

BALLANTYNE STRONG, INC.
Form 10-Q
May 10, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-13906

BALLANTYNE STRONG, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

47-0587703
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

4350 McKinley Street, Omaha, Nebraska
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

68112
(Zip Code)

(402) 453-4444

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code:)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date:

Class
Common Stock, \$.01, par value

Outstanding as of May 6, 2011
14,441,223 shares

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Table of Contents**PART I. Financial Information****Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****Ballantyne Strong, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets****(In thousands)****(Unaudited)**

| | March 31, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 11,610 | \$ 22,250 |
| Restricted cash | 209 | 209 |
| Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$270 and \$306, respectively) | 20,795 | 16,380 |
| Unbilled revenue | 2,287 | 7,057 |
| Inventories: | | |
| Finished goods, net | 22,783 | 21,857 |
| Work in process | 765 | 432 |
| Raw materials and components, net | 5,197 | 5,651 |
| Total inventories, net | 28,745 | 27,940 |
| Recoverable income taxes | 82 | 5 |
| Other current assets | 5,006 | 5,571 |
| Total current assets | 68,734 | 79,412 |
| Investment in joint venture | 1,915 | 2,070 |
| Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$9,672 and \$9,426, respectively) | 11,479 | 9,750 |
| Other non-current assets | 615 | 723 |
| Deferred income taxes | 602 | 76 |
| Total assets | \$ 83,345 | \$ 92,031 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 18,645 | \$ 30,751 |
| Other accrued expenses | 4,224 | 3,890 |
| Customer deposits | 4,387 | 2,849 |
| Income tax payable | 680 | 1,521 |
| Total current liabilities | 27,936 | 39,011 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 630 | 643 |
| Total liabilities | 28,566 | 39,654 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Stockholders equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share; Authorized 1,000 shares, none outstanding | | |
| Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; Authorized 25,000 shares; issued 16,549 shares in 2011 and 16,453 shares in 2010 | 166 | 165 |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 36,795 | 36,241 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income: | | |
| Foreign currency translation | 590 | 260 |
| Minimum pension liability | 80 | 80 |
| Retained earnings | 32,531 | 31,014 |
| | 70,162 | 67,760 |
| Less 2,140 of common shares in treasury, at cost | (15,383) | (15,383) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 54,779 | 52,377 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 83,345 | \$ 92,031 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Ballantyne Strong, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Net revenues | \$ 31,874 | \$ 25,338 |
| Cost of revenues | 25,821 | 21,042 |
| Gross profit | 6,053 | 4,296 |
| Selling and administrative expenses: | | |
| Selling | 981 | 715 |
| Administrative | 2,834 | 2,001 |
| Total selling and administrative expenses | 3,815 | 2,716 |
| Gain on sale of assets | 1 | |
| Income from operations | 2,239 | 1,580 |
| Net interest expense | (11) | (4) |
| Equity in loss of joint venture | (144) | (159) |
| Other expense, net | | (44) |
| Earnings before income taxes | 2,084 | 1,373 |
| Income tax expense | (567) | (374) |
| Net earnings | \$ 1,517 | \$ 999 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.07 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.07 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 14,318 | 14,075 |
| Diluted | 14,447 | 14,272 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Ballantyne Strong, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010****(In thousands)****(Unaudited)**

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Net cash used in operating activities | \$ (9,426) | \$ (787) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 29 | |
| Capital expenditures | (1,791) | (148) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (1,762) | (148) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 47 | |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | 300 | |
| Issuance of restricted stock | 163 | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 510 | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 38 | 98 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (10,640) | (837) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 22,250 | 23,589 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 11,610 | \$ 22,752 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Ballantyne Strong, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

1. Nature of Operations

Ballantyne Strong Inc. (Ballantyne or the Company), a Delaware corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries Strong Westrex, Inc., Strong Technical Services, Inc., Strong / MDI Screen Systems, Inc., and the American West Beijing Trading Company, Ltd., design, develop, manufacture, service and distribute theatre and lighting systems. The Company s products are distributed to movie exhibition companies, sports arenas, auditoriums, amusement parks and special venues.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all majority owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report are presented in accordance with the requirements of Form 10-Q and consequently do not include all of the disclosures normally required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual reporting purposes or those made in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year-ended December 31, 2010.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary to present a fair statement of the financial position and the results of operations and cash flows for the respective interim periods. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of trends or results expected for a full year.

The results of the first quarter 2011 include the net impact of approximately \$0.2 million of consignment inventory related expense within cost of goods sold that should have been properly recorded in fiscal year 2010. The amount is considered to be insignificant to the period ended December 31, 2010.

Use of Management Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results and changes in facts and circumstances may alter such estimates and affect results of operations and financial position in future periods. Certain 2010 amounts in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation.

No changes were made to the Company's significant accounting policies disclosed in Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on the accounting and disclosures for fair value measurements. Certain provisions of the guidance were effective for the Company's prior interim and annual periods ended December 31, 2010; while, other provisions are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2010. Beginning with the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the Company adopted the remaining provisions of the guidance which did not have a material impact on the disclosures.

3. Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per share have been computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted earnings per share has been computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding after giving effect to potential common shares from dilutive stock options. The following table provides the reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share:

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| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| (In thousands, except per share data) | | |
| Basic earnings per share: | | |
| Earnings applicable to common stock | \$ 1,517 | \$ 999 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 14,318 | 14,075 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.07 |
| Diluted earnings per share: | | |
| Earnings applicable to common stock | \$ 1,517 | \$ 999 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 14,318 | 14,075 |
| Assuming conversion of options and restricted stock awards outstanding | 129 | 197 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, as adjusted | 14,447 | 14,272 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.07 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, options to purchase 50,000 and 118,125, respectively, shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$8.32 and \$4.55, respectively, were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as the option's exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares for the respective periods. These options expire in October 2020. In addition, 10,200 shares of restricted stock were excluded from the diluted EPS calculation as these shares were anti-dilutive as of March 31, 2011.

4. Comprehensive Income

The accumulated other comprehensive income, net, shown in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets includes the pension liability adjustments and the accumulated foreign currency translation adjustment. The following table shows the difference between the Company's reported net earnings and its comprehensive income:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| (In thousands) | | |
| Comprehensive income: | | |
| Net earnings | \$ 1,517 | \$ 999 |
| Other comprehensive income: | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 330 | 239 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ 1,847 | \$ 1,238 |

5. Warranty Reserves

The Company generally grants a warranty to its customers for a one-year period following the sale of all new equipment, and on selected repaired equipment for a one-year period following the repair. The warranty period is extended under certain circumstances and for certain products. In most instances the digital products are covered by the manufacturing firm's OEM warranty; however, there are certain customers where the Company may grant warranties in excess of the manufacturer's warranty. The Company accrues for these costs at the time of sale or repair, when events dictate that additional accruals are necessary.

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| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------|--------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Warranty accrual at beginning of period | \$ 848 | \$ 378 |
| Charged to expense | 152 | 90 |
| Amounts written off, net of recoveries | (49) | (118) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 5 | 4 |
| Warranty accrual at end of period | \$ 956 | \$ 354 |

6. Digital Link II Joint Venture

On March 6, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with RealD to form an operating entity Digital Link II, LLC (the LLC). Under the agreement, the LLC was formed with the Company and RealD as the only two members with membership interests of 44.4% and 55.6%, respectively. The LLC was formed for purposes of commercializing certain 3D technology and to fund the deployment of digital projector systems and servers to exhibitors. Summarized financial data for the LLC is as follows (unaudited):

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| Balance Sheet | March 31, | December 31, | |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Current assets | \$ | 2,545 | \$ 3,316 |
| Non-current assets | | 9,142 | 9,419 |
| Current liabilities | | 3,974 | 3,011 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 3,712 | 5,361 |
| Equity | \$ | 4,001 | \$ 4,363 |

| Statement of Operations | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Revenue | \$ | 1 | \$ 1,020 |
| Cost of sales | | (283) | (1,243) |
| Selling and administrative expenses | | (37) | (80) |
| Operating income (loss) | | (319) | (303) |
| Other expense | | (43) | (82) |
| Net loss | \$ | (362) | \$ (385) |

The Company accounts for its investment by the equity method. Under this method, the Company recorded its proportionate share of LLC net loss based on the LLC's financial statements as of March 25, 2011. The LLC uses four 13-week periods for a total of 52 weeks to align its fiscal year-end with that of its majority interest holder, RealD. The Company's portion of losses of the LLC was approximately \$0.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 compared to \$0.2 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

The Company did not make any sales of digital theatre projection equipment, in the normal course of business, to the LLC during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 compared to sales of approximately \$4.5 million during the same quarter of the prior year. The LLC in turn provided the digital projection equipment to third party customers under system use agreements. No revenue was recognized by Ballantyne during the first quarter of 2011 compared to \$4.0 million in the comparable quarter of the prior year. Revenue recognized by the Company on any sale transaction to DL II is limited by its 44.4% ownership in the joint venture which will be recognized upon sale of the equipment to third parties.

Guarantees

During 2011 and 2010, the Company and RealD had guarantees recorded for notes payable entered into by the LLC to finance digital projection equipment deployed in the normal course of business. No new notes payable were entered into by the LLC during the first quarter ended 2011. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 7.0% to 7.46%. Under the terms of the guarantees, the Company and RealD would be required to pay the obligation should the LLC be in default of its loans or contract terms. The guarantees expire at the time each loan is paid off. The Company's total remaining guarantee was \$1.0 million at March 31, 2011 and \$1.2 million at December 31, 2010. The Company recorded an insignificant liability for the fair value of the obligations undertaken by issuing the guarantees at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

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The effective tax rate (calculated as a ratio of income tax expense to pretax earnings, inclusive of equity method investment losses) was approximately 27% for each of the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory rates primarily as a result of differing foreign and U.S. tax rates applied to respective pre-tax earnings by tax jurisdiction.

Federal and state income taxes have not been provided on accumulated but undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries aggregating approximately \$14.6 million at March 31, 2011 and as such, earnings have been permanently reinvested in the business. The determination of the amount of the unrecognized deferred tax liability related to the undistributed earnings is not practicable.

The Company's uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain subject to examination by the relevant taxable authorities. The Company has examinations not yet initiated for Federal purposes for fiscal years 2007 through 2010. In most cases, the Company has examinations open for State or local jurisdictions based on the particular jurisdiction's statute of limitations. The Company does not currently have any examinations in process. As of March 31, 2011, total unrecognized tax benefits amounted to approximately \$0.1 million.

8. Stock Compensation

The Company accounts for awards of share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, *Stock Compensation Overall*, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors based on estimated fair values. Share-based compensation expense recorded amounted to \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

During 2010, the Company adopted and the stockholders approved the 2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan (2010 Plan). No shares have been granted under the 2010 Plan as of March 31, 2011.

Options

The following table summarizes the Company's activities with respect to its stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2011 as follows:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2010 | 222,250 | \$ 3.12 | 3.05 | \$ 1,071,464 |

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| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----|------|------|------------|
| Granted | | | | | |
| Exercised | (75,000) | | 0.62 | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | |
| Outstanding at March 31, 2011 | 147,250 | \$ | 4.40 | 3.66 | \$ 461,094 |
| Exercisable at March 31, 2011 | 97,250 | \$ | 2.38 | 0.62 | \$ 461,094 |

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total that would have been received by the option holders if all in-the-money options had been exercised on March 31, 2011.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2011:

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| Range of option exercise price | Options Outstanding at | | | | Options Exercisable at | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|-------------------|---|--|--|
| | Number of options | March 31, 2011 Weighted average remaining contractual life | Weighted average exercise price per option | Number of options | March 31, 2011 Weighted average remaining contractual life | Weighted average exercise price per option | |
| \$0.62 | 50,000 | 1.08 | \$ 0.62 | 50,000 | 1.08 | \$ 0.62 | |
| \$4.25 | 47,250 | 0.13 | 4.25 | 47,250 | 0.13 | 4.25 | |
| \$8.32 | 50,000 | 9.58 | 8.32 | | | | |
| \$0.62 to 8.32 | 147,250 | 3.66 | \$ 4.40 | 97,250 | 0.62 | \$ 2.38 | |

Restricted Stock Plans

In connection with the restricted stock granted to certain employees and non-employee directors, the Company is accruing compensation expense based on the estimated number of shares expected to be issued utilizing the most current information available to the Company at the date of the financial statements. The Company estimates the fair value of restricted stock awards based upon the market price of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

As of March 31, 2011, an insignificant amount of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock awards remained and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.1 months.

The following table summarizes restricted stock activity for the three months ended March 31, 2011:

| | Number of Restricted Stock Shares | Weighted Average Grant Price Fair Value |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Nonvested at December 31, 2010 | 74,691 | \$ 2.51 |
| Granted | 20,959 | 7.77 |
| Shares vested | (85,450) | 3.14 |
| Shares forfeited | | |
| Nonvested at March 31, 2011 | 10,200 | \$ 8.02 |

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The estimated grant date fair value of purchase rights outstanding under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan was \$3.66 per share using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model made with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.26%, dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 53.9% and expected term of one year. The Company recorded insignificant share-based compensation expense pertaining to the stock purchase plan with insignificant associated tax benefits for each of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. At March 31, 2011, the total unrecognized estimated compensation cost was insignificant and is expected to be recognized over a period of seven months.

9. Related Party Transactions

The Company did not make any sales of digital theatre projection equipment, in the normal course of business, to its 44.4%-owned LLC with Real D during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 compared to sales of approximately \$4.5 million during the same quarter of the prior year. The LLC in turn provides the digital projection equipment to third party customers under system use agreements. No revenue was recognized by the Company during 2011 compared to \$4.0 million in the prior year. Revenue recognized by the Company on the sale transaction to the LLC is limited by its 44.4% ownership and will be recognized upon sale of the equipment to the third parties.

10. Foreign Exchange Contracts

The Company's primary exposure to foreign currency fluctuations pertains to its subsidiaries in Canada and China. In certain instances the Company may enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage a portion of this risk. At March 31, 2011, the Company had open forward exchange contracts to purchase Canadian dollars at a fixed rate of U.S. dollars with notional amounts totaling \$4.1 million. The Company has recorded insignificant unrealized losses associated with these open contracts in its consolidated statement of operations at March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010, respectively.

11. Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Concentrations

The Company's top ten customers accounted for approximately 56% of total first quarter 2011 consolidated net revenues. The top ten customers were from the theatre segment. Trade accounts receivable from these customers represented approximately 45% of net

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consolidated receivables at March 31, 2011. Sales to Regal Cinemas, Inc. and Kasima, LLC represented approximately 16% and 12% of consolidated sales, respectively. Additionally, receivables from these two customers represented approximately 11% and 10% of net consolidated receivables at March 31, 2011, respectively. While the Company believes its relationships with such customers are stable, most arrangements are made by purchase order and are terminable at will by either party. A significant decrease or interruption in business from the Company's significant customers could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company could also be adversely affected by such factors as changes in foreign currency rates and weak economic and political conditions in each of the countries in which the Company sells its products.

Financial instruments that potentially expose the Company to a concentration of credit risk principally consist of accounts receivable. The Company sells product to a large number of customers in many different geographic regions. To minimize credit concentration risk, the Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition.

Through distribution agreements with NEC, the Company distributes Starus DLP Cinema projectors to North and South America, Hong Kong, China and certain other areas of Asia. These agreements are non-exclusive distributorship agreements, some of which can be terminated with 90 day advance notice. NEC is the primary supplier of the digital products the Company distributes to the Theatre Industry. If the Company is unable to maintain its relationship with NEC, the results would have a material adverse impact on its business, financial condition and operating results until the Company could find an alternative source of digital equipment to distribute. The principal raw materials and components used in the Company's manufacturing processes include aluminum, reflectors, electronic subassemblies and sheet metal. The Company uses a single manufacturer for each of its digital projectors, intermittent movement components, reflectors, aluminum castings, lenses and xenon lamps. Although the Company has not to-date experienced a significant difficulty in obtaining these components, no assurance can be given that shortages will not arise in the future. The loss of any one or more of such contract manufacturers could have a short-term adverse effect on the Company until alternative manufacturing arrangements are secured.

Litigation

As the Company reported in the Annual Report on Form 10-K, the plaintiffs in the asbestos case entitled *Manuel H. Chinea and Janet M. Chinea v. American Optical Company, Ballantyne Strong, Inc., a/k/a Ballantyne of Omaha, Inc., et al.*, filed in the Superior Court of the State of New York, agreed to dismiss the Company from the lawsuit. The Company was formally dismissed from the case on April 8, 2011. In addition, from time to time the Company may be involved in various claims and legal actions which are routine litigation matters incidental to the business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these other matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

12. Business Segment Information

The presentation of segment information reflects the manner in which management organizes segments for making operating decisions and assessing performance.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company's operations were conducted principally through two business segments: Theatre and Lighting. Theatre operations include the design, manufacture, assembly, sale and service of motion picture projectors, xenon lamp houses and power supplies.

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Theatre operations also include the sale and service of digital projection equipment and accessories, sound systems, xenon lamps and lenses. The lighting segment operations include the design, manufacture, assembly and sale of follow spotlights, stationary searchlights and computer operated lighting systems for the motion picture production, television, live entertainment, theme parks and architectural industries. The Company allocates resources to business segments and evaluates the performance of these segments based upon reported segment operating profit. All intercompany sales are eliminated in consolidation.

Table of Contents**Summary by Business Segments**

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Net revenue | | |
| Theatre | | |
| Products | \$ 28,598 | \$ 23,803 |
| Services | 2,469 | 892 |
| Total theatre | 31,067 | 24,695 |
| Lighting | 807 | 643 |
| Total revenue | \$ 31,874 | \$ 25,338 |
| Operating income (expense) | | |
| Theatre | | |
| Products | \$ 3,838 | \$ 3,164 |
| Services | 246 | (150) |
| Total theatre | 4,084 | 3,014 |
| Lighting | 62 | (25) |
| Total segment operating income | 4,146 | 2,989 |
| Unallocated general and administrative expenses | (1,908) | (1,409) |
| Interest, net | (11) | (4) |
| Gain on sale of assets | 1 | |
| Equity in loss of joint venture | (144) | (159) |
| Other expense, net | | (44) |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 2,084 | \$ 1,373 |
| Expenditures on capital equipment | | |
| Theatre | | |
| Products | \$ 1,734 | \$ 135 |
| Services | 52 | 11 |
| Total theatre | 1,786 | 146 |
| Lighting | 5 | 2 |
| Total | \$ 1,791 | \$ 148 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | |
| Theatre | | |
| Products | \$ 395 | \$ 336 |
| Services | 54 | 40 |
| Total theatre | 449 | 376 |
| Lighting | 12 | 22 |
| Total | \$ 461 | \$ 398 |

| | March 31, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Identifiable assets | | |
| Theatre | | |
| Products | \$ 76,025 | \$ 86,156 |
| Services | 4,405 | 3,358 |
| Total theatre | 80,430 | 89,514 |
| Lighting | 2,915 | 2,517 |
| Total | \$ 83,345 | \$ 92,031 |

Table of Contents**Summary by Geographical Area**

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Net revenue | | |
| United States | \$ 20,385 | \$ 14,337 |
| Canada | 398 | 1,157 |
| China | 7,638 | 4,799 |
| Asia (excluding China) | 498 | 322 |
| Mexico | 880 | 2,117 |
| South America | 1,262 | 2,016 |
| Europe | 611 | 561 |
| Other | 202 | 29 |
| Total | \$ 31,874 | \$ 25,338 |

| | March 31, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Identifiable assets | | |
| United States | \$ 50,455 | \$ 59,972 |
| China | 10,472 | 11,908 |
| Asia (excluding China) | 5,409 | 5,781 |
| Canada | 17,009 | 14,370 |
| Total | \$ 83,345 | \$ 92,031 |

Net revenues by business segment are to unaffiliated customers. Identifiable assets by geographical area are based on location of facilities. Net sales by geographical area are based on destination of sales.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report. Management's discussion and analysis contains not only historical information, but also forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Statements that are not historical are forward-looking and reflect expectations for future Company performance. For these statements, the Company claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those discussed in the Risk Factors section contained in Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. Given the risks and uncertainties, readers should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should recognize that the statements are predictions of future results which may not occur as anticipated. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements and from historical results, due to the risks and uncertainties described herein, as well as others not now anticipated. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors, nor can it assess the impact of all such factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Except where required by law, the Company assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting such forward-looking statements.

Table of Contents**Overview**

We are a manufacturer, distributor and service provider for the theatre exhibition industry on a worldwide basis. We also design, develop, manufacture and distribute lighting systems to the worldwide entertainment lighting industry through our Strong Entertainment Lighting segment.

We have two primary reportable core operating segments: theatre and lighting. Approximately 97% of first quarter 2011 sales were from theatre products and approximately 3% were lighting products. Additional information related to our reporting segments can be found in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations:**Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010****Revenues**

Net revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2011 rose to \$31.9 million from \$25.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|------------------------|---|--------|-------------|
| | 2011 | | 2010 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Theatre | | | |
| Products | \$ | 28,598 | \$ 23,803 |
| Services | | 2,469 | 892 |
| Total theatre revenues | | 31,067 | 24,695 |
| Lighting | | 807 | 643 |
| Total net revenues | \$ | 31,874 | \$ 25,338 |

Theatre Segment

Sales of theatre products and services increased to \$31.1 million in 2011 from \$24.7 million in 2010.

Digital Product Sales

Sales of digital products rose to \$18.6 million from \$13.9 million in 2010 as the industry change to digital projection equipment continues to accelerate. We believe the increased demand resulted from movie exhibitors wanting to show movies in 3D digital format as they believed that 3D movies result in higher box office receipts. We also believe the demand for digital equipment will continue to increase not only for the 3D benefits but also for such potential benefits as additional advertising and being able to project more alternative entertainment at the movie theatres. The majority of the increase resulted from sales of digital projectors and servers; however, sales of digital lamps also rose to \$1.8 million in 2011 from \$1.2 million in 2010.

Film Product Sales

Sales of film projection equipment declined to \$2.0 million in 2011 from \$3.5 million a year-ago. Sales of film replacement parts declined to \$0.8 million during 2011 from \$1.5 million a year-ago while sales of xenon lamps amounted to \$0.4 million compared to \$1.4 million a year-ago. These results were expected and we expect sales of these products to continue to decline due to the industry transition to digital cinema.

Screen Product Sales

We generated screen sales of \$6.8 million in 2011 compared to \$3.5 million a year-ago due to higher demand for the special silver screens needed for certain digital 3D applications. This increase is primarily resulting from certain large customers accelerating their rollout of 3D systems thereby increasing the demand for silver screens.

We sell screens for both digital cinema and film applications. In some instances, a screen can be used interchangeably with either a digital projector or a film projector. However, there are certain digital 3D applications, such as Real D's technology, that require special silver screens that we manufacture. Sales of these screens are driving the growth of the product line.

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Service Revenues

Service revenues increased in 2011 to \$2.5 million from \$0.9 million a year-ago due to the industry transition to digital cinema resulting in more opportunities for our service team including installation and maintenance of digital projectors. Revenues generated from servicing film equipment amounted to \$0.4 million in 2011 compared to \$0.6 million a year-ago while revenues generated from servicing digital equipment amounted to \$2.1 in 2011 from \$0.3 million in 2010.

Lighting Segment

Sales of lighting products increased to \$0.8 million from \$0.6 million a year-ago primarily driven by sales of follow spotlights which rose to \$0.5 million from \$0.3 million a year-ago. Sales of replacement parts were flat at \$0.1 million in 2011 and 2010. Sales of all other lighting products amounted to \$0.1 million in 2011 compared to \$0.2 million in 2010. While demand improved for our lighting products during the quarter, sales are still being impacted by the effects of the soft credit markets and continued lower demand for the construction or improvements of stadiums and auditoriums around the world.

Export Revenues

Sales outside the United States (mainly theatre sales) increased to \$11.5 million in 2011 from \$11.0 million in 2010 resulting primarily from increased sales in China partially offset by decreased sales in Mexico, South America and Canada. Certain areas of the world are more cost conscious than the U.S. market and there are instances where our products are priced higher than local manufacturers making it more difficult to generate sufficient profit to justify selling into these regions. Additionally, foreign exchange rates and excise taxes sometimes make it difficult to market our products overseas at reasonable selling prices.

Gross Profit

Consolidated gross profit increased to \$6.1 million in 2011 from \$4.3 million a year-ago and as a percent of total revenue increased to 19% from 17% in 2010. Gross profit in the theatre segment increased to \$5.8 million in 2011 from \$4.1 million in 2010 and as a percentage of theatre sales improved to 19% from 17% a year-ago. Our gross margin increased from the prior year as our screen sales were very strong during the first quarter and carry our largest margins. Gross margins will also be impacted in the future by higher film manufacturing costs pertaining to lower demand for manufactured film products. We expect to purchase film inventory components in lower quantities resulting in some raw material price increases and to experience less manufacturing throughput in the Omaha plant to cover fixed overhead costs.

The gross profit in the lighting segment amounted to \$0.3 million or 31% as a percentage of revenues in 2011 compared to \$0.2 million or 27% as a percentage of revenues in 2010.

Selling Expenses

Selling expenses amounted to \$1.0 million compared to \$0.7 million a year-ago and as a percentage of revenues increased to 3.1% from 2.8% a year-ago. The increase in the first quarter is primarily the result of additional headcount in our sales group and expansion in our China operations. As our digital sales increase, we expect selling expenses to drop as a percentage of revenues.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses increased to \$2.8 million in 2011 from \$2.0 million in 2010 and as a percent of total revenue increased to 8.9% in 2011 from 7.9% in 2010. We experienced an increase in expenses as a result of growth in personnel in our Asian and service operations, termination benefits at our Omaha plant and higher professional fees.

Other Financial Items

Our results for 2011 reflect a loss of approximately \$0.1 million pertaining to our 44.4% share of equity in the loss from Digital Link II, LLC. This loss compares to the loss of approximately \$0.2 million a year-ago.

We recorded income tax expense of approximately \$0.6 million in the first quarters of 2011 compared to \$0.4 million in the first quarter of 2010. The effective tax rate (calculated as a ratio of income tax expense to pretax earnings, inclusive of equity method investment earnings) was approximately 27% in each period ending March 31, 2011 and 2010. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory rates primarily as a result of differing foreign and U.S. tax rates applied to respective pre-tax earnings by tax jurisdiction.

For the reasons outlined herein, we generated net earnings of approximately \$1.5 million and basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.11 in 2011 compared to \$1.0 million during 2010 and basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.07 a year-ago, respectively.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the past several years, we have met our working capital and capital resource needs from either our operating or investing cash flows or a combination of both. We ended the first quarter with total cash and cash equivalents of \$11.6 million compared to \$22.3 million at December 31, 2010.

We are party to a \$20 million Revolving Credit Agreement and Note (collectively, the Revolving Credit Agreement) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (Wells Fargo). The borrowings from the Revolving Credit Agreement will primarily be used for working capital purposes and for other general corporate purposes. The Company s accounts receivable, general intangibles and inventory secure the Revolving Credit Agreement. Since inception of the agreement no amounts have been borrowed on the Revolving Credit Agreement.

Net cash used in operating activities amounted to \$9.4 million in 2011 compared to \$0.8 million in 2010. The results primarily reflect a \$12.1 million decrease in accounts payable as we paid for the build-up of inventory at December 31, 2010. This decrease was partially offset by earnings of \$1.5 million and a \$1.5 million increase in customer deposits. Overall cash from operations was lower as a result of certain customers experiencing a delay in closing financing arrangements which, in turn, caused us to delay shipments of product.

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$1.8 million in 2011 compared to \$0.1 million in 2010. The increase primarily results from capital expenditures associated with the continued plant expansion at our screen production facility in Canada.

Net cash provided by financing amounted to \$0.5 million in 2011 compared to none a year ago and relates primarily to the issuance of restricted stock and also proceeds and tax benefits from share-based arrangements.

Transactions with Related and Certain Other Parties

We did not make any sales of digital theatre projection equipment, in the normal course of business, to our 44.4%-owned LLC with Real D during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 compared to sales of approximately \$4.5 million during the same quarter of the prior year. The LLC in turn provides the digital projection equipment to third party customers under system user agreements. We did not recognize any revenue during the first quarter of 2011 compared to \$4.0 million in the same quarter of the prior year. Revenue recognized by us on the sale transaction to the LLC is limited by our 44.4% ownership which will be recognized upon sale of the equipment to the third parties.

Financial Instruments and Credit Risk Concentrations

Our top ten customers accounted for approximately 56% of 2011 consolidated net revenues and were primarily from the theatre segment. Trade accounts receivable from these customers represented approximately 45% of net consolidated receivables at March 31, 2011. Sales to Regal

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Cinemas, Inc. and Kasima, LLC represented approximately 16% and 12% of consolidated sales, respectively. Additionally, receivables from these two customers represented approximately 11% and 10% of net consolidated receivables at March 31, 2011, respectively. While we believe our relationships with such customers are stable, most arrangements are made by purchase order and are terminable at will by either party. A significant decrease or interruption in business from our significant customers could have a material adverse effect on our Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. We could also be adversely affected by such factors as changes in foreign currency rates and weak economic and political conditions in each of the countries in which we sell our products.

Financial instruments that potentially expose us to a concentration of credit risk principally consist of accounts receivable. We sell product to a large number of customers in many different geographic regions. To minimize credit concentration risk, we perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition or use letters of credit.

Through distribution agreements with NEC, we distribute Starus DLP Cinema projectors to North and South America, Hong Kong, China and certain other areas of Asia. These agreements are non-exclusive distributorship agreements, some of which can be terminated with 90 day advance notice. NEC is the primary supplier of the digital products the Company distributes to the Theatre Industry. If we are unable to maintain our relationship with NEC, the results would have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and operating results until the Company could find an alternative source of digital equipment to distribute. The principal raw materials and components used in our manufacturing processes include aluminum, reflectors, electronic subassemblies and sheet metal. We use a single manufacturer for each of our digital projectors, intermittent movement components, reflectors, aluminum castings, lenses and xenon lamps. Although we have not to-date experienced a significant difficulty in obtaining these components, no assurance can be given that shortages will not arise in the future. The loss of any one or more of such contract manufacturers could have a short-term adverse effect on our Company until alternative manufacturing arrangements are secured.

Table of Contents**Hedging and Trading Activities**

Our primary exposure to foreign currency fluctuations pertains to our subsidiaries in Canada and China. In certain instances, we may enter into a foreign exchange contract to manage a portion of this risk. For the periods ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010, we had recorded insignificant unrealized losses associated with these open contracts in our consolidated statement of operations.

We do not have any trading activities that include non-exchange traded contracts at fair value.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations

Our off balance sheet arrangements consist principally of our postretirement benefit obligations and leasing various assets under operating leases. The future estimated payments under these arrangements are summarized below along with our other contractual obligations:

| Contractual Obligations | Total | Payments Due by Period | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| | | Remaining in 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Thereafter |
| Non-competition agreement | \$ 50 | \$ 50 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Postretirement benefits | 182 | 14 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 91 |
| Operating leases | 139 | 50 | 44 | 37 | 8 | | |
| Contractual cash obligations | \$ 371 | \$ 114 | \$ 62 | \$ 56 | \$ 28 | \$ 20 | \$ 91 |

We have a contractual obligation to pay up to \$50,000 to High End Systems, Inc. Payment is contingent on satisfaction of certain future sales of the product line purchased as part of the business. In addition, we have accrued approximately \$0.1 million for the estimated underpayment of income taxes we are obligated to pay. The accrual is primarily related to state tax matters. There were no other contractual obligations other than inventory and property, plant and equipment purchases in the ordinary course of business.

Guarantees

During 2011 and 2010, the Company and RealD had guarantees recorded for notes payable entered into by the LLC to finance digital projection equipment deployed in the normal course of business. No new notes payable were entered into by the LLC during the first quarter ended 2011. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 7.0% to 7.46%. Under terms of the guarantees, the Company and RealD would be required to pay the obligation should the LLC be in default of its loans or contract terms. The guarantees expire at the time each loan is paid off. Our total remaining guarantee was \$1.0 million at March 31, 2011 and \$1.2 million at December 31, 2010. We recorded an insignificant liability for the fair value of the obligations undertaken by issuing the guarantees at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

Seasonality

Generally, our business exhibits a moderate level of seasonality.

Litigation

As we reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, the plaintiffs in the asbestos case entitled *Manuel H. Chinea and Janet M. Chinea v. American Optical Company, Ballantyne Strong, Inc., a/k/a Ballantyne of Omaha, Inc., et al.*, filed in the Superior Court of the State of New York, agreed to dismiss the Company from the lawsuit. We were formally dismissed from the case on April 8, 2011. In addition, from time to time we may be involved in various claims and legal actions which are routine litigation matters incidental to the business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these other matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Inflation

We believe that the relatively moderate rates of inflation in recent years have not had a significant impact on our net revenues or profitability. We did experience higher than normal prices on certain raw materials during the year coupled with higher freight costs as freight companies passed on a portion of higher gas and oil costs. Historically, we have been able to offset any inflationary effects by either increasing prices or improving cost efficiencies.

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Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In preparing our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; management must make a variety of decisions which impact the reported amounts and the related disclosures. These decisions include the selection of the appropriate accounting principles to be applied and the assumptions on which to base accounting estimates. In making these decisions, management applies its judgment based on its understanding and analysis of the relevant circumstances and our historical experience.

Our accounting policies and estimates that are most critical to the presentation of our results of operations and financial condition, and which require the greatest use of judgments and estimates by management, are designated as our critical accounting policies. See further discussion of our critical accounting policies under Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our year ended December 31, 2010. We periodically re-evaluate and adjust our critical accounting policies as circumstances change. There were no significant changes in our critical accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on the accounting and disclosures for fair value measurements. Certain provisions of the guidance were effective for our prior interim and annual periods ended December 31, 2010; while, other provisions are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2010. Beginning with the quarter ended March 31, 2011, we adopted the remaining provisions of the guidance which did not have a material impact on the disclosures.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The principal market risks affecting us are exposure to interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We market our products throughout the United States and the world. As a result, we could be adversely affected by such factors as changes in foreign currency rates and weak economic conditions. As a significant amount of our sales are currently denominated in U.S. dollars, a strengthening of the dollar can and sometimes has made our products less competitive in foreign markets.

Interest Rates We have a variable interest rate credit facility, however, we have no outstanding balances as of March 31, 2011. If we would borrow up to the maximum amount available under these facilities, a one percent increase in the interest rate would increase interest expense by \$0.2 million per annum. Interest rate risks from our other interest-related accounts such as our postretirement obligations are not deemed significant.

Foreign Exchange Exposure to transactions denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency is primarily related to our China and Canadian subsidiaries. From time to time, as market conditions indicate, we will enter into foreign currency contracts to manage the risks associated with forecasted transactions. A portion of our cash in the China and Canadian subsidiaries is denominated in foreign currencies, where fluctuations in exchange rates will impact our cash balances in U.S. dollar terms. A hypothetical 10% change in the value of the U.S. dollar would impact our reported cash balance by approximately \$0.2 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as amended) is (1) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures and (2) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter for the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

As the Company reported in the Annual Report on Form 10-K, the plaintiffs in the asbestos case entitled *Manuel H. Chinea and Janet M. Chinea v. American Optical Company, Ballantyne Strong, Inc., aka Ballantyne of Omaha, Inc., et al.*, filed in the Superior Court of the State of New York, agreed to dismiss the Company from the lawsuit. The Company was formally dismissed from the case on April 8, 2011. In addition, from time to time the Company may be involved in various claims and legal actions which are routine litigation matters incidental to the business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these other matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

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Item 1A. Risk Factors

Item 1A Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 includes a detailed discussion of the Company's risk factors. There have been no material changes to the risk factors as previously disclosed.

Item 6. Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BALLANTYNE STRONG, INC.

By: /s/ GARY L. CAVEY
Gary L. Cavey, President,
Chief Executive Officer and Director

By: /s/ KEVIN S. HERRMANN
Kevin S. Herrmann, Secretary/Treasurer
and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 10, 2011

Date: May 10, 2011

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit Number | Document Description | Incorporated by Reference | | | Filed Herewith |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Form | Exhibit | Filing Date | |
| 31.1 | Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer | | | | X |
| 31.2 | Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer | | | | X |
| 32.1 | 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer | | | | X |
| 32.2 | 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer | | | | X |