TRAVELZOO INC Form 10-Q July 25, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q	
(Mark One)	
X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO S OF 1934	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013	
or	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO S OF 1934	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period from to .	
Commission File No.: 000-50171	
TRAVELZOO INC.	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
DELAWARE	36-4415727
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. employer
incorporation or organization)	identification no.)
590 Madison Avenue, 37th Floor	10022
New York, New York	10022
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	(212) 484-4900
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the precedit required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has su every Interactive Data File required to be submitted preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that x No "	as filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the ng 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was ext to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No " ubmitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the t the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes
	of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer"

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)Smaller reporting company"Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the ExchangeAct). Yes " No xThe number of shares of Travelzoo common stock outstanding as of July 25, 2013 was 15,361,873 shares.

х

Accelerated filer

TRAVELZOO INC. Table of Contents

PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION Page Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) <u>3</u> Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 3 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 4 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 5 2013 and 2012 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 6 Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements 7 Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations 17 Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk <u>44</u> Item 4. Controls and Procedures 44 PART II—OTHER INFORMATION Item 1A. Risk Factors <u>45</u> Item 6. Exhibits <u>46</u> 47 Signature

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements TRAVELZOO INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) (In thousands, except par value)

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$73,381	\$61,169
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$503 and \$498 as of	15,463	13,626
June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively		
Income tax receivable	3,191	6,682
Deposits	473	389
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,400	2,260
Deferred tax assets	2,214	2,194
Total current assets	98,122	86,320
Deposits, less current portion	943	1,107
Deferred tax assets, less current portion	1,271	1,710
Restricted cash	3,517	3,396
Property and equipment, net	5,811	4,314
Intangible assets, net	655	986
Total assets	\$110,319	\$97,833
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$28,962	\$28,695
Accrued expenses	13,200	11,993
Deferred revenue	1,828	2,698
Income tax payable	1,022	_
Deferred rent	262	280
Total current liabilities	45,274	43,666
Long-term tax liabilities	10,239	10,030
Deferred rent, less current portion	1,437	798
Commitments and contingencies	,	
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share (5,000 shares authorized; none issued)		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value (40,000 shares authorized; 15,801 shares issued and 15,362 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012)	163	163
Treasury stock (at cost, 438 shares at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012)	(7,898) (7,898)
Additional paid-in capital	9,476	8,863
Retained earnings	53,743	42,948
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,115) (737)
Total stockholders' equity	53,369	43,339
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$110,319	\$97,833
Total Includes and Stockholders equily	Ψ110,517	φ γ γ γ 0.000

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRAVELZOO INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months I June 30,	Ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues	\$41,327	\$39,360	\$83,504	\$78,693
Cost of revenues	4,425	3,630	8,411	7,683
Gross profit	36,902	35,730	75,093	71,010
Operating expenses:				
Sales and marketing	19,457	16,061	39,115	32,326
General and administrative	9,651	9,303	20,149	18,747
Unexchanged promotional merger shares			—	3,000
Total operating expenses	29,108	25,364	59,264	54,073
Income from operations	7,794	10,366	15,829	16,937
Other income	112	(16) 144	83
Income before income taxes	7,906	10,350	15,973	17,020
Income taxes	2,706	3,090	5,178	6,012
Net income	\$5,200	\$7,260	\$10,795	\$11,008
Basic net income per share	\$0.34	\$0.45	\$0.70	\$0.69
Diluted net income per share	\$0.34	\$0.45	\$0.70	\$0.69
Shares used in computing basic net income per share	15,362	15,962	15,362	15,962
Shares used in computing diluted net income per share	15,457	16,006	15,427	16,012

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRAVELZOO INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

Three Months Ended		Six Months	Six Months Ended	
June 30,		June 30,		
2013	2012	2013	2012	
\$5,200	\$7,260	\$10,795	\$11,008	
(163) (569) (1,379) (62)
\$5,037	\$6,691	\$9,416	\$10,946	
	June 30, 2013 \$5,200 (163	June 30, 2013 2012 \$5,200 \$7,260 (163) (569	June 30,June 30,201320122013\$5,200\$7,260\$10,795(163) (569) (1,379	June 30, June 30, 2013 2012 2013 2012 \$5,200 \$7,260 \$10,795 \$11,008 (163) (569) (1,379) (62

TRAVELZOO INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Six Months Ended		
	June 30, 2013	2012	
Cash flows from operating activities:	2013	2012	
Net income	\$10,795	\$11,008	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	ψ10,795	ψ11,000	
Depreciation and amortization	1,476	1,225	
Deferred income tax	400		
Stock-based compensation	613	593	
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	50	199	
Net foreign currency effect	112	40	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(2,127) (2,122)
Deposits	20	(364	ý
Income tax receivable	3,593	1,130	,
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-) (79)
Accounts payable	845	508	,
Accrued expenses	1,221	5,302	
Deferred revenue	-) (60)
Deferred rent	111	(34)
Income tax payable	1,038	(283)
Other non-current liabilities	210	(224)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,478	16,839	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,109) (1,272)
Purchases of restricted cash	(263) —	
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,372) (1,272)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net cash used in financing activities	—		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,894) (150)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	12,212	15,417	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	61,169	38,744	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$73,381	\$54,161	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for income taxes, net	\$20	\$5,391	

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRAVELZOO INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1: The Company and Basis of Presentation

Travelzoo Inc. (the "Company" or "Travelzoo") is a global Internet media company. We inform over 26 million subscribers in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific, as well as millions of website users, about the best travel, entertainment and local deals available from thousands of companies. Our deal experts source, research and test-book offers, recommending only those that meet Travelzoo's rigorous quality standards. We provide travel, entertainment, and local businesses with a fast, flexible, and cost effective way to reach millions of consumers. Our revenues are generated primarily from advertising fees. In Asia Pacific, the Travelzoo brand and technology is operated by Travelzoo (Asia) Limited and Travelzoo Japan K.K. under a license agreement with Travelzoo Inc. and is not owned by the Company.

Our publications and products include the Travelzoo websites (www.travelzoo.com, www.travelzoo.ca, www.travelzoo.co.uk, www.travelzoo.de, www.travelzoo.es, www.travelzoo.fr, among others), the Travelzoo Top 20 e-mail newsletter, the Newsflash e-mail alert service, the SuperSearch pay-per-click travel search tool, and the Travelzoo Network, a network of third-party websites that list travel deals published by Travelzoo. We also operate Fly.com, a travel search engine that allows users to quickly and easily find the best prices on flights from hundreds of airlines and online travel agencies. In addition, we operate Local Deals and Getaways, services that allow our subscribers to purchase vouchers for deals from local businesses such as spas, hotels and restaurants through the Travelzoo website. We receive a percentage of the face value of the voucher from the local businesses. Since November 1, 2009, the Travelzoo websites in Asia Pacific (cn.travelzoo.com, www.travelzoo.co.jp, www.travelzoo.com.au, www.travelzoo.com.hk, www.travelzoo.com.tw, among others), the Travelzoo Top 20 e-mail newsletters in Asia Pacific and the Newsflash e-mail alert service in Asia Pacific have been published by Travelzoo (Asia) Limited and Travelzoo Japan K.K., wholly owned subsidiaries of Azzurro Capital Inc., under a license agreement with the Company. There is a reciprocal revenue-sharing agreement among the entities operating the Travelzoo business in Asia Pacific and the Company related to cross-selling audiences, channels and offers. Ralph Bartel, who founded Travelzoo and who is a Director of the Company and who was the Company's Chairman through June 2010, is the sole beneficiary of the Ralph Bartel 2005 Trust, which is the controlling shareholder of Azzurro Capital Inc. (Azzurro). As of June 30, 2013, Azzurro is the Company's largest stockholder, holding approximately 47.1% of the Company's outstanding shares.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company and its results of operations and cash flows. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, included in the Company's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2013.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. All foreign subsidiaries use the local currency of their respective countries as their functional currency. Assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Revenues, costs and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at average exchange rates for the period.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013 or any other future period, and the Company makes no representations related thereto.

The Company was formed as a result of a combination and merger of entities founded by the Company's principal stockholder, Ralph Bartel. In 1998, Mr. Bartel founded Travelzoo.com Corporation, a Bahamas corporation, which issued 5,155,874 shares via the Internet to approximately 700,000 "Netsurfer stockholders" for no cash consideration, but subject to certain conditions as referred to below. In 1998, Mr. Bartel also founded Silicon Channels Corporation, a California corporation, to operate the Travelzoo website. During 2001, Travelzoo Inc. was formed as a subsidiary of Travelzoo.com Corporation, and Mr. Bartel contributed all of the outstanding shares of Silicon Channels Corporation to Travelzoo Inc. in exchange for 8,129,273 shares of Travelzoo Inc. and options to acquire an additional 2,158,349 shares at \$1.00. Mr. Bartel exercised these options in January 2009.

In April 2002, Travelzoo.com Corporation was merged into Travelzoo Inc. Under and subject to the terms of the merger agreement, holders of promotional shares of Travelzoo.com Corporation ("Netsurfers") who established that they had satisfied certain prerequisite qualifications were allowed a period of 2 years following the effective date of the merger to receive one share of Travelzoo Inc. in exchange for each share of common stock of Travelzoo.com Corporation. The records of Travelzoo.com Corporation showed that, assuming all of the shares applied for by the Netsurfer stockholders were validly issued, there were 11,295,874 shares of Travelzoo.com Corporation outstanding. As of April 25, 2004, two years following the effective date of the merger, 7,180,342 shares of Travelzoo.com Corporation had been exchanged for shares of Travelzoo Inc. Prior to that date, the remaining shares which were available for issuance pursuant to the merger agreement were also included in the issued and outstanding common stock of Travelzoo Inc. and included in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share. After April 25, 2004, the Company ceased issuing shares to the former stockholders of Travelzoo.com Corporation, and no additional shares are reserved for issuance to any former stockholders, because their right to receive shares has now expired. On April 25, 2004, the number of shares reported as outstanding was reduced from 19,425,147 to 15,309,615 to reflect actual shares issued as of the expiration date. Earnings per share calculations reflect this reduction of the number of shares reported as outstanding. As of June 30, 2013, there were 15,361,873 shares of common stock outstanding. On April 21, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with the State of Delaware resolving all claims relating to an unclaimed property review which began in 2010. The primary issue raised in the preliminary findings from the review, received by the Company on April 12, 2011, concerned the shares of Travelzoo which have not been claimed by former Netsurfer stockholders of Travelzoo.com as discussed in the preceding paragraph. In the preliminary findings under the unclaimed property review, up to 3.0 million shares were identified as "demandable" under Delaware escheat laws. While the Company continues to take the position that such shares were a promotional incentive and were issuable only to persons who establish their eligibility as stockholders, the Company determined that it was in its best interest to promptly resolve all claims relating to the unclaimed property review. The Company made a \$20.0 million cash payment to the State of Delaware on April 27, 2011 and received a complete release of those claims. Since March 2012, the Company has become subject to unclaimed property reviews by most of the other states in the United States (U.S.). The auditing firm representing these states in the reviews has presented to the Company preliminary findings which relate primarily to the unexchanged promotional merger shares that were not covered by the settlement and release by the State of Delaware. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company recorded a \$3.0 million charge related to this unexchanged promotional merger shares contingency. While the Company believes it has meritorious defenses regarding the applicability of escheat rights related to this unexchanged promotional merger shares contingency, the ultimate resolution of this matter may take longer than one year. If the claims for all of the additional shares referred to in the preliminary findings were upheld in full, based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the end of June, 2013, the cost to the Company would be approximately \$27.2 million in excess of the amount accrued, plus any interest or penalty which might be applicable. In addition, the total amount of exposure of this contingency is dependent upon the manner in which each state applies its unclaimed property laws. The Company is not able to predict the ultimate amount or outcome of any current or future claims which have been or might be asserted relating to the unissued shares.

The Company intends to continue to challenge the applicability of escheat rights, in that, among other reasons, the shares of the predecessor Bahamas corporation were offered for free as part of a promotional incentive program to qualified individuals. There were certain conditions applicable to the issuance of shares to the Netsurfer stockholders, including requirements that (i) they be at least 18 years of age, (ii) they be residents of the U.S. or Canada, and (iii) they not apply for shares more than once. The Netsurfer stockholders were advised that failure to comply could result in cancellation of their shares in Travelzoo.com Corporation. Travelzoo.com Corporation was not able to verify that the applicants met the requirements referred to above at the time of their applications for issuance of shares, and the remaining Netsurfer stockholders who have not qualified to receive shares in the Company, or who have not participated in the cash payments program referred to below, have not demonstrated their actual compliance with the conditions to the issuance of shares by Travelzoo.com Corporation in 1998 were valid, but the Company believes that only a portion of such requests were valid. In response to the pending reviews referred to above, and in response to other persons claiming to be former stockholders of Travelzoo.com Corporation, the Company intends to assert that the claimant must establish that the original Netsurfer stockholders complied with the conditions to issuance of their shares.

The Company is continuing its program under which it makes cash payments to people who establish that they satisfy the conditions to receive shares of Travelzoo.com Corporation, and who failed to submit requests to convert their shares into shares of Travelzoo Inc. within the required time period. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include a charge in general and administrative expenses of \$8,000 and \$14,000 for these cash payments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

The total cost of this program is not reliably estimable because it is based on the ultimate number of valid requests received and future levels of the Company's common stock price, and would be affected by any settlement of the pending reviews referred to above. The Company's common stock price affects the liability because the amount of cash payments under the program is based in part on the recent level of the stock price at the date valid requests are received. As noted above, in order to receive payment under the program, a person is required to establish that such person validly held shares in Travelzoo.com Corporation.

Note 2: Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share is computed by adjusting the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potential common shares included in the diluted calculation consist of incremental shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options calculated using the treasury stock method.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Basic net income per share:				
Net income	\$5,200	\$7,260	\$10,795	\$11,008
Weighted average common shares	15,362	15,962	15,362	15,962
Basic net income per share	\$0.34	\$0.45	\$0.70	\$0.69
Diluted net income per share:				
Net income	\$5,200	\$7,260	\$10,795	\$11,008
Weighted average common shares	15,362	15,962	15,362	15,962
Effect of dilutive securities: stock options	95	44	65	50
Diluted weighted average common shares	15,457	16,006	15,427	16,012
Diluted net income per share	\$0.34	\$0.45	\$0.70	\$0.69

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Note 3: Financial Instruments

At June 30, 2013, restricted cash consisted primarily of a certificate of deposit for \$875,000 serving as collateral for a standby letter of credit for the security deposit under the lease of our corporate headquarters and a \$2.6 million deposit with our bank in the U.K. for our merchant account. Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with remaining maturities of 3 months or less on the date of purchase held in money market funds. The Company believes that the carrying amounts of these financial assets are a reasonable estimate of their fair value and are categorized as Level 1.

The fair value of these financial assets was determined using the following inputs at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical	dentical Observable Uno	Significant Unobservable	
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Balance at June 30, 2013					
Money market funds	\$16,211	\$ 16,211	\$—	\$—	
Total	\$16,211	\$ 16,211	\$—	\$—	
Balance at December 31, 2012					
Money market funds	\$13,866	\$ 13,866	\$—	\$—	
Total	\$13,866	\$ 13,866	\$—	\$—	

At June 30, 2013, accounts receivable and accounts payable are not measured at fair value; however, the Company believes that the carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities are a reasonable estimate of their fair value. Accounts receivable and accounts payable are categorized as Level 2.

There have been no changes in Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 and no changes in valuation techniques for these assets or liabilities for the period ended June 30, 2013.

Note 4: Intangible Assets Intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Internet domain names and technology	\$2,768	\$2,805
Accumulated amortization	(2,113) (1,819)
Total	\$655	\$986

Intangible assets have a useful life of 3 to 5 years. For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, amortization expense was \$141,000 and \$88,000, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, amortization expense was \$298,000 and \$176,000, respectively.

Future expected amortization expense related to intangible assets at June 30, 2013 is as follows (in thousands):

Remainder of 2013	\$284
2014	217
2015	154
Total	\$655

The expected amortization expense is an estimate. Actual amounts of amortization expense may differ from estimated amounts due to additional intangible asset acquisitions, impairment of intangible assets, accelerated amortization of intangible assets and other events.

Note 5: Commitments and Contingencies

Beginning on August 9, 2011, two purported class action lawsuits were commenced in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. On January 6, 2012, a Consolidated and Amended Class Action Complaint was filed. The complaint asserts claims under Section 10(b) and 20(a) pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") alleging that between March 16, 2011 and July 21, 2011, the Company and/or the individual defendants purportedly issued materially false and misleading statements. In particular, the complaint asserts, among other things, allegations challenging certain statements relating to the Company's growth. The complaint also makes allegations regarding the Company's Getaways business and asserts that certain officers and directors sold stock while in possession of materially adverse non-public information. The action seeks unspecified damages and the Company is not able to estimate the possible loss or range of losses that could potentially result from the action. On March 29, 2013, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York issued a decision and order, granting defendants' motions to dismiss and dismissing the securities action. The plaintiffs have filed a notice of appeal. The Company continues to believe that the action is without merit and intends to defend the suits vigorously. In addition, five shareholder derivative lawsuits, Wang v. Bartel, et al., Wirth v. Bartel, et al., Kitt v. Bartel, et al., Blatt v. Bartel, et al., and Turansky v. Bartel, et al., were filed in the Southern District of New York based on similar allegations that seek to assert claims under state law derivatively on behalf of Travelzoo against certain officers and directors of the Company. These derivative actions were consolidated and on January 6, 2012, a Verified Consolidated Shareholder Derivative Complaint was filed purportedly on behalf of nominal defendant Travelzoo. The complaint asserts claims for breaches of fiduciary duties, unjust enrichment, abuse of control and gross mismanagement against current and former directors and officers of the Company. The complaint also asserts a breach of fiduciary duty claim for insider trading against certain officers and directors, as well as Azzurro Capital, Inc. The derivative action makes allegations regarding the Company's Getaways business and asserts that certain officers and directors sold stock while in possession of materially adverse non-public information. On March 29, 2013, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York issued an order providing the plaintiffs with thirty days to decide whether they will file an amended Verified Consolidated Shareholder Derivative Complaint substituting or adding a shareholder plaintiff in the action. On May 6, 2013, the parties entered into a stipulation to dismiss the action and on May 7, 2013, the Court dismissed the action without prejudice. Since derivative claims are an attempt by a plaintiff shareholder to assert claims on behalf of the Company, we do not anticipate any potential loss to the Company from these actions. On January 27, 2012, a purported shareholder of Travelzoo commenced a suit in the Supreme Court of New York that asserts claims derivatively on behalf of Travelzoo Inc. for breaches of fiduciary duty against Travelzoo's board of directors. The complaint also asserts claims for breaches of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment against Ralph Bartel and Azzurro Capital Inc. The complaint challenges Travelzoo's sale of its Asia Pacific division for \$3.6 million to Azzurro and alleges that the transaction was not entirely fair to the Company. Since derivative claims are an attempt by a plaintiff shareholder to assert claims on behalf of the Company, we do not anticipate any potential loss to the

Company from these actions.

On September 28, 2012, Metasearch Systems, LLC filed a lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Delaware against Travelzoo Inc. d/b/a Fly.com alleging infringement of several U.S. patents. Metasearch Systems alleges that the trip-planning metasearch service available on Fly.com infringes one or more claims of the asserted patents. During September 2012, Metasearch Systems filed similar lawsuits against several of Travelzoo's competitors including Expedia, Inc., Orbitz Worldwide, Inc., Travelocity.com, LP, Priceline.com, Inc., Yahoo! Inc., American Express Company, KAYAK Software Corp., and BookIt.com. The action seeks unspecified damages and we are unable to estimate the possible loss or range of losses that could potentially result from the action. The Company believes that the action is without merit and intends to defend the suit vigorously.

On April 21, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with the State of Delaware resolving all claims relating to an unclaimed property review which began in 2010. The primary issue raised in the preliminary findings from the review, received by the Company on April 12, 2011, concerned the shares of Travelzoo which have not been claimed by former Netsurfer stockholders of Travelzoo.com (unexchanged promotional merger shares) as discussed further in Note 1. In the preliminary findings under the unclaimed property review, up to 3.0 million shares were identified as "demandable" under Delaware escheat laws. While the Company continues to take the position that such shares were a

promotional incentive and were issuable only to persons who established their eligibility as stockholders, the Company determined that it was in its best interest to promptly resolve all claims relating to the unclaimed property review. The Company made a \$20.0 million cash payment to the State of Delaware on April 27, 2011 and received a complete release of those claims.

As discussed in Note 1 above, since March 2012, the Company has become subject to unclaimed property reviews by most of the other states in the U.S. that relate primarily to the unexchanged promotional merger shares, which were not covered by the settlement and release by the State of Delaware. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company recorded a \$3.0 million charge related to this unexchanged promotional merger shares contingency. While the Company believes it has meritorious defenses regarding the applicability of escheat rights related to this unexchanged promotional merger shares contingency, the ultimate resolution of this matter may take longer than one year. If the claims for all of the additional shares referred to in the preliminary findings were upheld in full, based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the end of June, 2013, the cost to the Company would be approximately \$27.2 million in excess of the amount accrued, plus any interest or penalties which might be applicable. In addition, the total amount of exposure of this contingency is dependent upon the manner in which each state applies its unclaimed property laws. The Company is not able to predict the ultimate amount or outcome of any current or future claims which have been or might be asserted relating to the unissued shares.

The Company is continuing its program under which it makes cash payments to people who establish that they satisfied the conditions to receive shares of Travelzoo.com Corporation, and who failed to submit requests to convert their shares into shares of Travelzoo Inc. within the required time period. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include a charge in general and administrative expenses of \$8,000 and \$14,000 for these cash payments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The total cost of this program is not reliably estimable because it is based on the ultimate number of valid requests received and future levels of the Company's common stock price, and would be affected by any settlement of the pending unclaimed property reviews referred to above. The Company's common stock price affects the liability because the amount of cash payments under the program is based in part on the recent level of the stock price at the date valid requests are received.

The Company leases office space in Canada, France, Germany, Spain, the U.K., and the U.S. under operating leases which expire between July 31, 2013 and January 1, 2024. The future minimum lease payments under these operating leases as of June 30, 2013 total \$19.5 million. The future lease payments consist of \$2,748,000 due in 2013, \$3,407,000 due in 2014, \$3,004,000 due in 2015, \$2,547,000 due in 2016, \$2,175,000 due in 2017, and \$5,662,000 thereafter.

Local Deals and Getaways merchant payable included in accounts payable was \$22.4 million and \$23.4 million, as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Note 6: Stock-Based Compensation

In November 2009, the Company granted employee options to purchase 300,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$14.97, of which 75,000 options vest and become exercisable annually starting July 1, 2011. The options expire in November 2019. As of June 30, 2013, 150,000 of these options were vested and 300,000 options were outstanding. Total stock-based compensation for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 related to this 300,000 option grant was \$187,000 for each period. Total stock-based compensation for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 related to this 300,000 option grant was \$375,000 for each period. As of June 30, 2013, there was approximately \$750,000 of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense relating to these options. This amount is expected to be recognized over 1.0 year.

In January 2012, the Company granted employee options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$28.98, of which 25,000 options become exercisable annually starting January 23, 2013. The options expire in January 2022. As of June 30, 2013, 25,000 of these options were vested and 100,000 options were outstanding. Total stock-based compensation for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 related to this 100,000 option grant was \$119,000 for each period. Total stock-based compensation for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 related to this 100,000 option grant was \$238,000 and \$219,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2013, there was approximately \$1.2 million of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense relating to these options. This amount is expected to be recognized over 2.6 years. The Company used a forfeiture rate of 0% as the Company does not have enough historical forfeiture data to estimate the forfeiture rate. To the extent the actual forfeiture rate is greater than what we have anticipated, stock-based compensation related to these options will be lower than our expectations.

Note 7: Income Taxes

In determining the quarterly provisions for income taxes, the Company uses an estimated annual effective tax rate, which is generally based on our expected annual income and statutory tax rates in the U.S., Canada and U.K. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's effective tax rate was 32%. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company's effective tax rate was 35%, treating the \$3.0 million expense for unexchanged promotional merger shares as having no recognizable tax benefits, which increased the Company's effective tax rate by 5%. U.S. income and foreign withholding taxes have not been provided on undistributed earnings for certain non-U.S. subsidiaries. The undistributed earnings on a book basis for the non-U.S. subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013 are approximately \$2.4 million. The Company intends to reinvest these earnings indefinitely in its operations outside the U.S. If the undistributed earnings are remitted to the U.S. these amounts would be taxable in the U.S. at the current federal and state tax rates net of foreign tax credits. Also, depending on the jurisdiction any distribution may be subject to withholding taxes at rates applicable for that jurisdiction.

The Company maintains liabilities for uncertain tax positions. To the extent accrued interest and penalties do not ultimately become payable, amounts accrued will be reduced and reflected as a reduction in the overall income tax provision in the period that such determination is made. At June 30, 2013, the Company had approximately \$9.4 million in total unrecognized tax benefits. Unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$8.0 million which, if recognized, would favorably affect the Company's effective income tax rate, and unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$1.4 million, which if recognized, would be recorded in discontinued operations.

The Company's policy is to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax positions in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had approximately \$874,000 and \$664,000, respectively, in accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The Company is in various stages of multiple year examinations by federal and state taxing authorities. Although the timing of resolution and/or closure on audits is highly uncertain, it is reasonably possible that the balance of the gross unrecognized tax benefits related to the method of computing income taxes in certain jurisdiction and losses reported on certain income tax returns could significantly change in the next 12 months. These changes may occur through settlement with the taxing authorities or the expiration of the statute of limitations on the returns filed. The Company is unable to estimate the range of possible adjustments to the balance of the gross unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is subject to U.S. federal and certain state tax examinations for years after 2008 and is subject to California tax examinations for years after 2004. The Company's 2009 and 2010 federal income returns are currently under examination, including the impact of the sale of Asia Pacific business segment in 2009.

Note 8: Segments

The Company manages its business geographically and has two reportable operating segments: North America and Europe. North America consists of the Company's operations in Canada and the U.S. Europe consists of the Company's operations in France, Germany, Spain, and the U.K.

Management relies on an internal management reporting process that provides revenue and segment operating income (loss) for making financial decisions and allocating resources. Management believes that segment revenues and operating income (loss) are appropriate measures of evaluating the operational performance of the Company's segments.

The following is a summary of operating results from continuing operations and assets (in thousands) by business segment:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	North America	Europe	Elimination	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers	\$30,249	\$11,078	\$—	\$41,327
Intersegment revenues	331	222	(553) —
Total net revenues	30,580	11,300	(553) 41,327
Operating income	\$5,899	\$1,895	\$—	\$7,794

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012	North America	Europe	Elimination	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers	\$28,712	\$10,648	\$—	\$39,360
Intersegment revenues	205	21	(226)	_
Total net revenues	28,917	10,669	(226)	39,360
Operating income	\$7,831	\$2,535	\$—	\$10,366
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	North America	Europe	Elimination	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers	\$60,160	\$23,344	\$—	\$83,504
Intersegment revenues	575	330	(905)	_
Total net revenues	60,735	23,674	(905)	83,504
Operating income	\$11,382	\$4,447	\$—	\$15,829
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	North	Europe	Elimination	Consolidated
	America		and Other (a)	
Revenues from unaffiliated customers	\$57,268	\$		