermalloy, that remains in FRE Real Estate, Inc. We have deferred the recognition of the sales in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

The properties that we have sold to a related party under common control and have deferred the recognition of the sale are treated as subject to sales contract on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and are listed in detail in Schedule III, Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation. These properties were sold to a related party in order

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3. NOTES AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE

A portion of our assets are invested in mortgage notes receivable, principally secured by real estate. We may originate mortgage loans in conjunction with providing purchase money financing of property sales. Notes receivable are generally collateralized by real estate or interests in real estate and personal guarantees of the borrower and, unless noted otherwise, are so secured. Management intends to service and hold for investment the mortgage notes in our portfolio. A majority of the notes receivable provide for principal to be paid at maturity. Our mortgage notes receivable consist of first, wraparound and junior mortgage loans (dollars in thousands):

Borrower	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Amount	Security
Performing loans:				
Miscellaneous non-related party notes	Various	Various	\$ 251	Various secured interest
Miscellaneous related party notes ⁽¹⁾	Various	Various	665	Various secured interest
Ocean Beach Partners, L.P. ⁽¹⁾	12/11	7.00%	3,279	Folsom Land (36 acres in Farmers Branch, TX)
Realty Advisors Management, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	12/16	4.00%	20,387	Unsecured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Cliffs of El Dorado) ⁽¹⁾	09/10	15.00%	2,990	100% Interest in Unified Housing of McKinney, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Lakeshore Villas) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	2,000	Unsecured
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Lakeshore Villas) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	6,363	Membership interest in Housing for Seniors of Humble, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Echo Station) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	1,481	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Temple, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Limestone Canyon) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	4,663	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Austin, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Limestone Canyon) ⁽¹⁾	07/15	5.25%	3,057	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Austin, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Limestone Ranch) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	6,000	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Vista Ridge, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Limestone Ranch) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	2,250	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Vista Ridge, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Parkside Crossing) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	1,936	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Parkside Crossing, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Sendero Ridge) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	4,812	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Sendero Ridge, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Sendero Ridge) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	5,174	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Sendero Ridge, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Timbers of Terrell) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	1,323	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Terrell, LLC
Unified Housing Foundation, Inc. (Tivoli) ⁽¹⁾	12/27	5.25%	7,965	100% Interest in Unified Housing of Tivoli, LLC
Accrued interest			4,507	
Total Performing			\$ 79,103	
Non-Performing loans:				
130 Windmill Farms, L.P.	10/11	7.00%	507	Unsecured
Dallas Fund XVII LP ⁽²⁾	10/09	9.00%	1,432	Assignment of partnership interest
Miscellaneous non-related party notes	Various	Various	133	Various secured interest
Accrued interest			138	
			\$ 2,210	
Allowance for estimated losses			(3,942)	
Total			\$ 77,371	

⁽¹⁾ Related party notes

⁽²⁾ Note matured and allowance for estimated losses at full value of note

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

to help facilitate an appropriate debt or organizational restructure and may or may not be transferred back to the seller upon resolution. These properties have mortgages that are secured by the property and many have corporate guarantees. According to the loan documents, we are currently in default on these mortgages primarily due to lack of payment although we are actively involved in discussions with every lender in order to settle or cure the default situation. We have reviewed each asset and taken impairment to the extent we feel the value of the property was less than our current basis.

Acquisitions from our parent, ARL, have previously been reflected at the fair value purchase price. Upon discussion with the SEC and in review of the guidance pursuant to ASC 250-10-45-22 to 24, we have adjusted those assets, in the current year, to reflect a basis equal to ARL's cost basis in the asset at the time of the sale. The affiliate payables to ARL were reduced for the lower asset price.

Junior Mortgage Loans. We may invest in junior mortgage loans, secured by mortgages that are subordinate to one or more prior liens either on the fee or a leasehold interest in real estate. Recourse on such loans ordinarily includes the real estate on which the loan is made, other collateral and personal guarantees by the borrower. The Board of Directors restricts investment in junior mortgage loans, excluding wraparound mortgage loans, to not more than 10.0% of our assets. At December 31, 2011, 6.6% of our assets were invested in junior and wraparound mortgage loans.

Effective 2009, interest income is recorded on cash flow notes receivable when cash is received, and no accrued interest income is recorded on non-performing notes receivable. If the notes for the years 2011 and 2010 had been performing and if interest was recorded as accrued, an additional interest income totaling \$1.1 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, would have been recognized.

As of December 31, 2011, the obligors on \$74.3 million or 97% of the mortgage notes receivable portfolio were due from affiliated entities.

NOTE 4. ALLOWANCE FOR ESTIMATED LOSSES

The allowance account was reviewed and there were no additional allowances recorded for receivables in 2011. The decrease in 2011 is due to a loan payment that had an allowance. The allowance account was reviewed and increased in 2010. The table below shows our allowance for estimated losses (dollars in thousands):

	2011	2010	2009
Balance January 1,	\$ 4,741	\$ 2,804	\$ 3,293
(Decrease) Increase in provision	(799)	1,937	(489)
Balance December 31,	\$ 3,942	\$ 4,741	\$ 2,804

NOTE 5. INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES AND INVESTEEES

Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries, jointly owned companies and other investees in which we have a 20% to 50% interest or otherwise exercise significant influence are carried at cost, adjusted for the Company's proportionate share of their undistributed earnings or losses, via the equity method of accounting. ARL is our parent company and is considered as an unconsolidated subsidiary.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Investments accounted for via the equity method consists of the following:

	Percentage ownership as of December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
American Realty Investors, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	2.05%	2.47%	2.46%
Garden Centura, L.P. ⁽²⁾	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%

⁽¹⁾ Unconsolidated Investment in Parent Company

⁽²⁾ Other Investees sold as of December 28, 2011

Our interest in the common stock of ARL and our partnership interest in Garden Centura, L.P., in the amount of 2.05% and 5.0% respectively, are accounted for under the equity method because we exercise significant influence over the operations and financial activities. Accordingly, the investments are carried at cost, adjusted for the companies proportionate share of earnings or losses. On December 28, 2011, we sold our investment in Garden Centura, L.P.

The market values, other than unconsolidated subsidiaries, as of the year ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were not determinable as there were no readily traded markets for these entities.

The following is a summary of the financial position and results of operations from our unconsolidated subsidiaries and investees (dollars in thousands):

2011	Unconsolidated Subsidiaries	Other Investees	Total
Real estate, net of accumulated depreciation	60,703	\$ 71,987	\$ 132,690
Notes Receivable	27,447	\$	27,447
Other assets	138,927	4,441	143,368
Notes payable	(59,744)	(47,091)	(106,835)
Other liabilities	(88,647)	(2,849)	(91,496)
Shareholders equity/partners capital	(78,686)	\$ (26,488)	\$ (105,174)
Rents and interest and other income	\$ 10,150	\$ 7,096	\$ 17,246
Depreciation	(5)	(3,133)	(3,138)
Operating expenses	(22,119)	(3,999)	(26,118)
Gain on land sales	23,646		23,646
Interest expense	(7,810)	(2,307)	(10,117)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	3,862	(2,343)	1,519
Income from discontinued operations	21,968		21,968
Net income (loss)	\$ 25,830	\$ (2,343)	\$ 23,487
Company s proportionate share of earnings	\$ 530	\$ (117)	\$ 413

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Unconsolidated Subsidiaries	Other Investees	Total
2010			
Real estate, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 203,367	\$ 74,573	\$ 277,940
Notes Receivable	24,868		24,868
Other assets	184,735	5,333	190,068
Notes payable	(232,952)	(48,258)	(281,210)
Other liabilities	(119,425)	(2,815)	(122,240)
Shareholders equity/partners capital	\$ (60,593)	\$ (28,833)	\$ (89,426)
Rents and interest and other income	\$ 10,531	\$ 6,428	\$ 16,959
Depreciation	(327)	(3,089)	(3,416)
Operating expenses	(41,209)	(3,858)	(45,067)
Gain on land sales	5,335		5,335
Interest expense	(11,255)	(3,271)	(14,526)
Loss from continuing operations	(36,925)	(3,790)	(40,715)
Income from discontinued operations	(3,889)		(3,889)
Net loss	\$ (40,814)	\$ (3,790)	\$ (44,604)
Company s proportionate share of earnings	\$ (1,010)	\$ (190)	\$ (1,200)
	Unconsolidated Subsidiaries	Other Investees	Total
2009			
Real estate, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 236,413	\$ 77,043	\$ 313,456
Notes Receivable	41,176		41,176
Other assets	174,038	6,466	180,504
Notes payable	(233,490)	(48,261)	(281,751)
Other liabilities	(111,779)	(2,625)	(114,404)
Shareholders equity/partners capital	\$ (106,358)	\$ (32,623)	\$ (138,981)
Rents and interest and other income	\$ 12,198	\$ 9,819	\$ 22,017
Depreciation	(273)	(3,215)	(3,488)
Operating expenses	(14,348)	(3,912)	(18,260)
Gain on land sales	5,309		5,309
Interest expense	(12,347)	(3,157)	(15,504)
Income from continuing operations	(9,461)	(465)	(9,926)
Income from discontinued operations	3,938		3,938
Net income	\$ (5,523)	\$ (465)	\$ (5,988)
Company s proportionate share of earnings	\$ (136)	\$ (23)	\$ (159)

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6. NOTES AND INTEREST PAYABLE

The scheduled principal payments of our notes payable over the next five years and thereafter are due as follows (dollars in thousands):

2012	\$ 202,705
2013	99,950
2014	43,053
2015	6,041
2016	6,623
Thereafter	509,974
	\$ 868,346

Interest payable at December 31, 2011 was \$15.7 million. Interest accrues at rates ranging from 1.1% to 12.5% per annum, and mature between 2012 and 2051. The mortgages were collateralized by deeds of trust on real estate having a net carrying value of \$1.0 billion. Of the total notes payable, the senior debt is \$849.1 million, junior debt is \$14.9 million, and other debt is \$4.3 million. Included in other debt are property tax loans of \$0.8 million.

With respect to the additional notes payable due to the acquisition of properties or refinancing of existing mortgages, a summary of some of the more significant transactions are discussed below:

On February 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Vistas of Vance Jackson apartments, a 240-unit complex located in San Antonio, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$16.1 million. We received \$0.1 million in cash after paying off the existing mortgage of \$15.4 million and \$0.6 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 4.80% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on March 1, 2051.

On February 28, 2011, a loan with a commercial lender in the amount of \$1.3 million was taken out to fund real estate property taxes. The loan accrues interest at 12.50%, payable monthly as interest only, until August 1, 2013. Thereafter, payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon an 8-year amortization schedule, maturing on July 1, 2021.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the general and limited partnership interest in Garden Whispering Pines, LP, which owns Whispering Pines apartments, a 320-unit complex located in Topeka, Kansas, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$1.4 million. We assumed the current mortgage of \$9.5 million. The note accrues interest at 4.50% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on June 1, 2043.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the membership interest in EQK Sesame Square, LLC, which owns Sesame Square, a 20,715 square-foot office building located in Anchorage, Alaska, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$0.6 million. We assumed the current mortgage of \$1.1 million. The note accrues interest at 3.86% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on May 3, 2016.

On April 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Mariposa Villas apartments, a 216-unit complex located in Dallas, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$12.4 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$11.8 million and \$0.6 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 3.90% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on May 1, 2051

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On April 28, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Verandas at City View apartments, a 314-unit complex located in Fort Worth, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$18.5 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$17.3 million and \$1.2 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 4.20% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on May 1, 2051.

On May 31, 2011, we refinanced the existing mortgage on Stonebridge at City Park apartments, a 240-unit complex located in Houston, Texas, for a new mortgage of \$14.6 million. We paid off the existing mortgage of \$13.9 million and \$0.7 million in closing costs. The note accrues interest at 3.90% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on June 1, 2051.

On November 1, 2011, we acquired 100% of the membership interest in Bridgeview Plaza, LLC. On September 21, 2010, we sold our investment in EQK Bridgeview Plaza, Inc. to Warren Road Farm, Inc. (WRF), a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$8.3 million to be paid via an assumption of debt of \$6.2 million and seller financing of \$2.1 million. On October 4, 2010, WRF filed a voluntary petition seeking relief under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. The approved bankruptcy plan was effective November 1, 2011, whereby TCI, for its contribution to the plan was given 100% equity ownership in the entity. During the period of time that WRF owned the equity interest, it had also acquired 2900 acres of land known as Windmill Farms land located in Kaufman, TX, previously held by ARL, for a sales price of \$64.5 million. ARL provided \$33.8 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6.0% and is payable at maturity on September 21, 2015. WRF assumed the existing mortgage of \$30.7 million, secured by the property. The note accrues interest at 50% and payments of interest and principal are due monthly based upon a 40-year amortization schedule, maturing on October 31, 2014.

NOTE 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND FEES

The Advisory Agreement provides for Prime or an affiliate of Prime to receive fees and cost reimbursements as defined in Part III, Item 10.

Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance The Advisor . Cost reimbursements are allocated based on the relative market values of the Company's assets. The fees paid to our advisor and cost reimbursements are detailed below (dollars in thousands):

	2011	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)		
Fees:			
Advisory fee	\$ 9,957	\$ 11,919	\$ 11,903
Construction supervision	2,429	1,761	941
Mortgage brokerage and equity refinancing	812	1,569	592
Net income fee	54	99	115
Property acquisition		31	41
	\$ 13,252	\$ 15,379	\$ 13,592
Cost reimbursements	\$ 2,908	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,733
Rent revenue	\$ 434	\$ 2,248	\$ 3,434
Interest paid (received)	\$ 1,048	\$ 2,350	\$ 1,593

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fees paid to Regis, Regis I and Triad:

	2011	2010	2009
	(dollars in thousands)		
Fees:			
Property acquisition	\$	\$ 106	\$ 136
Property and construction management and leasing commissions	1,759	1,905	2,124
Real estate brokerage		1,497	1,129
	\$ 1,759	\$ 3,508	\$ 3,389

Rents received from Prime, Pillar and affiliates for TCI-owned properties in 2011, 2010, and 2009 include Addison Hanger, Browning Place, Eagle Crest, One Hickory, Senlac, Thermalloy, and Two Hickory.

As of December 31, 2011, TCI has notes and interest receivable of \$78.9 million due from related parties. See discussion in Part 2, Item 8. Note 3. Notes and Interest Receivable .

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of affiliated accounts as of December 31, 2011 (dollars in thousands):

	Prime	Pillar	ARL	Total
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$	\$	\$ (47,261)	\$ (47,261)
Cash transfers	3,660	5,419		9,079
Advisory fees	(3,528)	(6,429)		(9,957)
Net income fee		(54)		(54)
Commissions to Pillar/Regis	(470)	(342)		(812)
Construction supervision fees		(2,429)		(2,429)
Cost reimbursements	(1,658)	(1,250)		(2,908)
Interest (to) from advisor	(1,407)	(123)		(1,530)
POA fees	(11)	(42)		(53)
Expenses paid by advisor	(1,321)	1,624		303
Financing (mortgage payments)	(373)	(5,638)		(6,011)
Note receivable with affiliate	8,016	2,654		10,670
Sales/Purchases transactions	888	30,632		31,520
Intercompany property transfers	8,543	(6,565)		1,978
Purchase of obligations	(12,339)	(17,457)	29,796	
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$	\$	\$ (17,465)	\$ (17,465)

Below are sales and acquisitions that involve a related party:

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 18.84 acres of land known as Archon land located in Las Colinas, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$5.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 9.96 acres of land known as Limestone Canyon II land located in Austin, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.6 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the January 3, 2011 sale of 72.14 acres of land known as Manhattan land located in Farmers Branch, Texas to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded the sale when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Teleport Blvd., a 6,833 square foot building and 3.70 acres of land located in Irving, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On January 4, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Westgrove Air Plaza, a 79,652 square foot building located in Addison, Texas, to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.3 million secured by the property. When ownership transferred to the existing lender, we recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million.

On March 23, 2011, we sold 82.20 acres of land known as Denton Coonrod land located in Denton, Texas and 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.9 million. We provided \$1.6 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on March 23, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On January 3, 2012, ownership of Denton Coonrod land was transferred to the lender to satisfy the debt secured by this property and partial credit against debt related to another property. Any impairment necessary related to the inability to recover our original investment has been realized in 2011 and the sale that was deferred will be recognized in the first quarter of 2012, when ownership transferred to a third party.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our membership interest in 1340 Poydras Corp. to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$23.5 million. This entity owns a 378,895 square foot building located in New Orleans, Louisiana known as Amoco. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.5 million, secured by the property. This transaction was rescinded as of the original transaction date and ownership transferred back to TCI.

On March 23, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Courtyard, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$11.2 million. This entity owns Quail Hollow at the Lakes apartments, a 200-unit complex located in Holland, Ohio. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$11.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On March 30, 2011, we sold six parcels, comprising approximately 195.52 acres of undeveloped land known as Dominion land, Hollywood Casino land, Stanley Tools land and Wilmer 88 land, all located in Dallas County, Texas, and Creekside land and Crowley land, both located in Fort Worth, Texas, to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$16.6 million. We provided \$9.3 million in seller-financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on March 30, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.3 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. On April 5, 2011, we recognized the sale of Creekside land, Crowley land and Wilmer 88 land when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On April 1, 2011, we sold of 6.80 acres of land known as Travis Ranch land located in Kaufman, Texas, to Kelly Lot Development, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.8 million. There was no gain or loss recorded on the sale of the land parcel.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the general and limited partnership interest in Garden Whispering Pines, LP, which owns Whispering Pines apartments, a 320-unit complex located in Topeka, Kansas, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$1.4 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$9.5 million.

On April 1, 2011, we purchased 100% of the membership interest in EQK Sesame Square, LLC, which owns Sesame Square, a 20,715 square-foot office building located in Anchorage, Alaska, from ARL, a related party under common control, for \$0.6 million, which is equal to ARL's cost basis. We assumed the current mortgage of \$1.1 million.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 13.22 acres of land known as Hackberry land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.9 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$3.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 14.43 acres of land known as Fortune Drive land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 10.69 acres of land known as Temple land, located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the July 30, 2009 sale of 7.11 acres of land known as Pac Trust land located in Irving, Texas to One Realco Land Holdings, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On April 5, 2011, we recognized the March 30, 2011 sale of 87.62 acres of land known as Wilmer 88 land located in Dallas, Texas, 24.91 acres of land known as Crowley land located in Dallas, Texas and 30.07 acres of land known as Creekside land located in Fort Worth, Texas to T Sorrento, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.0 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of Alpenloan, a 28,594 square foot building and 8.16 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.4 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the June 2, 2011 sale of 5.34 acres of land known as Archon land located in Irving, Texas and 1.31 acres of land known as Ackerley land located in Dallas, Texas to One Realco Retail, Inc.,

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$0.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$0.7 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.7 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 22, 2010 sale of Fenton Center, a 707,559 square foot building and 4.70 acres of land, located in Dallas, Texas to ABCLD Properties, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$67.0 million. We recorded a loss on sale of \$8.3 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 27.11 acres of land known as Kinwest land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$3.1 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 20.85 acres of land known as McKinney Ranch land located in McKinney, Texas to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$5.4 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.8 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On June 7, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 109.85 acres of land known as Payne North land located in Irving, Texas to FRE Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$14.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$12.0 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$5.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 13.0 acres of land with a 29,784 square foot storage warehouse known as Eagle Crest located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$3.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$1.2 million when ownership of the property transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the March 28, 2011 sale of One Hickory Center, a 97,361 square-foot office building and Two Hickory Center, a 96,539 square-foot office building, both located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$19.5 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$19.4 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$4.2 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of 6.6 acres of land known as Three Hickory land located in Farmers Branch, Texas, to Fenton Real Estate, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.3 million. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On July 5, 2011, we recognized the September 21, 2010 sale of 245.95 acres of land known as Windmill Farms-Harlan land located in Kaufman County, Texas, to Warren Road Farm, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$6.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.5 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 10.08 acres of land known as Centura land located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$13.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$7.2 million secured by the property. There was no gain or loss recorded when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the April 25, 2011 sale of seven land parcels, comprising approximately 2,713.68 acres of undeveloped land known as Diplomat land, Kaufman Cogen land, Kaufman Stagliano land, Kaufman Taylor land, Payne South land, Senlac VHP land and Valley Ranch land located in Dallas County, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$24.0 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$8.1 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.9 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of Parkway North, a 69,009 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$4.7 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.9 million secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.4 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 2, 2011, we recognized the December 23, 2010 sale of Signature Athletic Club, a 58,910 square-foot office building located in Dallas, Texas, to ABCLD Real Estate, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.1 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.3 million secured by the property. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.1 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

On August 31, 2011, we sold 100% of our membership interests in TCI Luna Ventures, LLC to ABCLD Income, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$2.0 million. This entity owns 26.71 acres of undeveloped land located in Dallas, Texas, known as Luna Ventures land. We provided \$0.9 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on August 31, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$1.1 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On September 1, 2011, we sold seven land parcels, comprising approximately 107.73 acres of undeveloped land located in Austin, Texas, Dallas County, Texas, Denton County, Texas and Tarrant County, Texas, known as Andrew B land, Andrew C land, DeSoto Ranch land, Mansfield land, Pioneer Crossing land, Senlac land and Sheffield land, to TCI Luna Ventures, LLC, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$10.6 million. We provided \$6.4 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6% and is payable at maturity on September 1, 2016. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$4.2 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost. In first quarter of 2012, ownership of the Andrew B land and DeSoto Ranch land was transferred to the existing lender to satisfy a portion of the multi-tract collateral debt.

On September 21, 2011, we sold our investment in TCI Dedeaux Road, Inc. to One Realco Corporation, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1,000. This entity owns 9.97 acres of undeveloped land located in Gulfport, Mississippi, known as Dedeaux land. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$2.0 million, secured by the property. We have deferred the recognition of the sale in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

On October 12, 2011, we recognized the January 26, 2011 sale of Willowbrook Village, a 179,741 square foot retail shopping center located in Coldwater, Michigan, to TX LTS Investments, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$7.8 million. The buyer assumed the existing mortgage of \$5.6 million, secured by the property. We recorded a loss on sale of \$2.5 million when ownership transferred to the existing lender.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On November 1, 2011, we acquired 100% of the membership interest in Bridgeview Plaza, LLC. On September 21, 2010, we sold our investment in EQK Bridgeview Plaza, Inc. to Warren Road Farm, Inc. (WRF), a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$8.3 million to be paid via an assumption of debt of \$6.2 million and seller financing of \$2.1 million. On October 4, 2010, WRF filed a voluntary petition seeking relief under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. The approved bankruptcy plan was effective November 1, 2011, whereby TCI, for its contribution to the plan was given 100% equity ownership in the entity. During the period of time that WRF owned the equity interest, it had also acquired 2900 acres of land known as Windmill Farms land located in Kaufman, TX, previously held by ARL, for a sales price of \$64.5 million. ARL provided \$33.8 million in seller financing with a five-year note receivable. The note accrues interest at 6.0% and is payable at maturity on September 21, 2015. WRF assumed the existing mortgage of \$30.7 million, secured by the property.

On November 2, 2011, we recognized the September 3, 2004 sale of Addison Hanger I, a 25,102 square foot industrial warehouse and Addison Hanger II, a 24,000 square foot industrial warehouse located in Addison, Texas, for a sales price of \$4.5 million. At the time of the sale, TCI entered into a 10-year triple-net lease with the buyer. Therefore, this transaction was accounted for under the financing method and the properties continued to be consolidated. As of November 12, 2011, the lease with the buyer was terminated. Due to ongoing litigation related to the lease, TCI has deferred the gain recognition until the matter is resolved.

On November 30, 2011, we recognized the March 23, 2011 sale of 23.24 acres of land known as Cooks Lane land located in Tarrant County, Texas to Cross County National Associates, LP, a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$1.1 million. The existing mortgage of \$0.5 million, secured by the property, was paid in full. We recorded a loss on sale of \$0.6 million on the land parcel.

On December 28, 2011, we sold 100% of our common stock of Centura-Ewing, Inc. and Garden Centura, Inc. to Realty Advisors Management, Inc., a related party under common control, for a sales price of \$20.4 million. These entities own a 1% general manager partnership interests and a 4% limited partnership interest in Garden Centura L.P., which owns 412,215 square foot office building known as Centura Tower located in Dallas, Texas. Centura-Ewing, Inc. has an option to purchase the remaining 95% limited partner interest in Garden Centura, L.P. TCI received a 5-year promissory note for the full sales price. Interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 2% is due quarterly with the principal due at maturity on December 28, 2016. We recorded a gain on sale of \$0.3 million when the stock was subsequently sold to an unrelated party.

In December 2010, there were various commercial and land holdings sold to FRE Real Estate, Inc. a related party under common control. During the first three months of 2011, many of these transactions were rescinded as of the original transaction date and were subsequently sold to related parties under the same ownership as FRE Real Estate, Inc. and disclosed in the transactions above. As of December 31, 2011, there is one commercial building, Thermalloy, that remains in FRE Real Estate, Inc. We have deferred the recognition of the sales in accordance with ASC 360-20 due to our continuing involvement, inadequate initial investment and questionable recovery of investment cost.

The properties that we have sold to a related party under common control and have deferred the recognition of the sale are treated as subject to sales contract on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and are listed in detail in Schedule III, Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation . These properties were sold to a related party in order to help facilitate an appropriate debt or organizational restructure and may or may not be transferred back to the seller upon resolution. These properties have mortgages that are secured by the property and many have corporate guarantees. According to the loan documents, we are currently in default on these mortgages primarily due to lack of payment although we are actively involved in discussions with every lender in order to settle or cure the default situation. We have reviewed each asset and taken impairment to the extent we feel the value of the property was less than our current basis.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisitions from our parent, ARL, have previously been reflected at the fair value purchase price. Upon discussion with the SEC and in review of the guidance pursuant to ASC 250-10-45-22 to 24, we have adjusted those assets, in the current year, to reflect a basis equal to ARL's cost basis in the asset at the time of the sale. The affiliate payables to ARL were reduced for the lower asset price.

NOTE 8. DIVIDENDS

TCI's Board of Directors established a policy that dividend declarations on common stock would be determined on an annual basis following the end of each year. In accordance with that policy, no dividends on TCI's common stock were declared for 2011, 2010, or 2009. Future distributions to common stockholders will be determined by the Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including the Company's financial condition and requirements, future prospects, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board.

NOTE 9. PREFERRED STOCK

TCI issued 30,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock. TCI's Series C Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock consists of a maximum of 30,000 shares with a liquidation preference of \$100.00 per share. Dividends are payable at the annual rate of \$7.00 per share annually or \$1.75 per quarter. After September 30, 2006, the Series C Preferred Stock may be converted into Common Stock at 90.0% of the daily average closing price of the Common Stock for the prior five trading days. The Series C Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash at any time at the option of TCI. At December 31, 2011, 30,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding.

In November 2006, TCI issued 100,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock with a liquidation preference of \$100 per share. The preferred stock is not convertible into any other security, requires dividends payable at the initial rate of 7% annually. The dividend rate increases ratably from 7% to 9% in future periods and can be redeemed at any point after September 30, 2011. In the fourth quarter, the preferred stockholders submitted a redemption request that is currently in dispute and we believe will be resolved in 2012 for no more than the original preferred stock issuance.

NOTE 10. STOCK OPTIONS

In October 2000, TCI's stockholders approved the Director's Stock Option Plan (the Director's Plan) which provides for options to purchase up to 140,000 shares of TCI's Common Stock. Options granted pursuant to the Director's Plan are immediately exercisable and expire on the earlier of the first anniversary of the date on which a Director ceases to be a Director or 10 years from the date of grant. Effective December 15, 2005 the plan was terminated. As of December 31, 2011, there were 10,000 stock options outstanding which were exercisable at \$14.25 per share, 5,000 of which expired on January 31, 2012 and 5,000 of which will expire January 1, 2015, if not exercised.

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

For 2011, 2010 and 2009, TCI had net losses for federal tax purposes.

During 2009, TCI acquired stock of Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. (IOT), such that more than 80% of IOT was owned by TCI. As a result, IOT joined the ARL consolidated group and joined a Tax Sharing and Compensating Agreement with TCI and ARL. The income tax expense (benefit) for 2011, 2010 and 2009 in

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

the accompanying financial statement was calculated under the Tax Sharing and Compensating Agreement. For 2011, TCI had net losses while ARL and IOT had net income. For 2010, ARL, TCI and IOT had net losses. For 2009, ARL and TCI had net losses and IOT had net income. For 2011, 2010 and 2009 TCI recorded no federal tax (benefit) or expense. The expense (benefit) in each year was calculated based on the amount of losses absorbed by taxable income multiplied by the maximum statutory tax rate of 35%.

Current income tax expense is attributable to:

	2011	2010	2009
Income from continuing operations	\$ (14,460)	\$ (26,645)	\$ (28,614)
Income from discontinued operations	14,460	26,645	28,614
	\$	\$	\$

There was no deferred tax expense (benefit) recorded for the period as a result of the uncertainty of the future use of the deferred tax asset.

The Federal income tax expense differs from the amount computed by the applying the corporate tax rate of 35% to the income before income taxes as follows:

	2011	2010	2009
Computed expected income tax (benefit) expense	\$ (11,870)	\$ (24,627)	\$ (27,315)
Book to tax differences for partnerships not consolidated for tax purposes	(6,442)	(3,636)	9,428
Book to tax differences of depreciation and amortization	1,140	1,544	1,467
Book to tax differences in gains on sale of property	(7,020)	6,056	(12,216)
Book to tax differences from insurance proceeds			
Use of net operating loss carryforward			
Book provision for loss	10,132	8,576	3,990
Partial valuation allowance against current net operating loss benefit	14,460	11,324	24,148
Other	(400)	763	498
	\$	\$	\$
Alternative Minimum Tax	\$	\$	\$

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The tax effect of temporary differences that give rise to the deferred tax asset are as follows:

	2011	2010	2009
Net operating losses	\$ 42,337	\$ 55,746	\$ 46,380
ATM credits	1,374	1,374	1,374
Basis difference of			
Real estate holdings	(22,448)	(38,495)	(46,124)
Notes receivable	1,663	6,678	5,899
Investments	(5,346)	(5,495)	(5,691)
Notes payable	22,966	41,565	52,007
Net deferred tax asset from IOT			
Deferred gains	15,106	26,025	15,078
Total	\$ 55,652	\$ 87,398	\$ 68,923
Deferred tax valuation allowance	(55,652)	(87,398)	(68,923)
Net deferred tax asset	\$	\$	\$

TCI has tax net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$108.6 million expiring through the year 2031.

NOTE 12. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL INCOME UNDER OPERATING LEASES

TCI's real estate operations include the leasing of commercial properties (office buildings, industrial warehouses and shopping centers). The leases thereon expire at various dates through 2024. The following is a schedule of minimum future rents on non-cancelable operating leases at December 31, 2011 (dollars in thousands):

2012	\$ 21,397
2013	14,619
2014	10,688
2015	7,454
2016	5,522
Thereafter	6,740
	\$ 66,420

NOTE 13. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Our segments are based on management's method of internal reporting which classifies its operations by property type. The segments are commercial, apartments, hotels, land and other. Significant differences among the accounting policies of the operating segments as compared to the Consolidated Financial Statements principally involve the calculation and allocation of administrative expenses. Management evaluates the performance of each of the operating segments and allocates resources to them based on their operating income and cash flow.

Items of income that are not reflected in the segments are interest, other income, gain on debt extinguishment, gain on condemnation award, equity in partnerships, and gains on sale of real estate. Expenses that are not reflected in the segments are provision for losses, advisory, net income and incentive fees, general and administrative, non-controlling interests and net loss from discontinued operations before gains on sale of real estate.

TRANSCONTINENTAL REALTY INVESTORS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Presented below is the Company's reportable segments' operating income including segment assets and expenditures for the years 2011, 2010 and 2009 (dollars in thousands):

	Commercial Properties	Apartments	Hotels	Land	Other	Total
For year ended 12/31/11						
Operating revenues	\$ 34,801	\$ 78,722	\$	\$ 291	\$ 273	\$ 114,087
Operating expenses	21,572	40,104		1,598	199	63,473
Depreciation and amortization	5,708	14,910				20,618
Mortgage and loan interest	10,911	30,262		8,373	3,587	53,133
Interest income					5,720	5,720
Gain on land sales				17,011		17,011
Segment operating income (loss)	\$ (3,390)	\$ (6,554)	\$	\$ 7,331	\$ 2,207	\$ (406)
Capital expenditures	3,285	1,320		4,103		8,708
Assets	183,663	592,360		197,301		973,324
Property Sales						
Sales price	\$ 103,811	\$ 21,590	\$	\$ 163,050	\$	\$ 288,451
Cost of sale	108,243	14,933		154,122		277,298
Deferred current gain						
Recognized prior deferred gain	7,287	8,788		8,083		24,158
Gain on sale	\$ 2,855	\$ 15,445	\$	\$ 17,011	\$	\$ 35,311

	Commercial Properties	Apartments	Hotels	Land	Other	Total
For year ended 12/31/10						
Operating revenues	\$ 40,631	\$ 69,144	\$	\$ 368	\$ 138	\$ 110,281
Operating expenses	22,512	36,853		2,793	(50)	62,108
Depreciation and amortization	8,112	14,077				22,189
Mortgage and loan interest	11,105	30,643		9,361	4,095	55,204
Interest income					5,187	&n