Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. Form 10-Q June 19, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
x Quarterly Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
For the quarterly period ended: April 30, 2009
o Transition Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
For the transition period from: to
Commission file number: 333-154894
ALTERNATIVE ENERGY PARTNERS, INC. (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)
FLORIDA 26-2862564 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer I.D. Number)
2400 E Commercial Boulevard, Suite 201, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308 (Address of principal executive offices)
(954) 351-2554 (Issuer's telephone number)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes x No 0
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer 0 Accelerated filer 0 Non-accelerated filer 0 Smaller reporting company x (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $x \, \text{No} \, 0$

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of June 15, 2009, there were 22,349,000 shares of our common stock outstanding.

		Page No.
PART 1. FINA	ANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	s – As of April 30, 2009 (Unaudited) and July 31, 2008 (Audited)	4
April 28, 20	Operations e and nine months ended April 30, 2009, for the period from 08 (inception) to April 30, 2008 and for the period from 08 (inception) to April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	5
	months ended April 30, 2009, for the period from	
_	08 (inception) to April 30, 2008 and for the period 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	6
Notes to Finan	cial Statements (Unaudited)	7
Item 2. Results of Ope	-	ion and 1
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	14
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	14
PART II. OTH	IER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	15
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	15
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	15
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	15
Item 5.	Other Information	15
Item 6.	Exhibits	15
-2-		

Item 1. Financial Statements

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.

(A Development Stage Company)
Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Unaudited)

CONTENTS

Financial Statements

Balance Sheets – As of April 30, 2009 (Unaudited) and July 31, 2008 (Audited)	4
Statements of Operations For the three and nine months ended April 30, 2009, for the period from April 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2008 and for the period from April 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	5
Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended April 30, 2009, for the period from April 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2008 and for the period from April 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	6
Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited) -3-	7

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Balance Sheets

	April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)		July 31, 2008 (Audited)	
Assets	(Chaaanea)		(,	
Current Assets				
Cash	\$	104,636	\$	5,700
Total Current Assets		104,636		5,700
Total Assets	\$	104,636	\$	5,700
Total Assets	Ф	104,030	Ф	3,700
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
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Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	3,500	\$	-
Total Current Liabilities		3,500		-
Stockholders' Equity				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized;				
22,349,000 and 22,026,000 shares issued and outstanding		2,235		2,203
Additional paid-in capital		113,715		6,497
Deficit accumulated during the development stage		(14,814)		(3,000)
Total Stockholders' Equity		101,136		5,700
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	104,636	\$	5,700
See accompanying notes to unaudited financial statements4-				

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Mont	hs d April	M Er	or the Nine onths nded April 0, 2009	For the Period from A 28, 200 (Incept to Apr. 2008	April 08 tion)	Per Ap 200 (In	ception) April 30,
Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating Expenses General and administrative Total Operating Expenses		4,417 4,417		11,814 11,814		-		14,814 14,814
Net loss	\$	(4,417)	\$	(11,814)	\$	-	\$	(14,814)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	-	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period - basic and diluted	22,	183,091	2	22,106,926		-	2	2,091,473
See accompanying notes to unaudited financial statements5-								

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

			For the Period from April 28, 2008 (Inception) to April 30, 2008	Per Ap 20 (In	April 30,
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net loss	\$	(11,814)	\$ -	\$	(14,814)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Stock issued for services		1,500	-		1,500
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Increase in accounts payable		3,500	-		3,500
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(6,814)	-		(9,814)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		105,750	_		114,450
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities		105,750	_		114,450
The Cash Horidea By I mailting Henvilles		105,750			111,150
Net Increase in Cash		98,936	_		104,636
		,			,
Cash - Beginning of Period		5,700	-		_
Cash - End of Period	\$	104,636	\$ -	\$	104,636
SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION:					
Cash Paid During the Period for:					
Income taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Interest	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
See accompanying notes to unaudited financial statements6-					

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a comprehensive presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. It is management's opinion, however, that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair financial statement presentation.

The unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form S-1, which contains the audited financial statements and notes thereto, together with the Management's Discussion and Analysis, for the period ended July 31, 2008. The interim results for the period ended April 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full fiscal year.

Note 2 Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. (the "Company"), was incorporated in the State of Florida on April 28, 2008.

The Company intends to become involved in the alternative energy sector. The Company is searching to acquire additional emerging growth companies to meet growing demands worldwide.

Development Stage

The Company's financial statements are presented as those of a development stage enterprise. Activities during the development stage primarily include equity based financing and further implementation of the business plan. The Company has not generated any revenues since inception.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company intends to operate in an industry that is subject to rapid technological change. The Company's operations will be subject to significant risk and uncertainties including financial, operational, technological, regulatory and other risks associated with a development stage company, including the potential risk of business failure.

-7-

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At April 30, 2009 and July 31, 2008, respectively, the Company had no cash equivalents.

The Company minimizes its credit risk associated with cash by periodically evaluating the credit quality of its primary financial institution. The balance at times may exceed federally insured limits. At April 30, 2009 and July 31, 2008, respectively, there were no balances that exceeded the federally insured limit.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during the period. For the period from April 28, 2008 (inception) to April 30, 2009, the Company had no common stock equivalents that could potentially dilute future earnings (loss) per share; hence, a separate computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share is not presented.

Stock-Based Compensation

All share-based payments to employees will be recorded and expensed in the statement of operations as applicable under SFAS No. 123R "Share-Based Payment".

Non-Employee Stock Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation awards issued to non-employees for services is recorded at either the fair value of the services rendered or the instruments issued in exchange for such services, whichever is more readily determinable, using the measurement date guidelines enumerated in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue EITF No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services" ("EITF 96-18).

-8-

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Unaudited)

Segment Information

The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." During the fiscal year end 2009, the Company only operated in one segment; therefore, segment information has not been presented.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No 51" ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, changes in a parent's ownership of a noncontrolling interest, calculation and disclosure of the consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest and fair value measurement of any retained noncontrolling equity investment. SFAS 160 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The adoption of SFAS No. 160 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141R, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141R"), which replaces FASB SFAS 141, "Business Combinations". This Statement retains the fundamental requirements in SFAS 141 that the acquisition method of accounting be used for all business combinations and for an acquirer to be identified for each business combination. SFAS 141R defines the acquirer as the entity that obtains control of one or more businesses in the business combination and establishes the acquisition date as the date that the acquirer achieves control. SFAS 141R will require an entity to record separately from the business combination the direct costs, where previously these costs were included in the total allocated cost of the acquisition. SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquired at the acquisition date, at their fair values as of that date. This compares to the cost allocation method previously required by SFAS No. 141. SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize as an asset or liability at fair value for certain contingencies, either contractual or non-contractual, if certain criteria are met. Finally, SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize contingent consideration at the date of acquisition, based on the fair value at that date. This Statement will be effective for business combinations completed on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Early adoption of this standard is not permitted and the standards are to be applied prospectively only. Upon adoption of this standard, there would be no impact to the Company's results of operations and financial condition for acquisitions previously completed. The adoption of SFAS No. 141R did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market For That Asset Is Not Active" ("FSP FAS 157-3"), with an immediate effective date, including prior periods for which financial statements have not been issued. FSP FAS 157-3 amends FAS 157 to clarify the application of fair value in inactive markets and allows for the use of management's internal assumptions about future cash flows with appropriately risk-adjusted discount rates when relevant observable market data does not exist. The objective of FAS 157 has not changed and continues to be the determination of the price that would be received in an orderly transaction that is not a forced liquidation or distressed sale at the measurement date. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-3 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 157-4, "Determining Whether a Market Is Not Active and a Transaction Is Not Distressed," which further clarifies the principles established by SFAS No. 157. The guidance is effective for the periods ending after June 15, 2009 with early adoption permitted for the periods ending after March 15, 2009. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-4 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

Other accounting standards have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies that do not require adoption until a future date and are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Note 3 Stockholders' Equity

In May 2008, the Company issued 22,000,000 shares of common stock to founders for \$2,200 (\$0.0001/share).

During the period May – July 2008, the Company issued 26,000 shares of common stock for \$6,500 (\$0.25/share), under a private placement.

During August 2008, the Company issued 1,000 shares of common stock for \$250 (\$0.25/share), under a private placement.

During October 2008, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for services rendered for \$1,500 (\$0.015/share), based upon the fair value of the services provided, for consulting services. Under SFAS 123R and EITF No. 96-18, fair value of the services provided reflect a more readily determinable fair value than the shares issued in recent cash transactions with third parties. At April 30, 2009, the Company expensed this stock issuance as a component of general and administrative expense.

On January 31, 2009, the Company issued 22,000 shares of common stock for \$5,500 (\$0.25/share), under a private placement.

On April 15, 2009, the Company issued 200,000 shares of common stock for \$100,000 (\$0.50/share), under a private placement.

-10-

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following discussion includes certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor protections of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Statements that include words such as "believe," "expect," "should," "intend," "may," "anticipate," " "contingent," "could," "may," or other future-oriented statements, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our business plans, strategies and objectives, and, in particular, statements referring to our expectations regarding our ability to continue as a going concern, generate increased market awareness of, and demand for, our current products, realize profitability and positive cash flow, and timely obtain required financing. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from anticipated results. The forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and what we believe are reasonable assumptions given our knowledge of the markets; however, our actual performance, results and achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Factors within and beyond our control that could cause or contribute to such differences include, among others, our critical capital raising efforts in an uncertain and volatile economical environment, our ability to maintain relationship with strategic companies, our cash preservation and cost containment efforts, our ability to retain key management personnel, our relative inexperience with advertising, our competition and the potential impact of technological advancements thereon, the impact of changing economic, political, and geo-political environments on our business, as well as those factors discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in "Item 1 - Our Business," "Item 6 - Management's Discussion and Analysis," and elsewhere in our most recent Form S-1, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report and those detailed from time to time in our reports and filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission that attempt to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that are likely to affect our business.

Our Business

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc. (the "Company") is a development stage company. The Company was organized under the laws of the State of Florida on April 28, 2008. We formed our Company for the purpose of establishing a renewable fuel sources initially within the State of Florida. Ethanol is our initial intended product and we intend to establish other alternative energy products. Our intended products, while not technically difficult to produce, must meet all regulatory requirements prior to being marketed. Moreover, there is a multitude of competitive products already in the market place.

Current Business of the Company

We are a development stage company which plans to enter into the business of sourcing, marketing and distribution of renewable biofuels. Initially we intend to work to source raw materials needed for the domestic manufacture of ethanol in South Florida. We have entered into a Letter of Intent with Cane Fuel, Inc., whereby we intend to enter into agreements to provide sufficient quantities of ethanol feedstock derived from sources other than corn. Such agreements are intended to be joint venture agreements whereby we can work to provide feedstock for ethanol production and participate in the distribution of the blended product. Cane Fuel, Inc. is in the process of obtaining 40,000 acres for its first plant in Hendry County, Florida, known for its sugar, citrus and other crops. The proposed plant would have production capability of 50 million gallons of ethanol annually. The ethanol expected to be produced is intended to be used by refineries or blenders and ultimately blended with gasoline for internal combustion engines. We intend to work with sugar cane, sweet sorghum and other available sources of cellulosic materials to produce ethanol.

Our business model recognizes that the vast majority of agricultural enterprises use distillate fuel oil in their respective operations. We believe our intended product(s) could represent a real alternative and, because most of the constituent

components will be domestically produced, a more stable and cost effective source for the U.S. consumer. Ethanol is a renewable biofuel for which demand is increasing throughout the U.S. Ethanol refineries are expected to increase production capacities in an effort to decrease dependence on foreign oil.

The vast majority of all agricultural enterprises use distillate fuel oil in their operations. We believe our intended biofuel product(s) could represent a real alternative and, because most of the constituent components will be domestically produced, a more stable and cost effective source for their fuel energy needs.

Initially, our largest target market will be the consumers able to utilize ethanol as the primary blend component in E85, an unleaded gasoline alternative. In order to reach that market, we must begin by establishing and proving our fuel reliable and as easily distributed as current competitors.

Plan of Operation

We are a development stage company which plans to enter into the business of sourcing, marketing and distribution of renewable biofuels. Initially we intend to work to source raw materials needed for the domestic manufacture of ethanol in South Florida. We have entered into a Letter of Intent with Cane Fuel, Inc., whereby we intend to enter into agreements to provide sufficient quantities of ethanol feedstock derived from sources other than corn. Such agreements are intended to be joint venture agreements whereby we can work to provide feedstock for ethanol production and participate in the distribution of the blended product. Cane Fuel, Inc. is in the process of obtaining 40,000 acres for its first plant in Hendry County, Florida, known for its sugar, citrus and other crops. The proposed plant would have production capability of 50 million gallons of ethanol annually. The ethanol expected to be produced is intended to be used by refineries or blenders and ultimately blended with gasoline for internal combustion engines. We intend to work with sugar cane, sweet sorghum and other available sources of cellulosic materials to produce ethanol.

On January 1, 2009, we entered into a Distribution Agreement (the "Agreement") with CutVersion Technologies Corp. ("Cutversion") whereby the Company, upon EPA approval, has the right to market and sell an E-85 ethanol conversion kit in the Southeastern U.S. The conversion kit allows all fuel injected vehicles to run on virtually any form of E-85 ethanol regardless of feedstock source. The Company can maintain its exclusive arrangement with Cutversion through the sale of a minimum of 1000 kits within the 12 month period from the time final product becomes available for sale under EPA requirements. The Agreement is effective for a term of three (3) years and continued thereafter for successive one year terms.

Our business model recognizes that the vast majority of agricultural enterprises use distillate fuel oil in their respective operations. We believe our intended product(s) could represent a real alternative and, because most of the constituent components will be domestically produced, a more stable and cost effective source for the U.S. consumer. Ethanol is a renewable biofuel for which demand is increasing throughout the U.S. Ethanol refineries are expected to increase production capacities in an effort to decrease dependence on foreign oil.

The vast majority of all agricultural enterprises use distillate fuel oil in their operations. We believe our intended biofuel product(s) could represent a real alternative and, because most of the constituent components will be domestically produced, a more stable and cost effective source for their fuel energy needs.

Initially, our largest target market will be the consumers able to utilize ethanol as the primary blend component in E85, an unleaded gasoline alternative. In order to reach that market, we must begin by establishing and proving our fuel reliable and as easily distributed as current competitors. In addition, the E-85 conversion kit will expand our target market to literally millions of non-flex fuel fuel injected vehicles.

-12-

Results of Operations for Period Ended April 30, 2009

As of April 30, 2009, the Company has earned revenues of \$-0- and has incurred a net loss to date of \$14,814. Operations have been attributed primarily to start up and business development.

During the three and nine month periods ended April 30, 2009, we incurred operating expenses in the amount of \$4,417 and \$11,814, respectively. These operating expenses included professional fees and office and general expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

To date, we have financed our operations from funds raised from private investment. In addition, on April 14, 2009, we closed on an offering of 200,000 shares of publicly registered shares of our common stock for a total subscription amount of \$100,000. As of April 30, 2009, we had cash on hand of \$104,636.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our financial statements and related public financial information are based on the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). GAAP requires the use of estimates; assumptions, judgments and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on the assets, liabilities, revenue and expense amounts reported. These estimates can also affect supplemental information contained in our external disclosures including information regarding contingencies, risk and financial condition. We believe our use of estimates and underlying accounting assumptions adhere to GAAP and are consistently and conservatively applied. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We continue to monitor significant estimates made during the preparation of our financial statements.

Stock-based compensation awards issued to non-employees for services is recorded at either the fair value of the services rendered or the instruments issued in exchange for such services, whichever is more readily determinable, using the measurement date guidelines enumerated in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue EITF No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services" ("EITF 96-18).

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No 51" ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, changes in a parent's ownership of a noncontrolling interest, calculation and disclosure of the consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest and fair value measurement of any retained noncontrolling equity investment. SFAS 160 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The adoption of SFAS No. 160 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141R, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141R"), which replaces FASB SFAS 141, "Business Combinations". This Statement retains the fundamental requirements in SFAS 141 that the acquisition method of accounting be used for all business combinations and for an acquirer to be identified for each business combination. SFAS 141R defines the acquirer as the entity that obtains control of one or more businesses in the business combination and establishes the acquisition date as the date that the acquirer achieves control. SFAS 141R

will require an entity to record separately from the business combination the direct costs, where previously these costs were included in the total allocated cost of the acquisition. SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquired at the acquisition date, at their fair values as of that date. This compares to the cost allocation method previously required by SFAS No. 141. SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize as an asset or liability at fair value for certain contingencies, either contractual or non-contractual, if certain criteria are met. Finally, SFAS 141R will require an entity to recognize contingent consideration at the date of acquisition, based on the fair value at that date. This Statement will be effective for business combinations completed on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Early adoption of this standard is not permitted and the standards are to be applied prospectively only. Upon adoption of this standard, there would be no impact to the Company's results of operations and financial condition for acquisitions previously completed. The adoption of SFAS No. 141R did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market For That Asset Is Not Active" ("FSP FAS 157-3"), with an immediate effective date, including prior periods for which financial statements have not been issued. FSP FAS 157-3 amends FAS 157 to clarify the application of fair value in inactive markets and allows for the use of management's internal assumptions about future cash flows with appropriately risk-adjusted discount rates when relevant observable market data does not exist. The objective of FAS 157 has not changed and continues to be the determination of the price that would be received in an orderly transaction that is not a forced liquidation or distressed sale at the measurement date. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-3 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 157-4, "Determining Whether a Market Is Not Active and a Transaction Is Not Distressed," which further clarifies the principles established by SFAS No. 157. The guidance is effective for the periods ending after June 15, 2009 with early adoption permitted for the periods ending after March 15, 2009. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-4 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Other accounting standards have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies that do not require adoption until a future date and are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the material information required to be filed in our SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2009 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting. Potential investors should be aware that the design of any system of controls and procedures is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. There can be no assurance that any system of controls and procedures will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

-14-

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Neither the Company nor any of our officers or directors are involved in any litigation either as plaintiffs or defendants and we have no knowledge of any threatened or pending litigation against us or any of our officers or directors.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the nine months ended April 30, 2009, we accepted subscriptions for 22,000 shares of common stock, pursuant to a rights offering to our existing shareholders at a price of \$0.25 per share and for 200,000 shares of common stock pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-1 at a price of \$.50 per share.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

There were no defaults since we have no debt and no senior securities outstanding.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders.

Item 5. Other Information.

None

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description of Exhibit

- 31 <u>Certification of Chief Executive/Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
- 32 Certification of Chief Executive/Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906

-15-

SIGNATURE

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

Alternative Energy Partners, Inc.

Date: June 18, 2009

/s/ Jack L. Stapleton

Jack L. Stapleton Principal Executive Officer Principal Financial Officer Principal Accounting Officer and Director -16-