

Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2014  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934

For the transition period from                    to

Commission file number 001-32319

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Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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|                                                                                              |                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Maryland<br>(State or Other Jurisdiction of<br>Incorporation or Organization)                | 20-1296886<br>(I.R.S. Employer<br>Identification Number) |
| 120 Vantis, Suite 350<br>Aliso Viejo, California<br>(Address of Principal Executive Offices) | 92656<br>(Zip Code)                                      |

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (949) 330-4000

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

205,431,629 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, as of August 1, 2014

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SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2014

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## PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

|                                                 | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                   |                                 |                      |
| Current assets:                                 |                                 |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents                       | \$ 360,702                      | \$ 104,363           |
| Restricted cash                                 | 87,975                          | 89,306               |
| Accounts receivable, net                        | 43,093                          | 29,941               |
| Inventories                                     | 1,275                           | 1,464                |
| Prepaid expenses                                | 11,571                          | 12,612               |
| Total current assets                            | 504,616                         | 237,686              |
| Investment in hotel properties, net             | 3,230,895                       | 3,231,382            |
| Deferred financing fees, net                    | 7,747                           | 9,219                |
| Goodwill                                        | 9,405                           | 9,405                |
| Other assets, net                               | 30,297                          | 21,106               |
| Total assets                                    | \$ 3,782,960                    | \$ 3,508,798         |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>                   |                                 |                      |
| Current liabilities:                            |                                 |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses           | \$ 30,192                       | \$ 25,116            |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits           | 26,463                          | 29,933               |
| Dividends payable                               | 12,370                          | 11,443               |
| Other current liabilities                       | 38,173                          | 30,288               |
| Current portion of notes payable                | 122,835                         | 23,289               |
| Total current liabilities                       | 230,033                         | 120,069              |
| Notes payable, less current portion             | 1,269,587                       | 1,380,786            |
| Capital lease obligations, less current portion | 15,576                          | 15,586               |
| Other liabilities                               | 34,106                          | 39,958               |
| Total liabilities                               | 1,549,302                       | 1,556,399            |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         |                                 |                      |
| Equity:                                         |                                 |                      |
| Stockholders' equity:                           |                                 |                      |

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Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized.

8.0% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 4,600,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, stated at liquidation

|                                                                                                                                                                                              |              |              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| preference of \$25.00 per share                                                                                                                                                              | 115,000      | 115,000      |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 199,447,209 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2014 and 180,858,699 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2013 | 1,994        | 1,809        |
| Additional paid in capital                                                                                                                                                                   | 2,335,709    | 2,068,721    |
| Retained earnings                                                                                                                                                                            | 260,518      | 224,364      |
| Cumulative dividends                                                                                                                                                                         | (535,281)    | (511,444)    |
| Total stockholders' equity                                                                                                                                                                   | 2,177,940    | 1,898,450    |
| Non-controlling interest in consolidated joint ventures                                                                                                                                      | 55,718       | 53,949       |
| Total equity                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2,233,658    | 1,952,399    |
| Total liabilities and equity                                                                                                                                                                 | \$ 3,782,960 | \$ 3,508,798 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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## SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data)

|                                                                                    | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>REVENUES</b>                                                                    |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Room                                                                               | \$ 214,940                          | \$ 168,260                          | \$ 383,067                        | \$ 300,883                        |
| Food and beverage                                                                  | 68,733                              | 52,842                              | 128,644                           | 102,470                           |
| Other operating                                                                    | 17,179                              | 13,536                              | 32,624                            | 26,206                            |
| Total revenues                                                                     | 300,852                             | 234,638                             | 544,335                           | 429,559                           |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>                                                          |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Room                                                                               | 53,418                              | 40,537                              | 102,337                           | 77,991                            |
| Food and beverage                                                                  | 45,109                              | 35,058                              | 88,017                            | 70,154                            |
| Other operating                                                                    | 5,006                               | 3,887                               | 10,001                            | 8,129                             |
| Advertising and promotion                                                          | 13,655                              | 11,240                              | 26,626                            | 22,505                            |
| Repairs and maintenance                                                            | 10,706                              | 8,275                               | 21,587                            | 16,649                            |
| Utilities                                                                          | 7,788                               | 6,129                               | 16,077                            | 12,312                            |
| Franchise costs                                                                    | 10,261                              | 8,771                               | 18,338                            | 15,249                            |
| Property tax, ground lease and<br>insurance                                        | 21,413                              | 19,297                              | 40,465                            | 37,765                            |
| Property general and administrative                                                | 31,963                              | 25,288                              | 60,885                            | 48,894                            |
| Corporate overhead                                                                 | 7,674                               | 7,359                               | 14,233                            | 13,530                            |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                      | 37,973                              | 32,175                              | 75,588                            | 66,191                            |
| Total operating expenses                                                           | 244,966                             | 198,016                             | 474,154                           | 389,369                           |
| Operating income                                                                   | 55,886                              | 36,622                              | 70,181                            | 40,190                            |
| Interest and other income                                                          | 891                                 | 788                                 | 1,607                             | 1,351                             |
| Interest expense                                                                   | (18,331)                            | (17,272)                            | (36,614)                          | (34,686)                          |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                     | —                                   | —                                   | —                                 | (44)                              |
| Income before income taxes and<br>discontinued operations                          | 38,446                              | 20,138                              | 35,174                            | 6,811                             |
| Income tax provision                                                               | (110)                               | (129)                               | (334)                             | (6,286)                           |
| Income from continuing operations                                                  | 38,336                              | 20,009                              | 34,840                            | 525                               |
| Income from discontinued operations                                                | 5,199                               | —                                   | 5,199                             | 48,410                            |
| NET INCOME                                                                         | 43,535                              | 20,009                              | 40,039                            | 48,935                            |
| Income from consolidated joint venture<br>attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,659)                             | (1,226)                             | (3,885)                           | (1,523)                           |
| Distributions to non-controlling interest                                          | (8)                                 | (8)                                 | (16)                              | (16)                              |
| Dividends paid on unvested restricted<br>stock compensation                        | (97)                                | —                                   | (197)                             | —                                 |
|                                                                                    | (2,300)                             | (3,510)                             | (4,600)                           | (14,413)                          |



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|                                                                                          |           |           |           |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges                                         |           |           |           |           |
| Undistributed income allocated to unvested restricted stock compensation                 | (206)     | (126)     | (87)      | (264)     |
| INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS                                                  | \$ 39,265 | \$ 15,139 | \$ 31,254 | \$ 32,719 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS                                    | \$ 39,265 | \$ 15,139 | \$ 31,254 | \$ 32,719 |
| Basic and diluted per share amounts:                                                     |           |           |           |           |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations available (attributable) to common stockholders | \$ 0.19   | \$ 0.09   | \$ 0.14   | \$ (0.10) |
| Income from discontinued operations                                                      | 0.03      | —         | 0.03      | 0.31      |
| Basic and diluted income available to common stockholders per common share               | \$ 0.22   | \$ 0.09   | \$ 0.17   | \$ 0.21   |
| Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding                             | 182,604   | 160,843   | 181,836   | 155,987   |
| Dividends declared per common share                                                      | \$ 0.05   | \$ —      | \$ 0.10   | \$ —      |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

(In thousands, except share data)

| Preferred Stock<br>Number of Shares | Amount     | Common Stock<br>Number of Shares | Amount   | Additional<br>Paid in Capital | Retained Earnings | Cumulative Dividends | Non-Controlling<br>Interest<br>in<br>Consolidated<br>Joint V |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4,600,000                           | \$ 115,000 | 180,858,699                      | \$ 1,809 | \$ 2,068,721                  | \$ 224,364        | \$ (511,444)         | \$ 53,949                                                    |
| —                                   | —          | 18,099,460                       | 181      | 263,442                       | —                 | —                    | —                                                            |
| —                                   | —          | 489,050                          | 4        | 3,546                         | —                 | —                    | —                                                            |
| —                                   | —          | —                                | —        | —                             | —                 | —                    | (2,116)                                                      |
| —                                   | —          | —                                | —        | —                             | —                 | (19,237)             | —                                                            |
| —                                   | —          | —                                | —        | —                             | —                 | (4,600)              | —                                                            |
| —                                   | —          | —                                | —        | —                             | 36,154            | —                    | 3,885                                                        |

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|           |            |             |          |              |            |              |           |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| 4,600,000 | \$ 115,000 | 199,447,209 | \$ 1,994 | \$ 2,335,709 | \$ 260,518 | \$ (535,281) | \$ 55,718 |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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## SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

|                                                                                   | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                       |                                   |                                   |
| Net income                                                                        | \$ 40,039                         | \$ 48,935                         |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                                   |                                   |
| Bad debt expense                                                                  | 148                               | 96                                |
| Gain on sales of assets                                                           | (5,254)                           | (51,625)                          |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                    | —                                 | 3,159                             |
| Gain on derivatives, net                                                          | (234)                             | (417)                             |
| Depreciation                                                                      | 74,228                            | 62,055                            |
| Amortization of franchise fees and other intangibles                              | 3,510                             | 6,421                             |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees                                           | 1,472                             | 1,485                             |
| Amortization of loan discounts                                                    | —                                 | 3                                 |
| Amortization of deferred stock compensation                                       | 3,316                             | 2,316                             |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                      |                                   |                                   |
| Restricted cash                                                                   | (1,992)                           | (8,875)                           |
| Accounts receivable                                                               | (13,300)                          | (5,560)                           |
| Inventories                                                                       | 189                               | 1,628                             |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets                                                 | 6,055                             | 8,149                             |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities                                            | 13,129                            | 12,697                            |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits                                             | (3,470)                           | (6,414)                           |
| Discontinued operations                                                           | —                                 | 432                               |
| Net cash provided by operating activities                                         | 117,836                           | 74,485                            |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                       |                                   |                                   |
| Proceeds from sales of hotel properties and other assets                          | 72                                | 195,621                           |
| Cash proceeds held by accommodator                                                | —                                 | (72,287)                          |
| Restricted cash — replacement reserve                                             | 3,323                             | 11,054                            |
| Acquisitions of hotel properties and other assets                                 | (11,000)                          | (59,137)                          |
| Acquisition deposits                                                              | (15,000)                          | (20,000)                          |
| Renovations and additions to hotel properties                                     | (65,836)                          | (69,089)                          |
| Payment for interest rate derivative                                              | —                                 | (12)                              |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                             | (88,441)                          | (13,850)                          |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                       |                                   |                                   |
| Redemption of preferred stock                                                     | —                                 | (276,250)                         |
| Proceeds from common stock offering                                               | 264,192                           | 295,251                           |
| Payment of common stock offering costs                                            | (569)                             | (376)                             |
| Proceeds from credit facility                                                     | 10,750                            | 30,000                            |
| Payments on notes payable and credit facility                                     | (22,403)                          | (124,465)                         |

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|                                                                           |            |            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Payments for costs related to extinguishment of notes payable             | —          | (3,108)    |
| Payments of deferred financing costs                                      | —          | (5)        |
| Dividends paid                                                            | (22,910)   | (14,780)   |
| Distributions to non-controlling interests                                | (2,116)    | (902)      |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                       | 226,944    | (94,635)   |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                      | 256,339    | (34,000)   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                            | 104,363    | 157,217    |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                                  | \$ 360,702 | \$ 123,217 |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION</b>                  |            |            |
| Cash paid for interest                                                    | \$ 34,187  | \$ 34,858  |
| Cash paid for income taxes                                                | \$ 106     | \$ 5,115   |
| <b>NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITY</b>                                         |            |            |
| Accounts payable related to renovations and additions to hotel properties | \$ 7,259   | \$ 5,093   |
| Amortization of deferred stock compensation — construction activities     | \$ 234     | \$ 193     |
| <b>NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITY</b>                                         |            |            |
| Dividends payable                                                         | \$ 12,370  | \$ 2,300   |
| See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.              |            |            |

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## SUNSTONE HOTEL INVESTORS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Organization and Description of Business

Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in Maryland on June 28, 2004 in anticipation of an initial public offering of common stock, which was consummated on October 26, 2004. The Company, through its 100% controlling interest in Sunstone Hotel Partnership, LLC (the “Operating Partnership”), of which the Company is the sole managing member, and the subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership, including Sunstone Hotel TRS Lessee, Inc. (the “TRS Lessee”) and its subsidiaries, is currently engaged in acquiring, owning, asset managing and renovating hotel properties. The Company may also sell certain hotel properties from time to time. The Company operates as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) for federal income tax purposes.

As a REIT, certain tax laws limit the amount of “non-qualifying” income the Company can earn, including income derived directly from the operation of hotels. As a result, the Company leases all of its hotels to its TRS Lessee, which in turn enters into long-term management agreements with third parties to manage the operations of the Company’s hotels. As of June 30, 2014, the Company had interests in 29 hotels (the “29 hotels”) held for investment, and the Company’s third-party managers included the following:

|                                                                                                          | Number of Hotels |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Subsidiaries of Marriott International, Inc. or Marriott Hotel Services, Inc. (collectively, “Marriott”) | 10               |
| Interstate Hotels & Resorts, Inc.                                                                        | 6                |
| Highgate Hotels L.P. and an affiliate                                                                    | 4                |
| Davidson Hotels & Resorts                                                                                | 2                |
| Hilton Worldwide                                                                                         | 2                |
| Hyatt Corporation                                                                                        | 2                |
| Crestline Hotels & Resorts                                                                               | 1                |
| Dimension Development Company                                                                            | 1                |
| Fairmont Hotels & Resorts (U.S.)                                                                         | 1                |
| Total hotels held for investment                                                                         | 29               |

In addition, as of June 30, 2014, the Company owned BuyEfficient, LLC (“BuyEfficient”), an electronic purchasing platform that allows members to procure food, operating supplies, furniture, fixtures and equipment.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, include the accounts of the Company, the Operating Partnership, the TRS Lessee and their subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The Company consolidates subsidiaries when it has the ability to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entity. The Company also evaluates its subsidiaries to determine if they should be considered variable interest entities (“VIEs”). Typically, the entity that has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact economic performance would consolidate the VIE. The Company considers an entity a VIE if equity investors own an interest therein that does not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or if such investors do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. In accordance with the Consolidation Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”), the Company reviewed its subsidiaries to determine if (i) they should be considered VIEs, and (ii) whether the Company should change its consolidation determination based on changes in the characteristics of these entities. Based on its review, the Company determined that all of its subsidiaries were properly consolidated as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Non-controlling interests at both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 represent the outside equity interests in various consolidated affiliates of the Company.

The accompanying interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and in conformity with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the Company’s opinion, the interim financial statements presented herein reflect all adjustments, consisting solely of normal and recurring adjustments, which are necessary to fairly present the interim financial statements. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2014.

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The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date of issuance of these financial statements.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

### Reporting Periods

The results the Company reports in its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income are based on results reported to the Company by its hotel managers, all of whom currently use a standard monthly calendar. Prior to 2013, however, Marriott used a 13-period fiscal calendar with the year ending on the Friday closest to December 31. Since Marriott's 2012 fiscal year ended on December 28, 2012, Marriott's 2013 first quarter and calendar year contain an additional three days, December 29, 2012 through December 31, 2012.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses were representative of their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company follows the requirements of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of the FASB ASC, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value and disclosing fair value measurements by establishing a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2



Inputs reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or the liability; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions incorporated in valuation techniques used to determine fair value. These assumptions are required to be consistent with market participant assumptions that are reasonably available.

As discussed in Note 5, at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company held two interest rate cap agreements and one interest rate swap agreement to manage, or hedge, interest rate risks related to its floating rate debt. The Company records interest rate protection agreements on the balance sheet at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as they are not designated as hedges. In accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Topic of the FASB ASC, the Company estimates the fair value of its interest rate protection agreements based on quotes obtained from the counterparties, which are based upon the consideration that would be required to terminate the agreements. The Company has valued the derivative interest rate cap agreements using Level 2 measurements as an asset of \$2,000 and \$16,000 as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The interest rate cap agreements are included in other assets, net on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company has valued the derivative interest rate swap agreement using Level 2 measurements as a liability of \$0.8 million and \$1.1 million as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The interest rate swap agreement is included in other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

On an annual basis and periodically when indicators of impairment exist, the Company analyzes the carrying values of its hotel properties and other assets using Level 3 measurements, including a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of its hotel properties and other assets taking into account each property's expected cash flow from operations, holding period and estimated proceeds from the disposition of the property. The factors addressed in determining estimated proceeds from disposition include anticipated operating cash flow in the year of disposition and terminal capitalization rate. The Company did not identify any properties or other assets with indicators of impairment during either the three or six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

On an annual basis and periodically when indicators of impairment exist, the Company also analyzes the carrying value of its goodwill using Level 3 measurements, including a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of its reporting units. The Company did not identify any properties or other assets with indicators of goodwill impairment during either the three or six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

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As of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 70.7% of the Company's outstanding debt had fixed interest rates, including the effect of an interest rate swap agreement. The Company's carrying value of its debt totaled \$1.4 billion as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Using Level 3 measurements, including the Company's weighted average cost of debt of 5.0%, the Company estimates that the fair market value of its debt totaled \$1.4 billion as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The following table presents the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

|                                         | Total    | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date |          |         |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------|----------|---------|
|                                         |          | Level 1                                   | Level 2  | Level 3 |
| June 30, 2014 (unaudited):              |          |                                           |          |         |
| Interest rate cap derivative agreements | \$ 2     | \$ —                                      | \$ 2     | \$ —    |
| Life insurance policy (1)               | 1,214    | —                                         | 1,214    | —       |
| Total assets at June 30, 2014           | \$ 1,216 | \$ —                                      | \$ 1,216 | \$ —    |
| December 31, 2013:                      |          |                                           |          |         |
| Interest rate cap derivative agreements | \$ 16    | \$ —                                      | \$ 16    | \$ —    |
| Life insurance policy (1)               | 1,385    | —                                         | 1,385    | —       |
| Total assets at December 31, 2013       | \$ 1,401 | \$ —                                      | \$ 1,401 | \$ —    |

(1) Includes the split life insurance policy for one of the Company's former associates, which the Company has valued using Level 2 measurements. These amounts are included in other assets, net on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, and will be used to reimburse the Company for payments made to the former associate from the related retirement benefit agreement included in accrued payroll and employee benefits on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The following table presents the Company's liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

| Total | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date |         |         |
|-------|-------------------------------------------|---------|---------|
|       | Level 1                                   | Level 2 | Level 3 |

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June 30, 2014 (unaudited):

|                                         |          |      |          |      |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|------|----------|------|
| Interest rate swap derivative agreement | \$ 818   | \$ — | \$ 818   | \$ — |
| Retirement benefit agreement (1)        | 1,214    | —    | 1,214    | —    |
| Total liabilities at June 30, 2014      | \$ 2,032 | \$ — | \$ 2,032 | \$ — |

December 31, 2013:

|                                         |          |      |          |      |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|------|----------|------|
| Interest rate swap derivative agreement | \$ 1,066 | \$ — | \$ 1,066 | \$ — |
| Retirement benefit agreement (1)        | 1,385    | —    | 1,385    | —    |
| Total liabilities at December 31, 2013  | \$ 2,451 | \$ — | \$ 2,451 | \$ — |

- (1) Includes the retirement benefit agreement for one of the Company's former associates, which the Company has valued using Level 2 measurements. The agreement calls for the balance of the retirement benefit to be paid out to the former associate in 10 annual installments, beginning in 2011. As such, the Company has paid the former associate a total of \$0.8 million through June 30, 2014, which was reimbursed to the Company using funds from the related split life insurance policy. These amounts are included in accrued payroll and employee benefits on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable primarily represents receivables from hotel guests who occupy hotel rooms and utilize hotel services. Accounts receivable also includes, among other things, receivables from customers who utilize purchase volume rebates through BuyEfficient, as well as tenants who lease space in the Company's hotels. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts sufficient to cover potential credit losses. The Company's accounts receivable includes an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.2 million at both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

#### Acquisitions of Hotel Properties and Other Entities

Accounting for the acquisition of a hotel property or other entity as a purchase transaction requires an allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the transaction at their respective estimated fair values. The most difficult estimations of individual fair values are those involving long-lived assets, such as property, equipment, intangible assets and any capital lease obligations that are assumed as part of the acquisition of a leasehold interest. During 2013, the Company used all available information to make these fair value determinations, and engaged independent valuation specialists to assist in the fair value

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determination of the long-lived assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the Company's purchases of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco. Due to the inherent subjectivity in determining the estimated fair value of long-lived assets, the Company believes that the recording of acquired assets and liabilities is a critical accounting policy.

Assets Held for Sale

The Company considers a hotel or other asset held for sale if it is probable that the sale will be completed within twelve months, among other requirements. A sale is determined to be probable once the buyer completes its due diligence of the asset, there is an executed purchase and sale agreement between the Company and the buyer, and the Company has received a substantial non-refundable deposit. Depreciation ceases when a property is held for sale. Should an impairment loss be required for assets held for sale, the related assets are adjusted to their estimated fair values, less costs to sell. Should the sale of a hotel or other asset represent a strategic shift that will have a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results, the hotel or other asset is included in discontinued operations, and operating results are removed from income from continuing operations and reported as discontinued operations. The operating results for any such assets for any prior periods presented must also be reclassified as discontinued operations. As of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had no hotels or other assets held for sale.

Deferred Financing Fees

Deferred financing fees consist of loan fees and other financing costs related to the Company's outstanding indebtedness and credit facility commitments, and are amortized to interest expense over the terms of the related debt or commitment. Upon repayment or refinancing of the underlying debt, any related unamortized deferred financing fee is charged to interest expense. Upon any loan modification, any related unamortized deferred financing fee is amortized over the remaining terms of the modified loan.

The Company did not incur or pay any deferred financing fees during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company paid deferred financing fees of \$5,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 related to the purchase of an interest rate cap derivative agreement on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront mortgage.

Total amortization of deferred financing fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

|                                               | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Continuing operations:                        |                                                    |                                                    |                                                  |                                                  |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees       | \$ 736                                             | \$ 725                                             | \$ 1,472                                         | \$ 1,483                                         |
| Discontinued operations:                      |                                                    |                                                    |                                                  |                                                  |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees       | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | 2                                                |
| Total amortization of deferred financing fees | \$ 736                                             | \$ 725                                             | \$ 1,472                                         | \$ 1,485                                         |

### Earnings Per Share

The Company applies the two-class method when computing its earnings per share as required by the Earnings Per Share Topic of the FASB ASC, which requires the net income per share for each class of stock (common stock and convertible preferred stock) to be calculated assuming all of the Company's net income is distributed as dividends to each class of stock based on their contractual rights. To the extent the Company has undistributed earnings in any calendar quarter, the Company will follow the two-class method of computing earnings per share.

The Company follows the requirements of the Earnings Per Share Topic of the FASB ASC, which states that invested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, distributed earnings representing nonforfeitable dividends of \$0.1 million and zero, respectively, were allocated to the participating securities. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, distributed earnings representing nonforfeitable dividends of \$0.2 million and zero, respectively, were allocated to the participating securities. Undistributed earnings representing nonforfeitable dividends of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, were allocated to the participating securities for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Undistributed earnings representing nonforfeitable dividends of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, were allocated to the participating securities for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

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In accordance with the Earnings Per Share Topic of the FASB ASC, basic earnings available (loss attributable) to common stockholders per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings available (loss attributable) to common stockholders per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period, plus potential common shares considered outstanding during the period, as long as the inclusion of such awards is not anti-dilutive. Potential common shares consist of unvested restricted stock awards, the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options, using the more dilutive of either the two-class method or the treasury stock method.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share (in thousands, except per share data):

|                                                                                    | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Numerator:                                                                         |                                                    |                                                    |                                                  |                                                  |
| Net income                                                                         | \$ 43,535                                          | \$ 20,009                                          | \$ 40,039                                        | \$ 48,935                                        |
| Income from consolidated joint venture<br>attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,659)                                            | (1,226)                                            | (3,885)                                          | (1,523)                                          |
| Distributions to non-controlling interest                                          | (8)                                                | (8)                                                | (16)                                             | (16)                                             |
| Dividends paid on unvested restricted<br>stock compensation                        | (97)                                               | —                                                  | (197)                                            | —                                                |
| Preferred stock dividends and<br>redemption charges                                | (2,300)                                            | (3,510)                                            | (4,600)                                          | (14,413)                                         |
| Undistributed income allocated to<br>unvested restricted stock compensation        | (206)                                              | (126)                                              | (87)                                             | (264)                                            |
| Numerator for basic and diluted earnings<br>available to common stockholders       | \$ 39,265                                          | \$ 15,139                                          | \$ 31,254                                        | \$ 32,719                                        |
| Denominator:                                                                       |                                                    |                                                    |                                                  |                                                  |
| Weighted average basic and diluted<br>common shares outstanding                    | 182,604                                            | 160,843                                            | 181,836                                          | 155,987                                          |
| Basic and diluted earnings available<br>to common stockholders per common<br>share | \$ 0.22                                            | \$ 0.09                                            | \$ 0.17                                          | \$ 0.21                                          |

The Company's unvested restricted shares associated with its long-term incentive plan and shares associated with common stock options have been excluded from the above calculation of earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. Prior to their redemption in May 2013, shares of the Company's Series C preferred stock issuable upon conversion were excluded from the above

calculation of earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

## Goodwill

The Company follows the requirements of the Intangibles — Goodwill and Other Topic of the FASB ASC, which states that goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are subject to annual impairment tests. As a result, the carrying value of goodwill allocated to hotel properties and other assets is reviewed at least annually for impairment. In addition, when facts and circumstances suggest that the Company's goodwill may be impaired, an interim evaluation of goodwill is prepared. Such review entails comparing the carrying value of the individual hotel property or other asset (the reporting unit) including the allocated goodwill to the fair value determined for that reporting unit (see Fair Value of Financial Instruments for detail on the Company's valuation methodology). If the aggregate carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds the fair value, the goodwill of the reporting unit is impaired to the extent of the difference between the fair value and the aggregate carrying value, not to exceed the carrying amount of the allocated goodwill. The Company's annual impairment evaluation is performed each year as of December 31.

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## Non-Controlling Interests

The Company's financial statements include entities in which the Company has a controlling financial interest. Non-controlling interest is the portion of equity (net assets) in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent. Such non-controlling interests are reported on the consolidated balance sheets within equity, separately from the Company's equity. On the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, revenues, expenses and net income or loss from less-than-wholly-owned subsidiaries are reported at the consolidated amounts, including both the amounts attributable to the Company and non-controlling interests. Income or loss is allocated to non-controlling interests based on their weighted average ownership percentage for the applicable period. The consolidated statements of equity include beginning balances, activity for the period and ending balances for each component of shareholders' equity, non-controlling interests and total equity.

At both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the non-controlling interest reported in the Company's financial statements includes Hilton Worldwide's 25.0% ownership in the partnerships that own the Hilton San Diego Bayfront (the "Hilton San Diego Bayfront Partnership"). In addition, the Company is the sole common stockholder of the captive REIT that owns the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square; however, there are also preferred investors in the captive REIT whose preferred dividends less administrative fees during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are represented as distributions to non-controlling interests on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

## Segment Reporting

The Company reports its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Segment Reporting Topic of the FASB ASC. Currently, the Company operates in one segment, operations held for investment.

## 3. Investment in Hotel Properties

Investment in hotel properties, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

|      | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Land | \$ 450,304                      | \$ 439,304           |



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|                                           |              |              |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Buildings and improvements                | 3,013,911    | 2,977,458    |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment         | 432,572      | 414,192      |
| Intangibles                               | 171,889      | 171,889      |
| Franchise fees                            | 1,167        | 1,346        |
| Construction in process                   | 45,244       | 34,643       |
|                                           | 4,115,087    | 4,038,832    |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | (884,192)    | (807,450)    |
|                                           | \$ 3,230,895 | \$ 3,231,382 |

In June 2014, the Company acquired approximately seven acres of land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach for \$11.0 million, using net proceeds from the March 2014 issuance of its common stock in connection with its Equity Distribution Agreements, combined with cash on hand. Prior to the Company's acquisition, the land was leased to the Company by a third party.

The Company acquired three hotels in 2013: the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles in May 2013; the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013; and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco in December 2013. Acquired properties are included in the Company's results of operations and comprehensive income from the date of acquisition. The following unaudited pro forma results of operations reflect the Company's results as if the acquisitions of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza, and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco during 2013, as well as the acquisition of the land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach during 2014, had occurred on

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January 1, 2013. In the Company's opinion, all significant adjustments necessary to reflect the effects of the acquisitions have been made (in thousands, except per share data):

|                                                                                                            | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Revenues                                                                                                   | \$ 300,852                                         | \$ 281,393                                         | \$ 544,335                                       | \$ 509,319                                       |
| Income available (loss attributable) to common stockholders from continuing operations                     | \$ 34,179                                          | \$ 23,844                                          | \$ 26,334                                        | \$ (10,314)                                      |
| Income (loss) per diluted share available (attributable) to common stockholders from continuing operations | \$ 0.19                                            | \$ 0.15                                            | \$ 0.14                                          | \$ (0.07)                                        |

#### 4. Discontinued Operations

In January 2013, the Company sold a four-hotel, 1,222-room portfolio (the "Rochester Hotels") and a commercial laundry facility (together with the Rochester Hotels, the "Rochester Portfolio") in Rochester, Minnesota, to an unaffiliated third party, for net proceeds of \$195.6 million, of which \$145.7 million was deposited with an accommodator in order to facilitate tax-deferred exchanges. The Rochester Hotels include the 660-room Kahler Grand, the 271-room Kahler Inn & Suites, the 202-room Marriott Rochester and the 89-room Residence Inn by Marriott Rochester. The Company recognized a net gain on the sale of \$51.6 million. The Company retained a \$25.0 million preferred equity investment (the "Preferred Equity Investment") in the Rochester Hotels that yields an 11% dividend, resulting in a deferred gain on the sale of \$25.0 million. The \$25.0 million gain will be deferred until the Preferred Equity Investment is redeemed. The Preferred Equity Investment is recorded at face value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets net of the deferred gain, resulting in a net book value of zero on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. During both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized \$0.7 million in dividends on the Preferred Equity Investment. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, in dividends on the Preferred Equity Investment. All of the dividends earned on the Preferred Equity Investment are included in interest and other income on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The Company also provided a \$3.7 million working cash advance to the buyer, resulting in a deferred gain on the sale of \$3.7 million. The \$3.7 million gain will be deferred until the Company is repaid from the Rochester Portfolio's available cash flow. The working cash advance is recorded at face value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets net of the deferred gain, resulting in a net book value of zero on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Concurrent with the Rochester Portfolio sale, the Company extinguished the outstanding \$26.7 million mortgage secured by the Kahler Grand for a total cost of \$29.8 million, prepaid the \$0.4 million loan secured by the commercial laundry facility, and recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$3.1 million which is included in discontinued operations on the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The Company reclassified the Rochester Portfolio's results of operations for January 2013 to discontinued operations on its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

In addition, at the time the Company sold the Rochester Portfolio, the Company retained a liability not to exceed \$14.0 million related to the Rochester Portfolio's pension plan, which could be triggered in certain circumstances, including termination of the pension plan. The recognition of the \$14.0 million pension plan liability reduced the Company's gain on the sale of the Rochester Portfolio. In May 2014, the Company was released from \$7.0 million of its pension plan liability, causing the Company to recognize additional gain on the sale of the Rochester Portfolio of \$7.0 million, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The pension plan liability, totaling \$7.0 million as of June 30, 2014 and \$14.0 million as of December 31, 2013, is included in other liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The remaining \$7.0 million gain will be recognized, if at all, when and to the extent the Company is released from any potential liability related to the Rochester Portfolio's pension plan.

In accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which requires a liability be recorded based on the Company's estimate of the probable cost of the resolution of a contingency, the Company accrued \$0.3 million when it sold the Rochester Portfolio related to potential future costs for certain capital expenditures at one of the hotels in the Rochester Portfolio. During the second quarter of 2014, the Company determined that its total costs for these capital expenditures may range from \$2.0 million to \$3.0 million. As such, the Company accrued an additional \$1.8 million during the second quarter of 2014 in accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, bringing the total amount accrued for this contingency to \$2.1 million as of June 30, 2014.

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The following table sets forth the discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 for the four hotels and the commercial laundry facility sold in 2013 (in thousands):

|                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Operating revenues                  | \$ —                                               | \$ —                                               | \$ —                                             | \$ 3,690                                         |
| Operating expenses                  | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | (3,686)                                          |
| Interest expense                    | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | (99)                                             |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt      | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | (3,115)                                          |
| Gain on sale of assets, net         | 5,199                                              | —                                                  | 5,199                                            | 51,620                                           |
| Income from discontinued operations | \$ 5,199                                           | \$ —                                               | \$ 5,199                                         | \$ 48,410                                        |

## 5. Interest Rate Derivative Agreements

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company held two interest rate cap agreements and one interest rate swap agreement to manage its exposure to the interest rate risks related to its floating rate debt. The first interest rate cap agreement is on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront mortgage, which mortgage bears an interest rate of 3-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points. The initial interest rate cap agreement, whose strike rate was 3.75%, matured in April 2013. In April 2013, the Company purchased a new interest rate cap agreement on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront mortgage for a cost of \$12,000, which extended the maturity date from April 2013 to April 2015. The new interest rate cap agreement on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront continues to cap the 3-month LIBOR rate at 3.75%. The notional amount of the related debt capped totaled \$117.0 million at both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The second interest rate cap agreement is on the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square mortgage, which mortgage currently bears an interest rate of 1-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points. The Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square cap agreement caps the LIBOR rate at 4.0% until October 2015. The notional amount of the related debt capped totaled \$178.5 million and \$179.6 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

The interest rate swap agreement is on the JW Marriott New Orleans mortgage. The interest rate swap agreement caps the LIBOR interest rate on the underlying debt at a total interest rate of 5.45%, and the maturity date is in September 2015. The notional amount of the related debt totaled \$39.3 million and \$39.8 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

None of the interest rate derivative agreements qualify for effective hedge accounting treatment. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of the Company's interest rate derivative agreements resulted in net gains of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which are reflected as decreases in interest expense for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, changes in the fair value of the Company's interest rate derivative agreements resulted in net gains of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, which are reflected as decreases in interest expense for both the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the fair values of the interest rate cap agreements totaled an asset of \$2,000 and \$16,000, respectively. The interest rate cap agreements are included in other assets, net on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement was a liability of \$0.8 million and \$1.1 million as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and is included in other liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

#### 6. Other Assets

Other assets, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                         | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Acquisition deposit                     | \$ 15,000                       | \$ —                 |
| Property and equipment, net             | 2,308                           | 2,478                |
| Land held for development               | 188                             | 188                  |
| Intangibles, net                        | 6,977                           | 7,277                |
| Interest rate cap derivative agreements | 2                               | 16                   |
| Cash trap receivables                   | —                               | 4,443                |
| Interest receivable                     | 229                             | —                    |
| Other receivables                       | 2,270                           | 3,942                |
| Other                                   | 3,323                           | 2,762                |
|                                         | \$ 30,297                       | \$ 21,106            |

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In June 2014, the Company paid a deposit of \$15.0 million towards its July 2014 acquisition of the Wailea Beach Marriott Resort and Spa located in Maui, Hawaii (the “Marriott Wailea”) (see Note 13).

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                             | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Cost basis                  | \$ 11,249                       | \$ 10,933            |
| Accumulated depreciation    | (8,941)                         | (8,455)              |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 2,308                        | \$ 2,478             |

The Company’s other assets, net as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, include BuyEfficient’s intangible assets totaling \$7.0 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, net of accumulated amortization related to certain trademarks, customer and supplier relationships and intellectual property related to internally developed software. These intangibles are amortized using the straight-line method over their useful lives ranging between seven and 20 years. Accumulated amortization totaled \$2.1 million and \$1.8 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and amortization expense totaled \$0.1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and \$0.3 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

As of December 31, 2013, \$4.4 million of the Company’s cash remained trapped by the lender associated with the mortgage secured by the Hilton Del Mar, which the Company sold in 2012, and whose mortgage was assumed by the buyer. In February 2014, the lender released the cash, and the entire \$4.4 million was returned to the Company.

## 7. Notes Payable

Notes payable consisted of the following (in thousands):

| June 30,<br>2014 | December 31,<br>2013 |
|------------------|----------------------|
|------------------|----------------------|

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | (unaudited)  |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Notes payable requiring payments of interest and principal, with fixed rates ranging from 4.4% to 6.6%; maturing at dates ranging from May 2015 through May 2021. The notes are collateralized by first deeds of trust on 14 hotel properties at both June 30, 2014, and December 31, 2013. | \$ 984,327   | \$ 993,164   |
| Note payable requiring payments of interest and principal, bearing a blended rate of 3-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points; maturing in April 2016. The note is collateralized by a first deed of trust on one hotel property.                                                                | 229,740      | 231,451      |
| Note payable requiring payments of interest only through October 2013, and interest and principal thereafter, with a blended interest rate of 3-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points; maturing in October 2018. The note is collateralized by a first deed of trust on one hotel property.     | 178,355      | 179,460      |
| Total notes payable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1,392,422    | 1,404,075    |
| Less: current portion                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | (122,835)    | (23,289)     |
| Notes payable, less current portion                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | \$ 1,269,587 | \$ 1,380,786 |

Total interest incurred and expensed on the notes payable was as follows (in thousands):

|                                                        | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Interest expense on debt and capital lease obligations | \$ 17,720                                          | \$ 16,807                                          | \$ 35,376                                        | \$ 33,617                                        |
| Gain on derivatives, net                               | (125)                                              | (260)                                              | (234)                                            | (417)                                            |
| Accretion of Senior Notes                              | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | 3                                                |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees                | 736                                                | 725                                                | 1,472                                            | 1,483                                            |
|                                                        | \$ 18,331                                          | \$ 17,272                                          | \$ 36,614                                        | \$ 34,686                                        |

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## 8. Other Current Liabilities and Other Liabilities

Other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                       | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Property, sales and use taxes payable | \$ 16,701                       | \$ 14,482            |
| Income tax payable                    | 204                             | —                    |
| Accrued interest                      | 4,101                           | 3,078                |
| Advance deposits                      | 12,512                          | 8,259                |
| Management fees payable               | 1,070                           | 1,077                |
| Other                                 | 3,585                           | 3,392                |
|                                       | \$ 38,173                       | \$ 30,288            |

The Company's other current liabilities include income tax payable of \$0.2 million and zero as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company recognized combined federal and state income tax expense of \$0.2 million based on 2014 projected taxable income net of any remaining operating loss carryforwards for its taxable entities, which is included in the Company's consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

Other liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                         | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Deferred gain on sale of asset          | \$ 7,000                        | \$ 14,000            |
| Interest rate swap derivative agreement | 818                             | 1,066                |
| Accrued income tax                      | 1,515                           | 1,491                |
| Deferred revenue                        | 6,642                           | 6,918                |
| Deferred rent                           | 13,667                          | 12,270               |
| Deferred incentive management fees      | 2,045                           | 1,714                |



|       |           |           |
|-------|-----------|-----------|
| Other | 2,419     | 2,499     |
|       | \$ 34,106 | \$ 39,958 |

In conjunction with the Rochester Portfolio sale, the Company retained a \$14.0 million liability related to the Rochester Portfolio's pension plan, which could be triggered in certain circumstances, including termination of the pension plan. Accordingly, the Company deferred \$14.0 million of gain on the sale of the Rochester Portfolio. In May 2014, the Company was released from \$7.0 million of its pension plan liability, causing the Company to recognize \$7.0 million of the deferred gain on sale of the Rochester Portfolio, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The remaining \$7.0 million deferred gain will be recognized, if at all, when and to the extent the Company is released from any potential liability related to the Rochester Portfolio's pension plan.

The Company's other liabilities include accrued income tax of \$1.5 million as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Based on the Company's ongoing evaluations of its uncertain tax positions related to the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company adjusted for an unrecognized tax benefit of \$1.5 million during the first quarter of 2013, which is included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. During both the first and second quarters of 2014, the Company accrued additional interest of \$12,000 on its unrecognized tax benefit, which is included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

#### 9. Series C Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock

In May 2013, the Company redeemed all 4,102,564 shares of its Series C preferred stock for an aggregate redemption price of \$101.1 million, including \$1.1 million in accrued dividends. In accordance with the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force Topic D-42, an additional redemption charge of \$0.1 million was recognized related to the original issuance costs of the Series C preferred stock, which were previously included in additional paid in capital. The Company redeemed the Series C preferred shares using cash

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received from its February 2013 common stock offering. After the redemption date, the Company has no outstanding shares of Series C preferred stock, and all rights of the holders of such shares were terminated.

### 10. Stockholders' Equity

#### Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock

In March 2013, the Company redeemed all 7,050,000 shares of its 8.0% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series A preferred stock") for an aggregate redemption price of \$178.6 million, including \$2.3 million in accrued dividends. In accordance with the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force Topic D-42, an additional redemption charge of \$4.6 million was recognized related to the original issuance costs of the Series A preferred stock, which were previously included in additional paid in capital. The Company redeemed the Series A preferred shares using cash received from its February 2013 common stock offering. After the redemption date, the Company has no outstanding shares of Series A preferred stock, and all rights of the holders of such shares were terminated. Because the redemption of the Series A preferred stock was a redemption in full, trading of the Series A preferred stock on the New York Stock Exchange ceased after the redemption date.

#### Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock

The Company's 4,600,000 shares of 8.0% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series D preferred stock") have a liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share. On or after April 6, 2016, the Series D preferred stock will be redeemable at the Company's option, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, for cash at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends up to, but not including, the redemption date.

#### Common Stock

In February 2014, the Company entered into separate Equity Distribution Agreements (the "Agreements") with Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (the "Managers"). Under the terms of the Agreements, the Company may issue and sell from time to time through or to the Managers, as sales agents and/or principals, shares of the Company's common stock having an aggregate offering amount of up to \$150.0 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company received \$1.2 million in net proceeds from the issuance of 99,460 shares of its common stock in connection with the Agreements.

In June 2014, the Company issued 18,000,000 shares of its common stock for net proceeds of approximately \$262.5 million, which were used to acquire the Marriott Wailea in July 2014.

In February 2013, the Company issued 25,300,000 shares of its common stock, including the underwriters' over-allotment of 3,300,000 shares, for net proceeds of approximately \$294.9 million. The Company used \$279.7 million of these proceeds to redeem all of its Series A preferred stock in March 2013, and all of its Series C preferred stock in May 2013, including accrued dividends, and used portions of the remaining proceeds towards the acquisitions of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles in May 2013, and the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013.

In November 2013, the Company issued 20,000,000 shares of its common stock for net proceeds of \$270.9 million. The Company used the net proceeds from this offering to purchase the Hyatt Regency San Francisco, and used the remaining proceeds for capital investment in the Company's portfolio and other general corporate purposes, including working capital.

## 11. Long-Term Incentive Plan

### Stock Grants

Restricted shares granted pursuant to the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") generally vest over periods from three to five years from the date of grant. In August 2011, the Company granted both time-based and performance-based shares to Kenneth E. Cruse upon Mr. Cruse's appointment as the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The time-based shares, representing 60.0% of the total shares granted, will vest on a pro-rata basis commencing on the third anniversary of the grant date, and will vest in equal amounts on each of the third, fourth and fifth anniversary of the grant date. The remaining 40.0% of the total shares granted to Mr. Cruse are subject to performance- or market-based, cliff vesting on the fifth anniversary of the grant date, depending on the satisfaction of the following measures: the Company's total stockholder return ("TSR"); the Company's TSR relative to companies in the NAREIT Equity Index; and the ratio of the Company's total net debt to the Company's adjusted EBITDA.

Compensation expense related to awards of restricted shares and performance shares are measured at fair value on the date of grant and amortized over the relevant requisite service period or derived service period.

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The Company's compensation expense and forfeitures related to these restricted shares and performance awards for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

|                                             | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Compensation expense, including forfeitures | \$ 2,671                                           | \$ 1,838                                           | \$ 4,707                                         | \$ 3,440                                         |

The Company's total compensation expense differs from the vesting of restricted common stock amount presented in the Company's consolidated statement of equity due to the Company withholding and using a portion of its restricted shares granted pursuant to its LTIP for purposes of remitting minimum statutory withholding and payroll taxes in connection with the release of restricted common shares to plan participants ("net-settle"). In addition, the Company capitalizes all restricted shares granted to certain of those employees who work on the design and construction of its hotels. The Company's total compensation expense in relation to its vesting of restricted common stock presented in the Company's consolidated statement of equity for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                            | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Compensation expense, including forfeitures                                | \$ 4,707                                         |
| Net-settle adjustment                                                      | (1,391)                                          |
| Amortization related to shares issued to design and construction employees | 234                                              |
| Vesting of restricted stock presented on statement of equity               | \$ 3,550                                         |

Amortization related to shares issued to design and construction employees is not included in compensation expense because the Company capitalizes all restricted shares granted to certain of those employees who work on the design and construction of its hotels.

## 12. Commitments and Contingencies

## Management Agreements

Management agreements with the Company's third-party hotel managers require the Company to pay between 2.0% and 3.5% of total revenue of the managed hotels to the third-party managers each month as a basic management fee. Total basic management fees incurred by the Company during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Continuing operations — property general and administrative expense, and corporate overhead expense | \$ 8,268                                           | \$ 6,463                                           | \$ 14,981                                        | \$ 11,818                                        |
| Discontinued operations                                                                             | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | 65                                               |
|                                                                                                     | \$ 8,268                                           | \$ 6,463                                           | \$ 14,981                                        | \$ 11,883                                        |

In addition to basic management fees, provided that certain operating thresholds are met, the Company may also be required to pay incentive management fees to certain of its third-party managers. Total incentive management fees incurred by the Company during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Continuing operations — property general and administrative expense | \$ 926                                             | \$ 682                                             | \$ 1,958                                         | \$ 1,486                                         |

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## License and Franchise Agreements

The Company has entered into license and franchise agreements related to certain of its hotel properties. The license and franchise agreements require the Company to, among other things, pay monthly fees that are calculated based on specified percentages of certain revenues. The license and franchise agreements generally contain specific standards for, and restrictions and limitations on, the operation and maintenance of the hotels which are established by the franchisors to maintain uniformity in the system created by each such franchisor. Such standards generally regulate the appearance of the hotel, quality and type of goods and services offered, signage and protection of trademarks. Compliance with such standards may from time to time require the Company to make significant expenditures for capital improvements.

Total license and franchise costs incurred by the Company during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as follows (in thousands):

|                                         | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Continuing operations — franchise costs | \$ 10,261                                          | \$ 8,771                                           | \$ 18,338                                        | \$ 15,249                                        |
| Discontinued operations                 | —                                                  | —                                                  | —                                                | 73                                               |
|                                         | \$ 10,261                                          | \$ 8,771                                           | \$ 18,338                                        | \$ 15,322                                        |

Total license and franchise costs included royalties of \$3.1 million and \$2.9 million incurred by the Company during the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, total license and franchise costs included royalties of \$5.6 million and \$5.0 million, respectively. The remaining costs included advertising, reservation and priority club assessments.

## Renovation and Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2014, the Company had various contracts outstanding with third parties in connection with the renovation of certain of its hotel properties aimed at maintaining the appearance and quality of its hotels. The remaining commitments under these contracts at June 30, 2014 totaled \$49.2 million.

Capital Leases

The Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile is subject to a building lease which expires in December 2097. Upon acquisition of the hotel in June 2012, the Company evaluated the terms of the lease agreement and determined the lease to be a capital lease pursuant to the Leases Topic of the FASB ASC.

The Company leases certain printers and copiers which leases have been determined to be capital leases pursuant to the Leases Topic of the FASB ASC. All of the leases expire in December 2014.

Assets under capital lease were included in investment in hotel properties, net on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as follows (in thousands):

|                                   | June 30,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Buildings and improvements        | \$ 58,799                       | \$ 58,799            |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 104                             | 104                  |
|                                   | 58,903                          | 58,903               |
| Accumulated depreciation          | (3,099)                         | (2,356)              |
|                                   | \$ 55,804                       | \$ 56,547            |

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Future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

|                                                 |           |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 2014                                            | \$ 1,432  |
| 2015                                            | 1,403     |
| 2016                                            | 1,403     |
| 2017                                            | 1,403     |
| 2018                                            | 1,403     |
| Thereafter                                      | 110,115   |
| Total minimum lease payments (1)                | 117,159   |
| Less: Amount representing interest (2)          | (101,553) |
| Present value of net minimum lease payments (3) | \$ 15,606 |

- (1) Minimum lease payments do not include percentage rent which may be paid under the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile building lease on the basis of 4.0% of the hotel's gross room revenues over a certain threshold. No percentage rent was due for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.
- (2) Interest includes the amount necessary to reduce net minimum lease payments to present value calculated at the Company's incremental borrowing rate at lease inception.
- (3) The present value of net minimum lease payments are presented on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as current obligations of \$30,000 and \$35,000 as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and as long term obligations of \$15.6 million as of both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The current obligations are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses, and the long-term obligations are included in capital lease obligations, less current portion.

## Ground, Building and Air Leases

Total rent expense incurred pursuant to ground, building and air lease agreements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income as follows (in thousands):



|                                                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014<br>(unaudited) | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013<br>(unaudited) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Continuing operations — property tax,<br>ground lease and insurance | \$ 4,511                                           | \$ 4,355                                           | \$ 8,967                                         | \$ 8,586                                         |

Prior to the Company's June 2014 acquisition of the land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach, the land was leased to the Company by a third party. The Company's acquisition of the land reduced its ground lease expense by \$0.1 million during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

Rent expense incurred pursuant to leases on the corporate facility totaled \$0.1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and \$0.2 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and was included in corporate overhead expense.

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## Concentration of Risk

The concentration of the Company's hotels in California, New York, Illinois, Massachusetts and the greater Washington DC area exposes the Company's business to economic conditions, competition and real and personal property tax rates unique to these locales. As of June 30, 2014, the Company's 29 hotels were concentrated in California, New York, Illinois, Massachusetts and the greater Washington DC area as follows:

|                                                                             | California<br>(unaudited) | New York<br>(unaudited) | Illinois<br>(unaudited) | Massachusetts<br>(unaudited) | Greater<br>Washington DC<br>Area<br>(unaudited) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Number of hotels                                                            | 9                         | 3                       | 3                       | 3                            | 3                                               |
| Percentage of total<br>rooms                                                | 32                        | % 9                     | % 8                     | % 14                         | % 13                                            |
| Percentage of total<br>revenue for the six<br>months ended June 30,<br>2014 | 34                        | % 12                    | % 6                     | % 14                         | % 13                                            |

## Other

In accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which requires a liability be recorded based on the Company's estimate of the probable cost of the resolution of a contingency, the Company accrued \$0.3 million when it sold the Rochester Portfolio related to potential future costs for certain capital expenditures at one of the hotels in the Rochester Portfolio. During the second quarter of 2014, the Company determined that its total costs for these capital expenditures may range from \$2.0 million to \$3.0 million. As such, the Company accrued an additional \$1.8 million during the second quarter of 2014 in accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, bringing the total amount accrued for this contingency to \$2.1 million as of June 30, 2014.

The Company has provided customary unsecured environmental indemnities to certain lenders. The Company has performed due diligence on the potential environmental risks, including obtaining an independent environmental review from outside environmental consultants. These indemnities obligate the Company to reimburse the indemnified parties for damages related to certain environmental matters. There is no term or damage limitation on these indemnities; however, if an environmental matter arises, the Company could have recourse against other previous owners or a claim against its environmental insurance policies.

At June 30, 2014, the Company had \$0.8 million of outstanding irrevocable letters of credit to guaranty the Company's financial obligations related to workers' compensation insurance programs from prior policy years. The beneficiaries of these letters of credit may draw upon these letters of credit in the event of a contractual default by the Company relating to each respective obligation. No draws have been made through June 30, 2014.

### 13. Subsequent Events

On July 17, 2014, the Company completed its previously announced acquisition of the 544-room Marriott Wailea for a net purchase price of \$325.5 million, including \$4.5 million of unrestricted cash received upon acquisition, and excluding proration and closing costs. The Company funded the acquisition with proceeds received from its June 2014 common stock offering, as well as with \$60.0 million of the Company's common stock, which was issued to the seller at a price equivalent to \$14.87 per share. The Company has initiated a purchase price allocation study and will record the acquisition during the third quarter of 2014.

The Hilton San Diego Bayfront Partnership has agreed to terms with the existing lenders to amend the loan (the "Loan") secured by the Hilton San Diego Bayfront, the balance of which was \$229.7 million as of June 30, 2014. The amended Loan will extend the Loan's maturity from 2016 to 2019 and reduce the Loan's interest rate from three-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points to one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points. The Hilton San Diego Bayfront Partnership expects to incur approximately \$1.3 million in fees associated with the amendment, and expects to finalize the amendment during the third quarter of 2014.

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Cautionary Statement

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. The Company intends such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and includes this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe the Company's future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "project," or similar expressions. You should not rely on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are, in some cases, beyond the Company's control, and which could materially affect actual results, performances or achievements. Accordingly, there is no assurance that the Company's expectations will be realized. In evaluating these statements, you should specifically consider the risks outlined in detail in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2014, under the caption "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including but not limited to the following factors:

- general economic and business conditions affecting the lodging and travel industry, internationally, nationally and locally, including a U.S. recession or global economic slowdown;
- our need to operate as a REIT and comply with other applicable laws and regulations;
- rising hotel operating expenses, including the impact of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act;
- relationships with and requirements of franchisors and hotel brands;
- relationships with and the performance of the managers of our hotels;
- the ground, building or air leases for nine of the 29 hotels held for investment as of June 30, 2014;
- our ability to complete acquisitions and dispositions;
- competition for the acquisition of hotels;
- performance of hotels after they are acquired;
- competition from hotels not owned by us;

- the need for renovations or repositionings of and other capital expenditures for our hotels;
- the impact, including any delays, of renovations and repositionings on hotel operations;
- changes in our business strategy or acquisition or disposition plans;
- our level of debt, including secured, unsecured, fixed and variable rate debt;
- financial and other covenants in our debt and preferred stock;
- our hotels and related goodwill may become impaired, or our hotels and related goodwill which have previously become impaired may become further impaired, in the future, which may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations;
- volatility in the capital markets and the effect on lodging demand or our ability to obtain capital on favorable terms or at all;
- potential adverse tax consequences in the event that our operating leases with our taxable REIT subsidiaries are not held to have been made on an arm's-length basis;
- system security risks, data protection breaches, cyber-attacks and systems integration issues; and
- other events beyond our control.

These factors may cause our actual events to differ materially from the expectations expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement. Except as otherwise required by federal securities laws, the Company disclaims any obligations or undertaking to publicly release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein (or elsewhere) to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc. (the "Company," "we" or "us") is a Maryland corporation. We operate as a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust ("REIT"). A REIT is a legal entity that directly or indirectly owns real estate assets. REITs generally are not subject to federal income taxes at the corporate level as long as they pay stockholder dividends equivalent to 100% of their taxable income. REITs are required to distribute to stockholders at least 90% of their taxable income. We own, directly or indirectly, 100% of the interests of Sunstone Hotel Partnership, LLC (the "Operating Partnership"), which is the entity that directly or indirectly owns our hotel properties. We also own 100% of the interests of our taxable REIT subsidiary, Sunstone Hotel TRS Lessee, Inc., which leases all of our hotels from the Operating Partnership, and engages independent third-parties to manage our hotels. In addition, we own BuyEfficient, LLC ("BuyEfficient"), an electronic purchasing platform that allows members to procure food, operating supplies, furniture, fixtures and equipment.

We own primarily upper upscale hotels in the United States. As of June 30, 2014, we had interests in 29 hotels, which are currently held for investment (the "29 hotels"). Of the 29 hotels, we classify 27 as upscale or upper upscale and two as luxury as defined by Smith Travel Research, Inc. All but one (the Boston Park Plaza) of our 29 hotels are operated under nationally recognized brands such as Marriott, Hilton, Hyatt, Fairmont and Sheraton, which are among the most respected and widely recognized brands in the lodging industry. While independent hotels may do well in strong market locations, we believe the largest and most stable segment of travelers prefer the consistent service and quality associated with nationally recognized brands.

We seek to own hotels primarily in urban locations that benefit from significant barriers to entry by competitors. As of June 30, 2014, all of our 29 hotels are considered business, convention, or airport hotels, as opposed to resort or leisure hotels. The hotels comprising our 29 hotel portfolio average 474 rooms in size. In July 2014, we purchased a resort hotel, the 544-room Wailea Beach Marriott Resort and Spa located in Maui, Hawaii (the "Marriott Wailea"), which increased our average room count to 477.

Our mission is to create meaningful value for our stockholders by becoming the premier hotel owner. Our values include transparency, trust, ethical conduct, communication and discipline. As demand for lodging generally fluctuates with the overall economy (we refer to these changes in demand as the lodging cycle), we seek to employ a balanced, cycle-appropriate corporate strategy. Our strategy over the next several years, during what we believe will be the middle/mature phase of the cyclical lodging cycle, is to improve the quality and scale of our portfolio while maintaining the strength of our balance sheet. Our goal is to maintain low leverage and high financial flexibility through the current cycle peak. We believe if we are successful in executing on this strategy, we will position the Company to create value during the next successive cyclical trough by aggressively acquiring distressed assets or securities. Our strategic plan encompasses several elements, including proactive portfolio management, intensive asset management, disciplined external growth and continued balance sheet strength as detailed below:

- **Proactive Portfolio Management.** The leaders of each of our core disciplines function as a portfolio management team. The portfolio management team's purpose is to strategically maximize the long-term value of our assets by enhancing our portfolio quality and scale, optimizing our exposure to key markets, and improving the effectiveness and efficiency of our decision making. Accordingly, the team is responsible for developing a portfolio-wide strategy related to brand and operator relationships, asset quality and scale, target markets, capital investments and portfolio capitalizations. Our portfolio strategy may also include the disposition of certain hotels.
- **Intensive Asset Management.** Through all phases of the lodging cycle, our strategy emphasizes internal growth and value enhancements through proactive asset management, which entails working closely with our third-party hotel operators to develop and implement long-term strategic plans for each hotel designed to enhance revenues, minimize operational expenses and asset risk, maximize the appeal of our hotels to travelers and maximize our return on invested capital. We also focus on improving the appeal and growth potential of our existing hotels through internally-managed hotel renovations.
- **Disciplined External Growth.** By gradually increasing the scale and quality of our portfolio, we may provide our stockholders with greater exposure to key growth markets, improved liquidity and broader access to value-adding transactions. Accordingly, our strategy emphasizes disciplined external growth during the recovery phase of the lodging cycle. Our external growth plan is oriented around investing in institutional-quality hotels that generate returns in excess of our cost of capital, that are additive to the quality of our portfolio, that have attractive growth potential and that may benefit from our asset management competencies. We endeavor to structure our acquisitions in ways that will not only increase the value of our shares of common stock, but also will advance our other corporate objectives, such as maintaining our financial flexibility and our low leverage. During periods of cyclical decline, our strategy may emphasize opportunistically investing in distressed assets and the repurchase of our equity or debt securities. In addition to hotel acquisitions, we may seek to grow our portfolio by making investments in defaulted and/or distressed debt positions in loan-to-own hotel transactions, utilizing our REIT structure to effect strategic combinations with select property owners,

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effecting portfolio purchases from institutional and other owners seeking portfolio liquidity, and by providing capital solutions to illiquid owners facing debt maturities or capital requirements.

· **Continued Balance Sheet Strength.** We believe that a low overall cost of capital and significant financial flexibility are very important to the successful execution of our strategy. Our balance sheet strategy is oriented toward maximizing financial flexibility especially during cyclical declines. Accordingly, our financial objectives include the maintenance of appropriate levels of liquidity throughout the cyclical recovery phase. Our financial objectives are integral to our overall corporate strategy and, accordingly, we have developed our financial objectives in conjunction with our portfolio management and growth objectives. The lodging industry is economically sensitive. Therefore, our financial objectives are aimed at reducing the potentially negative impact of combining high operating leverage with high financial leverage, while preserving access to multiple capital sources and minimizing our weighted-average cost of capital. We seek to capitalize our acquisitions in a way that will advance our financial objectives. During the mature phase of the lodging cycle, our financial objectives may include increasing our liquidity position as a means to enhance financial flexibility in the event of a subsequent period of cyclical decline. Our liquidity improvement objective may be accomplished through selective hotel dispositions, capital raises or by retaining excess cash generated by our operations.

During the past four years and continuing into 2014, demand for lodging in the U.S. has increased, which has resulted in improved hotel revenues and profits. In light of increasing demand for lodging and generally muted supply of new hotel development, we believe we are currently in the middle phase of a cyclical lodging recovery. Hotels acquired during the earlier stages of past cyclical recoveries have benefited from multi-year increases in profitability. Accordingly, during the past four years, we selectively acquired interests in nine hotels: the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square in January 2011; the JW Marriott New Orleans in February 2011; the Hilton San Diego Bayfront in April 2011; the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile in June 2012; the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile in July 2012; the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles in May 2013; the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013; the Hyatt Regency San Francisco in December 2013; and the Marriott Wailea in July 2014. Based on our purchase prices, the combined asset value of these nine hotels totals \$1.8 billion, or \$329,000 per key. In addition, we purchased the outside 50.0% equity interest in our BuyEfficient joint venture in January 2011. Our acquisition program is aimed at generating attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investment dollars. We, therefore, may target lodging assets outside of the typical branded, urban, upper upscale profile represented by our existing portfolio in order to capitalize on opportunities which may arise. We intend to select the brands and operators for our hotels that we believe will lead to the highest returns.

In June 2014, we acquired approximately seven acres of land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach for \$11.0 million. Prior to our acquisition, the land was leased to us by a third party.

The scope of our acquisitions program may include large hotel portfolios or hotel loans. Future acquisitions may be funded by our issuance of additional debt or equity securities, including our common and preferred OP units, or by draws on our \$150.0 million senior corporate credit facility. However, in light of our current financial objectives, we expect to fund the majority of our near term acquisitions with a greater proportion of equity capital than debt capital.



We have from time to time divested of assets that no longer fit our target profile, will not offer long-term returns in excess of our cost of capital, or that have high risk relative to their anticipated return expectations. In connection with this strategy, during the past four years we sold 10 hotels: the Royal Palm Miami Beach in April 2011; the Valley River Inn located in Eugene, Oregon in October 2011; the Marriott Del Mar in August 2012; the Doubletree Guest Suites Minneapolis, the Hilton Del Mar, and the Marriott Troy in September 2012; and the Kahler Grand, the Kahler Inn & Suites, the Marriott Rochester and the Residence Inn by Marriott Rochester (the “Rochester Hotels”) in January 2013. Based on our sale prices, the combined asset value of these 10 hotels totals \$547.2 million, or \$182,000 per key. In addition, during the past four years, we sold the following non-hotel assets: a commercial laundry facility located in Salt Lake City, Utah in July 2011; an office building adjacent to the Marriott Troy in September 2012; and a commercial laundry facility located in Rochester, Minnesota in January 2013 (together with the Rochester Hotels, the “Rochester Portfolio”).

As of June 30, 2014, the weighted average term to maturity of our debt is approximately three years, and 70.7% of our debt is fixed rate with a weighted average interest rate of 5.4%. The weighted average interest rate on all of our debt, which includes our variable-rate debt obligations based on variable rates at June 30, 2014 is 4.9%.

In February 2014, we entered into separate Equity Distribution Agreements (the “Agreements”) with Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (the “Managers”). Under the terms of the Agreements, we may issue and sell from time to time through or to the Managers, as sales agents and/or principals, shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering amount of up to \$150.0 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we received \$1.2 million in net proceeds from the issuance of 99,460 shares of our common stock in connection with the Agreements.

In June 2014, we issued 18,000,000 shares of our common stock for net proceeds of approximately \$262.5 million, which were used to acquire the Marriott Wailea in July 2014.

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Operating Activities

Operating Performance Indicators. The following performance indicators are commonly used in the hotel industry:

- Occupancy, which is the quotient of total rooms sold divided by total rooms available;
- Average daily room rate, or ADR, which is the quotient of room revenue divided by total rooms sold;
- Revenue per available room, or RevPAR, which is the product of occupancy and ADR, and does not include food and beverage revenue, or other operating revenue;
- Comparable RevPAR, which we define as the RevPAR generated by hotels we owned as of the end of the reporting period, but excluding those hotels that we classified as held for sale, those hotels that are undergoing a material repositioning and those hotels whose room counts have materially changed during either the current or prior year. For hotels that were not owned for the entirety of the comparison periods, comparable RevPAR is calculated using RevPAR generated during periods of prior ownership. We refer to this subset of our hotels used to calculate comparable RevPAR as our “Comparable Portfolio.” Currently, our Comparable Portfolio includes all 29 hotels in which we have interests as of June 30, 2014. In addition, our Comparable Portfolio includes prior ownership results for the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco;
- RevPAR index, which is the quotient of a hotel’s RevPAR divided by the average RevPAR of its competitors, multiplied by 100. A RevPAR index in excess of 100 indicates a hotel is achieving higher RevPAR than the average of its competitors. In addition to absolute RevPAR index, we monitor changes in RevPAR index;
- Operating flow through, which is the comparison between reporting periods of the change in hotel EBITDA divided by the change in hotel revenues;
- EBITDA, which is net income (loss), excluding non-controlling interests, interest expense, provision for income taxes, including income taxes applicable to sale of assets, and depreciation and amortization;
- Adjusted EBITDA, which includes EBITDA but excludes amortization of deferred stock compensation, the impact of any gain or loss from asset sales, impairment charges, prior year property tax assessments or credits, and any other identified adjustments;
- Funds from operations, or FFO, which includes net income (loss), excluding non-controlling interests, gains and losses from sales of property, plus real estate-related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and real estate-related impairment losses, and after adjustment for unconsolidated

partnerships and joint ventures; and

- Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders, which includes FFO but excludes preferred stock dividends and redemption charges, penalties, written-off deferred financing costs, non-real estate-related impairment losses, income tax provisions, and any other identified adjustments.

Revenues. Substantially all of our revenues are derived from the operation of our hotels. Specifically, our revenues consist of the following:

- Room revenue, which is the product of the number of rooms sold and the ADR;
- Food and beverage revenue, which is comprised of revenue realized in the hotel food and beverage outlets as well as banquet and catering events; and
- Other operating revenue, which includes ancillary hotel revenue and other items primarily driven by occupancy such as telephone/internet, parking, spa, resort fees, entertainment and other guest services. Additionally, this category includes, among other things, operating revenue from BuyEfficient and hotel space leased by third parties.

Expenses. Our expenses consist of the following:

- Room expense, which is primarily driven by occupancy and, therefore, has a significant correlation with room revenue;
- Food and beverage expense, which is primarily driven by food and beverage sales and banquet and catering bookings and, therefore, has a significant correlation with food and beverage revenue;

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- Other operating expense, which includes the corresponding expense of other operating revenue, advertising and promotion, repairs and maintenance, utilities, and franchise costs;
- Property tax, ground lease and insurance expense, which includes the expenses associated with property tax, ground lease and insurance payments, each of which is primarily a fixed expense, but property tax is subject to regular revaluations based on the specific tax regulations and practices of each municipality;
- Property general and administrative expense, which includes our property-level general and administrative expenses, such as payroll and related costs, contract and professional fees, credit and collection expenses, employee recruitment, relocation and training expenses, travel expenses, management fees, and other costs. Additionally, this category includes general and administrative expenses from BuyEfficient;
- Corporate overhead expense, which includes our corporate-level expenses, such as payroll and related costs, amortization of deferred stock compensation, acquisition and due diligence costs, legal expenses, contract and professional fees, relocation, entity-level state franchise and minimum taxes, travel expenses, office rent and other costs; and
- Depreciation and amortization expense, which includes depreciation on our hotel buildings, improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, along with amortization on our franchise fees and certain intangibles. Additionally, this category includes depreciation and amortization related to both our corporate office and BuyEfficient's furniture, fixtures, equipment and intangibles.

Other Revenue and Expense. Other revenue and expense consists of the following:

- Interest and other income, which includes interest we have earned on our restricted and unrestricted cash accounts and the Preferred Equity Investment, as well as any gains or losses we have recognized on sales of assets other than real estate investments;
- Interest expense, which includes interest expense incurred on our outstanding fixed and variable-rate debt, capital lease obligation, accretion of the Senior Notes, amortization of deferred financing fees, any write-offs of deferred financing fees, gains or losses on derivatives and any loan penalties and fees incurred on our debt;
- Loss on extinguishment of debt, which includes the loss we recognized on the repurchase and cancellation of the Senior Notes;
- Income tax provision, which includes federal and state income taxes charged to the Company, and any adjustments to unrecognized tax positions, along with any related interest and penalties incurred;

- Income from discontinued operations, which includes the results of operations for any hotels or other real estate investments sold during the reporting period, along with the gain or loss realized on the sale of these assets and any extinguishments of related debt;
- Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest, which includes net income attributable to the outside 25.0% interest in the joint venture that owns the Hilton San Diego Bayfront;
- Distributions to non-controlling interest, which includes preferred dividends earned by investors from an entity that owns the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square, including related administrative fees;
- Dividends paid on unvested restricted stock compensation, which includes dividends earned on our unvested restricted stock awards;
- Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges, which includes dividends earned on our 8.0% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (“Series A preferred stock”) until its redemption in March 2013, Series C Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock (“Series C preferred stock”) until its redemption in May 2013, and 8.0% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (“Series D preferred stock”), as well as redemption charges for preferred stock redemptions made in excess of net carrying values; and
- Undistributed income allocated to unvested restricted stock compensation, which includes undistributed income allocated to unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) pursuant to the two-class method.

Factors Affecting Our Operating Results. The primary factors affecting our operating results include overall demand for hotel rooms, the pace of new hotel development, or supply, and the relative performance of our operators in increasing revenue and controlling hotel operating expenses.

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- Demand. The demand for lodging generally fluctuates with the overall economy. Demand for our hotels has improved each year since 2010. In 2013, Comparable Portfolio RevPAR increased 4.3% as compared to 2012, with an 80 basis point increase in portfolio occupancy. These improving demand trends continued in the first half of 2014. As a result, our first quarter Comparable Portfolio RevPAR increased 8.8% in 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013, with a 400 basis point increase in portfolio occupancy. Our second quarter Comparable Portfolio RevPAR increased 6.2% in 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013, with a 220 basis point increase in portfolio occupancy. A portion of the first and second quarter occupancy increases were caused by limited occupancy at four of our hotels during the first half of 2013 due to major room renovations. Consistent with prior trends, we anticipate that lodging demand will continue to improve as the U.S. economy continues to strengthen. Historically, cyclical troughs are followed by extended periods of relatively strong demand, resulting in a cyclical lodging growth phase. While growth is not expected to be uniform, we expect hotel demand to remain strong over the next several years if the U.S. economy continues to grow and employment levels continue to improve.
- Supply. The addition of new competitive hotels affects the ability of existing hotels to drive RevPAR and profits. The development of new hotels is largely driven by construction costs and expected performance of existing hotels. The recession and credit crisis which occurred in 2008 and 2009, served to restrict credit and tighten lending standards, which resulted in a curtailment of funding for new hotel construction projects. Moreover, with same-property hotel profitability still below peak levels and hotel trading values generally well below replacement cost, new supply in many markets is difficult to justify economically. Accordingly, we believe hotel development will be constrained until such time as the construction financing markets recover, and operating trends and trading values of existing hotels improve to levels where developer return targets can be achieved. Given the one-to-three-year timeline needed to construct a typical hotel that would compete with our hotels, we expect a window of several years during which aggregate U.S. hotel supply, as indicated by the number of new hotel openings, will be below historical levels. On a market-by-market basis, some markets may experience new hotel room openings at or greater than historic levels, including in New York City, Washington DC and Chicago where there are currently higher-than-average supplies of new hotel room openings. In addition, lenders are seeking higher yielding instruments, which may lead to riskier lending practices, including lending on new hotel construction.
- Revenues and expenses. We believe that marginal improvements in RevPAR index, even in the face of declining revenues, are a good indicator of the relative quality and appeal of our hotels, and our operators' effectiveness in maximizing revenues. Similarly, we also evaluate our operators' effectiveness in minimizing incremental operating expenses in the context of increasing revenues or, conversely, in reducing operating expenses in the context of declining revenues.

With respect to improving RevPAR index, we continue to work with our hotel operators to optimize revenue management initiatives while taking into consideration market demand trends and the pricing strategies of competitor hotels in our markets. We also develop capital investment programs designed to ensure each of our hotels is well renovated and positioned to appeal to groups and individual travelers fitting target guest profiles. Increased capital investment in our properties may lead to short-term revenue disruption and negatively impact RevPAR index. Our revenue management initiatives are generally oriented towards maximizing ADR even if the result may be lower occupancy than may be achieved through lower ADR. Increases in RevPAR attributable to increases in ADR may be accompanied by minimal additional expenses, while increases in RevPAR attributable to higher occupancy may result in higher variable expenses such as housekeeping, labor and utilities expense. Thus, increases in RevPAR associated with higher ADR may result in higher hotel EBITDA margins. Increases in RevPAR associated with higher occupancy may result in more muted hotel EBITDA margin improvement. Our Comparable Portfolio RevPAR index increased 250 basis points during the first half of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013. The increase in our

Comparable Portfolio RevPAR index was due in part to a reduction in renovation disruption and the effect of newly-implemented resort fees during the first half of 2014.

With respect to maximizing operating flow through, we continue to work with our operators to identify operational efficiencies designed to reduce expenses while minimally affecting guest experience. Key asset management initiatives include optimizing hotel staffing levels, increasing the efficiency of the hotels, such as installing energy efficient management and inventory control systems, and selectively combining certain food and beverage outlets. Our operational efficiency initiatives may be difficult to implement, as most categories of variable operating expenses, such as utilities and housekeeping labor costs, fluctuate with changes in occupancy. Furthermore, our hotels operate with significant fixed costs, such as general and administrative expense, insurance, property taxes, and other expenses associated with owning hotels, over which our operators have little control. We have experienced, either currently or in the past, increases in hourly wages, employee benefits (especially health insurance), utility costs and property insurance, which have negatively affected our operating margins. Moreover, there are limits to how far our operators can reduce expenses without affecting brand standards or the competitiveness of our hotels. Removing the effects of \$3.2 million in prior year property tax credits recognized during the first half of 2014, along with \$0.1 million in prior year property tax assessments recognized during the first half of 2013, our Comparable Portfolio operating flow through was 53.8% during the first half of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013.

Operating Results. The following table presents our unaudited operating results for our total portfolio for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, including the amount and percentage change in the results between the two periods. The table presents the results of operations included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, and includes the 29 hotels (13,760 rooms) as of June 30, 2014 and 27 hotels (11,886 rooms) as of June 30, 2013. No hotels were classified as discontinued

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operations for either the three months ended June 30, 2014 or 2013; however, a previously deferred gain, net of certain accrued expenses, was recognized during the second quarter of 2014 related to the Rochester Portfolio, which was sold in 2013.

|                                                                                 | Three Months Ended June 30, |                  |                  |              |          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------|
|                                                                                 | 2014                        | 2013             | \$ Change        | % Change     |          |
| (unaudited and in thousands, except statistical data)                           |                             |                  |                  |              |          |
| <b>REVENUES</b>                                                                 |                             |                  |                  |              |          |
| Room                                                                            | \$ 214,940                  | \$ 168,260       | \$ 46,680        | 27.7         | %        |
| Food and beverage                                                               | 68,733                      | 52,842           | 15,891           | 30.1         | %        |
| Other operating                                                                 | 17,179                      | 13,536           | 3,643            | 26.9         | %        |
| Total revenues                                                                  | 300,852                     | 234,638          | 66,214           | 28.2         | %        |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>                                                       |                             |                  |                  |              |          |
| Hotel operating                                                                 | 167,356                     | 133,194          | 34,162           | 25.6         | %        |
| Property general and administrative                                             | 31,963                      | 25,288           | 6,675            | 26.4         | %        |
| Corporate overhead                                                              | 7,674                       | 7,359            | 315              | 4.3          | %        |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | 37,973                      | 32,175           | 5,798            | 18.0         | %        |
| Total operating expenses                                                        | 244,966                     | 198,016          | 46,950           | 23.7         | %        |
| Operating income                                                                | 55,886                      | 36,622           | 19,264           | 52.6         | %        |
| Interest and other income                                                       | 891                         | 788              | 103              | 13.1         | %        |
| Interest expense                                                                | (18,331)                    | (17,272)         | (1,059)          | (6.1)        | %        |
| Income before income taxes and discontinued operations                          | 38,446                      | 20,138           | 18,308           | 90.9         | %        |
| Income tax provision                                                            | (110)                       | (129)            | 19               | 14.7         | %        |
| Income from continuing operations                                               | 38,336                      | 20,009           | 18,327           | 91.6         | %        |
| Income from discontinued operations                                             | 5,199                       | —                | 5,199            | 100.0        | %        |
| <b>NET INCOME</b>                                                               | <b>43,535</b>               | <b>20,009</b>    | <b>23,526</b>    | <b>117.6</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,659)                     | (1,226)          | (433)            | (35.3)       | %        |
| Distributions to non-controlling interest                                       | (8)                         | (8)              | —                | —            | %        |
| Dividends paid on unvested restricted stock compensation                        | (97)                        | —                | (97)             | (100.0)      | %        |
| Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges                                | (2,300)                     | (3,510)          | 1,210            | 34.5         | %        |
| Undistributed income allocated to unvested restricted stock compensation        | (206)                       | (126)            | (80)             | (63.5)       | %        |
| <b>INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS</b>                                  | <b>\$ 39,265</b>            | <b>\$ 15,139</b> | <b>\$ 24,126</b> | <b>159.4</b> | <b>%</b> |

The following table presents our unaudited operating results for our total portfolio for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, including the amount and percentage change in the results between the two periods. The table presents the results of operations included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, and includes the 29 hotels (13,760 rooms) as of June 30, 2014 and 27 hotels (11,886 rooms) as of June 30, 2013. No hotels were classified as discontinued operations for the six months ended June 30, 2014, however, a previously deferred gain, net of certain accrued expenses, was recognized during the second quarter of 2014 related to the Rochester Portfolio, which was sold in 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Rochester Portfolio was classified as



discontinued operations.

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|                                                                                 | Six Months Ended June 30, |                  |                   |               |          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|
|                                                                                 | 2014                      | 2013             | \$ Change         | % Change      |          |
| (unaudited and in thousands, except statistical data)                           |                           |                  |                   |               |          |
| <b>REVENUES</b>                                                                 |                           |                  |                   |               |          |
| Room                                                                            | \$ 383,067                | \$ 300,883       | \$ 82,184         | 27.3          | %        |
| Food and beverage                                                               | 128,644                   | 102,470          | 26,174            | 25.5          | %        |
| Other operating                                                                 | 32,624                    | 26,206           | 6,418             | 24.5          | %        |
| Total revenues                                                                  | 544,335                   | 429,559          | 114,776           | 26.7          | %        |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>                                                       |                           |                  |                   |               |          |
| Hotel operating                                                                 | 323,448                   | 260,754          | 62,694            | 24.0          | %        |
| Property general and administrative                                             | 60,885                    | 48,894           | 11,991            | 24.5          | %        |
| Corporate overhead                                                              | 14,233                    | 13,530           | 703               | 5.2           | %        |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | 75,588                    | 66,191           | 9,397             | 14.2          | %        |
| Total operating expenses                                                        | 474,154                   | 389,369          | 84,785            | 21.8          | %        |
| Operating income                                                                | 70,181                    | 40,190           | 29,991            | 74.6          | %        |
| Interest and other income                                                       | 1,607                     | 1,351            | 256               | 18.9          | %        |
| Interest expense                                                                | (36,614)                  | (34,686)         | (1,928)           | (5.6)         | %        |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                  | —                         | (44)             | 44                | 100.0         | %        |
| Income before income taxes and discontinued operations                          | 35,174                    | 6,811            | 28,363            | 416.4         | %        |
| Income tax provision                                                            | (334)                     | (6,286)          | 5,952             | 94.7          | %        |
| Income from continuing operations                                               | 34,840                    | 525              | 34,315            | 6,536.2       | %        |
| Income from discontinued operations                                             | 5,199                     | 48,410           | (43,211)          | (89.3)        | %        |
| <b>NET INCOME</b>                                                               | <b>40,039</b>             | <b>48,935</b>    | <b>(8,896)</b>    | <b>(18.2)</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest | (3,885)                   | (1,523)          | (2,362)           | (155.1)       | %        |
| Distributions to non-controlling interest                                       | (16)                      | (16)             | —                 | —             | %        |
| Dividends paid on unvested restricted stock compensation                        | (197)                     | —                | (197)             | (100.0)       | %        |
| Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges                                | (4,600)                   | (14,413)         | 9,813             | 68.1          | %        |
| Undistributed income allocated to unvested restricted stock compensation        | (87)                      | (264)            | 177               | 67.0          | %        |
| <b>INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS</b>                                  | <b>\$ 31,254</b>          | <b>\$ 32,719</b> | <b>\$ (1,465)</b> | <b>(4.5)</b>  | <b>%</b> |

Operating Statistics. The following table includes comparisons of the key operating metrics for our 29 hotel Comparable Portfolio, which includes prior ownership results for the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco.

|                      | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 |             |           | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |             |           | Change |         |        |   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---|
|                      | Occ%                                | ADR         | RevPAR    | Occ%                                | ADR         | RevPAR    | Occ%   | ADR     | RevPAR |   |
| Comparable Portfolio | 86.6                                | % \$ 198.26 | \$ 171.69 | 84.4                                | % \$ 191.63 | \$ 161.74 | 220    | bps 3.5 | % 6.2  | % |

|                                                                   | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 |             |           | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |             |           | Change |         |        |   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---|
|                                                                   | Occ%                              | ADR         | RevPAR    | Occ%                              | ADR         | RevPAR    | Occ%   | ADR     | RevPAR |   |
| Comparable Portfolio                                              | 82.2                              | % \$ 187.29 | \$ 153.95 | 79.1                              | % \$ 181.28 | \$ 143.39 | 310    | bps 3.3 | % 7.4  | % |
| Comparable Portfolio adjusted for change in Marriott calendar (1) | 82.2                              | % \$ 187.29 | \$ 153.95 | 79.1                              | % \$ 181.53 | \$ 143.59 | 310    | bps 3.2 | % 7.2  | % |

(1) In 2013, Marriott converted its reporting calendar from a 13-period basis to a standard 12-month basis. Since Marriott's 2012 fiscal year ended on December 28, 2012, Marriott's 2013 first quarter and calendar year contain an additional three days, December 29, 2012 through December 31, 2012. The Comparable Portfolio adjusted for the change in the Marriott calendar includes the Comparable Portfolio adjusted for the effects of removing the three additional days from the operating statistics for our ten Marriott-managed hotels.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. We use the following "non-GAAP financial measures" that we believe are useful to investors as key supplemental measures of our operating performance: EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders. These measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with GAAP. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders, as calculated by us, may not be comparable to other companies that do not define such terms exactly as the Company. These non-GAAP measures are used in addition to and in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. They should not be considered as alternatives to operating profit, cash flow from operations, or any other operating performance measure prescribed by GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures reflect additional ways of viewing our operations that we believe, when viewed with our GAAP results and the

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reconciliations to the corresponding GAAP financial measures, provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business than could be obtained absent this disclosure. We strongly encourage investors to review our financial information in its entirety and not to rely on a single financial measure.

EBITDA is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. We believe EBITDA is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because this measure helps investors evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period by removing the impact of our capital structure (primarily interest expense) and our asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization) from our operating results. We also believe the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners who are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. In addition, certain covenants included in our indebtedness use EBITDA as a measure of financial compliance. We also use EBITDA as a measure in determining the value of hotel acquisitions and dispositions.

Historically, we have adjusted EBITDA when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance and that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's complete understanding of our operating performance. We adjust EBITDA for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDA:

- Amortization of deferred stock compensation: we exclude the non-cash expense incurred with the amortization of deferred stock compensation as this expense does not reflect the underlying performance of our hotels.
- Amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts: we exclude the non-cash amortization of the favorable management contract asset recorded in conjunction with our acquisition of the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile, along with the favorable tenant lease assets recorded in conjunction with our acquisitions of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco, and the unfavorable tenant lease liabilities recorded in conjunction with our acquisitions of the Boston Park Plaza, the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco. The amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts does not reflect the underlying performance of our hotels.
- Ground rent adjustments: we exclude the non-cash expense incurred from straightlining our ground lease obligations as this expense does not reflect the underlying performance of our hotels. We do however, include an adjustment for the cash ground lease expense recorded on the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile's building lease. Upon acquisition of this hotel, we determined that the building lease was a capital lease, and, therefore, we include a portion of the capital lease payment each month in interest expense. We include an adjustment for ground lease expense on capital leases in order to more accurately reflect the operating performance of the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile.
- Real estate transactions: we exclude the effect of gains and losses on the disposition of depreciable assets because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDA is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, material gains or losses from the depreciated value of the disposed assets could be less

important to investors given that the depreciated asset value often does not reflect its market value.

- Gains or losses from debt transactions: we exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of deferred financing costs from the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired because, like interest expense, their removal helps investors evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period by removing the impact of our capital structure.
- Acquisition costs: under GAAP, costs associated with completed acquisitions are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Consolidated partnership adjustments: we deduct the non-controlling partner's pro rata share of any EBITDA adjustments related to our consolidated Hilton San Diego Bayfront partnership.
- Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle: from time to time, the FASB promulgates new accounting standards that require the consolidated statement of operations to reflect the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. We exclude these one-time adjustments because they do not reflect our actual performance for that period.
- Impairment losses: we exclude the effect of impairment losses because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDA is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our remaining assets. In addition, we believe that impairment charges, which are based off of historical cost account values, are similar to gains (losses) on dispositions and depreciation expense, both of which are also excluded from EBITDA.

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- Other adjustments: we exclude other adjustments such as lawsuit settlement costs, prior year property tax assessments and/or credits, management company transition costs, and departmental closing costs, including severance, because we do not believe these costs reflect our actual performance for that period and/or the ongoing operations of our hotels.

The following table reconciles our unaudited net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for our hotel portfolio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands):

|                                                                                 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Net income                                                                      | \$ 43,535                           | \$ 20,009                           | \$ 40,039                         | \$ 48,935                         |
| Operations held for investment:                                                 |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | 37,973                              | 32,175                              | 75,588                            | 66,191                            |
| Amortization of lease intangibles                                               | 1,030                               | 1,028                               | 2,058                             | 2,056                             |
| Interest expense                                                                | 18,331                              | 17,272                              | 36,614                            | 34,686                            |
| Income tax provision                                                            | 110                                 | 129                                 | 334                               | 6,286                             |
| Non-controlling interests:                                                      |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,659)                             | (1,226)                             | (3,885)                           | (1,523)                           |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | (824)                               | (903)                               | (1,645)                           | (2,338)                           |
| Interest expense                                                                | (568)                               | (592)                               | (1,135)                           | (1,169)                           |
| Discontinued operations:                                                        |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Interest expense                                                                | —                                   | —                                   | —                                 | 99                                |
| EBITDA                                                                          | 97,928                              | 67,892                              | 147,968                           | 153,223                           |
| Operations held for investment:                                                 |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Amortization of deferred stock compensation                                     | 1,944                               | 1,241                               | 3,316                             | 2,316                             |
| Amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts, net                        | 46                                  | 115                                 | 92                                | 229                               |
| Non-cash straightline lease expense                                             | 500                                 | 342                                 | 1,012                             | 1,035                             |
| Capital lease obligation interest — cash ground rent                            | (351)                               | (351)                               | (702)                             | (702)                             |
| Gain on sale of assets                                                          | (49)                                | (5)                                 | (55)                              | (5)                               |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                  | —                                   | —                                   | —                                 | 44                                |
| Closing costs — completed acquisitions                                          | 102                                 | 690                                 | 158                               | 837                               |
| Lawsuit settlement costs                                                        | —                                   | 358                                 | —                                 | 358                               |
| Prior year property tax adjustments, net                                        | (357)                               | 106                                 | (3,235)                           | 106                               |
| Non-controlling interests:                                                      |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Non-cash straightline lease expense                                             | (112)                               | (112)                               | (225)                             | (225)                             |
| Prior year property tax adjustments, net                                        | —                                   | —                                   | 696                               | —                                 |
| Discontinued operations:                                                        |                                     |                                     |                                   |                                   |
| Gain on sale of assets, net                                                     | (5,199)                             | —                                   | (5,199)                           | (51,620)                          |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                  | —                                   | —                                   | —                                 | 3,115                             |
|                                                                                 | (3,476)                             | 2,384                               | (4,142)                           | (44,512)                          |

|                 |           |           |            |            |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 94,452 | \$ 70,276 | \$ 143,826 | \$ 108,711 |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|

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Adjusted EBITDA was \$94.5 million and \$70.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$143.8 million and \$108.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$24.2 million and \$35.1 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2014, respectively, in part due to additional earnings generated by the three hotels we acquired in 2013 (the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles acquired in May 2013, the Boston Park Plaza acquired in July 2013, and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco acquired in December 2013, together the “three recently acquired hotels”), combined with an increase in earnings at four of our hotels which were undergoing major room renovations during the first half of 2013: the Hilton Times Square; the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile; the Hyatt Regency Newport Beach; and the Renaissance Westchester (the “four 2013 renovation hotels”). These increases were partially offset by a decrease in earnings at two of our hotels which were undergoing major room renovations during the first quarter of 2014, the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile and the Renaissance Long Beach (the “two 2014 renovation hotels”), combined with a decrease in earnings at the Hyatt Regency San Francisco, which was undergoing a major room renovation during both the first and second quarters of 2014.

We believe that the presentation of FFO provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance because it is a measure of our operations without regard to specified non-cash items such as real estate depreciation and amortization, amortization of lease intangibles, any real estate impairment loss and any gain or loss on sale of real estate assets, all of which are based on historical cost accounting and may be of lesser significance in evaluating our current performance. Our presentation of FFO conforms to the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts’ (“NAREIT”) definition of FFO. This may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the terms in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do.

We also present Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders when evaluating our operating performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance, and may facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and our peer companies. We adjust FFO for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders:

- Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges: we deduct preferred stock dividends and exclude redemption charges in order to facilitate comparisons between us and the majority of other lodging REITs who either have no preferred stock dividends or who also present Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders.
- Amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts: we exclude the non-cash amortization of the favorable management contract asset recorded in conjunction with our acquisition of the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile, along with the favorable tenant lease assets recorded in conjunction with our acquisitions of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco, and the unfavorable tenant lease liabilities recorded in conjunction with our acquisitions of the Boston Park Plaza, the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco. The amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts does not reflect the underlying performance of our hotels.



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- Non-cash ground rent adjustments: we exclude the non-cash expense incurred from straightlining our ground lease obligations as this expense does not reflect the underlying performance of our hotels.
- Gains or losses from debt transactions: we exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of deferred financing costs from the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired, as well as the non-cash gains or losses on our derivatives. We believe that these items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition costs: under GAAP, costs associated with completed acquisitions are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Impairment losses: we exclude the effect of non-real estate impairment losses because we believe that including them in Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our remaining assets.
- Consolidated partnership adjustments: we deduct the non-controlling partner's pro rata share of any FFO adjustments related to our consolidated Hilton San Diego Bayfront partnership.
- Other adjustments: we exclude other adjustments such as lawsuit settlement costs, prior year property tax assessments and/or credits, management company transition costs, departmental closing costs, including severance, and income tax provisions associated with the application of net operating loss carryforwards because we do not believe these costs reflect the actual performance for that period and/or the ongoing operations of our hotels.

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The following table reconciles our unaudited net income to FFO and Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders for our hotel portfolio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands):

|                                                                                    | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 | Six Months Ended<br>June<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June<br>30, 2013 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Net income                                                                         | \$ 43,535                           | \$ 20,009                           | \$ 40,039                                 | \$ 48,935                            |
| Operations held for investment:                                                    |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Real estate depreciation and amortization                                          | 37,575                              | 31,831                              | 74,801                                    | 65,503                               |
| Amortization of lease intangibles                                                  | 1,030                               | 1,028                               | 2,058                                     | 2,056                                |
| Gain on sale of assets                                                             | (49)                                | (5)                                 | (55)                                      | (5)                                  |
| Non-controlling interests:                                                         |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Income from consolidated joint venture<br>attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,659)                             | (1,226)                             | (3,885)                                   | (1,523)                              |
| Real estate depreciation and amortization                                          | (824)                               | (903)                               | (1,645)                                   | (2,338)                              |
| Discontinued operations:                                                           |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Gain on sale of assets, net                                                        | (5,199)                             | —                                   | (5,199)                                   | (51,620)                             |
| FFO                                                                                | 74,409                              | 50,734                              | 106,114                                   | 61,008                               |
| Operations held for investment:                                                    |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Preferred stock dividends and redemption<br>charges                                | (2,300)                             | (3,510)                             | (4,600)                                   | (14,413)                             |
| Amortization of favorable and unfavorable<br>contracts, net                        | 46                                  | 115                                 | 92                                        | 229                                  |
| Non-cash straightline lease expense                                                | 500                                 | 342                                 | 1,012                                     | 1,035                                |
| Non-cash interest related to gain on<br>derivatives, net                           | (125)                               | (260)                               | (234)                                     | (417)                                |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                     | —                                   | —                                   | —                                         | 44                                   |
| Closing costs — completed acquisitions                                             | 102                                 | 690                                 | 158                                       | 837                                  |
| Lawsuit settlement costs                                                           | —                                   | 358                                 | —                                         | 358                                  |
| Prior year property tax adjustments, net                                           | (357)                               | 106                                 | (3,235)                                   | 106                                  |
| Income tax provision related to prior years                                        | —                                   | 129                                 | —                                         | 6,286                                |
| Preferred stock redemption charges                                                 | —                                   | 129                                 | —                                         | 4,770                                |
| Non-controlling interests:                                                         |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Non-cash straightline lease expense                                                | (112)                               | (112)                               | (225)                                     | (225)                                |
| Non-cash interest related to loss on<br>derivative                                 | —                                   | (1)                                 | —                                         | (1)                                  |
| Prior year property tax adjustments, net                                           | —                                   | —                                   | 696                                       | —                                    |
| Discontinued operations:                                                           |                                     |                                     |                                           |                                      |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                                                     | —                                   | —                                   | —                                         | 3,115                                |
|                                                                                    | (2,246)                             | (2,014)                             | (6,336)                                   | 1,724                                |
|                                                                                    | \$ 72,163                           | \$ 48,720                           | \$ 99,778                                 | \$ 62,732                            |

Adjusted FFO available to common  
stockholders

Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders was \$72.2 million and \$48.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$99.8 million and \$62.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Adjusted

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FFO available to common stockholders increased \$23.4 million and \$37.0 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2014, respectively, in part due to additional earnings generated by the three recently acquired hotels, combined with an increase in earnings at the four 2013 renovation hotels. In addition, Adjusted FFO available to common stockholders increased during the second quarter and first six months of 2014 as compared to the same periods in 2013 due to a decrease in preferred stock dividends and redemption charges. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in earnings at the two 2014 renovation hotels, combined with a decrease in earnings at the Hyatt Regency San Francisco, which was undergoing a major room renovation during both the first and second quarters of 2014.

Room revenue. Room revenue increased \$46.7 million, or 27.7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The three recently acquired hotels contributed additional room revenue of \$35.8 million during the three months ended June 30, 2014. Room revenue at the Hyatt Regency San Francisco was negatively impacted during the second quarter of 2014 by a major room renovation, which caused 2,376 room nights to be out of service, displacing approximately \$0.7 million in room revenue based on the hotel achieving a potential 88.3% occupancy rate and RevPAR of \$233.93 without the renovation.

Room revenue generated by the 26 hotels we owned prior to January 1, 2013 (our “existing portfolio”) increased \$10.9 million during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the second quarter of 2013 due to increases in both occupancy (\$6.2 million) and ADR (\$4.7 million). The increases in occupancy and ADR were driven by an additional 23,943 group room nights, combined with an additional 9,757 transient room nights. Room revenue in our existing portfolio also increased during the second quarter 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to revenue displacement during the second quarter 2013 at the four 2013 renovation hotels. These second quarter 2013 major room renovations caused a total of 12,817 room nights to be out of service during the second quarter of 2013, displacing approximately \$2.3 million in room revenue based on the hotels achieving a combined potential 85.7% occupancy rate and RevPAR of \$189.17 without the renovations.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, room revenue increased \$82.2 million, or 27.3%. The three recently acquired hotels contributed additional room revenue of \$60.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014. Room revenue at the Hyatt Regency San Francisco was negatively impacted during the first six months of 2014 by a major room renovation, which caused 6,801 room nights to be out of service, displacing approximately \$2.1 million in room revenue based on the hotel achieving a potential 82.1% occupancy rate and RevPAR of \$216.55 without the renovation.

Room revenue generated by our existing portfolio increased \$23.2 million during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the first six months of 2013 due to increases in both occupancy (\$14.1 million) and ADR (\$9.1 million). The increases in occupancy and ADR were driven by an additional 45,790 group room nights, combined with an additional 34,599 transient room nights. Room revenue in our existing portfolio was negatively impacted during the first six months of 2014 by major room renovations at the two 2014 renovation hotels. These major room renovations caused a total of 5,141 room nights to be out of service during the first six months of 2014, displacing approximately \$0.5 million in room revenue based on the hotels achieving a combined potential 69.5% occupancy rate and RevPAR of \$90.00 without the renovations. In comparison, the 2013 displacement experienced by the four 2013 renovation

hotels caused a total of 40,287 room nights to be out of service during the first six months of 2013, displacing approximately \$7.7 million in room revenue based on the hotels achieving a combined potential 79.9% occupancy rate and RevPAR of \$159.02 without the renovations.

Partially offsetting the increase in our existing portfolio's room revenue during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013, room revenue decreased as a result of a change in the financial reporting calendar used by one of our third-party managers, subsidiaries of Marriott International, Inc. or Marriott Hotel Services, Inc. (collectively, "Marriott"), who manage 10 of our 29 hotels. Beginning in 2013, Marriott switched from using a 13-fiscal period accounting calendar to a standard 12-month calendar. However, due to the timing of Marriott's fiscal 2012 year-end of December 28, 2012, Marriott's fiscal 2013 includes three additional days, December 29, 2012 through December 31, 2012. These three additional days in fiscal 2013 generated approximately \$1.6 million more in room revenue for the Marriott-managed hotels during the first six months of 2013 as compared to the first six months of 2014.

Food and beverage revenue. Food and beverage revenue increased \$15.9 million, or 30.1%, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. Our three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$10.1 million to food and beverage revenue during the second quarter of 2014. Food and beverage revenue in our existing portfolio increased \$5.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increased banquet and outlet revenue at the majority of our hotels due to the increases in occupancy and group room nights. In addition, food and beverage revenue increased in our existing portfolio during the three months ended June 30, 2014 due to the negative impact on second quarter 2013 food and beverage revenue from the four 2013 renovation hotels.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, food and beverage revenue increased \$26.2 million, or 25.5%. Our three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$16.0 million to food and beverage revenue during the first six months of 2014. Food and beverage revenue in our existing portfolio increased \$10.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increased banquet and outlet

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revenue at the majority of our hotels due to the increases in occupancy and group room nights. In addition, food and beverage revenue increased in our existing portfolio during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as the negative impact from the two 2014 renovation hotels during the first six months of 2014 was much less than the negative impact from the four 2013 renovation hotels during the first six months of 2013. These increases in food and beverage revenue during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 were partially offset by Marriott's additional three days in the first six months of 2013, which generated approximately \$0.6 million in food and beverage revenue for the Marriott-managed hotels during the first half of 2013 as compared to the first half of 2014.

Other operating revenue. Other operating revenue increased \$3.6 million, or 26.9%, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. Our three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$2.1 million to other operating revenue during the second quarter of 2014. In addition, BuyEfficient's revenue increased \$0.1 million during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to increased transaction fees. Other operating revenue in our existing portfolio increased \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to our charging resort fees beginning in 2014 at two of our existing hotels, which generated \$0.6 million during the second quarter of 2014. In addition, other operating revenue grew in our existing portfolio as increased parking revenue, cancellation and attrition revenue and third-party lease revenue was only partially offset by decreased telecommunications revenue.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, other operating revenue increased \$6.4 million, or 24.5%. Our three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$4.1 million to other operating revenue during the first six months of 2014. In addition, BuyEfficient's revenue increased \$0.2 million during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to increased transaction fees. Other operating revenue in our existing portfolio increased \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to our charging resort fees beginning in 2014 at two of our existing hotels, which generated \$1.1 million during the first six months of 2014. In addition, other operating revenue grew in our existing portfolio as increased parking revenue and third-party lease revenue was only partially offset by decreased cancellation and attrition revenue and telecommunications revenue.

Hotel operating expenses. Hotel operating expenses, which are comprised of room, food and beverage, advertising and promotion, repairs and maintenance, utilities, franchise costs, property tax, ground lease and insurance, and other hotel operating expenses increased \$34.2 million, or 25.6%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$27.7 million to hotel operating expenses during the second quarter of 2014. Hotel operating expenses in our existing portfolio increased \$6.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013. This increase in hotel operating expenses is primarily related to the corresponding increased room, food and beverage and parking revenue. In addition, hotel operating expenses in our existing portfolio increased in the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to the following increased expenses: franchise costs due to the increase in revenues; advertising and promotion and repairs and maintenance due to increased payroll and related expenses; and utility expense due to increased rates at several of our hotels, combined with increased usage. These increases in hotel operating expenses in our existing portfolio were partially offset by decreases during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 caused by a decrease in property insurance due to lower rates and fewer claims during the second quarter of 2014, combined with a decrease in property taxes due to appeal refunds and lower property tax assessments received at several of our hotels.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, hotel operating expenses increased \$62.7 million, or 24.0%. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$53.8 million to hotel operating expenses during the first six months of 2014. Hotel operating expenses in our existing portfolio increased \$8.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013, primarily due to the same reasons described above in the discussion regarding the second quarter; however, utility expense also increased during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to the extremely cold winter in the Midwest and East. The increases in our existing portfolio's hotel operating expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 were slightly offset due to the inclusion of three additional days of expense for the Marriott-managed hotels' during the first half of 2013 as compared to the same period in 2014.

Property general and administrative expense. Property general and administrative expense increased \$6.7 million, or 26.4%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$4.7 million to property general and administrative expense during the second quarter of 2014. Property general and administrative expense in our existing portfolio increased \$2.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increased management fees, credit and collection expenses, payroll and related expenses, and contract and professional fees due to the increase in revenue, partially offset by decreased sales tax audit expenses. BuyEfficient's property general and administrative expense remained relatively flat during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, property general and administrative expense increased \$12.0 million, or 24.5%. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$8.7 million to property general and administrative expense during the first six months of 2014. Property general and administrative expense in our existing

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portfolio increased \$3.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increased management fees, credit and collection expenses, contract and professional fees, payroll and related expenses, supplies and employee recruitment, relocation and training due to the increase in revenue, partially offset by decreased security, sales tax audit and travel expenses. Partially offsetting these increased expenses, property general and administrative expenses in our existing portfolio decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 due to the Marriott-managed hotels' three additional days in the first half of 2013 as compared to the same period in 2014. BuyEfficient's property general and administrative expense decreased \$0.1 million during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 due to decreased payroll and related expenses, including deferred stock compensation expense, as well as decreased contract and professional fees.

Corporate overhead expense. Corporate overhead expense increased \$0.3 million, or 4.3%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increased payroll and related expenses (\$0.3 million), deferred stock compensation expense (\$0.7 million) and donations expense (\$0.1 million), partially offset by decreased due diligence expense (\$0.6 million), legal expense (\$0.1 million) and entity-level state franchise and minimum taxes (\$0.1 million). Due diligence expense decreased during the second quarter of 2014 versus the same period in 2013 as we recognized due diligence costs of only \$0.1 million related to our completed acquisitions during the second quarter of 2014, whereas during the second quarter of 2013 we recognized \$0.7 million of due diligence costs related to our completed acquisitions.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, corporate overhead expense increased \$0.7 million, or 5.2%, primarily due to increased payroll and related expenses (\$0.5 million), deferred stock compensation expense (\$1.0 million) and donations expense (\$0.1 million), partially offset by decreased due diligence expense (\$0.6 million), legal expense (\$0.1 million) and entity-level state franchise and minimum taxes (\$0.2 million). Due diligence expense decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2014 versus the same period in 2013 as we recognized due diligence costs of only \$0.2 million related to our completed acquisitions during the first six months of 2014, whereas during the first six months of 2013 we recognized \$0.8 million of due diligence costs related to our completed acquisitions.

Depreciation and amortization expense. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$5.8 million, or 18.0%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$5.8 million to depreciation and amortization during the second quarter of 2014. Depreciation and amortization expense in our existing portfolio remained relatively flat for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, depreciation and amortization expense increased \$9.4 million, or 14.2%. The three recently acquired hotels contributed an additional \$11.9 million to depreciation and amortization during the first six months of 2014. Depreciation and amortization expense in our existing portfolio decreased \$2.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 primarily due to advanced bookings recorded in conjunction with our purchases of the JW Marriott New Orleans, the Hilton San Diego Bayfront and the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago



Downtown/Magnificent Mile that were fully amortized as of February 2013, April 2013 and December 2013, respectively. In addition, the furniture, fixtures and equipment (“FF&E”) at some of our hotels was fully depreciated as of the end of 2013. These decreases in expense were partially offset by additional depreciation recognized on hotel renovations and purchases of FF&E for our existing portfolio.

Interest and other income. Interest and other income totaled \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, and \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013. In the second quarter of 2014, we recognized \$0.7 million in interest income on the Preferred Equity Investment, and \$0.2 million in other interest and miscellaneous income. In the second quarter of 2013, we recognized \$0.7 million in interest income on the Preferred Equity Investment, and \$0.1 million in other interest and miscellaneous income.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, interest and other income totaled \$1.6 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. In the first six months of 2014, we recognized \$1.4 million in interest income on the Preferred Equity Investment, and \$0.2 million in other interest and miscellaneous income. In the first six months of 2013, we recognized \$1.2 million in interest income on the Preferred Equity Investment, and \$0.2 million in other interest and miscellaneous income.

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Interest expense. We incurred interest expense as follows (in thousands):

|                                                        | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 | Six Months Ended<br>June<br>30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Interest expense on debt and capital lease obligations | \$ 17,720                           | \$ 16,807                           | \$ 35,376                            | \$ 33,617                         |
| Gain on derivatives, net                               | (125)                               | (260)                               | (234)                                | (417)                             |
| Accretion of Senior Notes                              | —                                   | —                                   | —                                    | 3                                 |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees                | 736                                 | 725                                 | 1,472                                | 1,483                             |
|                                                        | \$ 18,331                           | \$ 17,272                           | \$ 36,614                            | \$ 34,686                         |

Interest expense increased \$1.1 million, or 6.1%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period during 2013 primarily due to increased interest expense on our debt and capital lease obligations resulting from our assumption of a \$119.2 million loan in conjunction with our purchase of the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013. This increase in interest expense on our debt and capital lease obligations during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 was partially offset by decreased interest on our other debt obligations due to lower balances as a result of amortization, as well as to decreased variable interest rates on our non-recourse loans secured by the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square and the Hilton San Diego Bayfront. In addition, interest expense increased during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period during 2013 due to a reduction in the net gain we recognized in 2014 on our interest rate cap and swap derivative agreements versus the net gain we recognized on these agreements during 2013.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, interest expense increased \$1.9 million, or 5.6%, primarily due to the same reasons described above in the discussion regarding the second quarter.

Our weighted average interest rate per annum, including our variable-rate debt obligations, was approximately 4.9% at both June 30, 2014 and 2013. Approximately 70.7% and 68.1% of our outstanding notes payable included in our continuing operations had fixed interest rates at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Loss on extinguishment of debt. Loss on extinguishment of debt totaled zero for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, and zero and \$44,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. During the first quarter of 2013, we recognized a loss of \$44,000 due to the repurchase and redemption of the remaining \$58.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes.

Income tax provision. Income tax provision totaled \$0.1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. We lease our hotels to the TRS Lessee and its subsidiaries, which are subject to federal and state income taxes. In addition, the REIT and Operating Partnership may also be subject to various state and local income taxes. During the second quarter of 2014, we recognized combined federal and state income tax expense of \$0.1 million based on 2014 projected taxable income net of operating loss carryforwards for our taxable entities. During the second quarter of 2013, we recognized income tax expense of \$0.1 million related to estimated 2013 federal alternative minimum tax resulting from our use of net operating loss carryforwards, as well as state income tax where our use of net operating loss carryforwards was either limited or unavailable.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, income tax provision totaled \$0.3 million and \$6.3 million, respectively. During the first six months of 2014, we recognized combined federal and state income tax expense of \$0.3 million based on 2014 projected taxable income net of operating loss carryforwards for our taxable entities. During the first six months of 2013, we recognized income tax expense of \$4.7 million due to a resolution reached with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”). In the first quarter of 2013, the IRS issued a notice of proposed adjustment to us, challenging certain aspects of our leases with our TRS Lessee and its subsidiaries. Though we believe our leases comply with all of the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, we determined that the costs associated with defending our position were greater than the benefits that might result therefrom. As such, we accrued \$4.7 million in March 2013 related to the IRS’s audit of tax years 2008, 2009 and 2010, including \$0.6 million in accrued interest. We recorded additional income tax expense of \$1.5 million during the first quarter of 2013 based on the ongoing evaluations of our uncertain tax positions related to the year ended December 31, 2012, and as a result of our recent resolution of outstanding issues with the IRS. During the second quarter of 2013, we recognized income tax expense of \$0.1 million related to estimated 2013 federal alternative minimum tax resulting from our use of net operating loss carryforwards, as well as state income tax where our use of net operating loss carryforwards was either limited or unavailable.

Income from discontinued operations. As described under “—Investing Activities—Dispositions” and in accordance with the Property, Plant and Equipment Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification

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(“ASC”), income from discontinued operations included the results of operations, along with any losses on extinguishment of debt and gains on sales for the following properties:

| Properties                                     | Rooms | Disposition Date |
|------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|
| 2014:                                          |       |                  |
| None                                           |       |                  |
| 2013:                                          |       |                  |
| Kahler Grand, Minnesota                        | 660   | January 25, 2013 |
| Kahler Inn & Suites, Minnesota                 | 271   | January 25, 2013 |
| Marriott Rochester, Minnesota                  | 202   | January 25, 2013 |
| Residence Inn by Marriott Rochester, Minnesota | 89    | January 25, 2013 |
| Textile Care Services Rochester, Minnesota     | —     | January 25, 2013 |
| Total rooms                                    | 1,222 |                  |

Upon sale of the Rochester Portfolio in 2013, we retained a liability not to exceed \$14.0 million related to the Rochester Portfolio’s pension plan, which could be triggered in certain circumstances, including termination of the pension plan. The recognition of the \$14.0 million pension plan liability reduced the gain we recognized in 2013 on the sale of the Rochester Portfolio. In May 2014, we were released from \$7.0 million of our pension plan liability, causing us to recognize additional gain on the sale of the Rochester Portfolio of \$7.0 million, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The remaining \$7.0 million gain will be recognized, if at all, when and to the extent we are released from any potential liability related to the Rochester Portfolio’s pension plan.

In accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which requires a liability be recorded based on our estimate of the probable cost of the resolution of a contingency, we accrued \$0.3 million when we sold the Rochester Portfolio related to potential future costs for certain capital expenditures at one of the hotels in the Rochester Portfolio. During the second quarter of 2014, we determined that our total costs for these capital expenditures may range from \$2.0 million to \$3.0 million. As such, we accrued an additional \$1.8 million during the second quarter of 2014 in accordance with the Contingencies Topic of the FASB ASC, which is included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, bringing the total amount accrued for this contingency to \$2.1 million as of June 30, 2014.

Income from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 includes activity for the four hotels and one commercial laundry facility sold in 2013. Income from discontinued operations is as follows (in thousands):

| Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

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|                                |          |      |          |           |
|--------------------------------|----------|------|----------|-----------|
| Operating revenues             | \$ —     | \$ — | \$ —     | \$ 3,690  |
| Operating expenses             | —        | —    | —        | (3,686)   |
| Interest expense               | —        | —    | —        | (99)      |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | —        | —    | —        | (3,115)   |
| Gain on sale of assets, net    | 5,199    | —    | 5,199    | 51,620    |
|                                | \$ 5,199 | \$ — | \$ 5,199 | \$ 48,410 |

Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest. Income from consolidated joint venture attributable to non-controlling interest totaled \$1.7 million and \$3.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Consistent with the Presentation Topic of the FASB ASC, our net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 includes 100% of the net income generated by the entity that owns the Hilton San Diego Bayfront. The outside 25.0% interest in the entity that owns the Hilton San Diego Bayfront earned net income of \$1.7 million and \$3.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively.

Distributions to non-controlling interest. Distributions to non-controlling interest totaled \$8,000 for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and \$16,000 for both the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. We are the sole common stockholder of the captive REIT that owns the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square. Preferred dividends earned by investors from the entity that owns the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square, net of related administrative fees totaled \$8,000 for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and \$16,000 for both the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Dividends paid on unvested restricted stock compensation. Common stock dividends earned on our unvested restricted stock awards totaled \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and zero for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

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Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges. Preferred stock dividends and redemption charges decreased \$1.2 million, or 34.5%, for the three months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. Pursuant to our strategy of gradually reducing our leverage, during 2013 we redeemed all 7,050,000 shares of our Series A preferred stock and all 4,102,564 shares of our Series C preferred stock in March and May, respectively. As such, our Series C preferred stock dividends decreased \$1.1 million in the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013. In conjunction with the redemption of our Series C preferred stock, we recognized a \$0.1 million redemption charge during the second quarter of 2013 related to the original issuance cost of these shares, which was previously included in additional paid in capital.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, preferred stock dividends and redemption charges decreased \$9.8 million, or 68.1%. Due to the redemptions of all of our Series A preferred stock in March 2013, and all of our Series C preferred stock in May 2013, our total Series A and Series C preferred stock dividends decreased \$5.1 million in the first six months of 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013. In addition, preferred stock dividends and redemption charges decreased during the first half of 2014 as compared to the first half of 2013 due to our recognition of redemption charges totaling \$4.6 million and \$0.1 million in conjunction with the redemptions of our Series A preferred stock and Series C preferred stock, respectively. These redemption charges related to the original issuance costs of these shares, which were previously included in additional paid in capital.

Undistributed income allocated to unvested restricted stock compensation. In accordance with the Earnings Per Share Topic of the FASB ASC, unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. As such, undistributed income of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million were allocated to the participating securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, undistributed income of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, were allocated to the participating securities.

## Investing Activities

Acquisitions. We believe we are in the middle phase of a potentially prolonged cyclical lodging industry recovery. Hotels acquired during the early stages of past cyclical recoveries have benefited from multi-year increases in profitability. Accordingly, we selectively acquired three hotels during 2013 and one hotel to date in 2014: the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles in May 2013; the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013; the Hyatt Regency San Francisco in December 2013; and the Marriott Wailea in July 2014.

We acquired the 544-room Marriott Wailea in July 2014 for a net purchase price of \$325.5 million, including \$4.5 million of unrestricted cash received upon acquisition, and excluding proration and closing costs. We funded the acquisition with proceeds received from our June 2014 common stock offering, as well as with \$60.0 million of our common stock, which was issued to the seller at a price equivalent to \$14.87 per share.

In addition, in June 2014 we acquired approximately seven acres of land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach for \$11.0 million, using net proceeds from the March 2014 issuance of our common stock in connection with the Agreements, combined with cash on hand. Prior to our acquisition, the land was leased to us by a third party. Our acquisition of the land reduced our property tax, ground lease and insurance expense by \$0.1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, and will reduce our property tax, ground lease and insurance expense by a total of \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2014.

While our primary focus is on acquiring branded, urban, upper upscale hotels, our acquisition program is aimed at generating attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investment dollars, and therefore we may target lodging assets outside of the typical branded, urban, upper upscale profile represented by our existing portfolio in order to capitalize on opportunities which may arise. We intend to select the brands and operators for our hotels that we believe will lead to the highest returns. Additionally, the scope of our acquisitions program may include large hotel portfolios or hotel loans. Future acquisitions may be funded by our issuance of additional debt or equity securities, including our common and preferred OP units, or by draws on our \$150.0 million senior corporate credit facility. However, in light of our current financial objectives, we expect to fund any near term acquisitions with a greater proportion of equity capital than debt capital.

Dispositions. We have from time to time divested of assets that no longer fit our target profile, will not offer long-term returns in excess of our cost of capital, or that have high risk relative to their anticipated returns. In connection with this strategy, in January 2013 we sold the Rochester Hotels, along with a commercial laundry facility.

Renovations. We invested \$65.8 million and \$69.1 million in capital improvements to our hotel portfolio during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Consistent with our cycle-appropriate strategy, during the first half of 2014, we continued to undertake both major renovations, repositionings and ordinary course rooms and public space renovations, most significantly during the first quarter of 2014 at the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile and the Renaissance Long Beach, and during both the first and second quarters of 2014 at the Hyatt Regency San Francisco. During the first six months of 2013, four of our hotels were undergoing major room renovations or repositionings: the Hilton Times Square; the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile; the Hyatt Regency Newport Beach; and the Renaissance Westchester. As a result of our major renovations and repositionings during both 2014

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and 2013, we incurred approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.6 million of revenue disruption during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$2.3 million and \$7.7 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, all of which was in line with our expectations.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historical. During the periods presented, our sources of cash included our operating activities, working capital, sales of hotel properties and other assets, proceeds from our credit facility and proceeds from our common stock offerings. Our primary uses of cash were for acquisitions of hotel properties, capital expenditures for hotels, operating expenses, repayment of notes payable (including repurchases of Senior Notes) and our credit facility, repurchases of our preferred stock, dividends on our preferred and common stock and distributions to our joint venture partners. We cannot be certain that traditional sources of funds will be available in the future.

Operating activities. Our net cash provided by or used in operating activities fluctuates primarily as a result of changes in RevPAR and operating cash flow of our hotels. Our net cash provided by or used in operating activities may also be affected by changes in our portfolio resulting from hotel acquisitions, dispositions or renovations. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$117.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to \$74.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. This increase was primarily due to additional cash generated by the three hotels we acquired in 2013 (the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco), combined by an increase in cash generated by four of our hotels which were undergoing major room renovations during the first six months of 2013: the Hilton Times Square; the Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile; the Hyatt Regency Newport Beach; and the Renaissance Westchester. This increase in cash provided by operating activities was partially offset by decreased cash generated by three of our hotels which were undergoing major room renovations during the first six months of 2014: the Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile; the Hyatt Regency San Francisco; and the Renaissance Long Beach.

Investing activities. Our net cash provided by or used in investing activities fluctuates primarily as a result of acquisitions, dispositions and renovations of hotels. Net cash used in investing activities during the first six months of 2014 as compared to the first six months of 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

|                                                          | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2014 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, 2013 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Proceeds from sales of hotel properties and other assets | \$ 72                             | \$ 195,621                        |
| Cash proceeds held by accommodator                       | —                                 | (72,287)                          |
| Restricted cash — replacement reserve                    | 3,323                             | 11,054                            |
| Acquisitions of hotel properties and other assets        | (11,000)                          | (59,137)                          |
| Acquisition deposits                                     | (15,000)                          | (20,000)                          |
| Renovations and additions to hotel properties            | (65,836)                          | (69,089)                          |



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|                                       |             |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Payment for interest rate derivative  | —           | (12)        |
| Net cash used in investing activities | \$ (88,441) | \$ (13,850) |

Net cash used in investing activities was \$88.4 million during the first six months of 2014 as compared to \$13.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we paid a \$15.0 million acquisition deposit towards our July 2014 purchase of the Marriott Wailea, \$65.8 million for renovations and additions to our portfolio, and \$11.0 million to acquire the land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach. These cash outflows were slightly offset by \$0.1 million received from the sale of surplus FF&E, and by \$3.3 million received from a reduction in our restricted cash replacement reserve accounts.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we received proceeds of \$195.6 million from the sale of the Rochester Portfolio, of which \$59.1 million was used to fund our May 2013 tax-deferred exchange for the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles and \$20.0 million was used to pay deposits towards our July 2013 tax-deferred exchange for the Boston Park Plaza. As of June 30, 2013, \$72.3 million remained with the accommodator, which funds were used in July 2013 to fund a portion of our tax-deferred exchange for the Boston Park Plaza. During the first six months of 2013, we also decreased our restricted cash by \$11.1 million, paid \$69.1 million for renovations and additions to our portfolio and paid \$12,000 for an interest rate cap agreement on our variable-rate mortgage secured by the Hilton San Diego Bayfront.

Financing activities. Our net cash provided by or used in financing activities fluctuates primarily as a result of our issuance of common stock and our issuance and repayment of notes payable (including the repurchase of Senior Notes) and our credit facility, and our issuance and repurchase of other forms of capital, including preferred equity. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$226.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to net cash used of \$94.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. Net cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2014 consisted of \$263.6 million in net proceeds received from our issuance of common stock, and \$10.8 million in proceeds received from our credit facility. These cash inflows were partially offset by \$22.4 million in principal payments on our notes payable and credit facility, including \$10.8 million to repay a draw on our credit facility and \$11.6 million of principal payments on our notes payable, \$22.9 million in dividends paid to our preferred and common stockholders, and \$2.1 million in distributions to the non-controlling interests in our hotels.

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Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following cash outflows: a total of \$276.3 million paid to redeem all of our Series A and Series C preferred stock; \$124.5 million in principal payments on our notes payable and credit facility, including \$58.0 million to repurchase our Senior Notes, \$26.7 million to extinguish the existing mortgage on the Kahler Grand, \$0.4 million to prepay the existing mortgage on the commercial laundry facility included in the Rochester Portfolio, \$30.0 million to repay a draw on our credit facility and \$9.3 million of principal payments on our notes payable; \$3.1 million in costs incurred on our repurchase of the Senior Notes, our extinguishment of the Kahler Grand mortgage and our repayment of the commercial laundry facility mortgage; \$14.8 million in preferred dividends to our stockholders; \$0.9 million in distributions to the non-controlling interests in our hotels; and \$5,000 in deferred financing costs paid in connection with our purchase of the interest rate cap agreement on our variable-rate mortgage secured by the Hilton San Diego Bayfront. These cash outflows were partially offset by \$294.9 million in net proceeds received from our issuance of common stock and \$30.0 million in proceeds received from our credit facility.

Future. We expect our primary uses of cash to be for acquisitions of hotels, including possibly hotel portfolios, capital investments in our hotels, operating expenses, repayment of principal on our notes payable and credit facility, interest expense, and dividends on our preferred and common stock. We expect our primary sources of cash will continue to be our operating activities, working capital, notes payable and our credit facility, dispositions of hotel properties, and proceeds from public and private offerings of debt securities and common and preferred stock. Our financial objectives include the maintenance of our credit ratios, appropriate levels of liquidity, and continued balance sheet strength. In light of our leverage objectives, in the near-term, we expect to fund acquisitions largely through the issuance of equity in order to grow the quality and scale of our portfolio while maintaining our low leverage. Consistent with this strategy, we used a portion of the proceeds we received from our February 2013 common stock offering to fund our acquisitions of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles in May 2013 and the Boston Park Plaza in July 2013, and we used a portion of the proceeds we received from our November 2013 common stock offering to fund our acquisition of the Hyatt Regency San Francisco in December 2013. In addition, we used a portion of the proceeds we received from our June 2014 common stock offering, along with common stock issued directly to the seller and cash on hand, to fund our July 2014 acquisition of the Marriott Wailea. Our ability to raise funds through the issuance of equity securities depends on, among other things, general market conditions for hotel companies and REITs and market perceptions about us. We will continue to analyze alternate sources of capital in an effort to minimize our capital costs and maximize our financial flexibility, including pursuant to the Agreements we entered into in February 2014 with the Managers. Under the terms of the Agreements, we may issue and sell from time to time through or to the Managers, as sales agents and/or principals, shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering amount of up to \$150.0 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we received \$1.2 million in net proceeds from the issuance of 99,460 shares of our common stock in connection with the Agreements, which we used to partially fund the acquisition of the land underlying the Fairmont Newport Beach in June 2014. However, when needed, the capital markets may not be available to us on favorable terms or at all.

We believe that our current cash balance, our cash flow from operations, our access to capital markets and our unencumbered properties will provide us with sufficient liquidity to meet our current operating expenses and other expenses directly associated with our business (including payment of dividends on our capital stock, if declared) for the foreseeable future, and in any event for at least the next 12 months.

Debt. As of June 30, 2014, we had \$1.4 billion of consolidated debt, \$448.7 million of cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, and total assets of \$3.8 billion. We used approximately \$265.5 million (net of certain cash reserve balances received from the seller) to acquire the Marriott Wailea in July 2014. We believe that by controlling debt levels, staggering maturity dates and maintaining a highly flexible capital structure, we can maintain lower capital costs than more highly leveraged companies, or companies with limited flexibility due to restrictive corporate-level financial covenants.

As of June 30, 2014, all of our outstanding debt had fixed interest rates, except the \$229.7 million non-recourse mortgage on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront and the \$178.4 million non-recourse mortgage on the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square, both of which are subject to interest rate cap agreements. The interest rate cap agreement on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront mortgage matures in April 2015, and caps the 3-month LIBOR rate at 3.75%. The interest rate cap agreement on the Doubletree Guest Suites Times Square mortgage matures in October 2015, and caps the LIBOR rate at 4.0%. All of our mortgage debt is in the form of single asset non-recourse loans rather than cross-collateralized multi-property pools. We currently believe this structure is appropriate for the operating characteristics of our business as it isolates risk and provides flexibility for various portfolio management initiatives, including the sale of individual hotels subject to existing debt.

As of June 30, 2014, the weighted average term to maturity of our debt is approximately 3 years, and 70.7% of our debt is fixed rate with a weighted average interest rate of 5.4%. Including our variable-rate debt obligations based on the variable rates at June 30, 2014, the weighted average interest rate on our debt is 4.9%.

We plan to refinance the non-recourse mortgage on the Hilton San Diego Bayfront during the third quarter of 2014. We expect the new interest rate to decrease to a blended rate of one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points from the existing blended rate of three-month LIBOR plus 325 basis points. We also expect the current maturity date of April 2016 to be extended to 2019, which will be five years after the effective date of the refinance.

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We may in the future seek to obtain mortgages on one or all of our 13 unencumbered hotels, all but four of which are currently held by subsidiaries whose interests are pledged to our credit facility at June 30, 2014: Courtyard by Marriott Los Angeles, Fairmont Newport Beach, Hilton Garden Inn Chicago Downtown/Magnificent Mile (not pledged to our credit facility), Hilton New Orleans St. Charles (not pledged to our credit facility), Hyatt Chicago Magnificent Mile (not pledged to our credit facility), Hyatt Regency Newport Beach, Hyatt Regency San Francisco (not pledged to our credit facility), Marriott Quincy, Marriott Portland, Renaissance Long Beach, Renaissance Los Angeles Airport, Renaissance Westchester and Sheraton Cerritos. These 13 hotels had an aggregate of 5,008 rooms as of June 30, 2014, and generated \$171.8 million in revenue during the first six months of 2014. Should we obtain secured financing on any or all of our 13 unencumbered hotels, the amount of capital available through our credit facility may be reduced. Subsequent to our acquisition of the Marriott Wailea in July 2014, we have 14 unencumbered hotels.

Cash Balance. As of June 30, 2014, our unrestricted cash balance was \$360.7 million. Subsequent to our acquisition of the Marriott Wailea in July 2014, our pro forma unrestricted cash balance is approximately \$90.7 million. By minimizing our need to access external capital by maintaining higher than typical cash balances, our financial security and flexibility are meaningfully enhanced because we are able to fund our business needs and debt maturities partially with our cash. As we believe the lodging cycle is in the middle phase of a potentially prolonged cyclical recovery, we deployed a portion of our excess cash balance in 2013 towards debt repayments and repurchases (such as the repurchase of our Senior Notes in January 2013, and our redemptions of all issued and outstanding shares of the Series A and Series C preferred stock in March 2013 and May 2013, respectively), selective acquisitions and capital investments in our portfolio. In addition, as we have made progress on our core objective to improve the quality and scale of our portfolio while gradually deleveraging our balance sheet, during 2013 we reinstated a cash quarterly dividend on our common shares. While our primary focus is on acquiring branded, urban, upper upscale hotels, our acquisition program is aimed at generating attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investment dollars. We, therefore, may target lodging assets outside of the typical branded, urban, upper upscale profile represented by our existing portfolio in order to capitalize on opportunities which may arise. Additionally, the scope of our acquisitions program may include large hotel portfolios or hotel loans.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our payment obligations and commitments as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

|                                           | Payment due by period |                     |                 |                 |                      |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|                                           | Total                 | Less than<br>1 year | 1 to 3<br>years | 3 to 5<br>years | More than<br>5 years |
| Notes payable                             | \$ 1,392,422          | \$ 122,835          | \$ 722,000      | \$ 356,173      | \$ 191,414           |
| Interest obligations on notes payable (1) | 220,441               | 66,302              | 94,694          | 41,374          | 18,071               |
| Capital lease obligations                 | 15,606                | 30                  | 2               | 2               | 15,572               |
| Interest obligations on capital leases    | 101,553               | 1,402               | 2,804           | 2,804           | 94,543               |

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|                             |              |            |            |            |            |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Operating lease obligations | 513,340      | 9,840      | 21,345     | 25,698     | 456,457    |
| Construction commitments    | 49,218       | 49,218     | —          | —          | —          |
| Employment obligations      | 3,049        | 1,464      | 1,585      | —          | —          |
| Total                       | \$ 2,295,629 | \$ 251,091 | \$ 842,430 | \$ 426,051 | \$ 776,057 |

(1) Interest on variable-rate debt obligations is calculated based on the variable rates at June 30, 2014 and includes the effect of our interest rate derivative agreements.

Capital Expenditures and Reserve Funds

We believe we maintain each of our hotels in good repair and condition and in general conformity with applicable franchise and management agreements, ground, building and air leases, laws and regulations. Our capital expenditures primarily relate to the ongoing maintenance of our hotels and are budgeted in the reserve accounts described in the following paragraph. We also incur capital expenditures for renovation and development. We invested \$65.8 million in our portfolio during the first six months of 2014. As of June 30, 2014, we have contractual construction commitments totaling \$49.2 million. If we acquire, renovate or develop additional hotels in the future, our capital expenditures will increase.

With respect to our hotels that are operated under management or franchise agreements with major national hotel brands and for all of our hotels subject to first mortgage liens, we are obligated to maintain an FF&E reserve account for future planned and emergency-related capital expenditures at these hotels. The amount funded into each of these reserve accounts is determined pursuant to the management, franchise and loan agreements for each of the respective hotels, ranging between zero and 5.0% of the respective hotel's total annual revenue. As of June 30, 2014, \$42.6 million was held in FF&E reserve accounts for future capital expenditures at the 29 hotels. According to certain loan agreements, reserve funds are to be held by the lenders or managers in restricted cash accounts, and we are not required to spend the entire amount in such reserve accounts each year.

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## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our off-balance sheet arrangement consists of our ownership interest in the Preferred Equity Investment. For further discussion of the Preferred Equity Investment and its effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, see Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

## Seasonality and Volatility

As is typical of the lodging industry, we experience some seasonality in our business as indicated in the table below. Revenue for certain of our hotels is generally affected by seasonal business patterns (e.g., the first quarter is strong in Orlando, the second quarter is strong for the Mid-Atlantic business hotels, and the fourth quarter is strong for New York City). Quarterly revenue also may be adversely affected by renovations and repositionings, our managers' effectiveness in generating business and by events beyond our control, such as extreme weather conditions, terrorist attacks or alerts, public health concerns, airline strikes or reduced airline capacity, economic factors and other considerations affecting travel. The Comparable Portfolio's first quarter and full year 2013 revenue was also impacted by the 13-fiscal period accounting calendar used by Marriott. In 2013, Marriott converted its reporting calendar from a 13-period basis to a standard 12-month basis. Since Marriott's 2012 fiscal year ended on December 28, 2012, Marriott's 2013 first quarter and calendar year contain an additional three days, December 29, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Revenues for our 29 hotel Comparable Portfolio by quarter for 2013 and 2014 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

|                                           | First<br>Quarter | Second<br>Quarter | Third<br>Quarter | Fourth<br>Quarter | Total        |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Revenues                                  |                  |                   |                  |                   |              |
| 2013 Comparable Portfolio (1)             | \$ 226,438       | \$ 279,705        | \$ 271,214       | \$ 259,226        | \$ 1,036,583 |
| 2013 Revenues as a percentage<br>of total | 21.8 %           | 27.0 %            | 26.2 %           | 25.0 %            | 100.0 %      |
| 2014 Comparable Portfolio (1)             | \$ 241,862       | \$ 299,000        |                  |                   |              |

(1) Includes all 29 hotel properties in which we have interests as of June 30, 2014. Also includes prior ownership results during 2013 for the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco before our acquisitions of the hotels.

## Inflation

Inflation may affect our expenses, including, without limitation, by increasing such costs as labor, food, taxes, property and casualty insurance and utilities.

### Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities.

We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates on historical experience, information that is currently available to us and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect the most significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

- Impairment of long-lived assets and goodwill. We periodically review each property and any related goodwill for possible impairment. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets. We perform a Level 3 analysis of fair value, using a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of our properties taking into account each property’s expected cash flow from operations, holding period and proceeds from the disposition of the property. The factors addressed in determining estimated proceeds from disposition include anticipated operating cash flow in the year of disposition and terminal capitalization rate. Our judgment is required in determining the discount rate applied to estimated cash flows, growth rate of the properties, operating income of the properties, the need for capital expenditures, as well as specific market and economic conditions.

We account for goodwill in accordance with the Intangibles — Goodwill and Other Topic of the FASB ASC, which states that goodwill has an indefinite useful life that should not be amortized but should be reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill might be impaired, as well as the Fair Value

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Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC for financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements by establishing a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The review of any potential goodwill impairment requires estimates of fair value for our properties and other assets that have goodwill arising from unallocated acquisition costs. These estimates of fair value are prepared using Level 3 measurements.

- Acquisition related assets and liabilities. Accounting for the acquisition of a hotel property or other entity as a purchase transaction requires an allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the transaction at their respective estimated fair values. The most difficult estimations of individual fair values are those involving long-lived assets, such as property, equipment, intangible assets and capital lease obligations that are assumed as part of the acquisition of a leasehold interest. During 2013, we used all available information to make these fair value determinations, and engaged independent valuation specialists to assist in the fair value determinations of the long-lived assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in our purchases of the Hilton New Orleans St. Charles, the Boston Park Plaza and the Hyatt Regency San Francisco. Due to the inherent subjectivity in determining the estimated fair value of long-lived assets, we believe that the recording of acquired assets and liabilities is a critical accounting policy.
- Depreciation and amortization expense. Depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful life of our assets. The life of the assets is based on a number of assumptions, including the cost and timing of capital expenditures to maintain and refurbish our hotels, as well as specific market and economic conditions. Hotel properties and other investments are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives primarily ranging from five to 35 years for buildings and improvements and three to 12 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. While we believe our estimates are reasonable, a change in the estimated lives could affect depreciation expense and net income or the gain or loss on the sale of any of our hotels. We have not changed the estimated useful lives of any of our assets during the periods discussed.

## New Accounting Standards and Accounting Changes

In April 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-08, "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" ("ASU No. 2014-08"). ASU No. 2014-08 raises the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. Under ASU No. 2014-08, a discontinued operation is (1) a component of an entity or group of components that has been disposed of by sale, disposed of other than by sale or is classified as held for sale that represents a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results, or (2) an acquired business or nonprofit activity that is classified as held for sale on the date of the acquisition. A strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results could include the disposal of (1) a major line of business, (2) a major geographical area (3) a major equity method investment, or (4) other major parts of an entity. ASU No. 2014-08 expands the disclosures for discontinued operations and requires new disclosures related to individually material disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation, an entity's continuing involvement with a discontinued operation following the disposal date and retained equity method investments in a discontinued operation. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective prospectively for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of



components of an entity that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within that year. Early adoption is permitted, but only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. Our early adoption of ASU No. 2014-08 in the first quarter of 2014 did not have any effect on our financial statements as we had no disposals (or classifications as held for sale) during the first six months of 2014. In the future, when we have disposals (or classifications as held for sale), we will be required to determine whether such disposal meets the discontinued operations requirements under ASU No. 2014-08. Additional disclosures may be required.

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" ("ASU No. 2014-09"). The core principal of ASU No. 2014-09 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve that core principal, an entity will need to apply a five-step model: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU No. 2014-09 will become effective during the first quarter of 2017, and will require either a full retrospective approach or a modified retrospective approach, with early adoption prohibited. We are currently evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2014-09 will have on our financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-12, "Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period" ("ASU No. 2014-12"), which requires a reporting entity to treat a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period as a performance condition. ASU 2014-12 will become effective during the first quarter of 2016. Early adoption is permitted. ASU 2014-12 may be adopted either prospectively for share-based payment awards granted or modified on or after the effective date, or retrospectively, using a modified retrospective approach. The modified retrospective approach would apply to share-based payment awards outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements on adoption, and to all new

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or modified awards thereafter. ASU No. 2014-09 will not have an effect on our financial statements unless we issue grants in the future that fall within its scope.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

To the extent that we incur debt with variable interest rates, our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market interest rates. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. We have no derivative financial instruments held for trading purposes. We use derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, interest rate risks.

As of June 30, 2014, 70.7% of our debt obligations are fixed in nature, which largely mitigates the effect of changes in interest rates on our cash interest payments. If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt increase or decrease by 100 basis points, interest expense would increase or decrease, respectively, our future cash flows by approximately \$4.1 million based on the variable rates at June 30, 2014. This increase or decrease in interest expense would increase or decrease, respectively, our future earnings by \$3.5 million, after adjusting for the non-controlling interest in the Hilton San Diego Bayfront based on the variable rates at June 30, 2014. However, increases and decreases in LIBOR rates are sometimes correlated with increases and decreases in lodging operations, which may mean that any increases in our interest expense due to higher variable rates may coincide with increases in our revenues due to higher lodging demand.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Based upon an evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures, our Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. During our fiscal quarter to which this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relates, there has not occurred any change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities:

| Period                         | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number (or Appropriate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| April 1, 2014 — April 30, 2014 | —                                | —                            | —                                                                                |                                                                                                              |
| May 1, 2014 — May 31, 2014     | —                                | —                            | —                                                                                |                                                                                                              |
| June 1, 2014 — June 30, 2014   | —                                | —                            | —                                                                                | \$ 100,000,000 (1)                                                                                           |

(1) On February 19, 2014, the Company's board of directors authorized a share repurchase plan to acquire up to \$100.0 million of the Company's common and preferred stock. As of June 30, 2014, no shares of either the Company's common or preferred stock have been repurchased. Future purchases will depend on various factors, including the Company's capital needs, as well as the Company's common and preferred stock price.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

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Item 6.Exhibits

The following Exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

| Exhibit<br>Number | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1               | Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the registration statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-117141) filed by the Company).                                                       |
| 3.2               | Amended and Restated Bylaws of Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-Q, filed by the Company on August 5, 2008).                                                                                                  |
| 3.2.1             | First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc., effective as of March 19, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K, filed by the Company on March 22, 2012).                                            |
| 3.3               | Articles Supplementary Prohibiting the Company From Electing to be Subject to Section 3-803 of the Maryland General Corporation Law Absent Shareholder Approval (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K, filed by the Company on April 29, 2013). |
| 3.4               | Form of Articles Supplementary for Series D preferred stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the registration statement on Form 8-A, filed by the Company on April 6, 2011).                                                                        |
| 10.1              | 2004 Long-Term Incentive Plan of Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc., as amended and restated May 1, 2014 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K, filed by the Company on May 5, 2014).                                                              |
| 31.1              | Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                                  |
| 31.2              | Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                                  |
| 32.1              | Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                           |
| 101.INS           | XBRL Instance Document *                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 101.SCH           | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document *                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 101.CAL           | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document *                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 101.LAB           | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document *                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 101.PRE           | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document *                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document \*

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\* Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are the following materials, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013; (iii) the Consolidated Statement of Equity for the six months ended June 30, 2014; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013; and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements that have been detail tagged.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc.

Date: August 8, 2014 By: /s/ Bryan A. Giglia  
Bryan A. Giglia  
(Chief Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)