

BankFinancial CORP
Form 10-Q
July 28, 2008
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the Quarterly Period ended June 30, 2008

or

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For transition period from to

Commission File Number 0-51331

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

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Maryland
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

75-3199276
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

60527
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 894-6900

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date. 21,835,877 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were issued and outstanding as of July 25, 2008.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

Form 10-Q Quarterly Report

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Table of Contents**PART I****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**

June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Cash and due from other financial institutions	\$ 27,915	\$ 28,279
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	6,297	669
Cash and cash equivalents	34,212	28,948
Securities available-for-sale, at fair value	78,030	77,049
Loans held-for-sale	702	173
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses: June 30, 2008, \$10,900; and December 31, 2007, \$11,051	1,225,115	1,253,999
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank, at cost	15,598	15,598
Premises and equipment, net	34,013	34,487
Accrued interest receivable	6,407	7,090
Goodwill	22,566	22,566
Core deposit intangible	6,871	7,769
Investment in bank-owned life insurance	19,989	19,585
Other assets	13,309	13,280
Total assets	\$ 1,456,812	\$ 1,480,544
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Deposits	1,080,986	1,073,650
Borrowings	70,633	96,433
Advance payments by borrowers taxes and insurance	8,594	7,488
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	8,436	11,836
Total liabilities	1,168,649	1,189,407
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Stockholders equity		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding		
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, shares authorized: 100,000,000; shares issued at June 30, 2008, 21,913,077 and at December 31, 2007, 22,244,477	219	222
Additional paid-in capital	195,846	198,449
Retained earnings	108,503	113,802
Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares	(16,639)	(17,126)

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Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	234	(4,210)
Total stockholders' equity	288,163	291,137
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,456,812	\$ 1,480,544

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)**

Three months and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2008	June 30, 2007	2008	June 30, 2007
Interest and dividend income:				
Loans, including fees	\$ 18,333	\$ 21,343	\$ 37,911	\$ 43,083
Securities	1,002	1,393	2,148	2,918
Other	52	375	70	903
Total interest income	19,387	23,111	40,129	46,904
Interest expense:				
Deposits	5,613	8,498	11,921	16,775
Borrowings	792	1,262	1,953	2,750
Total interest expense	6,405	9,760	13,874	19,525
Net interest income	12,982	13,351	26,255	27,379
Provision (credit) for loan losses	250	(354)	199	227
Net interest income after provision (credit) for loan losses	12,732	13,705	26,056	27,152
Noninterest income:				
Deposit service charges and fees	837	918	1,662	1,753
Other fee income	587	499	1,062	960
Insurance commissions and annuities income	202	225	448	469
Gain on sale of loans, net	17	1	87	49
Gain on sale of securities available-for-sale			1,385	
Gain on unredeemed VISA stock			1,240	
Gain (loss) on disposition of premises and equipment	(311)	7	(302)	13
Loan servicing fees	184	214	397	425
Amortization and impairment of servicing assets	(178)	(106)	(489)	(201)
Operations of real estate owned	(163)		(174)	
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	187	135	404	135
Other	159	434	507	766
Total noninterest income	1,521	2,327	6,227	4,369
Noninterest expense:				
Compensation and benefits	7,506	7,860	15,726	16,297
Office occupancy and equipment	1,582	1,399	3,529	2,906
Advertising and public relations	309	455	473	683
Data processing	790	823	1,694	1,572
Supplies, telephone, and postage	497	484	1,019	1,052
Amortization of intangibles	446	469	898	946
Loss on impairment of securities available-for-sale	11,075		11,075	
Other	1,048	1,176	2,067	2,332
Total noninterest expense	23,253	12,666	36,481	25,788

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Income (loss) before income taxes	(9,000)	3,366	(4,198)	5,733
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3,593)	1,028	(1,983)	1,744
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,407)	\$ 2,338	\$ (2,215)	\$ 3,989
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.19
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.19
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,838,490	20,728,474	19,900,418	21,104,116
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	19,899,500	20,754,523	19,962,406	21,148,635

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total	Comprehensive Income
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 243	\$ 227,741	\$ 113,128	\$ (18,105)	\$ 3,008	\$ 326,015	
Comprehensive income:							
Net income			3,989			3,989	\$ 3,989
Change in other comprehensive income, net of tax effects					445	445	445
Total comprehensive income							\$ 4,434
Purchase and retirement of common stock (1,364,617 shares)	(14)	(23,027)				(23,041)	
Nonvested stock awards:							
Stock-based compensation expense		2,065				2,065	
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.14 per share)			(3,310)			(3,310)	
ESOP shares earned		264		485		749	
Balance at June 30, 2007	\$ 229	\$ 207,043	\$ 113,807	\$ (17,620)	\$ 3,453	\$ 306,912	
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 222	\$ 198,449	\$ 113,802	\$ (17,126)	\$ (4,210)	\$ 291,137	
Comprehensive income:							
Net income (loss)			(2,215)			(2,215)	\$ (2,215)
Change in other comprehensive income, net of tax effects					4,444	4,444	4,444
Total comprehensive income							\$ 2,229
Purchase and retirement of common stock (330,800 shares)	(3)	(5,057)				(5,060)	
Nonvested stock awards:							
Stock-based compensation expense		2,308				2,308	
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.14 per share)			(3,084)			(3,084)	
ESOP shares earned		146		487		633	
Balance at June 30, 2008	\$ 219	\$ 195,846	\$ 108,503	\$ (16,639)	\$ 234	\$ 288,163	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW**

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,215)	\$ 3,989
Adjustments to reconcile to net income to net cash from operating activities		
Provision for loan losses	199	227
ESOP shares earned	633	749
Stock-based compensation expense	2,050	2,065
Depreciation and amortization	1,907	1,906
Amortization and accretion of premiums and discounts	(58)	(447)
Amortization of core deposit and other intangible assets	889	949
Amortization and impairment of servicing assets	489	201
Net change in net deferred loan origination costs	55	158
Net loss on sale of real estate owned	142	
Net gain on sale of loans	(87)	(49)
Net gain on sale of securities	(1,385)	
Loss on impairment of securities available-for-sale	11,075	
Gain on unredeemed VISA stock	(1,240)	
Net loss (gain) on disposition of premises and equipment	302	(13)
Loans originated for sale	(16,542)	(12,223)
Proceeds from sale of loans	16,098	11,950
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(404)	(135)
Net change in:		
Deferred income tax	(3,681)	86
Accrued interest receivable	683	794
Other assets	(617)	(357)
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(1,902)	(1,200)
 Net cash from operating activities	 6,391	 8,650
Cash flows from investing activities		
Securities available-for-sale		
Proceeds from sales	1,385	
Proceeds from maturities	533	788,412
Proceeds from principal repayments	3,736	3,360
Purchase of securities	(8,947)	(741,825)
Loans receivable		
Principal payments on loans receivable	472,115	409,379
Purchases	(1,310)	(1,240)
Originated for investment	(442,020)	(361,043)
Purchase of bank owned life insurance		(19,000)
Purchase of premises and equipment, net	(1,117)	(705)
 Net cash from investing activities	 24,375	 77,338

(Continued)

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six months ended	
	June 30,	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net change in deposits	7,336	(24,363)
Net change in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	1,106	633
Net change in borrowings	(25,800)	(37,286)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(5,060)	(23,041)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,084)	(3,310)
Net cash from financing activities	(25,502)	(87,367)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,264	(1,379)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	28,948	67,337
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,212	\$ 65,958
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ 13,518	\$ 19,020
Income taxes paid	1,750	1,015
Loans transferred to other real estate	1,479	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation.

BankFinancial Corporation, a Maryland corporation headquartered in Burr Ridge, Illinois (the Company), is the owner of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of BankFinancial, F.S.B. (the Bank). On March 15, 2008, Financial Assurance Services, Inc. (Financial Assurance), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank, completed the sale of its title insurance agency business to a newly formed, third-party title insurance agency. The sale of the title insurance agency business does not affect the Bank's other insurance businesses, such as the property, casualty and life insurance and fixed annuity products that the Bank sells through Financial Assurance. The transaction had no material impact on the Company's total assets, stockholders' equity or net income.

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the words Company, we and our are intended to refer to the Company, the Bank, and the Bank's subsidiaries, with respect to matters and time periods occurring on and after June 23, 2005, including the information presented for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008.

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements and prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

To prepare financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and future results could differ. The allowance for loan losses, mortgage loan servicing rights, impairment of securities and the fair value of investment securities and financial instruments are particularly subject to change.

Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior period's financial statements to conform them to the current period's presentation.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, and all amendments thereto, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 2 Earnings (loss) per share

Amounts reported in earnings (loss) per share reflect earnings available to common stockholders for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, exclusive of unearned ESOP shares and unvested restricted stock shares. Stock options and restricted stock are regarded as potential common stock and are considered in the diluted earnings per share calculations to the extent that they would have a dilutive effect if converted to common stock computed using the treasury stock method.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,407)	\$ 2,338	\$ (2,215)	\$ 3,989
Average common shares outstanding	21,952,967	23,124,955	22,027,188	23,522,276
Less: Unearned ESOP shares	(1,679,927)	(1,777,881)	(1,692,095)	(1,789,972)
Unvested restricted stock shares	(434,550)	(618,600)	(434,675)	(628,188)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,838,490	20,728,474	19,900,418	21,104,116
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.19
	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,838,490	20,728,474	19,900,418	21,104,116
Net effect of dilutive stock options and unvested restricted stock	61,010	26,049	61,988	44,519
Weighted average dilutive common shares outstanding	19,899,500	20,754,523	19,962,406	21,148,635
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.19
Number of anti-dilutive stock options excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation	2,336,803	1,557,500	2,336,803	1,557,500
Weighted average exercise price of anti-dilutive option shares	\$ 16.51	\$ 17.36	\$ 16.51	\$ 17.36

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 3 Securities

The fair value of securities available-for-sale and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses
June 30, 2008			
Certificate of deposit	\$ 500	\$	\$
Municipal	1,932	57	
Mortgage-backed securities	44,830	325	(53)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,995	63	(1)
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	573	1	(4)
Equity securities	27,200		
	\$ 78,030	\$ 446	\$ (58)
December 31, 2007			
Municipal	\$ 2,272	\$ 62	\$
Mortgage-backed securities	39,277	132	(162)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	3,683	35	(1)
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	592	1	(4)
Equity securities	31,225		(7,050)
	\$ 77,049	\$ 230	\$ (7,217)

At June 30, 2008, our debt securities consisted of mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued or sponsored by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae, collateralized mortgage obligations and real estate mortgage investment conduits guaranteed by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae, SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates, and municipal securities. Our equity securities consisted entirely of shares of two floating rate and one fixed rate preferred stocks issued by Freddie Mac. All of our investment securities reflected in the preceding table were classified as available-for-sale at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

Interest income on securities is recognized under the interest method, and includes amortization of purchase premium and discount. Gains and losses on sales of securities are based on the amortized cost of the securities sold.

We evaluate marketable investment securities with significant declines in fair value on a quarterly basis to determine whether they should be considered other-than-temporarily impaired under Securities and Exchange Commission Codification of Staff Accounting Bulletins, Topic 5: *Miscellaneous Accounting - Item M, Other-Than-Temporary Impairment of Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities* (Topic 5- Item M), which provides that if a marketable security is in an unrealized loss position, whether due to general market conditions or industry or issuer-specific factors, the holder of the securities must assess whether the impairment is other-than-temporary.

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The only marketable securities in our investment portfolio that had significant declines in fair value at June 30, 2008 were our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks. In accordance with Topic 5-Item M, we conducted impairment testing on our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks as of June 30, 2008, using our established methodology for evaluating marketable equity securities for possible other-than-temporary impairment. Pursuant to this methodology, we initially identified the severity and the continuous duration of the declines in the fair value of the shares of each Freddie Mac preferred stock. We then used our valuation model to project the value of the shares in future periods under a number of possible interest rate scenarios, using current data and mean and median historical data as inputs for the forward yield curve and the volatility curve parameters, and for each security, its original, current and mid-point

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 3 Securities (continued)

spread over the applicable risk-free benchmark. We then considered the projected future values of the shares and other relevant evidence in evaluating the likelihood that the carrying value of the shares would fully recover in future periods, using evaluation criteria that require greater evidence of a full recovery as the continuous duration and the severity of the decline in value increase. Acting on the premise that a write-down may be required, we then made a judgment as to whether the evidence favored a full recovery, and whether we had the intent and ability to hold the securities for the duration of the forecasted recovery period.

We determined from the above evaluation process that the evidence did not favor a full recovery of the carrying value of our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks, and that the \$11.1 million unrealized loss, pre-tax, that existed at June 30, 2008 with respect to these securities constituted an other-than-temporary impairment in accordance with Topic 5-Item M. We based this conclusion primarily on the duration and severity of the unrealized losses, our inability to forecast a full recovery in the value of these securities in the requisite number of interest rate scenarios, and issuer-specific factors concerning Freddie Mac. Based on these determinations, we reduced the combined carrying value of our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks by a total of \$11.1 million at June 30, 2008, and recorded an impairment loss, in the amount of \$6.7 million, after tax, against our income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008.

The quoted market prices for our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks have been volatile in recent months on generally low trading volumes. In addition, significant uncertainties continue to exist with respect to the financial condition of Freddie Mac, and these uncertainties and general market and economic conditions have resulted in further material declines in the quoted market prices for the Freddie Mac preferred stocks since June 30, 2008. These and other factors make it possible that these securities could require the recording of further other-than-temporary impairment losses in one or more future reporting periods. *For further information on investment securities, see Part II, ITEM 1A: Risk Factors.*

The results for six months ended June 30, 2008, included a \$1.4 million pre-tax gain related to the sale of Visa, Inc. (Visa) stock that we received in connection with the completion of Visa's initial public offering in March 2008.

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(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 4 Loans Receivable

Loans originated are identified as either held for sale or held for investment and are accounted for accordingly upon their origination. Loans that are classified as held for sale are recorded at the lower of their aggregate cost or market value. The Company sells a portion of its mortgage loan production in the secondary market. The Company obtains sales commitments on certain of these loans immediately prior to making the origination commitment. Net unrealized losses are recognized by charges to income. Mortgage loans held for sale are generally sold with servicing rights retained. Gains and losses on sales of mortgage loans are based on the difference between the selling price and the carrying value of the loan sold.

Premiums and discounts associated with loans purchased are amortized over the expected life of the loans using the level-yield method.

Interest income is reported on the interest method and includes amortization of net deferred loan fees and costs over the contractual loan term, adjusted for prepayments. Interest income is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the loan is well-secured and in process of collection. Past due status is based on the contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual status or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not received for loans on nonaccrual status is reversed against interest income. Interest received on such loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual status. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Loans receivable are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
One- to four-family residential real estate loans	\$ 329,575	\$ 345,245
Multi-family mortgage loans	306,209	291,395
Nonresidential real estate loans	323,555	325,885
Construction and land loans	52,785	64,483
Commercial loans	68,168	83,233
Commercial leases	146,714	144,841
Consumer loans	2,809	3,506
Other loans (including municipal)	4,334	4,544
Total loans	1,234,149	1,263,132
Loans in process	(165)	(168)
Net deferred loan origination costs	2,031	2,086
Allowance for loan losses	(10,900)	(11,051)
Loans, net	\$ 1,225,115	\$ 1,253,999

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 4 Loans Receivable (Continued)

Activity in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007
Beginning balance	\$ 11,051	\$ 10,622
Provision for loan losses	199	227
Loans charged off	(355)	(100)
Recoveries	5	30
Ending balance	\$ 10,900	\$ 10,779

Impaired loans are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Loans with allocated allowance for loan losses	\$ 7,842	\$ 6,590
Loans with no allocated allowance for loan losses	13,162	18,060
Total impaired loans	\$ 21,004	\$ 24,650

Amount of the allowance for loan losses allocated to impaired loans	\$ 769	\$ 806
Average of impaired loans during the period	\$ 22,250	\$ 22,090

Cash basis interest income received on impaired loans was approximately \$802,000 and \$1.1 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Interest income received on impaired loans was approximately \$412,000 and \$560,000 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Nonperforming loans are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 11,248	\$ 12,058
90 days delinquent, still accruing	545	

Nonperforming loans and impaired loans are defined differently. Some loans may be included in both categories, and some may only be included in one category. Nonperforming loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

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The \$545,000 in loans reflected in the above table as 90 days delinquent, still accruing, represents well-secured equipment leases on which the payments were not received and processed until July 2008 due to lessee administrative issues. Generally, the Bank does not utilize this category of loan classification unless: (1) the loan is repaid in full shortly after the period end date; (2) the loan is well secured and there are no asserted or pending legal barriers to its collection; or (3) the borrower has remitted all scheduled payments and is otherwise in substantial compliance with the terms of the loan, but the processing of payments actually received or the renewal of a loan has not occurred for administrative reasons.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

Note 4 Loans Receivable (Continued)

The allowance for loan losses is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses inherent in the loan portfolio. In determining the level of the allowance for loan losses, management considers past and current loss experience, evaluations of collateral, current economic conditions, volume and type of lending, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay a loan, the levels of nonperforming and other classified loans, and other relevant factors. The amount of the allowance is based on estimates and the ultimate losses may vary from such estimates as more information becomes available, or as later events occur or circumstances change. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off. The allowance consists of specific and general components. The specific component relates to loans that are individually classified as impaired or loans otherwise classified as substandard or doubtful. The general component covers nonclassified loans and is based on historical loss experience adjusted for current factors.

A loan is impaired when full payment under the loan terms is not expected. Commercial and commercial real estate loans are individually evaluated for impairment. If a loan is impaired, a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans, such as consumer loans and residential real estate loans, are collectively evaluated for impairment, and accordingly, they are not separately identified for impairment disclosures.

Note 5 Deposits

Deposits are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 108,530	\$ 111,554
Savings	101,532	97,280
Money market accounts	183,180	250,682
Interest-bearing NOW	364,106	306,517
Certificates of deposit	323,638	307,617
	\$ 1,080,986	\$ 1,073,650

Certificates of deposit include wholesale deposits of \$6.9 million and \$2.0 million at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 respectively.

Interest expense on deposit accounts is summarized as follows:

Three months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,
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	2008	2007	2008	2007
Savings	\$ 194	\$ 212	\$ 382	\$ 433
Money market accounts	1,063	2,791	2,830	5,547
Interest-bearing NOW	1,684	1,739	3,117	3,255
Certificates of deposit	2,672	3,756	5,592	7,540
	\$ 5,613	\$ 8,498	\$ 11,921	\$ 16,775

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Note 6 Fair Value

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157), effective January 1, 2008. SFAS No. 157 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Under SFAS No. 157, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement inputs). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under SFAS No. 157 are described below:

Basis of Fair Value Measurement:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets.

Level 2 Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair values of marketable equity securities available-for-sale are generally determined by quoted prices, in active markets, for each specific security (Level 1 measurement inputs). If Level 1 measurement inputs are not available for a marketable equity security, we determine its fair value based on the quoted price of a similar security traded in an active market (Level 2 measurement inputs). The fair values of debt securities available-for-sale are generally determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 measurement inputs).

The fair values of loans held for sale are generally determined by quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets (Level 2 measurement inputs).

Impaired loans are evaluated and valued at the time the loan is identified as impaired, at the lower of cost or market value. Market value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing these loans and is classified at a Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Collateral may be real estate and/or business assets, including equipment, inventory and/or accounts receivable, and its fair value is generally determined based on real estate appraisals or other independent evaluations by qualified professionals. Impaired loans are reviewed and evaluated on at least a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly, based on the same factors identified above.

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The fair values of mortgage servicing rights are based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated net servicing income. The valuation model incorporates assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income. The Company is able to compare the valuation model inputs and results to widely available published industry data for reasonableness (Level 2 measurement inputs).

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Note 6 Fair Value (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets that were accounted for at fair value and are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2008 Using Quoted Prices in		
		Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Securities available-for-sale	\$ 78,030	\$ 27,700	\$ 50,330	\$

The following table sets forth the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2008 Using Quoted Prices in		
		Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Loans held-for-sale	\$ 702	\$	\$ 702	\$
Impaired loans	7,842		7,842	
Mortgage servicing rights	459		459	

The following represents loan-related impairment charges (and credits) recognized during the period:

Loans held-for-sale, which are carried at lower of cost or fair value, had a fair value of \$702,000, resulting in a valuation allowance of \$2,000. A pre-tax charge of \$2,000 was included in net income for the three month period ended June 30, 2008.

Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a carrying amount of \$21.0 million, with a valuation allowance of \$769,000 at June 30, 2008, compared to a carrying amount of \$21.1 million, with a valuation allowance of \$589,000 at March 31, 2008, resulting in a provision for loan losses of \$180,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2008.

Mortgage servicing rights, which are carried at lower of cost or fair value, had a carrying amount of \$1.8 million at June 30, 2008, comprised of \$1.4 million on fixed rate loans and \$459,000 on adjustable rate loans, including a valuation allowance of \$243,000 on mortgage servicing rights of the adjustable rate loans. A pre-tax charge of \$49,000 was included in net income for the three month period ended June 30, 2008.

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Note 7 Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other comprehensive income (loss) components were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,407)	\$ 2,338	\$ (2,215)	\$ 3,989
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized holding (losses) gains on securities available for-sale	(2,149)	(1,716)	(2,314)	738
Tax effect	854	682	920	(293)
Unrealized holding (losses) gains on securities available for-sale, net of tax effect	(1,295)	(1,034)	(1,394)	445
Less reclassification adjustment for gains recognized in Income			(1,385)	
Tax effect			550	
Less reclassification adjustment for gains recognized in income, net of tax			(835)	
Loss on impairment of securities available-for-sale	11,075		11,075	
Tax effect	(4,402)		(4,402)	
Less reclassification adjustment for gains recognized in income, net of tax	6,673		6,673	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	5,378	(1,034)	4,444	445
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (29)	\$ 1,304	\$ 2,229	\$ 4,434

Note 8 Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. The standard provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value and establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. The new standard is effective for the Company on January 1, 2008. The Company did not elect the fair value option for any financial assets or financial liabilities as of January 1, 2008.

On November 5, 2007, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 109, *Written Loan Commitments Recorded at Fair Value through Earnings* (SAB 109). Previously, SAB 105, *Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments*, stated that in measuring the fair value of a derivative loan commitment, a company should not incorporate the expected net future cash flows related to the associated servicing of the loan. SAB 109 supersedes SAB 105 and indicates that the expected net future cash flows related to the associated servicing of the loan should be included in measuring fair value for all written loan commitments that are accounted for at fair value through earnings. SAB 105 also indicated that internally-developed intangible assets should not be recorded as part of the fair value of a derivative loan commitment, and SAB 109 retains

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that view. SAB 109 is effective for derivative loan commitments issued or modified in fiscal quarters beginning after December 15, 2007. The impact of adoption in 2008 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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Note 9 Effect of Newly Issued But Not Yet Effective Accounting Standards

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 141R, *Business Combinations (Revised)* (SFAS 141R). SFAS 141R replaces the current standard on business combinations and will significantly change the accounting for and reporting of business combinations in consolidated financial statements. This statement requires an entity to measure the business acquired at fair value and to recognize goodwill attributable to any noncontrolling interests (previously referred to as minority interests) rather than just the portion attributable to the acquirer. The statement will also result in fewer exceptions to the principle of measuring assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination at fair value. In addition, the statement will result in payments to third parties for consulting, legal, audit, and similar services associated with an acquisition to be recognized as expenses when incurred rather than capitalized as part of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* (SFAS 161). SFAS 161 amends Statement 133 by requiring expanded disclosures about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities, but does not change Statement 133's scope or accounting. This statement requires increased qualitative, quantitative, and credit-risk disclosures. SFAS 161 also amends Statement No. 107 to clarify that derivative instruments are subject to Statement 107's concentration-of-credit-risk disclosures. SFAS 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after November 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Forward Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including this Item 2, contains, and other periodic and special reports and press releases of BankFinancial Corporation may contain, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve significant risks and uncertainties. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for purposes of invoking these safe harbor provisions. These forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words believe, expect, intend, anticipate, estimate, project, plan, or expressions. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain and actual results may differ from those predicted. Factors that could have a material adverse effect on operations and could affect management's outlook or our future prospects include, but are not limited to: higher than expected overhead, infrastructure and compliance costs, changes in market interest rates, a flattening or inversion of the yield curve, less than anticipated balance sheet growth, lack of demand for loan products, unanticipated changes in secondary mortgage market conditions, deposit flows, pricing, underwriting and other forms of competition, adverse federal or state legislative or regulatory developments, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and Federal Reserve Board, deteriorating economic conditions that could result in increased delinquencies in our loan portfolio, the quality or composition of our loan or investment portfolios, demand for financial services and multi-family, commercial and residential real estate loans in our market area, the possible short-term dilutive effect of potential acquisitions or de novo branches, if any, changes in accounting principles, policies and guidelines, future adverse developments in legal and bankruptcy proceedings, and future adverse developments concerning Freddie Mac or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. We do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect circumstances and events that occur after the date on which the forward-looking statement was made.

Critical Accounting Policies

Critical accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgments and uncertainties, and could potentially result in materially different results under different assumptions and conditions. We believe that the critical accounting policies upon which our financial condition and results of operation depend, and which involve the most complex subjective decisions or assessments, are included in the discussion entitled Critical Accounting Policies in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, and all amendments thereto, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There are no material changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Overview

Business conditions remained constant during the early part of the second quarter of 2008 despite increasing customer concerns about the overall U.S. economic environment during the latter part of the period. Multi-family loan and commercial lease balances increased but these increases were more than offset by our continued targeted reduction of credit risk within the construction, commercial real estate and commercial loan segments of our loan portfolio, as well as balance reductions by certain commercial loan customers. Our residential loan portfolio declined principally due to accelerated prepayments. We expect that the uncertainty surrounding the U.S. economy, U.S. interest rates and certain real estate markets will increase the unpredictability of the volume of our loan originations and loan repayments in 2008, though we expect the overall residential, construction and selected health care segments to decline further during the remainder of the year. Nevertheless, we believe that there is the potential for limited growth in multi-family loans, commercial loans and commercial leases during the second half of 2008.

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We reduced wholesale borrowings given the additional liquidity available from the reduction in the loan portfolio. Due to the volatility in market conditions, we postponed any contemplated purchases of selected investment-grade securities to improve net interest income, though we may resume such evaluations in the future. The market environment negatively affected the values of our Freddie Mac preferred securities such that we deemed the unrealized loss on these securities to be an other-than-temporary impairment as of June 30, 2008. In addition, the significant market volatility and uncertainties involving Freddie Mac will require future impairment testing and determinations of whether unrealized losses arising after June 30, 2008 should be considered an other-than-temporary impairment.

Overall trends in our multi-family and commercial real estate portfolio quality remained stable. Our overall residential and home equity portfolio quality remained strong, though evidence is accumulating that we will experience somewhat higher levels of past due residential loans principally related to increasing local unemployment rates. Our construction and land loan portfolio quality remained relatively stable as existing customer inventory continued to liquidate, but there are increasing signs that certain borrowers are encountering greater difficulty making debt service payments on their construction projects or land inventory. Our commercial loan and lease portfolio quality also remained strong, as we received full repayments on several health care exposures and one other material commercial loan relationship. We placed two of three loans to a recently deceased construction loan borrower and one commercial real estate loan on non-accrual status during the second quarter. We expect that there will continue to be isolated cases where we elect not to renew certain construction loans or pursue either negotiated collateral dispositions or formal legal remedies if the borrower is unable to continue scheduled debt service or proposes unfeasible exit solutions. If forced collateral dispositions in this segment become absolutely necessary, we expect a higher risk of loss on the related credit exposures given present and foreseeable market conditions.

The Company's required loan loss reserves increased due to specific reserves established for the loans we placed on non-accrual status, offset in part by the charge-off of certain credit exposures for which we had previously established specific loan loss reserves. Our unallocated loan loss reserves increased slightly due to the deterioration in national and local economic risk factors as measured by our SFAS No. 5 loan loss reserve model despite the overall lower credit risk profile and credit exposures of the loan portfolio. We continue to believe that adherence to our historical loan underwriting standards remains appropriate.

Deposits increased in the second quarter of 2008, principally due to increased marketing activity and also due to our decision to maintain interest rates on certain market-rate indexed checking accounts at the levels existing as of the end of the previous quarter pending the reconfiguration of these account products and issuance of the related customer disclosures. The resultant deposit account product line provides both greater flexibility to meet competitive forces and greater efficiency in marketing and sales operations. Deposit competition abated to some degree early in the quarter, but we experienced a resurgence of intensified competition from certain local, regional and national competitors late in the quarter. We believe that our recent actions position us well for customer retention and cost-effective growth in our market, to the extent it is available.

Our net interest margin and net interest rate spread were effectively stable. Continued reductions in higher-risk loan portfolio balances reduced loan interest income, offset in part by an improving interest rate environment notwithstanding our interim deposit rate pricing decisions during the quarter. Nonetheless, we believe that such behavior may not necessarily continue because of further reductions in the Company's construction and health-care loan portfolios and continued deposit pricing pressures, potentially offset by a more favorable interest rate environment and widening commercial credit spreads on multi-family and commercial real estate loans. In addition, on a comparative basis, other factors affecting net interest margin include the cumulative effects of the Company's share repurchase program. We expect that these factors will continue to affect our net interest margin in future quarters; however, we are also focused on generating positive influences through the further diversification of our commercial credit portfolio, optimization of the overall mix of the loan portfolio and gathering noninterest-bearing deposits from local small businesses.

Noninterest income results were also mixed. Revenues from continuing customer loan, deposit and insurance/wealth management activity increased; however, the previous quarter included revenues from our former title insurance agency operations

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which we sold in March, 2008. Results from loan portfolio management and secondary mortgage market activity declined principally due to a possible eminent domain dispute on a multi-family REO property and a higher required market valuation allowance on our portfolio of loans serviced for others. Results from securities and other assets reflected our periodic review of obsolete or discontinued fixed assets as well as the absence of Visa litigation settlement activity in the second quarter of 2008. In general, we expect continued modest growth in deposit fee income from overdraft processing and selected deposit activity fees, offset in part by possible reductions in income due to risk adjustments related to debit card issuance and use.

Our noninterest expenses included the \$11.1 million pre-tax loss on impairment of securities in the quarter. Our reduced employment levels resulted in a meaningful decrease in compensation-related costs as we continue to implement the results of operational reviews to maximize the efficiency of our operations. Advertising expenses increased during the quarter and we expect expenses for marketing (especially retail deposits and small business customers), commercial business development personnel and certain technology investments related to customer service and commercial loan operations to increase in 2008.

Selected Financial Data

The following tables summarize the major components of the changes in our balance sheet at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, and in our income statement for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007.

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007	Percent Change
(Dollars in thousands)			
Selected Financial Condition Data:			
Total assets	\$ 1,456,812	\$ 1,480,544	(1.6)%
Loans receivable, net	1,225,115	1,253,999	(2.3)
Deposits	1,080,986	1,073,650	0.7
Borrowings	70,633	96,433	(26.8)
Stockholders' equity	288,163	291,137	(1.0)

	Three months ended June 30,		Percent Change	Six months ended June 30,		Percent Change
	2008	2007		2008	2007	
(Dollars in thousands)						
Selected Operating Data:						
Interest income	\$ 19,387	\$ 23,111	(16.1)%	\$ 40,129	\$ 46,904	(14.4)%
Interest expense	6,405	9,760	(34.4)	13,874	19,525	(28.9)
Net interest income	12,982	13,351	(2.8)	26,255	27,379	(4.1)
Provision (credit) for loan losses	250	(354)	N.M.	199	227	(12.3)
Net interest income after provision (credit) for loan losses	12,732	13,705	(7.1)	26,056	27,152	(4.0)
Noninterest income	1,521	2,327	(34.6)	6,227	4,369	42.5
Noninterest expense	23,253	12,666	83.6	36,481	25,788	41.5
Income (loss) before income taxes	(9,000)	3,366	N.M.	(4,198)	5,733	N.M.
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3,593)	1,028	N.M.	(1,983)	1,744	N.M.
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,407)	\$ 2,338	N.M.	\$ (2,215)	\$ 3,989	N.M.

N.M. not meaningful

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	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:				
Performance Ratios:				
Return on assets (ratio of net income (loss) to average total assets) (1)	(1.49)%	0.61%	(0.30)%	0.51%
Return on equity (ratio of net income (loss) to average equity) (1)	(7.46)	3.01	(1.52)	2.51
Net interest rate spread (1) (2)	3.31	2.88	3.31	2.93
Net interest margin (1) (3)	3.88	3.74	3.90	3.79
Average equity to average assets	19.93	20.09	19.90	20.33
Efficiency ratio (4)	160.33	80.79	112.31	81.23
Noninterest expense to average total assets (1)	6.39	3.28	4.99	3.30
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	129.40	131.30	129.18	131.81

- (1) Ratios are annualized.
(2) The net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities for the period.
(3) The net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets for the period.
(4) The efficiency ratio represents noninterest expense divided by the sum of net interest income and noninterest income.

	At June 30, 2008	At December 31, 2007
Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:		
Asset Quality Ratios:		
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.84%	0.87%
Nonperforming loans to total loans	0.91	0.95
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	96.91	91.65
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	0.89	0.87
Capital Ratios:		
Equity to total assets at end of period	19.78	19.66
Tier 1 leverage ratio (Bank only)	14.13	13.95
Other Data:		
Number of full service offices	18	18
Employees (full-time equivalent basis)	397	425

Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007

Total assets decreased \$23.7 million, or 1.6%, to \$1.457 billion at June 30, 2008, from \$1.481 billion at December 31, 2007, primarily due to a \$28.9 million, or 2.3%, decrease in net loans receivable from \$1.254 billion at December 31, 2007, to \$1.225 billion at June 30, 2008. The decrease in net loans primarily resulted from net decreases of \$11.7 million in construction and land loans, \$15.1 million in commercial loans, \$15.7 million in one- to four-family residential mortgage loans, and \$2.3 million in nonresidential real estate loans. The net decrease in construction and land loans included \$23.7 million in principal payments resulting from project sales activities, which were partially offset by draws on existing credit commitments. Multi-family mortgage loans increased \$14.8 million, or 5.1%, and commercial leases increased \$1.9 million, or 1.3%.

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Net securities available-for-sale increased by \$981,000, or 1.3%, to \$78.0 million at June 30, 2008, from \$77.0 million at December 31, 2007, primarily due to \$8.9 million of additional securities purchases that were offset in substantial part by \$4.2 million in principal payments received on and maturities of securities and a \$3.7 million decline in the fair value of securities available-for-sale during the six months ended June 30, 2008.

The Company owned \$15.6 million of common stock of the FHLB of Chicago (FHLBC) at June 30, 2008. On October 10, 2007, the FHLBC entered into a consensual cease and desist order with the Federal Housing Finance Board. Under the terms of the order, capital stock repurchases and redemptions, including redemptions upon membership withdrawal or other termination, are prohibited unless the FHLBC receives the prior approval of the Director of the Office of Supervision of the Federal Housing Finance Board (the Director). The order also provides that dividend declarations are subject to the prior written approval of the Director and that the FHLBC must submit a Capital Structure Plan to the Federal Housing Finance Board. The FHLBC has not paid dividends since the third quarter of 2007, and has announced that it does not anticipate paying any dividends in 2008.

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$5.3 million, or 18.2%, to \$34.2 million at June 30, 2008, from \$28.9 million at December 31, 2007. Cash expenditures during the six months ended June 30, 2008 included \$8.1 million to fund stock repurchases and dividends.

Deposits increased \$7.3 million, or 0.7%, to \$1.081 billion at June 30, 2008, from \$1.074 billion at December 31, 2007. Total core deposits (savings, money market, noninterest-bearing demand and NOW accounts) decreased slightly as a percentage of total deposits, representing 70.1% of total deposits at June 30, 2008, compared to 71.3% of total deposits at December 31, 2007. Borrowings decreased \$25.8 million, or 26.8%, to \$70.6 million at June 30, 2008, from \$96.4 million at December 31, 2007.

Total stockholders' equity decreased \$3.0 million to \$288.2 million at June 30, 2008, compared to \$291.1 million at December 31, 2007, primarily due to the impact of stock repurchases, cash dividends and the net loss of \$2.2 million that we recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2008. We repurchased and retired 330,800 shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$5.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2008, and declared cash dividends aggregating \$3.1 million. The unallocated shares of common stock that are owned by our ESOP were reflected as a \$16.6 million reduction to stockholders' equity at June 30, 2008, compared to a \$17.1 million reduction to equity at December 31, 2007.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

Net Income. We had a net loss of \$5.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to net income of \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The net loss was primarily attributable to our recording an after-tax, impairment loss of \$6.7 million, or \$0.34 per basic and fully diluted share, on our Freddie Mac preferred stocks based on our determination that the unrealized loss that existed with respect to these securities at June 30, 2008 constituted an other-than-temporary impairment. Our operating results for the second quarter of 2008 also reflected \$1.2 million in expenses for equity-based compensation and benefits, compared to \$1.3 million for the second quarter of 2007. Our loss per share of common stock for the three months ended June 30, 2008 was \$0.27 per share, compared to earnings of \$0.11 per share for the three-month period ending June 30, 2007.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income decreased by \$369,000, or 2.8%, to \$13.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$13.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in net interest income was due in substantial part to a \$3.7 million decrease in interest income, offset by a \$2.9 million decrease in interest expense on deposits. Our net interest rate spread increased by 43 basis points to 3.31% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 2.88% for the same period in 2007. Our net interest margin increased by 14 basis points to 3.88% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.74% for the same period in 2007.

Interest income decreased \$3.7 million, or 16.1%, to \$19.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$23.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in interest income was primarily attributable to a decrease in the average balances of all interest-earning portfolios and the impact of lower short term interest rates on the average yield on interest-earning assets. Total average interest-earning assets decreased \$85.7 million, or 6.0%, to \$1.346 billion for the three months ended June 30,

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2008, from \$1.432 billion for the same period in 2007. The decrease in total average interest-earning assets reflects a \$64.0 million, or 4.9%, decrease in average loans receivable, an \$11.9 million decrease in investment securities available-for-sale, and a \$9.8 million decrease in interest-earning deposits. The average yield on interest-earning assets declined 68 basis points to 5.79% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 6.47% for the same period ended June 30, 2007.

Interest income from loans, the most significant portion of interest income, decreased \$3.0 million, or 14.1%, to \$18.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$21.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in interest income on loans resulted primarily from a \$64.0 million decrease in average loans receivables to \$1.234 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.298 billion for the same period in 2007, and a 62 basis point decrease in the average yield to 5.98% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 6.60% for the same period in 2007.

Interest income from securities available-for-sale decreased by \$391,000, or 28.1%, to \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007, due in substantial part to a decrease of \$11.9 million, or 12.1%, in the average outstanding balance of securities available-for-sale to \$86.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$98.8 million for the same period in 2007.

Income from cash dividends on our FHLBC common stock totaled \$107,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The FHLBC did not pay any dividends in the second quarter of 2008.

Interest income from cash that we maintained in interest-earning deposits totaled \$52,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$268,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease was primarily due to a \$9.8 million decrease in the average balances, and a 329 basis point decrease in the yield to 2.01% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 5.30% for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense decreased \$3.4 million, or 34.4%, to \$6.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$9.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. This decrease reflected a decrease in the weighted average interest rates that we paid on deposit accounts and a decrease in the average interest rates that we paid on our FHLB advances, which together resulted in an overall decrease of 111 basis points in the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities to 2.48% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.59% for the same period in 2007. The effect of the decrease in interest expense also reflected a \$50.0 million, or 4.6%, decrease in our average interest-bearing liabilities to \$1.041 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.091 billion for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense on deposits decreased \$2.9 million, or 33.9%, to \$5.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$8.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease reflected a 112 basis point decrease in the average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits to 2.36% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.48% for same period in 2007. This decrease in the average rate paid on deposits was partially offset by a \$20.5 million, or 2.1%, decrease in average interest-bearing deposits to \$958.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$978.6 million for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense on money market account deposits decreased \$1.7 million, or 61.9%, reflecting a decrease of \$53.1 million, or 20.8%, in the average balance to \$202.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$255.9 million for the same period in 2007, and a 226 basis point decrease in the interest rate paid to 2.11%, from 4.37% for same period in 2007.

Interest expense on NOW account deposits decreased \$55,000, or 3.2%, reflecting a 51 basis point decrease in the interest rates paid to 1.98% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 2.49% for the same period in 2007, and an increase of \$61.7 million, or 22.1%, in the average balance to \$341.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$279.6 million for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense on certificates of deposit decreased \$1.1 million, or 28.9%, reflecting a decrease of \$19.6 million, or 5.8%, in the average balance to \$312.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$332.4 million for the same period in 2007. This decrease also reflected a 109 basis point decrease in the interest rates paid to 3.44% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 4.53% for the same period in 2007.

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Interest expense on borrowings decreased by \$470,000, or 37.2%, to \$792,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease was due to a \$29.7 million, or 26.5%, reduction of our average borrowings to \$82.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$112.2 million for the same period in 2007, which also reflected a 65 basis point decrease in interest rates paid on borrowings to 3.86% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 4.51% for the same period in 2007.

Table of Contents**Average Balance Sheets**

The following table sets forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information for the periods indicated. No tax-equivalent yield adjustments were made, as the effect of these adjustments would not be material. Average balances are daily average balances. Nonaccrual loans have been included in the computation of average balances, but have been reflected in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. The yields set forth below include, where applicable, the effect of deferred fees and expenses, discounts and premiums, and purchase accounting adjustments that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

	For the three months ended June 30,					
	2008			2007		
	Average Outstanding Balance	Interest	Yield/Rate (1)	Average Outstanding Balance	Interest	Yield/Rate (1)
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Interest-earning assets:						
Loans	\$ 1,233,586	\$ 18,333	5.98%	\$ 1,297,583	\$ 21,343	6.60%
Securities available-for-sale	86,855	1,002	4.64	98,791	1,393	5.66
Stock in FHLB	15,598		0.00	15,598	107	2.75
Other	10,457	52	2.01	20,266	268	5.30
Total interest-earning assets	1,346,496	19,387	5.79	1,432,238	23,111	6.47
Noninterest-earning assets	108,000			111,747		
Total assets	\$ 1,454,496			\$ 1,543,985		
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Savings deposits	\$ 101,135	193	0.77	\$ 110,732	212	0.77
Money market deposits	202,814	1,064	2.11	255,920	2,791	4.37
NOW deposits	341,274	1,684	1.98	279,584	1,739	2.49
Certificates of deposit	312,848	2,672	3.44	332,365	3,756	4.53
Total deposits	958,071	5,613	2.36	978,601	8,498	3.48
Borrowings	82,502	792	3.86	112,209	1,262	4.51
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,040,573	6,405	2.48	1,090,810	9,760	3.59
Noninterest-bearing deposits	106,388			122,137		
Other liabilities	17,547			20,819		
Total liabilities	1,164,508			1,233,766		
Equity	289,988			310,219		
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,454,496			\$ 1,543,985		
Net interest income		\$ 12,982			\$ 13,351	
Net interest rate spread (2)			3.31%			2.88%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$ 305,923			\$ 341,428		
Net interest margin (4)			3.88%			3.74%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	129.40%			131.30%		

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- (1) Annualized
- (2) Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

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Provision for Loan Losses. We establish provisions to our allowance for loan losses, which are charged to operations in order to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level we consider necessary to absorb probable incurred credit losses in the loan portfolio. In determining the level of the allowance for loan losses, we consider past and current loss experience, evaluations of collateral, current economic conditions, volume and type of lending, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay a loan and the levels of nonperforming and other classified loans. The amount of the allowance is based on estimates and the ultimate losses may vary from such estimates as more information becomes available or later events change. We assess the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis and make provisions for loan losses in order to maintain the allowance.

Based on our evaluation of the above factors, we recorded a provision for loan losses of \$250,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to a credit to our allowance for loan losses of \$354,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The provision for loan losses in the current quarter reflects a \$180,000 increase in the portion of the allowance for loan losses allocated to impaired loans pursuant to SFAS No. 114, a \$110,000 decrease in the portion of the allowance for loan losses pursuant to SFAS No. 5, and \$180,000 in net charge offs. As of June 30, 2008, \$769,000 of the allowance for loan losses was allocated to impaired loans pursuant to SFAS No. 114, compared to \$589,000 at March 31, 2008. A substantial portion of the increase to our specific reserves related to two loans to a recently deceased construction loan borrower. The borrower's estate is currently attempting to sell the collateral for these loans, and a collateral shortfall is possible. Our gross loan balances decreased \$29.0 million in the second quarter of 2008, and this decrease in gross loans, offset with updated economic factors used in our SFAS No. 5 calculation, resulted in a net decrease to the general loan loss allowance.

Nonperforming assets are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	March 31, 2008	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Nonperforming assets:				
Nonperforming loans	\$ 11,248	\$ 8,737	\$ 2,511	28.7%
Real estate owned	937	899	38	4.2
Nonperforming assets	\$ 12,185	\$ 9,636	\$ 2,549	26.5

Non-performing loans increased \$2.5 million, or 28.7%, to \$11.2 million at June 30, 2008, from \$8.7 million at March 31, 2008, primarily due to our placing two of three loans to a recently deceased construction loan borrower and one commercial real estate loan on non-accrual status during the second quarter. The ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans was 0.84% at June 30, 2008 compared to 0.70% at March 31, 2008. Collection and resolution efforts continue to be a priority, and future decisions may include non-renewal of credits and potential cessation of borrower relationships where the progress toward resolution is unsatisfactory. Asset quality trends and conditions in the loan portfolio generally remained stable.

Our allowance for loan losses totaled \$10.9 million, or 0.89% of total loans, at June 30, 2008, compared to \$11.1 million, or 0.87% of total loans, at December 31, 2007. We used the same general methodology in evaluating the allowance for loan losses at both dates. Our allowance for loan losses represented 96.9% of non-performing loans at June 30, 2008 and 91.7% of non-performing loans at December 31, 2007. To the best of our knowledge, we have recorded all losses that are both probable and reasonable to estimate for each reporting period.

Noninterest Income. Our noninterest income decreased \$806,000, or 34.6%, to \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$2.3 million for the same period in 2007. Deposit service charges and fees decreased \$81,000, or 8.8%, to \$837,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, from \$918,000 for the same period in 2007, offset by an increase of \$88,000, 17.6%, in other fee income. Gains on sales of loans increased \$16,000 due to a larger volume of loan sales during the quarter. We recorded a loss on disposition of premises and equipment of \$311,000 in the second quarter of 2008, compared to a gain of \$7,000 for the same period in 2007. The loss reflects the elimination of the residual book value of obsolete or fixed assets no longer in service. Loan servicing fees decreased \$30,000, or 14.0%, to \$184,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$214,000 for the same period in 2007. Income from bank-owned life insurance, which was purchased in May 2007, increased \$52,000, or 38.5%, to

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\$187,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$135,000 for the same period in 2007. Mortgage servicing rights amortization expense increased \$72,000, or 67.9%, to \$178,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$106,000 for the same period in 2007. We also recorded an additional \$43,000 reserve on our mortgage servicing rights portfolio due to accelerating prepayment speeds. Net expense from real estate owned was \$163,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to no such expenses for the same period in 2007, due in substantial part to our reduction of the book value of a multifamily REO property by \$130,000 to reflect a possible eminent domain issue such that the property may no longer be used for multifamily housing purposes. Other income decreased \$275,000, or 63.4%, to \$159,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$434,000 for the same period in 2007, primarily related to the decrease in title insurance agency services income resulting from the sale of that business on March 15, 2008.

The following table summarizes noninterest income for the three month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Three months ended		Change	
	2008	2007	\$	%
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Noninterest income:				
Deposit service charges and fees	\$ 837	\$ 918	\$ (81)	(8.8)%
Other fee income	587	499	88	17.6
Insurance commissions and annuities income	202	225	(23)	(10.2)
Gain on sale of loans	17	1	16	N.M
Gain (loss) on disposition of premises and equipment	(311)	7	(318)	N.M
Loan servicing fees	184	214	(30)	(14.0)
Amortization and impairment of servicing assets	(178)	(106)	(72)	(67.9)
Operations of real estate owned	(163)		(163)	N.M.
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	187	135	52	38.5
Other	159	434	(275)	(63.4)
 Total noninterest income	 \$ 1,521	 \$ 2,327	 \$ (806)	 (34.6)

N.M. = not meaningful

Noninterest Expense. Our noninterest expense was \$23.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$12.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The primary reason for the increase in noninterest expense was an \$11.1 million impairment charge that we recorded against our shares of Freddie Mac preferred stocks. Compensation and benefits expense decreased to \$7.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$7.9 million for the same period in 2007. Expense relating to equity-based compensation and benefits decreased to \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.3 million during the second quarter of 2007. Excluding equity-based compensation and benefits, our compensation and benefits expense decreased by \$240,000 or 3.6%, primarily due to a decrease in full time equivalent employees resulting from the implementation of functional staffing reviews and the decrease in personnel resulting from the sale of our title insurance agency business on March 15, 2008. Other general and administrative expenses decreased \$128,000, or 10.9%, to \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.2 million for same period in 2007.

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The following table summarizes noninterest expense for the three month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Three months ended		Change	
	2008	2007	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Noninterest Expense:				
Compensation and benefits	\$ 7,506	\$ 7,860	\$ (354)	(4.5)%
Office occupancy and equipment	1,582	1,399	183	13.1
Advertising and public relations	309	455	(146)	(32.1)
Data processing	790	823	(33)	(4.0)
Supplies, telephone and postage	497	484	13	2.7
Amortization of intangibles	446	469	(23)	(4.9)
Loss on impairment of securities available-for-sale	11,075		11,075	N.M.
Other	1,048	1,176	(128)	(10.9)
Total noninterest expense	\$ 23,253	\$ 12,666	\$ 10,587	83.6

N.M. = Non Meaningful

Income Tax Expense. We recorded an income tax benefit of \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$1.0 million in income tax expense for the same period in 2007.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

Net Income. We had a net loss of \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to net income of \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The net loss was primarily attributable to our recording an after-tax impairment loss of \$6.7 million, or \$0.33 per basic and fully diluted share, on our Freddie Mac preferred stocks based on our determination that the unrealized loss that existed with respect to these securities at June 30, 2008 constituted an other-than-temporary impairment. Our noninterest income for the first half of 2008 included a \$1.4 million pre-tax gain related to the sale of Visa stock. We also recorded a pre-tax gain of \$1.2 million on our 51,404 unredeemed shares of Class B Visa shares as a result of the closing of Visa's initial public offering in March of 2008. Our operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2008 also reflected \$2.7 million in expenses for equity-based compensation and benefits, compared to \$2.8 million for the same period of 2007. Our loss per share of common stock for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$0.11 per share compared to earnings of \$0.19 per share for the six-month period ending June 30, 2007.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income decreased by \$1.1 million, or 4.1%, to \$26.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$27.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in net interest income was due in substantial part to a \$6.8 million decrease in interest income, offset by a \$4.9 million decrease in interest expense on deposits. Our net interest rate spread increased by 38 basis points to 3.31% for the first six months of 2008, from 2.93% for the same period in 2007, and our net interest margin increased by 11 basis points to 3.90% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.79% for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest income decreased \$6.8 million, or 14.4%, to \$40.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$46.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in interest income was primarily attributable to a 52 basis point reduction in the average yield on interest-earning assets to 5.97% at June 30, 2008, from 6.49%, at June 30, 2007, and a \$104.3 million, or 7.1%, decrease in total average interest-earning assets, to \$1.352 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.457 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest income from loans decreased \$5.2 million, or 12.0%, to \$37.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$43.1 million for the same period in 2007. The decrease in interest income on loans resulted primarily from a \$65.1 million, or 5.0%, decrease in average net loans receivable to \$1.245 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.311 billion for the same period in 2007, and a 51 basis point decrease in the average yield on loans to 6.12% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 6.63% for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

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Interest income from securities available-for-sale decreased by \$770,000, or 26.4%, to \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$2.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007, due in substantial part to a decrease of \$20.3 million, or 19.2%, in the average outstanding balance of securities available-for-sale to \$85.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2008, from \$105.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2007, and a 51 basis point decrease in the average yield on securities available-for-sale to 5.07% for the six-months ended June 30, 2008, from 5.58% for the six-months ended June 30, 2007.

Income from cash dividends on our FHLBC common stock totaled \$250,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The FHLBC did not pay any dividends in the first half of 2008.

Interest income from cash that we maintained in interest-earning deposits totaled \$70,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$653,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease was primarily due to an \$18.9 million decrease in the average balances of cash maintained in interest-earning deposit accounts and a 298 basis point decrease in yield on interest-earning deposits to 2.23% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 5.21% for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense decreased \$5.6 million, or 28.9%, to \$13.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$19.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This decrease reflected a decrease in the weighted average interest rates that we paid on deposit accounts, and a decrease in the average interest rates that we paid on our FHLB of Chicago advances and other borrowings. The decrease in interest expense reflected an overall decrease of 90 basis points in the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities, to 2.66% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.56% for the six months ended June 30, 2007, and a reduction of \$58.2 million, or 5.3%, in our average interest-bearing liabilities to \$1.047 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2008, from \$1.105 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest expense on deposits decreased \$4.9 million, or 28.9%, to \$11.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$16.8 million for the same period in 2007. The decrease reflected a 93 basis point decrease in the average rate paid on deposits to 2.52% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 3.45% for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This decrease in interest expense also reflected a \$29.4 million, or 3.0%, decrease in average interest-bearing deposits to \$950.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$980.3 million for the same period in 2007.

Interest expense on money market accounts decreased \$2.7 million, or 49.0%, reflecting a decrease of \$34.9 million, or 13.6%, in the average balance of money market account deposits to \$222.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$257.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007, and a 179 basis point decrease in the interest rate paid on these accounts to 2.56% from 4.35%.

Interest expense on NOW deposits decreased \$138,000, or 4.2%, reflecting a 44 basis point decrease in the interest rates paid on NOW deposits to 1.95% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 2.39% for the same period in 2007, offset by an increase of \$46.9 million, or 17.1%, in the average balance of NOW deposits to \$321.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$274.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest expense on certificates of deposit decreased \$1.9 million, or 25.8%, reflecting an 86 basis point decrease in the interest rates paid on certificates of deposit to 3.66% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 4.52% for the same period in 2007. This decrease also reflected a \$28.8 million, or 8.6%, decrease in the average balance of certificates of deposit to \$307.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$336.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Interest expense on borrowings decreased by \$797,000, or 29.0%, to \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$2.8 million for the same period in 2007. The decrease was due in part to a \$28.8 million, or 23.1%, reduction of our total average

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borrowings from \$125.0 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2007, to \$96.1 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2008. The reduction also reflected a 35 basis point decrease in the average cost of borrowings to 4.09% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to 4.44% for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

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The following table sets forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information for the periods indicated. No tax-equivalent yield adjustments were made, as the effect of these adjustments would not be material. Average balances are daily average balances. Nonaccrual loans were included in the computation of average balances, but have been reflected in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees and expenses, discounts and premiums, and purchase accounting adjustments that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

	For the six months ended June 30,					
	2008			2007		
	Average Outstanding Balance	Interest	Yield/Rate (1)	Average Outstanding Balance	Interest	Yield/Rate (1)
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Interest-earning assets:						
Loans	\$ 1,245,272	\$ 37,911	6.12%	\$ 1,310,393	\$ 43,083	6.63%
Securities available-for-sale	85,204	2,148	5.07	105,462	2,918	5.58
Stock in FHLB	15,598		0.00	15,598	250	3.23
Other	6,335	70	2.23	25,263	653	5.21
Total interest-earning assets	1,352,409	40,129	5.97	1,456,716	46,904	6.49
Noninterest-earning assets	110,507			107,625		
Total assets	\$ 1,462,916			\$ 1,564,341		
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Savings deposits	\$ 99,680	382	0.77	\$ 112,202	433	0.78
Money market deposits	222,325	2,831	2.56	257,194	5,547	4.35
NOW deposits	321,361	3,116	1.95	274,527	3,255	2.39
Certificates of deposit	307,485	5,592	3.66	336,347	7,540	4.52
Total deposits	950,851	11,921	2.52	980,270	16,775	3.45
Borrowings	96,071	1,953	4.09	124,892	2,750	4.44
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,046,922	13,874	2.66	1,105,162	19,525	3.56
Noninterest-bearing deposits	106,050			120,199		
Other liabilities	18,779			21,010		
Total liabilities	1,171,751			1,246,371		
Equity	291,165			317,970		
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,462,916			\$ 1,564,341		
Net interest income		\$ 26,255			\$ 27,379	
Net interest rate spread (2)			3.31%			2.93%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$ 305,487			\$ 351,554		
Net interest margin (4)			3.90%			3.79%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	129.18%			131.81%		

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- (1) Annualized
- (2) Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

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Provision for Loan Losses. We recorded a provision for loan losses of \$199,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to a provision for loan losses of \$227,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The portion of the allowance for loan losses that we allocate to impaired loans pursuant to SFAS No. 114 decreased \$38,000 to \$769,000 at June 30, 2008, from \$806,000 at December 31, 2007. The increase to the allowance for loan losses for the six months ended June 30, 2008 reflects a \$38,000 decrease in the portion of the allowance for loan losses allocated to impaired loans pursuant to SFAS No. 114, an \$113,000 decrease in the portion of the allowance for loan losses pursuant to SFAS No. 5, and \$350,000 in net charge-offs.

Non-performing loans decreased \$810,000 to \$11.2 million at June 30, 2008, from \$12.1 million at December 31, 2007, primarily due to the full repayment of a healthcare relationship, offset by the addition of two construction and land borrowers.

Nonperforming assets are as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Nonperforming assets:				
Nonperforming loans	\$ 11,248	\$ 12,058	\$ (810)	6.7%
Real estate owned	937	820	117	14.3
Nonperforming assets	\$ 12,185	\$ 12,878	\$ (693)	(5.4)%

Our allowance for loan losses totaled \$10.9 million, or 0.89% of total loans, at June 30, 2008, compared to \$11.1 million, or 0.87%, of total loans, at December 31, 2007. We used the same general methodology in evaluating the allowance for loan losses at both dates. Our allowance for loan losses represented 96.9% of non-performing loans at June 30, 2008, and 91.7% of non-performing loans at December 31, 2007. To the best of our knowledge, we have recorded all losses that are both probable and reasonable to estimate for each reporting period.

Noninterest Income. Our noninterest income increased \$1.8 million, or 42.5%, to \$6.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$4.4 million for the same six-month period in 2007. Our noninterest income for the first quarter included a \$1.4 million pre-tax gain related to the sale of Visa stock. We also recorded a pre-tax gain of \$1.2 million on our 51,404 unredeemed shares of Class B Visa shares as a result of the closing of Visa's initial public offering in March of 2008. The gain recorded on these unredeemed shares represents a reduction of our obligation to indemnify Visa USA for certain litigation costs that we recorded as of December 31, 2007.

Deposit service charges and fees were \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, a decrease of \$91,000, or 5.2%, compared to the June 30, 2007 results. This decrease was more than offset by an increase in other fee income by \$102,000, or 10.6%, to \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$960,000 for the same period in 2007. Gain on sales of loans increased by \$38,000, or 77.6%, to \$87,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$49,000 for the same six-month period in 2007, primarily due to more competitive pricing and a moderate increase in loan sale volumes. We recorded a loss on disposition of premises and equipment of \$302,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to a gain of \$13,000 for the same period in 2007, primarily due to the elimination of the residual value of obsolete or fixed assets no longer in service. Mortgage servicing rights amortization expense increased \$288,000, to \$489,000, compared to \$201,000 for the same period in 2007. During the first half of 2008, we established a \$243,000 reserve on the existing mortgage serving rights portfolio due to accelerating prepayment speeds. Income from bank-owned life insurance, which was purchased in May 2007, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$404,000, compared to \$135,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007. Other income decreased \$259,000, or 33.8%, to \$507,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$766,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007, primarily related to the decrease in title services income due to the sale of the title insurance agency business on March 15, 2008.

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The following table summarizes noninterest income for the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

Six Months Ended June 30,		Change
2008	2007	