

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

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File No. 333-

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-14

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER THE

SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

.. Pre-Effective Amendment No.

.. Post-Effective Amendment No.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL
FUND**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

333 West Wacker Drive

Chicago, Illinois 60606

(Address of Principal Executive Offices, Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code (800) 257-8787

Kevin J. McCarthy

Vice President and Secretary

Nuveen Investments

333 West Wacker Drive

Chicago, Illinois 60606

(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

Copy to:

Deborah Bielicke Eades

Vedder Price P.C.

222 North LaSalle Street

Chicago, Illinois 60601

Eric F. Fess

Chapman and Cutler LLP

111 West Monroe Street

Chicago, Illinois 60603

Approximate date of proposed public offering: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price⁽¹⁾	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Shares, \$0.01 Par Value Per Share	50,000 Shares	\$14.35 ⁽²⁾	\$717,500 ⁽²⁾	\$92.41
MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.55% Series 2015	10 Shares	\$10.00	\$100	\$0.01

- (1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee.
- (2) Net asset value per share of common shares on October 2, 2013.

The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND (NAN, NAN PrC, NAN PrD) NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC. (NNP) AND NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2 (NXK, NXK PrC) (EACH, A FUND AND COLLECTIVELY, THE FUNDS)

[], 2013

Although we recommend that you read the complete Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, for your convenience, we have provided a brief overview of the issues to be voted on.

Q. Why am I receiving the enclosed Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus?

A. You are receiving the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus in connection with the annual shareholder meetings of the Funds. The following proposals will be considered:

the election of members of each Fund's Board of Trustees or Board of Directors, as applicable (each, a Board or the Board) (the list of specific nominees is contained in the enclosed Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus); and

the reorganization of each of: (i) Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (Performance Plus); and (ii) Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (Dividend Advantage 2 and together with Performance Plus, the Target Funds or each individually, a Target Fund) into Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (the Acquiring Fund) (each, a Reorganization and together, the Reorganizations).

Proposals Regarding the Reorganizations

Q. What actions has each Fund's Board approved?

A. The Board of Nuveen's municipal closed-end funds has approved a series of mergers of single-state municipal closed-end funds, including the Reorganizations of each of Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 into the Acquiring Fund.

Q. Why has each Fund's Board recommended this proposal?

A. Each Fund's Board has determined that its respective Reorganization(s) would be in the best interests of its Fund. Each Fund's Board considered the Reorganization(s) as part of a broad initiative to rationalize the product offerings of Nuveen funds and eliminate overlapping products. The Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds have similar investment objectives and policies, substantially similar portfolio compositions and are managed by the same portfolio manager. In light of these similarities, the proposed Reorganizations are intended to reduce fund redundancies and create a single, larger state fund that may benefit from anticipated

operating efficiencies and economies of scale. The proposed Reorganizations also are intended to result in the same or lower total expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) for each Fund and the potential for economies of scale over time resulting from the larger size of the combined fund and to enhance the secondary trading market for common shares of the Acquiring Fund as a result of the greater share volume of the combined fund. As a result of differences in the cost of leverage, the projected total expenses (including leverage) of the combined fund as of the date presented in the Comparative Fee Table in the enclosed Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus were higher than total expenses (including leverage) for Performance Plus and lower than total expenses (including leverage) for the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2. However, the Funds' investment adviser believes that the greater asset size of the combined fund may provide greater flexibility in managing the structure and costs of leverage over time.

Q. What are the potential benefits of the Reorganizations to common shareholders?

A. The investment adviser to the Funds and/or each Fund's Board believe that the proposed Reorganizations are expected to offer the following potential benefits to common shareholders of the Funds:

The potential for lower fees and operating expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) over time from greater economies of scale as the combined fund's size results in a lower effective management fee rate based on managed assets and allows fixed operating expenses to be spread over a larger asset base. As stated above, the total expenses of Performance Plus (including leverage) are expected to be higher due to differences in the cost of leverage.

Improved secondary market trading for common shares as the combined fund's greater share volume is expected to result in increased market liquidity, which may lead to narrower bid-ask spreads and smaller trade-to-trade price movements.

Increased flexibility in managing the structure and costs of leverage over time, for example, by enabling the larger combined fund to simultaneously employ, or modify allocations between, fixed rate and floating rate issues as issues mature and/or as the investment adviser's market outlook changes. In contrast, a smaller stand-alone fund would likely be limited to employing one type of leverage and to smaller issues.

Q. How will preferred shareholders be affected by the Reorganizations?

A. The Acquiring Fund has two series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (MTP Shares) outstanding as of the date of the enclosed Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, and these shares will remain outstanding following the Reorganizations. Each Target Fund has one series of either Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares (VRDP Shares) or MTP Shares outstanding as of the date of the enclosed Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, preferred shareholders of each Target Fund will receive on a one-for-one basis newly issued preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund having substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares), as of the closing of the Reorganizations, as the preferred shares of the Target Fund exchanged therefor. Although the Acquiring Fund preferred shares to be issued to each Target Fund will consist of a

separate series, each such series will rank on parity with any other outstanding preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund. With respect to matters requiring all preferred shareholders to vote separately or common and preferred shareholders to vote together as a single class, following the Reorganizations, preferred shareholders of the combined fund will hold a smaller percentage of the outstanding preferred shares of the combined fund as compared to their percentage holdings of their respective Fund prior to the Reorganizations.

Q. Will the Reorganizations impact Fund distributions to common shareholders?

A. The Reorganizations are not expected to adversely impact distributions to common shareholders and are expected to result in the same or higher distribution rates for common shareholders of each Fund (as common shareholders of the combined fund following the Reorganizations) with higher distribution rates resulting from lower operating expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage).

Q. Do the Funds have similar investment objectives and policies?

A. Yes. The Funds have similar investment objectives, policies and risks and are managed by the same portfolio manager. While there are certain immaterial wording differences among the Funds' investment objectives, each Fund emphasizes: (i) investment in tax-exempt municipal securities providing current income exempt from regular federal, New York state and New York City income taxes; and (ii) the enhancement of portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market through investment in municipal securities that, in the opinion of the Fund's investment adviser, are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal markets or municipal market sectors that are undervalued. Each Fund also emphasizes investments in investment-grade municipal securities. Each Fund is a diversified, closed-end management investment company and currently engages in leverage through the issuance of preferred shares and the use of inverse floating rate securities.

Q. What proposals will shareholders of the Funds be asked to vote on in connection with the proposed Reorganizations?

A. Shareholders of each Target Fund will be asked to vote on an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, with common shareholders and preferred shareholders voting as a single class and preferred shareholders also voting separately. Shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will be asked to vote on the issuance of additional common shares in connection with the Reorganizations, with common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class and common shares also voting separately. In addition, preferred shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will be asked to vote on the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

Q. Will shareholders of the Target Funds receive new shares in exchange for their current shares?

A. Yes. Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, Target Fund shareholders will become shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. Holders of common shares of each Target Fund will receive newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, with cash being distributed in lieu of fractional common shares. The aggregate net asset value of the Acquiring Fund common shares received by Target Fund shareholders (including, for this purpose, fractional Acquiring

Fund common shares to which shareholders would be entitled) will be equal to the aggregate net asset value of the common shares of such Target Fund held as of the close of trading on the business day immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. Fractional shares will be sold on the open market and shareholders will receive cash in lieu of such fractional shares. Holders of preferred shares of each Target Fund will receive on a one-for-one basis newly issued preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund having substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares), as of the closing of the Reorganizations, as the preferred shares of the Target Fund exchanged therefor.

Current shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will remain shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. With respect to matters requiring all common shareholders to vote separately or common and preferred shareholders to vote together as a single class, following the Reorganizations, common shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will hold a smaller percentage of the outstanding common shares of the combined fund as compared to their percentage holdings of the Acquiring Fund prior to the Reorganizations.

Q. Do the Reorganizations constitute a taxable event for the Target Funds' shareholders?

A. No. Each Reorganization is intended to qualify as a tax-free reorganization for federal income tax purposes. It is expected that you will recognize no gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a direct result of the Reorganization, except that gain or loss may be recognized with respect to any cash received in lieu of fractional Acquiring Fund common shares (as described above). Prior to the closing of the Reorganizations, each Target Fund expects to declare a distribution of all of its net investment income and net capital gains, if any. All or a portion of such distribution may be taxable to a Target Fund's shareholders for federal income tax purposes. In addition, to the extent that portfolio securities of a Target Fund are sold in connection with a Reorganization, such Target Fund may realize gains or losses, which may increase or decrease the net capital gain or net investment income to be distributed by such Target Fund. However, since each Target Fund's current portfolio composition is substantially similar to that of the Acquiring Fund, it is not currently expected that any significant portfolio sales will occur solely in connection with the Reorganizations (less than 5% of the assets of each Target Fund).

Q. What will happen if the required shareholder approvals in connection with the Reorganizations are not obtained?

A. The closing of each Reorganization is contingent upon the closing of both of the Reorganizations. Because the closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon both Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund obtaining the requisite shareholder approvals and satisfying their other closing conditions, it is possible that your Fund's Reorganization(s) will not occur, even if shareholders of your Fund that are entitled to vote on the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization approve the Reorganization(s) and your Fund satisfies all of its closing conditions, if one or more of the other Funds does not obtain its requisite shareholder approvals or satisfy its closing conditions. If the requisite shareholder approvals are not obtained, each Fund's Board may take such actions as it deems in the best interests of its Fund, including conducting additional solicitations with respect to the proposals or continuing to operate the Fund as a stand-alone fund.

Q. Will shareholders of the Target Funds have to pay any fees or expenses in connection with the Reorganizations?

A. The total costs of the Reorganizations (whether or not consummated) are estimated to be \$625,000, and the estimated allocation among the Funds is as follows: \$270,000 (0.19%) for the Acquiring Fund, \$25,000 (0.01%) for Performance Plus and \$330,000 (0.33%) for Dividend Advantage 2 (all percentages are based on average net assets applicable to common shares for the twelve (12) months ended September 30, 2012). The allocation of the estimated costs of the Reorganizations is based on the relative expected benefits of the Reorganizations comprised of forecasted cost savings (excluding the costs of leverage) and distribution increases, if any, to each Fund during the first year following the Reorganizations. Common shareholders will indirectly bear the costs of the Reorganizations. Preferred shareholders will not bear any costs of the Reorganizations. The Reorganizations are intended to result in the same or lower total expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) for each Fund and the potential for economics of scale over time resulting from the larger size of the combined fund.

A shareholder's broker, dealer or other financial intermediary (each, a Financial Intermediary) may impose its own shareholder account fees for processing corporate actions which could be applicable as a result of the Reorganizations. These shareholder account fees, if applicable, are not paid or otherwise remitted to the Funds or the Funds' investment adviser. The imposition of such fees are based solely on the terms of a shareholder's account agreement with his, her or its Financial Intermediary and/or is in the discretion of the Financial Intermediary. Questions concerning any such shareholder account fees for corporate actions should be directed to a shareholder's Financial Intermediary.

Q. What is the timetable for the Reorganizations?

A. If the shareholder voting and other conditions to closing are satisfied (or waived), the Reorganizations are expected to take effect on or about February 10, 2014 or as soon as practicable thereafter.

Q. How does the Board recommend that I vote on the Reorganizations?

A. After careful consideration, the Board has determined that the Reorganizations are in the best interests of each Fund and recommends that you vote FOR your Fund's proposal(s).

General

Q. Who do I call if I have questions?

A. If you need any assistance, or have any questions regarding the proposal or how to vote your shares, please call Computershare Fund Services, the proxy solicitor hired by your Fund, at ([]) []-[] weekdays during its business hours of 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. and Saturdays 12:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Eastern time. Please have your proxy materials available when you call.

Q. How do I vote my shares?

A. You may vote by mail, by telephone or over the Internet:

To vote by mail, please mark, sign, date and mail the enclosed proxy card. No postage is required if mailed in the United States.

To vote by telephone, please call the toll-free number located on your proxy card and follow the recorded instructions, using your proxy card as a guide.

To vote over the Internet, go to the Internet address provided on your proxy card and follow the instructions, using your proxy card as a guide.

Q. Will anyone contact me?

A. You may receive a call from Computershare Fund Services, the proxy solicitor hired by your Fund, to verify that you received your proxy materials, to answer any questions you may have about the proposals and to encourage you to vote your proxy.

We recognize the inconvenience of the proxy solicitation process and would not impose on you if we did not believe that the matters being proposed were important. Once your vote has been registered with the proxy solicitor, your name will be removed from the solicitor's follow-up contact list.

Your vote is very important. We encourage you as a shareholder to participate in your Fund's governance by returning your vote as soon as possible. If enough shareholders fail to cast their votes, your Fund may not be able to hold its meeting or the vote on each issue, and will be required to incur additional solicitation costs in order to obtain sufficient shareholder participation.

[], 2013

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND (NAN, NAN PrC, NAN PrD) NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC. (NNP) AND NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2 (NXK, NXK PrC) (EACH, A FUND AND COLLECTIVELY, THE FUNDS)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON JANUARY 10, 2014

To the Shareholders:

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the Annual Meeting) of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (Dividend Advantage or the Acquiring Fund), Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (Performance Plus) and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (Dividend Advantage 2 and together with Performance Plus, the Target Funds or each individually, a Target Fund) will be held in the offices of Nuveen Investments, Inc., 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, on Friday, January 10, 2014, at 2:00 p.m., Central time, for the following purposes:

1. Election of Board Members.

(a) *For Dividend Advantage and Dividend Advantage 2:*

- (i) Four (4) Class II Board members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class. Board members Adams, Kundert, Nelson and Toth are nominees for election by all shareholders.
- (ii) Two (2) Board members are to be elected by holders of preferred shares only, voting separately. Board members Hunter and Schneider are nominees for election by holders of preferred shares.

(b) *For Performance Plus:*

- (i) Ten (10) Board members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class. Board members Adams, Bremner, Evans, Kundert, Nelson, Schreier, Stockdale, Stone, Stringer and Toth are nominees for election by all shareholders.
- (ii) Two (2) Board members are to be elected by holders of preferred shares only, voting separately. Board members Hunter and Schneider are nominees for election by holders of preferred shares.

2. Agreement and Plan of Reorganization. The shareholders of each Fund voting as set forth below, for an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization pursuant to which each Target Fund would: (i) transfer substantially all of its assets to the Acquiring Fund in

exchange solely for newly issued common shares and preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, and the Acquiring Fund's assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund; (ii) distribute such newly issued shares of the Acquiring Fund to the common shareholders and preferred shareholders of the Target Fund (with cash being distributed in lieu of fractional common shares); and (iii) liquidate, dissolve and terminate in accordance with applicable law.

(a) *For Dividend Advantage:*

The preferred shareholders voting separately to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

(b) *For Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2:*

(i) The common and preferred shareholders voting together as a single class to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

(ii) The preferred shareholders voting separately to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

3. Approval of Issuance of Additional Common Shares by the Acquiring Fund.

For Dividend Advantage:

(a) The common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each reorganization pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

(b) The common shareholders voting separately to approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each reorganization pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.

4. To transact such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting.

Only shareholders of record as of the close of business on November 11, 2013 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

All shareholders are cordially invited to attend the Annual Meeting. In order to avoid delay and additional expense for the Funds, and to assure that your shares are represented, please vote as promptly as possible, whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting. You may vote by mail, by telephone or over the Internet.

To vote by mail, please mark, sign, date and mail the enclosed proxy card. No postage is required if mailed in the United States.

To vote by telephone, please call the toll-free number located on your proxy card and follow the recorded instructions, using your proxy card as a guide.

To vote over the Internet, go to the Internet address provided on your proxy card and follow the instructions, using your proxy card as a guide.

Kevin J. McCarthy

Vice President and Secretary

The Nuveen Funds

The information contained in this Proxy Statement/Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Proxy Statement/Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION,

DATED OCTOBER 8, 2013

NUVEEN FUNDS

333 WEST WACKER DRIVE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606

(800) 257-8787

JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND (NAN, NAN PrC, NAN PrD)

NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC. (NNP)

AND

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2 (NXK, NXK PrC)

(EACH, A FUND AND COLLECTIVELY, THE FUNDS)

[], 2013

This Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus is being furnished to the common shareholders and preferred shareholders of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (Dividend Advantage or the Acquiring Fund) and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (Dividend Advantage 2), and the common shareholders of Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (Performance Plus and together with Dividend Advantage 2, the Target Funds or each individually, a Target Fund), each a closed-end management investment company, in connection with the solicitation of proxies by each Fund's Board of Trustees or Board of Directors, as applicable (each, a Board or the Board and each Trustee or Director, a Board Member), for use at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of each Fund to be held in the offices of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (Nuveen or Nuveen Investments), 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, on Friday, January 10, 2014, at 2:00 p.m., Central time, and at any and all adjournments or postponements thereof (each, an Annual Meeting and collectively, the Annual Meetings) to consider the proposals listed below and discussed in greater detail elsewhere in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. Dividend Advantage and Dividend Advantage 2 are each organized as a Massachusetts business trust. Performance Plus is organized as a Minnesota corporation. The enclosed proxy card and this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus are first being sent to shareholders of the Funds on or about [], 2013. Shareholders of record of the Funds as of the close of business on November 11, 2013 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting and any and all adjournments or postponements thereof.

This Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus explains concisely what you should know before voting on the proposals described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus or investing in the Acquiring Fund. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

The securities offered by this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), nor has the SEC passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

On the matters coming before each Annual Meeting as to which a choice has been specified by shareholders on the accompanying proxy card, the shares will be voted accordingly where such proxy card is properly executed, timely received and not properly revoked (pursuant to the instructions below). If a proxy is returned and no choice is specified, the shares will be voted **FOR** the proposals. Shareholders of a Fund who execute proxies may revoke them at any time before they are voted by filing with that Fund a written notice of revocation, by delivering a duly executed proxy bearing a later date, or by attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person. Merely attending the Annual Meeting, however, will not revoke any previously submitted proxy.

The Board has determined that the use of this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus for the Annual Meetings is in the best interests of each Fund and its shareholders in light of the similar matters being considered and voted on by shareholders.

The following table indicates the proposals of each Fund for which the votes of common shareholders of each Fund and preferred shareholders of Dividend Advantage and Dividend Advantage 2 are being solicited pursuant to this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and which shareholders are solicited to vote with respect to each matter.

		Common Shares	Preferred Shares
For Shareholders of Dividend Advantage,			
1(a)(i)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to elect four (4) Class II Board Members,	X	X
1(a)(ii)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to elect two (2) Board Members,		X
2(a)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization,		X
3(a)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each reorganization pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization,	X	X
3(b)	the common shareholders voting separately to approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each reorganization pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.	X	
For Shareholders of Performance Plus,			
1(b)(i)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to elect ten (10) Board Members,	X	X*
1(b)(ii)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to elect two (2) Board Members,		X*
2(b)(i)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization,	X	X*
2(b)(ii)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.		X*

Matter		Common Shares	Preferred Shares
For Shareholders of Dividend Advantage 2,			
1(a)(i)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to elect four (4) Class II Board Members,	X	X
1(a)(ii)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to elect two (2) Board Members,		X
2(b)(i)	the common and preferred shareholders voting as a single class to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization,	X	X
2(b)(ii)	the preferred shareholders voting separately to approve the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.		X

* Performance Plus is separately soliciting holders of its Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares (VRDP Shares) through a separate proxy statement and not through this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus on each of the foregoing proposals that require preferred shareholders to vote together with common shareholders as a single class or preferred shareholders to vote separately.

A quorum of shareholders is required to take action at each Annual Meeting. A majority of the shares entitled to vote at each Annual Meeting, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum of shareholders at that Annual Meeting, except that for the election of two Board Member nominees to be elected by holders of preferred shares of each Fund, 33 1/3% of the preferred shares entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum. Votes cast by proxy or in person at each Annual Meeting will be tabulated by the inspectors of election appointed for that Annual Meeting. The inspectors of election will determine whether or not a quorum is present at the Annual Meeting. The inspectors of election will treat abstentions and broker non-votes (i.e., shares held by brokers or nominees, typically in street name, as to which (i) instructions have not been received from the beneficial owners or persons entitled to vote and (ii) the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power on a particular matter) as present for purposes of determining a quorum.

Those persons who were shareholders of record at the close of business on November 11, 2013 will be entitled to one vote for each share held and, with respect to holders of common shares, a proportionate fractional vote for each fractional common share held.

As of November 11, 2013 the shares of the Funds issued and outstanding are as follows:

Fund (Ticker Symbol)	Common Shares⁽¹⁾	MTP Shares⁽¹⁾	VRDP Shares⁽¹⁾
Acquiring Fund (NAN)	[]	5,536,000 ⁽²⁾	
Performance Plus (NNP)	[]		890
Dividend Advantage 2 (NKK)	[]	3,789,000	

(1) The common shares of the Acquiring Fund and Performance Plus are listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), and the common shares of Dividend Advantage 2 are listed on the NYSE MKT (formerly NYSE Amex). The Acquiring Fund has two series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (MTP Shares) issued and outstanding and listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbols NAN PrC and NAN PrD, respectively. The MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 are issued in one series, also trade on the NYSE and have the ticker symbol NXX PrC. The VRDP Shares of Performance Plus are not listed on any exchange. Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, it is expected that the common shares and MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund will continue to be listed on the NYSE.

(2) Aggregate number of MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund issued and outstanding. The Acquiring Fund has two series of MTP Shares issued and outstanding: 3,000,000 2.70% Series 2015 MTP Shares (NAN PrC) and 2,536,000 2.50% Series 2016 MTP Shares (NAN PrD). The proposed reorganizations seek to combine three Funds that have similar investment objectives, policies and risks to achieve certain economies of scale and other operational efficiencies for the Funds. The Agreement and Plan of Reorganization by and among each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund provides for: (i) the Acquiring Fund's acquisition of substantially all of the assets of each Target Fund in exchange for newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, par value \$0.01 per share, and newly issued VRDP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share, or MTP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$10 per share, of the Acquiring Fund, as applicable, and the Acquiring Fund's assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of each Target Fund; and (ii) the distribution of the newly issued Acquiring Fund common shares and Acquiring Fund preferred shares received by each Target Fund to its common and preferred shareholders, respectively, as part of the liquidation, dissolution and termination of each Target Fund in accordance with applicable law (each, a Reorganization and together, the Reorganizations). The aggregate net asset value of the Acquiring Fund common shares received by each Target Fund in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate net asset value of the Target Fund common shares held by shareholders of such Target Fund as of the Valuation Time (as defined in the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization). Prior to the Valuation Time, the net asset value of each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund will be reduced by the costs of the Reorganizations borne by such Fund. No fractional Acquiring Fund common shares will be distributed to a Target Fund's common shareholders in connection with a Reorganization and, in lieu of such fractional shares, each Target Fund's common shareholders will receive cash in an amount equal to the value received for such fractional shares in the open market, which may be higher or lower than net asset value. Preferred shareholders of each Target Fund will receive the same number of Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or MTP Shares, as applicable, having substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares) as the outstanding preferred shares of the Target Fund held by such preferred shareholders immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. The aggregate liquidation preference of the Acquiring Fund preferred shares received in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the corresponding Target Fund preferred shares held immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganization.

The preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations will have equal priority with each other and with the Acquiring Fund's existing outstanding preferred shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation. In addition, the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, including the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations, will be senior in priority to the Acquiring Fund's common shares as to payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation. The Acquiring Fund will continue to operate after the Reorganizations as a registered closed-end management investment company with the investment objectives and policies described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

With respect to each Reorganization, the Reorganization is required to be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of each Target Fund's outstanding common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class, and by the affirmative vote of a majority of each Target Fund's outstanding preferred shares, also voting separately. Common and preferred

shareholders of the Acquiring Fund voting together as a single class, and common shareholders also voting separately, are being asked to approve the issuance of additional common shares of the Acquiring Fund in connection with the Reorganizations. In addition, the Reorganizations are required to be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Acquiring Fund's outstanding preferred shares, voting separately.

The closing of each Reorganization is contingent upon the closing of both of the Reorganizations. In order for the Reorganizations to occur, each Fund must obtain all requisite shareholder approvals as well as certain consents, confirmations and/or waivers from various third parties, including rating agencies with respect to outstanding preferred shares and the liquidity provider with respect to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus. Because the closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon both of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund obtaining the requisite shareholder approvals and satisfying (or obtaining the waiver of) other closing conditions, it is possible that the Reorganizations will not occur, even if shareholders of your Fund entitled to vote on the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization approve the Reorganization(s) and your Fund satisfies all of its closing conditions, if one or more of the other Funds does not obtain its requisite shareholder approvals or satisfy its closing conditions. If the requisite shareholder approvals are not obtained, each Fund's Board may take such actions as it deems in the best interest of its Fund, including conducting additional solicitations with respect to the proposals or continuing to operate the Fund as a stand-alone fund.

This Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus concisely sets forth the information shareholders of the Funds should know before voting on the proposals and constitutes an offering of common shares and MTP Shares, 2.55% Series 2015 of the Acquiring Fund only. Shareholders should read it carefully and retain it for future reference.

The following documents have been filed with the SEC and are incorporated into this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus by reference:

- (i) the Statement of Additional Information relating to the proposed Reorganizations, dated [], 2013 (the Reorganization SAI);
- (ii) the audited financial statements and related independent registered public accounting firm's report for the Acquiring Fund and the financial highlights for the Acquiring Fund contained in the Fund's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012;
- (iii) the audited financial statements and related independent registered public accounting firm's report for each Target Fund and the financial highlights for each Target Fund contained in the Fund's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012;
- (iv) the unaudited financial statements for the Acquiring Fund contained in the Fund's Semi-Annual Report for the fiscal period ended March 31, 2013; and
- (v) the unaudited financial statements for each Target Fund contained in the Fund's Semi-Annual Report for the fiscal period ended March 31, 2013.

No other parts of the Funds' Annual or Semi-Annual Reports are incorporated by reference herein.

Copies of the foregoing may be obtained without charge by calling (800) 257-8787 or writing the Funds at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606. If you wish to request a copy of the

Reorganization SAI, please ask for the Reorganization SAI. In addition, the Acquiring Fund will furnish, without charge, a copy of its most recent Annual Report or Semi-Annual Report to a shareholder upon request. Any such request should be directed to the Acquiring Fund by calling (800) 257-8787 or by writing the Acquiring Fund at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

The Funds are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), and the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act), and in accordance therewith file reports and other information with the SEC. Reports, proxy statements, registration statements and other information filed by the Funds, including the Registration Statement on Form N-14 relating to the common shares and MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund of which this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus is a part, may be inspected without charge and copied (for a duplication fee at prescribed rates) at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 or at the SEC's New York Regional Office (3 World Financial Center, Suite 400, New York, New York 10281) or Chicago Regional Office (175 W. Jackson Boulevard, Suite 900, Chicago, Illinois 60604). You may call the SEC at (202) 551-8090 for information about the operation of the public reference room. You may obtain copies of this information, with payment of a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Branch, Office of Consumer Affairs and Information Services, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also access reports and other information about the Funds on the EDGAR database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The common shares of the Acquiring Fund and Performance Plus are listed on the NYSE, and the common shares of Dividend Advantage 2 are listed on the NYSE MKT. The MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are listed on the NYSE. The VRDP Shares of Performance Plus are not listed on any exchange. Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, it is expected that the common shares and MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund will continue to be listed on the NYSE. Reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Funds can be inspected at the offices of the NYSE and NYSE MKT, 11 Wall Street, New York, New York 10005.

This Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus serves as a prospectus of the Acquiring Fund in connection with the issuance of the Acquiring Fund common shares in each Reorganization and the issuance of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares in the Reorganization of Dividend Advantage 2. In this connection, no person has been authorized to give any information or make any representation not contained in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and, if so given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which, or to any person to whom, it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

[], 2013

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND (NAN, NAN PrC, NAN PrD)

NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC. (NNP)

AND

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2 (NXK, NXK PrC)

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PROPOSAL NO. 1 THE ELECTION OF BOARD MEMBERS

(COMMON SHAREHOLDERS OF EACH FUND AND PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS OF DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE AND DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE 2)

Dividend Advantage and Dividend Advantage 2

Pursuant to the organizational documents of each of Dividend Advantage and Dividend Advantage 2 (each, a Massachusetts Fund), the Board is divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III, to be elected by the holders of the outstanding common shares and any outstanding preferred shares, voting together as a single class, to serve until the third succeeding annual meeting subsequent to their election or thereafter, in each case until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Under normal circumstances, holders of preferred shares, voting separately as a single class, are entitled to elect two (2) Board Members. The Board Members elected by holders of preferred shares will be elected to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.

a. For each Massachusetts Fund:

- (i) four (4) Board Members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class. Board Members Adams, Kundert, Nelson and Toth have been designated as Class II Board Members and are nominees for election at the Annual Meeting to serve for a term expiring at the 2017 annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Board Members Bremner, Evans, Schreier, Stockdale, Stone and Stringer are current and continuing Board Members. Board Members Stockdale, Stone and Stringer have been designated as Class I Board Members to serve for a term expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders in 2016 or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Board Members Bremner, Evans and Schreier have been designated as Class III Board Members to serve for a term expiring at the annual meeting of shareholders in 2015 or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.
- (ii) two (2) Board Members are to be elected by holders of preferred shares, voting separately. Board Members Hunter and Schneider are nominees for election by holders of preferred shares to serve for a term expiring at the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.

Performance Plus

At the Annual Meeting of Performance Plus (or the Minnesota Fund), Board Members are to be elected to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Under the terms of the Minnesota Fund s organizational documents, under normal circumstances, holders of preferred shares, voting separately, are entitled to elect two (2) Board Members, and the remaining Board Members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class.

b. For the Minnesota Fund:

- (i) ten (10) Board Members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class. Board Members Adams,

Bremner, Evans, Kundert, Nelson, Schreier, Stockdale, Stone, Stringer and Toth are nominees for election by all shareholders.

- (ii) two (2) Board Members are to be elected by the holders of preferred shares only, voting separately. Board Members Hunter and Schneider are nominees for election by holders of preferred shares.

It is the intention of the persons named in the enclosed proxy to vote the shares represented thereby for the election of the nominees listed in the table below unless the proxy is marked otherwise. Each of the nominees has agreed to serve as a Board Member of each Fund if elected. However, should any nominee become unable or unwilling to accept nomination for election, the proxies will be voted for substitute nominees, if any, designated by that Fund's present Board.

For each Massachusetts Fund, Board Members Kundert and Toth were last elected to the Fund's Board as Class II Board Members at the annual meeting of shareholders held on May 6, 2011. Effective September 1, 2013, each of Messrs. Adams and Nelson, who are nominees for election as Class II Board Members, was appointed as a Board Member and designated as a Class II Board Member with respect to each Massachusetts Fund. Board Members Bremner and Evans were last elected to each Fund's Board as Class III Board Members at the annual meeting of shareholders held on March 30, 2012 and adjourned to May 8, 2012. Effective September 1, 2013, Mr. Schreier was appointed as a Board Member and designated as a Class III Board Member for each Massachusetts Fund. Board Members Stockdale, Stone and Stringer were last elected to each Massachusetts Fund's Board as Class I Board Members at the annual meeting of shareholders held on April 3, 2013. Board Members Hunter and Schneider were last elected by holders of preferred shares at the annual meeting of shareholders held on April 3, 2013.

For Performance Plus, each Board Member, with the exception of Board Members Adams, Nelson and Schreier, was last elected to the Fund's Board at the annual meeting of shareholders held on April 3, 2013. Effective September 1, 2013, each of Messrs. Adams, Nelson and Schreier, who are nominees for election by holders of common and preferred shares of Performance Plus, was appointed as a Board Member for Performance Plus.

Other than Messrs. Adams and Schreier (for all Funds), each of the Board Members and Board Member nominees is not an interested person, as defined in the 1940 Act, of the Funds or of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (Nuveen Fund Advisors or the Adviser), the investment adviser to each Fund, and has never been an employee or director of Nuveen Investments, the Adviser's parent company, or any affiliate. Accordingly, such Board Members are deemed Independent Board Members.

For each Fund, the affirmative vote of a plurality of the shares present and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting will be required to elect the Board Members of that Fund. For purposes of determining the approval of the proposal to elect nominees for each Fund, abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the election of Board Members.

The Board unanimously recommends that shareholders vote FOR the election of each Board Member identified in the table below as having an Annual Term or designated as a Class II Board Member.

Board Nominees/Board Members

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Nominees/Board Members who are not interested persons of the Funds					
William J. Schneider ⁽²⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1944	Chairman of the Board; Board Member	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1996, Chairman of the Board Since July 1, 2013	Chairman of Miller-Valentine Partners Ltd., a real estate investment company; Board Member of Mid-America Health System, of Tech Town, Inc., a not-for-profit community development company, and of WDPR Public Radio Station; formerly, Senior Partner and Chief Operating Officer (retired, 2004) of Miller-Valentine Group; formerly, Director, Dayton Development Coalition; formerly, Board Member, Business Advisory Council, Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank and University of Dayton Business School Advisory Council.	211	None
Robert P. Bremner c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1940	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015 Length of Service: Since 1996; Chairman of the Board (2008-July 1, 2013); Lead Independent Director (2005-2008)	Private Investor and Management Consultant; Treasurer and Director, Humanities Council of Washington, D.C.; Board Member, Independent Directors Council affiliated with the Investment Company Institute.	211	None

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
<p>Jack B. Evans c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1948</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015</p>	<p>President, The Hall-Perrine Foundation, a private philanthropic corporation (since 1996); Director, Source Media Group; Life Trustee of Coe College and Iowa College Foundation; formerly, Director, Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago; formerly, President and Chief Operating Officer, SCI Financial Group, Inc., a regional financial services firm; formerly, Member and President Pro Tem of the Board of Regents for the State of Iowa University System.</p>	<p>211</p>	<p>Director and Chairman, United Fire Group, a publicly held company; formerly, Director, Alliant Energy.</p>
<p>William C. Hunter c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1948</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2004</p>	<p>Dean Emeritus (since June 30, 2012), formerly, Dean (2006-2012), Tippie College of Business, University of Iowa; Director (since 2005) and President (since July 2012), Beta Gamma Sigma, Inc., The International Business Honor Society; Director of Wellmark, Inc. (since 2009); formerly, Director (1997-2007), Credit Research Center at Georgetown University; formerly, Dean and Distinguished Professor of Finance, School of Business at the University of Connecticut (2003-2006); previously, Senior Vice President and Director of Research at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (1995-2003).</p>	<p>211</p>	<p>Director (since 2004) of Xerox Corporation.</p>

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
<p>David J. Kundert c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1942</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2005</p>	<p>Formerly, Director, Northwestern Mutual Wealth Management Company (2006-2013); retired (since 2004) as Chairman, JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, President and CEO, Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation, and President, One Group Mutual Funds; prior thereto, Executive Vice President, Bank One Corporation and Chairman and CEO, Banc One Investment Management Group; Regent Emeritus, Member of Investment Committee, Luther College; Member of the Wisconsin Bar Association; Member of Board of Directors, Friends of Boerner Botanical Gardens; Member of Board of Directors and Chair of Investment Committee, Greater Milwaukee Foundation; Member of the Board of Directors (Milwaukee), College Possible.</p>	<p>211</p>	<p>None</p>

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
<p>John K. Nelson c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2013</p>	<p>Senior external advisor to the financial services practice of Deloitte Consulting LLP (since 2012); Member of Board of Directors of Core12 LLC (since 2008), a private firm which develops branding, marketing and communications strategies for clients; Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Marian University (since 2010 as trustee, 2011 as Chairman); Director of The Curran Center for Catholic American Studies (since 2009) and The President's Council, Fordham University (since 2010); formerly, Chief Executive Officer of ABN AMRO N.V. North America, and Global Head of its Financial Markets Division (2007-2008); prior senior positions held at ABN AMRO include Corporate Executive Vice President and Head of Global Markets the Americas (2006-2007), CEO of Wholesale Banking North America and Global Head of Foreign Exchange and Futures Markets (2001-2006), and Regional Commercial Treasurer and Senior Vice President Trading North America (1996-2001); formerly, Trustee at St. Edmund Preparatory School in New York City.</p>	<p>211</p>	<p>None</p>

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Judith M. Stockdale c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016	Formerly, Executive Director (1994-2012), Gaylord and Dorothy Donnelley Foundation; prior thereto, Executive Director, Great Lakes Protection Fund (1990-1994).	211	None
1947		Length of Service: Since 1997			
Carole E. Stone c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016	Director, Chicago Board Options Exchange, Inc. (since 2006); Director, C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated (since 2009); formerly, Commissioner, New York State Commission on Public Authority Reform (2005-2010); formerly, Chair, New York Racing Association Oversight Board (2005-2007).	211	Director, CBOE Holdings, Inc. (since 2010).
1947		Length of Service: Since 2007			
Virginia L. Stringer c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016	Board Member, Mutual Fund Directors Forum; former Member, Governing Board, Institute s Independent Directors Council; Governance consultant and non-profit board member; former Owner and President, Strategic Management Resources, Inc. a management consulting firm; previously, held several executive positions in general management, marketing and human resources at IBM and The Pillsbury Company.	211	Previously, Independent Director (1987-2010) and Chair (1997-2010), First American Fund Complex.
1944		Length of Service: Since 2011			

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Terence J. Toth ⁽³⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1959	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2008	Managing Partner, Promus Capital (since 2008); Director, Fulcrum IT Service LLC (since 2010), Quality Control Corporation (since 2012) and LogicMark LLC (since 2012); formerly, Director, Legal & General Investment Management America, Inc. (2008-2013); formerly, CEO and President, Northern Trust Global Investments (2004-2007); Executive Vice President, Quantitative Management & Securities Lending (2000-2004); prior thereto, various positions with Northern Trust Company (since 1994); Member, Chicago Fellowship Board (since 2005), Catalyst Schools of Chicago Board (since 2008) and Mather Foundation Board (since 2012) and a member of its investment committee; formerly, Member, Northern Trust Mutual Funds Board (2005-2007), Northern Trust Global Investments Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Japan Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Securities Inc. Board (2003-2007) and Northern Trust Hong Kong Board (1997-2004).	211	None

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
William Adams IV ⁽⁴⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1955	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2013	Senior Executive Vice President, Global Structured Products of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (since 2010); Co- President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (since 2011); President (since 2011), formerly, Managing Director (2010-2011), of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; Board Member of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and of Gilda's Club Chicago; formerly, Executive Vice President, U.S. Structured Products, of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (1999-2010).	138	None
Thomas S. Schreier, Jr. ⁽⁴⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015 Length of Service: Since 2013	Vice Chairman, Wealth Management of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (since 2011); Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Chairman of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); Co-Chief Executive Officer of Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2011); Member of the Board of Governors and Chairman's Council of the Investment Company Institute; formerly, Chief Executive Officer (2000-2010) and Chief Investment Officer (2007-2010) of FAF Advisors, Inc.; formerly, President of First American Funds (2001-2010).	138	None

(1) Length of Time Served indicates the year in which the individual became a Board Member of a fund in the Nuveen fund complex.

- (2) Mr. Schneider is one of several owners and managing members in two limited liability companies and a general partner and one member of the governing body of a general partnership, each engaged in real estate ownership activities. In connection with their ordinary course of investment activities, court appointed receivers have been named for certain individual properties owned by such entities. The individual properties for which a receiver has been appointed represent an immaterial portion of the portfolio assets owned by these entities.
- (3) Mr. Toth serves as a director on the Board of Directors of the Mather Foundation (the Foundation) and is a member of its investment committee. The Foundation is the parent of the Mather LifeWays organization, a non-profit charitable organization. Prior to Mr. Toth joining the Board of the Foundation, the Foundation selected Gresham Investment Management (Gresham), an affiliate of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC, to manage a portion of the Foundation's investment portfolio, and pursuant to this selection, the Foundation has invested that portion of its investment portfolio in a private commodity pool managed by Gresham.
- (4) Mr. Adams and Mr. Schreier are interested persons as defined in the 1940 Act, by reason of their positions with Nuveen Investments, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries.

The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by each Board Member in each Fund and all Nuveen funds overseen by the Board Member as of September 30, 2013 is set forth in Appendix C. The number of shares of each Fund beneficially owned by each Board Member and by the Board Members and officers of the Funds as a group as of September 30, 2013 is set forth in Appendix C. As of September 30, 2013, Board Members and executive officers as a group beneficially owned approximately 1.2 million shares of all funds managed by the Adviser (including shares held by the Board Members through the Deferred Compensation Plan for Independent Board Members and by executive officers in Nuveen's 401(k)/profit sharing plan), and each Board Member's individual beneficial shareholdings of each Fund constituted less than 1% of the outstanding shares of each Fund. As of September 30, 2013, the Board Members and executive officers as a group beneficially owned less than 1% of the outstanding shares of each Fund. Information regarding beneficial owners of more than 5% of any class of shares of any Fund is provided under General Information Shareholders of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds.

Compensation

Effective January 1, 2013, Independent Board Members receive a \$140,000 annual retainer plus: (a) a fee of \$4,500 per day for attendance in person or by telephone at regularly scheduled meetings of the Board; (b) a fee of \$3,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at special, non-regularly scheduled meetings of the Board where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (c) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Audit Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (d) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (e) a fee of \$1,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Dividend Committee meetings; (f) a fee of \$500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at all other committee meetings (\$1,000 for shareholder meetings) where in-person attendance is required and \$250 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such committee meetings (excluding shareholder meetings) where in-person attendance is not required, and \$100 per meeting when the Executive Committee acts as pricing committee for IPOs, plus, in each case, expenses incurred in attending such meetings, provided that no fees are received for meetings held on days on which regularly scheduled Board meetings are held; and (g) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in

person or by telephone at Closed-End Funds Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; provided that no fees are received for meetings held on days on which regularly scheduled Board meetings are held. In addition to the payments described above, the Chairman of the Board receives \$75,000, the chairpersons of the Audit Committee, the Dividend Committee, the Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee and the Closed-End Funds Committee receive \$12,500 each and the chairperson of the Nominating and Governance Committee receives \$5,000 as additional retainers. Independent Board Members also receive a fee of \$3,000 per day for site visits to entities that provide services to the Nuveen funds on days on which no Board meeting is held. When ad hoc committees are organized, the Nominating and Governance Committee will at the time of formation determine compensation to be paid to the members of such committee; however, in general, such fees will be \$1,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at ad hoc committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$500 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required. The annual retainer, fees and expenses are allocated among the Nuveen funds on the basis of relative net assets, although management may, in its discretion, establish a minimum amount to be allocated to each fund.

The Funds do not have retirement or pension plans. Certain Nuveen funds (the Participating Funds) participate in a deferred compensation plan (the Deferred Compensation Plan) that permits an Independent Board Member to elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of his or her compensation as an Independent Board Member. The deferred compensation of a participating Independent Board Member is credited to a book reserve account of the Participating Fund when the compensation would otherwise have been paid to such Independent Board Member. The value of the Independent Board Member's deferral account at any time is equal to the value that the account would have had if contributions to the account had been invested and reinvested in shares of one or more of the eligible Nuveen funds. At the time for commencing distributions from an Independent Board Member's deferral account, the Independent Board Member may elect to receive distributions in a lump sum or over a period of five years. The Participating Fund will not be liable for any other fund's obligations to make distributions under the Deferred Compensation Plan.

The Funds have no employees. The officers of the Funds and the Board Member of each Fund who is not an Independent Board Member serve without any compensation from the Funds.

The table below shows, for each Independent Board Member, the aggregate compensation paid by each Fund to each Board Member nominee for its [last fiscal year for which such information is available]:

Aggregate Compensation from the Funds⁽¹⁾

Fund	Robert P. Bremner	Jack B. Evans	William C. Hunter	David J. Kundert	John K. Nelson ⁽³⁾	William J. Schneider	Judith M. Stockdale	Carole E. Stone	Virginia L. Stringer	Terence J. Toth
Dividend Advantage	\$ 717	\$ 536	\$ 496	\$ 532	\$	\$ 588	\$ 536	\$ 548	\$ 496	\$ 577
Performance Plus	1,210	916	884	940		998	934	921	833	970
Dividend Advantage 2	497	371	344	369		408	371	380	344	400
Total Compensation from Nuveen Funds Paid to Board Members/Nominees ⁽²⁾	\$ 343,204	\$ 262,670	\$ 240,509	\$ 267,712	\$	\$ 284,299	\$ 261,411	\$ 263,100	\$ 248,600	\$ 298,475

(1) Includes deferred fees. Pursuant to a deferred compensation agreement with certain of the Funds, deferred amounts are treated as though an equivalent dollar amount has been invested in shares of one or more

Participating Funds. Total deferred fees for the Funds (including the return from the assumed investment in the Participating Funds) payable are:

Fund	Robert P. Bremner	Jack B. Evans	William C. Hunter	David J. Kundert	John K. Nelson ⁽³⁾	William J. Schneider	Judith M. Stockdale	Carole E. Stone	Virginia L. Stringer	Terence J. Toth
Dividend Advantage	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Performance Plus	186	241	483	940		515	572			
Dividend Advantage 2										

- (2) Based on the total compensation paid, including deferred fees (including the return from the assumed investment in the eligible Nuveen funds), to the Board Members for the calendar year ended December 31, 2012 for services to the Nuveen open-end and closed-end funds advised by the Adviser.
- (3) Mr. Nelson was appointed as a Board Member of each Fund effective September 1, 2013 and was not a Board Member during [the fiscal year for which the information in the tables is provided.]

Board Leadership Structure and Risk Oversight

The Board of each Fund oversees the operations and management of the Fund, including the duties performed for the Funds by the Adviser. The Board has adopted a unitary board structure. A unitary board consists of one group of directors who serve on the board of every fund in the complex. In adopting a unitary board structure, the Board Members seek to provide effective governance through establishing a board, the overall composition of which will, as a body, possess the appropriate skills, independence and experience to oversee the Funds' business. With this overall framework in mind, when the Board, through its Nominating and Governance Committee discussed below, seeks nominees for the Board, the Board Members consider, not only the candidate's particular background, skills and experience, among other things, but also whether such background, skills and experience enhance the Board's diversity and at the same time complement the Board given its current composition and the mix of skills and experiences of the incumbent Board Members. The Nominating and Governance Committee believes that the Board generally benefits from diversity of background, experience and views among its members, and considers this a factor in evaluating the composition of the Board, but has not adopted any specific policy on diversity or any particular definition of diversity.

The Board believes the unitary board structure enhances good and effective governance, particularly given the nature of the structure of the investment company complex. Funds in the same complex generally are served by the same service providers and personnel and are governed by the same regulatory scheme which raises common issues that must be addressed by the Board Members across the fund complex (such as compliance, valuation, liquidity, brokerage, trade allocation or risk management). The Board believes it is more efficient to have a single board review and oversee common policies and procedures which increases the Board's knowledge and expertise with respect to the many aspects of fund operations that are complex-wide in nature. The unitary structure also enhances the Board's influence and oversight over the Adviser and other service providers.

In an effort to enhance the independence of the Board, the Board also has a Chairman that is an Independent Board Member. The Board recognizes that a chairman can perform an important role in setting the agenda for the Board, establishing the boardroom culture, establishing a point person on behalf of the Board for Fund management, and reinforcing the Board's focus on the long-term interests of shareholders. The Board recognizes that a chairman may be able to better perform these functions without any conflicts of interests arising from a position with Fund management. Accordingly, the Board Members have elected William J. Schneider as the independent Chairman of the Board, effective July 1, 2013. Specific responsibilities of the Chairman include: (i) presiding at all meetings of

the Board and of the shareholders; (ii) seeing that all orders and resolutions of the Board Members are carried into effect; and (iii) maintaining records of and, whenever necessary, certifying all proceedings of the Board Members and the shareholders.

Although the Board has direct responsibility over various matters (such as advisory contracts, underwriting contracts and Fund performance), the Board also exercises certain of its oversight responsibilities through several committees that it has established and which report back to the full Board. The Board believes that a committee structure is an effective means to permit Board Members to focus on particular operations or issues affecting the Funds, including risk oversight. More specifically, with respect to risk oversight, the Board has delegated matters relating to valuation and compliance to certain committees (as summarized below) as well as certain aspects of investment risk. In addition, the Board believes that the periodic rotation of Board Members among the different committees allows the Board Members to gain additional and different perspectives of a Fund's operations. The Board has established six standing committees: the Executive Committee, the Dividend Committee, the Audit Committee, the Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee, the Nominating and Governance Committee and the Closed-End Funds Committee. The Board may also from time to time create ad hoc committees to focus on particular issues as the need arises. The membership and functions of the standing committees are summarized below.

The Executive Committee, which meets between regular meetings of the Board, is authorized to exercise all of the powers of the Board. The members of the Executive Committee are William J. Schneider, Chair, William Adams IV and Judith M. Stockdale. The number of Executive Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The Dividend Committee is authorized to declare distributions on each Fund's shares including, but not limited to, regular and special dividends, capital gains and ordinary income distributions. The members of the Dividend Committee are Jack B. Evans, Chair, Judith M. Stockdale and Terence J. Toth. The number of Dividend Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The Closed-End Funds Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in the oversight and monitoring of the Nuveen Funds that are registered as closed-end management investment companies (Closed-End Funds). The committee may review and evaluate matters related to the formation and the initial presentation to the Board of any new Closed-End Fund and may review and evaluate any matters relating to any existing Closed-End Fund. The committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board. The members of the Closed-End Funds Committee are Carole E. Stone, Chair, Robert P. Bremner, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, John K. Nelson and William J. Schneider. The number of Closed-End Funds Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The Board has an Audit Committee, in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act, that is composed of Independent Board Members who are also independent as that term is defined in the listing standards pertaining to closed-end funds of the NYSE or NYSE MKT, as applicable. The Audit Committee assists the Board in: the oversight and monitoring of the accounting and reporting policies, processes and practices of the Funds, and the audits of the financial statements of the Funds; the quality and integrity of the financial statements of the Funds; the Funds' compliance with legal and regulatory requirements relating to the Funds' financial statements; the independent

auditors' qualifications, performance and independence; and the pricing procedures of the Funds and the internal valuation group of Nuveen. It is the responsibility of the Audit Committee to select, evaluate and replace any independent auditors (subject only to Board and, if applicable, shareholder ratification) and to determine their compensation. The Audit Committee is also responsible for, among other things, overseeing the valuation of securities comprising the Funds' portfolios. Subject to the Board's general supervision of such actions, the Audit Committee addresses any valuation issues, oversees the Funds' pricing procedures and actions taken by Nuveen's internal valuation group which provides regular reports to the committee, reviews any issues relating to the valuation of the Funds' securities brought to its attention, and considers the risks to the Funds in assessing the possible resolutions of these matters. The Audit Committee may also consider any financial risk exposures for the Funds in conjunction with performing its functions.

To fulfill its oversight duties, the Audit Committee receives annual and semi-annual reports and has regular meetings with the external auditors for the Funds and the internal audit group at Nuveen. The Audit Committee also may review, in a general manner, the processes the Board or other Board committees have in place with respect to risk assessment and risk management as well as compliance with legal and regulatory matters relating to the Funds' financial statements. The Audit Committee operates under a written Audit Committee Charter (the "Charter") adopted and approved by the Board, which Charter conforms to the listing standards of the NYSE or NYSE MKT, as applicable. Members of the Audit Committee are independent (as set forth in the Charter) and free of any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board Members, would interfere with their exercise of independent judgment as an Audit Committee member. The members of the Audit Committee are David J. Kundert, Chair, Robert P. Bremner, William J. Schneider, Carole E. Stone and Terence J. Toth, each of whom is an Independent Board Member of the Funds. A copy of the Charter is attached as Appendix F. The number of Audit Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee (the "Compliance Committee") is responsible for the oversight of compliance issues, risk management and other regulatory matters affecting the Funds that are not otherwise under or within the jurisdiction of the other committees. The Board has adopted and periodically reviews policies and procedures designed to address the Funds' compliance and risk matters. As part of its duties, the Compliance Committee: reviews the policies and procedures relating to compliance matters and recommends modifications thereto as necessary or appropriate to the full Board; develops new policies and procedures as new regulatory matters affecting the Funds arise from time to time; evaluates or considers any comments or reports from examinations from regulatory authorities and responds thereto; and performs any special reviews, investigations or other oversight responsibilities relating to risk management, compliance and/or regulatory matters as requested by the Board.

In addition, the Compliance Committee is responsible for risk oversight, including, but not limited to, the oversight of risks related to investments and operations. Such risks include, among other things, exposures to: particular issuers, market sectors, or types of securities; risks related to product structure elements, such as leverage; and techniques that may be used to address those risks, such as hedging and swaps. In assessing issues brought to the Compliance Committee's attention or in reviewing a particular policy, procedure, investment technique or strategy, the Compliance Committee evaluates the risks to the Funds in adopting a particular approach or resolution compared to the anticipated benefits to the Funds and their shareholders. In fulfilling its obligations, the Compliance Committee meets on a quarterly basis, and at least once a year in person. The Compliance Committee

receives written and oral reports from the Funds' Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) and meets privately with the CCO at each of its quarterly meetings. The CCO also provides an annual report to the full Board regarding the operations of the Funds' and other service providers' compliance programs as well as any recommendations for modifications thereto. The Compliance Committee also receives reports from the investment services group of Nuveen regarding various investment risks. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the full Board also participates in discussions with management regarding certain matters relating to investment risk, such as the use of leverage and hedging. The investment services group therefore also reports to the full Board at its quarterly meetings regarding, among other things, Fund performance and the various drivers of such performance. Accordingly, the Board directly and/or in conjunction with the Compliance Committee oversees matters relating to investment risks. Matters not addressed at the committee level are addressed directly by the full Board. The Compliance Committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board. The members of the Compliance Committee are Judith M. Stockdale, Chair, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, John K. Nelson, William J. Schneider and Virginia L. Stringer. The number of Compliance Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for seeking, identifying and recommending to the Board qualified candidates for election or appointment to the Board. In addition, the Nominating and Governance Committee oversees matters of corporate governance, including the evaluation of Board performance and processes, the assignment and rotation of committee members, and the establishment of corporate governance guidelines and procedures, to the extent necessary or desirable, and matters related thereto. Although the unitary and committee structure has been developed over the years and the Nominating and Governance Committee believes the structure has provided efficient and effective governance, the committee recognizes that, as demands on the Board evolve over time (such as through an increase in the number of funds overseen or an increase in the complexity of the issues raised), the committee must continue to evaluate the Board and committee structures and their processes and modify the foregoing as may be necessary or appropriate to continue to provide effective governance. Accordingly, the Nominating and Governance Committee has a separate meeting each year to, among other things, review the Board and committee structures, their performance and functions, and recommend any modifications thereto or alternative structures or processes that would enhance the Board's governance over the Funds' business.

In addition, the Nominating and Governance Committee, among other things: makes recommendations concerning the continuing education of Board Members; monitors performance of legal counsel and other service providers; establishes and monitors a process by which security holders are able to communicate in writing with Board Members; and periodically reviews and makes recommendations about any appropriate changes to Board Member compensation. In the event of a vacancy on the Board, the Nominating and Governance Committee receives suggestions from various sources, including shareholders, as to suitable candidates. Suggestions should be sent in writing to Lorna Ferguson, Manager of Fund Board Relations, Nuveen Investments, 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606. The Nominating and Governance Committee sets appropriate standards and requirements for nominations for new Board Members and each nominee is evaluated using the same standards. However, the Nominating and Governance Committee reserves the right to interview any and all candidates and to make the final selection of any new Board Members. In considering a candidate's qualifications, each candidate must meet certain basic requirements, including relevant skills and experience, time availability (including the time requirements for due diligence site visits to internal and external sub-advisers and service providers) and, if qualifying as an Independent Board Member candidate, independence from the Adviser, sub-advisers, underwriters or other service

providers, including any affiliates of these entities. These skill and experience requirements may vary depending on the current composition of the Board, since the goal is to ensure an appropriate range of skills, diversity and experience, in the aggregate. Accordingly, the particular factors considered and weight given to these factors will depend on the composition of the Board and the skills and backgrounds of the incumbent Board Member at the time of consideration of the nominees. All candidates, however, must meet high expectations of personal integrity, independence, governance experience and professional competence. All candidates must be willing to be critical within the Board and with management and yet maintain a collegial and collaborative manner toward other Board Members. The Nominating and Governance Committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board, a copy of which is available on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com/CEF/Shareholder/FundGovernance.aspx, and is composed entirely of Independent Board Members, who are also independent as defined by NYSE or NYSE MKT listing standards, as applicable. Accordingly, the members of the Nominating and Governance Committee are Robert P. Bremner, Chair, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, David J. Kundert, John K. Nelson, William J. Schneider, Judith M. Stockdale, Carole E. Stone, Virginia L. Stringer and Terence J. Toth. The number of Nominating and Governance Committee meetings of each Fund held during its last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D.

The number of regular quarterly meetings and special meetings held by the Board of each Fund during the Fund's last fiscal year is shown in Appendix D. During the last fiscal year, each Board Member attended 75% or more of each Fund's Board meetings and the committee meetings (if a member thereof) held during the period for which such Board Member was a Board Member. The policy of the Board relating to attendance by Board Members at annual meetings of the Funds and the number of Board Members who attended the last annual meeting of shareholders of each Fund is posted on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com/CEF/Shareholder/FundGovernance.aspx.

Board Diversification and Board Member Qualifications. In determining that a particular Board Member was qualified to serve on the Board, the Board considers each Board Member's background, skills, experience and other attributes in light of the composition of the Board with no particular factor controlling. The Board believes that Board Members need to have the ability to critically review, evaluate, question and discuss information provided to them, and to interact effectively with Fund management, service providers and counsel, in order to exercise effective business judgment in the performance of their duties, and the Board believes each Board Member satisfies this standard. An effective Board Member may achieve this ability through his or her educational background; business, professional training or practice; public service or academic positions; experience from service as a board member or executive of investment funds, public companies or significant private or not-for-profit entities or other organizations; and/or other life experiences. Accordingly, set forth below is a summary of the experiences, qualifications, attributes, and skills that led to the conclusion, as of the date of this document, that each Board Member should serve in that capacity. References to the experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills of Board Members are pursuant to requirements of the SEC, do not constitute holding out the Board or any Board Member as having any special expertise or experience and shall not impose any greater responsibility or liability on any such person or on the Board by reason thereof.

William Adams IV

Mr. Adams, an interested Board Member of the Funds, has been Senior Executive Vice President, Global Structured Products of Nuveen Investments since November 2010. Mr. Adams has also served as Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC since January 2011. Prior to that, he was

Executive Vice President, U.S. Structured Products from December 1999 until November 2010 and served as Managing Director of Structured Investments from September 1997 to December 1999 and Vice President and Manager, Corporate Marketing from August 1994 to September 1997. Mr. Adams earned his Bachelor degree from Yale University and his Masters of Business Administration (MBA) from the University of Chicago's Graduate School of Business. He is an Associate Fellow of Yale's Timothy Dwight College and is currently on the Board of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and of Gilda's Club Chicago.

Robert P. Bremner

Mr. Bremner is a private investor and management consultant in Washington, D.C. His biography of William McChesney Martin, Jr., a former chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, was published by Yale University Press in November 2004. From 1994 to 1997, he was a Senior Vice President at Samuels International Associates, an international consulting firm specializing in governmental policies, where he served in a part-time capacity. Previously, Mr. Bremner was a partner in the LBK Investors Partnership and was chairman and majority stockholder with ITC Investors Inc., both private investment firms. He currently serves on the Board and as Treasurer of the Humanities Council of Washington D.C. and is a Board Member of the Independent Directors Council affiliated with the Investment Company Institute. From 1984 to 1996, Mr. Bremner was an independent trustee of the Flagship Funds, a group of municipal open-end funds. He began his career at the World Bank in Washington D.C. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from Yale University and received his MBA from Harvard University.

Jack B. Evans

President of the Hall-Perrine Foundation, a private philanthropic corporation, since 1996, Mr. Evans was formerly President and Chief Operating Officer of the SCI Financial Group, Inc., a regional financial services firm headquartered in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Formerly, he was a member of the Board of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, a Director of Alliant Energy and a Member and President Pro Tem of the Board of Regents for the State of Iowa University System. Mr. Evans is Chairman of the Board of United Fire Group, sits on the Board of the Source Media Group and is a Life Trustee of Coe College. He has a Bachelor of Arts degree from Coe College and an MBA from the University of Iowa.

William C. Hunter

Mr. Hunter became Dean Emeritus of the Henry B. Tippie College of Business at the University of Iowa on June 30, 2012. He was appointed Dean of the College on July 1, 2006. He was previously Dean and Distinguished Professor of Finance at the University of Connecticut School of Business from 2003 to 2006. From 1995 to 2003, he was the Senior Vice President and Director of Research at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. While there he served as the Bank's Chief Economist and was an Associate Economist on the Federal Reserve System's Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC). In addition to serving as a Vice President in charge of financial markets and basic research at the Federal Reserve Bank in Atlanta, he held faculty positions at Emory University, Atlanta University, the University of Georgia and Northwestern University. A past Director of the Credit Research Center at Georgetown University, SS&C Technologies, Inc. (2005) and past President of the Financial Management Association International, he has consulted with numerous foreign central banks and official agencies in Western, Central and Eastern Europe, Asia, Central America and South

America. From 1990 to 1995, he was a U.S. Treasury Advisor to Central and Eastern Europe. He has been a Director of the Xerox Corporation since 2004 and Wellmark, Inc. since 2009. He is Director and President of Beta Gamma Sigma, Inc., The International Business Honor Society.

David J. Kundert

Mr. Kundert retired in 2004 as Chairman of JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, as President and CEO of Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation, and as President of One Group Mutual Funds. Prior to the merger between Bank One Corporation and JPMorgan Chase and Co., he was Executive Vice President, Bank One Corporation and, since 1995, the Chairman and CEO, Banc One Investment Management Group. From 1988 to 1992, he was President and CEO of Bank One Wisconsin Trust Company. Mr. Kundert recently retired as a Director of the Northwestern Mutual Wealth Management Company (2006-2013). He started his career as an attorney for Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company. Mr. Kundert has served on the Board of Governors of the Investment Company Institute and is currently a member of the Wisconsin Bar Association. He is on the Board of the Greater Milwaukee Foundation and chairs its Investment Committee. He is a Regent Emeritus and a Member of the Investment Committee of Luther College. He is also a Member of the Board of Directors (Milwaukee), College Possible. He received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Luther College and his Juris Doctor from Valparaiso University.

John K. Nelson

Mr. Nelson is currently a senior external advisor to the financial services practice of Deloitte Consulting LLP. He currently serves as the Chairman of The Board of Trustees of Marian University, and is on the Board of Directors of Core12 LLC, a private firm which develops branding, marketing, and communications strategies for clients. Mr. Nelson has served in several senior executive positions with ABN AMRO Holdings N.V. and its affiliated entities and predecessors, including LaSalle Bank Corporation from 1996 to 2008. From 2007 to 2008, Mr. Nelson was Chief Executive Officer of ABN AMRO N.V. North America, and Global Head of its Financial Markets Division. He was a member of the Foreign Exchange Committee of the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States, and during his tenure with ABN AMRO, served as the bank's representative on various committees of the Bank of Canada, European Central Bank, and the Bank of England. At Fordham University, he currently serves as a director of The Curran Center for Catholic American Studies, and The President's Council. He is also a member of The Economic Club of Chicago and The Hyde Park Angels, and was formerly a Trustee at St. Edmund Preparatory School in New York City. Mr. Nelson graduated and received his MBA from Fordham University.

William J. Schneider

Mr. Schneider, the Board's Independent Chairman, is currently Chairman, formerly Senior Partner and Chief Operating Officer (retired, December 2004) of Miller-Valentine Partners Ltd., a real estate investment company. He is an owner in several other Miller-Valentine entities. He is currently a member of the Boards of Tech Town, Inc., a not-for-profit community development company, of WDPR Public Radio Station and of Mid-America Health System. He was formerly a Director and Past Chair of the Dayton Development Coalition. He was formerly a member of the Community Advisory Board of the National City Bank in Dayton as well as a former member of the Business Advisory Council of the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank. Mr. Schneider was also a member of the Business Advisory Council for the University of Dayton College of Business. He also served as Chair of the

Miami Valley Hospital and as Chair of the Finance Committee of its parent holding company. Mr. Schneider was an independent trustee of the Flagship Funds, a group of municipal open-end funds. Mr. Schneider has a Bachelor of Science in Community Planning from the University of Cincinnati and a Masters of Public Administration from the University of Dayton.

Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.

Mr. Schreier, an interested Board Member of the Funds, has been Vice Chairman, Wealth Management of Nuveen Investments since January 2011. Mr. Schreier has also served as Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC since January 2011. Until Nuveen Investments' acquisition of FAF Advisors on January 1, 2011, Mr. Schreier was Chief Executive Officer of FAF Advisors from November 2000, Chief Investment Officer of FAF Advisors from September 2007 and President of First American Funds from February 2001 to December 2010. From 1998 to November 2000, Mr. Schreier served as Senior Managing Director and Head of Equity Research for U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray, Inc. He received a Bachelor's degree from the University of Notre Dame and an MBA from Harvard University. Mr. Schreier is a member of the Board of Governors of the Investment Company Institute and is on its Chairman's Council. He has also served as director, chairman of the finance committee, and member of the audit committee for Pinnacle Airlines Corp. Mr. Schreier is former chairman of the Saint Thomas Academy Board of Trustees, a founding investor of Granite Global Ventures, and a member of the Applied Investment Management Advisory Board for the University of Notre Dame.

Judith M. Stockdale

Ms. Stockdale retired at the end of 2012 as Executive Director of the Gaylord and Dorothy Donnelley Foundation, a private foundation working in land conservation and artistic vitality in the Chicago region and the Lowcountry of South Carolina. Her previous positions include Executive Director of the Great Lakes Protection Fund, Executive Director of Openlands, and Senior Staff Associate at the Chicago Community Trust. She has served on the Boards of the Land Trust Alliance, the National Zoological Park, the Governor's Science Advisory Council (Illinois), the Nancy Ryerson Ranney Leadership Grants Program, Friends of Ryerson Woods and the Donors Forum. Ms. Stockdale, a native of the United Kingdom, has a Bachelor of Science degree in geography from the University of Durham (UK) and a Master of Forest Science degree from Yale University.

Carole E. Stone

Ms. Stone retired from the New York State Division of the Budget in 2004, having served as its Director for nearly five years and as Deputy Director from 1995 through 1999. Ms. Stone is currently on the Board of Directors of the Chicago Board Options Exchange, CBOE Holdings, Inc. and C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated. She has also served as the Chair of the New York Racing Association Oversight Board, as Chair of the Public Authorities Control Board, as a Commissioner on the New York State Commission on Public Authority Reform and as a member of the boards of directors of several New York State public authorities. Ms. Stone has a Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration from Skidmore College.

Virginia L. Stringer

Ms. Stringer served as the independent chair of the Board of the First American Fund Complex from 1997 to 2010, having joined such Board in 1987. Ms. Stringer serves on the Board of the Mutual

Fund Directors Forum. She is a recipient of the Outstanding Corporate Director award from Twin Cities Business Monthly and the Minnesota Chapter of the National Association of Corporate Directors. Ms. Stringer is the past board chair of the Oak Leaf Trust, director emeritus and former Chair of the Saint Paul Riverfront Corporation and also served as President of the Minneapolis Club's Governing Board. She is a director and former board chair of the Minnesota Opera and a Life Trustee and former board member of the Voyageur Outward Bound School. She also served as a trustee of Outward Bound USA. She was appointed by the Governor of Minnesota to the Board on Judicial Standards and also served on a Minnesota Supreme Court Judicial Advisory Committee to reform the state's judicial disciplinary process. She is a member of the International Women's Forum and attended the London Business School as an International Business Fellow. Ms. Stringer recently served as board chair of the Human Resource Planning Society, the Minnesota Women's Campaign Fund and the Minnesota Women's Economic Roundtable. Ms. Stringer is the retired founder of Strategic Management Resources, a consulting practice focused on corporate governance, strategy and leadership. She has twenty-five years of corporate experience, having held executive positions in general management, marketing and human resources with IBM and the Pillsbury Company.

Terence J. Toth

Mr. Toth is a Managing Partner at Promus Capital (since 2008). From 2008 to 2013, he served as a Director of Legal & General Investment Management America, Inc. From 2004 to 2007, he was Chief Executive Officer and President of Northern Trust Global Investments, and Executive Vice President of Quantitative Management & Securities Lending from 2000 to 2004. He also formerly served on the Board of the Northern Trust Mutual Funds. He joined Northern Trust in 1994 after serving as Managing Director and Head of Global Securities Lending at Bankers Trust (1986 to 1994) and Head of Government Trading and Cash Collateral Investment at Northern Trust from 1982 to 1986. He currently serves on the Boards of Chicago Fellowship, Fulcrum IT Service LLC (since 2010), Quality Control Corporation (since 2012) and LogicMark LLC (since 2012), and is Chairman of the Board of Catalyst Schools of Chicago. He is on the Mather Foundation Board (since 2012) and is a member of its investment committee. Mr. Toth graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Illinois, and received his MBA from New York University. In 2005, he graduated from the CEO Perspectives Program at Northwestern University.

Independent Chairman. William J. Schneider currently serves as the independent Chairman of the Board. Specific responsibilities of the Chairman include: (a) presiding at all meetings of the Board and of the shareholders; (b) seeing that all orders and resolutions of the Board Members are carried into effect; and (c) maintaining records of and, whenever necessary, certifying all proceedings of the Board Members and the shareholders.

Board Member Terms. For each Fund, shareholders will be asked to elect Board Members as each Board Member's term expires, and with respect to Board Members elected by holders of common shares such Board Member shall be elected for a term expiring at the time of the third succeeding annual meeting subsequent to their election or thereafter in each case when their respective successors are duly elected and qualified. These provisions could delay for up to two years the replacement of a majority of the Board.

The Officers

The following table sets forth information with respect to each officer of the Funds. Officers receive no compensation from the Funds. The officers are elected by the Board on an annual basis to serve until successors are elected and qualified.

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years ⁽²⁾	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer ⁽²⁾
Gifford R. Zimmerman 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1956	Chief Administrative Officer	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1988	Managing Director (since 2002) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Managing Director (since 2002), Assistant Secretary (since 1997) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director (since 2004) and Assistant Secretary (since 1994) of Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); Vice President and Assistant Secretary of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC and Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc. (since 2002); Managing Director, Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of Symphony Asset Management LLC (since 2003); Vice President and Assistant Secretary of Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC (since 2006) and of Winslow Capital Management, LLC (since 2010); Vice President and Assistant Secretary (since 2013), formerly, Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Compliance Officer (2006-2013) of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; Chartered Financial Analyst.	211
Cedric H. Antosiewicz 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2007	Managing Director (since 2004) of Nuveen Securities LLC.	103

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years ⁽²⁾	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer ⁽²⁾
Margo L. Cook 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1964	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2009	Executive Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investments, Inc., Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (since 2011) and Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2013); Managing Director Investment Services of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); previously, Head of Institutional Asset Management (2007-2008) of Bear Stearns Asset Management; Head of Institutional Asset Mgt. (1986-2007) of Bank of NY Mellon; Chartered Financial Analyst.	211
Lorna C. Ferguson 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1945	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1998	Managing Director of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211
Stephen D. Foy 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1954	Vice President and Controller	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1993	Senior Vice President (since 2013), formerly, Vice President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Chief Financial Officer of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since 2010); formerly, Senior Vice President (2010-2011), formerly, Vice President (2005-2010) and Funds Controller of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Certified Public Accountant.	211

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years ⁽²⁾	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer ⁽²⁾
Scott S. Grace 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1970	Vice President and Treasurer	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2009	Managing Director and Treasurer (since 2009) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC, Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc., Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc., Nuveen Securities, LLC and (since 2011) Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Vice President and Treasurer of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, Tradewinds Global Investors, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC and Winslow Capital Management, LLC; Vice President of Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC; formerly, Treasurer (2006-2009), Senior Vice President (2008-2009), previously, Vice President (2006-2008) of Janus Capital Group, Inc.; formerly, Senior Associate in Morgan Stanley's Global Financial Services Group (2000-2003); Chartered Accountant Designation.	211
Walter M. Kelly 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1970	Chief Compliance Officer and Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2003	Senior Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211
Tina M. Lazar 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1961	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2002	Senior Vice President of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years⁽²⁾	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer⁽²⁾
Kevin J. McCarthy 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1966	Vice President and Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2007	Managing Director and Assistant Secretary (since 2008) of Nuveen Securities, LLC and Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Managing Director (since 2008), Assistant Secretary (since 2007) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Managing Director (since 2008) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc. and Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc.; Vice President (since 2007) and Assistant Secretary of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, NWQ Holdings, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC, Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC and (since 2010) Winslow Capital Management, LLC; Vice President (since 2010) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC.	211
Kathleen L. Prudhomme 901 Marquette Avenue Minneapolis, MN 55402 1953	Vice President and Assistant Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2011	Managing Director and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2011); Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; formerly, Deputy General Counsel, FAF Advisors, Inc. (2004-2010).	211
Joel T. Slager 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1978	Vice President and Assistant Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since August 2013	Fund Tax Director for Nuveen Funds (since May 2013); previously, Vice President of Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc., Assistant Treasurer of the Morgan Stanley Funds (from 2010 to 2013); Tax Director at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (from 2008 to 2010).	211

(1) Length of Time Served indicates the year the individual became an officer of a fund in the Nuveen fund complex.

(2) Information as of September 30, 2013.

PROPOSAL NO. 2 REORGANIZATION OF EACH TARGET FUND INTO THE ACQUIRING FUND (COMMON SHAREHOLDERS OF EACH TARGET FUND AND PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ACQUIRING FUND AND DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE 2)

A. SYNOPSIS

The following is a summary of certain information contained elsewhere in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus with respect to the proposed Reorganizations and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the more complete information contained in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and in the Reorganization SAI and the appendices thereto. Shareholders should read the entire Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus carefully. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this summary are defined elsewhere in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

Background and Reasons for the Reorganizations

The Board of Nuveen's municipal closed-end funds has approved a series of mergers of single-state municipal closed-end funds, including the reorganization of each Target Fund into the Acquiring Fund. Each Board has determined that the Reorganization(s) proposed for its Fund would be in the best interests of its Fund. Each Fund's Board considered the Reorganization(s) as part of a broad initiative to rationalize the product offerings of Nuveen funds and eliminate overlapping products. The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund have similar investment objectives, policies and risks, substantially similar portfolio compositions and are managed by the same portfolio manager. The proposed Reorganizations are intended to result in a lower effective management fee rate based on managed assets and the same or lower total expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) for each Fund and the potential for economies of scale over time resulting from the larger size of the combined fund and to enhance the secondary trading market for common shares of the Acquiring Fund as a result of the greater share volume of the combined fund. As a result of differences in the cost of leverage, the projected total expenses (including leverage) of the combined fund as of the date presented in the Comparative Fee Table in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus were higher than total expenses (including leverage) for Performance Plus and lower than total expenses (including leverage) for the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2. However, the Adviser believes that the greater asset size of the combined fund may provide greater flexibility in managing the structure and costs of leverage over time. In order for the Reorganizations to occur, each Fund must obtain all requisite shareholder approvals as well as certain consents, confirmations and/or waivers from various third parties, including rating agencies with respect to outstanding preferred shares and the liquidity provider with respect to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus. Because the closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon both of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund obtaining the requisite shareholder approvals and satisfying (or obtaining the waiver of) other closing conditions, it is possible that the Reorganizations will not occur, even if shareholders of your Fund approve the Reorganization(s) and your Fund satisfies all of its closing conditions, if one or more of the other Funds does not obtain its requisite shareholder approvals or satisfy its closing conditions. If the requisite shareholder approvals are not obtained, each Fund's Board may take such actions as it deems in the best interest of its Fund, including conducting additional solicitations with respect to the proposals or continuing to operate the Fund as a stand-alone fund. For a fuller discussion of the Boards' considerations regarding the approval of the Reorganizations, see Proposal No. 2 Information About the Reorganizations' Reasons for the Reorganizations.

Material Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Reorganizations

As a condition to closing, each Fund will receive, with respect to its proposed Reorganization(s), an opinion of Vedder Price P.C., subject to certain representations, assumptions and conditions, substantially to the effect that the proposed Reorganization(s) will qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). In addition, each of Sidley Austin LLP (with respect to the VRDP Shares) and K&L Gates LLP (with respect to the MTP Shares), as special tax counsel to the Acquiring Fund, will deliver an opinion to the Acquiring Fund, subject to certain representations, assumptions and conditions, substantially to the effect that the Acquiring Fund preferred shares received in connection with the Reorganizations by holders of the preferred shares of the Target Funds will qualify as equity in the Acquiring Fund for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, it is expected that no Fund will recognize gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a direct result of the Reorganizations. It is also expected that shareholders of a Target Fund who receive Acquiring Fund shares pursuant to a Reorganization will recognize no gain or loss for federal income tax purposes, except that gain or loss may be recognized by common shareholders of a Target Fund with respect to any cash received in lieu of fractional Acquiring Fund common shares being distributed. Prior to the closing of the Reorganizations, each Target Fund expects to declare a distribution of all of its net investment income and net capital gains, if any. All or a portion of such a distribution may be taxable to a Target Fund's shareholders for federal income tax purposes. In addition, to the extent that a Target Fund's portfolio securities are sold in connection with a Reorganization, such Target Fund may realize gains or losses, which may increase or decrease the net capital gain or net investment income to be distributed by the Target Fund. However, since each Target Fund's current portfolio composition is substantially similar to that of the Acquiring Fund, it is not currently expected that any significant portfolio sales will occur solely in connection with the Reorganizations (less than 5% of the assets of each Target Fund).

Comparison of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund

General. The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund are diversified, closed-end management investment companies. Set forth below is certain comparative information about the organization, capitalization and operation of each Fund.

Fund	Organization		
	Organization Date	State of Organization	Entity Type
Acquiring Fund	December 1, 1998	Massachusetts	business trust
Performance Plus	October 5, 1989	Minnesota	corporation
Dividend Advantage 2	June 1, 1999	Massachusetts	business trust

Fund	Capitalization Common Shares			Preemptive, Conversion or Exchange Rights	Rights to Cumulative Voting	Exchange on which Common Shares are Listed
	Authorized Shares	Shares Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Par Value Per Share			
Acquiring Fund	Unlimited	[]	\$ 0.01	None	None	NYSE
Performance Plus	200,000,000	[]	\$ 0.01	None	None	NYSE
Dividend Advantage 2	Unlimited	[]	\$ 0.01	None	None	NYSE MKT

(1) As of November 11, 2013.

Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, it is expected that the common shares of the Acquiring Fund will continue to be listed on the NYSE.

The Acquiring Fund currently has outstanding 5,536,000 MTP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$10 per share issued in two series, 2.70% Series 2015 (3,000,000 shares outstanding) and 2.50% Series 2016 (2,536,000 shares outstanding) (Outstanding MTP Shares), which will remain outstanding following the completion of the Reorganizations. Performance Plus currently has outstanding 890 VRDP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share. Dividend Advantage 2 currently has outstanding 3,789,000 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share, a liquidation preference of \$10 per share and a total liquidation value of \$37,890,000. VRDP Shares and MTP Shares are entitled to one vote per share. The preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations will have equal priority with each other and with the Acquiring Fund's existing outstanding preferred shares as to the payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation. In addition, the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, including preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations, will be senior in priority to the Acquiring Fund's common shares as to payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation. The preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations will have rights and preferences, including liquidation preferences, that are substantially identical (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar (with respect to VRDP Shares) to those of the outstanding Target Fund preferred shares for which they are exchanged.

Investment Objectives and Policies. The Funds have similar investment objectives and policies. For each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the investment objectives are to provide current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income tax and to enhance portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by investing in tax-exempt municipal bonds that the Adviser believes are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal market sectors that are undervalued. The primary investment objective of Performance Plus is to provide, through investment in a professionally managed portfolio of investment grade quality tax-exempt municipal securities, current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. The secondary investment objective of Performance Plus is the enhancement of portfolio value relative to the New York municipal bond market through investments in tax-exempt municipal securities that, in the opinion of the Adviser, are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal markets that are undervalued. With the exception of the reference to investment grade quality in the primary investment objective of Performance Plus and the characterization of the investment objectives as primary and secondary components, the investment objectives of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are otherwise consistent with those of Performance Plus. (As described more fully below, it is a non-fundamental policy of each Fund to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its managed assets in investment-grade securities.)

It is a fundamental policy of each Fund that, under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, including assets attributable to any principal amount of any borrowings (including the issuance of commercial paper or notes) or preferred shares outstanding (Managed Assets), in municipal securities and other related investments, the income from which is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes.

As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, each Fund will invest at least 80% of its Managed Assets in investment-grade securities that, at the time of investment, are rated within

the four highest grades (Baa or BBB or better) by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (Nuveen Asset Management or the Sub-Adviser), the sub-adviser to each Fund. Also, as a non-fundamental policy, each Fund may invest up to 20% of its Managed Assets in municipal securities that, at the time of investment, are rated below investment grade or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser. Additionally, as a non-fundamental policy, no more than 10% of each Fund s Managed Assets may be invested in municipal securities rated below B3/B- or that are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser.

Securities of below investment grade quality (Ba/BB or below) are commonly referred to as junk bonds. Issuers of securities rated Ba/BB or B are regarded as having current capacity to make principal and interest payments but are subject to business, financial or economic conditions which could adversely affect such payment capacity. Municipal securities rated below investment grade quality are obligations of issuers that are considered predominately speculative with respect to the issuer s capacity to pay interest and repay principal according to the terms of the obligation and, therefore, carry greater investment risk, including the possibility of issuer default and bankruptcy and increased market price volatility. Municipal securities rated below investment grade tend to be less marketable than higher-quality securities because the market for them is less broad. The market for unrated municipal securities is even narrower. During periods of thin trading in these markets, the spread between bid and asked prices is likely to increase significantly and a Fund may have greater difficulty selling its portfolio securities. A Fund will be more dependent on the Sub-Adviser s research and analysis when investing in these securities. Municipal securities rated Baa or BBB are considered investment grade securities; municipal securities rated Baa are considered medium grade obligations which lack outstanding investment characteristics and have speculative characteristics, while municipal securities rated BBB are regarded as having adequate capacity to pay principal and interest. Municipal securities rated AAA in which a Fund may invest may have been so rated on the basis of the existence of insurance guaranteeing the timely payment, when due, of all principal and interest.

The foregoing credit quality policies apply only at the time a security is purchased, and a Fund is not required to dispose of a security in the event that a rating agency downgrades its assessment of the credit characteristics of a particular issuer or that valuation changes of various bonds cause a Fund s portfolio to fail to satisfy those policies. In determining whether to retain or sell such a security, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may consider such factors as the Adviser s and/or the Sub-Adviser s assessment of the credit quality of the issuer of such security, the price at which such security could be sold and the rating, if any, assigned to such security by other rating agencies. A general description of the ratings of municipal securities by Standard & Poor s Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor s Financial Services LLC business (S&P), Moody s Investors Service, Inc. (Moody s) and Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Fitch) is set forth in Appendix A to the Reorganization SAI.

Underrated municipal securities are those whose ratings do not, in the Adviser s and/or the Sub-Adviser s opinion, reflect their true value. Municipal securities may be underrated because of the time that has elapsed since their rating was assigned or reviewed, or because of positive factors that may not have been fully taken into account by rating agencies, or for other similar reasons. Municipal securities that are undervalued or that represent undervalued municipal market sectors are municipal securities that, in the Adviser s and/or the Sub-Adviser s opinion, are worth more than the value assigned to them in the marketplace. Municipal securities of particular types or purposes (e.g., hospital bonds, industrial revenue bonds or bonds issued by a particular municipal issuer) may be undervalued because there is a temporary excess of supply in that market sector, or because of a general decline in

the market price of municipal securities of the market sector for reasons that do not apply to the particular municipal securities that are considered undervalued. Each Fund's investment in underrated or undervalued municipal securities will be based on the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's belief that the prices of such municipal securities should ultimately reflect their true value. The investment objective pertaining to enhancement of portfolio value (the secondary investment objective for Performance Plus) is not intended to suggest that capital appreciation is itself an objective of each Fund. Instead, each Fund seeks enhancement of portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by prudent selection of municipal securities, regardless of which direction the market may move. Any capital appreciation realized by a Fund generally will result in the distribution of taxable capital gains to common shareholders and holders of preferred shares.

Each Fund will primarily invest in municipal securities with long-term maturities in order to maintain an average effective maturity of 15-30 years, including the effects of leverage, but the average effective maturity of obligations held by a Fund may be shortened as a result of portfolio transactions effected by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, depending on market conditions. As a result, a Fund's portfolio at any given time may include both long-term and intermediate-term municipal securities. Moreover, during temporary defensive periods (e.g., times when, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, temporary imbalances of supply and demand or other temporary dislocations in the tax-exempt bond market adversely affect the price at which long-term or intermediate-term municipal securities are available), and in order to keep a Fund's cash fully invested, a Fund may invest any percentage of its net assets in short-term investments including high quality, short-term debt securities that may be either tax-exempt or taxable. A Fund will generally select obligations which may not be redeemed at the option of the issuer for approximately seven to nine years. As of March 31, 2013, the average effective maturities of the portfolios of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 were 18.87, 18.39 and 19.50 years, respectively.

No Fund has established a limit on the percentage of its portfolio that may be invested in municipal bonds subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of federal tax law, and each Fund expects that a substantial portion of the income it produces will be includable in alternative minimum taxable income.

Each Fund may invest up to 10% of its Managed Assets in securities of other open- or closed-end investment companies (including exchange-traded funds) that invest primarily in municipal securities of the types in which a Fund may invest directly. In addition, each Fund may purchase municipal securities that are additionally secured by insurance, bank credit agreements or escrow accounts. The credit quality of companies that provide such credit enhancements may affect the value of those securities. Although the insurance feature may reduce certain financial risks, the premiums for insurance and the higher market price paid for insured obligations may reduce a Fund's income. The insurance feature does not guarantee the market value of the insured obligations, and the effectiveness and value of the insurance itself is dependent on the continued creditworthiness of the insurer.

Each Fund may enter into certain derivative instruments in pursuit of its investment objectives, including to seek to enhance return, to hedge some of the risk of the Fund's investments in municipal securities or as a substitute for a position in the underlying asset. Such instruments include financial futures contracts, swap contracts (including interest rate and credit default swaps), options on financial futures, options on swap contracts or other derivative instruments. A Fund may not enter into a futures contract or related options or forward contracts if more than 30% of the Fund's net assets would be represented by futures contracts or more than 5% of the Fund's net assets would be committed to initial margin deposits and premiums on futures contracts and related options.

Each Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities. With respect to the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, such investments may not exceed 15% of the Fund's Managed Assets. Inverse floating rate securities represent a leveraged investment in the underlying municipal bond deposited. Inverse floating rate securities offer the opportunity for higher income than the underlying bond, but will subject the Fund to the risk of lower or even no income if short-term interest rates rise sufficiently. By investing in an inverse floating rate security rather than directly in the underlying bond, the Fund will experience a greater increase in its common share net asset value if the underlying municipal bond increases in value, but will also experience a correspondingly larger decline in its common share net asset value if the underlying bond declines in value.

Each Fund may borrow money to finance the repurchase of its shares or for temporary or emergency purposes, such as for the payment of dividends or the settlement of portfolio transactions. Interest on any borrowings to finance share repurchase transactions or the accumulation of cash by a Fund in anticipation of share repurchases or tenders will reduce such Fund's net income. Any share repurchase, tender offer or borrowing that might be approved by a Fund's Board of Directors or Trustees, as applicable, would have to comply with the Exchange Act and the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Credit Quality. A comparison of the credit quality (as a percentage of total investment exposure to municipal bonds, which includes the leveraged effect of the Funds' investments in tender option bond trusts) of the respective portfolios of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund, as of March 31, 2013, is set forth in the table below.

Credit Rating⁽¹⁾	Acquiring Fund⁽²⁾	Performance Plus⁽²⁾	Dividend Advantage 2⁽²⁾	Combined Fund Pro Forma⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
Aaa/AAA	17%	21%	20%	19%
Aa/AA	38%	39%	31%	37%
A/A	18%	16%	21%	18%
Baa/BBB	10%	9%	13%	10%
Ba/BB or lower	7%	5%	6%	6%
N/R	8%	8%	8%	8%

- (1) Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: S&P, Moody's or Fitch. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment-grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC and D are below investment-grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- (2) Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.
- (3) Reflects the effect of the Reorganizations.

Leverage. Each Fund may utilize the following forms of leverage: (a) portfolio investments that have the economic effect of leverage, including but not limited to investments in futures, options and inverse floating rate securities, (b) bank borrowings, and (c) the issuance of preferred shares. Each Fund currently engages in leverage through the issuance of preferred shares and the use of inverse floaters. Certain important ratios related to each Fund's use of leverage for the last three fiscal years for which financial statements are available are set forth below:

Acquiring Fund	2012	2011	2010
Asset Coverage Ratio	369.90%	351.19%	370.76%
Regulatory Leverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	27.03%	28.47%	26.97%
Effective Leverage Ratio ⁽²⁾	34.32%	35.96%	34.69%

Performance Plus	2012	2011	2010
Asset Coverage Ratio	384.75%	368.06%	371.29%
Regulatory Leverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	25.99%	27.17%	26.93%
Effective Leverage Ratio ⁽²⁾	34.33%	35.71%	35.43%

Dividend Advantage 2	2012	2011	2010
Asset Coverage Ratio	373.23%	355.84%	359.05%
Regulatory Leverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	26.79%	28.10%	27.85%
Effective Leverage Ratio ⁽²⁾	33.31%	34.79%	34.51%

- (1) Regulatory leverage consists of preferred shares or debt issued by the Fund. Both of these are part of a Fund's capital structure. Regulatory leverage is sometimes referred to as 1940 Act Leverage and is subject to asset coverage limits set forth in the 1940 Act.
- (2) Effective leverage is a Fund's effective economic leverage, and includes both regulatory leverage and the leverage effects of certain derivative investments in the Fund's portfolio. Currently, the leverage effects of Tender Option Bond (TOB) inverse floater holdings, in addition to any regulatory leverage, are included in effective leverage ratios.

Board Members and Officers. The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund have the same Board Members and officers. The management of each Fund, including general supervision of the duties performed by the Adviser under an investment management agreement between the Adviser and each Fund (an Investment Management Agreement), is the responsibility of its Board. Each Fund currently has twelve (12) trustees or directors, as applicable, two (2) of whom are interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) and ten (10) of whom are not interested persons. The names and business addresses of the Board Members and officers of the Funds and their principal occupations and other affiliations during the past five years are set forth under Proposal No. 1 The Election of Board Members.

While the Acquiring Fund and Target Funds have the same Board Members, the Massachusetts Funds have a board structure that is different from the structure for the Minnesota Fund. All members of the board of directors of the Minnesota Fund stand for election each year. In contrast to the Minnesota Fund's board structure, and pursuant to the Massachusetts Funds' by-laws, the board of trustees of each Massachusetts Fund is divided into three classes (Class I, Class II and Class III) with staggered multi-year terms, such that only the members of one of the three classes stand for election each year. The staggered board structure could delay for up to two years the election of a majority of the Board.

Investment Adviser. Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (previously defined as Nuveen Fund Advisors or the Adviser) is the investment adviser to each Fund and is responsible for overseeing each Fund's overall investment strategy, including the use of leverage, and its implementation. Nuveen Fund Advisors also is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of any sub-adviser to the Funds, managing each Fund's business affairs and providing certain clerical, bookkeeping and other administrative services to the Funds. Nuveen Fund Advisors is located at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606.

Nuveen Fund Advisors, a registered investment adviser, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nuveen Investments, Inc. Founded in 1898, Nuveen Investments and its affiliates had approximately \$216 billion in assets under management as of June 30, 2013. On November 13, 2007, Nuveen Investments was acquired by investors led by Madison Dearborn Partners, LLC (the MDP Acquisition).

Nuveen Fund Advisors has selected its wholly owned subsidiary, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (previously defined as Nuveen Asset Management or the Sub-Adviser), located at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606, to serve as a sub-adviser to each of the Funds, pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement between Nuveen Fund Advisors and Nuveen Asset Management (the Sub-Advisory Agreement). Nuveen Asset Management, a registered investment adviser, oversees day-to-day operations and manages the investment of the Funds' assets on a discretionary basis, subject to the supervision of Nuveen Fund Advisors. Pursuant to the Sub-Advisory Agreement, Nuveen Asset Management will be compensated for the services it provides to the Funds with a portion of the management fee Nuveen Fund Advisors receives from the Fund. Nuveen Fund Advisors and Nuveen Asset Management retain the right to reallocate investment advisory responsibilities and fees between themselves in the future.

Each Fund is dependent upon services and resources provided by the Adviser, the Sub-Adviser and, therefore, the Adviser's parent, Nuveen Investments. Nuveen Investments significantly increased its level of debt in connection with the MDP Acquisition. While Nuveen Investments believes that monies generated from operations and cash on hand will be adequate to fund debt service requirements, capital expenditures and working capital requirements for the foreseeable future, there can be no assurance that Nuveen Investments' business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available in an amount sufficient to enable Nuveen Investments to pay its indebtedness (with scheduled maturities beginning in 2014) or to fund its other liquidity needs. Nuveen Investments believes that potential adverse changes to its overall financial position and business operations would not adversely affect its or its affiliate's portfolio management operations and would not otherwise adversely affect its ability to fulfill its obligations to the Funds under the Investment Management Agreements.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, each Fund's Investment Management Agreement with Nuveen Fund Advisors will remain in effect until August 1, 2014. Each Investment Management Agreement continues in effect from year to year so long as such continuation is approved at least annually by: (1) the Board or the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund; and (2) a majority of the Board Members who are not interested persons of any party to the Investment Management Agreement, cast in person at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on such approval. Each Investment Management Agreement may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by either the Fund or Nuveen Fund Advisors upon 60 days' written notice and is automatically terminated in the event of its assignment as defined in the 1940 Act.

Pursuant to each Investment Management Agreement, each Fund has agreed to pay an annual management fee for the overall advisory and administrative services and general office facilities provided by Nuveen Fund Advisors. The Fund's management fee consists of two components: a complex-level component, based on the aggregate amount of all eligible fund assets managed by Nuveen Fund Advisors, and a specific fund-level component, based only on the amount of Managed Assets within such Fund. This pricing structure enables the Funds' shareholders to benefit from growth in assets within each individual fund as well as from growth of complex-wide assets managed by Nuveen Fund Advisors.

The annual fund-level fee for each Fund, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedule:

Management Fee Schedule for the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2

Average Daily Managed Assets*	Fund-Level Fee Rate
For the first \$125 million	0.4500%
For the next \$125 million	0.4375%
For the next \$250 million	0.4250%
For the next \$500 million	0.4125%
For the next \$1 billion	0.4000%
For managed assets over \$2 billion	0.3750%

Management Fee Schedule for Performance Plus

Average Daily Managed Assets*	Fund-Level Fee Rate
For the first \$125 million	0.4500%
For the next \$125 million	0.4375%
For the next \$250 million	0.4250%
For the next \$500 million	0.4125%
For the next \$1 billion	0.4000%
For the next \$3 billion	0.3875%
For managed assets over \$5 billion	0.3750%

The management fee compensates the Adviser for overall investment advisory and administrative services and general office facilities. Each Fund pays all of its other costs and expenses of its operations, including compensation of its Board Members (other than those affiliated with the Adviser), custodian, transfer agency and dividend disbursing expenses, legal fees, expenses of independent auditors, expenses of repurchasing shares, expenses of issuing any preferred shares, expenses of preparing, printing and distributing shareholder reports, notices, proxy statements and reports to governmental agencies, and taxes, if any. For the services provided pursuant to an investment sub-advisory agreement, Nuveen Fund Advisors pays Nuveen Asset Management a fee, payable monthly, equal to 38.4615% of the management fee (net of applicable breakpoints, waivers and reimbursements) paid by the Funds to Nuveen Fund Advisors.

Due to the increased size of the combined fund, the effective fund-level fee rate as a percentage of average daily Managed Assets for the combined fund is expected to be lower than the current effective fund-level fee rate for the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund. Each Fund also pays a complex-level fee to Nuveen Fund Advisors, which is payable monthly and is in addition to the fund-level fee. The complex-level fee is based on the aggregate daily amount of eligible assets for all Nuveen sponsored funds in the U.S., as stated in the table below. As of March 31, 2013, the complex-level fee rate for each of these Funds was 0.1668%.

The annual complex-level fee for each Fund, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedule:

Complex-Level Fee Rates

Complex-Level Managed Asset Breakpoint Level*	Effective Rate at Breakpoint Level
\$55 billion	0.2000%
\$56 billion	0.1996%
\$57 billion	0.1989%
\$60 billion	0.1961%
\$63 billion	0.1931%
\$66 billion	0.1900%
\$71 billion	0.1851%
\$76 billion	0.1806%
\$80 billion	0.1773%
\$91 billion	0.1691%
\$125 billion	0.1599%
\$200 billion	0.1505%
\$250 billion	0.1469%
\$300 billion	0.1445%

* For the fund-level and complex-level fees, managed assets include closed-end fund assets managed by the Adviser that are attributable to certain types of leverage. For these purposes, leverage includes the funds' use of preferred stock and borrowings and certain investments in the residual interest certificates (also called inverse floating rate securities) in tender option bond (TOB) trusts, including the portion of assets held by a TOB trust that has been effectively financed by the trust's issuance of floating rate securities, subject to an agreement by the Adviser as to certain funds to limit the amount of such assets for determining managed assets in certain circumstances. The complex-level fee is calculated based upon the aggregate daily managed assets of all Nuveen Funds that constitute eligible assets. Eligible assets do not include assets attributable to investments in other Nuveen Funds or assets in excess of a determined amount (originally \$2 billion) added to the Nuveen Fund complex in connection with Nuveen Fund Advisors' assumption of the management of the former First American Funds effective January 1, 2011.

A discussion of the basis for the Board's most recent approval of each Fund's Investment Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreement is included in the Fund's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Portfolio Management. Subject to the supervision of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Nuveen Asset Management is responsible for execution of specific investment strategies and day-to-day investment operations. Nuveen Asset Management manages the Funds using a team of analysts and a portfolio manager that focuses on a specific group of funds. Scott R. Romans, Ph.D., is the portfolio manager of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund. Additional information regarding the portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed and ownership of securities is contained in the Reorganization SAI. Mr. Romans assumed portfolio management responsibility for each Fund in January 2011. Mr. Romans will continue to manage the Acquiring Fund upon completion of the Reorganizations.

Scott R. Romans, Ph.D., is a Senior Vice President of Nuveen Asset Management. He has direct responsibility for managing approximately \$8.3 billion of securities in 22 Nuveen-sponsored investment companies as of September 30, 2013. He joined Nuveen Investments in 2000 as a senior

analyst in the education sector. He has been a portfolio manager at Nuveen since 2003 and a Senior Vice President since 2011. Mr. Romans earned his undergraduate degree from the University of Pennsylvania, an M.S.F. from the Illinois Institute of Technology Stuart School of Business, and an M.A. and Ph.D. from the University of Chicago.

Comparative Risk Information

Because the Funds have similar investment objectives and strategies, the principal risks of each Fund are similar. Each Fund is subject to various risks associated with investing primarily in a portfolio of municipal securities, including credit risk, interest rate risk, income risk, municipal securities market risk, prepayment or extension risk, reinvestment risk and liquidity risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer may be unable or unwilling to make timely payments of interest or principal. Changes in interest rates will affect the value of investments in fixed-income securities. When interest rates rise, the value of investments in fixed-income securities tends to fall and this decrease in value may not be offset by higher income from new investments. Interest rate risk is generally greater for fixed-income securities with longer maturities or durations. Income risk is the risk that falling interest rates will cause a Fund's income to decline. Municipal securities market risk is the risk that special factors may adversely affect the value of municipal securities and have a significant effect on the yield or value of a Fund's investments in municipal securities. These factors include economic conditions, political or legislative changes, regulatory developments or enforcement actions, uncertainties related to the tax status of municipal securities, or the rights of investors. Prepayment risk is the risk that a loan, bond or other security might be called or otherwise converted, prepaid or redeemed before maturity. If this happens, particularly during a time of declining interest rates or credit spreads, a Fund may not be able to invest the proceeds in securities providing as much income, resulting in a lower yield to the Fund (this is known as reinvestment risk). Conversely, extension risk is the risk that as interest rates rise or spreads widen, payments of securities may occur more slowly than anticipated by the market. When this happens, the values of these securities may decline because their interest rates are lower than current market rates and they remain outstanding longer than anticipated. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to purchase or sell. Each Fund's investments in illiquid securities may reduce the returns of the Fund because it may be unable to sell the illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price.

Each Fund also is subject to the risks associated with the use of inverse floating rate securities and the issuance of preferred shares, including leverage risk. Leverage exists when a Fund purchases or sells an instrument or enters into a transaction without investing cash in an amount equal to the full economic exposure of the instrument or transaction and the Fund could lose more than it invested. Leverage created from borrowing or certain types of transactions or instruments may impair the Fund's liquidity, cause it to liquidate positions at an unfavorable time, increase volatility or otherwise not achieve its intended objective.

Each Fund is also subject to the risk of concentrating its investments in a single state and is subject to the economic, political and other risks of the State of New York and New York City.

The principal risks of investing in the Acquiring Fund are described in more detail below. An investment in a Target Fund is also subject to each of these principal risks.

Comparative Expense Information

The purpose of the comparative fee table is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses of investing in common shares of the Funds. The information in the table reflects the fees and expenses for each Fund's fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, as adjusted as described in footnote 1 below, and the pro-forma expenses for the 12 months ended September 30, 2012, for the combined fund. The figures in the Example are not necessarily indicative of past or future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown. The Funds' actual rates of return may be greater or less than the hypothetical 5% annual return shown in the Example.

Comparative Fee Table⁽¹⁾

	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2	Combined Fund Pro Forma⁽²⁾
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets applicable to common shares)				
Management Fees	0.93%	0.92%	0.94%	0.91%
Fees on Preferred Shares and Interest and Related Expenses from Inverse Floaters ⁽³⁾	1.27%	0.61%	1.20%	0.92%
Other Expenses	0.17%	0.11%	0.18%	0.12%
Total Annual Expenses	2.37%	1.64%	2.32%	1.95%

- (1) Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets applicable to common shares) are based on the expenses of the Acquiring Fund and Target Funds for the twelve (12) months ended September 30, 2012. Fees on Preferred Shares assume VRDP Shares annual liquidity and remarketing fees, as well as amortization of offering costs.
- (2) The Combined Fund Pro Forma figures reflect the impact of applying the Acquiring Fund's fund-level management fee rates to the Combined Fund Pro Forma and the anticipated reduction of certain duplicative expenses eliminated as a result of the Reorganizations. Combined Fund Pro Forma expenses do not include the expenses to be borne by the Funds in connection with the Reorganizations, which are estimated to be \$270,000 (0.19%) for the Acquiring Fund, \$25,000 (0.01%) for Performance Plus and \$330,000 (0.33%) for Dividend Advantage 2. All percentages are based on average net assets applicable to common shares for the twelve (12) months ended September 30, 2012.
- (3) Fees on Preferred Shares assume annual dividends paid, as well as the amortization of offering costs, and, for VRDP Shares, annual liquidity and remarketing fees. Interest and Related Expenses from Inverse Floaters include interest expense that arises because accounting rules require each Fund to treat interest paid by trusts issuing certain inverse floating rate investments that may be held by a Fund as having been paid (indirectly) by the Fund. Because the Fund would also recognize a corresponding amount of interest income (also indirectly), the Fund's net asset value, net investment income, and total return are not affected by this accounting treatment. The actual fees on preferred shares and interest and related expenses from inverse floaters incurred in the future may be higher or lower.

Example: The following examples illustrate the expenses that a common shareholder would pay on a \$1,000 investment that is held for the time periods provided in the table. The examples assume that all dividends and other distributions are reinvested and that Total Annual Expenses remain the same. The examples also assume a 5% annual return. The examples should not be considered a representation of future expenses. Actual expenses may be greater or lesser than those shown.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Acquiring Fund	\$ 24	\$ 74	\$ 127	\$ 271
Performance Plus	\$ 17	\$ 52	\$ 89	\$ 194
Dividend Advantage 2	\$ 24	\$ 72	\$ 124	\$ 266
Combined Fund Pro Forma	\$ 20	\$ 61	\$ 105	\$ 227

Comparative Performance Information

Comparative total return performance for the Funds for periods ended March 31, 2013:

	Average Annual Total Return on Net Asset Value			Average Annual Total Return on Market Value		
	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Acquiring Fund	7.63%	7.89%	6.28%	10.19%	8.92%	6.50%
Performance Plus	7.30%	8.03%	6.25%	12.41%	9.98%	7.15%
Dividend Advantage 2	6.98%	7.75%	6.40%	7.11%	8.89%	6.78%

Average Annual Total Return on Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvestment price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Average Annual Total Return on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances it may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Past performance information is not necessarily indicative of future results.

B. RISK FACTORS

An investment in the Acquiring Fund may not be appropriate for all investors. The Acquiring Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program and, due to the uncertainty inherent in all investments, there can be no assurance that the Acquiring Fund will achieve its investment objectives. Investors should consider their long-term investment goals and financial needs when making an investment decision with respect to the Acquiring Fund. An investment in the Acquiring Fund is intended to be a long-term investment, and you should not view the Fund as a trading vehicle. Your shares at any point in time may be worth less than your original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions, if applicable.

Because the Funds have similar investment strategies, the principal risks of each Fund are similar. The principal risks of investing in the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds are described below. The risks and special considerations listed below should be considered by shareholders of each Fund in their evaluation of the Reorganizations.

General Risks of Investing in the Funds

Investment and Market Risk. An investment in the Funds' shares is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in common shares represents an indirect investment in the municipal securities owned by a Fund, which generally trade in the over-the-counter markets. Your shares at any point in time may be worth less than your original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions, if applicable. In addition, the ability of municipalities to collect revenue and service their obligations could be materially and adversely affected by an economic downturn or prolonged recession.

Market Conditions. The financial crisis in the U.S. and global economies over the past several years, including the European sovereign debt crisis, has resulted, and may continue to result, in an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and in the net asset values of many investment companies, including to some extent the Funds. Conditions in the U.S. and global economies have resulted, and may continue to result, in fixed income instruments experiencing unusual liquidity issues, increased price volatility and, in some cases, credit downgrades and increased likelihood of default. The financial condition of federal, state and local governments may be sensitive to market events, which may, in turn, adversely affect the marketability of notes and bonds they issue. Declines in real estate prices and general business activity have reduced and may continue to reduce tax revenues of many state and local governments and could affect the economic viability of projects that are the sole source of revenue to support various municipal securities. Further, some state and local governments have been and in the future may be subject to direct ballot referenda that could limit their financial flexibility, or their ability to levy taxes or raise tax revenues, which may adversely affect the marketability of notes and bonds issued by those state and local governments. In addition, global economies and financial markets are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the possibilities that conditions in one country or region might adversely impact issuers in a different country or region. Because the situation is widespread and largely unprecedented, it may be unusually difficult to identify both risks and opportunities using past models of the interplay of market forces, or to predict the duration of these market conditions. The severity or duration of these conditions may also be affected by policy changes made by governments or quasi-governmental organizations. In addition, on August 5, 2011, S&P lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the U.S. federal government debt to AA+ from AAA. The downgrade by S&P could increase volatility in both stock and bond markets, result in higher interest rates and higher U.S. Treasury yields and increase the costs of all kinds of debt. These events could have significant adverse effects on the economy generally. See *Risk Factors* *Municipal Securities Market Risk*.

Market Discount from Net Asset Value. Shares of closed-end investment companies may fluctuate and during certain periods trade at prices lower than net asset value. The Funds cannot predict whether their common shares will trade at, above or below net asset value. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a Fund's net asset value could decrease as a result of investment activities. Investors bear a risk of loss to the extent that the price at which they sell their shares is lower in relation to the Fund's net asset value than at the time of purchase, assuming a stable net asset value. The common shares are designed primarily for long-term investors, and you should not view a Fund as a vehicle for trading purposes.

Credit and Below-Investment-Grade Risk. Credit risk is the risk that one or more municipal securities in a Fund's portfolio will decline in price, or the issuer thereof will fail to pay interest or

principal when due, because the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial status. In general, lower-rated municipal securities carry a greater degree of risk that the issuer will lose its ability to make interest and principal payments, which could have a negative impact on a Fund's net asset value or dividends. Credit risk is increased when a portfolio security is downgraded or the perceived creditworthiness of the issuer deteriorates. If a downgrade occurs, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will consider what action, including the sale of the security, is in the best interests of a Fund and its shareholders. Municipal securities of below-investment-grade quality, commonly referred to as junk bonds, are regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal when due, and they are more susceptible to default or decline in market value due to adverse economic and business developments than investment-grade municipal securities. Also, to the extent that the rating assigned to a municipal security in a Fund's portfolio is downgraded by any NRSRO, the market price and liquidity of such security may be adversely affected. The market values for municipal securities of below-investment-grade quality tend to be volatile, and these securities are less liquid than investment-grade municipal securities. For these reasons, an investment in a Fund, compared with a portfolio consisting solely of investment-grade securities, may experience the following:

increased price sensitivity resulting from a deteriorating economic environment and/or changing interest rates;

greater risk of loss due to default or declining credit quality;

adverse issuer-specific events that are more likely to render the issuer unable to make interest and/or principal payments; and

the possibility that a negative perception of the below-investment-grade market develops, resulting in the price and liquidity of below-investment-grade securities becoming depressed, and this negative perception could last for a significant period of time.

Adverse changes in economic conditions are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of a below-investment-grade issuer to make principal payments and interest payments compared to an investment-grade issuer. The principal amount of below-investment-grade securities outstanding has proliferated in the past decade as an increasing number of issuers have used below-investment-grade securities for financing. The recent economic downturn may severely affect the ability of highly leveraged issuers to service their debt obligations or to repay their obligations upon maturity. As the national economy slowly recovers from the recent economic downturn, with decreased tax and other revenue streams of municipal issuers, or in the event interest rates rise sharply, increasing the interest cost on variable rate instruments and negatively impacting economic activity, the number of defaults by below-investment-grade municipal issuers is likely to increase. Similarly, prolonged downturns in profitability in specific industries could adversely affect private activity bonds. The market values of lower-quality debt securities tend to reflect individual developments of the issuer to a greater extent than do higher-quality securities, which react primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates. Factors having an adverse impact on the market value of lower-quality securities may have an adverse impact on a Fund's net asset value and the market value of its common shares. In addition, a Fund may incur additional expenses to the extent it is required to seek recovery upon a default in payment of principal or interest on its portfolio holdings. In certain circumstances, a Fund may be required to foreclose on an issuer's assets and take possession of its property or operations. In such circumstances, a Fund would incur additional costs in disposing of such assets and potential liabilities from operating any business acquired.

The secondary market for below-investment-grade securities may not be as liquid as the secondary market for more highly rated securities, a factor that may have an adverse effect on a Fund's ability to dispose of a particular security. There are fewer dealers in the market for below-investment-grade municipal securities than the market for investment-grade municipal securities. The prices quoted by different dealers for below-investment-grade municipal securities may vary significantly, and the spread between the bid and ask price is generally much larger for below-investment-grade municipal securities than for higher-quality instruments. Under adverse market or economic conditions, the secondary market for below-investment-grade securities could contract further, independent of any specific adverse changes in the condition of a particular issuer, and these instruments may become illiquid. As a result, a Fund could find it more difficult to sell these securities or may be able to sell the securities only at prices lower than if such securities were widely traded. Prices realized upon the sale of such lower rated or unrated securities, under these circumstances, may be less than the prices used in calculating a Fund's net asset value.

Issuers of such below-investment-grade securities are highly leveraged and may not have available to them more traditional methods of financing. Therefore, the risk associated with acquiring the securities of such issuers generally is greater than is the case with higher rated securities. For example, during an economic downturn or a sustained period of rising interest rates, highly leveraged issuers of below-investment-grade securities may experience financial stress. During such periods, such issuers may not have sufficient revenues to meet their interest payment obligations. The issuer's ability to service its debt obligations also may be adversely affected by specific developments, the issuer's inability to meet specific projected forecasts or the unavailability of additional financing. The risk of loss from default by the issuer is significantly greater for the holders of below-investment-grade securities because such securities are generally unsecured and are often subordinated to other creditors of the issuer. Prices and yields of below-investment-grade securities will fluctuate over time and, during periods of economic uncertainty, volatility of below-investment-grade securities may adversely affect a Fund's net asset value. In addition, investments in below-investment-grade zero coupon bonds rather than income-bearing below-investment-grade securities, may be more speculative and may be subject to greater fluctuations in value due to changes in interest rates.

Each Fund may invest in distressed securities, which are securities issued by companies that are involved in bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings or are experiencing other financial difficulties at the time of acquisition by a Fund. The issuers of such securities may be in transition, out of favor, financially leveraged or troubled, or potentially troubled, and may be or have recently been involved in major strategic actions, restructurings, bankruptcy, reorganization or liquidation. These characteristics of these companies can cause their securities to be particularly risky, although they also may offer the potential for high returns. These companies' securities may be considered speculative, and the ability of the companies to pay their debts on schedule could be affected by adverse interest rate movements, changes in the general economic climate, economic factors affecting a particular industry or specific developments within the companies. Distressed securities frequently do not produce income while they are outstanding and may require a Fund to bear certain extraordinary expenses in order to protect and recover its investment.

Investments in lower rated or unrated securities may present special tax issues for a Fund, including where the issuers of these securities default on their obligations pertaining thereto, and the federal income tax consequences to a Fund as a holder of such distressed securities may not be clear.

Municipal Securities Market Risk. Investing in the municipal securities market involves certain risks. The municipal securities market is one in which dealer firms make markets in bonds on a

principal basis using their proprietary capital, and during the recent market turmoil these firms' capital became severely constrained. As a result, some firms were unwilling to commit their capital to purchase and to serve as a dealer for municipal securities. The amount of public information available about the municipal securities in each Fund's portfolio is generally less than that for corporate equities or bonds, and the Funds' investment performance may therefore be more dependent on the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's analytical abilities than if the Funds were to invest in stocks or taxable bonds. The secondary market for municipal securities, particularly the below-investment-grade bonds in which the Funds may invest, also tends to be less well developed or liquid than many other securities markets, which may adversely affect a Fund's ability to sell its municipal securities at attractive prices or at prices approximating those at which each Fund currently values them. Municipal securities may contain redemption provisions, which may allow the securities to be called or redeemed prior to their stated maturity, potentially resulting in the distribution of principal and a reduction in subsequent interest distributions.

The ability of municipal issuers to make timely payments of interest and principal may be diminished during general economic downturns and as governmental cost burdens are reallocated among federal, state and local governments. In addition, laws enacted in the future by Congress or state legislatures or referenda could extend the time for payment of principal and/or interest, or impose other constraints on enforcement of such obligations, or on the ability of municipalities to levy taxes. Issuers of municipal securities might seek protection under the bankruptcy laws. In the event of bankruptcy of such an issuer, a Fund could experience delays in collecting principal and interest and a Fund may not, in all circumstances, be able to collect all principal and interest to which it is entitled. To enforce its rights in the event of a default in the payment of interest or repayment of principal, or both, a Fund may take possession of and manage the assets securing the issuer's obligations on such securities, which may increase a Fund's operating expenses. Any income derived from a Fund's ownership or operation of such assets may not be tax-exempt and may not be of the type that would allow a Fund to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes.

Revenue bonds issued by state or local agencies to finance the development of low-income, multi-family housing involve special risks in addition to those associated with municipal securities generally, including that the underlying properties may not generate sufficient income to pay expenses and interest costs. These bonds are generally non-recourse against the property owner, may be junior to the rights of others with an interest in the properties, may pay interest that changes based in part on the financial performance of the property, may be prepayable without penalty and may be used to finance the construction of housing developments which, until completed and rented, do not generate income to pay interest. Additionally, unusually high rates of default on the underlying mortgage loans may reduce revenues available for the payment of principal or interest on such mortgage revenue bonds.

Special Risks Related to Certain Municipal Obligations. Each Fund may invest in municipal leases and certificates of participation in such leases. Municipal leases and certificates of participation involve special risks not normally associated with general obligations or revenue bonds. Leases and installment purchase or conditional sale contracts (which normally provide for title to the leased asset to pass eventually to the governmental issuer) have evolved as a means for governmental issuers to acquire property and equipment without meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements for the issuance of debt. The debt issuance limitations are deemed to be inapplicable because of the inclusion in many leases or contracts of non-appropriation clauses that relieve the governmental issuer of any obligation to make future payments under the lease or contract unless money is appropriated for such purpose by the appropriate legislative body on a yearly or other periodic basis. In addition, such leases

or contracts may be subject to the temporary abatement of payments in the event the governmental issuer is prevented from maintaining occupancy of the leased premises or utilizing the leased equipment. Although the obligations may be secured by the leased equipment or facilities, the disposition of the property in the event of non-appropriation or foreclosure might prove difficult, time consuming and costly, and may result in a delay in recovering or the failure to fully recover a Fund's original investment. In the event of non-appropriation, the issuer would be in default and taking ownership of the assets may be a remedy available to a Fund, although each Fund does not anticipate that such a remedy would normally be pursued. To the extent that a Fund invests in unrated municipal leases or participates in such leases, the credit quality rating and risk of cancellation of such unrated leases will be monitored on an ongoing basis. Certificates of participation, which represent interests in unmanaged pools of municipal leases or installment contracts, involve the same risks as the underlying municipal leases. In addition, a Fund may be dependent upon the municipal authority issuing the certificates of participation to exercise remedies with respect to the underlying securities. Certificates of participation also entail a risk of default or bankruptcy, both of the issuer of the municipal lease and also the municipal agency issuing the certificate of participation.

Interest Rate Risk. Generally, when market interest rates rise, bond prices fall, and vice versa. Interest rate risk is the risk that the municipal securities in a Fund's portfolio will decline in value because of increases in market interest rates. As interest rates decline, issuers of municipal securities may prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing a Fund to reinvest in lower-yielding securities and potentially reducing a Fund's income. As interest rates increase, slower-than-expected principal payments may extend the average life of securities, potentially locking-in a below-market interest rate and reducing a Fund's value. In typical market interest rate environments, the prices of longer-term municipal securities generally fluctuate more than prices of shorter-term municipal securities as interest rates change. Because the Funds primarily invest in longer-term municipal securities, the common share net asset value and market price per share will fluctuate more in response to changes in market interest rates than if the Funds invested primarily in shorter-term municipal securities. Because the values of lower-rated and comparable unrated debt securities are affected both by credit risk and interest rate risk, the price movements of such lower grade securities typically have not been highly correlated to the fluctuations of the prices of investment-grade-quality securities in response to changes in market interest rates. The Funds' use of leverage, as described herein, will tend to increase common share interest rate risk.

Concentration Risk. Each Fund invests its net assets in a portfolio of municipal securities that are exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. Each Fund is therefore more susceptible to adverse political, economic or regulatory events affecting issuers of such securities. The information set forth below is derived from sources that are generally available to investors. The information is intended to give a recent historical description and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of the State of New York (the State) and the City of New York (the City).

It should be noted that the information recorded here primarily is based on the economic and budget forecasts found in certain recent publications issued by the State and the City. The accuracy and completeness of those publications have not been independently verified. There may be significant changes in circumstances altering the economic and budget predictions since the time of those publications or after the publication of this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. Additionally, it should be noted that the creditworthiness of obligations issued by local New York issuers may be unrelated to the creditworthiness of obligations issued by the State and the City, and that there is no obligation on the part of the State to make payment on such local obligations in the event of default.

New York is the third most populous state in the nation and has a relatively high level of personal wealth. The State's economy is diverse, with a comparatively large share of the nation's financial activities, information, education and health services employment, and a very small share of the nation's farming and mining activity. The State's location and its air transport facilities and natural harbors have made it an important link in international commerce. Travel and tourism constitute an important part of the economy. Like the rest of the nation, the State has a declining proportion of its workforce engaged in manufacturing, and an increasing proportion engaged in service industries. The financial activities sector share of total State wages is particularly large relative to the nation. During an economic recession that is concentrated in construction and manufacturing, the State is likely to be less affected than the nation as a whole; however, the State is more likely to be affected during a recession that is concentrated in the services sector.

The pace of private sector job growth in the State has stayed strong, recovering from Superstorm Sandy's overwhelming effects. According to the State Division of the Budget (DOB), the State has continued to display strong growth in professional and business services, private educational services, and tourism-related leisure and hospitality services. Public sector employment is expected, conversely, to continue to decrease deep into 2014, with the continued reduction of the State's finance and government sectors. As a result of the acceleration of dividends, wages and capital gains into the fourth quarter of 2012 prior to the federal tax increase at the start of 2013, wage growth is expected to be depressed in 2013, followed by greater growth in 2014. Personal income growth is anticipated to follow a similar trajectory for 2013 and 2014, respectively.

All of the risks to the national economy apply to the State as well, although as the nation's financial center, the volume of financial market activity and equity market volatility pose an especially large degree of uncertainty for the State. Federal Reserve policy is expected to approach an inflection point at some point in 2014 or 2015, and the resulting market volatility is projected to have a larger affect on the State economy than on the nation as a whole. Therefore, the recent increase in long-term interest rates adds another degree of risk to the finance and insurance sector bonus projection. Furthermore, with Wall Street still modifying its compensation practices after the passage of financial reform, both the bonus and non-bonus components of employee pay are becoming more difficult to project. Securities industry revenues in the past have been a helpful predictor of bonus payouts, but that relationship has become a considerably less reliable indicator in recent years. In addition, with federal fiscal policy in flux, possible adjustments in taxpayer behavior in response to modifications in potential tax law cause a further layer of uncertainty. A weaker labor market than expected could also lead to lower wages, which could result in weaker household consumption. Moreover, if financial and real estate markets are weaker than projected, taxable capital gains realizations could be adversely affected. These effects could trickle through the State economy, decreasing employment, wage and household spending growth. Conversely, greater national and world economic growth, or a stronger increase in stock prices, together with even greater activity in mergers, acquisitions and other Wall Street activities, could result in more wage and bonuses growth than anticipated.

Before enactment of the 2013-14 budget, the State faced an estimated current-services budget gap in the General Fund of \$1.4 billion for fiscal year 2013-14 and projected budget gaps in future years of \$4.0 billion in 2014-15, \$5.2 billion in 2015-16, and \$5.7 billion in 2016-17. The State's 2013-14 budget closed the projected budget gap for 2013-14 through a gap-closing plan, and DOB estimates that it reduces future budget gaps to approximately \$1.7 billion in 2014-15, and \$2.9 billion in both 2015-16 and 2016-17. The combined four-year gap projected for fiscal years 2013-14 through 2016-17 totals approximately \$7.5 billion. By comparison, the budget gap closed in fiscal year 2011-12 alone

was projected at \$10 billion. The budget gap forecasts are based on assumptions of economic performance, revenue collections, spending patterns and projections of the costs of program activities. Future budget gaps are subject to substantial revision as additional information becomes available about the national and State economies, financial sector activity, entitlement spending and social service caseloads, and State reimbursement obligations that are driven by local government activity. There can be no guarantee that the State's General Fund budget gaps will not grow materially from current estimates. If this were to happen, the State would be required to take additional gap-closing actions.

The State's outstanding General Obligation bonds were rated AA with a positive outlook by Fitch as of September 5, 2013, Aa2 with a positive outlook by Moody's as of August 22, 2013, and AA with a positive outlook by S&P as of March 6, 2013. These ratings reflect the State's credit quality only, and do not indicate the creditworthiness of other tax-exempt securities in which the Funds may invest.

The foregoing information constitutes only a brief summary of some of the general factors that may impact certain issuers of municipal securities and does not purport to be a complete or exhaustive description of all adverse conditions to which the issuers of municipal securities held by the Funds are subject. Additionally, many factors, including national economic, social and environmental policies and conditions, which are not within the control of the issuers of the municipal securities, could affect or could have an adverse impact on the financial condition of the issuers. The Funds are unable to predict whether or to what extent such factors or other factors may affect the issuers of the municipal securities, the market value or marketability of the municipal securities or the ability of the respective issuers of the municipal securities acquired by each Fund to pay interest on or principal of the municipal securities. This information has not been independently verified.

See Appendix F of this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus for a further discussion of factors affecting municipal securities in New York.

Inverse floating rate securities may increase or decrease in value at a greater rate than the underlying interest rate, which effectively leverages a Fund's investment. As a result, the market value of such securities generally will be more volatile than that of fixed rate securities.

Each Fund's investments in inverse floating rate securities issued by special purpose trusts that have recourse to the Fund may be highly leveraged. The structure and degree to which a Fund's inverse floating rate securities are highly leveraged will vary based upon a number of factors, including the size of the trust itself and the terms of the underlying municipal security. An inverse floating rate security generally is considered highly leveraged if the principal amount of the short-term floating rate interests issued by the related special purpose trust has a three to one gearing to the principal amount of the inverse floating rate securities owned by the trust. In the event of a significant decline in the value of an underlying security, a Fund may suffer losses in excess of the amount of its investment (up to an amount equal to the value of the municipal securities underlying the inverse floating rate securities) as a result of liquidating special purpose trusts or other collateral required to maintain the Fund's anticipated effective leverage ratio.

Each Fund's investment in inverse floating rate securities will create effective leverage. Any effective leverage achieved through a Fund's investment in inverse floating rate securities will create an opportunity for increased common share net income and returns, but will also create the possibility that common share long-term returns will be diminished if the cost of leverage exceeds the return on the inverse floating rate securities purchased by such Fund.

The amount of fees paid to Nuveen Asset Management for investment advisory services will be higher if a Fund uses leverage because the fees will be calculated based on the Fund's Managed Assets this may create an incentive for Nuveen Asset Management to leverage a Fund. As previously described, Managed Assets means the total assets of a Fund, minus the sum of its accrued liabilities (other than liabilities incurred for the express purpose of creating effective leverage). Total assets for this purpose shall include assets attributable to a Fund's use of effective leverage (whether or not those assets are reflected in the Fund's financial statements for purposes of generally accepted accounting principles), such as, but not limited to, the portion of assets in special purpose trusts of which a Fund owns the inverse floater certificates that has been effectively financed by the trust's issuance of floating rate certificates.

There is no assurance that a Fund's strategy of investing in inverse floating rate securities will be successful.

Inverse floating rate securities have varying degrees of liquidity based, among other things, upon the liquidity of the underlying securities deposited in a special purpose trust. The market price of inverse floating rate securities is more volatile than the underlying securities due to leverage. The leverage attributable to such inverse floating rate securities may be called away on relatively short notice and therefore may be less permanent than more traditional forms of leverage. In certain circumstances, the likelihood of an increase in the volatility of net asset value and market price of the common shares may be greater for a fund (like the Funds) that relies primarily on inverse floating rate securities to achieve a desired effective leverage ratio. A Fund may be required to sell its inverse floating rate securities at less than favorable prices, or liquidate other Fund portfolio holdings in certain circumstances, including, but not limited to, the following:

If the Fund has a need for cash and the securities in a special purpose trust are not actively trading due to adverse market conditions;

If special purpose trust sponsors (as a collective group or individually) experience financial hardship and consequently seek to terminate their respective outstanding trusts; and

If the value of an underlying security declines significantly (to a level below the notional value of the floating rate securities issued by the trust) and if additional collateral has not been posted by the Fund.

Leverage Risk. Leverage risk is the risk associated with the use of borrowings, the issuance of preferred shares or the use of inverse floating rate securities to leverage the common shares. There can be no assurance that a Fund's leveraging strategy will be successful. Through the use of financial leverage, the Funds seek to enhance potential common share earnings over time by borrowing or issuing preferred shares at short-term municipal rates and investing at long-term municipal rates which are typically, though not always, higher. The types of leverage used by the Funds may pay fixed rates of interest or dividends or may fluctuate with short- to intermediate-term yields. The income benefit from leverage will be reduced (increased) to the extent that the difference narrows (widens) between the net earnings on a Fund's portfolio securities and its cost of leverage. If short- or intermediate-term rates rise and a Fund's leverage costs fluctuate, a Fund's cost of leverage could exceed the fixed rate of return on longer-term bonds held by the Fund that were acquired during periods of lower interest rates, reducing returns to common shareholders. This could occur even if short- or intermediate-term and

long-term municipal rates rise. Because of the costs of leverage, a Fund may incur losses even if the Fund has positive returns, if they are not sufficient to cover the costs of leverage. A Fund's cost of leverage includes both the interest rate paid on its borrowings or dividends on preferred shares as well as any other ongoing fees and expenses associated with those borrowings or preferred shares. The Funds also bear one-time costs associated with establishing borrowing facilities, issuing preferred shares and refinancing such leverage. To the extent that the Funds issue preferred shares with relatively short terms to redemption (e.g., MTP Shares), refinancing risk will increase. To the extent that a Fund issues preferred shares with a liquidity provider feature (e.g., VRDP Shares), the Fund is subject to refinancing risk if the liquidity provider acquires VRDP Shares pursuant to its purchase obligation and holds them for six months of unsuccessful remarketings, triggering a mandatory redemption. Refinancing risk is the risk that the Fund is unable to replace existing leverage at all or on favorable terms. If the Fund is unable to replace its leverage upon a term redemption date or mandatory redemption of MTP Shares or VRDP Shares, it may be forced to reduce leverage and sell portfolio securities when it otherwise would not do so. More frequent refinancings may also increase the one-time costs of establishing leverage. Each Fund will likely seek to refinance its leverage over time as current forms of leverage mature or it is otherwise desirable to refinance; however, the form that such leverage will take cannot be predicted at this time. If the Fund is unable to replace existing leverage on comparable terms, its costs of leverage will increase. Accordingly, there is no assurance that the use of leverage may result in a higher yield or return to common shareholders.

A Fund's use of financial leverage also creates incremental common share net asset value risk because the full impact of price changes in the Fund's investment portfolio, including assets attributable to leverage, is borne by common shareholders. This can lead to a greater increase in net asset values in rising markets than if a Fund were not leveraged, but it also can result in a greater decrease in net asset values in declining markets. A Fund's use of financial leverage similarly can magnify the impact of changing market conditions on common share market prices. Each Fund is required to maintain certain regulatory and rating agency asset coverage requirements in connection with its outstanding preferred shares, in order to be able to maintain the ability to declare and pay common share distributions and to maintain the rating of its preferred shares. In order to maintain required asset coverage levels, a Fund may be required to alter the composition of its investment portfolio or take other actions, such as redeeming preferred shares with the proceeds from portfolio transactions, at what might be an inopportune time in the market. Such actions could reduce the net earnings or returns to common shareholders over time.

Each Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies, which may themselves be leveraged and therefore present similar risks to those described above. In addition, each Fund's investments in leveraged investment companies magnify a Fund's leverage risk.

The amount of fees paid to the Adviser (which in turn pays a portion of its fees to the Sub-Adviser) for investment and advisory services will be higher when a Fund uses financial leverage because the advisory fees are calculated based on the Fund's Managed Assets this may create an incentive for the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser to leverage the Funds.

Multiple Series Risk. Following the Reorganizations, the Acquiring Fund will have multiple series of preferred shares outstanding, including both VRDP Shares and MTP Shares. While the preferred shares issued by the Acquiring Fund in connection with the Reorganizations will have equal priority with each other and with the Acquiring Fund's existing outstanding preferred shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation,

there are some differences between the terms applicable to each series. To the extent that the terms of the various series differ with respect to required asset coverage levels, cure periods or other events affecting the dividend rate or mandatory or optional redemption terms applicable to such series, such events may impact one series of preferred shares differently than another series of preferred shares.

Insurance Risk. Each Fund may purchase municipal securities that are secured by insurance, bank credit agreements or escrow accounts. The credit quality of the companies that provide such credit enhancements will affect the value of those securities. Certain significant providers of insurance for municipal securities have incurred significant losses as a result of exposure to sub-prime mortgages and other lower credit quality investments that have experienced recent defaults or otherwise suffered extreme credit deterioration. As a result, such losses have reduced the insurers' capital and called into question their continued ability to perform their obligations under such insurance if they are called upon to do so in the future. While an insured municipal security will typically be deemed to have the rating of its insurer, if the insurer of a municipal security suffers a downgrade in its credit rating or the market discounts the value of the insurance provided by the insurer, the rating of the underlying municipal security will be more relevant and the value of the municipal security would more closely, if not entirely, reflect such rating. In such a case, the value of insurance associated with a municipal security would decline and may not add any value. The insurance feature of a municipal security does not guarantee the full payment of principal and interest through the life of an insured obligation, the market value of the insured obligation or the net asset value of the common shares represented by such insured obligation.

Tax Risk. To qualify for the favorable U.S. federal income tax treatment generally accorded to regulated investment companies, among other things, a Fund must derive in each taxable year at least 90% of its gross income from certain prescribed sources and satisfy a diversification test on a quarterly basis. If a Fund fails to satisfy the qualifying income or diversification requirements in any taxable year, the Fund may be eligible for relief provisions if the failures are due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect and if a penalty tax is paid with respect to each failure to satisfy the applicable requirements. Additionally, relief is provided for certain de minimis failures of the diversification requirements where a Fund corrects the failure within a specified period. In order to be eligible for the relief provisions with respect to a failure to meet the diversification requirements, a Fund may be required to dispose of certain assets. If these relief provisions are not available to a Fund and it fails to qualify for treatment as a regulated investment company, all of its taxable income (including its net capital gain) would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates without any deduction for distributions to shareholders, and all distributions from the Fund (including underlying distributions attributable to tax exempt interest income) would be taxable to shareholders as ordinary dividends to the extent of the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits.

To qualify to pay exempt-interest dividends, which are treated as items of interest excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, at least 50% of the value of the total assets of a Fund must consist of obligations exempt from regular income tax as of the close of each quarter of the Fund's taxable year. If the proportion of taxable investments held by a Fund exceeded 50% of such Fund's total assets as of the close of any quarter of the Fund's taxable year, the Fund would not satisfy the general eligibility test that would permit it to pay exempt-interest dividends for that taxable year.

The value of a Fund's investments and its net asset value may be adversely affected by changes in tax rates and policies. Because interest income from municipal securities held by a Fund is normally not subject to regular federal, New York State or New York City income tax, the attractiveness of

municipal securities in relation to other investment alternatives is affected by changes in federal and New York income tax rates or changes in the tax-exempt status of interest income from municipal securities. Any proposed or actual changes in such rates or exempt status, therefore, can significantly affect the demand for and supply, liquidity and marketability of municipal securities. This could in turn affect a Fund's net asset value and ability to acquire and dispose of municipal securities at desirable yield and price levels. Additionally, the Funds are not suitable investments for individual retirement accounts, for other tax-exempt or tax-deferred accounts or for investors who are not sensitive to the federal income tax consequences of their investments.

Taxability Risk. Each Fund will invest in municipal securities in reliance at the time of purchase on an opinion of bond counsel to the issuer that the interest paid on those securities will be excludable from gross income for regular federal income tax purposes, and neither the Adviser nor the Sub-Adviser will independently verify that opinion. Subsequent to a Fund's acquisition of such a municipal security, however, the security may be determined to pay, or to have paid, taxable income. As a result, the treatment of dividends previously paid or to be paid by a Fund as exempt-interest dividends could be adversely affected, subjecting the Fund's shareholders to increased federal income tax liabilities. In certain circumstances, a Fund will make payments to holders of preferred shares to offset the tax effects of a taxable distribution.

Under highly unusual circumstances, the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") may determine that a municipal bond issued as tax-exempt should in fact be taxable. If a Fund held such a bond, it might have to distribute taxable ordinary income dividends or reclassify as taxable income amounts previously distributed as exempt-interest dividends. In addition, future legislation may change the tax treatment of municipal bond interest.

For federal income tax purposes, distributions of ordinary taxable income (including any net short-term capital gain) will be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income (and will not be eligible for favorable taxation as "qualified dividend income"), and capital gain dividends will be taxed at long-term capital gain rates.

Borrowing Risk. Each Fund may borrow money for the repurchase of its shares or for temporary or emergency purposes, such as for the payment of dividends or the settlement of portfolio transactions. Borrowing may exaggerate changes in the net asset value of a Fund's common shares and may affect a Fund's net income. When a Fund borrows money, it must pay interest and other fees, which will reduce the Fund's returns if such costs exceed the returns on the portfolio securities purchased or retained with such borrowings. Any such borrowings are intended to be temporary. However, under certain market conditions, including periods of low demand or decreased liquidity in the municipal bond market, such borrowings might be outstanding for longer periods of time.

Inflation Risk. Inflation is the reduction in the purchasing power of money resulting from the increase in the price of goods and services. Inflation risk is the risk that the inflation-adjusted (or "real") value of assets or income from investment will be worth less in the future. As inflation increases, the real value of the dividends paid to preferred shareholders declines.

Deflation Risk. Deflation risk is the risk that prices throughout the economy decline over time, which may have an adverse effect on the market valuation of companies, their assets and revenues. In addition, deflation may have an adverse effect on the creditworthiness of issuers and may make issuer default more likely, which may result in a decline in the value of a Fund's portfolio.

Derivatives Risk. Each Fund's use of derivatives involves risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the investments underlying the derivatives. Whether a Fund's use of derivatives is successful will depend on, among other things, if the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser correctly forecasts market values, interest rates and other applicable factors. If the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser incorrectly forecasts these and other factors, the investment performance of a Fund will be unfavorably affected. In addition, the derivatives market is largely unregulated. It is possible that developments in the derivatives market could adversely affect a Fund's ability to successfully use derivative instruments.

Each Fund may enter into debt-related derivatives instruments including credit default swap contracts and interest rate swaps. Like most derivative instruments, the use of swaps is a highly specialized activity that involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. In addition, the use of swaps requires an understanding by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser of not only of the referenced asset, rate or index, but also of the swap itself. Because they are two-party contracts and because they may have terms of greater than seven days, swap agreements may be considered to be illiquid. Moreover, a Fund bears the risk of loss of the amount expected to be received under a swap agreement in the event of the default or bankruptcy of a swap agreement counterparty. It is possible that developments in the swaps market, including potential government regulation, could adversely affect a Fund's ability to terminate existing swap agreements or to realize amounts to be received under such agreements. The derivatives market is subject to a changing regulatory environment. It is possible that regulatory or other developments in the derivatives market could adversely affect a Fund's ability to successfully use derivative instruments. See *Counterparty Risk* and *Hedging Risk* and the Reorganization SAI.

Hedging Risk. Each Fund's use of derivatives or other transactions to reduce risk involves costs and will be subject to the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's ability to predict correctly changes in the relationships of such hedge instruments to the Fund's portfolio holdings or other factors. No assurance can be given that the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's judgment in this respect will be correct. In addition, no assurance can be given that a Fund will enter into hedging or other transactions at times or under circumstances in which it may be advisable to do so.

Other Investment Companies Risk. Each Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies. Such securities may be leveraged. As a result, a Fund may be indirectly exposed to leverage through an investment in such securities. Utilization of leverage is a speculative investment technique and involves certain risks. An investment in securities of other investment companies that are leveraged may expose a Fund to higher volatility in the market value of such securities and the possibility that a Fund's long-term returns on such securities will be diminished.

Counterparty Risk. Changes in the credit quality of the companies that serve as a Fund's counterparties with respect to derivatives, insured municipal securities or other transactions supported by another party's credit will affect the value of those instruments. Certain entities that have served as counterparties in the markets for these transactions have recently incurred significant financial hardships including bankruptcy and losses as a result of exposure to sub-prime mortgages and other lower-quality credit investments that have experienced recent defaults or otherwise suffered extreme credit deterioration. As a result, such hardships have reduced these entities' capital and called into question their continued ability to perform their obligations under such transactions. By using such derivatives or other transactions, a Fund assumes the risk that its counterparties could experience similar financial hardships. In the event of insolvency of a counterparty, a Fund may sustain losses or be unable to liquidate a derivatives position.

Illiquid Securities Risk. Each Fund may invest in municipal securities and other instruments that, at the time of investment, are illiquid. Illiquid securities are securities that are not readily marketable and may include restricted securities, which are securities that may not be resold unless they have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), or can be sold in a private transaction pursuant to an exemption from registration. Illiquid securities involve the risk that the securities will not be able to be sold at the time desired by a Fund or at prices approximating the value at which the Fund is carrying the securities on its books.

Market Disruption Risk. Certain events have a disruptive effect on the securities markets, such as terrorist attacks (including the terrorist attacks in the United States on September 11, 2001), war and other geopolitical events. A Fund cannot predict the effects of similar events in the future on the U.S. economy. Below-investment-grade securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated securities so that these events and any actions resulting from them may have a greater impact on the prices and volatility of below-investment-grade securities than on higher rated securities.

Income Risk. A Fund's income is based primarily on the interest it earns from its investments, which can vary widely over the short-term and long-term. If interest rates drop, a Fund's income available over time to make dividend payments could drop as well if the Fund purchases securities with lower interest coupons.

Call Risk or Prepayment Risk. During periods of declining interest rates or for other purposes, issuers of callable bonds with higher interest coupons may exercise their option to call (or prepay) bonds before their maturity date, forcing a Fund to reinvest in lower-yielding securities. This is known as call or prepayment risk.

Reinvestment Risk. Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from a Fund's portfolio will decline if and when the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called bonds at market interest rates that are below the Fund's portfolio's current earnings rate. A decline in income could affect the common shares' market price or their overall returns.

Economic Sector Risk. Each Fund may invest 25% or more of its total assets in municipal securities in the same economic sector. This may make a Fund more susceptible to adverse economic, political or regulatory occurrences affecting an economic sector. As concentration increases, so does the potential for fluctuation in the value of a Fund's assets.

Reliance on Investment Adviser. Each Fund is dependent upon services and resources provided by the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser, and therefore the Adviser's and the Sub-Adviser's parent, Nuveen Investments. Nuveen Investments, through its own business or the financial support of its affiliates, may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow from operations or ensure that future borrowings will be available in an amount sufficient to enable it to pay its indebtedness or to fund its other liquidity needs. For additional information on the Adviser, the Sub-Adviser and Nuveen Investments, see Proposal No. 2 Comparison of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds' Investment Adviser and Investment Adviser and Sub-Adviser in the Reorganization SAI.

Personnel Turnover Risk. As a result of deteriorating market conditions or other reasons, Nuveen Investments, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may need to implement cost reductions in the future which could make the retention of qualified and experienced personnel more difficult and could lead to personnel turnover.

Certain Affiliations. Certain broker-dealers may be considered to be affiliated persons of the Funds, the Adviser, the Sub-Adviser and/or Nuveen Investments. Absent an exemption from the SEC or other regulatory relief, a Fund generally is precluded from effecting certain principal transactions with affiliated brokers, and its ability to purchase securities being underwritten by an affiliated broker or a syndicate including an affiliated broker, or to utilize affiliated brokers for agency transactions, is subject to restrictions. This could limit a Fund's ability to engage in securities transactions and take advantage of market opportunities.

Anti-Takeover Provisions. Each Fund's organizational documents include provisions that could limit the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or convert the Fund to open-end status.

Risks of Investing in MTP Shares

Interest Rate Risk. MTP Shares pay dividends at a fixed dividend rate. Prices of fixed income investments vary inversely with changes in market yields. The market yields on intermediate term securities comparable to MTP Shares may increase, which would likely result in a decline in the secondary market price of MTP Shares prior to the term redemption date. See Description of MTP Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund Dividends and Dividend Periods.

Ratings Risk. There can be no assurance that the MTP Shares will receive any particular rating from any rating agency, or that any such ratings will be maintained at the level originally assigned through the term of MTP Shares. Ratings do not eliminate or mitigate the risks of investing in MTP Shares. A rating issued by a rating agency (including Moody's, S&P and Fitch) is only the opinion of the entity issuing the rating at that time and is not a guarantee as to quality, or an assurance of the future performance, of the rated security (in this case, MTP Shares). In addition, the manner in which the rating agency obtains and processes information about a particular security may affect the rating agency's ability to timely react to changes in an issuer's circumstances (in this case, a Fund) that could influence a particular rating. On July 12, 2012, Moody's announced the downgrade of the long-term ratings assigned to the preferred shares of state-specific funds, including the outstanding MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, following the adoption by Moody's of a new methodology for rating closed-end fund preferred securities. On September 17, 2013, S&P announced the adoption of revised criteria for rating closed-end fund preferred securities, among other securities, to become effective in mid-December 2013, following which S&P may take adverse action with respect to the ratings of the preferred securities of closed-end funds that do not satisfy the new criteria to maintain their current ratings. Although the impact of the S&P action on the MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 or preferred securities of other funds (including the VRDP Shares of Performance Plus) cannot yet be determined, S&P or another rating agency could downgrade MTP Shares, which may make MTP Shares less liquid in the secondary market and reduce market prices.

Early Redemption Risk. A Fund may voluntarily redeem MTP Shares or may be forced to redeem MTP Shares to meet regulatory requirements and the asset coverage requirements of the MTP Shares. Such redemptions may be at a time that is unfavorable to holders of MTP Shares. Each Fund expects to voluntarily redeem MTP Shares before the Term Redemption Date (as defined under Description of MTP Shares to Be Issued by the Acquiring Fund) to the extent that market conditions allow the Fund to issue other preferred shares or debt securities at a rate that is lower than the Fixed Dividend Rate (as defined under Description of MTP Shares to Be Issued by the Acquiring Fund) on

MTP Shares. For further information, see Description of MTP Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund Mandatory Redemption for Asset Coverage and Effective Leverage Ratio Optional Redemption and Description of MTP Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund Asset Coverage.

Tax Risk. The value of MTP Shares may be adversely affected by changes in tax rates and policies. Because dividends from MTP Shares are generally not expected to be subject to regular federal, New York State or New York City income taxation, the attractiveness of such shares in relation to other investment alternatives is affected by changes in federal, New York State or New York City income tax rates or changes in the tax-exempt treatment of dividends on MTP Shares. In addition, each Fund intends to treat MTP Shares as stock in the Fund for federal income tax purposes. Because there is no direct legal authority on the classification of instruments similar to MTP Shares, investors should be aware that the IRS could assert a contrary position meaning that the IRS could classify MTP Shares as debt. If the IRS prevailed on such a position, a Fund would not be able to pass through tax-exempt income to holders of MTP Shares, and dividends paid on MTP Shares (including dividends already paid) could become taxable. See Additional Information About the Acquiring Fund Federal Income Tax Matters Associated with Investment in the Acquiring Fund.

Income Shortfall Risk. The municipal securities held in each Fund's portfolio generally pay interest based on long-term yields. Long-term, as well as intermediate-term and short-term interest rates may fluctuate. If the interest rates paid on the municipal securities held by a Fund fall below the Fixed Dividend Rate (as defined under Description of MTP Shares to Be Issued by the Acquiring Fund), the Fund's ability to pay dividends on MTP Shares could be jeopardized.

Subordination Risk. While holders of MTP Shares have equal liquidation and distribution rights to any other preferred shares that might be issued by a Fund, they will be subordinated to the rights of holders of indebtedness and the claims of other creditors of the Fund. Therefore, dividends, distributions and other payments to holders of MTP Shares in liquidation or otherwise will be subject to prior payments due, if any, to the holders of indebtedness or other creditors of the Fund. In addition, the 1940 Act may provide debt holders with voting rights that are superior to the voting rights of preferred shareholders, including holders of MTP Shares. Currently, each Fund, as a fundamental policy, may not issue debt securities that rank senior to MTP Shares. See Investment Restrictions in the Reorganization SAI. If the Fund enters into borrowings in accordance with its fundamental investment policies, delayed delivery purchases and/or forward delivery contracts, the rights of lenders and counterparties in those transactions will also be senior to those of holders of MTP Shares.

Credit Crisis and Liquidity Risk. General market uncertainty and extraordinary conditions in the credit markets, including the municipal market, may impact the liquidity of a Fund's investment portfolio, which in turn, during extraordinary circumstances, could impact a Fund's distributions and/or the liquidity of the Term Redemption Liquidity Account (as described under Description of MTP Shares to Be Issued by the Acquiring Fund). Further, there may be market imbalances of sellers and buyers of MTP Shares during periods of extreme illiquidity and volatility. Such market conditions may lead to periods of thin trading in any secondary market for MTP Shares and may make valuation of MTP Shares uncertain. As a result, the spread between bid and asked prices is likely to increase significantly such that an MTP Shares investor may have greater difficulty selling his, her or its MTP Shares. Less liquid and more volatile trading environments could result in sudden and significant valuation increases or decreases in MTP Shares.

Inflation Risk. Inflation is the reduction in the purchasing power of money resulting from the increase in the price of goods and services. Inflation risk is the risk that the inflation-adjusted (or real) value of assets or income from investment will be worth less in the future. As inflation increases, the real value of the dividends paid to holders of MTP Shares declines.

Reinvestment Risk. Given the potential for early redemption of MTP Shares, holders of MTP Shares may face an increased reinvestment risk, which is the risk that the return on an investment purchased with proceeds from the sale or redemption of MTP Shares may be lower than the return previously obtained from an investment in MTP Shares.

Other Dividend Risks. In addition to the interest rate risks noted above, a Fund may otherwise be unable to pay dividends on MTP Shares in extraordinary circumstances.

C. INFORMATION ABOUT THE REORGANIZATIONS

General

The Board of Nuveen's municipal closed-end funds has approved a series of mergers of single-state municipal closed-end funds, including the Reorganizations of each of the Target Funds into the Acquiring Fund. As noted above, the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds have similar investment objectives and policies, substantially similar portfolio compositions and the same portfolio manager. With respect to the proposed Reorganizations, it is intended that the combination of the Funds will result in a lower effective management fee rate based on managed assets and the same or lower total expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) for each Fund and the potential for economies of scale over time resulting from the larger size of the combined fund and enhance the secondary trading market for common shares of the Funds as a result of the greater share volume of the combined fund. As a result of differences in the cost of leverage, the projected total expenses (including leverage) of the combined fund as of the date presented in the Comparative Fee Table in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus were higher than total expenses (including leverage) for Performance Plus and lower than total expenses (including leverage) for the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2. However, the Adviser believes that the greater asset size of the combined fund may provide greater flexibility in managing the structure and costs of leverage over time. The closing of each Reorganization is contingent upon the closing of all of the Reorganizations. In order for the Reorganizations to occur, each Fund must obtain all requisite shareholder approvals as well as certain consents, confirmations and/or waivers from various third parties, including rating agencies with respect to outstanding preferred shares and liquidity providers with respect to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus. Because the closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon all of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund obtaining the requisite shareholder approvals and satisfying (or obtaining the waiver of) other closing conditions, it is possible that the Reorganizations will not occur, even if shareholders of your Fund approve the Reorganization(s) and your Fund satisfies all of its closing conditions, if one or more of the other Funds does not obtain its requisite shareholder approvals or satisfy its closing conditions. If the requisite shareholder approvals are not obtained, each Fund's Board may take such actions as it deems in the best interest of its Fund, including conducting additional solicitations with respect to the proposals or continuing to operate the Fund as a stand-alone fund.

Terms of the Reorganizations

General. The Agreement and Plan of Reorganization by and among each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund (the Agreement), in the form attached as Appendix A, provides for: (i) the

Acquiring Fund's acquisition of substantially all of the assets of each Target Fund in exchange for newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, par value \$0.01 per share, and newly issued VRDP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share, or MTP Shares, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$10 per share, of the Acquiring Fund, as applicable, and the Acquiring Fund's assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of each Target Fund; and (ii) the distribution of the newly issued Acquiring Fund common shares and Acquiring Fund preferred shares received by each Target Fund to its common and preferred shareholders, respectively, as part of the liquidation, dissolution and termination of each Target Fund in accordance with applicable law. No fractional Acquiring Fund common shares will be distributed to a Target Fund's common shareholders in connection with a Reorganization and, in lieu of such fractional shares, each Target Fund's common shareholders will receive cash in an amount equal to the value received for such fractional shares in the open market, which may be higher or lower than net asset value. Preferred shareholders of each Target Fund will receive the same number of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares or VRDP Shares, as applicable, having substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares) as the outstanding preferred shares of the Target Fund held by such preferred shareholders immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. The aggregate liquidation preference of the Acquiring Fund preferred shares received in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the corresponding Target Fund preferred shares held immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganization. The preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations will have equal priority with each other and with the Acquiring Fund's existing outstanding preferred shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation. In addition, the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, including the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations, will be senior in priority to the Acquiring Fund's common shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of the Acquiring Fund's liquidation.

As a result of the Reorganizations, the assets of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund would be combined, and the shareholders of each Target Fund would become shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. The closing date is expected to be on or about February 10, 2014 or such other date as the parties may agree (the Closing Date). Following the Reorganizations, each Target Fund would terminate its registration as an investment company under the 1940 Act. The Acquiring Fund will continue to operate after the Reorganizations as a registered closed-end management investment company with the investment objectives and policies described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

The aggregate net asset value of the Acquiring Fund common shares received by each Target Fund in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate net asset value of the Target Fund common shares held by shareholders of such Target Fund as of the Valuation Time (as defined below). See Proposal No. 2 Information About the Reorganizations Description of Common Shares Issued by the Acquiring Fund for a description of the rights of Acquiring Fund common shareholders. No fractional Acquiring Fund common shares, however, will be distributed to a Target Fund's common shareholders in connection with the Reorganizations. The Acquiring Fund's transfer agent will aggregate all fractional Acquiring Fund common shares that may be due to Target Fund shareholders as of the Closing Date and will sell the resulting whole shares for the account of holders of all such fractional interests at a value that may be higher or lower than net asset value, and each such holder will be entitled to a pro rata share of the proceeds from such sale. With respect to the aggregation and sale of fractional common shares, the Acquiring Fund's transfer agent will act directly on behalf of the

shareholders entitled to receive fractional shares and will accumulate fractional shares, sell the shares and distribute the cash proceeds net of brokerage commissions, if any, directly to shareholders entitled to receive the fractional shares (without interest and subject to withholding taxes). For federal income tax purposes, shareholders will be treated as if they received fractional share interests and then sold such interests for cash. The holding period and the aggregate tax basis of fractional share interests deemed received by a shareholder will be the same as the holding period and aggregate tax basis of the Target Fund common shares previously held by the shareholder and exchanged therefor, provided the Target Fund shares exchanged therefor were held as capital assets. As a result of the Reorganizations, common shareholders of the Funds will hold reduced percentages of ownership in the larger combined entity than they held in the Acquiring Fund or Target Fund individually.

Following the Reorganizations, each preferred shareholder of a Target Fund would own the same number of Acquiring Fund preferred shares as preferred shares of the Target Fund held by such shareholder immediately prior to the Closing Date, with substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares) as the outstanding preferred shares of the Target Fund held by such preferred shareholders immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. As a result of the Reorganizations, preferred shareholders of the Funds would hold reduced voting percentages of preferred shares in the combined fund for matters to be voted on by all preferred shareholders as a single class or by common and preferred shareholders voting together than they held in the Acquiring Fund or Target Fund individually.

Valuation of Assets and Liabilities. If the Reorganizations are approved and the other closing conditions are satisfied or waived, the value of the net assets of each Target Fund will be the value of its assets, less its liabilities, computed as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the business day immediately prior to the Closing Date (such time and date being hereinafter called the "Valuation Time"). The value of each Target Fund's assets shall be determined by using the valuation procedures of the Nuveen closed-end funds adopted by the Board or such other valuation procedures as shall be mutually agreed upon by the parties. The value of each Target Fund's net assets will be calculated net of the liquidation preference (including accumulated and unpaid dividends) of all outstanding preferred shares of such Target Fund.

Distributions. Undistributed net investment income represents net earnings from a Fund's investment portfolio that over time have not been distributed to shareholders. Under the terms of the Agreement, if a Target Fund has undistributed net investment income or undistributed net capital gains, such Target Fund is required to declare a distribution, which, together with all previous dividends, has the effect of distributing to its shareholders all undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains (after reduction by any available capital loss carryforwards) for all taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date. The Acquiring Fund is not subject to a similar distribution requirement; however, it is anticipated that the Acquiring Fund will declare a distribution prior to the Closing Date which will result in the distribution of a portion of its undistributed net investment income. Consequently, Target Fund shareholders effectively will purchase a pro rata portion of the Acquiring Fund's remaining undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains, if any, which may be more or less than each Target Fund's undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains per share immediately preceding the distributions described above, if any. As a result, the Acquiring Fund's existing shareholders will experience a corresponding reduction in their respective portion of undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains per share, if any, such that the Acquiring Fund's undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains per share immediately

following the Reorganizations is expected to be less than the Acquiring Fund's undistributed net investment income and undistributed realized net capital gains per share immediately preceding the Reorganizations, if any.

Amendments. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Agreement may be amended, modified, or supplemented in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon in writing by each Fund as specifically authorized by each Fund's Board; provided, however, that following the meeting of the shareholders of the Funds called by each Fund, no such amendment, modification or supplement may have the effect of changing the provisions for determining the number of Acquiring Fund shares to be issued to each Target Fund's shareholders under the Agreement to the detriment of such shareholders without their further approval.

Conditions. Under the terms of the Agreement, the closing of the Reorganizations is conditioned upon (a) the requisite approval by the shareholders of each Fund of the proposals in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, (b) each Fund's receipt of an opinion substantially to the effect that its Reorganization(s) will qualify as a reorganization under the Code (See Material Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Reorganizations), (c) the absence of legal proceedings challenging the Reorganizations and (d) the Funds' receipt of certain customary certificates and legal opinions. Additionally, in order for the Reorganizations to occur, each Fund must obtain certain consents, confirmations and/or waivers from various third parties, including rating agencies with respect to outstanding preferred shares and liquidity providers with respect to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus.

Termination. The Agreement may be terminated by the mutual agreement of the parties and such termination may be effected by each Fund's Chief Administrative Officer or a Vice President without further action by the Board. In addition, any Fund may at its option terminate the Agreement at or before the Closing Date due to (a) a breach by any other party of any representation, warranty, or agreement contained therein to be performed at or before the Closing Date, if not cured within 30 days; (b) a condition precedent to the obligations of the terminating party that has not been met and it reasonably appears it will not or cannot be met; or (c) a determination by its Board that the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Agreement is not in the best interests of the Fund.

Reasons for the Reorganizations

Based on the considerations below, the Board of each Fund, including the Board Members who are not interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Funds (the Independent Board Members⁵) has determined that its Fund's Reorganization(s) would be in the best interests of its Fund and that the interests of the existing shareholders of such Fund would not be diluted with respect to net asset value as a result of such Reorganization(s). The Boards approved the Reorganizations and recommended that shareholders of the respective Funds approve the Reorganizations.

In preparation for a meeting of the Boards held on August 6-8, 2013 (the Meeting) at which the Reorganizations were considered, the Adviser provided the Boards, prior to the Meeting and in prior meetings, with information regarding the proposed Reorganizations, including the rationale therefor and alternatives considered to the Reorganizations. Prior to approving the Reorganizations, the

⁵ References to Independent Board Members and Board Members in this section refer to those individuals serving on the Board as of August 6-8, 2013.

Independent Board Members reviewed the foregoing information with their independent legal counsel and with management, reviewed with independent legal counsel applicable law and their duties in considering such matters, and met with independent legal counsel in a private session without management present. The Boards considered a number of principal factors presented at the time of the Meeting or prior meetings in reaching their determinations, including the following:

the compatibility of the Funds' investment objectives, policies and related risks;

consistency of portfolio management;

the potential for improved economies of scale and the effect on fees and total expenses (excluding the costs of leverage);

the potential for improved secondary market trading with respect to the common shares;

the anticipated federal income tax-free nature of the Reorganizations;

the expected costs of the Reorganizations;

the terms of the Reorganizations and whether the Reorganizations would dilute the interests of shareholders of the Funds;

the effect of the Reorganizations on shareholder rights; and

any potential benefits of the Reorganizations to the Adviser and its affiliates as a result of the Reorganizations.

Compatibility of Investment Objectives, Policies and Related Risks. Based on the information presented, the Boards noted that the investment objectives, policies and risks of the Funds are similar. The Boards noted that each Fund is a diversified fund that invests primarily in municipal securities the income from which is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. In addition, under normal circumstances, each Fund invests at least 80% of its Managed Assets in investment-grade securities. The Boards considered that the portfolio composition of each Fund is substantially similar and considered the impact of the Reorganizations on each Fund's portfolio, including any shifts in sector allocations, credit ratings, duration, yield and leverage costs. The Boards also recognized that each Fund utilizes leverage. Because the Funds have similar investment strategies, the principal risks of each Fund are also similar.

Consistency of Portfolio Management. The Boards noted that each Fund has the same investment adviser, sub-adviser and portfolio manager, and that such portfolio manager would continue to manage the Acquiring Fund upon completion of the Reorganizations. Through the Reorganizations, the Boards recognized that shareholders will remain invested in a closed-end management investment company that will have greater net assets and benefits from potential economies of scale; the same investment adviser and sub-adviser; and similar investment objectives and investment strategies.

Potential for Improved Economies of Scale and Effect on Fees and Total Expenses (Excluding the Costs of Leverage). The Boards considered the fees and expense ratios of each of the Funds (including estimated expenses of the Acquiring Fund following the Reorganizations). In this regard, the Boards noted that it was expected that the effective management fee rate (as a percentage of

average daily Managed Assets) of the combined fund would be lower than that of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund prior to the closing of the Reorganizations and that total expenses per common share (excluding the costs of leverage) of the combined fund would be lower than those of the Acquiring Fund and would not exceed those of each Target Fund prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. It is anticipated that the Funds may benefit over time from the larger asset size as fixed costs are shared over a larger asset base. In addition, as each Fund utilizes leverage, the Boards considered the differences in the costs of leverage among the Funds and the impact of the Reorganizations on such costs. In this connection, the Boards noted the Adviser's position that the greater asset size of the combined fund may provide greater flexibility in managing the structure and costs of leverage over time.

Potential for Improved Secondary Market Trading with Respect to the Common Shares. While it is not possible to predict trading levels at the time the Reorganizations close, the Boards noted that the Reorganizations are being proposed, in part, to seek to enhance the secondary trading market for the common shares of the Funds. The Acquiring Fund's greater share volume may result in increased market liquidity after the Reorganizations, which may lead to narrower bid-ask spreads and smaller trade-to-trade price movements.

Anticipated Tax-Free Reorganizations. The Reorganizations will be structured with the intention that they qualify as tax-free reorganizations for federal income tax purposes, and the Funds will obtain opinions of counsel substantially to this effect (based on certain factual representations and certain customary assumptions).

Expected Costs of the Reorganizations. The Boards considered the terms and conditions of the Agreement, including the estimated costs associated with the Reorganizations and the allocation of such costs among the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund. The Boards noted, however, that, assuming the Reorganizations are consummated, the Adviser anticipated that the projected costs of each Reorganization may be recovered over time for the common shareholders and that preferred shareholders will not bear any costs of the Reorganizations.

Terms of the Reorganizations and Impact on Shareholders. The terms of the Reorganizations are intended to avoid dilution of the interests with respect to net asset value of the existing shareholders of the Funds. In this regard, the Boards considered that each holder of common shares of a Target Fund will receive common shares of the Acquiring Fund (taking into account any fractional shares to which the shareholder would be entitled) equal to the aggregate per share net asset value of that shareholder's Target Fund common shares held as of the Valuation Time. No fractional common shares of the Acquiring Fund, however, will be distributed to a Target Fund's common shareholders in connection with the Reorganizations and, in lieu of such fractional shares, each Target Fund's common shareholders will receive cash.

Preferred shareholders of each Target Fund will receive the same number of Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or MTP Shares, as applicable, having substantially identical terms (with respect to MTP Shares) or substantially similar terms (with respect to VRDP Shares) as the outstanding preferred shares of the Target Fund held by such preferred shareholders immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. The aggregate liquidation preference of the Acquiring Fund preferred shares received in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the corresponding Target Fund preferred shares held immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganization.

Effect on Shareholder Rights. The Boards considered that the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are each organized as Massachusetts business trusts and Performance Plus is organized as a Minnesota corporation. In this regard, the Boards noted that, unlike a Massachusetts business trust, many aspects of the corporate governance of a Minnesota corporation are prescribed by state statutory law. In addition, the Boards are aware that the structure of the Boards of the Massachusetts Funds differs from that of the Minnesota Fund.

Potential Benefits to Nuveen Fund Advisors and Affiliates. The Boards recognized that the Reorganizations may result in some benefits and economies for the Adviser and its affiliates. These may include, for example, a reduction in the level of operational expenses incurred for administrative, compliance and portfolio management services as a result of the elimination of the Target Funds as separate funds in the Nuveen complex.

Conclusion. Each Board, including the Independent Board Members, approved the Reorganization (or Reorganizations, in the case of the Acquiring Fund's Board) involving its Fund, concluding that such Reorganization is (or such Reorganizations are) in the best interests of its Fund and that the interests of existing shareholders of the Fund will not be diluted with respect to net asset value as a result of the Reorganization (or Reorganizations).

Capitalization

The following table sets forth the unaudited capitalization of the Funds as of March 31, 2013, and the pro-forma combined capitalization of the combined fund as if the Reorganizations had occurred on that date. The table reflects pro forma exchange ratios of approximately 1.03524606 and 0.98619925 common shares of the Acquiring Fund issued for each common share of Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2, respectively. If the Reorganizations are consummated, the actual exchange ratios may vary.

	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2	Pro Forma Adjustments	Combined Fund Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾
Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, \$100,000 stated value per share, at liquidation value; 890 shares outstanding for Performance Plus; and 890 shares outstanding for Combined Fund Pro Forma	\$	\$ 89,000,000	\$	\$	\$ 89,000,000
MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, \$10 stated value per share, at liquidation value; 5,536,000 shares outstanding for Acquiring Fund; 3,789,000 shares outstanding for Dividend Advantage 2; and 9,325,000 shares outstanding for Combined Fund Pro Forma	\$ 55,360,000	\$	\$ 37,890,000	\$	\$ 93,250,000

	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2	Pro Forma Adjustments	Combined Fund Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾
Common Shareholders Equity:					
Common Shares, \$.01 par value per share; 9,265,330 shares outstanding for Acquiring Fund; 15,063,511 shares outstanding for Performance Plus; 6,488,516 shares outstanding for Dividend Advantage 2; and 31,258,729 shares outstanding for Combined Fund Pro Forma	\$ 92,653	\$ 150,635	\$ 64,885	\$ 4,414 ⁽²⁾	\$ 312,587
Paid-in surplus	131,191,709	220,047,207	92,005,588	(629,414) ⁽³⁾	442,615,090
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income	1,065,957	2,769,468	147,671	(2,275,017) ⁽⁴⁾	1,708,079
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	\$ (128,589)	\$ (320,052)	\$ (60,570)	\$ (59,647) ⁽⁴⁾	\$ (568,858)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	14,338,589	25,815,048	9,323,554		49,477,191
Net assets attributable to common shares	\$ 146,560,319	\$ 248,462,306	\$ 101,481,128	\$ (2,959,664)	\$ 493,544,089
Net asset value per common share outstanding (net assets attributable to common shares, divided by common shares outstanding)	\$ 15.82	\$ 16.49	\$ 15.64		\$ 15.79
Authorized shares:					
Common	Unlimited	200,000,000	Unlimited		Unlimited
Preferred	Unlimited	1,000,000	Unlimited		Unlimited

- (1) The pro forma balances are presented as if the Reorganizations were effective as of March 31, 2013, and are presented for informational purposes only. The actual Closing Date of the Reorganizations is expected to be on or about February 10, 2014, or such later time agreed to by the parties at which time the results would be reflective of the actual composition of shareholders' equity as of that date.
- (2) Assumes the issuance of 15,594,443 and 6,398,956 Acquiring Fund common shares in exchange for the net assets of Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2, respectively. These numbers are based on the net asset value of the Acquiring Fund and Target Funds as of March 31, 2013, adjusted for estimated Reorganization costs and the effect of distributions.
- (3) Includes the impact of estimated total Reorganization costs of \$625,000, which will be borne by the common shareholders of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 in the amounts of \$270,000, \$25,000 and \$330,000, respectively.
- (4) Assumes Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 make net investment income distributions of \$2,162,639 and \$112,378, respectively, and Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 make accumulated net realized gain distributions of \$54,007 and \$5,640, respectively.

Expenses Associated with the Reorganizations

In evaluating the Reorganizations, management of the Funds estimated the amount of expenses the Funds would incur to be approximately \$625,000, which includes additional stock exchange listing fees, SEC registration fees, legal and accounting fees, proxy solicitation and distribution costs and other related administrative or operational costs. The expenses of the Reorganizations (whether or not consummated) will be allocated among the Funds ratably based on the relative expected benefits of the Reorganizations comprised of forecasted cost savings and distribution increases, if any, to each Fund during the first year following the Reorganizations. Reorganization expenses have been or will be accrued as expenses of each Fund prior to the Valuation Time. These estimated expenses will be borne by the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 in the amounts of \$270,000 (0.19%), \$25,000 (0.01%) and \$330,000 (0.33%), respectively (all percentages are based on average net assets applicable to common shares for the twelve (12) months ended September 30, 2012). Preferred shareholders of the Funds will not bear any costs of the Reorganizations.

Additional solicitation may be made by letter or telephone by officers or employees of Nuveen Investments or the Adviser, or by dealers and their representatives. The Funds have engaged Computershare Fund Services to assist in the solicitation of proxies at an estimated aggregate cost of \$10,500 per Fund plus reasonable expenses, which is included in the foregoing estimate.

Dissenting Shareholders Rights of Appraisal

Under the charter documents of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, shareholders of the Fund do not have dissenters rights of appraisal with respect to the Fund s Reorganization(s).

Under Minnesota law, shareholders generally are entitled to assert dissenters rights in connection with a reorganization and obtain payment of the fair value of their shares, provided that they comply with the requirements of Minnesota law. However, because the common shares of Performance Plus are listed and trade on an exchange, under Minnesota law, only the holders of preferred shares of Performance Plus, and not the holders of common shares, will be entitled to assert dissenters rights.

Material Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Reorganizations

As a condition to each Fund s obligation to consummate the Reorganizations, each Fund will receive a tax opinion from Vedder Price P.C. (which opinion will be based on certain factual representations and certain customary assumptions) with respect to its Reorganization(s) substantially to the effect that, on the basis of the existing provisions of the Code, current administrative rules and court decisions, for federal income tax purposes:

1. The transfer of substantially all of the assets of the Target Fund to the Acquiring Fund in exchange solely for Acquiring Fund shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund, followed by the distribution to the Target Fund shareholders of all the Acquiring Fund shares received by the Target Fund in complete liquidation of the Target Fund will constitute a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and the Acquiring Fund and the Target Fund will each be a party to a reorganization, within the meaning of Section 368(b) of the Code, with respect to the Reorganization.

2. No gain or loss will be recognized by the Acquiring Fund upon the receipt of substantially all of the assets of the Target Fund solely in exchange for Acquiring Fund shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund.
3. No gain or loss will be recognized by the Target Fund upon the transfer of substantially all of the Target Fund's assets to the Acquiring Fund solely in exchange for Acquiring Fund shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund or upon the distribution (whether actual or constructive) of all such Acquiring Fund shares to the Target Fund shareholders solely in exchange for such shareholders' shares of the Target Fund in complete liquidation of the Target Fund.
4. No gain or loss will be recognized by the Target Fund shareholders upon the exchange of their Target Fund shares solely for Acquiring Fund shares in the Reorganization, except with respect to any cash received in lieu of a fractional Acquiring Fund common share.
5. The aggregate basis of the Acquiring Fund shares received by each Target Fund shareholder pursuant to the Reorganization (including any fractional Acquiring Fund common share to which a shareholder would be entitled) will be the same as the aggregate basis of the Target Fund shares exchanged therefor by such shareholder. The holding period of the Acquiring Fund shares received by each Target Fund shareholder (including any fractional Acquiring Fund common share to which a shareholder would be entitled) will include the period during which the Target Fund shares exchanged therefor were held by such shareholder, provided such Target Fund shares are held as capital assets at the time of the Reorganization.
6. The basis of the Target Fund's assets transferred to the Acquiring Fund will be the same as the basis of such assets to the Target Fund immediately before the Reorganization. The holding period of the assets of the Target Fund in the hands of the Acquiring Fund will include the period during which those assets were held by the Target Fund.

In addition, each of Sidley Austin LLP (with respect to the VRDP Shares) and K&L Gates LLP (with respect to the MTP Shares), as special tax counsel to the Acquiring Fund, will deliver an opinion to the Acquiring Fund, subject to certain representations, assumptions and conditions, substantially to the effect that the Acquiring Fund preferred shares received in the Reorganizations by the holders of preferred shares of the Target Funds will qualify as equity in the Acquiring Fund for federal income tax purposes.

No opinion will be expressed as to (1) the federal income tax consequences of payments to preferred shareholders who elect dissenters' rights, (2) the effect of the Reorganizations on a Target Fund, the Acquiring Fund or any Target Fund shareholder with respect to any asset (including, without limitation, any stock held in a passive foreign investment company as defined in Section 1297(a) of the Code) as to which any unrealized gain or loss is required to be recognized under federal income tax principles (i) at the end of a taxable year (or on the termination thereof) or (ii) upon the transfer of such asset regardless of whether such transfer would otherwise be a non-taxable transaction under the Code, or (3) any other federal tax issues (except those set forth above) and all state, local or foreign tax issues of any kind.

If a Target Fund shareholder receives cash in lieu of a fractional Acquiring Fund share, the shareholder will be treated as having received the fractional Acquiring Fund share pursuant to the Reorganization and then as having sold that fractional Acquiring Fund share for cash. As a result, each such Target Fund shareholder generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and the basis in the fractional Acquiring Fund share to which the shareholder is entitled. This gain or loss generally will be a capital gain or loss and generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if, as of the effective time of the Reorganization, the holding period for the shares (including the holding period of Target Fund shares surrendered therefor if such Target Fund Shares were held as capital assets at the time of the Reorganization) is more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Any cash received in lieu of a fractional share may be subject to backup withholding taxes.

Prior to the closing of the Reorganizations, each Target Fund will declare a distribution to its common shareholders, which together with all other distributions to preferred and common shareholders made with respect to the taxable year in which the Reorganization occurs and all prior taxable years, will have the effect of distributing to shareholders all its net investment income and realized net capital gains (after reduction by any available capital loss carryforwards), if any, through the Closing Date of the Reorganizations. To the extent distributions are attributable to ordinary taxable income or capital gains, the distribution will be taxable to shareholders for federal income tax purposes. Each Fund designates distributions to common and preferred shareholders as consisting of particular types of income (such as exempt interest, ordinary income and capital gain) based on each class' proportionate share of the total distributions paid by the Fund during the year. Additional distributions may be made if necessary. All dividends and distributions will be paid in cash unless a shareholder has made an election to reinvest dividends and distributions in additional shares under the Target Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Dividends and distributions are treated the same for federal income tax purposes whether received in cash or additional shares.

After the Reorganizations, the combined fund's ability to use the Target Funds' or the Acquiring Fund's pre-Reorganization capital losses may be limited under certain federal income tax rules applicable to reorganizations of this type. Therefore, in certain circumstances, shareholders may pay federal income taxes sooner, or pay more federal income taxes, than they would have had the Reorganizations not occurred. The effect of these potential limitations, however, will depend on a number of factors including the amount of the losses, the amount of gains to be offset, the exact timing of the Reorganizations and the amount of unrealized capital gains in the Funds at the time of the Reorganizations. As of March 31, 2013, the Funds had no capital loss carryforwards.

For net capital losses arising in taxable years beginning after December 22, 2010 (post-enactment losses), a Fund will generally be able to carryforward such capital losses indefinitely. A Fund's net capital losses from taxable years beginning on or prior to December 22, 2010, however, will remain subject to their current expiration dates and can be used only after the post-enactment losses.

In addition, the shareholders of a Target Fund will receive a proportionate share of any taxable income and gains realized by the Acquiring Fund and not distributed to its shareholders prior to the closing of the Reorganizations when such income and gains are eventually distributed by the Acquiring Fund. As a result, shareholders of a Target Fund may receive a greater amount of taxable distributions than they would have had the Reorganizations not occurred.

This description of the federal income tax consequences of the Reorganizations is made without regard to the particular facts and circumstances of any shareholder. Shareholders are urged to consult

their own tax advisers as to the specific consequences to them of the Reorganizations, including the applicability and effect of state, local, non-U.S. and other tax laws.

The foregoing is intended to be only a summary of the principal federal income tax consequences of the Reorganizations and should not be considered to be tax advice. There can be no assurance that the IRS will concur on all or any of the issues discussed above. Shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisers regarding the federal, state and local tax consequences with respect to the foregoing matters and any other considerations which may be applicable to them.

Votes Required

Each Reorganization is required to be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority (more than 50%) of the outstanding shares of the Target Fund's common shares and preferred shares entitled to vote on the matter, voting as a single class, and by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority (more than 50%) of the Target Fund's outstanding preferred shares entitled to vote on the matter, also voting separately. The Reorganizations also are required to be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority (more than 50%) of the Acquiring Fund's outstanding preferred shares entitled to vote on the matter, voting as a separate class. Holders of VRDP Shares of Performance Plus are being solicited separately on the foregoing proposals through a separate proxy statement and not through this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. Holders of MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are being solicited on the foregoing proposals through this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

Abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as a vote against the approval of the Reorganizations. Broker non-votes are shares held by brokers or nominees for which the brokers or nominees have executed proxies as to which (i) the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power and (ii) the broker or nominee has not received instructions from the beneficial owner or other person who is entitled to instruct how the shares will be voted.

Preferred shareholders of each Fund are separately being asked to approve the Agreement as a plan of reorganization under the 1940 Act. Section 18(a)(2)(D) of the 1940 Act provides that the terms of preferred shares issued by a registered closed-end management investment company must contain provisions requiring approval by the vote of a majority of such shares, voting as a class, of any plan of reorganization adversely affecting such shares. The 1940 Act makes no distinction between a plan of reorganization that has an adverse effect as opposed to a materially adverse effect. While the respective Boards do not believe that the Funds' preferred shareholders would be materially adversely affected by the Reorganizations, it is possible that there may be insignificant adverse effects (such as where the asset coverage with respect to the Acquiring Fund preferred shares issued pursuant to a Reorganization is more or less than the asset coverage with respect to the shares of Target Fund preferred shares for which they are exchanged). Each Fund is seeking approval of the Agreement by the holders of that Fund's preferred shares.

The closing of each Reorganization is contingent upon the closing of all of the Reorganizations. In order for the Reorganization to occur, each Fund must obtain the requisite shareholder approvals as well as certain consents, confirmations and/or waivers from various third parties, including rating agencies with respect to preferred shares and liquidity providers with respect to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus. Because the closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon all of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund obtaining the requisite shareholder approvals and satisfying (or obtaining the waiver of) other closing conditions, it is possible that the Reorganizations will not occur,

even if shareholders of your Fund approve the Reorganization(s) and your Fund satisfies all of its closing conditions, if one or more of the other Funds does not obtain its requisite shareholder approvals or satisfy its closing conditions. VRDP Shares were issued on a private placement basis to one or a small number of institutional holders. To the extent that one or more preferred shareholders of a Fund owns, holds or controls, individually or in the aggregate, all or a significant portion of a Fund's outstanding preferred shares, one or more shareholder approvals required for the Reorganizations may turn on the exercise of voting rights by such particular shareholder(s) and its or their determination as to the favorable view of such proposal(s) with respect to its or their interests. The Funds exercise no influence or control over the determinations of such shareholders with respect to the proposals; there is no guarantee that such shareholders will approve the proposals over which they may exercise effective disposition power. If the requisite shareholder approvals are not obtained, each Fund's Board may take such actions as it deems in the best interest of its Fund, including conducting additional solicitations with respect to the proposals or continuing to operate the Fund as a stand-alone fund.

Description of Common Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund; Comparison to Target Funds

General

As a general matter, the common shares of the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund have equal voting rights and equal rights with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation with respect to their respective Fund and have no preemptive, conversion or exchange rights or rights to cumulative voting. Holders of whole common shares of each Fund are entitled to one vote per share on any matter on which the shares are entitled to vote, while each fractional share is entitled to a proportional fractional vote. Furthermore, the provisions set forth in the Acquiring Fund's declaration of trust are substantially similar to the provisions of each Target Fund's declaration of trust and each contains, among other things, similar super-majority voting provisions, as described under Additional Information about the Funds Certain Provisions in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws. The full text of each Fund's declaration of trust is on file with the SEC and may be obtained as described on page vi.

The Acquiring Fund's declaration of trust authorizes an unlimited number of common shares, par value \$0.01 per share. If the Reorganizations are consummated, the Acquiring Fund will issue additional common shares on the Closing Date to the common shareholders of each Target Fund based on the relative per share net asset value of the Acquiring Fund and the net asset values of the assets of such Target Fund that are transferred in connection with the Reorganization, in each case as of the Valuation Time. The value of a Fund's net assets shall be calculated net of the liquidation preference (including accumulated and unpaid dividends) of all of the Fund's outstanding preferred shares.

The terms of the Acquiring Fund common shares to be issued pursuant to the Reorganizations will be identical to the terms of the Acquiring Fund common shares that are then outstanding. Acquiring Fund common shares have equal rights with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation. The Acquiring Fund common shares, when issued, will be fully paid and non-assessable and have no preemptive, conversion or exchange rights or rights to cumulative voting. See also Comparison of Massachusetts Business Trusts and Minnesota Corporations.

Distributions

As a general matter, each Fund has a monthly distribution policy and each Fund seeks to maintain a stable level of distributions. Each Fund's present policy, which may be changed by its

Board, is to make regular monthly cash distributions to holders of its common shares at a level rate (stated in terms of a fixed cents per common share dividend rate) that reflects the past and projected performance of the Fund.

The Acquiring Fund's ability to maintain a level dividend rate will depend on a number of factors, including the rate at which dividends are payable on the preferred shares. The net income of the Acquiring Fund generally consists of all interest income accrued on portfolio assets less all expenses of the Fund. Expenses of the Acquiring Fund are accrued each day. Over time, all the net investment income of the Acquiring Fund will be distributed. At least annually, the Acquiring Fund also intends to effectively distribute net capital gain and ordinary taxable income, if any, after paying any accrued dividends or making any liquidation payments to preferred shareholders. Although it does not now intend to do so, the Board may change the Acquiring Fund's dividend policy and the amount or timing of the distributions based on a number of factors, including the amount of the Fund's undistributed net investment income and historical and projected investment income and the amount of the expenses and dividend rates on the outstanding preferred shares.

As explained more fully below, at least annually, the Acquiring Fund may elect to retain rather than distribute all or a portion of any net capital gain (which is the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) otherwise allocable to shareholders and pay federal income tax on the retained gain. As provided under federal income tax law, shareholders will include their share of the retained net capital gain in their income for the year as a long-term capital gain (regardless of their holding period in the shares), and will be entitled to an income tax credit or refund for the federal income tax deemed paid on their behalf by the Acquiring Fund. See *Federal Income Tax Matters Associated with Investment in the Acquiring Fund* under *Additional Information About the Acquiring Fund* below and *Tax Matters* *Federal Income Tax Matters in the Reorganization SAI*.

So long as preferred shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund may not declare a dividend or distribution to common shareholders (other than a dividend in common shares of the Fund) or purchase its common shares unless all accumulated dividends on preferred shares have been paid, and unless asset coverage (as defined in the 1940 Act) with respect to preferred shares at the time of the declaration of such dividend or distribution or at the time of such purchase would be at least 200% after giving effect to the dividend or distribution or purchase price.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Generally, the terms of the dividend reinvestment plan (the *Plan*) for the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund are identical. Under the Acquiring Fund's Plan, you may elect to have all dividends, including any capital gain distributions, on your common shares automatically reinvested by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the *Plan Agent*) in additional common shares under the Plan. You may elect to participate in the Plan by completing the Dividend Reinvestment Plan Application Form. If you do not participate, you will receive all distributions in cash paid by check mailed directly to you by State Street Bank and Trust Company as dividend paying agent.

If you decide to participate in the Plan of the Acquiring Fund, the number of common shares you will receive will be determined as follows:

- (1) If common shares are trading at or above net asset value at the time of valuation, the Acquiring Fund will issue new shares at the then current market price; or

(2) If common shares are trading below net asset value at the time of valuation, the Plan Agent will receive the dividend or distribution in cash and will purchase common shares in the open market, on the exchange on which the common shares are listed, for the participants accounts. It is possible that the market price for the common shares may increase before the Plan Agent has completed its purchases. Therefore, the average purchase price per share paid by the Plan Agent may exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the purchase of fewer shares than if the dividend or distribution had been paid in common shares issued by the Acquiring Fund. The Plan Agent will use all dividends and distributions received in cash to purchase common shares in the open market within 30 days of the valuation date. Interest will not be paid on any uninvested cash payments.

If the Plan Agent begins purchasing Acquiring Fund shares on the open market while shares are trading below net asset value, but the Fund's shares subsequently trade at or above their net asset value before the Plan Agent is able to complete its purchases, the Plan Agent may cease open-market purchases and may invest the uninvested portion of the distribution in newly issued Fund shares at a price equal to the greater of the shares' net asset value or 95% of the shares' market value.

You may withdraw from the Plan at any time by giving written notice to the Plan Agent. If you withdraw or the Plan is terminated, you will receive a cash payment for any fraction of a share in your account. If you wish, the Plan Agent will sell your shares and send you the proceeds, minus brokerage commissions and a \$2.50 service fee.

The Plan Agent maintains all shareholders' accounts in the Plan and gives written confirmation of all transactions in the accounts, including information you may need for tax records. Common shares in your account will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form. Any proxy you receive will include all common shares you have received under the Plan.

There is no brokerage charge for reinvestment of your dividends or distributions in common shares. However, all participants will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred by the Plan Agent when it makes open market purchases.

Automatically reinvesting dividends and distributions does not mean that you do not have to pay income taxes due on taxable dividends and distributions.

The Acquiring Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan if in the judgment of the Board of the Acquiring Fund the change is warranted. There is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan; however, the Acquiring Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants. Additional information about the Plan may be obtained from State Street Bank and Trust Company, Attn: Computershare Nuveen Investments, P.O. Box 43071, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3071, (800) 257-8787.

Common Share Price Data

The following tables show for the periods indicated: (i) the high and low sales prices for common shares reported as of the end of the day on the corresponding stock exchange of each Fund, (ii) the high and low net asset values of the common shares, and (iii) the high and low of the premium/(discount) to net asset value (expressed as a percentage) of the common shares.

Fiscal Quarter Ended	Market Price		Acquiring Fund Net Asset Value		Premium/(Discount)	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
	September 2013	\$ 13.94	\$ 12.33	\$ 14.70	\$ 13.75	(5.04)%	(11.33)%
June 2013	\$ 15.38	\$ 13.44	\$ 16.01	\$ 14.24	(3.39)%	(10.04)%
March 2013	\$ 15.94	\$ 14.68	\$ 16.11	\$ 15.74	(0.50)%	(6.79)%
December 2012	\$ 16.34	\$ 15.20	\$ 16.42	\$ 15.91	(0.31)%	(4.88)%
September 2012	\$ 16.00	\$ 15.11	\$ 16.13	\$ 15.76	(0.75)%	(4.66)%
June 2012	\$ 15.10	\$ 14.41	\$ 15.83	\$ 15.44	(4.13)%	(7.85)%
March 2012	\$ 15.05	\$ 14.15	\$ 15.65	\$ 15.16	(3.16)%	(7.94)%
December 2011	\$ 14.24	\$ 13.20	\$ 15.16	\$ 14.70	(5.84)%	(10.45)%
September 2011	\$ 13.70	\$ 12.90	\$ 15.10	\$ 14.46	(6.53)%	(13.36)%
June 2011	\$ 13.43	\$ 12.67	\$ 14.56	\$ 13.82	(7.14)%	(9.56)%
March 2011	\$ 12.97	\$ 12.41	\$ 14.04	\$ 13.41	(6.02)%	(9.71)%
December 2010	\$ 14.52	\$ 12.59	\$ 15.18	\$ 13.77	(2.55)%	(10.33)%

Fiscal Quarter Ended	Market Price		Performance Plus Net Asset Value		Premium/(Discount)	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
	September 2013	\$ 14.75	\$ 12.99	\$ 15.35	\$ 14.26	(3.78)%	(10.38)%
June 2013	\$ 16.77	\$ 13.90	\$ 16.75	\$ 14.83	0.72%	(6.78)%
March 2013	\$ 17.26	\$ 15.99	\$ 16.84	\$ 16.45	3.11%	(2.86)%
December 2012	\$ 17.60	\$ 16.41	\$ 17.17	\$ 16.59	2.68%	(1.76)%
September 2012	\$ 17.18	\$ 16.14	\$ 16.84	\$ 16.50	2.28%	(2.46)%
June 2012	\$ 16.20	\$ 15.37	\$ 16.59	\$ 16.22	(1.76)%	(5.44)%
March 2012	\$ 16.27	\$ 15.01	\$ 16.49	\$ 15.99	(0.73)%	(7.06)%
December 2011	\$ 15.44	\$ 14.65	\$ 15.99	\$ 15.54	(3.21)%	(6.88)%
September 2011	\$ 15.03	\$ 14.28	\$ 15.97	\$ 15.35	(4.56)%	(9.44)%
June 2011	\$ 14.53	\$ 13.82	\$ 15.44	\$ 14.64	(2.93)%	(7.62)%
March 2011	\$ 14.28	\$ 13.34	\$ 14.88	\$ 14.23	(1.99)%	(6.50)%
December 2010	\$ 15.52	\$ 13.68	\$ 16.07	\$ 14.60	(2.17)%	(8.88)%

Fiscal Quarter Ended	Market Price		Dividend Advantage 2 Net Asset Value		Premium/(Discount)	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
	September 2013	\$ 13.76	\$ 12.24	\$ 14.60	\$ 13.64	(5.69)%	(11.11)%
June 2013	\$ 15.10	\$ 13.55	\$ 15.83	\$ 14.16	(3.53)%	(11.31)%
March 2013	\$ 15.60	\$ 14.27	\$ 15.95	\$ 15.56	(1.27)%	(8.35)%
December 2012	\$ 15.85	\$ 14.91	\$ 16.30	\$ 15.75	(2.11)%	(5.51)%
September 2012	\$ 15.51	\$ 14.80	\$ 15.96	\$ 15.65	(2.16)%	(5.43)%
June 2012	\$ 14.92	\$ 14.40	\$ 15.72	\$ 15.36	(4.73)%	(7.37)%
March 2012	\$ 15.25	\$ 14.17	\$ 15.58	\$ 15.10	(1.55)%	(7.39)%
December 2011	\$ 14.30	\$ 13.25	\$ 15.10	\$ 14.63	(5.12)%	(10.23)%
September 2011	\$ 13.62	\$ 12.94	\$ 15.04	\$ 14.41	(6.70)%	(12.80)%
June 2011	\$ 13.31	\$ 12.65	\$ 14.50	\$ 13.81	(7.16)%	(9.66)%
March 2011	\$ 12.99	\$ 12.42	\$ 14.05	\$ 13.44	(6.37)%	(9.43)%
December 2010	\$ 14.65	\$ 12.60	\$ 15.14	\$ 13.80	(3.24)%	(10.06)%

On November 11, 2013, the closing sale prices of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 common shares were \$[], \$[] and \$[], respectively. These

prices represent discounts to net asset value for the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 of []%, []% and []%, respectively.

Common shares of each Fund have historically traded at both a premium and discount to net asset value. It is not possible to state whether Acquiring Fund common shares will trade at a premium or discount to net asset value following the Reorganizations, or what the extent of any such premium or discount might be.

Description of VRDP Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund

The terms of the VRDP Shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued pursuant to the Reorganization of Performance Plus into the Acquiring Fund (the New VRDP Shares) will be substantially similar, as of the closing of the Reorganization, to the outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus for which they are exchanged. The aggregate liquidation preference of the New VRDP Shares will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the VRDP Shares of Performance Plus immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganization.

The outstanding VRDP Shares of Performance Plus have a mandatory redemption date of March 1, 2040, subject to earlier redemption or repurchase by the Fund, and pay an adjustable dividend rate set weekly by the remarketing agent. The New VRDP Shares will have the same mandatory redemption date as the Performance Plus shares exchanged therefor. Holders of the New VRDP Shares will have the right to give notice on any business day to tender the securities for remarketing in seven days. The New VRDP Shares will also be subject to a mandatory tender for remarketing upon the occurrence of certain events, such as the non-payment of dividends by a Fund. Should a remarketing be unsuccessful, the dividend rate will reset to a maximum rate as defined in the governing documents of the New VRDP Shares.

The New VRDP Shares will have the benefit of an unconditional demand feature pursuant to a purchase agreement provided by a bank acting as liquidity provider to ensure full and timely repayment of the liquidation preference amount plus any accumulated and unpaid dividends to holders upon the occurrence of certain events. The agreement requires the liquidity provider to purchase from holders all New VRDP Shares tendered for sale that were not successfully remarketed. The liquidity provider also must purchase all outstanding New VRDP Shares prior to termination of the purchase agreement, including by reason of the failure of the liquidity provider to maintain the requisite short-term ratings, if the Acquiring Fund has not obtained an alternate purchase agreement before the termination date.

The obligation of the liquidity provider to purchase the New VRDP Shares pursuant to the purchase agreement will run to the benefit of the holders of the New VRDP Shares and will be unconditional and irrevocable, and as such the short-term ratings assigned to the New VRDP Shares are directly linked to the short-term creditworthiness of the associated liquidity provider. The liquidity provider entered into a purchase agreement with respect to the Performance Plus VRDP Shares with an initial term of 364 days, subject to periodic extension by agreement with the Fund. The initial term of the purchase agreement with the liquidity provider for the New VRDP Shares is expected to be no less than the remaining term immediately prior to the Reorganizations of the purchase agreement with respect to the VRDP Shares of Performance Plus exchanged therefor.

Prior to the final mandatory redemption date of March 1, 2040, the New VRDP Shares will be subject to optional and mandatory redemption by the Acquiring Fund in certain circumstances. New VRDP Shares may be redeemed at any time, at the option of the Acquiring Fund (in whole or, from time to time, in part), out of funds legally available therefor, at a redemption price per share equal to the sum of \$100,000 plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) until, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption. Pursuant to the statement of preferences and a fee agreement with the liquidity provider for the New VRDP Shares, the Acquiring Fund will have an obligation to redeem, at a redemption price equal to \$100,000 per share plus accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) until, but excluding, the date fixed by the Board for redemption, shares purchased by the liquidity provider pursuant to its obligations under the purchase agreement if the liquidity provider continues to be the beneficial owner for a period of six months and such shares cannot be successfully remarketed. Upon the purchase of such shares by the liquidity provider pursuant to its obligations under the purchase agreement, the Acquiring Fund also will be required to segregate assets in the amount of its redemption obligation until the shares are successfully remarketed or redeemed by the Fund. The Acquiring Fund also will redeem, at a redemption price equal to the liquidation preference per share plus accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared) until, but excluding, the date fixed by the Board for redemption, such number of preferred shares as is necessary to achieve compliance with the applicable requirement, if the Acquiring Fund fails to maintain (i) the minimum asset coverage required under the 1940 Act and the Acquiring Fund's agreement with the liquidity provider or (ii) the VRDP basic maintenance amount prescribed by the applicable rating agencies then rating the New VRDP Shares, and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. In the event of changes in, or elimination of, any or all long-term ratings of the New VRDP Shares, the requirement to effect a mandatory redemption after the applicable cure date upon a failure to maintain the VRDP basic maintenance amount may be changed or eliminated.

The New VRDP Shares will be senior in priority to the Acquiring Fund's common shares as to the payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund. The New VRDP Shares will rank on a parity as to the payment of dividends and as to distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund with other preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, including the outstanding MTP Shares and the new MTP Shares.

Performance Plus initially issued VRDP Shares in a private offering during March 2010. Proceeds of the offering were used to redeem all of the Fund's then-outstanding auction rate preferred shares. The VRDP Shares were offered to qualified institutional buyers in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act.

Description of MTP Shares to be Issued by the Acquiring Fund

The following is a brief description of the terms of the MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund to be issued pursuant to the Reorganization of Dividend Advantage 2 into the Acquiring Fund (the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares). The terms of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will be substantially identical, as of the time of the exchange, to the outstanding MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 for which they are exchanged. The MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 will be exchanged for new series of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares having the same fixed per annum dividend rate, mandatory redemption term and liquidation preference as the MTP Shares held by preferred shareholders of Dividend Advantage 2 immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. Features of the

preferred shares that vary over time, such as the optional redemption premium, will reflect the terms that are effectively in place as of the closing of the Reorganizations. The description set forth below assumes that the Reorganizations will be consummated and that the Acquiring Fund will issue Acquiring Fund MTP Shares to Dividend Advantage 2 pursuant to the Agreement. This description does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Acquiring Fund's Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and the appendices thereto (the "MTP Statement") attached as Appendix C to the Reorganization SAI. The Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will be issued pursuant to the MTP Statement and an appendix applicable to the series. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given them above or in the MTP Statement.

General

The Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of preferred shares, par value \$0.01 per share, in one or more classes or series, with rights as determined by the Board without the approval of holders of common shares. On the Closing Date, the Acquiring Fund will issue to Dividend Advantage 2 that number of shares of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares equal to the number of shares of MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 that are outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. All Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will have a liquidation preference of \$10 per share (the "Liquidation Preference") plus an amount equal to the accumulated but unpaid dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on such shares. The aggregate liquidation preference of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares received by Dividend Advantage 2 in connection with the Reorganizations will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the MTP Shares held by preferred shareholders of Dividend Advantage 2 immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganizations. Upon issuance in accordance with the Agreement, the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will be fully paid and non-assessable and have no preemptive, conversion or exchange rights or rights to cumulative voting. The Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will rank equally with each other and with any other series of preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund outstanding as of the Closing Date or that might be issued in the future, as to payment of dividends and the distribution of the Acquiring Fund's assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund. The Acquiring Fund MTP Shares and all other preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund are senior as to dividends and as to distribution of assets upon liquidation to the Acquiring Fund's common shares. The Acquiring Fund may issue additional series of preferred shares in the future, including series that will be classified as MTP Shares, and any such series, together with the outstanding preferred shares, are herein collectively referred to as "preferred shares." Except in certain limited circumstances, holders of MTP Shares will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in such shares, and the MTP Shares will be represented by a global certificate to be held by the Securities Depository for the MTP Shares. The Depository Trust Company will initially act as Securities Depository with respect to the MTP Shares.

Dividends and Dividend Periods

General. The following is a general description of dividends and dividend periods of MTP Shares. The holders of MTP Shares will be entitled to receive cumulative cash dividends and distributions on such shares, when, as and if declared by, or under authority granted by, the Board, out of funds legally available for payment and in preference to dividends and distributions on common shares of the Acquiring Fund, calculated separately for each dividend period for such MTP Shares at the Dividend Rate (as defined below) for such MTP Shares in effect during such dividend period, on an amount equal to the Liquidation Preference for such MTP Shares. The Dividend Rate is computed on

the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Dividends so declared and payable will be paid to the extent permitted under state law and the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, and to the extent available, in preference to and priority over any dividend declared and payable on the common shares.

Fixed Dividend Rate. Each series of MTP Shares has a Fixed Dividend Rate as set forth in the MTP Statement. The Fixed Dividend Rate for MTP Shares may be adjusted in certain circumstances, including a change in the credit rating of such MTP Shares and/or upon the occurrence of certain events resulting in a Default Period (as defined below) (the Fixed Dividend Rate as it may be adjusted is referred to as the Dividend Rate). The Acquiring Fund MTP Shares issued to Dividend Advantage 2 pursuant to the Agreement will have the same Fixed Dividend Rate as the outstanding Target Fund MTP Shares exchanged therefor.

Payment of Dividends and Dividend Periods. Dividends on the MTP Shares will be payable monthly. The first dividend period for Acquiring Fund MTP Shares issued pursuant to the Agreement will commence on the Closing Date and end on the last day of the month including the Closing Date, and each subsequent dividend period will be a calendar month (or the portion thereof occurring prior to the redemption of such MTP Shares) (each, a Dividend Period). Dividends will be paid on the first Business Day of the month next following a Dividend Period and upon redemption of the MTP Shares, except that dividends paid with respect to any Dividend Period consisting of the month of December in any year will be paid on the last Business Day of December (each payment date, a Dividend Payment Date). Except for the first Dividend Period for the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares, dividends with respect to any monthly Dividend Period will be declared and paid to holders of record of MTP Shares as their names shall appear on the registration books of the Acquiring Fund at the close of business on the 15th day of such monthly Dividend Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day). Dividends with respect to the first Dividend Period for the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares will be declared and paid to holders of record of such MTP Shares as their names appear on the registration books of the Acquiring Fund at the close of business on the 15th day of the month following the Closing Date or such later date as determined by the Board. Dividends payable on any MTP Shares for any period of less than a full monthly Dividend Period, including in connection with the first Dividend Period for such shares or upon any redemption of such shares on any redemption date other than on a Dividend Payment Date, will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months and the actual number of days elapsed for any period of less than one month. On account of the foregoing provisions, only the holders of MTP Shares on the record date for a Dividend Period will be entitled to receive dividends and distributions payable with respect to such Dividend Period, and holders of MTP Shares who sell shares before such a record date and purchasers of MTP Shares who purchase shares after such a record date should take the effect of the foregoing provisions into account in evaluating the price to be received or paid for such MTP Shares.

Adjustment to Fixed Dividend Rate Ratings. So long as MTP Shares of a series are rated on any date AAA by S&P, Aaa by Moody's or AAA by Fitch, the Dividend Rate shall be equal to the Fixed Dividend Rate. If the highest credit rating assigned on any date to outstanding MTP Shares by any of S&P, Moody's or Fitch is equal to one of the ratings set forth in the table below, the Dividend Rate applicable to such outstanding MTP Shares for such date will be computed or adjusted by multiplying the Fixed Dividend Rate by the applicable percentage (expressed as a decimal) set forth

opposite the applicable highest credit rating so assigned on such date to such outstanding MTP Shares by any such rating agency as set forth in the table below.

Dividend Rate Adjustment Schedule

S&P	Moody's	Fitch	Applicable Percentage
AA+ to AA-	Aa1 to Aa3	AA+ to AA-	110%
A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	125%
BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	150%
BB+ and lower	Ba1 and lower	BB+ and lower	200%

If no rating agency is rating an outstanding series of MTP Shares, the Dividend Rate applicable to the MTP Shares of such series for such date shall be adjusted by multiplying the Fixed Dividend Rate for such shares by 200%. The Board of the Acquiring Fund has the right to terminate the designation of any of S&P, Moody's and Fitch as a rating agency of MTP Shares, provided that at least one rating agency continues to maintain a rating with respect to the MTP Shares. In such event, any rating of such terminated rating agency, to the extent it would have been taken into account in any of the provisions of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares that are described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus or included in the MTP Statement, will be disregarded, and only the ratings of the then-designated Rating Agencies (as defined below) will be taken into account. If a rating agency replaces any credit rating used in the determination of the Dividend Rate with a replacement credit rating, references to the replaced credit rating shall thereafter refer to the replacement credit rating. No adjustment to the Dividend Rate shall result in the Dividend Rate being less than the Fixed Dividend Rate.

Adjustment to Fixed Dividend Rate Default Period. The Dividend Rate will be adjusted to the Default Rate in the following circumstances. Subject to the cure provisions below, a Default Period with respect to MTP Shares will commence on a date the Acquiring Fund fails to deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent by 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the (i) applicable Dividend Payment Date, Deposit Securities (as defined below) sufficient to pay the full amount of any dividend on Acquiring Fund MTP Shares payable on such Dividend Payment Date (a Dividend Default) or (ii) applicable Redemption Date (as defined below), Deposit Securities sufficient to pay the full amount of the redemption price payable on such Redemption Date (a Redemption Default) and, together with a Dividend Default, referred to as a Default). Subject to the cure provisions in the next paragraph below, a Default Period with respect to a Dividend Default or a Redemption Default shall end on the Business Day on which, by 12:00 noon, New York City time, an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and any unpaid redemption price shall have been deposited irrevocably in trust in same-day funds with the Redemption and Paying Agent. The Redemption and Paying Agent for MTP Shares will be State Street Bank and Trust Company, Canton, Massachusetts. In the case of a Default, the applicable dividend rate for each day during the Default Period will be equal to the Default Rate. The Default Rate for any calendar day shall be equal to the applicable Dividend Rate in effect on such day plus five percent (5%) per annum. No Default Period with respect to a Dividend Default or Redemption Default will be deemed to commence if the amount of any dividend or any redemption price due (if such default is not solely due to the willful failure of the Acquiring Fund) is deposited irrevocably in trust, in same-day funds with the Redemption and Paying Agent by 12:00 noon, New York City time, on a Business Day that is not later than three Business Days after the applicable Dividend Payment Date or Redemption Date, together with an amount equal to the Default Rate applied to the amount and period of such non-payment based on the actual number of calendar days comprising such period divided by 360.

Mechanics of Payment of Dividends. Not later than 12:00 noon, New York City time, on a Dividend Payment Date, the Acquiring Fund is required to deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent sufficient funds for the payment of dividends in the form of Deposit Securities. Deposit Securities will generally consist of (i) cash or cash equivalents; (ii) direct obligations of the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities that are entitled to the full faith and credit of the United States (U.S. Government Obligations); (iii) securities that constitute municipal securities as described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, including municipal bonds and notes, other securities issued to finance and refinance public projects, and other related securities and derivative instruments creating exposure to municipal bonds, notes and securities that provide for the payment of income that is exempt from federal income taxes (Municipal Obligations) that have credit ratings from at least one NRSRO that is the highest applicable rating generally ascribed by such NRSRO to Municipal Obligations with substantially similar terms; (iv) investments in money market funds registered under the 1940 Act that qualify under Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act and certain similar investment vehicles that invest in Municipal Obligations, U.S. Government Obligations or any combination thereof; or (v) any letter of credit from a bank or other financial institution that has a credit rating from at least one NRSRO that is the highest applicable rating generally ascribed by such NRSRO to bank deposits or short-term debt of similar banks or other financial institutions, in each case either that is a demand obligation payable to the holder on any Business Day or that has a maturity date, mandatory redemption date or mandatory payment date, preceding the relevant Redemption Date, Dividend Payment Date or other payment date. The Acquiring Fund does not intend to establish any reserves for the payment of dividends. All Deposit Securities paid to the Redemption and Payment Agent for the payment of dividends will be held in trust for the payment of such dividends to the holders of MTP Shares. Dividends will be paid by the Redemption and Payment Agent to the holders of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares as their names appear on the registration books of the Acquiring Fund. Dividends that are in arrears for any past Dividend Period may be declared and paid at any time, without reference to any regular Dividend Payment Date. Such payments are made to holders of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares as their names appear on the registration books of the Acquiring Fund on such date, not exceeding 15 calendar days preceding the payment date thereof, as may be fixed by the Board. Any payment of dividends in arrears will first be credited against the earliest accumulated but unpaid dividends. No interest or sum of money in lieu of interest will be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on any MTP Shares which may be in arrears. See Adjustment to Fixed Dividend Rate Default Period. Upon failure to pay dividends for at least two years, the holders of MTP Shares will acquire certain additional voting rights. See Voting Rights below. Such rights shall be the exclusive remedy of the holders of MTP Shares upon any failure to pay dividends on MTP Shares.

Distributions with Respect to Taxable Allocations

Holders of MTP Shares will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board, out of funds legally available therefor, additional distributions payable with respect to Taxable Allocations (as defined below) that are paid with respect to such shares in accordance with one of the procedures described in the following three paragraphs as set forth below.

Each year, the Acquiring Fund will allocate exempt interest dividends, ordinary income dividends and capital gain distributions between its common shares and preferred shares in proportion to the total dividends paid to each class during or with respect to such year. The Acquiring Fund may provide notice to the Redemption and Paying Agent prior to the commencement of any Dividend Period for MTP Shares of the amount of a Taxable Allocation that will be made in respect of such MTP Shares for such Dividend Period (a Notice of Taxable Allocation). Such Notice of Taxable

Allocation will state the amount of the dividends payable in respect of MTP Shares for such Dividend Period that will be treated as a Taxable Allocation and the amount of any Additional Amount Payments (as defined below) to be paid in respect of such Taxable Allocation. If the Acquiring Fund provides a Notice of Taxable Allocation with respect to dividends payable on MTP Shares for a Dividend Period, the Acquiring Fund will, in addition to and in conjunction with the payment of such dividends payable, make a supplemental distribution in respect of each MTP Share for such Dividend Period of an additional amount equal to the Additional Amount Payment payable in respect of the Taxable Allocation paid on such MTP Share for such Dividend Period. In general, the Acquiring Fund intends to provide Notices of Taxable Allocations as contemplated by this paragraph.

If the Acquiring Fund does not provide a Notice of Taxable Allocation as provided above with respect to a Taxable Allocation that is made in respect of MTP Shares, the Acquiring Fund may make one or more supplemental distributions on such MTP Shares equal to the amount of such Additional Amount Payment. Any such supplemental distribution in respect of such shares may be declared and paid on any date, without reference to any regular Dividend Payment Date, to the holders of such preferred shares as their names appear on the registration books of the Acquiring Fund on such date, not exceeding 15 calendar days preceding the payment date of such supplemental distribution, as may be fixed by the Board.

If in connection with a redemption of MTP Shares, the Acquiring Fund makes a Taxable Allocation without having either given advance notice thereof or made one or more supplemental distributions as described above, the Acquiring Fund will direct the Redemption and Paying Agent to send an Additional Amount Payment in respect of such Taxable Allocation to each holder of such shares at such holder's address as the same appears or last appeared on the record books of the Acquiring Fund.

The Acquiring Fund will not be required to pay Additional Amount Payments with respect to any Acquiring Fund MTP Shares with respect to any net capital gains or other taxable income determined by the IRS to be allocable in a manner different from the manner used by the Acquiring Fund.

The term "Taxable Allocation" as used above means, with respect to MTP Shares, the allocation of any net capital gains or other income taxable for federal income tax purposes to a dividend paid in respect of such shares. The term "Additional Amount Payment" means a payment to a holder of MTP Shares of an amount which, when taken together with the aggregate amount of Taxable Allocations made to such holder to which such Additional Amount Payment relates, would cause such holder's dividends in dollars (after federal income tax consequences) from the aggregate of such Taxable Allocations and the related Additional Amount Payment to be equal to the dollar amount of the dividends that would have been received by such holder if the amount of such aggregate Taxable Allocations would have been excludable (for federal income tax purposes) from the gross income of such holder. Such Additional Amount Payment will be calculated (i) without consideration being given to the time value of money; (ii) assuming that no holder of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares is subject to the federal alternative minimum tax with respect to dividends received from the Acquiring Fund; and (iii) assuming that each Taxable Allocation and each Additional Amount Payment (except to the extent such Additional Amount Payment is designated as an exempt-interest dividend under Section 852(b)(5) of the Code) would be taxable in the hands of each holder of MTP Shares at the maximum marginal regular federal individual income tax rate applicable to ordinary income or net capital gains, as applicable, or the maximum marginal regular federal corporate income tax rate applicable to ordinary income or net capital gains, as applicable, whichever is greater, in effect at the time such Additional Amount Payment is paid.

Restrictions on Dividend, Redemption and Other Payments

No full dividends and distributions will be declared or paid on MTP Shares for any Dividend Period, or a part of a Dividend Period, unless the full cumulative dividends and distributions due through the most recent dividend payment dates for all outstanding shares of preferred shares (including shares of series of MTP Shares) have been, or contemporaneously are, declared and paid through the most recent dividend payment dates for each share of preferred shares. If full cumulative dividends and distributions due have not been declared and paid on all outstanding shares of preferred shares of any series, any dividends and distributions being declared and paid on MTP Shares will be declared and paid as nearly pro rata as possible in proportion to the respective amounts of dividends and distributions accumulated but unpaid on the shares of each such series of preferred shares on the relevant dividend payment date. No holders of MTP Shares will be entitled to any dividends and distributions in excess of full cumulative dividends and distributions as provided in the MTP Statement.

For so long as any preferred shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund will not: (x) declare any dividend or other distribution (other than a dividend or distribution paid in common shares of the Acquiring Fund) in respect of the common shares of the Acquiring Fund, (y) call for redemption, redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any such common shares, or (z) pay any proceeds of the liquidation of the Acquiring Fund in respect of such common shares, unless, in each case, (A) immediately thereafter, the Acquiring Fund shall be in compliance with the 200% asset coverage limitations set forth under the 1940 Act, (B) all cumulative dividends and distributions of shares of all series of MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and all other series of preferred shares ranking on a parity with the MTP Shares due on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition shall have been declared and paid (or shall have been declared and sufficient funds or Deposit Securities as permitted by the terms of such preferred shares for the payment thereof shall have been deposited irrevocably with the applicable paying agent) and (C) the Acquiring Fund shall have deposited Deposit Securities with the Redemption and Paying Agent in accordance with the requirements described herein with respect to outstanding MTP Shares of any series to be redeemed pursuant to a Term Redemption or Asset Coverage or Effective Leverage Mandatory Redemption (as those terms are defined below) resulting from the failure to comply with the Asset Coverage or Effective Leverage Ratio as described below for which a Notice of Redemption shall have been given or shall have been required to be given in accordance with the terms described herein on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition.

Except as required by law, the Acquiring Fund will not redeem any MTP Shares unless all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions on all outstanding MTP Shares and other series of preferred shares ranking on a parity with MTP Shares with respect to dividends and distributions for all applicable past dividend periods (whether or not earned or declared by the Acquiring Fund) (x) shall have been or are contemporaneously paid or (y) shall have been or are contemporaneously declared and Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such preferred shares) for the payment of such dividends and distributions shall have been or are contemporaneously deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent or other applicable paying agent; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of outstanding MTP Shares pursuant to an otherwise lawful purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding MTP Shares and any other series of preferred shares for which all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions have not been paid.

Under the 1940 Act, the Acquiring Fund may not (i) declare any dividend with respect to any preferred shares if, at the time of such declaration (and after giving effect thereto), asset coverage with respect to any borrowings of the Acquiring Fund that are senior securities representing indebtedness (as defined in the 1940 Act), would be less than 200% (or such other percentage as may in the future be specified in or under the 1940 Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities representing indebtedness of a closed-end investment company as a condition of declaring dividends on its preferred shares) or (ii) declare any other distribution on the preferred shares or purchase or redeem preferred shares if at the time of the declaration or redemption (and after giving effect thereto), asset coverage with respect to such borrowings that are senior securities representing indebtedness would be less than 300% (or such higher percentage as may in the future be specified in or under the 1940 Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities representing indebtedness of a closed-end investment company as a condition of declaring distributions, purchases or redemptions of its shares). The MTP Statement provides for a higher Asset Coverage (as defined for purposes of the MTP Shares) of at least 225% instead of 200%. Senior securities representing indebtedness generally means any bond, debenture, note or similar obligation or instrument constituting a security (other than shares of capital stock) and evidencing indebtedness and could include the Acquiring Fund's obligations under any borrowings. For purposes of determining asset coverage for senior securities representing indebtedness in connection with the payment of dividends or other distributions on or purchases or redemptions of stock, the term senior security does not include any promissory note or other evidence of indebtedness issued in consideration of any loan, or any extension or renewal thereof, made by a bank or other person and privately arranged, and not intended to be publicly distributed. The term senior security also does not include any such promissory note or other evidence of indebtedness in any case where such a loan is for temporary purposes only and in an amount not exceeding 5% of the value of the total assets of the Acquiring Fund at the time when the loan is made; a loan is presumed under the 1940 Act to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 calendar days and is not extended or renewed; otherwise it is presumed not to be for temporary purposes. Pursuant to its fundamental policies, the Acquiring Fund may not issue debt securities that rank senior to preferred shares other than for temporary or emergency purposes. For purposes of determining whether the 200% and 300% statutory asset coverage requirements described above apply in connection with dividends or distributions on or purchases or redemptions of preferred shares, such asset coverages may be determined on the basis of values calculated as of a time within 48 hours (only including Business Days) next preceding the time of the applicable determination.

Asset Coverage

If the Acquiring Fund fails to maintain Asset Coverage of at least 225% as of the close of business on each Business Day, MTP Shares may become subject to mandatory redemption as provided below. Asset Coverage means asset coverage of a class of senior security which is a stock, as defined for purposes of Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act as in effect on the date of the MTP Statement, determined on the basis of values calculated as of a time within 48 hours (only including Business Days) next preceding the time of such determination. For purposes of this determination, no MTP Shares or other preferred shares shall be deemed to be outstanding for purposes of the computation of Asset Coverage if, prior to or concurrently with such determination, either (A) sufficient Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such preferred shares) to pay the full redemption price for such preferred shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been deposited in trust with the paying agent for such preferred shares and the requisite notice of redemption for such preferred shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been given or (B) sufficient Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such preferred shares) to

pay the full redemption price for such preferred shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been segregated by the Acquiring Fund and its custodian from the assets of the Acquiring Fund in the same manner as described under Term Redemption Liquidity Account and Liquidity Requirement below with respect to the Liquidity Requirement applicable to the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares. In such event, the Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds so deposited or segregated shall not be included as assets of the Acquiring Fund for purposes of the computation of Asset Coverage.

Effective Leverage Ratio

For so long as MTP Shares of a series are outstanding, if the Acquiring Fund's Effective Leverage Ratio exceeds 50% as of the close of business on any Business Day, the MTP Shares may become subject to mandatory redemption as provided below. The Effective Leverage Ratio on any date means the quotient of the sum of (A) the aggregate liquidation preference of the Acquiring Fund's senior securities (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act) that are stock for purposes of the 1940 Act, excluding, without duplication, (1) any such senior securities for which the Acquiring Fund has issued a notice of redemption and either has delivered Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such senior securities) to the paying agent for such senior securities or otherwise has adequate Deposit Securities or sufficient funds on hand for the purpose of such redemption and (2) any such senior securities that are to be redeemed with net proceeds from the sale of the MTP Shares, for which the Acquiring Fund has delivered Deposit Securities or sufficient funds to the paying agent for such Preferred Shares or otherwise has adequate Deposit Securities or sufficient funds on hand for the purpose of such redemption; (B) the aggregate principal amount of the Acquiring Fund's senior securities representing indebtedness (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act); and (C) the aggregate principal amount of floating rate securities not owned by the Acquiring Fund that correspond to the associated inverse floating rate securities owned by the Acquiring Fund; divided by the sum of (A) the market value (determined in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's valuation procedures) of the Acquiring Fund's total assets (including amounts attributable to senior securities), less the amount of the Acquiring Fund's accrued liabilities (other than liabilities for the aggregate principal amount of senior securities representing indebtedness, including floating rate securities) and (B) the aggregate principal amount of floating rate securities not owned by the Acquiring Fund that correspond to the associated inverse floating rate securities owned by the Acquiring Fund.

Term Redemption

The Acquiring Fund shall redeem all the shares of each series of MTP Shares on the date specified for that series in the MTP Statement (the Term Redemption Date), at a redemption price equal to the Liquidation Preference per share plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not earned or declared but excluding interest thereon) to (but excluding) the Term Redemption Date (the Term Redemption Price). The Term Redemption Date of each series of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares issued in connection with the Reorganizations will be May 1, 2015.

Mandatory Redemption for Asset Coverage and Effective Leverage Ratio

Asset Coverage. If the Acquiring Fund fails to have Asset Coverage of at least 225% as provided in the MTP Statement on any Business Day on which such Asset Coverage is required to be calculated and such failure is not cured as of the close of business on the date that is 30 calendar days following such Business Day (the Asset Coverage Cure Date), the Acquiring Fund shall, to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law, fix a redemption date and proceed to redeem

the number of shares of preferred shares as described below in accordance with the terms of such preferred shares. In the case of the MTP Shares, the redemption price is equal to the Liquidation Preference per share plus accumulated but unpaid dividends and distributions thereon (whether or not earned or declared but excluding interest thereon) to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption by the Board (the Mandatory Redemption Price). The Acquiring Fund will redeem out of funds legally available the number of shares of preferred shares (which may include at the sole option of the Acquiring Fund any number or proportion of MTP Shares) equal to the lesser of (i) the minimum number of shares of MTP Shares, the redemption of which, if deemed to have occurred immediately prior to the opening of business on the Asset Coverage Cure Date, would result in the Acquiring Fund having Asset Coverage of at least 230% and (ii) the maximum number of shares of MTP Shares that can be redeemed out of funds expected to be legally available in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and applicable law. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, in the event that shares of MTP Shares are redeemed pursuant to the MTP Statement, the Acquiring Fund may at its sole option, but is not required to, redeem a sufficient number of MTP Shares that, when aggregated with other shares of preferred shares redeemed by the Acquiring Fund, permits the Acquiring Fund to have with respect to the shares of preferred shares (including MTP Shares) remaining outstanding after such redemption, Asset Coverage on such Asset Coverage Cure Date of up to and including 285%. The Acquiring Fund will effect a redemption on the date fixed by the Acquiring Fund, which date will not be later than 30 calendar days after the Asset Coverage Cure Date, except that if the Acquiring Fund does not have funds legally available for the redemption of all of the required number of MTP Shares and other shares of preferred shares that have been designated to be redeemed or the Acquiring Fund otherwise is unable to effect such redemption on or prior to 30 calendar days after the Asset Coverage Cure Date, the Acquiring Fund will redeem those MTP Shares and other shares of preferred shares that it was unable to redeem on the earliest practicable date on which it is able to effect such redemption. If fewer than all of the outstanding MTP Shares are to be redeemed pursuant to the Asset Coverage mandatory redemption provisions above, the MTP Shares to be redeemed will be selected either (i) pro rata among MTP Shares, (ii) by lot or (iii) in such other manner as the Board of the Acquiring Fund may determine to be fair and equitable.

Effective Leverage Ratio. If the Acquiring Fund fails to comply with the Effective Leverage Ratio (as defined above) requirement as of the close of business on any Business Day on which such compliance is required to be determined and such failure is not cured as of the close of business on a date that is 30 calendar days following such Business Day (the Effective Leverage Ratio Cure Date), the Acquiring Fund will within 30 days following the Effective Leverage Ratio Cure Date cause the Effective Leverage Ratio not to exceed 50% by (A) engaging in transactions involving or relating to the floating rate securities not owned by the Acquiring Fund and/or the inverse floating rate securities owned by the Acquiring Fund, including the purchase, sale or retirement thereof, (B) to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law, redeeming in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust a sufficient number of shares of preferred shares, which at the Acquiring Fund's sole option may include any number or proportion of MTP Shares, or (C) engaging in any combination of the actions contemplated by clauses (A) and (B). Any MTP Shares so redeemed will be redeemed at a price per share equal to the Mandatory Redemption Price. On the Redemption Date for a redemption contemplated by clause (B) in the paragraph above, the Acquiring Fund will not redeem more than the maximum number of shares of preferred shares that can be redeemed out of funds expected to be legally available therefor in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and applicable law. If the Acquiring Fund is unable to redeem the required number of MTP Shares and other shares of preferred shares that have been designated to be redeemed in accordance with clause (B) in the paragraph above due to the unavailability of legally available funds, the Acquiring Fund will redeem

those MTP Shares and other shares of preferred shares that it was unable to redeem on the earliest practicable date on which it is able to effect such redemption.

If fewer than all of the outstanding MTP Shares of a series are to be redeemed pursuant to the mandatory redemption provisions above, the number of MTP Shares of such series to be redeemed will be selected either (A) pro rata among the outstanding MTP Shares of such series, (B) by lot or (C) in such other manner as the Board of the Acquiring Fund may determine to be fair and equitable.

Optional Redemption. The period from the date of the original issue to the date that the MTP Shares are subject to an optional redemption, if any, is referred to herein as the Non-Call Period. On any Business Day following the expiration of the Non-Call Period for MTP Shares or on any Business Day during any period during which the MTP Shares are rated A+ or lower by S&P, A1 or lower by Moody's and A+ or lower by Fitch (a Rating Downgrade Period) for MTP Shares, including a Business Day during the Non-Call Period for such MTP Shares (any such Business Day, an Optional Redemption Date), the Acquiring Fund may redeem in whole or from time to time in part outstanding MTP Shares, at a redemption price equal to the Liquidation Preference, plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions accumulated to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date (whether or not earned or declared by the Acquiring Fund, but excluding interest thereon), plus the applicable Optional Redemption Premium per share (the Optional Redemption Price). For the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares issued to Dividend Advantage 2 in connection with the Reorganizations, the Non-Call Period is not applicable so that the terms of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares are substantially identical, as of the time of the exchange, to the outstanding MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 for which they are exchanged. The Optional Redemption Premium with respect to each MTP Share will be an amount equal to 0.00% of the Liquidation Preference. If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of a series of MTP Shares are to be redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions above, the shares of such series of MTP Shares to be redeemed will be selected either (i) pro rata among such series of MTP Shares, (ii) by lot or (iii) in such other manner as the Board of the Acquiring Fund may determine to be fair and equitable. Subject to the provisions of the MTP Statement and applicable law, the Acquiring Fund's Board will have the full power and authority to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which MTP Shares will be redeemed from time to time. The Acquiring Fund may not on any date deliver a notice of redemption to redeem any MTP Shares pursuant to the optional redemption provisions described above unless on such date the Acquiring Fund has available Deposit Securities for the Optional Redemption Date contemplated by such notice of redemption having a Market Value not less than the amount (including any applicable premium) due to holders of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares by reason of the redemption of such MTP Shares on such Optional Redemption Date.

Redemption Procedures. The Acquiring Fund will file a notice of its intention to redeem with the SEC so as to provide the 30 calendar day notice period contemplated by Rule 23c-2 under the 1940 Act, or such shorter notice period as may be permitted by the SEC or its staff.

If the Acquiring Fund shall determine or be required to redeem, in whole or in part, MTP Shares of a series, it will deliver a notice of redemption (a Notice of Redemption) by overnight delivery, by first-class mail, postage prepaid or by electronic means to the holders of such MTP Shares to be redeemed, or request the Redemption and Paying Agent, on behalf of the Acquiring Fund, to promptly do so by overnight delivery, by first-class mail or by electronic means. A Notice of Redemption will be provided not more than forty-five (45) calendar days prior to the date fixed for redemption in such Notice of Redemption (the Redemption Date). Each Notice of Redemption will

state: (i) the Redemption Date; (ii) the series and number of MTP Shares to be redeemed; (iii) the CUSIP number(s) of such MTP Shares; (iv) the applicable Redemption Price of MTP Shares to be redeemed on a per share basis; (v) if applicable, the place or places where the certificate(s) for such MTP Shares (properly endorsed or assigned for transfer, if the Board of the Acquiring Fund will so require and the Notice of Redemption states) are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price; (vi) that dividends on MTP Shares to be redeemed will cease to accumulate from and after the Redemption Date; and (vii) the provisions of the MTP Statement under which such redemption is made. If fewer than all MTP Shares held by any holder are to be redeemed, the Notice of Redemption mailed to such holder shall also specify the number of MTP Shares to be redeemed from such holder or the method of determining such number. The Acquiring Fund may provide in any Notice of Redemption relating to a redemption contemplated to be effected pursuant to the MTP Statement that such redemption is subject to one or more conditions precedent and that the Acquiring Fund will not be required to effect such redemption unless each such condition has been satisfied. No defect in any Notice of Redemption or delivery thereof will affect the validity of redemption proceedings except as required by applicable law.

If the Acquiring Fund gives a Notice of Redemption, then at any time from and after the giving of such Notice of Redemption and prior to 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the Redemption Date (so long as any conditions precedent to such redemption have been met or waived by the Acquiring Fund), the Acquiring Fund will (i) deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent Deposit Securities having an aggregate Market Value at the time of deposit no less than the redemption price of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares to be redeemed on the Redemption Date and (ii) give the Redemption and Paying Agent irrevocable instructions and authority to pay the applicable redemption price to the holders of Acquiring Fund MTP Shares called for redemption on the Redemption Date. The Acquiring Fund may direct the Redemption and Paying Agent with respect to the investment of any Deposit Securities consisting of cash so deposited prior to the Redemption Date, provided that the proceeds of any such investment will be available at the opening of business on the Redemption Date as same-day funds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Redemption Date is the Term Redemption Date, then such deposit of Deposit Securities (which may come in whole or in part from the Term Redemption Liquidity Account described below) will be made no later than 15 calendar days prior to the Term Redemption Date.

Upon the date of the deposit of Deposit Securities by the Acquiring Fund for purposes of redemption of MTP Shares, all rights of the holders of MTP Shares so called for redemption shall cease and terminate except the right of the holders thereof to receive the Term Redemption Price, Mandatory Redemption Price or Optional Redemption Price thereof, as applicable (any of the foregoing referred to herein as the Redemption Price), and such MTP Shares shall no longer be deemed outstanding for any purpose whatsoever (other than the transfer thereof prior to the applicable Redemption Date and other than the accumulation of dividends thereon in accordance with the terms of the MTP Shares up to (but excluding) the applicable Redemption Date). The Acquiring Fund will be entitled to receive, promptly after the Redemption Date, any Deposit Securities in excess of the aggregate Redemption Price of MTP Shares called for redemption on the Redemption Date. Any Deposit Securities so deposited that are unclaimed at the end of 90 calendar days from the Redemption Date will, to the extent permitted by law, be repaid to the Acquiring Fund, after which the holders of MTP Shares so called for redemption shall look only to the Acquiring Fund for payment of the Redemption Price. The Acquiring Fund will be entitled to receive, from time to time after the Redemption Date, any interest on the Deposit Securities so deposited.

On or after a Redemption Date, each holder of MTP Shares in certificated form (if any) that are subject to redemption will surrender the certificate(s) evidencing such Acquiring Fund MTP Shares to the Acquiring Fund at the place designated in the Notice of Redemption and will then be entitled to receive the Redemption Price, without interest, and in the case of a redemption of fewer than all MTP Shares represented by such certificate(s), a new certificate representing MTP Shares that were not redeemed.

Notwithstanding the other redemption provisions described herein, except as otherwise required by law, the Acquiring Fund will not redeem any MTP Shares unless all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions on all outstanding MTP Shares and shares of other series of preferred shares ranking on a parity with the MTP Shares with respect to dividends and distributions for all applicable past dividend periods (whether or not earned or declared by the Acquiring Fund) (x) shall have been or are contemporaneously paid or (y) shall have been or are contemporaneously declared and Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such preferred shares) for the payment of such dividends and distributions shall have been or are contemporaneously deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent as set forth herein, provided that the Acquiring Fund will not be prevented from the purchase or acquisition of outstanding MTP Shares pursuant to an otherwise lawful purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding MTP Shares and any other series of preferred shares for which all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions have not been paid.

If any redemption for which a Notice of Redemption has been provided is not made by reason of the absence of legally available funds of the Acquiring Fund in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and applicable law, such redemption shall be made as soon as practicable to the extent such funds become available. No Redemption Default will be deemed to have occurred if the Acquiring Fund has failed to deposit in trust with the Redemption and Paying Agent the applicable Redemption Price with respect to any shares where (1) the Notice of Redemption relating to such redemption provided that such redemption was subject to one or more conditions precedent and (2) any such condition precedent has not been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption. Notwithstanding the fact that a Notice of Redemption has been provided with respect to any preferred shares, dividends may be declared and paid on such preferred shares in accordance with their terms if Deposit Securities for the payment of the Redemption Price of such preferred shares shall not have been deposited in trust with the Redemption and Paying Agent for that purpose.

The Acquiring Fund may, in its sole discretion and without a shareholder vote, modify the redemption procedures with respect to notification of redemption for the MTP Shares, provided that such modification does not materially and adversely affect the holders of MTP Shares or cause the Acquiring Fund to violate any applicable law, rule or regulation.

Term Redemption Liquidity Account and Liquidity Requirement

On or prior to the Liquidity Account Initial Date for each series of MTP Shares, the Acquiring Fund will cause its custodian to segregate, by means of appropriate identification on its books and records or otherwise in accordance with its custodian's normal procedures, from the other assets of the Acquiring Fund (the Term Redemption Liquidity Account) Deposit Securities or any other security or investment owned by the Acquiring Fund that is rated not less than A3 by Moody's, A- by S&P, A by Fitch or an equivalent rating by any other NRSRO (each, a Liquidity Account Investment and collectively, the Liquidity Account Investments) with a Market Value (as defined in the MTP

Statement) equal to at least 110% of the Term Redemption Amount (as defined below) with respect to such MTP Shares. The Term Redemption Amount for MTP Shares is equal to the Term Redemption Price to be paid on the Term Redemption Date, based on the number of MTP Shares then outstanding, assuming for this purpose that the Dividend Rate in effect at the Liquidity Account Initial Date will be the Dividend Rate in effect until the Term Redemption Date. The Liquidity Account Initial Date for the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares issued to Dividend Advantage 2 pursuant to the Agreement will be November 1, 2014.

If, on any date after the Liquidity Account Initial Date, the aggregate Market Value of the Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for MTP Shares as of the close of business on any Business Day is less than 110% of the Term Redemption Amount, then the Acquiring Fund will cause the custodian and the investment adviser to take all such necessary actions, including segregating assets of the Acquiring Fund as Liquidity Account Investments, so that the aggregate Market Value of the Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account is at least equal to 110% of the Term Redemption Amount not later than the close of business on the next succeeding Business Day. With respect to assets of the Acquiring Fund segregated as Liquidity Account Investments with respect to the MTP Shares, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, on behalf of the Acquiring Fund, will be entitled to instruct the custodian on any date to release any Liquidity Account Investments from such segregation and to substitute therefor other Liquidity Account Investments not so segregated, so long as (i) the assets of the Acquiring Fund segregated as Liquidity Account Investments at the close of business on such date have a Market Value (as defined in the MTP Statement) equal to 110% of the Term Redemption Amount and (ii) the assets of the Acquiring Fund segregated as Deposit Securities at the close of business on such date have a Market Value equal to the Liquidity Requirement (if any) (as set forth below) that is applicable to such date. The Acquiring Fund will cause the custodian not to permit any lien, security interest or encumbrance to be created or permitted to exist on or in respect of any Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account, other than liens, security interests or encumbrances arising by operation of law and any lien of the custodian with respect to the payment of its fees or repayment for its advances. The Market Value of the Deposit Securities held in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for the MTP Shares, from and after the 15th day of the calendar month that is the number of months preceding the month of the Term Redemption Date specified in the table set forth below, will not be less than the percentage of the Term Redemption Amount for the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares set forth below opposite such number of months (the Liquidity Requirement), but in all cases subject to the cure provisions described below:

Number of Months Preceding	Value of Deposit Securities as Percentage of Term Redemption Amount
5	20%
4	40%
3	60%
2	80%
1	100%

If the aggregate Market Value of the Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for the MTP Shares as of the close of business on any Business Day is less than the Liquidity Requirement for such Business Day, then the Acquiring Fund will cause the segregation of additional or substitute Deposit Securities in respect of the Term Redemption Liquidity Account, so

that the aggregate Market Value of the Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account is at least equal to the Liquidity Requirement not later than the close of business on the next succeeding Business Day. The Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account may be applied by the Acquiring Fund, in its discretion, towards payment of the Term Redemption Price. Upon the deposit by the Acquiring Fund with the Redemption and Paying Agent of Deposit Securities having an initial combined Market Value sufficient to effect the redemption of the MTP Shares on the Term Redemption Date, the requirement of the Acquiring Fund to maintain the Term Redemption Liquidity Account as described above will lapse and be of no further force and effect.

Liquidation Rights

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of MTP Shares will be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Acquiring Fund available for distribution to shareholders, after satisfying claims of creditors but before any distribution or payment shall be made in respect of the common stock, a liquidation distribution equal to the Liquidation Preference of \$10 per share, plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions accumulated to (but excluding) the date fixed for such distribution or payment (whether or not earned or declared by the Acquiring Fund, but excluding interest thereon), and such holders shall be entitled to no further participation in any distribution or payment in connection with any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up. If, upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, the assets of the Acquiring Fund available for distribution among the holders of all preferred shares, including any outstanding MTP Shares, shall be insufficient to permit the payment in full to such holders of MTP Shares of the Liquidation Preference plus accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions and the amounts due upon liquidation with respect to such other shares of preferred shares, then the available assets shall be distributed among the holders of such MTP Shares and such other series of preferred shares ratably in proportion to the respective preferential liquidation amounts to which they are entitled. In connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund whether voluntary or involuntary, unless and until the Liquidation Preference on each outstanding preferred share plus accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions has been paid in full to the holders of preferred shares, no dividends, distributions or other payments will be made on, and no redemption, repurchase or other acquisition by the Acquiring Fund will be made by the Acquiring Fund in respect of, the common shares of the Acquiring Fund. Neither the sale of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Acquiring Fund, nor the merger, consolidation or reorganization of the Acquiring Fund into or with any other business or statutory trust, corporation or other entity, nor the merger, consolidation or reorganization of any other business or statutory trust, corporation or other entity into or with the Acquiring Fund will be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up, whether voluntary or involuntary, for purposes of the provisions relating to liquidation set forth in the MTP Statement.

Voting Rights

Except as otherwise provided in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, the MTP Statement, or as otherwise required by applicable law, each holder of MTP Shares will be entitled to one vote for each MTP Share held by such holder on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders of the Acquiring Fund and the holders of outstanding preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, will vote with holders of common shares of the Acquiring Fund as a single class. Under applicable rules of the NYSE, the Acquiring Fund is currently required to hold annual meetings of shareholders. In

addition, the holders of outstanding preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, will be entitled, as a class, to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and classes of common shares of the Acquiring Fund, to elect two trustees of the Acquiring Fund at all times. The holders of outstanding common shares and preferred shares, including MTP Shares, voting as a single class, will elect the balance of the trustees of the Acquiring Fund.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (i) at the close of business on any dividend payment date for dividends on any outstanding preferred shares, including any outstanding MTP Shares, accumulated dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on the shares of preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, equal to at least two full years' dividends shall be due and unpaid and sufficient cash or specified securities shall not have been deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent or other applicable paying agent for the payment of such accumulated dividends; or (ii) at any time holders of any preferred shares are entitled under the 1940 Act to elect a majority of the trustees of the Acquiring Fund (a period when either of the foregoing conditions exists, a Voting Period), then the number of members constituting the Board of the Acquiring Fund will automatically be increased by the smallest number that, when added to the two trustees elected exclusively by the holders of preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, as described above, would constitute a majority of the Board as so increased by such smallest number; and the holders of the preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, will be entitled as a class on a one-vote-per-share basis, to elect such additional trustees. The terms of office of the persons who are trustees at the time of that election will not be affected by the election of the additional trustees. If the Acquiring Fund thereafter shall pay, or declare and set apart for payment, in full all dividends payable on all outstanding preferred shares, including MTP Shares, for all past dividend periods, or the Voting Period is otherwise terminated, (i) the voting rights stated above shall cease, subject always, however, to the reversion of such voting rights in the holders of preferred shares upon the further occurrence of any of the events described herein, and (ii) the terms of office of all of the additional trustees so elected will terminate automatically. Any preferred shares, including MTP Shares, issued after the date hereof will vote with MTP Shares as a single class on the matters described above, and the issuance of any other preferred shares, including MTP Shares, by the Acquiring Fund may reduce the voting power of the holders of MTP Shares.

As soon as practicable after the accrual of any right of the holders of preferred shares to elect additional trustees as described above, the Acquiring Fund will call a special meeting of such holders and notify the Redemption and Paying Agent and/or such other person as is specified in the terms of such preferred shares to receive notice, (i) by mailing or delivery by electronic means or (ii) in such other manner and by such other means as are specified in the terms of such preferred shares, a notice of such special meeting to such holders, such meeting to be held not less than 10 nor more than 30 calendar days after the date of the delivery by electronic means or mailing of such notice. If the Acquiring Fund fails to call such a special meeting, it may be called at the expense of the Acquiring Fund by any such holder on like notice. The record date for determining the holders of preferred shares entitled to notice of and to vote at such special meeting shall be the close of business on the fifth Business Day preceding the calendar day on which such notice is mailed. At any such special meeting and at each meeting of holders of preferred shares held during a Voting Period at which trustees are to be elected, such holders, voting as a class (to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and classes of capital stock of the Acquiring Fund), will be entitled to elect the number of additional trustees prescribed above on a one-vote-per-share basis.

Except as otherwise permitted by the terms of the MTP Statement, so long as any MTP Shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of

at least a majority of MTP Shares of all series outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust or the MTP Statement, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any preference, right or power of the MTP Shares or the holders thereof; provided, however, that (i) a change in the capitalization of the Acquiring Fund as described under the heading "Issuance of Additional Preferred Shares" will not be considered to materially and adversely affect the rights and preferences of MTP Shares, and (ii) a division of an MTP Share will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division materially and adversely affect the holders of MTP Shares. For purposes of the foregoing, no matter shall be deemed to adversely affect any preference, right or power of an MTP Share of such series or the holder thereof unless such matter (i) alters or abolishes any preferential right of such MTP Share, or (ii) creates, alters or abolishes any right in respect of redemption of such MTP Share (other than as a result of a division of an MTP Share). So long as any MTP Shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of at least $66\frac{2}{3}\%$ of the holders of MTP Shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, file a voluntary application for relief under federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as the Acquiring Fund is solvent and does not foresee becoming insolvent.

Except as otherwise permitted by the terms of the MTP Statement, so long as any MTP Shares of a series are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least a majority of the MTP Shares of such series outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the appendix to the MTP Statement relating to the MTP Shares of such series, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any preference, right or power set forth in such appendix with respect to such MTP Shares or the holders thereof; provided, however, that (i) a change in the capitalization of the Acquiring Fund as described under the heading "Issuance of Additional Preferred Shares" will not be considered to materially and adversely affect the rights and preferences of MTP Shares of such series, and (ii) a division of a preferred share will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division materially and adversely affect the holders of the MTP Shares of such series; and provided, further, that no amendment, alteration or repeal of the obligations of the Acquiring Fund to (x) pay the Term Redemption Price on the Term Redemption Date for the MTP Shares of such series or (y) accumulate dividends at the Dividend Rate for the MTP Shares of such series will be effected without, in each case, the prior unanimous vote or consent of the holders of the MTP Shares of such series. For purposes of the foregoing, no matter shall be deemed to adversely affect any preference, right or power of an MTP Share of a series or the holder thereof unless such matter (i) alters or abolishes any preferential right of such MTP Share, or (ii) creates, alters or abolishes any right in respect of redemption of such MTP Share.

Under the terms of the MTP Statement, unless a higher percentage is provided for in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Shares, including the MTP Shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, will be required to (i) approve any conversion of the Acquiring Fund from a closed-end to an open-end investment company, (ii) approve any plan of reorganization (as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(33) of the 1940 Act) adversely affecting such shares of preferred shares or (iii) approve any other action requiring a vote of security holders of the Acquiring Fund under Section 13(a) of the 1940 Act. For purposes of the foregoing, the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Shares means the vote at an annual or special meeting duly called of (i) 67% or more of such shares present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of such shares are present or represented by proxy at such meeting, or (ii) more than 50% of such shares, whichever is less.

For purposes of determining any rights of the holders of MTP Shares to vote on any matter, whether such right is created by the MTP Statement, by the provisions of the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, by statute or otherwise, no holder of MTP Shares will be entitled to vote any MTP Shares, and no MTP Shares will be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of voting or determining the number of shares required to constitute a quorum if, prior to or concurrently with the time of determination of shares entitled to vote or the time of the actual vote on the matter, as the case may be, the requisite Notice of Redemption with respect to such MTP Shares will have been given in accordance with the MTP Statement, and the Redemption Price for the redemption of such MTP Shares will have been irrevocably deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent for that purpose. No MTP Shares held by the Acquiring Fund will have any voting rights or be deemed to be outstanding for voting or for calculating the voting percentage required on any other matter or other purposes. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Rating Agency Guidelines discussed below, as they may be amended from time to time by the respective rating agency, may be amended by the respective rating agency without the vote, consent or approval of the Acquiring Fund, the Board of the Acquiring Fund and any holder of MTP Shares, or any other shareholder of the Acquiring Fund. Unless otherwise required by law or the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, holders of MTP Shares will not have any relative rights or preferences or other special rights with respect to voting other than those specifically set forth in the Voting Rights section of the MTP Statement. The holders of MTP Shares will have no rights to cumulative voting. In the event that the Acquiring Fund fails to declare or pay any dividends on MTP Shares, the exclusive remedy of the holders will be the right to vote for additional trustees as discussed above; provided that the foregoing does not affect the obligation of the Acquiring Fund to accumulate and, if permitted by applicable law and the MTP Statement, pay dividends at the Default Rate as discussed above.

Rating Agencies

The Acquiring Fund will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause at least one Rating Agency to issue a credit rating with respect to each series of MTP Shares for so long as each series of MTP Shares is outstanding (which credit rating may consist of a credit rating on the MTP Shares generally or the preferred shares generally). Rating Agency means any of Moody's, S&P or Fitch, as designated by the Board from time to time to be a Rating Agency for purposes of the MTP Statement. The Board has initially designated Moody's, S&P and Fitch to be Rating Agencies. The Acquiring Fund will use commercially reasonable efforts to comply with any applicable Rating Agency Guidelines. Rating Agency Guidelines are guidelines of any Rating Agency, as they may be amended or modified from time to time, compliance with which is required to cause such Rating Agency to continue to issue a rating with respect to a series of MTP Shares for so long as such series is outstanding. The Board may elect to terminate the designation of any Rating Agency previously designated by the Board to act as a Rating Agency for purposes of the MTP Statement (provided that at least one Rating Agency continues to maintain a rating with respect to the MTP Shares), and may elect to replace any Rating Agency previously designated as a Rating Agency by the Board with any other Rating Agency not so designated at such time, if such replacement Rating Agency has at the time of such replacement (i) issued a rating for MTP Shares of such series and (ii) entered into an agreement with the Acquiring Fund to continue to issue such rating subject to the Rating Agency's customary conditions. A copy of the current Rating Agency Guidelines will be provided to any holder of MTP Shares promptly upon request therefor made by such holder to the Acquiring Fund by writing the Acquiring Fund at 333 West Wacker Dr., Chicago, Illinois 60606.

Issuance of Additional Preferred Shares

So long as any MTP Shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund may, without the vote or consent of the holders thereof, authorize, establish and create and issue and sell shares of one or more series of a class of senior securities of the Acquiring Fund representing stock under Section 18 of the 1940 Act, ranking on a parity with MTP Shares as to payment of dividends and distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or the winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund, including additional series of MTP Shares, and authorize, issue and sell additional shares of any such series of preferred shares then outstanding or so established and created, including additional MTP Shares, in each case in accordance with applicable law, provided that the Acquiring Fund will, immediately after giving effect to the issuance of such additional preferred shares and to its receipt and application of the proceeds thereof, including to the redemption of preferred shares with such proceeds, have Asset Coverage of at least 225%. The Acquiring Fund's agreement with the liquidity provider for the VRDP Shares will require the Acquiring Fund to obtain the prior consent of the liquidity provider to any such issuance of additional preferred shares.

Actions on Other than Business Days

Unless otherwise provided herein or in the MTP Statement, if the date for making any payment, performing any act or exercising any right is not a Business Day, such payment will be made, act performed or right exercised on the next succeeding Business Day, with the same force and effect as if made or done on the nominal date provided therefor, and, with respect to any payment so made, no dividends, interest or other amount will accrue for the period between such nominal date and the date of payment.

Modification

The Board, without the vote of the holders of MTP Shares, may interpret, supplement or amend the provisions of the MTP Statement or any appendix thereto to supply any omission, resolve any inconsistency or ambiguity or to cure, correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent provision, including any provision that becomes defective after the date hereof because of impossibility of performance or any provision that is inconsistent with any provision of any other preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund.

Comparison of Massachusetts Business Trusts and Minnesota Corporations

Each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 is currently organized as a Massachusetts business trust. Performance Plus is currently organized as a Minnesota corporation.

The following description is based on relevant provisions of applicable Massachusetts law, the Minnesota Business Corporation Act (MBCA) and each Fund's operative documents. This summary does not purport to be complete and we refer you to applicable Massachusetts law, the MBCA and each Fund's operative documents.

General

Each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 is a Massachusetts business trust. A fund organized as a Massachusetts business trust is governed by the trust's declaration of trust or similar instrument.

Massachusetts law allows the trustees of a business trust to set the terms of a fund's governance in its declaration. All power and authority to manage the fund and its affairs generally reside with the trustees, and shareholder voting and other rights are limited to those provided to the shareholders in the declaration.

Because Massachusetts law governing business trusts provides more flexibility compared to typical state corporate statutes, the Massachusetts business trust is a common form of organization for closed-end funds. However, some consider it less desirable than other entities because it relies on the terms of the applicable declaration and judicial interpretations rather than statutory provisions for substantive issues, such as the personal liability of shareholders and trustees, and does not provide the level of certitude that corporate laws like those of Minnesota, or newer statutory trust laws, such as those of Delaware, provide.

Performance Plus is a Minnesota corporation. A fund organized as a Minnesota corporation is governed both by the MBCA and the Minnesota corporation's articles of incorporation and by-laws. For a Minnesota corporation, unlike a Massachusetts business trust, the MBCA prescribes many aspects of corporate governance.

Shareholders of a Minnesota corporation generally are shielded from personal liability for the corporation's debts or obligations. Shareholders of a Massachusetts business trust, on the other hand, are not afforded the statutory limitation of personal liability generally afforded to shareholders of a corporation from the trust's liabilities. Instead, the declaration of trust of a fund organized as a Massachusetts business trust typically provides that a shareholder will not be personally liable, and further provides for indemnification to the extent that a shareholder is found personally liable, for the fund's acts or obligations. The declaration of trust for each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 contains such provisions.

Similarly, the trustees of a Massachusetts business trust are not afforded statutory protection from personal liability for the obligations of the trust. The directors of a Minnesota corporation, on the other hand, generally are shielded from personal liability for the corporation's acts or obligations by the MBCA. Courts in Massachusetts have, however, recognized limitations of a trustee's personal liability in contract actions for the obligations of a trust contained in the trust's declaration, and declarations may also provide that trustees may be indemnified out of the assets of the trust to the extent held personally liable. The declaration of trust for each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 contains such provisions.

Massachusetts Business Trusts

Each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 is governed by its declaration of trust and by-laws. Under the declaration of trust, any determination as to what is in the interests of the Fund made by the trustees in good faith is conclusive, and in construing the provisions of the declaration of trust, there is a presumption in favor of a grant of power to the trustees. Further, the declaration of trust provides that certain determinations made in good faith by the trustees are binding upon the Fund and all shareholders, and shares are issued and sold on the condition and understanding, evidenced by the purchase of shares, that any and all such determinations shall be so binding. The following is a summary of some of the key provisions of the governing documents of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2.

Shareholder Voting. The declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 requires a shareholder vote on a number of matters, including certain amendments to the declaration of trust, the election of trustees, the merger or reorganization of the Fund (under certain circumstances) or sales of assets in certain circumstances and matters required to be voted by the 1940 Act.

Meetings of shareholders may be called by the trustees and by the written request of shareholders owning at least 10% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. The by-laws of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 provide that the holders of a majority of the voting power of the shares of beneficial interest of the Fund entitled to vote at a meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 provides that the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present is required to approve a matter, except in the case of the election of trustees, which only requires a plurality vote, and for events to which other voting provisions apply under the 1940 Act or the declaration of trust and by-laws, such as the super-majority voting provisions with respect to a merger, consolidation or dissolution of, or sale of substantially all of the assets by, the Fund, or its conversion to an open-end investment company in certain circumstances under the terms of the declaration of trust.

Election and Removal of Trustees. The declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 provides that the trustees determine the size of the Board, subject to a minimum and a maximum number. Subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, the declaration of trust also provides that vacancies on the Board may be filled by the remaining trustees. A trustee may only be removed for cause by action of at least two-thirds of the remaining trustees or by action of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of the class or classes that elected such trustee.

Issuance of Shares. Under the declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the trustees are permitted to issue an unlimited number of shares for such consideration and on such terms as the trustees may determine. Shareholders are not entitled to any preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe to additional shares, except as the trustees may determine. Shares are subject to such other preferences, conversion, exchange or similar rights, as the trustees may determine.

Classes. The declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 gives broad authority to the trustees to establish classes or series in addition to those currently established and to determine the rights and preferences, conversion rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations, qualifications or terms or conditions of redemptions of the shares of the classes or series. The trustees are also authorized to terminate a class or series without a vote of shareholders under certain circumstances.

Amendments to Declaration of Trust. Amendments to the declaration of trust generally require the consent of shareholders owning more than 50% of shares entitled to vote, voting in the aggregate. Certain amendments may be made by the trustees without a shareholder vote, and any amendment to the voting requirements contained in the declaration of trust requires the approval of two-thirds of the outstanding common shares and preferred shares, voting in the aggregate and not by class except to the extent that applicable law or the declaration of trust may require voting by class.

Shareholder, Trustee and Officer Liability. The declaration of trust of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 provides that shareholders have no personal liability for the acts or

obligations of the Fund and require the Fund to indemnify a shareholder from any loss or expense arising solely by reason of his or her being or having been a shareholder and not because of his or her acts or omissions or for some other reasons. In addition, the Fund will assume the defense of any claim against a shareholder for personal liability at the request of the shareholder. Similarly, the declaration of trust provides that any person who is a trustee, officer or employee of the Fund is not personally liable to any person in connection with the affairs of the Fund, other than to the Fund and its shareholders arising from bad faith, willful misfeasance, gross negligence or reckless disregard for his or her duty. The declaration of trust further provides for indemnification of such persons and advancement of the expenses of defending any such actions for which indemnification might be sought. The declaration of trust also provides that the trustees may rely in good faith on expert advice.

Derivative Actions. Massachusetts has what is commonly referred to as a universal demand statute, which requires that a shareholder make a written demand on the board, requesting the board members to bring an action, before the shareholder is entitled to bring or maintain a court action or claim on behalf of the entity.

Minnesota Corporations

A Minnesota corporation is governed by the MBCA, its articles of incorporation and by-laws. Some of the key provisions of the MBCA and the articles of incorporation and by-laws of Performance Plus are summarized below.

Shareholder Voting. Under the MBCA, a Minnesota corporation generally cannot dissolve, amend its articles of incorporation, sell or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of its property and assets outside the ordinary course of business, or engage in a statutory share exchange, merger or consolidation unless approved by a vote of shareholders. Depending on the circumstances and the articles of incorporation of the corporation, there may be various exceptions to these votes.

Shareholders of Minnesota corporations are generally entitled to one vote per share and fractional votes for fractional shares held. The articles of incorporation of Performance Plus contain such provisions regarding fractional shares.

Election and Removal of Directors. Shareholders of a Minnesota corporation generally are entitled to elect and remove directors. Shareholders of Performance Plus may elect directors at any meeting at which a quorum is present. The MBCA and by-laws provide that directors are elected by a plurality of votes validly cast at such election. The MBCA does not require a corporation to hold an annual meeting unless required by the articles of incorporation or by-laws. The by-laws of Performance Plus state that annual meetings of shareholders are not required and that a special meeting of shareholders may be called by shareholders holding 10% or more of the shares entitled to vote on the matters to be presented at the meeting. The articles of incorporation provide that a director may be removed from office only for cause, and then by a vote of the shareholders holding $66\frac{2}{3}\%$ of the shares entitled to vote at an election of directors.

Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation. Under the MBCA, shareholders of corporations generally are entitled to vote on amendments to the articles of incorporation.

Issuance of Shares. The board of directors of a Minnesota corporation has the power to authorize the issuance of shares. If so provided in the articles of incorporation (and the articles of

incorporation of Performance Plus do so provide), the board of directors may authorize the issuance of shares in more than one class or series, and prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, the board of directors must set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series.

Shareholder, Director and Officer Liability. Under Minnesota law, shareholders generally are not personally liable for debts or obligations of a corporation. Minnesota law provides that a director's personal liability to the corporation or its shareholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director may be eliminated or limited in the articles of incorporation, except for a director's breach of the duty of loyalty, for acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve an intentional or knowing violation of law, or for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. The articles of incorporation of Performance Plus provide such a limitation of director liability. Minnesota law provides that, unless prohibited by a corporation's articles of incorporation or by-laws, a corporation must indemnify and advance expenses to its directors for acts and omissions in their official capacity, subject to certain exceptions, and the articles of incorporation of Performance Plus do not prohibit such indemnification or advances. The indemnification provisions and the limitation on liability are both subject to any limitations of the 1940 Act, which generally provides that no director or officer shall be protected from liability to the corporation or its shareholders by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office. The provisions governing the advance of expenses are subject to applicable requirements of the 1940 Act or rules thereunder.

Preemptive Rights. Pursuant to the articles of incorporation of Performance Plus, shareholders have no preemptive rights.

Dissenters' Right of Appraisal. Under Minnesota law, shareholders generally are entitled to assert dissenters' rights in connection with certain amendments to the articles of incorporation, asset sales and reorganizations and obtain payment of the fair value of their shares, provided that they comply with the requirements of Minnesota law. These rights, however, are subject to certain exceptions under the MBCA, including, in the case of asset sales and reorganizations, if the shares to which the dissenters' rights relate and the shares, if any, that a shareholder is to receive are traded on an exchange.

Derivative Actions. Under Minnesota law, applicable case law at the time of a particular derivative action will establish any requirements or limitations with respect to shareholder derivative actions.

The foregoing is only a summary of certain rights of shareholders under the governing documents of the Funds and under applicable state law, and is not a complete description of provisions contained in those sources. Shareholders should refer to the provisions of those documents and state law directly for a more thorough description.

D. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE INVESTMENT POLICIES

Comparison of the Investment Objectives and Policies of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds

General

The Funds have similar investment objectives and policies. For each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the investment objectives are to provide current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income tax and to enhance portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by investing in tax-exempt municipal bonds that the Adviser believes are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal market sectors that are undervalued. The primary investment objective of Performance Plus is to provide, through investment in a professionally managed portfolio of investment grade quality tax-exempt municipal securities, current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. The secondary investment objective of Performance Plus is the enhancement of portfolio value relative to the New York municipal bond market through investments in tax-exempt municipal securities that, in the opinion of the Adviser, are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal markets that are undervalued. With the exception of the reference to investment grade quality in the primary investment objective of Performance Plus and the characterization of the investment objectives as primary and secondary components, the investment objectives of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are otherwise consistent with those of Performance Plus. (As described more fully below, it is a non-fundamental policy of each Fund to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its managed assets in investment-grade securities.)

Each Fund's investment objectives are fundamental policies of the Fund, and may not be changed without the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding common shares and preferred shares voting as a single class, and of holders of a majority of the outstanding preferred shares also voting separately as a single class.

Investment Policies

The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund have similar investment policies. It is a fundamental policy of each Fund that, under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Managed Assets in municipal securities and other related investments, the income from which is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes.

As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, each Fund will invest at least 80% of its Managed Assets in investment-grade securities that, at the time of investment, are rated within the four highest grades (Baa or BBB or better) by at least one NRSRO or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by Nuveen Asset Management, the sub-adviser to each Fund. Also, as a non-fundamental policy, each Fund may invest up to 20% of its Managed Assets in municipal securities that, at the time of investment, are rated below investment grade or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser. Additionally, as a non-fundamental policy, no more than 10% of each Fund's Managed Assets may be invested in municipal securities rated below B3/B- or that are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser.

Securities of below investment grade quality (Ba/BB or below) are commonly referred to as junk bonds. Issuers of securities rated Ba/BB or B are regarded as having current capacity to make

principal and interest payments but are subject to business, financial or economic conditions which could adversely affect such payment capacity. Municipal securities rated below investment grade quality are obligations of issuers that are considered predominately speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal according to the terms of the obligation and, therefore, carry greater investment risk, including the possibility of issuer default and bankruptcy and increased market price volatility. Municipal securities rated below investment grade tend to be less marketable than higher-quality securities because the market for them is less broad. The market for unrated municipal securities is even narrower. During periods of thin trading in these markets, the spread between bid and asked prices is likely to increase significantly and a Fund may have greater difficulty selling its portfolio securities. A Fund will be more dependent on the Sub-Adviser's research and analysis when investing in these securities. Municipal securities rated Baa or BBB are considered investment grade securities; municipal securities rated Baa are considered medium grade obligations which lack outstanding investment characteristics and have speculative characteristics, while municipal securities rated BBB are regarded as having adequate capacity to pay principal and interest. Municipal securities rated AAA in which a Fund may invest may have been so rated on the basis of the existence of insurance guaranteeing the timely payment, when due, of all principal and interest.

The foregoing credit quality policies apply only at the time a security is purchased, and a Fund is not required to dispose of a security in the event that a rating agency downgrades its assessment of the credit characteristics of a particular issuer or that valuation changes of various bonds cause a Fund's portfolio to fail to satisfy those policies. In determining whether to retain or sell such a security, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may consider such factors as the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's assessment of the credit quality of the issuer of such security, the price at which such security could be sold and the rating, if any, assigned to such security by other rating agencies. A general description of the ratings of municipal securities by S&P, Moody's and Fitch is set forth in Appendix A to the Reorganization SAI.

Underrated municipal securities are those whose ratings do not, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, reflect their true value. Municipal securities may be underrated because of the time that has elapsed since their rating was assigned or reviewed, or because of positive factors that may not have been fully taken into account by rating agencies, or for other similar reasons. Municipal securities that are undervalued or that represent undervalued municipal market sectors are municipal securities that, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, are worth more than the value assigned to them in the marketplace. Municipal securities of particular types or purposes (e.g., hospital bonds, industrial revenue bonds or bonds issued by a particular municipal issuer) may be undervalued because there is a temporary excess of supply in that market sector, or because of a general decline in the market price of municipal securities of the market sector for reasons that do not apply to the particular municipal securities that are considered undervalued. Each Fund's investment in underrated or undervalued municipal securities will be based on the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's belief that the prices of such municipal securities should ultimately reflect their true value. The investment objective pertaining to enhancement of portfolio value (the secondary investment objective for Performance Plus) is not intended to suggest that capital appreciation is itself an objective of each Fund. Instead, each Fund seeks enhancement of portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by prudent selection of municipal securities, regardless of which direction the market may move. Any capital appreciation realized by a Fund generally will result in the distribution of taxable capital gains to common shareholders and holders of preferred shares.

Each Fund will primarily invest in municipal securities with long-term maturities in order to maintain an average effective maturity of 15-30 years, including the effects of leverage, but the

average effective maturity of obligations held by a Fund may be shortened as a result of portfolio transactions effected by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, depending on market conditions. As a result, a Fund's portfolio at any given time may include both long-term and intermediate-term municipal securities. Moreover, during temporary defensive periods (e.g., times when, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, temporary imbalances of supply and demand or other temporary dislocations in the tax-exempt bond market adversely affect the price at which long-term or intermediate-term municipal securities are available), and in order to keep a Fund's cash fully invested, a Fund may invest any percentage of its net assets in short-term investments including high quality, short-term debt securities that may be either tax-exempt or taxable. A Fund will generally select obligations which may not be redeemed at the option of the issuer for approximately seven to nine years. As of March 31, 2013, the average effective maturities of the portfolios of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 were 18.87, 18.39 and 19.50 years, respectively.

No Fund has established a limit on the percentage of its portfolio that may be invested in municipal bonds subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of federal tax law, and each Fund expects that a substantial portion of the income it produces will be includable in alternative minimum taxable income.

Each Fund may invest up to 10% of its Managed Assets in securities of other open- or closed-end investment companies (including exchange-traded funds) that invest primarily in municipal bonds of the types in which a Fund may invest directly. In addition, each Fund may purchase municipal securities that are additionally secured by insurance, bank credit agreements or escrow accounts. The credit quality of companies that provide such credit enhancements may affect the value of those securities. Although the insurance feature may reduce certain financial risks, the premiums for insurance and the higher market price paid for insured obligations may reduce a Fund's income. The insurance feature does not guarantee the market value of the insured obligations, and the effectiveness and value of the insurance itself is dependent on the continued creditworthiness of the insurer.

Each Fund may enter into certain derivative instruments in pursuit of its investment objectives, including to seek to enhance return, to hedge some of the risk of the Fund's investments in municipal securities or as a substitute for a position in the underlying asset. Such instruments include financial futures contracts, swap contracts (including interest rate and credit default swaps), options on financial futures, options on swap contracts or other derivative instruments. A Fund may not enter into a futures contract or related options or forward contracts if more than 30% of the Fund's net assets would be represented by futures contracts or more than 5% of the Fund's net assets would be committed to initial margin deposits and premiums on futures contracts and related options.

Each Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities. With respect to the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, such investments may not exceed 15% of the Fund's Managed Assets. Inverse floating rate securities represent a leveraged investment in the underlying municipal bond deposited. Inverse floating rate securities offer the opportunity for higher income than the underlying bond, but will subject the Fund to the risk of lower or even no income if short-term interest rates rise sufficiently. By investing in an inverse floating rate security rather than directly in the underlying bond, the Fund will experience a greater increase in its common share net asset value if the underlying municipal bond increases in value, but will also experience a correspondingly larger decline in its common share net asset value if the underlying bond declines in value.

Each Fund may borrow money to finance the repurchase of its shares or for temporary or emergency purposes, such as for the payment of dividends or the settlement of portfolio transactions.

Interest on any borrowings to finance share repurchase transactions or the accumulation of cash by a Fund in anticipation of share repurchases or tenders will reduce such Fund's net income. Any share repurchase, tender offer or borrowing that might be approved by a Fund's Board of Directors or Trustees, as applicable, would have to comply with the Exchange Act and the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Each Fund is diversified for purposes of the 1940 Act. Consequently, as to 75% of its assets, a Fund may not invest more than 5% of its total assets in the securities of any single issuer (and in not more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of an issuer), except that this limitation does not apply to cash, securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and securities of other investment companies.

As noted above, during temporary defensive periods and in order to keep a Fund's cash fully invested, each Fund may deviate from its investment objectives and invest up to 100% of its net assets in short-term investments including high quality, short-term securities that may be either tax-exempt or taxable. It is the intent of each Fund to invest in taxable short-term investments only in the event that suitable tax-exempt short-term investments are not available at reasonable prices and yields. Investment in taxable short-term investments would result in a portion of your dividends being subject to regular federal income taxes and if the proportion of taxable investments exceeded 50% of a Fund's total assets as of the close of any quarter of the Fund's taxable year, the Fund would not satisfy the general eligibility test that permits it to pay exempt-interest dividends for that taxable year. For more information, See "Tax Matters - Federal Income Tax Matters" in the Reorganization SAI.

Portfolio Investments

Municipal Securities

General. Each Fund may invest in various municipal securities, including municipal bonds and notes, other securities issued to finance and refinance public projects, and other related securities and derivative instruments creating exposure to municipal bonds, notes and securities that provide for the payment of interest income that is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. Municipal securities are generally debt obligations issued by state and local governmental entities and may be issued by U.S. territories and possessions to finance or refinance public projects such as roads, schools, and water supply systems. Municipal securities may also be issued for private activities, such as housing, medical and educational facility construction, or for privately owned transportation, electric utility and pollution control projects. Municipal securities may be issued on a long-term basis to provide permanent financing. The repayment of such debt may be secured generally by a pledge of the full faith and credit taxing power of the issuer, a limited or special tax, or any other revenue source including project revenues, which may include tolls, fees and other user charges, lease payments, and mortgage payments. Municipal securities may also be issued to finance projects on a short-term interim basis, anticipating repayment with the proceeds of the later issuance of long-term debt. Municipal securities may be issued and purchased in the form of bonds, notes, leases or certificates of participation; structured as callable or non-callable; with payment forms including fixed coupon, variable rate, zero coupon, capital appreciation bonds, tender option bonds, and residual interest bonds or inverse floating rate securities; or acquired through investments in pooled vehicles, partnerships or other investment companies. Inverse floating rate securities are securities that pay interest at rates that vary inversely with changes in prevailing short-term tax-exempt interest rates and represent a leveraged investment in an underlying municipal security, which may increase the effective leverage of the Funds.

The municipal securities in which the Funds invest are generally issued by the State of New York, New York City, a municipality in New York, or a political subdivision or agency or instrumentality of such state, city or municipality, and pay interest that, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer (or on the basis of other authority believed by the Sub-Adviser to be reliable), is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes, although the interest may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Each Fund may invest in municipal bonds issued by United States territories and possessions (such as Puerto Rico or Guam) that are exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes.

The yields on municipal securities depend on a variety of factors, including prevailing interest rates and the condition of the general money market and the municipal bond market, the size of a particular offering, the maturity of the obligation and the rating of the issue. The market value of municipal bonds will vary with changes in interest rate levels and as a result of changing evaluations of the ability of their issuers to meet interest and principal payments.

Municipal Leases and Certificates of Participation. Each Fund also may purchase municipal securities that represent lease obligations and certificates of participation in such leases. These carry special risks because the issuer of the securities may not be obligated to appropriate money annually to make payments under the lease. A municipal lease is an obligation in the form of a lease or installment purchase that is issued by a state or local government to acquire equipment and facilities. Income from such obligations generally is exempt from state and local taxes in the state of issuance. Leases and installment purchase or conditional sale contracts (which normally provide for title to the leased asset to pass eventually to the governmental issuer) have evolved as a means for governmental issuers to acquire property and equipment without meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements for the issuance of debt. The debt issuance limitations are deemed to be inapplicable because of the inclusion in many leases or contracts of non-appropriation clauses that relieve the governmental issuer of any obligation to make future payments under the lease or contract unless money is appropriated for such purpose by the appropriate legislative body on a yearly or other periodic basis. In addition, such leases or contracts may be subject to the temporary abatement of payments in the event the issuer is prevented from maintaining occupancy of the leased premises or utilizing the leased equipment or facilities. Although the obligations may be secured by the leased equipment or facilities, the disposition of the property in the event of non-appropriation or foreclosure might prove difficult, time consuming and costly, and result in a delay in recovering, or the failure to recover fully, a Fund's original investment. To the extent that a Fund invests in unrated municipal leases or participates in such leases, the credit quality rating and risk of cancellation of such unrated leases will be monitored on an ongoing basis. In order to reduce this risk, each Fund will only purchase municipal securities representing lease obligations where the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser believes the issuer has a strong incentive to continue making appropriations until maturity.

A certificate of participation represents an undivided interest in an unmanaged pool of municipal leases, an installment purchase agreement or other instruments. The certificates typically are issued by a municipal agency, a trust or other entity that has received an assignment of the payments to be made by the state or political subdivision under such leases or installment purchase agreements. Such certificates provide a Fund with the right to a pro rata undivided interest in the underlying municipal securities. In addition, such participations generally provide a Fund with the right to demand payment, on not more than seven days' notice, of all or any part of such Fund's participation interest in the underlying municipal securities, plus accrued interest.

Municipal Notes. Municipal securities in the form of notes generally are used to provide for short-term capital needs, in anticipation of an issuer's receipt of other revenues or financing, and typically have maturities of up to three years. Such instruments may include tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, bond anticipation notes, tax and revenue anticipation notes and construction loan notes. Tax anticipation notes are issued to finance the working capital needs of governments. Generally, they are issued in anticipation of various tax revenues, such as income, sales, property, use and business taxes, and are payable from these specific future taxes. Revenue anticipation notes are issued in expectation of receipt of other kinds of revenue, such as federal revenues available under federal revenue sharing programs. Bond anticipation notes are issued to provide interim financing until long-term bond financing can be arranged. In most cases, the long-term bonds then provide the funds needed for repayment of the bond anticipation notes. Tax and revenue anticipation notes combine the funding sources of both tax anticipation notes and revenue anticipation notes. Construction loan notes are sold to provide construction financing. Mortgage notes insured by the Federal Housing Authority secure these notes; however, the proceeds from the insurance may be less than the economic equivalent of the payment of principal and interest on the mortgage note if there has been a default. The anticipated revenues from taxes, grants or bond financing generally secure the obligations of an issuer of municipal notes. An investment in such instruments, however, presents a risk that the anticipated revenues will not be received or that such revenues will be insufficient to satisfy the issuer's payment obligations under the notes or that refinancing will be otherwise unavailable.

Pre-Refunded Municipal Securities. The principal of, and interest on, pre-refunded municipal securities are no longer paid from the original revenue source for the securities. Instead, the source of such payments is typically an escrow fund consisting of U.S. government securities. The assets in the escrow fund are derived from the proceeds of refunding bonds issued by the same issuer as the pre-refunded municipal securities. Issuers of municipal securities use this advance refunding technique to obtain more favorable terms with respect to securities that are not yet subject to call or redemption by the issuer. For example, advance refunding enables an issuer to refinance debt at lower market interest rates, restructure debt to improve cash flow or eliminate restrictive covenants in the indenture or other governing instrument for the pre-refunded municipal securities. However, except for a change in the revenue source from which principal and interest payments are made, the pre-refunded municipal securities remain outstanding on their original terms until they mature or are redeemed by the issuer.

Private Activity Bonds. Private activity bonds are issued by or on behalf of public authorities to obtain funds to provide privately operated housing facilities, airport, mass transit or port facilities, sewage disposal, solid waste disposal or hazardous waste treatment or disposal facilities and certain local facilities for water supply, gas or electricity. Other types of private activity bonds, the proceeds of which are used for the construction, equipment, repair or improvement of privately operated industrial or commercial facilities, may constitute municipal securities, although the current federal tax laws place substantial limitations on the size of such issues. A Fund's distributions of its interest income from private activity bonds may subject certain investors to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Inverse Floating Rate Securities. Inverse floating rate securities (sometimes referred to as inverse floaters) are securities whose interest rates bear an inverse relationship to the interest rate on another security or the value of an index. Generally, inverse floating rate securities represent beneficial interests in a special purpose trust formed by a third-party sponsor for the purpose of holding municipal bonds. The special purpose trust typically sells two classes of beneficial interests or securities: floating rate securities (sometimes referred to as short-term floaters or tender option bonds) and inverse floating rate securities (sometimes referred to as inverse floaters or residual interest securities). Both classes of

beneficial interests are represented by certificates. The short-term floating rate securities have first priority on the cash flow from the municipal bonds held by the special purpose trust. Typically, a third party, such as a bank, broker-dealer or other financial institution, grants the floating rate security holders the option, at periodic intervals, to tender their securities to the institution and receive the face value thereof. As consideration for providing the option, the financial institution receives periodic fees.

The holder of the short-term floater effectively holds a demand obligation that bears interest at the prevailing short-term, tax-exempt rate. However, the institution granting the tender option will not be obligated to accept tendered short-term floaters in the event of certain defaults or a significant downgrade in the credit rating assigned to the bond issuer. For its inverse floating rate investment, a Fund receives the residual cash flow from the special purpose trust. Because the holder of the short term floater is generally assured liquidity at the face value of the security, a Fund as the holder of the inverse floater assumes the interest rate cash flow risk and the market value risk associated with the municipal bond deposited into the special purpose trust. The volatility of the interest cash flow and the residual market value will vary with the degree to which the trust is leveraged. This is expressed in the ratio of the total face value of the short-term floaters in relation to the value of the inverse floaters that are issued by the special purpose trust, and can exceed three times for more highly leveraged trusts. All voting rights and decisions to be made with respect to any other rights relating to the municipal bonds held in the special purpose trust are passed through to a Fund, as the holder of the residual inverse floating rate securities.

Because increases in the interest rate on the short-term floaters reduce the residual interest paid on inverse floaters, and because fluctuations in the value of the municipal bond deposited in the special purpose trust affect the value of the inverse floater only, and not the value of the short-term floater issued by the trust, inverse floaters value is generally more volatile than that of fixed rate bonds. The market price of inverse floating rate securities is generally more volatile than the underlying bonds due to the leveraging effect of this ownership structure. These securities generally will underperform the market of fixed rate bonds in a rising interest rate environment (i.e., when bond values are falling), but tend to out-perform the market of fixed rate bonds when interest rates decline or remain relatively stable. Although volatile, inverse floaters typically offer the potential for yields higher than those available on fixed rate bonds with comparable credit quality, coupon, call provisions and maturity. Inverse floaters have varying degrees of liquidity or illiquidity based upon the ability to sell the underlying bonds deposited in a special purpose trust at an attractive price. A Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities issued by special purpose trusts whose sponsors have recourse to the Fund pursuant to a separate shortfall and forbearance agreement. Such an agreement would require a Fund to reimburse the third-party sponsor of the trust, upon termination of the trust issuing the inverse floater, for the difference between the liquidation value of the bonds held in the trust and the principal amount due to the holders of floating rate securities issued by the trust. A Fund will enter into such a recourse agreement (i) when the liquidity provider with respect to the floating rate securities issued by the special purpose trust requires such a recourse agreement because the level of leverage in the special purpose trust exceeds the level that the liquidity provider is willing to support absent such an agreement; and/or (ii) to seek to prevent the liquidity provider from collapsing the special purpose trust in the event that the municipal obligation held in the trust has declined in value. In an instance where a Fund has entered such a recourse agreement, such Fund may suffer a loss that exceeds the amount of its original investment in the inverse floating rate securities; such loss could be as great as that original investment amount plus the face amount of the floating rate securities issued by the trust.

Each Fund will segregate or earmark liquid assets with its custodian in accordance with the 1940 Act to cover its obligations with respect to its investments in special purpose trusts.

The Funds may invest in both inverse floating rate securities and floating rate securities (as discussed below) issued by the same special purpose trust.

Floating Rate Securities. Each Fund may also invest in floating rate securities, as described above, issued by special purpose trusts. Floating rate securities may take the form of short-term floating rate securities or the option period may be substantially longer. Generally, the interest rate earned will be based upon the market rates for municipal securities with maturities or remarketing provisions that are comparable in duration to the periodic interval of the tender option, which may vary from weekly, to monthly, to extended periods of one year or multiple years. Since the option feature has a shorter term than the final maturity or first call date of the underlying bond deposited in the trust, a Fund, as the holder of the floating rate securities, relies upon the terms of the agreement with the financial institution furnishing the option as well as the credit strength of that institution. As further assurance of liquidity, the terms of the trust provide for a liquidation of the municipal bond deposited in the trust and the application of the proceeds to pay off the floating rate securities. The trusts that are organized to issue both short-term floating rate securities and inverse floaters generally include liquidation triggers to protect the investor in the floating rate securities.

Special Taxing Districts. Special taxing districts are organized to plan and finance infrastructure developments to induce residential, commercial and industrial growth and redevelopment. The bond financing methods such as tax increment finance, tax assessment, special services district and Mello-Roos bonds, generally are payable solely from taxes or other revenues attributable to the specific projects financed by the bonds without recourse to the credit or taxing power of related or overlapping municipalities. They often are exposed to real estate development-related risks and can have more taxpayer concentration risk than general tax-supported bonds, such as general obligation bonds. Further, the fees, special taxes, or tax allocations and other revenues that are established to secure such financings generally are limited as to the rate or amount that may be levied or assessed and are not subject to increase pursuant to rate covenants or municipal or corporate guarantees. The bonds could default if development failed to progress as anticipated or if larger taxpayers failed to pay the assessments, fees and taxes as provided in the financing plans of the districts.

When-Issued and Delayed-Delivery Transactions

Each Fund may buy and sell municipal securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis, making payment or taking delivery at a later date, normally within 15-45 days of the trade date. On such transactions, the payment obligation and the interest rate are fixed at the time the buyer enters into the commitment. Beginning on the date a Fund enters into a commitment to purchase securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis, the Fund is required under rules of the SEC to maintain in a separate account liquid assets, consisting of cash, cash equivalents or liquid securities having a market value, at all times, at least equal to the amount of the commitment. Income generated by any such assets which provide taxable income for federal income tax purposes is includable in the taxable income of a Fund and, to the extent distributed, will be taxable to shareholders. A Fund may enter into contracts to purchase municipal securities on a forward basis (i.e., where settlement will occur more than 60 days from the date of the transaction) only to the extent that the Fund specifically collateralizes such obligations with a security that is expected to be called or mature within 60 days before or after the settlement date of the forward transaction. The commitment to purchase securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward basis may involve an element of risk because no interest accrues on the bonds prior to settlement and, at the time of delivery, the market value may be less than cost.

Zero Coupon Bonds

Each Fund may invest in zero coupon bonds. A zero coupon bond is a bond that does not pay interest for its entire life. The market prices of zero coupon bonds are affected to a greater extent by changes in prevailing levels of interest rates and therefore tend to be more volatile in price than securities that pay interest periodically. In addition, because a Fund accrues income with respect to these securities prior to the receipt of such interest, it may have to dispose of portfolio securities under disadvantageous circumstances in order to obtain cash needed to pay income dividends in amounts necessary to avoid unfavorable tax consequences.

Structured Notes

Each Fund may utilize structured notes and similar instruments for investment purposes and also for hedging purposes. Structured notes are privately negotiated debt obligations where the principal and/or interest is determined by reference to the performance of a benchmark asset, market or interest rate (an embedded index), such as selected securities, an index of securities or specified interest rates, or the differential performance of two assets or markets. The terms of such structured instruments normally provide that their principal and/or interest payments are to be adjusted upwards or downwards (but not ordinarily below zero) to reflect changes in the embedded index while the structured instruments are outstanding. As a result, the interest and/or principal payments that may be made on a structured product may vary widely, depending upon a variety of factors, including the volatility of the embedded index and the effect of changes in the embedded index on principal and/or interest payments. The rate of return on structured notes may be determined by applying a multiplier to the performance or differential performance of the referenced index or indices or other assets. Application of a multiplier involves leverage that will serve to magnify the potential for gain and the risk of loss.

Derivatives

General. Each Fund may invest in certain derivative instruments in pursuit of its investment objectives. Such instruments include financial futures contracts, swap contracts (including interest rate and credit default swaps), options on financial futures, options on swap contracts or other derivative instruments. Credit default swaps may require initial premium (discount) payments as well as periodic payments (receipts) related to the interest leg of the swap or to the default of a reference obligation. If a Fund is a seller of a contract, the Fund would be required to pay the par (or other agreed upon) value of a referenced debt obligation to the counterparty in the event of a default or other credit event by the reference issuer, such as a U.S. or foreign corporate issuer, with respect to such debt obligations. In return, such Fund would receive from the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract provided that no event of default has occurred. If no default occurs, such Fund would keep the stream of payments and would have no payment obligations. As the seller, a Fund would be subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap. If a Fund is a buyer of a contract, the Fund would have the right to deliver a referenced debt obligation and receive the par (or other agreed-upon) value of such debt obligation from the counterparty in the event of a default or other credit event (such as a credit downgrade) by the reference issuer, such as a U.S. or foreign corporation, with respect to its debt obligations. In return, such Fund would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract provided that no event of default has occurred. If no default occurs, the counterparty would keep the stream of payments and would have no further obligations to such Fund. Interest rate swaps involve the exchange by a Fund with a counterparty of their respective

commitments to pay or receive interest, such as an exchange of fixed-rate payments for floating rate payments. A Fund will usually enter into interest rate swaps on a net basis; that is, the two payment streams will be netted out in a cash settlement on the payment date or dates specified in the instrument, with the Fund receiving or paying, as the case may be, only the net amount of the two payments.

The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may use derivative instruments to seek to enhance return, to hedge some of the risk of each Fund's investments in municipal securities or as a substitute for a position in the underlying asset. These types of strategies may generate taxable income.

There is no assurance that these derivative strategies will be available at any time or that the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will determine to use them for a Fund or, if used, that the strategies will be successful.

Limitations on the Use of Futures, Futures Options and Swaps. Pursuant to a claim for exemption filed with the National Futures Association on behalf of each Fund, each Fund is not deemed to be a commodity pool operator or a commodity pool under the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA) and neither it nor the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser is currently subject to registration or regulation as such under the CEA. In February 2012, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) announced substantial amendments to certain exemptions, and to the conditions for reliance on those exemptions, from registration as a commodity pool operator. Under amendments to the exemption provided under CFTC Regulation 4.5, if a Fund uses futures, options on futures, or swaps other than for bona fide hedging purposes (as defined by the CFTC), the aggregate initial margin and premiums on these positions (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such positions and excluding the amount by which options that are in-the-money at the time of purchase are in-the-money) may not exceed 5% of the Fund's net asset value, or alternatively, the aggregate net notional value of those positions may not exceed 100% of the Fund's net asset value (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such positions). The CFTC amendments to Regulation 4.5 took effect on December 31, 2012, and each Fund intends to comply with amended Regulation 4.5's requirements such that the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will not be required to register with respect to the Fund as a commodity pool operator with the CFTC. Each Fund reserves the right to engage in transactions involving futures, options thereon and swaps to the extent allowed by CFTC regulations in effect from time to time and in accordance with the Fund's policies. However, the requirements for qualification as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Code may limit the extent to which the Funds may enter into futures transactions, engage in options transactions or engage in swap transactions.

Other Investment Companies

Each Fund may invest up to 10% of its Managed Assets in securities of other open- or closed-end investment companies (including exchange-traded funds (ETFs)) that invest primarily in municipal securities of the types in which a Fund may invest directly. In addition, each Fund may invest a portion of its Managed Assets in pooled investment vehicles (other than investment companies) that invest primarily in municipal securities of the types in which a Fund may invest directly. Each Fund generally expects that it may invest in other investment companies and/or other pooled investment vehicles either during periods when it has large amounts of uninvested cash or during periods when there is a shortage of attractive, high-yielding municipal securities available in the market. Each Fund may invest in investment companies that are advised by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser or their affiliates to the extent permitted by applicable law and/or pursuant to exemptive

relief from the SEC. The Funds have not applied for and currently do not intend to apply for such relief. As a shareholder in an investment company, a Fund will bear its ratable share of that investment company's expenses and would remain subject to payment of the Fund's advisory and administrative fees with respect to assets so invested. Common shareholders would therefore be subject to duplicative expenses to the extent a Fund invests in other investment companies.

The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will take expenses into account when evaluating the investment merits of an investment in an investment company relative to available municipal security investments. In addition, the securities of other investment companies may also be leveraged and will therefore be subject to the same leverage risks described herein. The net asset value and market value of leveraged shares will be more volatile, and the yield to common shareholders will tend to fluctuate more than the yield generated by unleveraged shares.

Hedging Strategies

Each Fund may use various investment strategies designed to limit the risk of bond price fluctuations and to preserve capital. These hedging strategies include using financial futures contracts, options on financial futures or options based on either an index of long-term municipal securities or on taxable debt securities whose prices, in the opinion of the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, correlate with the prices of a Fund's investments. These hedging strategies may generate taxable income.

The Board of each Fund recommends that shareholders vote FOR the approval of the Reorganization(s).

PROPOSAL NO. 3 APPROVAL OF ISSUANCE OF ADDITIONAL COMMON SHARES OF ACQUIRING FUND (SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ACQUIRING FUND)

In connection with the proposed Reorganizations, the Acquiring Fund will issue additional Acquiring Fund common shares and, subject to notice of issuance, list such shares on the NYSE. In addition, the Acquiring Fund will issue VRDP Shares and MTP Shares. The Acquiring Fund will acquire substantially all of the assets of each Target Fund in exchange for newly issued Acquiring Fund common shares and newly issued Acquiring Fund preferred shares and the assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of each Target Fund. Each Target Fund will distribute Acquiring Fund common shares to its common shareholders and Acquiring Fund preferred shares to its preferred shareholders and will then terminate its registration under the 1940 Act and dissolve under applicable state law. The Acquiring Fund's Board, based upon its evaluation of all relevant information, anticipates that the Reorganizations may benefit holders of the Acquiring Fund's common shares and preferred shares due to the increased size of the combined Fund.

The aggregate net asset value of the Acquiring Fund common shares received by each Target Fund in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate net asset value of the Target Fund common shares held by shareholders of such Target Fund as of the Valuation Time. Prior to the Valuation Time, the net asset value of each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund will be reduced by the costs of the Reorganizations borne by such Fund. No fractional Acquiring Fund common shares will be distributed to a Target Fund's common shareholders in connection with a Reorganization and, in lieu of such fractional shares, each Target Fund's common shareholders will receive cash in an amount equal to the value received for such shares in the open market, which may be higher or lower than net

asset value. The aggregate liquidation preference of the preferred shares issued by the Acquiring Fund in connection with a Reorganization will equal the aggregate liquidation preference of the corresponding Target Fund preferred shares held immediately prior to the closing of the Reorganization. The Reorganizations will result in no reduction in net asset value of the Acquiring Fund's common shares, other than to reflect the costs of the Reorganizations. No gain or loss will be recognized by the Acquiring Fund for federal income tax purposes as a direct result of the Reorganizations. As a result of the Reorganizations, common shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will hold a smaller percentage of the outstanding voting shares of the combined fund as compared to their percentage holdings prior to the Reorganizations. The Acquiring Fund will continue to operate following the Reorganizations as a registered closed-end management investment company with the investment objectives and policies described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

While applicable state and federal law does not require the common shareholders of the Acquiring Fund to approve the issuance of additional Acquiring Fund common shares, applicable NYSE rules require shareholder approval of additional Acquiring Fund common shares to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations, and the Acquiring Fund's Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MTP Shares (the "MTP Statement") generally requires the common shareholders and preferred shareholders of the Acquiring Fund to vote together on matters submitted to a vote of shareholders.

Shareholder approval of the issuance of additional common shares of the Acquiring Fund requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided that the total votes cast on the proposal represent over 50% of the shares entitled to vote on the matter. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the proposal. Broker non-votes represent shares held by brokers or nominees for which the brokers or nominees have executed proxies as to which (i) the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power and (ii) the broker or nominee has not received instructions from the beneficial owner or other person who is entitled to instruct how the shares will be voted.

The consummation of the Reorganizations is contingent on the satisfaction or waiver of all closing conditions including approval of the proposals relating to the Reorganizations by each Target Fund's shareholders and the Acquiring Fund's preferred shareholders.

The Board of the Acquiring Fund recommends that shareholders of the Acquiring Fund vote FOR the approval of the issuance of additional Acquiring Fund common shares in connection with the Reorganizations.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE ACQUIRING FUND

Certain Provisions in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws

Under Massachusetts law, shareholders could, under certain circumstances, be held personally liable for the obligations of the Acquiring Fund. However, the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust contains an express disclaimer of shareholder liability for debts or obligations of the Fund and requires that notice of such limited liability be given in each agreement, obligation or instrument entered into or executed by the Fund or the trustees. The Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust further provides for indemnification out of the assets and property of the Fund for all loss and expense of any shareholder held personally liable for the obligations of the Fund. Thus, the risk of a shareholder incurring financial

loss on account of shareholder liability is limited to circumstances in which the Acquiring Fund would be unable to meet its obligations. The Acquiring Fund believes that the likelihood of such circumstances is remote.

The Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust includes provisions that could limit the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to convert the Fund to open-end status. Specifically, the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust requires a vote by holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding common shares and preferred shares, voting as a single class, except as described below, to authorize (1) a conversion of the Fund from a closed-end to an open-end investment company, (2) a merger or consolidation of the Fund with any corporation, association, trust or other organization or a reorganization or recapitalization of the Fund or a series or class of the Fund, (3) a sale, lease or transfer of all or substantially all of the Fund's assets (other than in the regular course of the Fund's investment activities), (4) in certain circumstances, a termination of the Fund, or (5) a removal of trustees by shareholders, and then only for cause, unless, with respect to (1) through (4), such transaction has already been authorized by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the total number of trustees fixed in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust or the Acquiring Fund's By-Laws, in which case the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the Fund's outstanding common shares and preferred shares, voting as a single class, is required, provided, however, that, where only a particular class or series is affected (or, in the case of removing a trustee, when the trustee has been elected by only one class), only the required vote by the applicable class or series will be required. For the purposes of the foregoing, the term "recapitalization" shall not mean, without limitation, the issuance or redemption of preferred shares pursuant to the terms of the declaration of trust or statement establishing the rights and preferences of preferred shares adopted with respect to such preferred shares, whether or not in conjunction with the issuance, retirement or redemption of other securities or indebtedness of the Fund. Approval of shareholders is not required, however, for any transaction, whether deemed a merger, consolidation, reorganization or otherwise, whereby the Fund issues shares in connection with the acquisition of assets (including those subject to liabilities) of any other investment company or similar entity. In the case of the conversion of the Acquiring Fund to an open-end investment company, or in the case of any of the foregoing transactions constituting a plan of reorganization (as that term is used in the 1940 Act) which adversely affects the holders of preferred shares, the action in question will also require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the Acquiring Fund's preferred shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, or, if such action has been authorized by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the total number of trustees fixed in accordance with the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust or the Acquiring Fund's By-Laws, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the Acquiring Fund's preferred shares outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class. None of the foregoing voting provisions may be amended or repealed except by the vote of at least two-thirds of the common shares and preferred shares, voting as a single class. The votes required to approve the conversion of the Acquiring Fund from a closed-end to an open-end investment company or to approve transactions constituting a plan of reorganization which adversely affects the holders of preferred shares are higher than those required by the 1940 Act. The Acquiring Fund's Board believes that the provisions of the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust relating to such higher votes are in the best interest of the Acquiring Fund.

The Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust provides that the obligations of the Acquiring Fund are not binding upon the Fund's trustees individually, but only upon the assets and property of the Fund, and that the trustees shall not be liable for errors of judgment or mistakes of fact or law. Nothing in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, however, protects a trustee against any liability to which

he or she would otherwise be subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office.

In addition, the By-Laws require the Board be divided into three classes with staggered terms. This provision of the By-Laws could delay for up to two years the replacement of a majority of the Board. Holders of preferred shares, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect two of the Fund's trustees. See Proposal No. 1 Board Leadership Structure and Risk Oversight *Board Member Terms*.

The provisions of the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws described above could have the effect of depriving the common shareholders of opportunities to sell their common shares at a premium over the then-current market price of the common shares by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund in a tender offer or similar transaction. The overall effect of these provisions is to render more difficult the accomplishment of a merger or the assumption of control by a third party. They provide, however, the advantage of potentially requiring persons seeking control of the Acquiring Fund to negotiate with its management regarding the price to be paid and facilitating the continuity of the Fund's investment objectives and policies. The Acquiring Fund's Board has considered the foregoing anti-takeover provisions and concluded that they are in the best interests of the Fund.

The Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust provides that common shareholders shall have no right to acquire, purchase or subscribe for any shares or securities of the Fund, other than such right, if any, as the Fund's Board in its discretion may determine.

Reference should be made to the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust on file with the SEC for the full text of these provisions. Because the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund is a Massachusetts business trust, each Target Fund's Declaration of Trust contains provisions similar to those discussed above.

Repurchase of Common Shares; Conversion to Open-End Fund

The Acquiring Fund is a closed-end management investment company, and as such its shareholders do not have the right to cause the Acquiring Fund to redeem their common shares. Instead, the common shares of the Acquiring Fund trade in the open market at a price that is a function of several factors, including dividend levels (which are in turn affected by expenses), net asset value, call protection, dividend stability, portfolio credit quality, relative demand for and supply of such shares in the market, general market and economic conditions and other factors. Because common shares of closed-end management investment companies may frequently trade at prices lower than net asset value, the Acquiring Fund's Board has determined that, at least annually, it will consider action that might be taken to reduce or eliminate any material discount from net asset value in respect of common shares, which may include the repurchase of such shares in the open market or in private transactions, the making of a tender offer for such shares at net asset value, or the conversion of the Acquiring Fund to an open-end investment company. There is no assurance that the Acquiring Fund's Board will decide to take any of these actions, or that share repurchases or tender offers will actually reduce market discount.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time when the Acquiring Fund's preferred shares are outstanding, the Acquiring Fund may not purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any of its common shares unless (1) all accumulated but unpaid preferred shares dividends due to be paid have been paid

and (2) at the time of such purchase, redemption or acquisition, the net asset value of the Acquiring Fund's portfolio (determined after deducting the acquisition price of the common shares) is at least 200% of the liquidation value (expected to equal the original purchase price per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon) of the outstanding preferred shares, including VRDP Shares and MTP Shares.

If the Acquiring Fund converted to an open-end investment company, it would be required to redeem all its preferred shares, including VRDP Shares and MTP Shares, then outstanding (requiring in turn that it liquidate a portion of its investment portfolio), and the common shares would no longer be listed on an exchange. In contrast to a closed-end management investment company, shareholders of an open-end management investment company may require the company to redeem their shares at any time (except in certain circumstances as authorized by or under the 1940 Act) at their net asset value, less any redemption charge that is in effect at the time of redemption. See Certain Provisions in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws above for a discussion of the voting requirements applicable to the conversion of the Acquiring Fund to an open-end management investment company.

Before deciding whether to take any action if the common shares trade below net asset value, the Board would consider all relevant factors, including the extent and duration of the discount, the liquidity of the Acquiring Fund's portfolio, the impact of any action that might be taken on the Acquiring Fund or its shareholders, and market considerations. Based on these considerations, even if the Acquiring Fund's common shares should trade at a discount, the Board may determine that, in the interest of the Acquiring Fund, no action should be taken. See the Reorganization SAI under Repurchase of Common Shares; Conversion to Open-End Fund for a further discussion of possible action to reduce or eliminate such discount to net asset value.

Description of Outstanding Acquiring Fund MTP Shares

General

The Acquiring Fund currently has outstanding 3,000,000 2.70% Series 2015 MTP Shares and 2,536,000 2.50% Series 2016 MTP Shares, each series with a par value of \$0.01 per share, a liquidation preference of \$10 per share, which will remain outstanding following the completion of the Reorganizations. Proceeds from the issuance of the MTP Shares, net of offering expenses, were used to redeem all of the Acquiring Fund's outstanding auction rate preferred shares.

Dividends

The holders of the MTP Shares are entitled to receive cumulative cash dividends and distributions on such shares when, as and if declared by, or under authority granted by, the Acquiring Fund's Board. Dividends on the MTP Shares will be payable monthly based on the fixed dividend rate set forth in the MTP Statement attached as Appendix C to the Reorganization SAI.

Redemption

The MTP Shares are subject to optional and mandatory redemption in certain circumstances. The Acquiring Fund is obligated to redeem the 2.70% Series 2015 MTP Shares and 2.50% Series 2016 MTP Shares on January 1, 2015 and January 1, 2016, respectively, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Acquiring Fund, at a redemption price equal to the liquidation preference per share

(\$10) plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon. The MTP Shares also may be redeemed in whole or in part at the option of the Acquiring Fund at a redemption price equal to the liquidation preference, plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions accumulated to (but excluding) the optional redemption date (whether or not earned, but excluding interest thereon). In the event the Acquiring Fund fails to comply with its effective leverage ratio requirements and any such failure is not cured within the applicable cure period, the Acquiring Fund may become obligated to redeem a number of MTP Shares or other preferred shares necessary to regain compliance with such requirements.

Voting and Consent Rights

Except as otherwise provided in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, the MTP Statement, or as otherwise required by applicable law, (i) each holder of MTP Shares is entitled to one vote for each MTP Share held on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders of the Acquiring Fund, and (ii) the holders of the MTP Shares, along with holders of other outstanding preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund vote with holders of common shares of the Acquiring Fund as a single class; provided, however, that holders of preferred shares, including MTP Shares, are entitled as a class to elect two trustees of the Acquiring Fund at all times. The holders of outstanding common shares and preferred shares, including MTP Shares, voting as a single class, elect the balance of the trustees of the Acquiring Fund.

The holders of the MTP Shares, as a separate class, have voting and consent rights with respect to actions that would materially and adversely affect any preference, right or power of the MTP Shares or the holders of the MTP Shares. The holders of the MTP Shares also are entitled to vote as a class with holders of other preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund on matters that relate to the conversion of the Acquiring Fund to an open-end investment company, certain plans of reorganization adversely affecting holders of the preferred shares or any other action requiring a vote of security holders of the Acquiring Fund under Section 13(a) of the 1940 Act. In certain circumstances, holders of preferred shares, including the MTP Shares, are entitled to elect additional trustees in the event at least two full years' dividends are due and unpaid and sufficient cash or specified securities have not been deposited for their payment, or at any time holders of preferred shares are entitled under the 1940 Act to elect a majority of the trustees of the Acquiring Fund.

Priority of Payment

The MTP Shares are senior securities in priority to the Acquiring Fund's common shares as to payments of dividends and as to distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund. The MTP Shares have equal priority as to payments of dividends and as to distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Acquiring Fund with other preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund outstanding, including the MTP Shares and VRDP Shares to be issued in connection with the Reorganizations.

Custodian, Transfer Agent, Dividend Disbursing Agent and Redemption Agent

The custodian of the assets of the Acquiring Fund is State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street), One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. The custodian performs custodial, fund accounting and portfolio accounting services. The Acquiring Fund's transfer, shareholder services and dividend disbursing agent and redemption and paying agent is also State Street, 250 Royall Street, Canton, Massachusetts 02021.

Federal Income Tax Matters Associated with Investment in the Acquiring Fund

The following information is meant as a general summary of certain federal income tax matters for U.S. shareholders. Please see the Reorganization SAI for additional information. Investors should rely on their own tax adviser for advice about the particular federal, state and local tax consequences to them of investing in the Acquiring Fund.

The Acquiring Fund has elected to be treated and intends to qualify each year (including the taxable year in which the Reorganizations occur) as a regulated investment company (RIC) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). In order to qualify as a RIC, the Acquiring Fund must satisfy certain requirements regarding the sources of its income, the diversification of its assets and the distribution of its income. As a RIC, the Acquiring Fund is not expected to be subject to federal income tax on the income and gains it distributes to its shareholders. The Acquiring Fund primarily invests in municipal securities issued by New York, its cities and local authorities. Thus, substantially all of the Acquiring Fund's dividends paid to you should qualify as exempt-interest dividends. A shareholder treats an exempt-interest dividend as interest on state and local bonds exempt from regular federal income tax. Federal income tax law imposes an alternative minimum tax with respect to corporations, individuals, trusts and estates. Interest on certain municipal obligations, such as certain private activity bonds, is included as an item of tax preference in determining the amount of a taxpayer's alternative minimum taxable income. To the extent that the Acquiring Fund receives income from such municipal obligations, a portion of the dividends paid by the Acquiring Fund, although exempt from regular federal income tax, will be taxable to shareholders to the extent that their tax liability is determined under the federal alternative minimum tax. The Acquiring Fund will annually provide a report indicating the percentage of the Acquiring Fund's income attributable to municipal obligations subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Corporations are subject to special rules in calculating their federal alternative minimum taxable income with respect to interest from municipal obligations.

Future legislation could limit the exclusion from gross income of tax-exempt interest (which includes exempt-interest dividends received from the Acquiring Fund). Such legislation could affect the value of the municipal bonds owned by the Acquiring Fund. The likelihood of such legislation being enacted cannot be predicted. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisers regarding the potential consequences of future legislation on their investment in the Acquiring Fund.

In addition to exempt-interest dividends, the Acquiring Fund may also distribute to its shareholders amounts that are treated as long-term capital gain or ordinary income (which may include short-term capital gains). These distributions may be subject to federal, state and local taxation, depending on a shareholder's situation. If so, they are taxable whether or not such distributions are reinvested. Net capital gain distributions (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable at rates applicable to long-term capital gains regardless of how long a shareholder has held its shares. Long-term capital gains are currently taxable to noncorporate shareholders at a maximum federal income tax rate of 15%, or for certain high income individuals, 20%. In addition, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, certain individuals, estates and trusts are subject to a 3.8% Medicare tax on net investment income, including net capital gains and other taxable dividends. Corporate shareholders are taxed on capital gain at the same rates as apply to ordinary income. The Acquiring Fund does not expect that any part of its distributions to shareholders from its investments will qualify for the dividends-received deduction available to corporate shareholders or as qualified dividend income to noncorporate shareholders.

As a RIC, the Acquiring Fund will not be subject to federal income tax in any taxable year provided that it meets certain distribution requirements. The Acquiring Fund may retain for investment some (or all) of its net capital gain. If the Acquiring Fund retains any net capital gain or investment company taxable income, it will be subject to tax at regular corporate rates on the amount retained. If the Acquiring Fund retains any net capital gain, it may designate the retained amount as undistributed capital gains in a notice to its shareholders who, if subject to federal income tax on long-term capital gains, (i) will be required to include in income for federal income tax purposes, as long-term capital gain, their share of such undistributed amount; (ii) will be entitled to credit their proportionate shares of the federal income tax paid by the Acquiring Fund on such undistributed amount against their federal income tax liabilities, if any; and (iii) may claim refunds to the extent the credit exceeds such liabilities. For federal income tax purposes, the basis of shares owned by a shareholder of the Acquiring Fund will be increased by an amount equal to the difference between the amount of undistributed capital gains included in the shareholder's gross income and the tax deemed paid by the shareholder under clause (ii) of the preceding sentence.

The IRS currently requires that a RIC that has two or more classes of stock allocate to each such class proportionate amounts of each type of its income (such as exempt interest, ordinary income and capital gains). Accordingly, the Acquiring Fund designates dividends made with respect to common shares and preferred shares as consisting of particular types of income (e.g., exempt interest, net capital gain and ordinary income) in accordance with each class' proportionate share of the total dividends paid by the Acquiring Fund during the year.

Dividends declared by the Acquiring Fund to shareholders of record in October, November or December and paid during the following January will be treated as having been received by shareholders in the year the distributions were declared.

Each shareholder will receive an annual statement summarizing the shareholder's dividend and capital gains distributions.

The redemption, sale or exchange of shares normally will result in capital gain or loss to shareholders who hold their shares as capital assets. Generally, a shareholder's gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year even though the increase in value in such shares is attributable to tax-exempt interest income. The gain or loss on shares held for one year or less will generally be treated as short-term capital gain or loss. Present law taxes both long-term and short-term capital gains of corporations at the same rates applicable to ordinary income. For noncorporate taxpayers, however, long-term capital gains are currently taxed at a maximum federal income tax rate of 15% (or 20% for certain high income individuals), while short-term capital gains and other ordinary income are currently taxed at ordinary income rates. An additional 3.8% Medicare tax may also apply to certain individual, estate or trust shareholders' capital gain from the sale or other disposition of shares for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. Any loss on the sale of shares that have been held for six months or less will be disallowed to the extent of any distribution of exempt-interest dividends received with respect to such shares, unless the shares are of a RIC that declares exempt-interest dividends on a daily basis in an amount equal to at least 90% of its net tax-exempt interest and distributes such dividends on a monthly or more frequent basis. Any remaining loss on the sale or disposition of shares held for six months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any net capital gain distributions received by the shareholder on such shares. Any loss realized on a sale or exchange of shares of the Acquiring Fund will be disallowed to the extent those shares of the Acquiring Fund are replaced by other substantially

identical shares of the Acquiring Fund or other substantially identical stock or securities (including through reinvestment of dividends) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the date of disposition of the original shares. In that event, the basis of the replacement shares will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.

Any interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Acquiring Fund's shares to which exempt-interest dividends are allocated is not deductible. Under certain applicable rules, the purchase or ownership of shares may be considered to have been made with borrowed funds even though such funds are not directly used for the purchase or ownership of the shares. In addition, if you receive Social Security or certain railroad retirement benefits, you may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a portion of such benefits as a result of receiving investment income, including exempt-interest dividends and other distributions paid by the Acquiring Fund.

If the Acquiring Fund invests in certain pay-in-kind securities, zero coupon securities, deferred interest securities or, in general, any other securities with original issue discount (or with market discount if the Acquiring Fund elects to include market discount in income currently), the Acquiring Fund must accrue income on such investments for each taxable year, which generally will be prior to the receipt of the corresponding cash payments. However, the Acquiring Fund must distribute to shareholders, at least annually, all or substantially all of its investment company taxable income (determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid) and its net tax-exempt income, including such accrued income, to qualify as a RIC and (with respect to its ordinary income and capital gain) to avoid federal income and excise taxes. Therefore, the Acquiring Fund may have to dispose of its portfolio securities under disadvantageous circumstances to generate cash, or may have to leverage itself by borrowing the cash, to satisfy these distribution requirements.

The Acquiring Fund may hold or acquire municipal obligations that are market discount bonds. A market discount bond is a security acquired in the secondary market at a price below its redemption value (or its adjusted issue price if it is also an original issue discount bond). If the Acquiring Fund invests in a market discount bond, it will be required to treat any gain recognized on the disposition of such market discount bond as ordinary taxable income to the extent of the accrued market discount.

The Acquiring Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 28% from all distributions (including exempt-interest dividends) and redemption proceeds payable to a shareholder if the shareholder fails to provide the Acquiring Fund with his or her correct taxpayer identification number or to make required certifications, or if the shareholder has been notified by the IRS (or the IRS notifies the Acquiring Fund) that he or she is subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, it is a way in which the IRS ensures it will collect taxes otherwise due. Any amounts withheld may be credited against a shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

With respect to the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund issued in the Reorganizations, the Acquiring Fund will receive an opinion from special tax counsel that the preferred shares will constitute equity of the Fund, and the foregoing discussion and the tax opinion received by the Funds regarding certain aspects of the Reorganizations, including that the Reorganizations will qualify as tax-free reorganizations under the Code, assumes such treatment. Accordingly, distributions with respect to the preferred shares (other than distributions in redemption of preferred shares subject to Section 302(b) of the Code) will generally constitute dividends to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits, as calculated for federal income tax purposes. Because the treatment

of a corporate security as debt or equity is determined on the basis of the facts and circumstances of each case, and no controlling precedent exists for the preferred shares issued in the Reorganizations, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not question special tax counsel's opinion and the Acquiring Fund's treatment of the preferred shares as equity. If the IRS were to succeed in such a challenge, holders of preferred shares could be characterized as receiving taxable interest income rather than exempt-interest or other dividends, possibly requiring them to file amended income tax returns and retroactively to recognize additional amounts of ordinary income or to pay additional tax, interest, and penalties.

New York Tax Matters

The following is based upon the advice of K&L Gates LLP, special counsel to the Acquiring Fund.

Assuming compliance with the provisions more fully described in the Reorganization SAI, the Acquiring Fund's regular monthly dividends will not be subject to New York personal income tax to the extent they are paid out of interest income earned on New York municipal bonds or out of interest income earned on obligations of the United States, its territories and possessions. All other portions of the Acquiring Fund's monthly dividends, including distributions of net investment company taxable income (including short-term capital gains) and long-term capital gains, will be subject to the New York personal income tax. Gains recognized by shareholders upon the sale or exchange of Acquiring Fund shares also will be subject to New York personal income tax.

The treatment of shareholders subject to the New York corporation business tax differs from that described above. Corporate shareholders should refer to the Reorganization SAI for more detailed information and are urged to consult their tax advisors.

Shareholders are advised to consult with their own tax advisors for more detailed information concerning New York tax matters. See "Tax Matters - New York Tax Matters" in the Reorganization SAI for more detailed information.

Net Asset Value

The Acquiring Fund's net asset value per common share is determined as of the close of the regular session trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day the NYSE is open for business. Net asset value is calculated by taking the market value of the Acquiring Fund's total assets, including interest or dividends accrued but not yet collected, less all liabilities, and dividing by the total number of shares outstanding. The result, rounded to the nearest cent, is the net asset value per share. All valuations are subject to review by the Acquiring Fund's Board or its delegate.

The Acquiring Fund's custodian calculates the Fund's net asset value. The custodian uses prices for portfolio securities from a pricing service the Acquiring Fund's Board has approved. The pricing service values portfolio securities at the mean between the quoted bid and asked price or the yield equivalent when quotations are readily available. Securities for which quotations are not readily available (which will constitute the majority of the Acquiring Fund's portfolio securities) are valued at fair value as determined by the Board in reliance upon data supplied by the pricing service. The pricing service uses methods that consider yields or prices of municipal securities of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity, and ratings; dealers' indications of value; and general market conditions.

The pricing service may use electronic data processing techniques or a matrix system, or both. The Acquiring Fund's officers review the pricing service's procedures and valuations, under the general supervision of the Board.

Legal Opinions

Certain legal matters in connection with the issuance of common shares and MTP Shares pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization will be passed upon by Bingham McCutchen, LLP, Boston, Massachusetts.

Experts

The financial statements of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds appearing in the Funds' Annual Report for the year ended September 30, 2012 are incorporated herein. The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon and incorporated herein. Such financial statements are incorporated herein in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing. Ernst & Young LLP provides auditing services to the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund. The principal business address of Ernst & Young LLP is 155 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Outstanding Shares of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds

The following table sets forth the number of outstanding common shares and preferred shares and certain other share information, of each Fund as of November 11, 2013.

(1) Title of Class	(2) Shares Authorized	(3) Shares Held by Fund for Its Own Account	(4) Shares Outstanding Exclusive of Shares Shown under (3)
Acquiring Fund:			
Common shares	Unlimited		[]
Preferred shares (MTP)	Unlimited		5,536,000
Performance Plus:			
Common shares	200,000,000		[]
Preferred shares (VRDP)	1,000,000		890
Dividend Advantage 2:			
Common shares	Unlimited		[]
Preferred shares (MTP)	Unlimited		3,789,000

The common shares of the Acquiring Fund and Performance Plus are listed and trade on the NYSE under the ticker symbols NAN and NNP, respectively. The common shares of Dividend Advantage 2 are listed and trade on the NYSE MKT under the ticker symbol NXK. The MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are listed and trade on the NYSE under the ticker

symbols NAN PrC and NAN PrD (with respect to the two series of MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund) and NXK PrC, respectively. The VRDP Shares of Performance Plus are not listed on any exchange. Upon the closing of the Reorganizations, it is expected that the common shares and MTP Shares of the Acquiring Fund will continue to be listed on the NYSE.

Shareholders of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds

As of September 30, 2013, the members of the Board and officers of each Fund as a group owned less than 1% of the total outstanding common shares and less than 1% of the total outstanding preferred shares of such Fund.

Information regarding shareholders or groups of shareholders who beneficially own more than 5% of a class of shares of a Fund is provided below. Information in the table below regarding the number and percentage of shares owned is based on a review of Schedule 13D and 13G filings and amendments made on or before November 11, 2013. The estimated pro forma information presented is calculated assuming that outstanding common and preferred shares were as of November 11, 2013.

Fund and Class	Shareholder Name and Address	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage Owned	Estimated Pro Forma	
				Corresponding Class of Combined Fund	All Preferred Shares of Combined Fund
Acquiring Fund Common Shares					
Acquiring Fund MTP Shares					
Performance Plus Common Shares					
Dividend Advantage 2 Common Shares					
Dividend Advantage 2 MTP Shares					

- (a) []
- (b) []

VRDP Shares are designed to be eligible for purchase by money market funds. Based on information provided by the remarketing agent for the VRDP Shares, money market funds within certain fund complexes may hold, in the aggregate, greater than 5% of the outstanding VRDP Shares of one or more Funds, and individual money market funds within such complexes may beneficially own an indeterminable amount of VRDP Shares exceeding 5% of the outstanding VRDP Shares of one or more Funds. Information with respect to aggregate holdings of VRDP Shares associated with fund complexes identified by the remarketing agents (number of VRDP Shares and percentage of total outstanding) is as follows: Performance Plus: []. Based on the preferred shares outstanding as of November 11, 2013, the estimated pro forma percentage owned of all preferred shares of the combined fund would be less than approximately []% for each holder of VRDP Shares listed in the foregoing sentence.

Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee of each Fund's Board is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of (1) the accounting and reporting policies, processes and practices, and the audit of the financial statements, of each Fund, (2) the quality and integrity of the Funds' financial statements and (3) the independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications, performance and independence. In its oversight capacity, the committee reviews each Fund's annual financial statements with both management and the independent registered public accounting firm and the committee meets periodically with the independent registered public accounting firm and internal auditors to consider their evaluation of each Fund's financial and internal controls. The committee also selects, retains and evaluates and may replace each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm. The committee is currently composed of five Independent Board Members and operates under a written charter adopted and approved by each Board. Each committee member meets the independence and experience requirements, as applicable, of the NYSE, NYSE MKT, Section 10A of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The committee, in discharging its duties, has met with and held discussions with management and each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm. The committee has also reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management. Management has represented to the independent registered public accounting firm that each Fund's financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The committee has also discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 114 (The Auditor's Communication With Those Charged With Governance), which supersedes SAS No. 61 (Communication with Audit Committees). Each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm provided to the committee the written disclosure required by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Rule 3526 (Communications with Audit Committees Concerning Independence), and the committee discussed with representatives of the independent registered public accounting firm their firm's independence. As provided in the Audit Committee Charter, it is not the committee's responsibility to determine, and the considerations and discussions referenced above do not ensure, that each Fund's financial statements are complete and accurate and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Based on the committee's review and discussions with management and the independent registered public accounting firm, the representations of management and the report of the independent registered public accounting firm to the committee, the committee has recommended that the audited financial statements be included in each Fund's Annual Report.

The current members of the committee are:

Robert P. Bremner

David J. Kundert

William J. Schneider

Carole E. Stone

Terence J. Toth

Appointment of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Each Fund's Board has appointed Ernst & Young LLP as independent registered public accounting firm to audit the books and records of each Fund for its current fiscal year. A representative

of Ernst & Young LLP will be present at the Annual Meeting to make a statement, if such representative so desires, and to respond to shareholders' questions. Ernst & Young LLP has informed each Fund that it has no direct or indirect material financial interests in the Funds, Nuveen, the Adviser or any other investment company sponsored by Nuveen.

Audit and Related Fees

Audit and Related Fees. The following table provides the aggregate fees billed during each Fund's last two fiscal years by each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm for engagements directly related to the operations and financial reporting of each Fund, including those relating (i) to each Fund for services provided to the Fund and (ii) to the Adviser and certain entities controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Adviser that provide ongoing services to each Fund (Adviser Entities).

	Audit Fees		Audit Related Fees				Tax Fees				All Other Fees			
	Fund ⁽¹⁾		Fund ⁽²⁾		Adviser and Adviser Entities		Fund ⁽³⁾		Adviser and Adviser Entities		Fund ⁽⁴⁾		Adviser and Adviser Entities	
	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012	Fiscal Year Ended 2011	Fiscal Year Ended 2012
Acquiring Fund	\$ 18,200	\$ 21,200	\$ 12,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Performance Plus Dividend Advantage 2	18,200	21,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- (1) Audit Fees are the aggregate fees billed for professional services for the audit of the Fund's annual financial statements and services provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.
- (2) Audit-Related Fees are the aggregate fees billed for assurance and related services reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of financial statements that are not reported under Audit Fees. These fees include offerings related to the Fund's common shares and leverage.
- (3) Tax Fees are the aggregate fees billed for professional services for tax advice, tax compliance, and tax planning. These fees include: all global withholding tax services; excise and state tax reviews; capital gain, tax equalization and taxable basis calculations performed by the principal accountant.
- (4) All Other Fees are the aggregate fees billed for products and services other than Audit Fees, Audit-Related Fees and Tax Fees. These fees represent all Agreed-Upon Procedures engagements pertaining to the Fund's use of leverage.

Non-Audit Fees. The following table provides the aggregate non-audit fees billed by each Fund's independent registered accounting firm for services rendered to each Fund, the Adviser and the Adviser Entities during each Fund's last two fiscal years. Less than 50 percent of the principal

accountant's engagement to audit the registrant's financial statements for the most recent year were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant's full-time, permanent employees.

Fund	Total Non-Audit Fees Billed to Fund		Total Non-Audit Fees Billed to Adviser and Adviser Entities (Engagements Related Directly to the Operations and Financial Reporting of Fund)		Total Non-Audit Fees Billed to Adviser and Adviser Entities (All Other Engagements)		Total	
	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended
	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012
Acquiring Fund	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Performance Plus								
Dividend Advantage 2								

Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures. Generally, the Audit Committee must approve each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm's engagements (i) with the Fund for audit or non-audit services and (ii) with the Adviser and Adviser Entities for non-audit services if the engagement relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Fund. Regarding tax and research projects conducted by the independent registered public accounting firm for each Fund and the Adviser and Adviser Entities (with respect to the operations and financial reporting of each Fund), such engagements will be (i) pre-approved by the Audit Committee if they are expected to be for amounts greater than \$10,000; (ii) reported to the Audit Committee Chairman for his/her verbal approval prior to engagement if they are expected to be for amounts under \$10,000 but greater than \$5,000; and (iii) reported to the Audit Committee at the next Audit Committee meeting if they are expected to be for an amount under \$5,000.

The Audit Committee has approved in advance all audit services and non-audit services that the independent registered public accounting firm provided to each Fund and to the Adviser and Adviser Entities (with respect to the operations and financial reporting of each Fund). None of the services rendered by the independent registered public accounting firm to each Fund or the Adviser or Adviser Entities were pre-approved by the Audit Committee pursuant to the pre-approval exception under Rule 2-01(c)(7)(i)(C) or Rule 2-01(c)(7)(ii) of Regulation S-X.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Interest Reporting Compliance

Section 30(h) of the 1940 Act and Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act require Board Members and officers, the Adviser, affiliated persons of the Adviser and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of a Fund's equity securities to file forms reporting their affiliation with that Fund and reports of ownership and changes in ownership of that Fund's shares with the SEC and the NYSE or NYSE MKT, as applicable. These persons and entities are required by SEC regulation to furnish the Funds with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based on a review of these forms furnished to each Fund, each Fund believes that its Board Members and officers, the Adviser and affiliated persons of the Adviser have complied with all applicable Section 16(a) filing requirements during its last fiscal year. To the knowledge of management of the Funds, no shareholder of a Fund owns more than 10% of a registered class of a Fund's equity securities, except as provided above in the section entitled Shareholders of the Acquiring Fund and Target Funds.

Expenses of Proxy Solicitation

The cost of preparing, printing and mailing the enclosed proxy, accompanying notice and proxy statement and all other costs in connection with the solicitation of proxies will be paid by the Funds pro rata based on the projected net benefit and cost savings to each Fund. Additional solicitation may be made by letter or telephone by officers or employees of Nuveen or the Adviser, or by dealers and their representatives. Any additional costs of solicitation will be paid by the Fund that requires additional solicitation.

Shareholder Proposals

To be considered for presentation at the 2015 annual meeting of shareholders of the Funds, shareholder proposals submitted pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act must have been received at the offices of the Fund, 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, not later than [], 2015. A shareholder wishing to provide notice in the manner prescribed by Rule 14a-4(c)(1) of a proposal submitted outside of the process of Rule 14a-8 must, pursuant to each Fund's By-Laws, submit such written notice to the respective Fund no later than [], 2015 or prior to [], 2015. Timely submission of a proposal does not mean that such proposal will be included in a proxy statement.

If all proposals are approved and the Reorganizations are consummated, the Target Funds will cease to exist and will not hold their 2015 annual meetings. If the Reorganizations are not approved or are not consummated, each Target Fund will hold its 2015 annual meeting of shareholders, expected to be held in May 2015.

Shareholder Communications

Fund shareholders who want to communicate with the Board or any individual Board Member should write to the attention of Lorna Ferguson, Manager of Fund Board Relations, Nuveen Investments, 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606. The letter should indicate that you are a Fund shareholder and note the Fund or Funds that you own. If the communication is intended for a specific Board Member and so indicates, it will be sent only to that Board Member. If a communication does not indicate a specific Board Member it will be sent to the Independent Chairman and the outside counsel to the Independent Board Members for further distribution as deemed appropriate by such persons.

Fiscal Year

The fiscal year end for each Fund is September 30.

Annual Report Delivery

Annual reports will be sent to shareholders of record of each Fund following each Fund's fiscal year end. Each Fund will furnish, without charge, a copy of its annual report and/or semi-annual report as available upon request. Such written or oral requests should be directed to a Fund at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606 or by calling 1-800-257-8787.

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Shareholder Meeting to Be Held on January 10, 2014

Each Fund's Proxy Statement is available at <http://www.nuveenproxy.com/ProxyInfo/CEF/Default.aspx>. For more information, shareholders may also contact the applicable Fund at the address and phone number set forth above.

Please note that only one annual report or proxy statement may be delivered to two or more shareholders of a Fund who share an address, unless the Fund has received instructions to the contrary. To request a separate copy of an annual report or proxy statement, or for instructions as to how to request a separate copy of such documents or as to how to request a single copy if multiple copies of such documents are received, shareholders should contact the applicable Fund at the address and phone number set forth above.

Other Information

Management of the Funds does not intend to present and does not have reason to believe that others will present any items of business at the Annual Meetings, except as described in this Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. However, if other matters are properly presented at the meetings for a vote, the proxies will be voted upon such matters in accordance with the judgment of the persons acting under the proxies.

A list of shareholders of each Fund entitled to be present and to vote at the Annual Meetings will be available at the offices of the Funds, 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois, for inspection by any shareholder of the Funds during regular business hours for ten days prior to the date of the Annual Meetings.

In the absence of a quorum for a particular matter, business may proceed on any other matter or matters which may properly come before the Annual Meeting if there shall be present, in person or by proxy, a quorum of shareholders in respect of such other matters. The chairman of the meeting may, whether or not a quorum is present, propose one or more adjournments of the Annual Meeting on behalf of a Fund without further notice to permit further solicitation of proxies. Any such adjournment will require the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of the Fund present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the session of the Annual Meeting to be adjourned.

Broker-dealer firms holding shares in street name for the benefit of their customers and clients will request the instruction of such customers and clients on how to vote their shares on the proposals. A broker-dealer firm that has not received instructions from a customer prior to the date specified in its request for voting instructions may not vote such customer's shares on the proposals. A signed proxy card or other authorization by a beneficial owner of shares of a Fund that does not specify how the beneficial owner's shares are to be voted on a proposal may be deemed to be an instruction to vote such shares in favor of the proposal.

IF YOU CANNOT BE PRESENT AT THE MEETING, YOU ARE REQUESTED TO FILL IN, SIGN AND RETURN THE ENCLOSED PROXY PROMPTLY. NO POSTAGE IS REQUIRED IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES.

Kevin J. McCarthy

Vice President and Secretary

The Nuveen Funds

APPENDIX A

FORM OF AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

THIS AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF REORGANIZATION (the Agreement) is made as of this day of , 2013 by and among Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund, a Massachusetts business trust (the Acquiring Fund), and each of Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc., a Minnesota corporation (Performance Plus or a Target Fund), and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2, a Massachusetts business trust (Dividend Advantage 2 or a Target Fund and, together with Performance Plus, the Target Funds). The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund may be referred to herein each as a Fund and collectively as the Funds.

For each Reorganization (as defined below), this Agreement is intended to be, and is adopted as, a plan of reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder. The reorganization of each Target Fund into the Acquiring Fund will consist of: (i) the transfer of substantially all of the assets of the Target Fund to the Acquiring Fund in exchange solely for newly issued common shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Acquiring Fund (Acquiring Fund Common Shares) and, with respect to Performance Plus, newly issued Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares (VRDP Shares) of the Acquiring Fund, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share, as set forth in this Agreement (Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares) and, with respect to Dividend Advantage 2, newly issued MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (MTP Shares) of the Acquiring Fund, with a par value of \$0.01 per share and liquidation preference of \$10 per share, as set forth in this Agreement (Acquiring Fund MTP Shares and, together with the Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares, the Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares and, collectively with the Acquiring Fund Common Shares, the Acquiring Fund Shares) and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund; and (ii) the distribution of all the Acquiring Fund Common Shares and Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or Acquiring Fund MTP Shares received by the Target Fund to the holders of common shares and VRDP Shares or MTP Shares of the Target Fund, respectively, as part of the complete liquidation, dissolution and termination of the Target Fund as provided herein, all upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement (each, a Reorganization and, together, the Reorganizations).

WHEREAS, each Fund is a closed-end, management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act), and each Target Fund owns securities that generally are assets of the character in which the Acquiring Fund is permitted to invest;

WHEREAS, the Acquiring Fund is authorized to issue the Acquiring Fund Shares; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the Acquiring Fund (the Acquiring Fund Board) has determined that the Reorganizations are in the best interests of the Acquiring Fund and that the interests of the existing shareholders of the Acquiring Fund will not be diluted as a result of the Reorganizations, and the Board of Trustees or Directors, as applicable, of each Target Fund (each, a Target Fund Board) has determined that the applicable Reorganization is in the best interests of the respective Target Fund and that the interests of the existing shareholders of such Target Fund will not be diluted as a result of its Reorganization.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the covenants and agreements hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto covenant and agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

TRANSFER OF ASSETS OF EACH TARGET FUND IN EXCHANGE FOR ACQUIRING FUND SHARES AND THE ASSUMPTION OF THE LIABILITIES OF EACH TARGET FUND AND TERMINATION AND LIQUIDATION OF EACH TARGET FUND

1.1 **THE EXCHANGE.** Subject to the terms and conditions contained herein and on the basis of the representations and warranties contained herein, each Target Fund agrees to transfer substantially all of its assets, as set forth in Section 1.2, to the Acquiring Fund. In consideration therefor, the Acquiring Fund agrees: (i) to issue and deliver to such Target Fund the number of Acquiring Fund Common Shares computed in the manner set forth in Section 2.3, and the same number of Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or Acquiring Fund MTP Shares as the number of VRDP Shares or MTP Shares of such Target Fund, respectively, outstanding immediately prior to the Closing Date (as defined in Section 3.1) (less any VRDP Shares with respect to which Dissenters' Rights, as defined below, have been properly exercised) and having substantially similar terms as the VRDP Shares of Performance Plus or substantially identical terms as the MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2, respectively, as of the Closing Date, and (ii) to assume substantially all of the liabilities of such Target Fund, if any, as set forth in Section 1.3. The Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares to be issued to each Target Fund shall consist of a separate series, as set forth in Exhibit A hereto, and such series shall: (i) have equal priority with each other and with any other outstanding preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund as to the payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets upon liquidation of the Acquiring Fund; and (ii) have, along with any other outstanding preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, preference over the common shares of the Acquiring Fund with respect to the payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets upon liquidation of the Acquiring Fund. Such transactions shall take place at the closings provided for in Section 3.1 (each, a Closing and, together, the Closings).

1.2 **ASSETS TO BE TRANSFERRED.** Each Target Fund shall transfer substantially all of its assets to the Acquiring Fund, including, without limitation, cash, securities, commodities, interests in futures, dividends or interest receivables owned by the Target Fund and any deferred or prepaid expenses shown as an asset on the books of the Target Fund as of the Closing, except that the Target Fund shall retain assets sufficient to pay the preferred share dividends as set forth in Section 1.4 and the dividend or dividends set forth in Section 8.5, and, with respect to Performance Plus only, all liabilities (whether absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) as such Target Fund Board or its officers reasonably expect to exist against such Fund as a result of the exercise of dissenters' rights under Minnesota law (Dissenters' Rights).

Each Target Fund will, within a reasonable period of time before the Closing Date, furnish the Acquiring Fund with a list of the Target Fund's portfolio securities and other investments. The Acquiring Fund will, within a reasonable period of time before the Closing Date, furnish each Target Fund with a list of the securities, if any, on the Target Fund's list referred to in the foregoing sentence that do not conform to the Acquiring Fund's investment objectives, policies, and/or restrictions. Each Target Fund, if requested by the Acquiring Fund, will dispose of such securities on the Acquiring Fund's list before the Closing Date. In addition, if it is determined that the portfolios of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund, when aggregated, would contain investments exceeding certain

percentage limitations applicable to the Acquiring Fund with respect to such investments, the Target Fund(s) holding such securities, if requested by the Acquiring Fund, will dispose of a sufficient amount of such investments as may be necessary to avoid violating such limitations as of the Closing Date; provided, however, that if both Target Funds hold such securities, the Acquiring Fund shall apportion all such sales between the Target Funds in a reasonable manner. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein will require any Target Fund to dispose of any investments or securities if, in the reasonable judgment of the respective Target Fund Board or Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC, the investment adviser to the Funds (the Adviser), such disposition would adversely affect the status of its Reorganization as a reorganization as such term is used in Section 368(a) of the Code or would otherwise not be in the best interests of such Target Fund.

1.3 LIABILITIES TO BE ASSUMED. Each Target Fund will endeavor to discharge all of its known liabilities and obligations to the extent possible before the Closing Date, except for the preferred share dividends set forth in Section 1.4 and the dividend(s) set forth in Section 8.5. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the liabilities not so discharged shall be assumed by the Acquiring Fund, which assumed liabilities shall include all of each Target Fund's liabilities, debts, obligations, and duties of whatever kind or nature, whether absolute, accrued, contingent, or otherwise, whether or not arising in the ordinary course of business, whether or not determinable at the Closing Date, and whether or not specifically referred to in this Agreement, provided that the Acquiring Fund shall not assume any liabilities with respect to the preferred share dividends set forth in Section 1.4, the dividend(s) set forth in Section 8.5, or any liabilities relating to the exercise of Dissenters' Rights by shareholders of Performance Plus.

1.4 DECLARATION OF PREFERRED SHARE DIVIDENDS. Dividends shall accumulate on the existing VRDP Shares or MTP Shares of a Target Fund, as applicable, up to and including the day immediately preceding the Closing Date and then cease to accumulate, and dividends on the Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares shall accumulate from and including the Closing Date. Prior to the Valuation Time (as defined in Section 2.1), each Target Fund shall declare all accumulated but unpaid dividends on its VRDP Shares or MTP Shares, as applicable, up to and including the day immediately preceding the Closing Date. With respect to the existing VRDP Shares of Performance Plus, such dividends shall be paid on the Closing Date to holders thereof as of the day immediately preceding the Closing Date. With respect to the existing MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2, such dividends shall be paid on the dividend payment date in respect of the first dividend period of the Acquiring Fund MTP Shares for which such MTP Shares of Dividend Advantage 2 were exchanged to the holders thereof as of the day immediately preceding the Closing Date. Each Target Fund shall retain assets in an amount sufficient to pay the dividends declared by it pursuant to this Section 1.4, and such assets shall not be transferred to the Acquiring Fund on the Closing Date.

1.5 LIQUIDATION AND DISTRIBUTION. On or as soon after the Closing Date as is practicable but in no event later than 12 months after the Closing Date (the Liquidation Date): (a) each Target Fund will distribute in complete liquidation of the Target Fund, pro-rata to its common shareholders of record (the Target Fund Common Shareholders), as of the time of such distribution, all of the Acquiring Fund Common Shares received by such Target Fund pursuant to Section 1.1 (together with any dividends declared with respect thereto to holders of record as of a time after the Valuation Time and payable prior to the Liquidation Date (Interim Dividends)) and to its preferred shareholders of record (Target Fund Preferred Shareholders and, together with Target Fund Common Shareholders, the Target Fund Shareholders), as of the time of such distribution, other than such holders of VRDP Shares of Performance Plus who have properly exercised Dissenters' Rights with

respect to the Reorganization, one of the Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or Acquiring Fund MTP Shares received by such Target Fund (together with any Interim Dividends) in exchange for each VRDP Share or MTP Share of the Target Fund, respectively, held by such Target Fund Preferred Shareholder immediately prior to the Closing; and (b) each Target Fund will thereupon proceed to dissolve and terminate as set forth in Section 1.8 below. Such distributions will be accomplished by the transfer of the Acquiring Fund Shares then credited to the account of each Target Fund on the books of the Acquiring Fund to open accounts on the share records of the Acquiring Fund in the names of Target Fund Shareholders and representing, in the case of a Target Fund Common Shareholder, such shareholder's pro-rata share of the Acquiring Fund Common Shares received by such Target Fund and, in the case of a Target Fund Preferred Shareholder, the same number of Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares or Acquiring Fund MTP Shares received by such Target Fund as the number of VRDP Shares or MTP Shares of the Target Fund, as applicable, held by such Target Fund Preferred Shareholder immediately prior to the Closing Date, and by paying to Target Fund Shareholders any Interim Dividends on such transferred shares. All issued and outstanding common and preferred shares of each Target Fund, including, without limitation, any VRDP Shares of Performance Plus with respect to which Dissenters' Rights have been properly exercised, simultaneously will be canceled on the books of the Target Fund. The Acquiring Fund shall not issue certificates representing Acquiring Fund Shares in connection with such transfers.

1.6 OWNERSHIP OF SHARES. Ownership of Acquiring Fund Shares will be shown on the books of the Acquiring Fund's transfer agent.

1.7 TRANSFER TAXES. Any transfer taxes payable upon the issuance of Acquiring Fund Shares in a name other than the registered holder of a Target Fund's common shares or preferred shares on the books of such Target Fund as of that time shall, as a condition of such issuance and transfer, be paid by the person to whom such Acquiring Fund Shares are to be issued and transferred.

1.8 TERMINATION. Each Target Fund shall completely liquidate and be dissolved, terminated and have its affairs wound up in accordance with Massachusetts or Minnesota state law, as applicable, promptly following the Closing Date and the making of all distributions pursuant to Section 1.5.

1.9 REPORTING. Any reporting responsibility of a Target Fund, including, without limitation, the responsibility for filing of regulatory reports, tax returns or other documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission), the exchange on which such Target Fund's shares are listed or any state securities commission and any federal, state or local tax authorities or any other relevant regulatory authority, is and shall remain the responsibility of such Target Fund.

1.10 BOOKS AND RECORDS. All books and records of each Target Fund, including all books and records required to be maintained under the 1940 Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, shall be available to the Acquiring Fund from and after the Closing Date and shall be turned over to the Acquiring Fund as soon as practicable following the Closing Date.

ARTICLE II

VALUATION

2.1 VALUATION OF ASSETS. The value of the net assets of each Target Fund shall be the value of its assets, less its liabilities, computed as of the close of regular trading on the New York

Stock Exchange on the business day immediately prior to the Closing Date (such time and date being hereinafter called the Valuation Time), using the valuation procedures of the Nuveen closed-end funds adopted by the respective Target Fund Board or such other valuation procedures as shall be mutually agreed upon by the parties. The value of each Target Fund's net assets shall be calculated net of the liquidation preference (including accumulated and unpaid dividends) of all outstanding preferred shares of the Target Fund.

2.2 VALUATION OF SHARES. The net asset value per Acquiring Fund Common Share shall be computed as of the Valuation Time, using the valuation procedures of the Nuveen closed-end funds adopted by the Acquiring Fund Board or such other valuation procedures as shall be mutually agreed upon by the parties. The value of the Acquiring Fund's net assets shall be calculated net of the liquidation preference (including accumulated and unpaid dividends) of all outstanding preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund.

2.3 COMMON SHARES TO BE ISSUED. The number of Acquiring Fund Common Shares to be issued in exchange for a Target Fund's assets transferred to the Acquiring Fund shall be determined by dividing the value of such assets transferred to the Acquiring Fund (net of the liabilities of such Target Fund that are assumed by the Acquiring Fund), determined in accordance with Section 2.1, by the net asset value of an Acquiring Fund Common Share, determined in accordance with Section 2.2. No fractional Acquiring Fund Common Shares will be distributed to Target Fund Common Shareholders and, in lieu of such fractional shares, Target Fund Common Shareholders will receive cash. The aggregate net asset value of Acquiring Fund Common Shares received by each Target Fund in a Reorganization will equal, as of the Valuation Time, the aggregate net asset value of the Target Fund's common shares held by Target Fund Common Shareholders as of such time. In the event there are fractional Acquiring Fund Common Shares due Target Fund Common Shareholders on the Closing Date after a Target Fund's assets have been exchanged for Acquiring Fund Common Shares, the Acquiring Fund's transfer agent will aggregate such fractional common shares and sell the resulting whole on the exchange on which such shares are listed for the account of all such Target Fund Common Shareholders, and each such Target Fund Common Shareholder will be entitled to a pro rata share of the proceeds from such sale. With respect to the aggregation and sale of fractional common shares, the Acquiring Fund's transfer agent will act directly on behalf of the Target Fund Common Shareholders entitled to receive fractional shares and will accumulate such fractional shares, sell the shares and distribute the cash proceeds net of brokerage commissions, if any, directly to Target Fund Common Shareholders entitled to receive the fractional shares (without interest and subject to withholding taxes).

2.4 EFFECT OF SUSPENSION IN TRADING. In the event that at the Valuation Time an accurate appraisal of the value of the net assets of the Acquiring Fund or a Target Fund is impracticable due to either: (a) the closure of, or the imposition of a trading restriction on, the exchange on which shares of a Fund are listed or another exchange on which the portfolio securities of the Acquiring Fund or a Target Fund are purchased or sold; or (b) a disruption in trading or the reporting of trading on the exchange on which shares of a Fund are listed or elsewhere, the Valuation Time shall be postponed until at least the first business day after the day when trading is fully resumed and/or reporting is restored or such later time as the parties may agree pursuant to Section 3.1.

2.5 COMPUTATIONS OF NET ASSETS. All computations of net asset value in this Article II shall be made by or under the direction of State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street) in accordance with its regular practice as custodian of the Funds.

ARTICLE III

CLOSING AND CLOSING DATE

3.1 **CLOSING DATE.** Each Closing shall occur on _____, 20____ or such other date as the parties may agree (the "Closing Date"). Unless otherwise provided, all acts taking place at the Closing shall be deemed to take place as of 8:00 a.m. Central time. Each Closing shall be held as of 8:00 a.m. Central time at the offices of Vedder Price P.C. in Chicago, Illinois or at such other time and/or place as the parties may agree.

3.2 **CUSTODIAN'S CERTIFICATE.** Each Target Fund shall cause State Street, as custodian for such Target Fund, to deliver to the Acquiring Fund at the Closing a certificate of an authorized officer stating that the Target Fund's portfolio securities, cash, and any other assets have been delivered in proper form to the Acquiring Fund on the Closing Date.

3.3 **CERTIFICATES OF TRANSFER AGENT AND TENDER AND PAYING AGENT.**

(a) With respect to its common shares, and for Dividend Advantage 2, with respect to its MTP Shares, each Target Fund shall issue and deliver or cause State Street, in its capacity as transfer agent with respect to common shares and MTP Shares, to issue and deliver to the Acquiring Fund at the Closing a certificate of an authorized officer stating that its records contain the names and addresses of all holders of common shares and, for Dividend Advantage 2, MTP Shares of such Target Fund, and the number and percentage ownership of outstanding common shares and, for Dividend Advantage 2, MTP Shares owned by each such Target Fund Shareholder immediately prior to the Closing. With respect to its VRDP Shares, Performance Plus shall issue and deliver or cause The Bank of New York Mellon, in its capacity as tender and paying agent with respect to VRDP Shares, to issue and deliver to the Acquiring Fund at the Closing a certificate of an authorized officer stating that its records contain the names and addresses of all holders of VRDP Shares of Performance Plus, and the number and percentage ownership of outstanding VRDP Shares owned by each such Target Fund Shareholder immediately prior to the Closing.

(b) The Acquiring Fund shall issue and deliver or cause State Street, in its capacity as transfer agent with respect to common shares and MTP Shares, and The Bank of New York Mellon, in its capacity as tender and paying agent with respect to VRDP Shares, to issue and deliver to each Target Fund a confirmation evidencing the Acquiring Fund Shares to be credited on the Closing Date to the Secretary of each Target Fund or provide evidence satisfactory to each Target Fund that such Acquiring Fund Shares have been credited to each Target Fund's account on the books of the Acquiring Fund.

3.4 **DELIVERY OF ADDITIONAL ITEMS.** At the Closing, each party shall deliver to the other parties such bills of sale, checks, assignments, share certificates, receipts and other documents, if any, as such other parties or their counsel may reasonably request to effect the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

ARTICLE IV

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

4.1 **REPRESENTATIONS OF EACH TARGET FUND.** Each Target Fund represents and warrants solely on its own behalf with respect to its Reorganization as follows:

(a) The Target Fund is a corporation or business trust, as applicable, duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its respective jurisdiction of organization.

(b) The Target Fund is registered as a closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act, and such registration is in full force and effect.

(c) The Target Fund is not, and the execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement (subject to shareholder approval) will not result, in violation of any provision of the Target Fund's Declaration of Trust or Articles of Incorporation, as applicable, By-Laws, Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares (Target Fund VRDP Statement) or Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (Target Fund MTP Statement), as applicable, or of any material agreement, indenture, instrument, contract, lease, or other undertaking to which the Target Fund is a party or by which it is bound.

(d) Except as otherwise disclosed in writing to and accepted by the Acquiring Fund, the Target Fund has no material contracts or other commitments that will be terminated with liability to it on or before the Closing Date.

(e) No litigation, administrative proceeding, or investigation of or before any court or governmental body presently is pending or to its knowledge threatened against the Target Fund or any of its properties or assets, which, if adversely determined, would materially and adversely affect its financial condition, the conduct of its business, or the ability of the Target Fund to carry out the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Target Fund knows of no facts that might form the basis for the institution of such proceedings and is not a party to or subject to the provisions of any order, decree, or judgment of any court or governmental body that materially and adversely affects its business or its ability to consummate the transactions contemplated herein.

(f) The financial statements of the Target Fund as of September 30, 2012 and for the fiscal year then ended have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and have been audited by independent auditors, and such statements (copies of which have been furnished to the Acquiring Fund) fairly reflect the financial condition of the Target Fund as of September 30, 2012, and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Target Fund as of such date that are not disclosed in such statements.

(g) The unaudited semi-annual financial statements of the Target Fund as of March 31, 2013 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and such statements (copies of which have been furnished to the Acquiring Fund) fairly reflect the financial condition of the Target Fund as of March 31, 2013, and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Target Fund as of such date that are not disclosed in such statements.

(h) Since the date of the financial statements referred to in subsection (g) above, there have been no material adverse changes in the Target Fund's financial condition, assets, liabilities or business (other than changes occurring in the ordinary course of business) and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Target Fund arising after such date. For the purposes of this subsection (h), a decline in the net asset value of the Target Fund shall not constitute a material adverse change.

(i) All federal, state, local and other tax returns and reports of the Target Fund required by law to be filed by it (taking into account permitted extensions for filing) have been timely filed and are complete and correct in all material respects. All federal, state, local and other taxes of the Target Fund required to be paid (whether or not shown on any such return or report) have been paid, or provision shall have been made for the payment thereof and any such unpaid taxes, as of the date of the financial statements referred to above, are properly reflected thereon. To the best of the Target Fund's knowledge, no tax authority is currently auditing or preparing to audit the Target Fund, and no assessment for taxes, interest, additions to tax or penalties has been asserted against the Target Fund.

(j) The authorized capital of the Target Fund consists of the shares set forth in Exhibit B. All issued and outstanding shares of the Target Fund are duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable by the Target Fund (recognizing that, with respect to Dividend Advantage 2, under Massachusetts law, Target Fund shareholders, under certain circumstances, could be held personally liable for the obligations of the Target Fund under Massachusetts law). All of the issued and outstanding shares of the Target Fund will, at the time of the Closing, be held by the persons and in the amounts set forth in the records of the Target Fund's transfer agent or tender and paying agent, as applicable, as provided in Section 3.3. The Target Fund has no outstanding options, warrants or other rights to subscribe for or purchase any shares of the Target Fund, and has no outstanding securities convertible into shares of the Target Fund.

(k) At the Closing, the Target Fund will have good and marketable title to the Target Fund's assets to be transferred to the Acquiring Fund pursuant to Section 1.2, and full right, power, and authority to sell, assign, transfer, and deliver such assets, and the Acquiring Fund will acquire good and marketable title thereto, subject to no restrictions on the full transfer thereof, including such restrictions as might arise under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), except those restrictions as to which the Acquiring Fund has received notice and necessary documentation at or prior to the Closing.

(l) The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of the Target Fund, including the determinations of the Target Fund Board required by Rule 17a-8(a) under the 1940 Act. Subject to approval by shareholders, this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Target Fund, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject as to enforcement, to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights and to general equity principles.

(m) The information to be furnished by the Target Fund for use in no-action letters, applications for orders, registration statements, proxy materials and other documents that may be necessary in connection with the transactions contemplated herein shall be accurate and complete in all material respects and shall comply in all material respects with federal securities laws and other laws and regulations.

(n) From the effective date of the Registration Statement (as defined in Section 5.7) through the time of the meeting of shareholders and on the Closing Date, any written

information furnished by the Target Fund with respect to the Target Fund for use in the Proxy Materials (as defined in Section 5.7), or any other materials provided in connection with the Reorganization, does not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or necessary to make the statements, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading.

(o) For each taxable year of its operations (including the taxable year ending on the Closing Date), the Target Fund: (i) has elected to qualify, and has qualified or will qualify (in the case of the short taxable year ending with the Closing Date), as a regulated investment company under the Code (a "RIC"); (ii) has been eligible to compute and has computed its federal income tax under Section 852 of the Code, and on or prior to the Closing Date will have declared a distribution with respect to all its investment company taxable income (determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid), the excess of its interest income excludible from gross income under Section 103(a) of the Code over its deductions disallowed under Sections 265 and 171(a)(2) of the Code and its net capital gain (as such terms are defined in the Code) that has accrued or will accrue on or prior to the Closing Date; and (iii) has been, and will be (in the case of the short taxable year ending with the Closing Date), treated as a separate corporation for federal income tax purposes.

4.2 REPRESENTATIONS OF THE ACQUIRING FUND. The Acquiring Fund represents and warrants as follows:

(a) The Acquiring Fund is a business trust duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

(b) The Acquiring Fund is registered as a closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act, and such registration is in full force and effect.

(c) The Acquiring Fund is not, and the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement (subject to shareholder approval) will not result, in violation of the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, By-Laws, Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares ("Acquiring Fund MTP Statement"), or of any material agreement, indenture, instrument, contract, lease, or other undertaking to which the Acquiring Fund is a party or by which it is bound.

(d) No litigation, administrative proceeding or investigation of or before any court or governmental body presently is pending or to its knowledge threatened against the Acquiring Fund or any of its properties or assets, which, if adversely determined, would materially and adversely affect its financial condition, the conduct of its business or the ability of the Acquiring Fund to carry out the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Acquiring Fund knows of no facts that might form the basis for the institution of such proceedings and it is not a party to or subject to the provisions of any order, decree, or judgment of any court or governmental body that materially and adversely affects its business or its ability to consummate the transactions contemplated herein.

(e) The financial statements of the Acquiring Fund as of September 30, 2012 and for the fiscal year then ended have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and have been audited by independent auditors, and such statements (copies of which have been furnished to each Target Fund) fairly reflect the financial condition of the Acquiring Fund as of September 30, 2012, and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Acquiring Fund as of such date that are not disclosed in such statements.

- (f) The unaudited semi-annual financial statements of the Acquiring Fund as of March 31, 2013 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and such statements (copies of which have been furnished to each Target Fund) fairly reflect the financial condition of the Acquiring Fund as of March 31, 2013, and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Acquiring Fund as of such date that are not disclosed in such statements.
- (g) Since the date of the financial statements referred to in subsection (f) above, there have been no material adverse changes in the Acquiring Fund's financial condition, assets, liabilities or business (other than changes occurring in the ordinary course of business) and there are no known contingent liabilities of the Acquiring Fund arising after such date. For the purposes of this subsection (g), a decline in the net asset value of the Acquiring Fund shall not constitute a material adverse change.
- (h) All federal, state, local and other tax returns and reports of the Acquiring Fund required by law to be filed by it (taking into account permitted extensions for filing) have been timely filed and are complete and correct in all material respects. All federal, state, local and other taxes of the Acquiring Fund required to be paid (whether or not shown on any such return or report) have been paid or provision shall have been made for their payment and any such unpaid taxes, as of the date of the financial statements referred to above, are properly reflected thereon. To the best of the Acquiring Fund's knowledge, no tax authority is currently auditing or preparing to audit the Acquiring Fund, and no assessment for taxes, interest, additions to tax or penalties has been asserted against the Acquiring Fund.
- (i) The authorized capital of the Acquiring Fund consists of an unlimited number of common and preferred shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share. All issued and outstanding shares of the Acquiring Fund are duly and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable by the Acquiring Fund (recognizing that under Massachusetts law, Acquiring Fund shareholders, under certain circumstances, could be held personally liable for the obligations of the Acquiring Fund). The Acquiring Fund has no outstanding options, warrants, or other rights to subscribe for or purchase any shares of the Acquiring Fund, and has no outstanding securities convertible into shares of the Acquiring Fund.
- (j) The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of the Acquiring Fund, including the determinations of the Acquiring Fund Board required pursuant to Rule 17a-8(a) under the 1940 Act. Subject to approval by shareholders, this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Acquiring Fund, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject as to enforcement, to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights and to general equity principles.
- (k) The Acquiring Fund Shares to be issued and delivered to each Target Fund for the account of Target Fund Shareholders pursuant to the terms of this Agreement will, at the Closing Date, have been duly authorized. When so issued and delivered, such Acquiring Fund Shares will be duly and validly issued shares of the Acquiring Fund, and will be fully paid and non-assessable by the Acquiring Fund (recognizing that under Massachusetts law, Acquiring Fund shareholders, under certain circumstances, could be held personally liable for the obligations of the Acquiring Fund).
- (l) The information to be furnished by the Acquiring Fund for use in no-action letters, applications for orders, registration statements, proxy materials, and other documents that may

be necessary in connection with the transactions contemplated herein shall be accurate and complete in all material respects and shall comply in all material respects with federal securities laws and other laws and regulations.

(m) From the effective date of the Registration Statement (as defined in Section 5.7) through the time of the meeting of shareholders and on the Closing Date, any written information furnished by the Acquiring Fund with respect to the Acquiring Fund for use in the Proxy Materials (as defined in Section 5.7), or any other materials provided in connection with the Reorganizations, does not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or necessary to make the statements, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading.

(n) For each taxable year of its operations, including the taxable year that includes the Closing Date, the Acquiring Fund: (i) has elected to qualify, has qualified or will qualify (in the case of the year that includes the Closing Date) and intends to continue to qualify as a RIC under the Code; (ii) has been eligible to and has computed its federal income tax under Section 852 of the Code, and will do so for the taxable year that includes the Closing Date; and (iii) has been, and will be (in the case of the taxable year that includes the Closing Date), treated as a separate corporation for federal income tax purposes.

(o) The Acquiring Fund agrees to use all reasonable efforts to obtain the approvals and authorizations required by the 1933 Act, the 1940 Act, and any state securities laws as it may deem appropriate in order to continue its operations after the Closing Date.

ARTICLE V

COVENANTS OF THE FUNDS

5.1 **OPERATION IN ORDINARY COURSE.** Subject to Sections 1.2, 1.4 and 8.5, the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund will operate their respective business in the ordinary course from the date of this Agreement through the Closing, it being understood that such ordinary course of business will include customary dividends and distributions, and any other distribution necessary or desirable to avoid federal income or excise taxes.

5.2 **APPROVAL OF SHAREHOLDERS.** The Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund will call meetings of their respective shareholders to consider and act upon this Agreement and to take all other appropriate action necessary to obtain approval of the transactions contemplated herein.

5.3 **INVESTMENT REPRESENTATION.** Each Target Fund covenants that the Acquiring Fund Shares to be issued pursuant to this Agreement are not being acquired for the purpose of making any distribution, other than in connection with such Target Fund's Reorganization and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

5.4 **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.** Each Target Fund will assist the Acquiring Fund in obtaining such information as the Acquiring Fund reasonably requests concerning the beneficial ownership of the Target Fund's shares. Performance Plus shall notify the Acquiring Fund promptly upon the exercise of any Dissenters' Rights.

5.5 FURTHER ACTION. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, each Fund will take or cause to be taken all action, and do or cause to be done all things, reasonably necessary, proper or advisable to consummate and make effective the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including any actions required to be taken after the Closing Date.

5.6 STATEMENT OF EARNINGS AND PROFITS. As promptly as practicable, but in any case within 60 days after the Closing Date, each Target Fund shall furnish the Acquiring Fund, in such form as is reasonably satisfactory to the Acquiring Fund and which shall be certified by such Target Fund's Controller, a statement of the earnings and profits of the Target Fund for federal income tax purposes, as well as any net operating loss carryovers and capital loss carryovers that will be carried over to the Acquiring Fund pursuant to Section 381 of the Code.

5.7 PREPARATION OF REGISTRATION STATEMENT AND PROXY MATERIALS. The Funds will prepare and file with the Commission a registration statement on Form N-14 relating to the Acquiring Fund Common Shares and Acquiring Fund MTP Shares to be issued to Target Fund Shareholders, as applicable (the Registration Statement), and a proxy statement relating to the Acquiring Fund VRDP Shares to be issued to Target Fund Shareholders, as applicable, and related matters (the VRDP Proxy Statement). The Registration Statement shall include a proxy statement of the Funds and a prospectus of the Acquiring Fund relating to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, as applicable (the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus). The Registration Statement and the VRDP Proxy Statement shall be in compliance with the 1933 Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the 1940 Act, as applicable. Each party will provide the other party with the materials and information necessary to prepare the proxy statements and related materials (the Proxy Materials), for inclusion therein, in connection with the meetings of the Funds' shareholders to consider the approval of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated herein.

5.8 TAX STATUS OF REORGANIZATIONS. The intention of the parties is that each Reorganization will qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. None of the Target Funds or the Acquiring Fund shall take any action, or cause any action to be taken (including, without limitation, the filing of any tax return), that is inconsistent with such treatment or that results in the failure of the transactions to qualify as reorganizations within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. At or prior to the Closing, the parties to this Agreement will take such action, or cause such action to be taken, as is reasonably necessary to enable counsel to render the tax opinions contemplated in Section 8.8.

ARTICLE VI

CONDITION PRECEDENT TO OBLIGATIONS OF EACH TARGET FUND

The obligations of each Target Fund to consummate the transactions provided for herein shall be subject to the fulfillment or waiver of the following condition:

6.1 All representations, covenants, and warranties of the Acquiring Fund contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date hereof and as of the Closing, with the same force and effect as if made on and as of the Closing. The Acquiring Fund shall have delivered to each Target Fund a certificate executed in the Acquiring Fund's name by the Acquiring

Fund s (i) Chief Administrative Officer or Vice President and (ii) Controller, in form and substance satisfactory to each Target Fund and dated as of the Closing Date, to such effect and as to such other matters as each Target Fund shall reasonably request.

ARTICLE VII

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO OBLIGATIONS OF THE ACQUIRING FUND

The obligations of the Acquiring Fund to consummate the transactions provided for herein shall be subject to the fulfillment or waiver of the following conditions:

7.1 All representations, covenants, and warranties of each Target Fund contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date hereof and as of the Closing, with the same force and effect as if made on and as of the Closing. Each Target Fund shall have delivered to the Acquiring Fund on the Closing Date a certificate executed in the Target Fund s name by the Target Fund s (i) Chief Administrative Officer or Vice President and (ii) Controller, in form and substance satisfactory to the Acquiring Fund and dated as of the Closing Date, to such effect and as to such other matters as the Acquiring Fund shall reasonably request.

7.2 Each Target Fund shall have delivered to the Acquiring Fund a statement of the Target Fund s assets and liabilities, together with a list of the Target Fund s portfolio securities showing the tax basis of such securities by lot and the holding periods of such securities, as of the Closing, certified by the Controller of the Target Fund.

7.3 Prior to the Valuation Time, each Target Fund shall have declared the dividends and/or distributions contemplated by Section 1.4 and Section 8.5.

ARTICLE VIII

FURTHER CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

The obligations of each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund hereunder shall also be subject to the fulfillment or waiver of the following conditions:

8.1 This Agreement and the transactions contemplated herein shall have been approved by the requisite vote of the holders of the outstanding shares of each Target Fund in accordance with applicable law and the provisions of each Target Fund s Declaration of Trust or Articles of Incorporation, as applicable, By-Laws and Target Fund VRDP Statement or Target Fund MTP Statement, as applicable. In addition, this Agreement, the issuance of Acquiring Fund Shares and the transactions contemplated herein shall have been approved by the requisite votes of the holders of the outstanding shares of the Acquiring Fund in accordance with applicable law, the requirements of the applicable exchange(s) and the provisions of the Acquiring Fund s Declaration of Trust, By-Laws and Acquiring Fund MTP Statement.

8.2 On the Closing Date, the Commission shall not have issued an unfavorable report under Section 25(b) of the 1940 Act, or instituted any proceeding seeking to enjoin the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement under Section 25(c) of the 1940 Act. Furthermore, no

action, suit or other proceeding shall be threatened or pending before any court or governmental agency in which it is sought to restrain or prohibit, or obtain damages or other relief in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated herein.

8.3 All required consents of other parties and all other consents, orders, and permits of federal, state and local regulatory authorities (including those of the Commission and of state securities authorities, including any necessary no-action positions and exemptive orders from such federal and state authorities) to permit consummation of the transactions contemplated herein shall have been obtained.

8.4 The Registration Statement shall have become effective under the 1933 Act, and no stop orders suspending the effectiveness thereof shall have been issued. To the best knowledge of the parties to this Agreement, no investigation or proceeding for that purpose shall have been instituted or be pending, threatened or contemplated under the 1933 Act.

8.5 Each Target Fund shall have declared prior to the Valuation Time a dividend or dividends which, together with all previous such dividends, shall have the effect of distributing to its shareholders at least all of the Target Fund's investment company taxable income for all taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date (computed without regard to any deduction for dividends paid), if any, plus the excess of its interest income excludible from gross income under Section 103(a) of the Code, if any, over its deductions disallowed under Sections 265 and 171(a)(2) of the Code for all taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date and all of its net capital gains realized in all taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date (after reduction for any available capital loss carryforward).

8.6 The Target Funds shall have received on the Closing Date an opinion from Vedder Price P.C. dated as of the Closing Date, substantially to the effect that:

(a) The Acquiring Fund has been formed as a voluntary association with transferable shares of beneficial interest commonly referred to as a Massachusetts business trust, and is existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and, to such counsel's knowledge, has the power as a business trust to own all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as presently conducted, in each case as described in the definitive Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act.

(b) The Acquiring Fund is registered as a closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act, and, to such counsel's knowledge, such registration under the 1940 Act is in full force and effect.

(c) Assuming that the Acquiring Fund Shares will be issued in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Acquiring Fund Shares to be issued and delivered to each Target Fund on behalf of its Target Fund Shareholders as provided by this Agreement are duly authorized and, upon such delivery, will be validly issued and fully paid and non-assessable by the Acquiring Fund, except that, as described in the definitive Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act, shareholders of the Acquiring Fund may, under certain circumstances, be held personally liable for its obligations, and no shareholder of the Acquiring Fund has, as such holder, any preemptive rights to acquire, purchase or subscribe for any securities of the Acquiring Fund under the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, By-Laws or Massachusetts law.

(d) The Registration Statement is effective and, to such counsel's knowledge, no stop order under the 1933 Act pertaining thereto has been issued.

(e) To the knowledge of such counsel, no consent, approval, authorization or order of any court or governmental authority of the United States or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is required for consummation by the Acquiring Fund of the transactions contemplated herein, except as have been obtained.

(f) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Acquiring Fund did not, and the consummation by the Acquiring Fund of the transactions contemplated herein will not, violate the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust, By-Laws or Acquiring Fund MTP Statement (assuming the requisite approval of the Fund's shareholders has been obtained in accordance with its Declaration of Trust, By-Laws and Acquiring Fund MTP Statement).

Insofar as the opinions expressed above relate to or are dependent upon matters that are governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Vedder Price P.C. may rely on the opinions of Bingham McCutchen LLP.

8.7 The Acquiring Fund shall have received on the Closing Date an opinion from Vedder Price P.C. dated as of the Closing Date, substantially to the effect that:

(a) Performance Plus has been duly incorporated and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Minnesota and, to such counsel's knowledge, has the power to own all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as presently conducted, in each case as described in the definitive Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act.

(b) Dividend Advantage 2 has been formed as a voluntary association with transferable shares of beneficial interest commonly referred to as a Massachusetts business trust, and is existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and, to such counsel's knowledge, has the power as a business trust to own all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as presently conducted, in each case as described in the definitive Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus as filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act.

(c) Each Target Fund is registered as a closed-end management investment company under the 1940 Act, and, to such counsel's knowledge, such registration under the 1940 Act is in full force and effect.

(d) To the knowledge of such counsel, no consent, approval, authorization or order of any court or governmental authority of the United States or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or State of Minnesota, as applicable, is required for consummation by the Target Funds of the transactions contemplated herein, except as have been obtained.

(e) With respect to each Target Fund, the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Target Fund, did not, and the consummation by the Target Fund of the transactions contemplated herein will not, violate the Target Fund's Declaration of Trust or Articles of Incorporation, as applicable, Target Fund VRDP Statement or Target Fund MTP Statement, as applicable, or By-Laws (assuming the requisite approval of the Fund's shareholders has been obtained).

in accordance with its Declaration of Trust or Articles of Incorporation, as applicable, Target Fund VRDP Statement or Target Fund MTP Statement, as applicable, and By-Laws).

Insofar as the opinions expressed above relate to or are dependent upon matters that are governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Vedder Price P.C. may rely on the opinions of Bingham McCutchen LLP. Insofar as the opinions expressed above relate to or are dependent upon matters that are governed by the laws of the State of Minnesota, Vedder Price P.C. may rely on the opinions of Dorsey & Whitney LLP.

8.8 With respect to each Reorganization, the Funds participating in such Reorganization shall have received on the Closing Date an opinion of Vedder Price P.C. addressed to the Acquiring Fund and the Target Fund substantially to the effect that for federal income tax purposes:

(a) The transfer of substantially all of the Target Fund's assets to the Acquiring Fund in exchange solely for Acquiring Fund Shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund followed by the distribution to Target Fund Shareholders of all the Acquiring Fund Shares received by the Target Fund in complete liquidation of the Target Fund will constitute a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and the Acquiring Fund and the Target Fund will each be a party to a reorganization, within the meaning of Section 368(b) of the Code, with respect to the Reorganization.

(b) No gain or loss will be recognized by the Acquiring Fund upon the receipt of substantially all of the assets of the Target Fund solely in exchange for Acquiring Fund Shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund.

(c) No gain or loss will be recognized by the Target Fund upon the transfer of substantially all of its assets to the Acquiring Fund solely in exchange for Acquiring Fund Shares and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Fund or upon the distribution (whether actual or constructive) of such Acquiring Fund Shares to Target Fund Shareholders solely in exchange for such shareholders' common and preferred shares of the Target Fund in complete liquidation of the Target Fund.

(d) No gain or loss will be recognized by the Target Fund Shareholders upon the exchange of their Target Fund shares solely for Acquiring Fund Shares in the Reorganization, except with respect to any cash received in lieu of a fractional Acquiring Fund Common Share.

(e) The aggregate basis of the Acquiring Fund Shares received by each Target Fund Shareholder pursuant to the Reorganization (including any fractional Acquiring Fund Common Share to which a Target Fund Common Shareholder would be entitled) will be the same as the aggregate basis of the Target Fund shares exchanged therefor by such shareholder. The holding period of the Acquiring Fund Shares received by each Target Fund Shareholder (including any fractional Acquiring Fund Common Share to which a Target Fund Common Shareholder would be entitled) will include the period during which the Target Fund shares exchanged therefor were held by such shareholder, provided such Target Fund shares are held as capital assets at the time of the Reorganization.

(f) The basis of the Target Fund's assets transferred to the Acquiring Fund will be the same as the basis of such assets to the Target Fund immediately before the Reorganization. The holding period of the assets of the Target Fund in the hands of the Acquiring Fund will include the period during which those assets were held by the Target Fund.

No opinion will be expressed as to (1) the federal income tax consequences of payments, if any, to holders of VRDP Shares of Performance Plus who elect Dissenters' Rights, (2) the effect of the Reorganizations on a Target Fund, the Acquiring Fund or any Target Fund Shareholder with respect to any asset (including, without limitation, any stock held in a passive foreign investment company as defined in Section 1297(a) of the Code) as to which any unrealized gain or loss is required to be recognized under federal income tax principles (i) at the end of a taxable year (or on the termination thereof) or (ii) upon the transfer of such asset regardless of whether such transfer would otherwise be a non-taxable transaction under the Code, or (3) any other federal tax issues (except those set forth above) and all state, local or foreign tax issues of any kind.

Such opinions shall be based on customary assumptions and such representations as Vedder Price P.C. may reasonably request of the Funds, and each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund will cooperate to make and certify the accuracy of such representations. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, neither the Acquiring Fund nor any Target Fund may waive the conditions set forth in this Section 8.8. Insofar as the opinions expressed above relate to or are dependent upon the classification of the Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares as equity securities for U.S. federal income tax purposes, Vedder Price P.C. may rely on the opinions delivered to the Acquiring Fund by Sidley Austin LLP with respect to such issue for the VRDP Shares and K&L Gates LLP with respect to such issue for the MTP Shares.

8.9 The Acquiring Fund shall have obtained written confirmation from the rating agencies then rating the preferred shares of the Funds that: (a) consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not impair the then current rating assigned by such rating agencies to the existing Acquiring Fund MTP Shares; and (b) the Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares to be issued pursuant to Section 1.1 will be rated by such rating agencies no less than the then current rating assigned by such rating agencies to the respective series of VRDP Shares or MTP Shares of the Target Fund exchanged therefor.

ARTICLE IX

EXPENSES

9.1 The expenses incurred in connection with the Reorganizations (whether or not the Reorganizations are consummated) will be allocated among the Funds pro-rata based on the projected relative benefits to each Fund during the first year following the Reorganizations, and each Fund shall have accrued such expenses as liabilities at or before the Valuation Time. Reorganization expenses include, without limitation: (a) expenses associated with the preparation and filing of the Registration Statement and other Proxy Materials; (b) postage; (c) printing; (d) accounting fees; (e) legal fees incurred by each Fund; (f) solicitation costs of the transactions; and (g) other related administrative or operational costs.

9.2 Each party represents and warrants to the other parties that there is no person or entity entitled to receive any broker's fees or similar fees or commission payments in connection with structuring the transactions provided for herein.

9.3 Notwithstanding the foregoing, expenses will in any event be paid by the party directly incurring such expenses if and to the extent that the payment by another party of such expenses would result in the disqualification of a Target Fund or the Acquiring Fund, as the case may be, as a RIC under the Code.

ARTICLE X

ENTIRE AGREEMENT; SURVIVAL OF WARRANTIES

10.1 The parties agree that no party has made to any other party any representation, warranty and/or covenant not set forth herein, and that this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between and among the parties.

10.2 The representations, warranties, and covenants contained in this Agreement or in any document delivered pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall not survive the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereunder.

ARTICLE XI

TERMINATION

11.1 This Agreement may be terminated by the mutual agreement of the parties and such termination may be effected by each Fund's Chief Administrative Officer or any Vice President without further action by a Target Fund Board or the Acquiring Fund Board. In addition, this Agreement may be terminated at or before the Closing due to:

(a) a breach by the non-terminating party of any representation or warranty, or agreement to be performed at or before the Closing, if not cured within 30 days of the breach and prior to the Closing;

(b) a condition precedent to the obligations of the terminating party that has not been met or waived and it reasonably appears that it will not or cannot be met; or

(c) a determination by a Target Fund Board or the Acquiring Fund Board that the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein is not in the best interests of its respective Fund involved in the Reorganization(s).

11.2 In the event of any such termination, in the absence of willful default, there shall be no liability for damages on the part of the Acquiring Fund Board, a Target Fund Board, the Acquiring Fund, a Target Fund, the Adviser, or any Fund's or Adviser's officers.

ARTICLE XII

AMENDMENTS

12.1 This Agreement may be amended, modified, or supplemented in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon in writing by the officers of each Fund as specifically authorized by each Fund's Board of Trustees or Board of Directors, as applicable; provided, however, that following the meeting of the shareholders of the Funds called by each Fund pursuant to Section 5.2 of this Agreement, no such amendment, modification or supplement may have the effect of changing the provisions for determining the number of Acquiring Fund Shares to be issued to the Target Fund Shareholders under this Agreement to the detriment of such shareholders without their further approval.

ARTICLE XIII

HEADINGS; COUNTERPARTS; GOVERNING LAW; ASSIGNMENT;

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

13.1 The article and section headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

13.2 This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original.

13.3 This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

13.4 This Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns, and no assignment or transfer hereof or of any rights or obligations hereunder shall be made by any party without the written consent of the other parties. Nothing herein expressed or implied is intended or shall be construed to confer upon or give any person, firm, or corporation, other than the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns, any rights or remedies under or by reason of this Agreement.

13.5 With respect to the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, it is expressly agreed that the obligations of such Fund hereunder shall not be binding upon any of the Board members, shareholders, nominees, officers, agents, or employees of such Fund personally, but shall bind only the property of such Fund, as provided in such Fund's Declaration of Trust, which is on file with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The execution and delivery of this Agreement have been authorized by each Fund's Board of Trustees, and this Agreement has been signed by authorized officers of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 acting as such. Neither the authorization by such Board members nor the execution and delivery by such officers shall be deemed to have been made by any of them individually or to impose any liability on any of them personally, but shall bind only the property of a Fund as provided in its Declaration of Trust.

13.6 It is understood and agreed that the use of a single agreement is for administrative convenience only and shall constitute a separate agreement between each Target Fund and the Acquiring Fund, as if each party had executed a separate document. No Fund shall have any liability for the obligations of any other Fund, and the liabilities of each Fund shall be several and not joint.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Agreement, all as of the date first written above.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND
ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND**

By:
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

ACKNOWLEDGED:

By:
Name: Virginia O Neal

**NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE
PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC.**

By:
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

ACKNOWLEDGED:

By:
Name: Virginia O Neal

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND
ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2**

By:
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

ACKNOWLEDGED:

By:
Name: Virginia O Neal

EXHIBIT A

Target Fund	Target Fund Preferred Shares Outstanding	Acquiring Fund Preferred Shares to be Issued in the Reorganizations
Performance Plus	VRDP Shares, Series 1 \$100,000 liquidation value per share Final Mandatory Redemption Date: March 1, 2040	[VRDP Shares, Series 1 \$100,000 liquidation value per share Final Mandatory Redemption Date: March 1, 2040]
Dividend Advantage 2	MTP Shares, 2.55% Series 2015 Fixed Dividend Rate: 2.55% Term Redemption Date: May 1, 2015	[MTP Shares, 2.55% Series 2015 Fixed Dividend Rate: 2.55% Term Redemption Date: May 1, 2015]

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EXHIBIT B

CAPITALIZATION OF TARGET FUNDS

Target Fund	Authorized Common Shares	Authorized Preferred Shares
Performance Plus	200,000,000	1,000,000
Dividend Advantage 2	Unlimited	Unlimited

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APPENDIX B

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Information contained in the tables below under the headings **Per Share Operating Performance** and **Ratios/Supplemental Data** shows the operating performance for the ten most recent fiscal years ended September 30 and the six months ended March 31, 2013.

Acquiring Fund

The following financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance. Certain information reflects financial results from a single Fund common share outstanding throughout each period. The information in the financial highlights is derived from the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's annual financial statements as of September 30, 2012, including the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm. Also included is selected data for the six months ended March 31, 2013, which is unaudited, and appears in the Fund's 2013 Semi-Annual Report. The Annual and Semi-Annual Reports may be obtained without charge by calling (800) 257-8787.

Per Share Operating Performance	Year Ended September 30										
	2013(f)	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 16.13	\$ 15.01	\$ 15.17	\$ 14.82	\$ 13.12	\$ 14.95	\$ 15.49	\$ 15.83	\$ 15.83	\$ 15.66	\$ 15.85
Investment Operations:											
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.35	0.73	0.76	0.84	0.93	0.96	0.97	0.98	1.03	1.06	1.07
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(0.25)	1.19	(0.10)	0.34	1.68	(1.76)	(0.39)	0.00*	0.09	0.16	(0.24)
Distributions from Net Investment Income to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00*	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.24)	(0.24)	(0.21)	(0.13)	(0.06)	(0.07)
Distributions from Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00*	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.03)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.10	1.92	0.66	1.17	2.52	(1.06)	0.32	0.74	0.99	1.16	0.76
Less Distributions:											
From Net Investment Income to Common Shareholders	(0.38)	(0.79)	(0.79)	(0.78)	(0.73)	(0.70)	(0.77)	(0.89)	(0.99)	(0.99)	(0.95)
From Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Common Shareholders	(0.03)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.09)	(0.07)	(0.09)	(0.19)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	(0.41)	(0.80)	(0.82)	(0.82)	(0.82)	(0.77)	(0.86)	(1.08)	(0.99)	(0.99)	(0.95)
Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 15.82	\$ 16.13	\$ 15.01	\$ 15.17	\$ 14.82	\$ 13.12	\$ 14.95	\$ 15.49	\$ 15.83	\$ 15.83	\$ 15.66
Ending Market Value	\$ 15.09	\$ 16.00	\$ 13.70	\$ 14.43	\$ 13.38	\$ 11.36	\$ 14.33	\$ 15.60	\$ 16.11	\$ 15.01	\$ 15.09
Total Returns:											

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Based on Market Value(b)	(3.14)%	23.20%	0.98%	14.63%	26.58%	(16.02)%	(2.86)%	3.49%	14.24%	6.13%	3.86%
Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	0.58%	13.05%	4.75%	8.28%	20.29%	(7.45)%	2.07%	4.91%	6.38%	7.68%	5.04%
Ratios/Supplemental Data											
Ending Net Assets Applicable to											
Common Shares (000)	\$ 146,560	\$ 149,417	\$ 139,060	\$ 140,525	\$ 137,268	\$ 121,533	\$ 138,504	\$ 143,147	\$ 145,701	\$ 145,592	\$ 143,886
Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Before Reimbursement(c)											
Expenses(e)	2.30%**	2.37%	2.42%	1.74%	1.37%	1.36%	1.29%	1.18%	1.16%	1.17%	1.19%
Net Investment Income (Loss)	4.35%**	4.71%	5.26%	5.74%	7.07%	6.45%	6.15%	6.11%	6.13%	6.38%	6.50%
Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares After Reimbursement(c)(d)											
Expenses(e)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.31%	1.22%	1.07%	0.89%	0.81%	0.74%	0.75%
Net Investment Income (Loss)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.13%	6.59%	6.36%	6.40%	6.49%	6.81%	6.94%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	5%	9%	10%	10%	4%	17%	18%	15%	20%	8%	8%
Auction Rate Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	\$	\$	\$	\$ 21,900	\$ 51,400	\$ 51,400	\$ 69,000	\$ 69,000	\$ 69,000	\$ 69,000	\$ 69,000
Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	\$	\$	\$	\$ 92,690	\$ 91,765	\$ 84,112	\$ 75,183	\$ 76,865	\$ 77,790	\$ 77,751	\$ 77,133
MuniFund Term Preferred Shares at End of Period(g)											
Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	\$ 55,360	\$ 55,360	\$ 55,360	\$ 30,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share	\$ 36.47	\$ 36.99	\$ 35.12	\$ 37.08	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ending Market Value Per Share (2015)	\$ 10.12	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.09	\$ 10.16	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Average Market Value Per Share (2015)	\$ 10.11	\$ 10.11	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.09^	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ending Market Value Per Share (2016)	\$ 10.16	\$ 10.09	\$ 10.06	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Average Market Value Per Share (2016)	\$ 10.12	\$ 10.11	\$ 9.95^^	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Auction Rate Preferred Shares and MuniFund Term Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Asset Coverage per \$1 Liquidation Preference	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3.71	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

- (a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.
- (b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to Auction Rate Preferred Shares and/or MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, where applicable.
- (d) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of August 1, 2009 the Adviser is no longer reimbursing the Fund for any fees or expenses.
- (e) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, both as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, in the most recent shareholder report, as follows:

2013(f)	1.22%**
2012	1.27
2011	1.27
2010	0.63
2009	0.20
2008	0.13
2007	0.10
2006	
2005	
2004	
2003	

- (f) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.
- (g) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows.
- * Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.
- ** Annualized. (Unaudited)
- N/A Fund no longer has a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.
- ^ For the period December 21, 2009 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.
- ^^ For the period December 13, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2011.

Target Funds

The following financial highlights table is intended to help you understand each Target Fund's financial performance. Certain information reflects financial results from a single Fund common share outstanding throughout each period. Except where noted, the information in the financial highlights is derived from the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's annual financial statements as of September 30, 2012, including the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm. Also included is selected data for the six months ended March 31, 2013, which is unaudited, and appears in the Fund's 2013 Semi-Annual Report. The Annual and Semi-Annual Reports may be obtained without charge by calling (800) 257-8787.

Performance Plus Per Share Operating Performance	Year Ended September 30										
	2013(e)	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 16.84	\$ 15.86	\$ 16.05	\$ 15.63	\$ 13.74	\$ 15.48	\$ 16.01	\$ 16.44	\$ 16.50	\$ 16.57	\$ 17.11
Investment Operations:											
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.41	0.86	0.88	0.91	0.96	0.98	0.99	1.01	1.05	1.08	1.10
Net Realized/ Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(0.29)	1.00	(0.18)	0.38	1.89	(1.69)	(0.41)	0.00*	0.10	0.18	(0.34)
Distributions from Net Investment Income to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.27)	(0.27)	(0.20)	(0.14)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Distributions from Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00*	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.05)	0.00*	(0.01)	(0.02)
Total	0.12	1.86	0.70	1.28	2.76	(0.99)	0.30	0.76	1.01	1.19	0.68
Less Distributions:											
From Net Investment Income to Common Shareholders	(0.43)	(0.88)	(0.88)	(0.84)	(0.74)	(0.72)	(0.77)	(0.89)	(0.99)	(1.01)	(0.99)
From Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Common Shareholders	(0.04)	0.00	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.13)	(0.03)	(0.06)	(0.30)	(0.08)	(0.25)	(0.23)
Total	(0.47)	(0.88)	(0.89)	(0.86)	(0.87)	(0.75)	(0.83)	(1.19)	(1.07)	(1.26)	(1.22)
Discount from Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00*	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 16.49	\$ 16.84	\$ 15.86	\$ 16.05	\$ 15.63	\$ 13.74	\$ 15.48	\$ 16.01	\$ 16.44	\$ 16.50	\$ 16.57
Ending Market Value	\$ 16.50	\$ 17.18	\$ 14.93	\$ 15.52	\$ 14.77	\$ 11.16	\$ 14.30	\$ 15.88	\$ 16.01	\$ 15.66	\$ 15.66
Total Returns:											
Based on Market Value(b)	(1.21)%	21.58%	2.30%	11.39%	42.29%	(17.61)%	(5.02)%	6.69%	9.37%	8.19%	1.88%
Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	0.72%	12.05%	4.78%	8.46%	21.05%	(6.71)%	1.90%	4.91%	6.29%	7.55%	4.25%

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Ratios/Supplemental

Data

Ending Net Assets											
Applicable to											
Common Shares (000)	\$ 248,462	\$ 253,426	\$ 238,572	\$ 241,450	\$ 235,108	\$ 206,976	\$ 233,258	\$ 240,618	\$ 246,255	\$ 247,139	\$ 247,777
Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares(c)											
Expenses(d)	1.59%**	1.64%	1.77%	1.53%	1.39%	1.42%	1.29%	1.22%	1.20%	1.21%	1.22%
Net Investment											
Income (Loss)	4.96%**	5.27%	5.77%	5.84%	6.91%	6.48%	6.33%	6.33%	6.36%	6.58%	6.67%
Portfolio Turnover											
Rate	9%	11%	6%	9%	1%	16%	14%	13%	16%	5%	14%
Auction Rate											
Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Aggregate Amount											
Outstanding (000)	\$	\$	\$	\$ 87,650	\$ 87,650	\$ 87,650	\$ 124,300	\$ 124,300	\$ 124,300	\$ 124,300	\$ 124,300
Asset Coverage Per											
\$25,000 Share	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 92,059	\$ 84,035	\$ 71,914	\$ 73,395	\$ 74,528	\$ 74,706	\$ 74,834
Variable Rate Demand											
Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Aggregate Amount											
Outstanding (000)	\$ 89,000	\$ 89,000	\$ 89,000	\$ 89,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Asset Coverage Per											
\$100,000 Share	\$ 379,171	\$ 384,748	\$ 368,059	\$ 371,292	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

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- (a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.
- (b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to Auction Rate Preferred Shares and/or Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, where applicable.
- (d) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, both as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, in the most recent shareholder report, as follows:

2013(e)	0.58%**
2012	0.61
2011	0.70
2010	0.40
2009	0.22
2008	0.15
2007	0.07
2006	
2005	
2004	
2003	

(e) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.

* Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.

** Annualized. (Unaudited)

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Dividend Advantage Per Share Operating Performance	Year Ended September 30										
	2013(f)	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 15.96	\$ 14.94	\$ 15.13	\$ 14.76	\$ 13.14	\$ 14.80	\$ 15.29	\$ 15.57	\$ 15.60	\$ 15.44	\$ 15.62
Investment Operations:											
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.33	0.72	0.74	0.83	0.92	0.95	0.95	0.97	1.01	1.02	1.04
Net Realized/ Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(0.25)	1.10	(0.13)	0.36	1.66	(1.64)	(0.34)	0.05	0.10	0.20	(0.18)
Distributions from Net Investment Income to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.23)	(0.24)	(0.20)	(0.13)	(0.06)	(0.07)
Distributions from Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00*	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.03)	0.00*	0.00	(0.01)
Total	0.08	1.82	0.61	1.18	2.49	(0.93)	0.35	0.79	0.98	1.16	0.78
Less Distributions:											
From Net Investment Income to Common Shareholders	(0.38)	(0.80)	(0.80)	(0.80)	(0.73)	(0.69)	(0.76)	(0.87)	(0.95)	(0.95)	(0.91)
From Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Common Shareholders	(0.02)	0.00	0.00	(0.01)	(0.14)	(0.04)	(0.08)	(0.20)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)
Total	(0.40)	(0.80)	(0.80)	(0.81)	(0.87)	(0.73)	(0.84)	(1.07)	(1.01)	(1.00)	(0.97)
Discount from Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00*	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offering Costs and Preferred Share Underwriting Discounts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 15.64	\$ 15.96	\$ 14.94	\$ 15.13	\$ 14.76	\$ 13.14	\$ 14.80	\$ 15.29	\$ 15.57	\$ 15.60	\$ 15.44
Ending Market Value	\$ 14.73	\$ 15.51	\$ 13.60	\$ 14.37	\$ 13.41	\$ 11.15	\$ 14.16	\$ 15.47	\$ 15.34	\$ 14.82	\$ 14.55
Total Returns:											
Based on Market Value(b)	(2.47)%	20.38%	0.49%	13.65%	29.95%	(16.79)%	(3.20)%	7.96%	10.61%	9.02%	5.35%
Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	0.52%	12.47%	4.38%	8.27%	20.06%	(6.63)%	2.35%	5.37%	6.45%	7.80%	5.39%
Ratios/Supplemental Data											
Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	\$ 101,481	\$ 103,527	\$ 96,940	\$ 98,156	\$ 95,751	\$ 85,340	\$ 96,144	\$ 99,067	\$ 100,606	\$ 100,706	\$ 99,701
Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Before Reimbursement(c)											
Expenses(e)	2.26%**	2.32%	2.44%	1.74%	1.36%	1.37%	1.32%	1.19%	1.18%	1.17%	1.19%

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Net Investment											
Income (Loss)	4.19%**	4.66%	5.12%	5.54%	6.83%	6.25%	5.98%	5.96%	6.01%	6.19%	6.41%
Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares											
After Reimbursement(c)(d)											
Expenses(e)	N/A	N/A	2.41%	1.63%	1.18%	1.11%	0.99%	0.78%	0.74%	0.73%	0.75%
Net Investment											
Income (Loss)	N/A	N/A	5.16%	5.65%	7.01%	6.51%	6.31%	6.36%	6.45%	6.63%	6.85%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	9%	10%	14%	6%	0%	17%	17%	14%	19%	7%	8%
Auction Rate											
Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 34,100	\$ 34,100	\$ 47,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 47,000
Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 95,198	\$ 87,566	\$ 76,140	\$ 77,695	\$ 78,514	\$ 78,567	\$ 78,033
MuniFund Term Preferred Shares at End of Period:											
Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	\$ 37,890	\$ 37,890	\$ 37,890	\$ 37,890	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share	\$ 36.78	\$ 37.32	\$ 35.58	\$ 35.91	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ending Market Value Per Share (2015)	\$ 10.06	\$ 10.07	\$ 10.11	\$ 10.14	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Average Market Value Per Share (2015)	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.09	\$ 10.05	\$ 10.05^	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

- (a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.
- (b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to Auction Rate Preferred Shares and/or MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, where applicable.
- (d) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of March 31, 2011 the Adviser is no longer reimbursing the Fund for any fees or expenses.
- (e) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, both as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, in the most recent shareholder report, as follows:

2013(f)	1.17%**
2012	1.20
2011	1.29
2010	0.63
2009	0.20
2008	0.14
2007	0.17
2006	
2005	
2004	
2003	

- (f) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.
- (g) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows.
- * Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.
- ** Annualized. (Unaudited)
- N/A Fund no longer has a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.
- ^ For the period April 14, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.

APPENDIX C

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP

Beneficial Ownership

The following table sets forth for each Board Member and Board Member Nominee the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned in each Fund and in all Nuveen funds overseen by such Board Member or Board Member Nominee as of September 30, 2013.

Dollar Range of Equity Securities

Board Member/Nominee ⁽¹⁾	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2	Family of Investment Companies ⁽²⁾
Board Members/Nominees who are not interested persons of the Funds				
Robert P. Bremner	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Jack B. Evans	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
William C. Hunter	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
David J. Kundert	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
John K. Nelson	0	0	0	\$0
William J. Schneider	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Judith M. Stockdale	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Carole E. Stone	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Virginia L. Stringer	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Terence J. Toth	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Board Members who are interested persons of the Funds				
William Adams IV	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000

(1) All Board Members are Nominees for election with respect to common and/or preferred shareholders of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and/or Dividend Advantage 2 at the Annual Meeting, as described in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

(2) The amounts reflect the aggregate dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by the Board Member or Board Member Nominee in the Funds and in all Nuveen funds overseen by such Board Member or Board Member Nominee.

The following table sets forth for each Board Member and Board Member Nominee individually and for the Board Members, Board Member Nominees and officers as a group the amount of shares beneficially owned in each Fund as of September 30, 2013. The information as to beneficial ownership is based on statements furnished by each Board Member, Board Member Nominee and officer.

Fund Shares Owned By Board Members And Officers⁽¹⁾

Board Member/Nominee	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2
Board Members/Nominees who are not interested persons of the Funds			
	0	0	0
Robert P. Bremner	0	0	0
Jack B. Evans	0	0	0
William C. Hunter	0	0	0
David J. Kundert	0	0	0
John K. Nelson	0	0	0
William J. Schneider	0	0	0
Judith M. Stockdale	0	0	0
Carole E. Stone	0	0	0
Virginia L. Stringer	0	0	0
Terence J. Toth	0	0	0
Board Members who are interested persons of the Funds			
William Adams IV	0	0	0
Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.	0	0	0
All Board Members and Officers as a Group	0	0	0

(1) The numbers include share equivalents of certain Nuveen funds in which the Board Member is deemed to be invested pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan.

APPENDIX D

NUMBER OF BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS HELD DURING EACH FUND'S LAST FISCAL YEAR

Fund	Regular Board Meeting	Special Board Meeting	Executive Committee Meeting	Dividend Committee Meeting	Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee Meeting	Audit Committee Meeting	Nominating and Governance Committee Meeting	Closed-End Fund Committee Meeting
Acquiring Fund	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
Performance Plus	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
Dividend Advantage 2	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]

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APPENDIX E

NUVEEN FUND BOARD AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

I. Organization and Membership

There shall be a committee of each Board of Directors/Trustees (the Board) of the Nuveen Management Investment Companies (the Funds or, individually, a Fund) to be known as the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall be comprised of at least three Directors/Trustees. Audit Committee members shall be independent of the Funds and free of any relationship that, in the opinion of the Directors/Trustees, would interfere with their exercise of independent judgment as an Audit Committee member. In particular, each member must meet the independence and experience requirements applicable to the Funds of the exchanges on which shares of the Funds are listed, Section 10A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission). Each such member of the Audit Committee shall have a basic understanding of finance and accounting, be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, and be financially literate, and at least one such member shall have accounting or related financial management expertise, in each case as determined by the Directors/Trustees, exercising their business judgment (this person may also serve as the Audit Committee's financial expert as defined by the Commission). The Board shall appoint the members and the Chairman of the Audit Committee, on the recommendation of the Nominating and Governance Committee. The Audit Committee shall meet periodically but in any event no less frequently than on a semi-annual basis. Except for the Funds, Audit Committee members shall not serve simultaneously on the audit committees of more than two other public companies.

II. Statement of Policy, Purpose and Processes

The Audit Committee shall assist the Board in oversight and monitoring of (1) the accounting and reporting policies, processes and practices, and the audits of the financial statements, of the Funds; (2) the quality and integrity of the financial statements of the Funds; (3) the Funds compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (4) the independent auditors' qualifications, performance and independence; and (5) oversight of the Pricing Procedures of the Funds and the Valuation Group. In exercising this oversight, the Audit Committee can request other committees of the Board to assume responsibility for some of the monitoring as long as the other committees are composed exclusively of independent directors.

In doing so, the Audit Committee shall seek to maintain free and open means of communication among the Directors/Trustees, the independent auditors, the internal auditors and the management of the Funds. The Audit Committee shall meet periodically with Fund management, the Funds' internal auditor, and the Funds' independent auditors, in separate executive sessions. The Audit Committee shall prepare reports of the Audit Committee as required by the Commission to be included in the Fund's annual proxy statements or otherwise.

The Audit Committee shall have the authority and resources in its discretion to retain special legal, accounting or other consultants to advise the Audit Committee and to otherwise discharge its responsibilities, including appropriate funding as determined by the Audit Committee for compensation to independent auditors engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for a Fund, compensation to advisers employed by

the Audit Committee, and ordinary administrative expenses of the Audit Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties, as determined in its discretion. The Audit Committee may request any officer or employee of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (or its affiliates) (collectively, Nuveen) or the Funds independent auditors or outside counsel to attend a meeting of the Audit Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Audit Committee. The Funds independent auditors and internal auditors shall have unrestricted accessibility at any time to Committee members.

Responsibilities

Fund management has the primary responsibility to establish and maintain systems for accounting, reporting, disclosure and internal control.

The independent auditors have the primary responsibility to plan and implement an audit, with proper consideration given to the accounting, reporting and internal controls. Each independent auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Funds shall report directly to the Audit Committee. The independent auditors are ultimately accountable to the Board and the Audit Committee. It is the ultimate responsibility of the Audit Committee to select, appoint, retain, evaluate, oversee and replace any independent auditors and to determine their compensation, subject to ratification of the Board, if required. These Audit Committee responsibilities may not be delegated to any other Committee or the Board.

The Audit Committee is responsible for the following:

With respect to Fund financial statements:

1. Reviewing and discussing the annual audited financial statements and semi-annual financial statements with Fund management and the independent auditors including major issues regarding accounting and auditing principles and practices, and the Funds disclosures in its periodic reports under Management s Discussion and Analysis.
2. Requiring the independent auditors to deliver to the Chairman of the Audit Committee a timely report on any issues relating to the significant accounting policies, management judgments and accounting estimates or other matters that would need to be communicated under Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 90, Audit Committee Communications (which amended SAS No. 61, Communication with Audit Committees), that arise during the auditors review of the Funds financial statements, which information the Chairman shall further communicate to the other members of the Audit Committee, as deemed necessary or appropriate in the Chairman s judgment.
3. Discussing with management the Funds press releases regarding financial results and dividends, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies. This discussion may be done generally, consisting of discussing the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall be authorized to have these discussions with management on behalf of the Audit Committee.
4. Discussing with management and the independent auditors (a) significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation and presentation

of the Funds' financial statements, including any significant changes in the Funds' selection or application of accounting principles and any major issues as to the adequacy of the Funds' internal controls and any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies; and (b) analyses prepared by Fund management and/or the independent auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP methods on the financial statements.

5. Discussing with management and the independent auditors the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives on the Funds' financial statements.
6. Reviewing and discussing reports, both written and oral, from the independent auditors and/or Fund management regarding (a) all critical accounting policies and practices to be used; (b) all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative treatments and disclosures, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors; and (c) other material written communications between the independent auditors and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.
7. Discussing with Fund management the Funds' major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control these exposures, including the Funds' risk assessment and risk management policies and guidelines. In fulfilling its obligations under this paragraph, the Audit Committee may review in a general manner the processes other Board committees have in place with respect to risk assessment and risk management.
8. Reviewing disclosures made to the Audit Committee by the Funds' principal executive officer and principal financial officer during their certification process for the Funds' periodic reports about any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or material weaknesses therein and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Funds' internal controls. In fulfilling its obligations under this paragraph, the Audit Committee may review in a general manner the processes other Board committees have in place with respect to deficiencies in internal controls, material weaknesses, or any fraud associated with internal controls.

With respect to the independent auditors:

1. Selecting, appointing, retaining or replacing the independent auditors, subject, if applicable, only to Board and shareholder ratification; and compensating, evaluating and overseeing the work of the independent auditor (including the resolution of disagreements between Fund management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting).
2. Meeting with the independent auditors and Fund management to review the scope, fees, audit plans and staffing for the audit, for the current year. At the conclusion of the audit, reviewing such audit results, including the independent auditors' evaluation of the Funds' financial and internal controls, any comments or recommendations of the

independent auditors, any audit problems or difficulties and management's response, including any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on access to requested information, any significant disagreements with management, any accounting adjustments noted or proposed by the auditor but not made by the Fund, any communications between the audit team and the audit firm's national office regarding auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement, any significant changes required from the originally planned audit programs and any adjustments to the financial statements recommended by the auditors.

3. Pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services, and the terms thereof, to be performed for the Funds by their independent auditors, subject to the de minimis exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A of the Exchange Act that the Audit Committee approves prior to the completion of the audit, in accordance with any policies or procedures relating thereto as adopted by the Board or the Audit Committee. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall be authorized to give pre-approvals of such non-audit services on behalf of the Audit Committee.
4. Obtaining and reviewing a report or reports from the independent auditors at least annually (including a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the auditors and the Funds consistent with Independent Standards Board Standard 1, as may be amended, restated, modified or replaced) regarding (a) the independent auditor's internal quality-control procedures; (b) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm; (c) any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and (d) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Funds and their affiliates, in order to assist the Audit committee in assessing the auditor's independence. After reviewing the foregoing report[s] and the independent auditor's work throughout the year, the Audit Committee shall be responsible for evaluating the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor and their compliance with all applicable requirements for independence and peer review, and a review and evaluation of the lead partner, taking into account the opinions of Fund management and the internal auditors, and discussing such reports with the independent auditors. The Audit Committee shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditor to the Board.
5. Reviewing any reports from the independent auditors mandated by Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act regarding any illegal act detected by the independent auditor (whether or not perceived to have a material effect on the Funds' financial statements) and obtaining from the independent auditors any information about illegal acts in accordance with Section 10A(b).
6. Ensuring the rotation of the lead (or coordinating) audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit as required by law, and further considering the rotation of the independent auditor firm itself.
7. Establishing and recommending to the Board for ratification policies for the Funds, Fund management or the Fund adviser's hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor who participated in the audits of the Funds.

8. Taking, or recommending that the Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the outside auditor.

With respect to any internal auditor:

1. Reviewing the proposed programs of the internal auditor for the coming year. It is not the obligation or responsibility of the Audit Committee to confirm the independence of any Nuveen internal auditors performing services relating to the Funds or to approve any termination or replacement of the Nuveen Manager of Internal Audit.
2. Receiving a summary of findings from any completed internal audits pertaining to the Funds and a progress report on the proposed internal audit plan for the Funds, with explanations for significant deviations from the original plan.

With respect to pricing and valuation oversight:

1. The Board has responsibilities regarding the pricing of a Fund's securities under the 1940 Act. The Board has delegated this responsibility to the Committee to address valuation issues that arise between Board meetings, subject to the Board's general supervision of such actions. The Committee is primarily responsible for the oversight of the Pricing Procedures and actions taken by the internal Valuation Group ("Valuation Matters"). The Valuation Group will report on Valuation Matters to the Committee and/or the Board of Directors/Trustees, as appropriate.
2. Performing all duties assigned to it under the Funds' Pricing Procedures, as such may be amended from time to time.
3. Periodically reviewing and making recommendations regarding modifications to the Pricing Procedures as well as consider recommendations by the Valuation Group regarding the Pricing Procedures.
4. Reviewing any issues relating to the valuation of a Fund's securities brought to the Committee's attention, including suspensions in pricing, pricing irregularities, price overrides, self-pricing, NAV errors and corrections thereto, and other pricing matters. In this regard, the Committee should consider the risks to the Funds in assessing the possible resolutions of these Valuation Matters.
5. Evaluating, as it deems necessary or appropriate, the performance of any pricing agent and recommending changes thereto to the full Board.
6. Reviewing any reports or comments from examinations by regulatory authorities relating to Valuation Matters of the Funds and considering management's responses to any such comments and, to the extent the Committee deems necessary or appropriate, proposing to management and/or the full Board the modification of the Fund's policies and procedures relating to such matters. The Committee, if deemed necessary or desirable, may also meet with regulators.
7. Meeting with members of management of the Funds, outside counsel, or others in fulfilling its duties hereunder, including assessing the continued appropriateness and

adequacy of the Pricing Procedures, eliciting any recommendations for improvements of such procedures or other Valuation Matters, and assessing the possible resolutions of issues regarding Valuation Matters brought to its attention.

8. Performing any special review, investigations or oversight responsibilities relating to Valuation as requested by the Board of Directors/Trustees.
9. Investigating or initiating an investigation of reports of improprieties or suspected improprieties in connection with the Fund's policies and procedures relating to Valuation Matters not otherwise assigned to another Board committee.

Other responsibilities:

1. Reviewing with counsel to the Funds, counsel to Nuveen, the Fund adviser's counsel and independent counsel to the Board legal matters that may have a material impact on the Fund's financial statements or compliance policies.
2. Receiving and reviewing periodic or special reports issued on exposure/controls, irregularities and control failures related to the Funds.
3. Reviewing with the independent auditors, with any internal auditor and with Fund management, the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls of the Funds, and eliciting any recommendations for the improvement of internal control procedures or particular areas where new or more detailed controls or procedures are desirable. Particular emphasis should be given to the adequacy of such internal controls to expose payments, transactions or procedures that might be deemed illegal or otherwise improper.
4. Reviewing the reports of examinations by regulatory authorities as they relate to financial statement matters.
5. Discussing with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies that raises material issues regarding the Funds' financial statements or accounting policies.
6. Obtaining reports from management with respect to the Funds' policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
7. Reporting regularly to the Board on the results of the activities of the Audit Committee, including any issues that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Funds' financial statements, the Funds' compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the performance and independence of the Funds' independent auditors, or the performance of the internal audit function.
8. Performing any special reviews, investigations or oversight responsibilities requested by the Board.
9. Reviewing and reassessing annually the adequacy of this charter and recommending to the Board approval of any proposed changes deemed necessary or advisable by the Audit Committee.

10. Undertaking an annual review of the performance of the Audit Committee.

11. Establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Funds regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of Fund management, the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting-related services for the Funds, as well as employees of the Funds.

Although the Audit Committee shall have the authority and responsibilities set forth in this Charter, it is not the responsibility of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Funds' financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. That is the responsibility of management and the independent auditors. Nor is it the duty of the Audit Committee to conduct investigations, to resolve disagreements, if any, between management and the independent auditors or to ensure compliance with laws and regulations.

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APPENDIX F

FACTORS AFFECTING MUNICIPAL SECURITIES IN NEW YORK

Special Considerations Relating to New York Municipal Obligations

The Funds will have considerable investments in New York municipal obligations. Accordingly, the Funds are susceptible to certain factors which could adversely affect issuers of New York municipal obligations. The ability of issuers to pay interest on, and repay principal of, New York municipal obligations may be affected by: (1) amendments to the New York Constitution and other statutes that limit the taxing and spending authority of New York government entities; (2) the general financial and economic profile as well as the political climate of the State of New York (State), its public authorities, and political subdivisions; and (3) a change in New York laws and regulations or subsequent court decisions that may affect, directly or indirectly, New York municipal obligations. The Funds' yield and share price are sensitive to these factors as one or more of such factors could undermine New York issuers' efforts to borrow, inhibit secondary market liquidity, erode credit ratings and affect New York issuers' ability to pay interest on, and repay principal of, New York municipal obligations. Furthermore, it should be noted that the creditworthiness of obligations issued by local New York issuers may be unrelated to the creditworthiness of obligations issued by the State and the City of New York (City), and that there is no obligation on the part of the State to make payment on such local obligations in the event of default.

Summarized below are important financial concerns relating to the Funds' investments in New York municipal obligations. This section is not intended to be an entirely comprehensive description of all risks involved in investing in New York municipal obligations. The information in this section is intended to give a recent historical description and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of the State and the City. It should be noted that the information recorded here primarily is based on the economic and budget forecasts and economic risks found in certain 2013 publications issued by the State, the City and the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA). The accuracy and completeness of the information in those reports have not been independently verified. The resources used to prepare the disclosure related to the City, the State and the U.S. economy were published between May 2, 2013 and August 28, 2013, and the resources used to prepare the MTA disclosure were published in July of 2013. Since the time that such resources were published, there may have been, and may yet be, significant changes in circumstances altering the economic and budget predictions found in those publications and presented here. In addition, it is important to note that many of the dollar amounts referenced in this section have been truncated to one digit after the decimal and rounded up or down to the appropriate dollar denomination. Because such dollar amounts generally reference large sums of money (e.g., millions or billions of dollars), the truncation and/or rounding of such dollar amounts may significantly differ from the untruncated and unrounded dollar amounts.

State Economy

The State has a diverse economy with a relatively large share of the nation's financial activities, information and employment in health services and education, but a rather small share of the nation's farming and mining activity. The State has the third highest population in the nation, and its residents have a comparatively high level of personal wealth. The most significant sectors of the State's economy differ from those of the national economy. Tourism comprises a significant part of the

economy. The State's location, airport facilities and natural harbors have made it an essential link in international commerce. Manufacturing and construction account for smaller shares of employment for the State than for the nation, while service industries account for a larger share. The financial activities sector share of total State wages is particularly large relative to the nation. During an economic recession that is concentrated in construction and manufacturing, the State is likely to be less affected than the nation as a whole; however, the State is more likely to be affected during a recession that is concentrated in the services sector. The City has the highest population of any city in the nation and is the center of the nation's largest metropolitan area. The City accounts for a large percentage of the State's residents and personal income.

The discussion that follows regarding the status of the U.S. and State economies is primarily based on information published by the State Division of the Budget (DOB) no later than August 28, 2013. All predictions and past performance information regarding the U.S. and State economies contained in this subsection were made on or before that date even though they may be stated in the present tense and may no longer be accurate. You are also encouraged to read, in conjunction with this description of the State economy, the New York City Economy subsection of this Special Considerations Relating to New York section of this SAI, which presents some of the City Office of Management and Budget (OMB) projections regarding the economy.

According to the Updated Financial Plan (as defined below), the national economy appears weaker than originally anticipated in the Financial Plan (as defined below), due in large part to an atypically large revision to the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis projection for the first quarter of the 2013. Real U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) growth for the first quarter of 2013 was revised downward by 1.9 percentage points to 1.1 percent, after revised 2012 fourth quarter growth of only 0.1 percent. Essentially every significant component of GDP was revised down from household spending to inventories indicating a greater impact from the payroll tax hike, a decreasing government sector, and weaker global growth than was reflected in the Financial Plan. However, the labor market and built-up demand for autos continue to be bright spots, while equity and home prices have continued to increase. In the future, these factors are anticipated to offset respective impacts from federal fiscal policy, supporting DOB's outlook for much greater growth in the 2014 calendar year. Real U.S. GDP growth of 1.7 percent currently is expected for 2013, with growth of 2.9 percent for 2014.

Furthermore, real household spending increased 2.3 percent in the first quarter of 2013. While the expiration of the two-year old payroll tax holiday probably decreased spending among low-income households, accelerating equity market prices may have caused higher-income households to spend more. High-income taxpayers also may have felt wealthier as a result of a large shift of taxable income from 2013 into late 2012, in advance of growing federal personal income tax rates. Real consumer spending growth is projected to have moderated during the second quarter of 2013. However, with the impact of tax law changes receding, consistent household spending growth is anticipated for the second half of 2013, supported by a gradually improving labor market and growing wealth, with real spending growth increasing to 3 percent by the second quarter of 2014.

DOB revised projections of real growth in private nonresidential fixed investment downward to 4.1 percent for 2013, as a result of restrained private business spending due to uncertainty concerning domestic and global demand. Although the euro-zone economies seem to be stabilizing, the outlook for the emerging market economies is weaker, resulting in a downward revision to real U.S. export growth to 1.9 percent for 2013. But DOB expects growth to improve in the second half of 2013 and into 2014, with real quarterly growth in U.S. GDP remaining above 3 percent for every quarter of 2014.

In contrast to weaker than expected output growth, the national labor market has grown, with the nation's private sector displaying monthly average growth of 195,600 jobs over the first seven months of 2013. Consequently, greater than anticipated U.S. employment growth of 1.7 percent is projected for all of 2013, accompanied by wage growth of 3.8 percent. Nationally, personal income growth of 3.2 percent and 5.8 percent is anticipated for 2013 and 2014, respectively, with employment and wage growth of 1.8 percent and 6.2 percent, respectively, expected for 2014.

As a result of a near quadrupling of the size of the Federal Reserve's balance sheet since 2007 stemming from a large increase in the 10-year Treasury yield in the third quarter of 2013, DOB has revised its outlook for the 10-year Treasury yield up to an average of 2.7 percent for the fourth quarter of 2013. The growth in consumer prices for 2013 has been revised downward to 1.5 percent for 2013, mainly a result of gasoline price volatility.

DOB's economic forecast projects tepid growth in 2013, but improving growth throughout calendar year 2014. There are, however, substantial risks to this forecast. In the latter half of 2013, the sequester could result in a much greater decrease in government spending than currently expected, leading to a larger loss of government jobs or private jobs related to government procurement. Although the global economy is projected to improve, the Euro-area and Japanese economies remain very weak, and emerging market growth are still slower than in the sooner phase of the economic recovery. Slower export growth than expected could adversely affect growth in U.S. corporate profits, investment and jobs. On the other hand, global economic growth could surpass expectations if that policy succeeds, which would result in a quicker increase in the demand for U.S. exports. While better than expected home and equity price increases present upside risks to household spending, energy prices continue to be unstable and a risk to the household consumption projection. Furthermore, the deadlock over deficit reduction could affect overall economic activity far beyond those sectors directly impacted by spending reductions.

Regarding the State, the pace of private sector job growth has stayed strong, recovering from Superstorm Sandy's overwhelming effects. According to DOB, the State has continued to display strong growth in professional and business services, private educational services, and tourism-related leisure and hospitality services. Private sector employment growth of 1.5 percent is anticipated for calendar year 2013, followed by 1.4 percent growth for calendar year 2014. Public sector employment is expected, conversely, to continue to decrease deep into 2014, with the continued reduction of the State's finance and government sectors. As a result of the acceleration of dividends, wages and capital gains into the fourth quarter of 2012 prior to the federal tax increase at the start of 2013, State wage growth is expected to be depressed at 3.1 percent for 2013, followed by greater growth of 4.6 percent for 2014. Similarly, personal income growth in the State for 2013 is projected to be 2.7 percent for 2013, but climbing to 5.0 percent for 2014.

All of the risks to the national economic forecast apply to the State forecast as well, although as the nation's financial center, the volume of financial market activity and equity market volatility pose an especially large degree of uncertainty for the State. Federal Reserve policy is expected to approach an inflection point at some point in 2014 or 2015, and the resulting market volatility is projected to have a larger affect on the State economy than on the nation as a whole. Therefore, the recent increase in long-term interest rates adds another degree of risk to the finance and insurance sector bonus projection. Furthermore, with Wall Street still modifying its compensation practices after the passage of financial reform, both the bonus and non-bonus components of employee pay are becoming more difficult to project. Securities industry revenues in the past have been a helpful predictor of bonus

payouts, but that relationship has become a considerably less reliable indicator in recent years. In addition, with federal fiscal policy in flux, possible adjustments in taxpayer behavior in response to modifications in potential tax law cause a further layer of uncertainty. A weaker labor market than expected could also lead to lower wages, which could result in weaker household consumption. Moreover, if financial and real estate markets are weaker than projected, taxable capital gains realizations could be adversely affected. These effects could trickle through the State economy, decreasing employment, wage and household spending growth. Conversely, greater national and world economic growth, or a stronger increase in stock prices, together with even greater activity in mergers, acquisitions and other Wall Street activities, could result in more wage and bonuses growth than anticipated.

There can be no assurance that the State economy will not experience results worse than those predicted in the 2013-14 fiscal year (April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014) or subsequent fiscal years, with related material and adverse effects on the State's estimates of receipts and disbursements.

State Budget

Each year, the Governor is required to provide the State Legislature with a balanced executive budget which constitutes the proposed State financial plan for the ensuing fiscal year. The State's fiscal year for 2013-14 ends on March 31, 2014. (The State's fiscal year for 2014-2015 will run from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015.) The Governor's executive budget is required to be balanced on a cash basis and that is the primary focus of DOB in preparing the financial plan for the State. State finance law also requires the State financial plan to be reported using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), in accordance with standards and regulations set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). As such, the State reports its financial results on both the cash accounting basis, showing receipts and disbursements, and the GAAP modified accrual basis, showing revenues and expenditures. In May 2013, DOB published the Enacted Budget Financial Plan for Fiscal Year 2014 (Financial Plan) which sets forth the State's official financial plans for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. Subsequently, DOB issued the First Quarterly Update to the Financial Plan dated August 28, 2013. (The Financial Plan, to the extent updated and modified by such First Quarterly Update, is referred to as the Updated Financial Plan.) The State financial results, as described below, are calculated on a cash accounting basis, unless specified otherwise. The GAAP projections for the State's budget can be obtained from DOB.

DOB projects that the State will finish fiscal year 2013-14 with a General Fund closing balance of \$1.8 billion. Balances in the State's principal rainy day reserve funds, the Tax Stabilization Reserve Fund and the Rainy Day Reserve Fund, are projected to remain unchanged in fiscal year 2013-14. The aggregate balance of the two funds is equal to approximately 2.1 percent of projected General Fund disbursements in fiscal year 2013-14. The Community Projects Fund, which finances discretionary grants allocated by the Legislature and Governor, is anticipated to decline by \$25 million in fiscal year 2013-14, reflecting disbursements from existing reappropriations. The Updated Financial Plan continues to provide for a reserve in the General Fund balance to account for the costs of potential retroactive labor settlements with unions that have not agreed to terms for prior contract periods. The reserve is computed based on the pattern settlement for the period of fiscal year 2007-08 through fiscal year 2010-11 that was agreed to by the State's largest unions. In fiscal year 2013-14, DOB expects that the reserve will be decreased by \$32 million to fund the fiscal year 2013-14 costs of the labor settlements covering the prior contract periods. The reserve balance will be decreased as labor agreements for previous periods are made with other unions. For fiscal year 2013-14, the Updated

Financial Plan reserves \$263 million for debt management purposes, an increase of \$250 million from fiscal year 2012-13 results. This increase is anticipated to be financed with a portion of the State Insurance Fund reserve release.

According to the Updated Financial Plan, total General Fund receipts for fiscal year 2013-14, including transfers from other funds, are expected to total \$61.7 billion. General Fund disbursements for fiscal year 2013-14, including transfers to other funds, are expected to total \$61.5 billion. All Government Funds spending is projected to be \$141 billion in 2013-14 (including extraordinary federal aid for Superstorm Sandy and the federal Affordable Care Act), an increase of \$7.9 billion from 2012-13 (including extraordinary federal aid for Superstorm Sandy and the federal Affordable Care Act). The major sources of all Government Funds spending include, among other things: school aid, Medicaid, transportation, social services, State operations, debt service and capital projects. All Government Funds receipts are projected to total \$141.0 billion in 2013-14, an increase of \$7.8 billion (or 5.9 percent) from fiscal year 2012-13 results.

General Fund Out-year Budget Gap Projections

Before enactment of the 2013-14 budget, the State faced an estimated current-services budget gap in the General Fund of \$1.4 billion for fiscal year 2013-14 and projected budget gaps in future years of \$4.0 billion in 2014-15, \$5.2 billion in 2015-16, and \$5.7 billion in 2016-17. The Updated Financial Plan closed the projected budget gap for 2013-14 through a gap-closing plan, and DOB estimates that it reduces future budget gaps to approximately \$1.7 billion in 2014-15, and \$2.9 billion in both 2015-16 and 2016-17. The combined four-year gap projected for fiscal years 2013-14 through 2016-17 totals approximately \$7.5 billion. By comparison, the budget gap closed in fiscal year 2011-12 alone was projected at \$10 billion.

The budget gap forecasts are based on assumptions of economic performance, revenue collections, spending patterns and projections of the costs of program activities. Future budget gaps are subject to substantial revision as additional information becomes available about the national and State economies, financial sector activity, entitlement spending and social service caseloads, and State reimbursement obligations that are driven by local government activity. There can be no guarantee that the State's General Fund budget gaps will not grow materially from current estimates. If this were to happen, the State would be required to take additional gap-closing actions, such as additional decreases in State agency operations; delays or decreases in payments to local governments or other recipients of State aid; delays in or suspension of capital maintenance and construction; extraordinary financing of operating expenses; or other actions. In some cases, the ability of the State to implement these actions requires the approval of the Legislature and cannot be implemented unilaterally by the Governor. See also the discussion below in the Special Considerations subsection of this Special Risk Considerations section of this SAI.

Other Considerations

Many complex political, social, economic, financial and environmental forces influence the State's economy and finances, which may in turn affect the Updated Financial Plan. These factors may affect the State unpredictably from fiscal year to fiscal year and are influenced by governments, institutions and events that are not subject to the State's control. It is also necessarily based upon forecasts of national and State economic activity and the ability of the State to collect related tax receipts as projected. Economic forecasts have frequently failed to predict accurately the timing and

magnitude of changes in the national and State economies. In certain fiscal years, actual collections were substantially below the levels forecast for the year. There can be no assurance that the State's actual results will not differ materially and adversely from the current forecast.

There are numerous uncertainties and risks that could affect the Updated Financial Plan, including the euro-zone financial crisis and other international and national events, changes in consumer confidence, oil supplies and oil prices, continuing or increasing unrest in the Middle East, climate change and extreme weather occurrences, federal statutory and regulatory changes in the financial sector (including changes to compensation packages), interest rate policy changes, financial and real estate market developments on bonus income and capital gains realizations, and the effect of household debt reduction on consumer spending and State tax collections. Other uncertainties and risks that could affect the Updated Financial Plan include, but are not limited to: the potential for State employee wage increases to exceed the projected annual wage costs; changes in the size of the State's workforce; the extent to which projected earnings for pension fund assets and current assumptions with respect to wages for State employees affecting the State's required pension fund contributions are realized; the federal government's willingness and ability to provide the aid reflected in the Updated Financial Plan; the ability of the State to reduce costs, including operating expenses, as planned; household deleveraging on consumer spending and State tax collections; and the ability of the State and its public authorities to market securities successfully in the public credit markets. The projections and assumptions contained in the Updated Financial Plan are subject to State revision which may involve substantial change, and no assurance can be given that the Updated Financial Plan's estimates and projections, which include actions the State expects to be taken but which are not within the State's control, will be realized.

There is also a risk that projected budget gaps will increase materially from current projected levels which would require the State to take additional gap-closing actions. Such gap-closing actions may include, without limitation, additional reductions in the operations of State agencies; delays or reductions in payments to recipients of State aid, such as local governments; capital maintenance and construction suspensions or delays; and/or financing operating expenses through extraordinary means. In some cases, the ability of the State to implement such actions requires both Legislature and Governor approval.

One of the risks that could cause budget gaps to increase materially relates to Medicaid cost controls. The Updated Financial Plan assumes the use of available statutory tools to implement Medicaid cost savings. However, there can be no assurance that these controls will be sufficient to limit the rate of annual growth in Department of Health State Funds Medicaid spending to the levels projected in the Updated Financial Plan. In addition, limitation on annual growth is dependent on timely federal government approvals, regulatory changes (as appropriate) and the cooperation of the health care industry.

The Updated Financial Plan forecast also contains specific transaction risks and other uncertainties including, but not limited to, the receipt of certain payments from public authorities; the receipt of miscellaneous revenues at the levels projected in the Updated Financial Plan; and the success of cost-savings measures including, but not limited to, the transfer of available fund balances to the General Fund at the levels currently anticipated.

Little more than a year after Hurricane Irene and Tropical Storm Lee disrupted power and caused extensive flooding to numerous State counties, Superstorm Sandy hammered the East Coast on October 29, 2012, causing massive infrastructure damage and economic losses to the State and

surrounding region. The frequency and strength of these storms present financial and economic risks to the State. In addition, major disaster response and recovery efforts remain ongoing. In January 2013, the federal government authorized about \$60 billion in disaster aid for general recovery, rebuilding and mitigation activity nationwide. The State expects to receive \$30 billion of these federal approved funds, as well as \$5.1 billion in extraordinary federal assistance during fiscal year 2013-14 especially for expenses associated with Superstorm Sandy. The State faces long-term threats and potential hazards and risks as a result of climate change, such as rising sea levels, more severe coastal flooding and erosion hazards, and more intense storms. The recent storms affecting the State have exposed vulnerabilities in the State's infrastructure to extreme weather events. DOB expects that substantial long-term planning and investment by the federal government, State and municipalities will be needed to adapt existing infrastructure to the risks presented by climate change.

The Updated Financial Plan authorizes the General Fund to temporarily borrow resources from other funds in the State's short-term investment pool (STIP) for a period not to exceed four months or to the end of the fiscal year, whichever is shorter. While DOB expects that the General Fund will have adequate liquidity to make payments as they become due throughout fiscal year 2013-14, the General Fund may occasionally temporarily borrow funds from STIP during the fiscal year. The State continues to set aside money quarterly for debt service payments that are financed with General Fund resources, and reserve money to pay debt service on bonds secured by dedicated receipts, including Personal Income Tax (PIT) bonds, as required by law and bond covenants.

The Updated Financial Plan includes a reserve to cover the costs of a pattern settlement with all unions that have not agreed to contracts for prior contract periods. The pattern is based on the terms agreed to by the State's largest unions for this period. There can be no assurance that actual settlements, some of which are subject to binding arbitration, will not exceed the amounts included in the Updated Financial Plan. Furthermore, the State's funding of the amounts reserved in fiscal year 2013-14 and beyond is subject to the State's ability to achieve balanced budgets in those years. The Updated Financial Plan does not reflect reserves for settlements covering the current contract period that started in fiscal year 2011-12.

State law allows health insurance companies to convert from a not-for-profit to a for-profit corporation, subject to certain restrictions and approvals. The proceeds of such conversions must be used by the State for health-care-related expenses. The Updated Financial Plan assumes the State will receive approximately \$175 million in fiscal year 2013-14 and \$300 million in each of fiscal years 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17, which would be deposited into the State's Health Care Reform Act (HCRA) account. If conversions do not occur as assumed in the Updated Financial Plan, the State would be required to take other actions to increase available resources or to reduce planned spending from the HCRA account.

The State receives a significant amount of federal aid for health care, education, transportation and other government needs. Any reduction in federal funding levels could have a materially adverse impact on the Updated Financial Plan.

The Updated Financial Plan may be adversely affected by actions taken by the federal government with respect to Medicaid, including audits, disallowances and changes to federal participation rates or other Medicaid rules. For example, all Medicaid claims are subject to audit and review by the federal government. Recently, the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) requested additional information pertaining to claims for services provided to individuals in

developmental centers operated by the Office for People with Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD). Although no official audit has commenced, the State OPWDD is working together with the federal government to resolve concerns over reimbursement for services provided to individuals in developmental centers. Any adverse action by CMS relative to these claims could jeopardize a significant amount of federal Medicaid participation in this program. The prospective resolution of this matter led to a decline in federal aid of \$1.1 billion annually. A similar amount of federal aid is at risk for any period of retroactivity that may be challenged by CMS. The Updated Financial Plan indicates that these kinds of matters often are resolved with a prospective solution (as already begun by the State), and the State is not aware of any like attempts by the federal government to retroactively recover federal aid of this size that was paid in accordance with a State approved plan.

Debt outstanding and debt service costs over the course of the plan period are projected to remain below the limits prescribed by the Debt Reform Act of 2000 (Debt Reform Act) based on the updated forecasts in the Updated Financial Plan. However, the State is currently in a period of relatively limited debt capacity. The available room under the debt outstanding cap is expected to decline from \$3.6 billion in 2012-13 to \$560 million in 2015-16, then increase. These estimates include the potential impact of new capital spending included in DOB 's ten-year capital commitment and disbursement projections for State agencies. The State is continuing to implement measures to further adjust capital spending priorities and debt financing practices to stay in compliance with the statutory outstanding debt limit.

The Federal Budget Control Act of 2011 (BCA) imposed annual caps on federal discretionary spending over a ten-year period and mandated an additional \$1.2 trillion in deficit reduction, which, if not enacted, would be accomplished through the sequestration of funds in fiscal year 2012-13 and reduced discretionary spending caps in subsequent years. A sweeping 5 percent decrease in fiscal year 2012-13 funding for federal non-defense discretionary programs was enacted because the prescribed deficit reduction was not achieved by the March 1, 2013 deadline. If Congress fails to achieve the BCA deficit reduction requirements, DOB estimates that the State and local governments could sacrifice an estimated \$5 billion in federal aid over nine years, mostly by decrease in pass-through aid to individuals, school districts, not-for-profit providers and other beneficiaries.

Substantially all of the State 's employees become eligible for post-retirement benefits if they reach retirement while working for the State. In accordance with the GASB Statement 45, the State must perform an actuarial valuation every two years for purposes of calculating Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) represents the annual level of funding that, if set aside on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities of the plan over a maximum period of thirty years. Any amounts required but not actually set aside to pay for these benefits are accumulated with interest as part of the net OPEB obligation, after adjusting for amounts previously required. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability for fiscal year 2012-13 is \$66.5 billion (\$54.3 billion for the State and \$12.2 billion for the State University of New York (SUNY)), determined using the Frozen Entry Age actuarial cost method, and is amortized over an open period of 30 years using the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability for fiscal year 2012-13 used an actuarial valuation of OPEB liabilities as of April 1, 2012 for the State and as of April 1, 2010 for SUNY. The annual OPEB cost for fiscal year 2012-13 totaled \$3.4 billion (\$2.6 billion for the State and \$0.8 billion for SUNY) under the Frozen Entry Age actuarial cost method, allocating costs on a level basis over earnings. The \$3.4 billion total was \$2.0 billion (\$1.4 billion for the State and \$0.6 billion for SUNY) above payments for retiree costs made by the State in fiscal year 2012-13. That

difference reduced the State's net asset condition at the end of Fiscal year 2012-13 by \$2.5 billion. GASB does not require the additional costs to be funded in the State's budgetary basis, and no funding is assumed for this purpose in the Updated Financial Plan.

The State's Secured Hospital Program enables certain financially distressed not-for-profit hospitals to gain access to the capital markets. Under the Secured Hospital Program, the State is obligated to pay debt service, subject to annual appropriations by the Legislature, on certain bonds in the event there are shortfalls in revenues from other sources, including hospital payments and certain reserve funds held by the applicable trustees for the bonds. As of March 31, 2013, there was a total of \$421 million of outstanding bonds for the program. The financial condition of most of the nine hospitals in the Secured Hospital Program is deteriorating, and some are experiencing significant operating losses that are likely to impair their ability to remain current on their loan payment obligations. The Updated Financial Plan assumes additional costs of \$13 million in fiscal year 2013-14, \$30 million annually in fiscal years 2014-15 through 2016-17, and \$17 million in fiscal year 2017-18 for the Secured Hospital Program. Such amounts are based on the actual experience of the participants in the program as of the date of the Updated Financial Plan, and would cover the debt service costs for the four hospitals that currently are not meeting the terms of their loan agreements. In relation to the entire Secured Hospitals Program portfolio, a maximum annual exposure to the State of up to \$44 million would be realized if reserve funds held by trustees were fully depleted and if all remaining hospitals in the Secured Hospitals Program failed to meet the terms of their loan agreements.

Implementation of the Updated Financial Plan relies on the State's ability to successfully market its bonds. The State primarily finances much of its capital spending from the General Fund or STIP, which it subsequently reimburses with proceeds from the sale of bonds. If the State cannot sell bonds at the levels (or on the timetable) anticipated in the State's capital plan, the State's overall cash position and capital funding plan may be adversely affected. The success of expected public sales will depend on prevailing market conditions. Future developments in the financial markets generally, and future developments regarding the State and public discussion of those developments, may affect the market for outstanding State-supported and State-related debt.

Recent State Fiscal Years

The State Comptroller has reported that the General Fund ended the 2012-13 fiscal year with the following audited results in accordance with GAAP for governments as promulgated by the GASB. Total receipts for fiscal year 2012-13, including transfers from other funds, were \$58.8 billion. Disbursements, including transfers to other funds, totaled \$59.0 billion. The General Fund ended fiscal year 2012-13 with a closing cash fund balance of \$1.6 billion. The balance consists of \$1.1 billion in the Tax Stabilization Reserve Fund, \$175 million in the Rainy Day Reserve Fund, \$21 million in the Contingency Reserve Fund, \$93 million in the Community Projects Fund and \$190 million total in reserves. The Updated Financial Plan assumes that the undesignated fund balance of \$100 million at the end of fiscal year 2012-13 will be used in fiscal year 2013-14 to cover the timing of certain costs regarding disaster assistance that were budgeted in fiscal year 2012-13, but are currently projected to be charged to the General Fund in fiscal year 2013-14.

State Debt

The debt of the State and of certain public authorities (Authorities) consists of State-supported debt and State-related debt. State-supported debt is a subcategory of State-related debt.

State-supported debt includes: (1) general obligation debt of the State to which the full faith and credit of the State has been pledged; (2) lease-purchase and contractual-obligations of public Authorities and municipalities where the State's obligations to make payments to those public Authorities and municipalities to cover debt service on those instruments is dependent on annual appropriations made by the Legislature and not based upon general obligations of the State; (3) long-term obligations issued by the Local Government Assistance Corporation Program, a public benefit corporation empowered to issue long-term obligations to fund certain payments to local governments traditionally funded through the State's annual seasonal borrowing; and (4) State PIT Revenue Bond Financing (State PIT Revenue Bonds), which is issued by certain Authorities. The legislation enacting the issuance of State Pit Revenue Bonds provides that 25 percent of PIT receipts, excluding refunds owed to taxpayers, must be deposited into the Revenue Bond Tax Fund to be used to make debt service payments on these bonds. Legislation enacted in 2007 increased, under certain circumstances, the amount of PIT receipts to be deposited into the Revenue Bond Tax Fund by removing an exclusion for PIT amounts deposited to the STAR Fund.

State-related debt is a broader category of state debt that includes State-related debt but also includes State-guaranteed debt, moral obligation financings, certain contingent-contractual obligation financings, and certain other State financings (Other State Financings). Debt service on State-guaranteed debt, moral obligation financings, and the contingent-contractual obligation financings is expected to be paid from sources other than the State and State appropriations are contingent in that they may be made and used only under certain circumstances. Other State Financings relates to debt issued by an Authority on behalf of a municipality. These include capital leases, mortgage loan commitments and debt of the municipal bond bank agency to finance prior year school claims. The municipality pays debt service on such financings by assigning specified State and local assistance payments it receives. The State does not have any obligation to continue to appropriate the local assistance payments that are the subject of the municipality assignments or make any debt service payments on such financings.

As of March 31, 2013, the State had approximately \$3.5 billion outstanding in general obligation debt, \$8.6 billion in debt relating to lease-purchase and other service contract financing of State capital programs, \$26.5 billion in State PIT Revenue Bonds, \$13.9 billion in other revenue bonds, \$2.8 billion in debt from the Local Government Assistance Corporation, \$2.8 billion outstanding in contingent-contractual obligation financings, \$15.3 million in moral obligations financing, \$15.4 million in State guaranteed debt and \$294 million in other State financings. The Updated Financial Plan projects debt issuances of \$5.1 billion in fiscal year 2013-14 to finance new capital projects, which is an increase of \$1.5 billion (42 percent) from fiscal year 2012-13. The following new debt issuances are projected to be issued for 2013-14: \$1.9 billion for transportation; \$1.7 billion for education; \$459 million for health and mental hygiene; \$424 million for economic development; \$362 million for the environment; and \$323 million for State facilities and equipment.

Total State-related debt outstanding is projected to increase from \$55.7 billion in 2012-13 to \$56.9 billion in 2013-14. The estimated debt service on State-related debt for the 2013-14 fiscal year is expected to be approximately \$6.3 billion. Total State-supported debt is projected to increase from \$52.5 billion in 2012-13 to \$54.1 billion in 2013-14. The estimated debt service on State-supported debt for the 2013-14 fiscal year is expected to be approximately \$6.1 billion, a decline of \$78 million from fiscal year 2012-13. New State-supported debt issued on or after April 1, 2000 is subject to the Debt Reform Act. This Act imposes caps on new debt outstanding and new debt service costs, restricts the use of debt to capital works and purposes only and restricts the maximum term of debt issuances to

no more than 30 years. Total State-supported debt service costs as a percent of total governmental funds receipts is estimated to be 2.8 percent in fiscal year 2013-14 with respect to debt service subject to the Debt Reform Act caps.

The State's outstanding General Obligation bonds were rated AA with a positive outlook by Fitch as of September 5, 2013, Aa2 with a positive outlook by Moody's as of August 22, 2013, and AA with a positive outlook by S&P as of March 6, 2013. Ratings reflect only the respective views of such organizations, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency that furnished the rating. There is no assurance that a particular rating will continue for any given period of time or that any such rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely, if in the judgment of the agency originally establishing the rating, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal could have an adverse effect on the market prices of the State general obligation bonds.

Litigation

The State is a defendant in certain court cases that could ultimately affect the ability of the State to maintain a balanced Updated Financial Plan. The State believes that the proposed Updated Financial Plan includes sufficient reserves to offset the costs associated with any potential adverse rulings. In addition, any potential amounts may be structured over a multi-year period. However, it is possible that adverse decisions in legal proceedings against the State could exceed the amount of all potential Updated Financial Plan resources set aside for judgments, and consequently could negatively affect the State's ability to maintain a balanced Updated Financial Plan. The disclosure below only includes litigation where the State deems the monetary claims against the State to be material or that involves significant challenges to or impacts on the State's financial policies or practices. The State generally only deems a monetary claim to be material if it exceeds \$100 million. Furthermore, the litigation discussed below does not include all pending material matters and it does not include any pending material matter where the State's legal counsel has advised that it is not probable that the State will suffer adverse decisions.

There are a number of suits pending against the State by Indian tribes that claim Indian land was taken illegally by the State. The disputed portions of land in these suits range from 15,000 acres to a strip of land varying in width from about 10 miles to more than 40 miles, including the area constituting the City of Syracuse. The remedies sought in these suits include, among other things, assertions of a possessory interest in the land, ejectment, claims seeking the difference between the amount paid for the lands and the fair market value of the lands at the time of the transaction, monetary damages and prejudgment interest. Taken together, two significant decisions rendered by the Supreme Court and the Second Circuit Court of Appeals in *City of Sherrill v. Oneida Indian Nation of New York*, 544 U.S. 197 (2005), and *Cayuga Indian Nation of New York v. Pataki*, 413 F.3d 266 (2d Cir. 2005), cert. denied, 126 S.Ct. 2021, 2022 (2006) made clear that the equitable doctrines of laches, acquiescence, and impossibility can bar ancient land claims. Relying on these decisions, in *Oneida Indian Nation et al. v. County of Oneida et al.*, 617 F.3d 114 (2d Cir. 2010), the Second Circuit Court of Appeals dismissed the Oneida land claim. The United States Supreme Court, on October 17, 2011, denied plaintiffs' petitions for certiorari to review the decision of the Second Circuit. On May 16, 2013, the State, Madison and Oneida Counties, and the Oneida Indian Nation executed a settlement agreement that, among other things, would institute a limit on the amount of land the tribe could reacquire and have taken into trust for its benefit by the United States. The agreement has been approved by the State Legislature, but is still pending approval, where applicable, by the State Office

of the Attorney General and the federal court. See *Oneida Indian Nation of New York et al. v. State of New York*. Some of the pending major cases that involve Indian claims include *Canadian St. Regis Band of Mohawk Indians, et al., v. State of New York, et al.*; and *The Onondaga Nation v. The State of New York, et al.* (NDNY); *Shinnecock Indian Nation v. State of New York, et al.* (EDNY).

There is a nationwide arbitration proceeding pending against the State involving the 1998 Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) between tobacco manufacturers who are party to the MSA (PMs) and 46 settling states (including the State), plus some territories and the District of Columbia (collectively the Settling States). Under the MSA, the PMs pay the Settling States each year in perpetuity a base payment to compensate for economic harm to the Settling States for smoking-related illness. In exchange for the payments by the PMs and imposition of certain tobacco advertising and marketing restrictions among other things, the MSA releases the PMs from past and present smoking-related claims by States and provides for a continuing release of future smoking-related claims. In order to keep the base payment under the MSA, each Settling State must pass and diligently enforce a statute that requires tobacco manufacturers who are not party to the MSA (Non-Participating Manufacturers or NPMs) to deposit in escrow an amount roughly equal to the amount that PMs pay per pack sold. The State s allocable share of the total payment is about 12.8 percent of the total, or approximately \$800 million on an annual basis.

In the nationwide arbitration proceeding against the State, the PMs allege violations of the terms of the MSA by the Settling States (except for Montana) for 2003 with respect to their treatment of tobacco manufacturers who are not party to the MSA. The PMs seek a downward adjustment of the payment due in that year which would serve as a credit against future payments. Any such claims for years prior to 2003 were settled in 2003. The PMs are making the identical claim for 2004-2006, but none of those years are currently in arbitration. The arbitration panel has thus far ruled, among other things, that the Settling States involved have the burden of proof in establishing diligent enforcement of the escrow statutes and that the 2003 settlement of prior NPM Adjustment claims, does not preclude the PMs from basing their claim for a 2003 NPM Adjustment on 2002 NPM sales. A hearing on issues common to all states took place in Chicago on April 16-24, 2012. State-specific hearings commenced in May 2012, starting with the hearings involving Missouri and Illinois. The State s diligent enforcement hearings occurred June 25-29, 2012. The final state-specific diligent enforcement hearing occurred May 21-24, 2013. The State anticipates that the Panel will soon issue decisions on the merits of each state s diligence relating to 2003. In the event of an arbitration ruling adverse to the State s interest, the State expects that it will challenge the ruling by moving to set aside that arbitral award.

In December 2012, the PMs and 19 states (collectively the Signatory Parties) agreed to a term sheet allegedly settling the NPM Adjustment disputes for 2003-2012. The State and 31 other states and territories rejected the term sheet because of the negative impact of its terms on their respective states and territories. The Signatory Parties have sought the approval of the Panel in order to obtain an early release of MSA annual payments currently being held in a disputed payments account. Under the MSA reallocation provision, every state is either diligent or not diligent, and only diligent states are exempt from the NPM Adjustment. Any Signatory States removed from the calculation must still be treated as either diligent or not diligent for purposes of allocation of the NPM Adjustment. The non-joining states seek to have the Signatory States treated as non-diligent for purposes of allocation of the NPM Adjustment, to which the Signatory Parties object. The Panel held a status conference on January 22, 2013, and a hearing on March 7, 2013, to discuss the term sheet. The Panel subsequently issued a Partial Stipulated Settlement Award (Partial Award) on March 13, 2013, based on the provisions of the term sheet, that deemed the 20 states (collectively, the Signatory States) diligent for purposes

of allocation of the NPM Adjustment. Furthermore, the Panel created a process for reallocating any NPM Adjustment among non-diligent states that changes the terms of the MSA itself. Therefore, if the State is found to have been not diligent in its enforcement of its escrow statute in 2003, the State would have exposure not only for its portion of the NPM adjustment, but also for its proportionate share of the NPM Adjustment attributable to the Signatory States. The State, as well as several other states, has moved in its state court to vacate or modify the Partial Award.

State of New York, et al. v. The United States of America, et al., 06-CV-810 (WDNY) is an action by the State and the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority seeking (i) a declaration that defendants are liable under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) for the State's response costs and for damages to the State's natural resources stemming from nuclear contamination from the Western New York Nuclear Service Center in Cattaraugus County, New York (the Site), and a judgment compensating the State for such costs and damages, (ii) a declaration of defendants' responsibilities under the West Valley Demonstration Project Act (the Act) to decontaminate and decommission the Site as well as for future site monitoring and maintenance, and (iii) a declaration that the defendants are responsible for paying the fees for disposal of solidified high level radioactive waste at the Site under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act. Thus far, the combined federal and State costs as of the date of the Updated Financial Plan amount to approximately \$2.6 billion, with the State's expenses approaching \$320 million.

After commencement of the action, the parties engaged in court-ordered mediation, as a result of which a consent decree was approved and entered on August 17, 2010 resolving several key claims in the litigation. The Consent Decree identifies a specific cost share for each government for specified facilities and known areas of contamination, and sets forth a process for determining cost shares for contamination that may be identified in the future. The Consent Decree does not select or advocate the selection of any particular cleanup program for the Site, and cleanup decisions are being made via the ongoing Environmental Impact Statement process.

The Consent Decree also does not resolve two claims raised in the State's lawsuit: the State's natural resource damages claim and its Nuclear Waste Policy Act claim. The first claim, which the federal government has agreed to toll, will be pursued by the State Department of Environmental Conservation (as trustee of the State's natural resources) and the Attorney General's office. The claim concerning the federal government's obligation to pay fees for disposal of high level radioactive waste from the West Valley Demonstration Project under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act has not been settled or dismissed. The parties have agreed on a briefing schedule for competing motions to dismiss the Nuclear Waste Policy Act claim. Opening briefs by the State and the federal government have been filed with the Court, and reply briefs will be submitted later in 2013.

The plaintiffs in *Hampton Transportation Ventures, Inc. et al. v. Silver et al.* (now in Sup. Ct., Albany Co.) and other similar cases, including *William Floyd Union Free School District v. State* (now in Sup. Ct., New York Co.), *Town of Brookhaven v. Silver, et al.* (now in Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), *Town of Southampton and Town of Southold v. Silver* (now in Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), *Town of Huntington v. Silver* (now in Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), *Mangano v. Silver* (Sup. Ct., Nassau Co.), *Town of Smithtown v. Silver* (now part of the *Mangano* case in Sup. Ct., Nassau Co.) and *Vanderhoef v. Silver* (now in Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), plaintiffs challenge the constitutionality of 2009 Laws of New York chapter 25, which imposed certain taxes and fees, including a regional payroll tax, in the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District, the revenue from which is passed to the Metropolitan Transportation

Authority. Plaintiffs seek judgments declaring that the enactment of Chapter 25 violated State constitutional provisions relating to the need for a home rule message, supermajority requirements for enactment of special or local laws, single purpose appropriation bill, and liability for the debts of public authorities. In addition, plaintiffs demand a judgment declaring that enactment of chapter 25 violated provisions of the Public Authority Law § 1266 requiring that the Metropolitan Transportation Authority be self-sustaining. A village, a number of additional towns, Suffolk County and the Orange County Chamber of Commerce have joined the *Mangano* case as plaintiffs. Defendants in each of the cases have moved to change the venue of their respective cases to Albany County or New York County and the venue has changed in most of the cases. The plaintiffs in the *Huntington* and *Hampton* cases have appealed from the orders changing venue. In *Vanderhoef*, *Huntington*, *Floyd*, *Brookhaven Southampton/Southold* and *Hampton*, the defendants have moved for judgment in their favor. The plaintiffs in *Hampton* and *Floyd* voluntarily stipulated to discontinue their case after legislative amendment of the applicable statute exempted school districts from the mobility tax imposed by the statute on employers in the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District. The Supreme Court, Albany County issued decisions granting summary judgment to defendants in *Brookhaven*, *Huntington* and *Southampton/Southold*. The *Brookhaven*, *Huntington* and *Vanderhoef* plaintiffs have appealed from those decisions but failed to perfect their appeals within nine months after the date of their notices of appeal, which, pursuant to the Rules of the Third Department, means their appeals are deemed abandoned. The plaintiffs in *Vanderhoef* attempted to file an appellate brief, but it was rejected by the Appellate Division, Third Department, as untimely. Plaintiffs subsequently moved for leave to perfect their appeal notwithstanding their delay and the Appellate Division granted their request; the defendants' appeal has been fully briefed and is scheduled for oral argument in November 2013.

In *Mangano*, the Supreme Court, Nassau County denied defendants' motion for change of venue. All parties moved for summary judgment in Supreme Court, Nassau County. By decision dated August 22, 2012, the Supreme Court (a) granted summary judgment to the defendants to the extent of dismissing the claims against certain of the individual State defendants on the ground of legislative immunity, but (b) granted summary judgment to plaintiffs to the extent that it held the MTA payroll tax unconstitutionally impinged on the home rule powers guaranteed under Article IX of the New York State Constitution. Judgment in accordance with that decision was entered October 1, 2012 and all defendants have appealed. The defendant-appellants' briefs on appeal and plaintiff-respondent's briefs have been filed in the Appellate Division, Second Department. On February 20, 2013, the Appellate Division granted the New York State AFL-CIO, Transport Workers Union Local 100 and New York State Transport Union Conference leave to file an amicus curiae brief in support of the State's position. On or about October 26, 2012, the Towns of Southampton and Southold, despite their previous failed challenge to the tax, brought suit in the New York Court of Claims entitled *The Town of Southampton and the Town of Southold v. The State of New York, et al.*, in which they seek, based on the *Mangano* decision, refund of all monies paid under the payroll tax, as well as injunctive relief barring collection of the tax from them in the future. The State's motion to dismiss the claim in the Court of Claims has been fully briefed and is awaiting decision, but the Court has indicated that it intends to await the decision of the Appellate Division in the *Mangano* case prior to deciding the motion.

In *Maisto v. State of New York* (formerly identified as *Hussein v. State of New York*), plaintiffs seek a judgment declaring that the State's system of financing public education violates section 1 of article 11 of the State Constitution, on the ground that it fails to provide a sound basic education. In a decision and order dated July 21, 2009, Supreme Court, Albany County, denied the State's motion to dismiss the action. The State appealed this denial to the Appellate Division, Third Department. On

January 13, 2011, the Appellate Division, Third Department, affirmed the denial of the motion to dismiss. On May 6, 2011, the Third Department granted defendants leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals. On September 15, 2011, the Court of Appeals placed the appeal on track for full briefing and oral argument. The appeal was argued April 26, 2012. On June 26, 2012, the Court of Appeals affirmed the denial of the State's motion to dismiss. Furthermore, on August 18, 2011, Supreme Court, Albany County granted the State's motion to stay all proceedings in the case until further order of the court or a decision from the Court of Appeals. Subsequently, plaintiffs filed a motion to have the stay vacated or modified to permit the continuation of depositions and the filing of a motion for partial summary judgment. In a Decision/Order dated December 6, 2011, Supreme Court, Albany County, granted plaintiffs' motion for renewal and modified the stay to allow discovery to continue, but refused to allow plaintiffs to file a motion for partial summary judgment or any other dispositive motion. Depositions are being conducted. The discovery deadline was May 3, 2013. The note of issue was filed on May 13, 2013, and the trial is scheduled for November 20, 2013.

In *Aristy-Farer, et al. v. The State of New York, et al.* (Sup. Ct., N.Y. Co.), commenced February 6, 2013, plaintiffs seek a judgment declaring that the provisions of L. 2012, Chapter 53 and L. 2012, Chapter 57, Part A Section 1, which links payment of State school aid increases for 2012-2013 to submission of approvable teacher evaluation plans by local school districts violates, among other provisions of the State Constitution, Article XI, Section 1, because implementation of the statutes would prevent students from receiving a sound basic education. Plaintiffs moved to enjoin the defendants from taking any actions to that would reduce payment of State aid disbursements referred to as General Support for Public Schools (GSPS) to the City pending a final determination, and the State opposed this motion. By order dated February 19, 2013, the Court granted the motion for preliminary injunction. The State appealed, and on May 21, 2013, the Appellate Division, First Department, denied plaintiffs' motion for a stay pending appeal. Consequently, plaintiffs have agreed to vacate their preliminary injunction and the State will withdraw its appeal. The action remains pending in Supreme Court, New York County.

In *New York State United Teachers, et al. v. The State of New York, et al.* (Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), commenced February 20, 2013, plaintiffs seek a judgment declaring that the provisions of Education Law Section 2023-a, which limits the tax that school districts may levy on real property within their districts, violates, among other provisions of the State Constitution, Article XI, Section 1, because implementation of the statute would prevent students from receiving a sound basic education and impair the right of plaintiffs to substantially control school district finances. Plaintiffs also seek injunctive relief barring application of the statutory tax cap to local education funding.

In *Kateri Residence v. Novello* (Sup. Ct., New York Co.) and several other cases, plaintiffs challenge a number of nursing home rate methodologies, including the reserve bed patient day adjustment, which regulates payments to nursing homes when long term care patients are receiving off-site care. Supreme Court, New York County, granted partial summary judgment to plaintiffs in *Kateri*, finding that the reserve bed patient day adjustment rate methodology was improper. In addition, the Court directed the defendant to re-compute Medicaid rates for the plaintiffs' facilities. The deadline for such re-computation is June 28, 2013. The Appellate Division, First Department affirmed the Supreme Court's partial summary judgment decision on interlocutory appeal and remanded the case to the Supreme Court for further proceedings. The Court of Appeals denied leave to appeal on the grounds that the decision was not final. The parties are now conducting discovery.

In *Oneida Indian Nation of New York v. Paterson, et al.* and four consolidated cases, the tribal plaintiffs seek declaratory judgments that their rights under federal law have been violated by Chapters 134 and 136 of the Laws of 2010, which amended the Tax Law regarding collection of excise taxes on reservation cigarette sales to non-tribal members and enjoining the State from enforcing those laws. The District Court for the Western District of New York rejected plaintiffs' motions for preliminary injunctions in four of the five cases, but granted a stay of enforcement pending plaintiffs' appeal. Plaintiff's motion for a preliminary injunction was granted by the District Court for the Northern District of New York in the fifth case. The Second Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the Western District's orders on May 9, 2011, which denied the plaintiffs' motions for preliminary injunctions, and vacated the Northern District's order granting the motion for a preliminary injunction, vacated all stays pending appeal, and remanded the cases to the District Courts for further proceedings consistent with the Court's opinion. In the Northern and Western District cases, the State has moved for summary judgment and the plaintiffs have moved for voluntary dismissal without prejudice. The motions were taken on submission in the Northern District on November 25, 2011 and argued in the Western District on December 20, 2011. On January 9, 2012, the District Court for the Northern District of New York granted plaintiff's motion for voluntary dismissal without prejudice and denied the State defendants' motion for summary judgment as moot.

In *New York Insurance Association, Inc. v. State* (Sup. Ct., Albany Co.), several insurance companies and an association of insurance companies seek a declaration that certain assessments issued against the plaintiff insurance companies by the Insurance Department pursuant to Insurance Law § 332 violate the Insurance Law and the State and federal Constitutions to the extent that the assessments include amounts for items that are not direct expenses of the Insurance Department. The plaintiff insurance companies allege, among other things, that these assessments constitute an unlawful tax because they include amounts for items that are not the legitimate direct and indirect costs of the Insurance Department. Depositions have been completed. The note of issue was filed on June 3, 2013, and the summary judgment motion deadline is October 4, 2013.

In July 2011, plaintiffs sued the State and other Defendants in *Akwesasne Convenience Store Association et al. v. State of New York*, in Supreme Court, Erie County, seeking a declaration that the statutory voucher system impermissibly burdens Indian commerce and is preempted by federal law and further seeking to enjoin the implementation, administration or enforcement of the system. The court denied plaintiffs' request for a temporary restraining order and, in a decision dated August 18, 2011, also denied plaintiffs' subsequent motion for a preliminary injunction. Plaintiffs appealed to the Appellate Division, Fourth Department, which denied plaintiffs' motion for a preliminary injunction pending appeal on September 14, 2011. By decision dated August 2, 2012, the Supreme Court, Erie County, granted defendants' motion for summary judgment dismissing the complaint and denied plaintiffs' cross motion for summary judgment. Plaintiffs appealed directly to the Court of Appeals by notice of appeal filed on October 12, 2012. On January 15, 2013, the Court of Appeals transferred the appeal to the Appellate Division, Fourth Department, on the grounds that a direct appeal to the Court of Appeals does not lie.

State Retirement Systems

The State and Local Retirement Systems (Systems) provide coverage for public employees of the State and its localities (except employees of the City and teachers, who are covered by separate plans). The State Constitution considers membership in any State pension or retirement system to be a contractual relationship, the benefits of which shall not be diminished or impaired. The present value of anticipated benefits for current members, retirees, and beneficiaries increased from \$198.6 billion

(including \$89.3 billion for current retirees and beneficiaries) on April 1, 2012 to \$204.5 billion (including \$93.7 billion for current retirees and beneficiaries) on April 1, 2013, and the net assets available for benefits as of March 31, 2012 were \$164.2 billion (including \$4.4 billion in receivables, consisting of employer contributions, amortized amounts, member contributions, member loans, accrued interest and dividends, investment sales and other miscellaneous receivables), an increase of \$10.8 billion or 7 percent from the fiscal year 2011-12 level of \$153.4 billion. Under the funding method used by the Systems, the anticipated benefits of current members, retirees and beneficiaries are expected to be sufficiently covered by the net assets, plus future actuarially determined contributions.

The investment losses experienced in fiscal year 2009 have negatively impacted the value of assets held for the Systems. The effect of the loss is spread over a 5-year period by the current actuarial smoothing method. Consequently, employer contribution rates have increased for fiscal years 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14. According to the Updated Financial Plan, employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2014-15 slightly decreased from the prior fiscal year. The amount of future annual increases will partly depend on the pension fund's value as of each April 1, and also on the present value of the expected benefits to be paid by the pension fund as of each April 1.

Contributions to the Systems are also provided by employers. In fiscal year 2012-13, the State paid \$1.4 billion in contributions (including Judiciary), including amortization payments of approximately \$87.1 million. The estimated State payment (including Judiciary) due March 1, 2014 is \$2.7 billion. As of August 1, 2013, the State has prepaid \$593.6 million and has been credited with the related interest adjustment. If the State (including Judiciary) were to opt to amortize the maximum amount permitted, the required payment would be reduced to approximately \$1.8 billion. The State payment for fiscal year 2013-14 is an estimate. If this amount changes, then the amount that can be amortized would also change.

Authorities

Generally, the fiscal stability of the State is partially dependent upon the fiscal stability of its public Authorities, including those which finance, construct and/or operate revenue-producing public facilities. These Authorities generally pay their own operating expenses and debt service costs from revenues generated by the projects they finance or operate, such as tolls charged for the use of highways, bridges or tunnels, charges for public power, electric and gas utility services, tuition and fees, rentals charged for housing units, and charges for occupancy at medical care facilities. In addition, State legislation also authorizes numerous financing structures, which may be used for the financings.

Furthermore, there are statutory arrangements that, under certain circumstances, authorize State local assistance payments otherwise payable to localities to be made rather to certain Authorities to secure the payment of debt service on their revenue bonds and notes. However, the State has no constitutional or statutory responsibility to give assistance to localities above amounts that have been appropriated therefor in any particular year. Some public Authorities also receive funds from State appropriations to pay for the operating costs of certain programs.

Authorities are not subject to the constitutional restrictions on the incurrence of debt that apply to the State itself and may issue bonds and notes within the amounts and restrictions provided for in legislative authorization. Not surprisingly, the State's access to the public credit markets could be impaired and the market price of its outstanding debt may be materially and adversely affected if certain of its Authorities were to default on their respective obligations. As of December 31, 2012

(with respect to the New York Job Development Authority, as of March 31, 2012), there were 19 Authorities with outstanding debt of \$100 million or more, and the aggregate outstanding debt, including refunding bonds, was approximately \$171 billion, only a portion of which constitutes State-supported or State-related debt.

Metropolitan Transportation Authority

In July 2013, MTA released its 2014 Preliminary Budget and Four-Year Financial Plan 2014-2017 (the MTA Plan) for itself and its affiliates and subsidiaries, which operate various rail, subway and bus services in the City and the surrounding area. The MTA Plan reflects MTA's response of seeking greater operational efficiency and additional cost saving initiatives. Although MTA's finances have improved and there have been signs of regional economic recovery, if the recovery were to falter and negatively impact the regional economy, MTA has limited financial reserves to offset lower-than-expected operating revenues, taxes and subsidies. Furthermore, the MTA Plan assumes that State budget actions will provide full remittance to MTA of all resources collected on MTA's behalf and that additional efficiency savings will be identified and that those efforts will be sustainable. Other risks to the MTA Plan include labor settlements falling short of the planned three year net zero wage growth and underfunding of the MTA Capital Program. In addition, the MTA faces long-term vulnerabilities due to, among other things, increased costs associated with certain mega projects reflected in the MTA Plan, uncertain support from the federal government for the MTA capital program and dramatically increased insurance costs as a result of two major weather events in two years. Indeed, the MTA Plan estimates MTA losses caused by Superstorm Sandy at \$5.1 billion, which includes an estimated \$350 million in operating losses, and an estimated \$4.8 billion in damages to MTA's infrastructure. MTA has also recognized the necessity to fund \$5.8 billion in resiliency projects to ensure that MTA assets are better suited to resist future storm events. The MTA Plan revealed an actual net cash balance of \$229 million in 2012 and estimated net cash balances of \$141 million in 2013 and \$6 million in 2014, with projected cash deficits of \$49 million in 2015, \$91 million in 2016 and \$100 million in 2017.

The official financial disclosure of the MTA and its subsidiaries is available by contacting the Metropolitan Transportation Authority, Finance Department, 347 Madison Avenue, 6th Floor, New York, New York 10017, or by visiting the MTA website at www.mta.info.

New York City Economy

The fiscal demands on the State may be affected by the fiscal condition of the City, which relies in part on State aid to balance its budget and meet its cash requirements. It is also possible that the State's finances may be affected by the ability of the City, and certain entities issuing debt for the benefit of the City, to market securities successfully in the public credit markets. There can be no assurance that there will not be reductions in State aid to the City from amounts currently projected; that State budgets in any given fiscal year will be adopted by the April 1 statutory deadline; that interim appropriations will be enacted; or that any such reductions or delays will not have adverse effects on the City's cash flow or expenditures.

The discussion that follows regarding the status of the City economy is based on information published by OMB no later than May 2, 2013. All predictions and past performance information regarding the City economy contained in this subsection were made by OMB on or prior to that date, even though they may be stated in the present tense, and may no longer be accurate. In conjunction

with this summary of the City economy you should also review the State Economy subsection of this Special Considerations Relating to New York section of this SAI which presents DOB's assessment of the national and State economy.

While the U.S. economy continues its sluggish growth, the City's economy has seen sustained growth after the financial crisis which started late in 2008. According to OMB, most sectors of the City's economy have experienced a rebound in activity, with several employment sectors exceeding their pre-financial crisis peaks. Wall Street had a strong 2012, booking \$23.9 billion in profits, after experiencing heavy losses in the second half of 2011. The strong earnings performance in 2012 did not, however, result in job creation, as employment levels suffered. Despite the fact that the total private employment in the City increased by more than 120,000 jobs from August 2011 through March 2013, the securities sector lost nearly 6,000 jobs over the same period and, as of March 2013, securities employment remains about 13 percent under its pre-recession peak of 189,000. Securities wage earnings are projected to be only one percent greater in 2012 (as adjusted to include first quarter 2013 bonus payments) over the prior year.

Although Wall Street firms were able to record strong profits in 2012, they still face uncertainty from the implementation of Dodd-Frank and the perseverance of the European debt crisis. As a result, firm profits are likely to decline to a more usual \$13.4 billion in 2013. Unlike the prior two years, however, when lower revenues lead to substantial payroll decreases, the pace of staffing reductions is expected to decline. Securities firms will remove an additional 1,000 jobs in 2013, before job growth slowly increases during the out-years. Additionally, because banks are modifying compensation plans to discourage risky behavior by including a greater share of restricted and deferred equity schemes that vest over several years and feature claw-back provisions, securities wage earnings are anticipated to stay virtually the same in 2013 before resuming modest growth through fiscal year 2017.

Unlike the financial sector, the continuing economic recovery has increased growth in professional and business services, as well as information and tourism-related sectors, such as retail trade and leisure and hospitality. The professional and business services sector has exceeded its pre-recession peak by 27,000 jobs, adding jobs in employment, computer and advertising services, and employment growth is projected to average a healthy increase of almost 16,000 jobs per year from 2013-2017. The information sector is beginning to become an engine of growth for the City again, stressing the change from traditional print publishing to more high-tech platforms such as social networking media. The sector has added about 12,000 jobs in the last three years, and will continue to grow by roughly 3,000 jobs per year, although employment levels are anticipated to stay under the dot-com peak. After recent increases of 3.0 percent and 2.6 percent in 2011 and 2012, respectively, overall private sector job growth in the City is expected to grow 1.6 percent in 2013 and 1.4 percent annually from 2014-2017. In addition, wages are expected to rise 2.1 percent in 2013, followed by an average growth of 2.3 percent per year through fiscal year 2016-17. As a result, overall wage earnings in the City are projected at about \$306 billion in 2013, exceeding the \$300 billion mark for the first time.

Tourism continues to be an important contributor to the City's economy, as the City welcomed an all-time high of 52 million visitors in 2012, exceeding the recent record of 50.9 million set in 2011. As a result, retail trade and the City's hotel industry have also prospered. The City has added more than 22,000 rooms to hotel inventories since 2002, an increase of 32 percent in capacity. Occupancy rates, which have floated above the 85 percent mark despite the additional rooms, are expected to return to more sustainable levels in 2013 and in the out-years. Average nightly room rates in 2012 experienced a modest 2.5 percent rise from 2011, and are projected to increase moderately in 2013 and in the out-years.

Residential real estate continued its upswing fueled by strong employment growth, pent-up demand and increased affordability as a result of near record-low mortgage rates. Overall sales volume increased 8.9 percent in 2012, a significant increase from 1.2 percent in 2011. Some of this activity, however, resulted from a flurry of deals at the end of 2012 driven by changes in federal tax law. Although the present pipeline of new construction is sparse, over the next few years permit issuance is projected to increase quickly. Commercial real estate performance, on the other hand, remains mixed. Even though office-using employment expanded by 26,000 jobs in 2012, overall leasing activity decreased from the strong prior year and net absorption was negative.

All the risks to the national and State economies apply to the City economy. OMB has identified the continuation of the European debt crisis and the national debate over fiscal tightening as possibly negatively affecting the City economy in a wide range of industries. Moreover, assumptions for continued profitability on Wall Street are based on continued economic growth and the Federal Reserve's ability to properly manage monetary policy.

The official financial disclosure of the City and the financing entities issuing debt on its behalf is available by contacting the Director of Investor Relations at (212) 788-5875 or contacting the City Office of Management and Budget, 75 Park Place, 6th Floor, New York, NY 10007.

New York City Financial Plan

On May 2, 2013, the Mayor's office released the Executive Budget and Four Year Financial Plan for Fiscal Years 2014-17 (the Executive Budget). On June 27, 2013, the City Council adopted the Executive Budget with certain modifications (the City Plan). The City's fiscal year for 2014 ends on June 30, 2014. (The City's fiscal year for 2015 will run from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.) The City Plan's projected revenues and expenditures for the 2014 fiscal year are balanced, in accordance with GAAP (except for the application of GASB Statement No. 49, which prescribes the accounting treatment of pollution remediation costs). However, the City Plan projects gaps of \$2.2 billion, \$1.9 billion and \$1.4 billion for fiscal years 2015, 2016 and 2017, respectively. The City Plan estimates total revenues of \$69.8 billion for 2014, and total revenues for each of the gap out-years of approximately \$72.6 billion in 2015, \$75.1 billion in 2016 and \$77.6 billion in 2017. The City Plan's projections for total expenditures for 2014 is \$69.8 billion and for each of the gap out-years is approximately \$74.8 billion in 2015, \$77.0 billion in 2016 and \$79.0 billion in 2017.

The staffs of the New York State Financial Control Board (FCB), Office of the State Deputy Comptroller for the City of New York (OSDC), the City Comptroller and the Independent Budget Office (IBO) issue periodic reports on the City's financial plans. Copies of the most recent reports are available by contacting: FCB, 123 William Street, 23rd Floor, New York, NY 10038, Attention: Executive Director; OSDC, 59 Maiden Lane, 29th Floor, New York, NY 10038, Attention: Deputy Comptroller; City Comptroller, Municipal Building, 6th Floor, One Centre Street, New York, NY 10007-2341, Attention: Deputy Comptroller for Budget; and IBO, 110 William Street, 14th Floor, New York, NY 10038, Attention: Director.

New York City Financing Program

Successful execution of the City Plan depends upon the City's ability to market its securities successfully. According to the City Plan, the City's program for financing capital projects for fiscal years 2013 through 2017 projects \$32.0 billion of long-term borrowing to support the City's current

capital program. This does not include State funded financing for education capital purposes through New York City Transitional Finance Authority (TFA) Building Aid Revenue Bonds (BARBS). The financing of the City's capital program is divided among General Obligation (GO) bonds, TFA bonds (other than BARBS) and New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority (NYW) bonds. During fiscal years 2014 through 2017, the City is expected to issue \$11.5 billion in GO bonds and the TFA is expected to issue \$13.6 billion in bonds. NYW's annual bonding amount (excluding refundings) will average about \$1.4 billion. In addition, TFA expects to issue \$4.6 billion in BARBS in fiscal years 2014 through 2017 to fund capital costs for the Department of Education.

The debt service for the City, TFA (excluding BARBS) and City appropriation debt or conduit debt, not including the effect of pre-payments, is 8.3 percent of the City's total budgeted revenues in 2013. That ratio is expected to increase to 10.0 percent in 2017. As a percentage of tax revenues, the debt service ratio is 13.2 percent in 2013 and is anticipated to grow to 14.9 percent in 2017.

For fiscal year 2013, the City's total debt outstanding issued through GO bonds, TFA bonds, TSASC bonds and Conduit Debt (other than TFA BARBS) is expected to be approximately \$68.0 billion. Another \$29.3 billion in NYW bonds are expected to be outstanding for fiscal year 2013. For fiscal year 2014, the City's total debt outstanding issued through GO bonds, TFA bonds, TSASC bonds and Conduit Debt (other than BARBS) is expected to be approximately \$70.9 billion. Another \$30.4 billion in NYW bonds are expected to be outstanding for fiscal year 2014.

The City Plan is predicated on numerous assumptions, including the condition of the City's and the region's economies and the associated receipt of economically sensitive tax revenues in the projected amounts. The City Plan is also subject to a variety of other factors.

In addition to borrowings related to capital projects, the City issues both revenue and tax anticipation notes to finance its seasonal working capital requirements. The success of projected public sales of City, NYW, TFA, TSASC and other bonds and notes will be subject to prevailing market conditions. The City's planned capital and operating expenditures are dependent upon the sale of its GO debt, as well as debt of the NYW, TFA, Dormitory Authority of the State of New York and TSASC.

The City's outstanding GO bonds were rated Aa2 with a stable outlook by Moody's as of October 1, 2013, AA with a stable outlook by Fitch as of September 30, 2013, and AA with a stable outlook by S&P as of September 29, 2013. Ratings reflect only the respective views of such organizations, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency that furnished the rating. There is no assurance that a particular rating will continue for any given period of time or that any such rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely, if in the judgment of the agency originally establishing the rating, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal could have an adverse effect on the market prices of the City's GO bonds.

Other Localities

Historically, the State has provided unrestricted financial assistance to cities, counties, towns and villages outside of the City. Certain localities outside the City have experienced financial problems and have consequently requested and received additional State assistance during the last several State fiscal years. While a relatively infrequent practice, deficit financing by local governments has become

more prevalent in recent years. Not included in the projections of the State's receipts and disbursements for the State's 2012-13 fiscal year or thereafter is the potential impact of any future requests by localities for additional financial assistance.

Like the State, localities must respond to changing political, economic and financial influences that can adversely affect their financial condition. For example, the State or federal government may decrease (or, potentially, eliminate) funding of local programs, therefore requiring localities to pay those expenditures using their own funds. Furthermore, prior cash flow problems for the State have caused delays in State aid payments, which in some instances, have necessitated short-term borrowing at the local level. Additional factors that have had, or could have, an impact on the fiscal condition of localities include: the loss of temporary federal stimulus funding; constitutional and statutory limitations on the imposition by localities and school districts of property, sales and other taxes; and for certain communities, the substantial upfront costs for rebuilding and clean-up after a natural disaster.

Localities may face unanticipated problems as a result of pending litigation, judicial decisions and long-range economic trends. They may also require additional State assistance because of other large-scale potential problems, such as declining urban populations, reductions in the real property tax base, increasing expenditures, or the loss of skilled manufacturing jobs. Severe financial difficulties could jeopardize localities access to the public credit markets, which may negatively impact the marketability of notes and bonds issued by the localities within the State.

Counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts and fire districts have engaged in substantial short-term and long-term borrowings. For the 2010-11 fiscal year, the total indebtedness for all localities in the State other than the City was approximately \$43.5 billion. This figure includes bonds issued by the localities and certain debt guaranteed by the localities, but excludes capital lease obligations, assets held in sinking funds, certain amounts available at the start of a fiscal year for redemption of debt, and the indebtedness of certain localities that did not file annual financial reports with the State Comptroller.

New York Tax Matters

The following is based upon the advice of K&L Gates LLP, special counsel to the Acquiring Fund.

The following is a general, abbreviated summary of certain provisions of the applicable New York tax law as presently in effect as it directly governs the taxation of New York resident individual, corporate, and unincorporated business shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. This summary does not address the taxation of other shareholders nor does it discuss any local taxes, other than New York City taxes, that may be applicable. These provisions are subject to change by legislative or administrative action, and any such change may be retroactive with respect to Fund transactions.

The following is based on the assumptions that the Acquiring Fund will qualify under Subchapter M of the Code as a regulated investment company, that the Acquiring Fund will satisfy all the conditions which will cause the Acquiring Fund's distributions to qualify as exempt-interest dividends to shareholders for federal and New York purposes, and that the Acquiring Fund will make such distributions of income and gains as are necessary to qualify to be taxed as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes.

The Acquiring Fund will be subject to the New York Business Corporation Franchise Tax and the New York City General Corporation Tax only if it has a sufficient nexus with New York State or New York City. If it is subject to such taxes, it does not expect to pay a material amount of either tax.

Distributions paid by the Acquiring Fund will not be subject to the New York State personal income tax or the New York City personal income or unincorporated business taxes if the distributions are attributable to income earned by the Acquiring Fund as interest from obligations of the State of New York and its political subdivisions, or from obligations or securities of the United States, its territories and possessions, and any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent interest on such obligations is exempt from state taxation under federal law. Distributions excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes that are derived from interest on state and municipal securities other than New York issuers are generally subject to taxes in New York State and New York City. Additionally, other distributions from the Acquiring Fund, including distributions derived from taxable ordinary income and short-term gain, are generally not exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes. Distributions to a corporate shareholder will be subject to New York State corporate franchise tax and New York City general corporation tax.

Gain from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of shares will generally be subject to the New York State personal income and business corporation franchise taxes and the New York City personal income, unincorporated business, and general corporate taxes. Shares will not be subject to property taxes imposed by New York State or New York City. Interest on indebtedness incurred to purchase or carry shares generally is not deductible for New York State or New York City personal income tax purposes. Shares of the Acquiring Fund may be subject to New York estate tax if owned by a New York decedent at the time of death.

To the extent an investor is subject to state and local taxes outside of New York, distributions and dividends earned by an investment in the Acquiring Fund and gain from the sale of shares in the Acquiring Fund may represent taxable income.

Shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisors for more detailed information concerning New York State and local tax matters.

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The information contained in this Statement of Additional Information is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Statement of Additional Information is not an offer to sell these securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION,

DATED OCTOBER 8, 2013

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE REORGANIZATIONS OF

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND (NAN, NAN PrC, NAN PrD)

NUVEEN NEW YORK PERFORMANCE PLUS MUNICIPAL FUND, INC. (NNP)

AND NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND 2 (NXK, NXK PrC)

(EACH, A FUND AND COLLECTIVELY, THE FUNDS)

This Statement of Additional Information (SAI) is available to shareholders of Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (Performance Plus) and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (Dividend Advantage 2 and together with Performance Plus, the Target Funds or each individually, a Target Fund) in connection with the proposed reorganization of each Target Fund into Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (Dividend Advantage or the Acquiring Fund), pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the Agreement) that provides for: (i) the Acquiring Fund s acquisition of substantially all of the assets of each Target Fund in exchange for newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, par value \$0.01 per share, and newly issued Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share (VRDP Shares) or MuniFund Term Preferred Shares with a par value of \$0.01 per share and a liquidation preference of \$10 per share (MTP Shares) of the Acquiring Fund, as applicable, and the Acquiring Fund s assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of each Target Fund; and (ii) the distribution of the newly issued Acquiring Fund common shares and Acquiring Fund preferred shares received by each Target Fund to its common and preferred shareholders, respectively, as part of the liquidation, dissolution and termination of each Target Fund in accordance with applicable law (each, a Reorganization and together, the Reorganizations).

This SAI is not a prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus filed on Form N-14 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) dated [], 2013 relating to the proposed Reorganizations of the Target Funds into the Acquiring Fund (the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus). A copy of the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and other information may be obtained without charge by calling (800) 257-8787 or from the Funds website (<http://www.nuveen.com>). The information contained in, or that can be accessed through, the Funds website is not part of the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus or this SAI. You may also obtain a copy of the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus on the website of the SEC (<http://www.sec.gov>). Capitalized terms used but not defined in this SAI have the meanings ascribed to them in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

This SAI is dated [], 2013.

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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The following supplements the information contained in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus concerning the investment objectives and policies of the Funds. The investment policies described below, except as set forth under Investment Restrictions or otherwise noted, are not fundamental policies and may be changed by a Fund's Board of Trustees or Board of Directors, as applicable (each, a Board or the Board and each Trustee or Director, a Board Member) without the approval of shareholders.

The Funds have similar investment objectives and policies. For each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the investment objectives are to provide current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income tax and to enhance portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by investing in tax-exempt municipal bonds that the Adviser believes are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal market sectors that are undervalued. The primary investment objective of Performance Plus is to provide, through investment in a professionally managed portfolio of investment grade quality tax-exempt municipal securities, current income exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes. The secondary investment objective of Performance Plus is the enhancement of portfolio value relative to the New York municipal bond market through investments in tax-exempt municipal securities that, in the opinion of the Adviser, are underrated or undervalued or that represent municipal markets that are undervalued. With the exception of the reference to investment grade quality in the primary investment objective of Performance Plus and the characterization of the investment objectives as primary and secondary components, the investment objectives of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2 are otherwise consistent with those of Performance Plus. (As described more fully below, it is a non-fundamental policy of each Fund to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its managed assets in investment-grade securities.)

It is a fundamental policy of each Fund that, under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, including assets attributable to any principal amount of any borrowings (including the issuance of commercial paper or notes) or preferred shares outstanding (Managed Assets), in municipal securities and other related investments, the income from which is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes.

As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, each Fund will invest at least 80% of its Managed Assets in investment-grade securities that, at the time of investment, are rated within the four highest grades (Baa or BBB or better) by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (Nuveen Asset Management or the Sub-Adviser), the sub-adviser to each Fund. Also, as a non-fundamental policy, each Fund may invest up to 20% of its Managed Assets in municipal securities that, at the time of investment, are rated below investment grade or are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser. Additionally, as a non-fundamental policy, no more than 10% of each Fund's Managed Assets may be invested in municipal securities rated below B3/B- or that are unrated but judged to be of comparable quality by the Sub-Adviser.

Securities of below investment grade quality (Ba/BB or below) are commonly referred to as junk bonds. Issuers of securities rated Ba/BB or B are regarded as having current capacity to make principal and interest payments but are subject to business, financial or economic conditions which could adversely affect such payment capacity. Municipal securities rated below investment grade

quality are obligations of issuers that are considered predominately speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal according to the terms of the obligation and, therefore, carry greater investment risk, including the possibility of issuer default and bankruptcy and increased market price volatility. Municipal securities rated below investment grade tend to be less marketable than higher-quality securities because the market for them is less broad. The market for unrated municipal securities is even narrower. During periods of thin trading in these markets, the spread between bid and asked prices is likely to increase significantly and a Fund may have greater difficulty selling its portfolio securities. A Fund will be more dependent on the Sub-Adviser's research and analysis when investing in these securities. Municipal securities rated Baa or BBB are considered investment grade securities; municipal securities rated Baa are considered medium grade obligations which lack outstanding investment characteristics and have speculative characteristics, while municipal securities rated BBB are regarded as having adequate capacity to pay principal and interest. Municipal securities rated AAA in which a Fund may invest may have been so rated on the basis of the existence of insurance guaranteeing the timely payment, when due, of all principal and interest.

The foregoing credit quality policies apply only at the time a security is purchased, and a Fund is not required to dispose of a security in the event that a rating agency downgrades its assessment of the credit characteristics of a particular issuer or that valuation changes of various bonds cause a Fund's portfolio to fail to satisfy those policies. In determining whether to retain or sell such a security, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may consider such factors as the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's assessment of the credit quality of the issuer of such security, the price at which such security could be sold and the rating, if any, assigned to such security by other rating agencies. A general description of the ratings of municipal securities by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC business (S&P), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Fitch) is set forth in Appendix A to the Reorganization SAI.

Underrated municipal securities are those whose ratings do not, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, reflect their true value. Municipal securities may be underrated because of the time that has elapsed since their rating was assigned or reviewed, or because of positive factors that may not have been fully taken into account by rating agencies, or for other similar reasons. Municipal securities that are undervalued or that represent undervalued municipal market sectors are municipal securities that, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, are worth more than the value assigned to them in the marketplace. Municipal securities of particular types or purposes (e.g., hospital bonds, industrial revenue bonds or bonds issued by a particular municipal issuer) may be undervalued because there is a temporary excess of supply in that market sector, or because of a general decline in the market price of municipal securities of the market sector for reasons that do not apply to the particular municipal securities that are considered undervalued. Each Fund's investment in underrated or undervalued municipal securities will be based on the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's belief that the prices of such municipal securities should ultimately reflect their true value. The investment objective pertaining to enhancement of portfolio value (the secondary investment objective for Performance Plus) is not intended to suggest that capital appreciation is itself an objective of each Fund. Instead, each Fund seeks enhancement of portfolio value relative to the municipal bond market by prudent selection of municipal securities, regardless of which direction the market may move. Any capital appreciation realized by a Fund generally will result in the distribution of taxable capital gains to common shareholders and holders of preferred shares.

Each Fund will primarily invest in municipal securities with long-term maturities in order to maintain an average effective maturity of 15-30 years, including the effects of leverage, but the

average effective maturity of obligations held by a Fund may be shortened as a result of portfolio transactions effected by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, depending on market conditions. As a result, a Fund's portfolio at any given time may include both long-term and intermediate-term municipal securities. Moreover, during temporary defensive periods (e.g., times when, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, temporary imbalances of supply and demand or other temporary dislocations in the tax-exempt bond market adversely affect the price at which long-term or intermediate-term municipal securities are available), and in order to keep a Fund's cash fully invested, a Fund may invest any percentage of its net assets in short-term investments including high quality, short-term debt securities that may be either tax-exempt or taxable. A Fund will generally select obligations which may not be redeemed at the option of the issuer for approximately seven to nine years. As of March 31, 2013, the average effective maturities of the portfolios of the Acquiring Fund, Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 were 18.87, 18.39 and 19.50 years, respectively.

No Fund has established a limit on the percentage of its portfolio that may be invested in municipal bonds subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of federal tax law, and each Fund expects that a substantial portion of the income it produces will be includable in alternative minimum taxable income.

Each Fund may invest up to 10% of its Managed Assets in securities of other open- or closed-end investment companies (including exchange-traded funds) that invest primarily in municipal securities of the types in which a Fund may invest directly. In addition, each Fund may purchase municipal securities that are additionally secured by insurance, bank credit agreements or escrow accounts. The credit quality of companies that provide such credit enhancements may affect the value of those securities. Although the insurance feature may reduce certain financial risks, the premiums for insurance and the higher market price paid for insured obligations may reduce a Fund's income. The insurance feature does not guarantee the market value of the insured obligations, and the effectiveness and value of the insurance itself is dependent on the continued creditworthiness of the insurer.

Each Fund may enter into certain derivative instruments in pursuit of its investment objectives, including to seek to enhance return, to hedge some of the risk of the Fund's investments in municipal securities or as a substitute for a position in the underlying asset. Such instruments include financial futures contracts, swap contracts (including interest rate and credit default swaps), options on financial futures, options on swap contracts or other derivative instruments. A Fund may not enter into a futures contract or related options or forward contracts if more than 30% of the Fund's net assets would be represented by futures contracts or more than 5% of the Fund's net assets would be committed to initial margin deposits and premiums on futures contracts and related options.

Each Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities. With respect to the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, such investments may not exceed 15% of the Fund's Managed Assets. Inverse floating rate securities represent a leveraged investment in the underlying municipal bond deposited. Inverse floating rate securities offer the opportunity for higher income than the underlying bond, but will subject the Fund to the risk of lower or even no income if short-term interest rates rise sufficiently. By investing in an inverse floating rate security rather than directly in the underlying bond, the Fund will experience a greater increase in its common share net asset value if the underlying municipal bond increases in value, but will also experience a correspondingly larger decline in its common share net asset value if the underlying bond declines in value.

Each Fund may borrow money to finance the repurchase of its shares or for temporary or emergency purposes, such as for the payment of dividends or the settlement of portfolio transactions. Interest on any borrowings to finance share repurchase transactions or the accumulation of cash by a Fund in anticipation of share repurchases or tenders will reduce such Fund's net income. Any share repurchase, tender offer or borrowing that might be approved by a Fund's Board of Directors or Trustees, as applicable, would have to comply with the Exchange Act and the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

There is no assurance that a Fund will achieve its investment objectives.

A general description of the municipal securities ratings of Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC business (S&P), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Fitch) is set forth in Appendix A hereto. As also discussed below, the ratings of S&P, Moody's and Fitch represent their opinions as to the quality of the municipal securities they rate. It should be emphasized, however, that ratings are general and are not absolute standards of quality. Consequently, municipal securities with the same maturity, coupon and rating may have different yields while obligations of the same maturity and coupon with different ratings may have the same yield.

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

In addition to and supplementing the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, each Fund's portfolio will be composed principally of the investments described below.

Municipal Securities

General. Each Fund may invest in various municipal securities, including municipal bonds and notes, other securities issued to finance and refinance public projects, and other related securities and derivative instruments creating exposure to municipal bonds, notes and securities that provide for the payment of interest income that is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes (Municipal Obligations). Municipal Obligations are generally debt obligations issued by state and local governmental entities and may be issued by U.S. territories and possessions to finance or refinance public projects such as roads, schools, and water supply systems. Municipal Obligations may also be issued for private activities, such as housing, medical and educational facility construction, or for privately owned transportation, electric utility and pollution control projects. Municipal Obligations may be issued on a long-term basis to provide permanent financing. The repayment of such debt may be secured generally by a pledge of the full faith and credit taxing power of the issuer, a limited or special tax, or any other revenue source, including project revenues, which may include tolls, fees and other user charges, lease payments and mortgage payments. Municipal Obligations may also be issued to finance projects on a short-term interim basis, anticipating repayment with the proceeds of the later issuance of long-term debt. Each Fund may purchase Municipal Obligations in the form of bonds, notes, leases or certificates of participation structured as callable or non-callable with payment forms including fixed coupon, variable rate, zero coupon, capital appreciation bonds, tender option bonds, and residual interest bonds or inverse floating rate securities; or acquired through investments in pooled vehicles, partnerships or other investment companies. Inverse floating rate securities are securities that pay interest at rates that vary inversely with changes in prevailing short-term tax-exempt interest rates and represent a leveraged investment in an underlying municipal security, which could have the economic effect of financial leverage.

The municipal securities in which each Fund will invest are generally issued by the State of New York, New York City, a municipality in New York, or a political subdivision or agency or instrumentality of such state, city or municipality, and pay interest that, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer (or on the basis of other authority believed by the Adviser and/or Sub-Adviser to be reliable), is exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes, although the interest may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Each Fund may invest in municipal securities issued by U.S. territories (such as Puerto Rico or Guam) that are exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City income taxes.

Yields on municipal securities depend on many factors, including the condition of the general money market and the municipal bond market, the size of a particular offering, and the maturity and rating of a particular municipal security. Moody's, S&P's and Fitch's ratings represent their opinions of the quality of a particular municipal security, but these ratings are general and are not absolute quality standards. Therefore, municipal securities with the same maturity, coupon and rating may have different yields, while municipal securities with the same maturity and coupon and different ratings may have the same yield. The market value of municipal securities will vary with changes in interest rates and the ability of their issuers to make interest and principal payments.

Obligations of issuers of municipal securities are subject to the provisions of bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors, such as the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978. In addition, the obligations of such issuers may become subject to the laws enacted in the future by Congress, state legislatures or referenda extending the time for payment of principal or interest, or both, or imposing other constraints upon enforcement of such obligations or upon municipalities to levy taxes. There is also the possibility that, as a result of legislation or other conditions, the power or ability of any issuer to pay, when due, the principal of and interest on its municipal securities may be materially affected.

Each Fund has no intention to file a voluntary application for relief under federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as each Fund is solvent and does not foresee becoming insolvent.

Municipal Leases and Certificates of Participation. Also included within the general category of Municipal Obligations described above and in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus are municipal leases, certificates of participation in such lease obligations or installment purchase contract obligations (hereinafter collectively called "Municipal Lease Obligations") of municipal authorities or entities. Although a Municipal Lease Obligation does not constitute a general obligation of the municipality for which the municipality's taxing power is pledged, a Municipal Lease Obligation is ordinarily backed by the municipality's covenant to budget for, appropriate and make the payments due under the Municipal Lease Obligation. However, certain Municipal Lease Obligations contain "non-appropriation" clauses that relieve the governmental issuer of any obligation to make future lease or installment purchase payments unless money is appropriated for such purpose by the appropriate legislative body on a yearly or other periodic basis. In the case of a "non-appropriation" lease, a Fund's ability to recover under the lease in the event of non-appropriation or default will be limited solely to the repossession of the leased property, without recourse to the general credit of the lessee, and disposition or releasing of the property might prove difficult, time consuming and costly, and result in a delay in recovering, or the failure to recover fully, a Fund's original investment. In order to reduce this risk, a Fund will only purchase Municipal Lease Obligations where the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser believes the issuer has a strong incentive to continue making appropriations until maturity.

A certificate of participation represents an undivided interest in an unmanaged pool of municipal leases, an installment purchase agreement or other instruments. The certificates typically are issued by a municipal agency, a trust or other entity that has received an assignment of the payments to be made by the state or political subdivision under such leases or installment purchase agreements. Such certificates provide a Fund with the right to a *pro rata* undivided interest in the underlying municipal securities. In addition, such participations generally provide a Fund with the right to demand payment, on not more than seven days' notice, of all or any part of a Fund's participation interest in the underlying municipal securities, *plus* accrued interest.

Municipal Notes. Municipal securities in the form of notes generally are used to provide for short-term capital needs, in anticipation of an issuer's receipt of other revenues or financing, and typically have maturities of up to three years. Such instruments may include tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, bond anticipation notes, tax and revenue anticipation notes and construction loan notes. Tax anticipation notes are issued to finance the working capital needs of governments. Generally, they are issued in anticipation of various tax revenues, such as income, sales, property, use and business taxes, and are payable from these specific future taxes. Revenue anticipation notes are issued in expectation of receipt of other kinds of revenue, such as federal revenues available under federal revenue sharing programs. Bond anticipation notes are issued to provide interim financing until long-term bond financing can be arranged. In most cases, the long-term bonds then provide the funds needed for repayment of the bond anticipation notes. Tax and revenue anticipation notes combine the funding sources of both tax anticipation notes and revenue anticipation notes. Construction loan notes are sold to provide construction financing. Mortgage notes insured by the Federal Housing Authority secure these notes; however, the proceeds from the insurance may be less than the economic equivalent of the payment of principal and interest on the mortgage note if there has been a default. The anticipated revenues from taxes, grants or bond financing generally secure the obligations of an issuer of municipal notes. An investment in such instruments, however, presents a risk that the anticipated revenues will not be received or that such revenues will be insufficient to satisfy the issuer's payment obligations under the notes or that refinancing will be otherwise unavailable.

Pre-Refunded Municipal Securities. The principal of and interest on pre-refunded municipal securities are no longer paid from the original revenue source for the securities. Instead, the source of such payments is typically an escrow fund consisting of U.S. government securities. The assets in the escrow fund are derived from the proceeds of refunding bonds issued by the same issuer as the pre-refunded municipal securities. Issuers of municipal securities use this advance refunding technique to obtain more favorable terms with respect to securities that are not yet subject to call or redemption by the issuer. For example, advance refunding enables an issuer to refinance debt at lower market interest rates, restructure debt to improve cash flow or eliminate restrictive covenants in the indenture or other governing instrument for the pre-refunded municipal securities. However, except for a change in the revenue source from which principal and interest payments are made, the pre-refunded municipal securities remain outstanding on their original terms until they mature or are redeemed by the issuer.

Private Activity Bonds. Private activity bonds are issued by or on behalf of public authorities to obtain funds to provide privately operated housing facilities, airport, mass transit or port facilities, sewage disposal, solid waste disposal or hazardous waste treatment or disposal facilities and certain local facilities for water supply, gas or electricity. Other types of private activity bonds, the proceeds of which are used for the construction, equipment, repair or improvement of privately operated industrial or commercial facilities, may constitute municipal securities, although the current federal tax laws place substantial limitations on the size of such issues. A Fund's distributions of its interest income from private activity bonds may subject certain investors to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Inverse Floating Rate Securities. Each Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities. Inverse floating rate securities (sometimes referred to as inverse floaters or residual interest securities) are securities whose interest rates bear an inverse relationship to the interest rate on another security or the value of an index. Generally, inverse floating rate securities represent beneficial interests in a special purpose trust formed by a third-party sponsor for the purpose of holding municipal bonds. The special purpose trust typically sells two classes of beneficial interests or securities: floating rate securities (sometimes referred to as short-term floaters or tender option bonds) and inverse floating rate securities. Both classes of beneficial interests are represented by certificates. The short-term floating rate securities have first priority on the cash flow from the municipal bonds held by the special purpose trust. Typically, a third party, such as a bank, broker-dealer or other financial institution, grants the floating rate security holders the option, at periodic intervals, to tender their securities to the institution and receive the face value thereof. As consideration for providing the option, the financial institution receives periodic fees.

The holder of the short-term floater effectively holds a demand obligation that bears interest at the prevailing short-term, tax-exempt rate. However, the institution granting the tender option will not be obligated to accept tendered short-term floaters in the event of certain defaults or a significant downgrade in the credit rating assigned to the bond issuer. For its inverse floating rate investment, a Fund receives the residual cash flow from the special purpose trust. Because the holder of the short-term floater is generally assured liquidity at the face value of the security, a Fund as the holder of the inverse floater assumes the interest rate cash flow risk and the market value risk associated with the municipal security deposited into the special purpose trust. The volatility of the interest cash flow and the residual market value will vary with the degree to which the trust is leveraged. This is expressed in the ratio of the total face value of the short-term floaters in relation to the value of the inverse floaters that are issued by the special purpose trust, and can exceed three times for more highly leveraged trusts. All voting rights and decisions to be made with respect to any other rights relating to the municipal bonds held in the special purpose trust are passed through to a Fund, as the holder of the residual inverse floating rate securities.

Because increases in the interest rate on the short-term floaters reduce the residual interest paid on inverse floaters, and because fluctuations in the value of the municipal bond deposited in the special purpose trust affect the value of the inverse floater only, and not the value of the short-term floater issued by the trust, inverse floaters' value is generally more volatile than that of fixed rate bonds. The market price of inverse floating rate securities is generally more volatile than the underlying securities due to the leveraging effect of this ownership structure. These securities generally will underperform the market of fixed rate bonds in a rising interest rate environment (i.e., when bond values are falling), but tend to outperform the market of fixed rate bonds when interest rates decline or remain relatively stable. Although volatile, inverse floaters typically offer the potential for exceeding the yields available on fixed rate bonds with comparable credit quality, coupon, call provisions and maturity. Inverse floaters have varying degrees of liquidity based upon, among other things, the liquidity of the underlying securities deposited in a special purpose trust. A Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities issued by special purpose trusts whose sponsors have recourse to the Fund pursuant to a separate shortfall and forbearance agreement. Such an agreement would require a Fund to reimburse the third-party sponsor of the trust, upon termination of the trust issuing the inverse floater, for the difference between the liquidation value of the bonds held in the trust and the principal amount due to the holders of floating rate securities issued by the trust. A Fund will enter into such a recourse agreement (i) when the liquidity provider with respect to the floating rate securities issued by the special purpose trust requires such a recourse agreement because the level of leverage in the special

purpose trust exceeds the level that the liquidity provider is willing to support absent such an agreement; and/or (ii) to seek to prevent the liquidity provider from collapsing the special purpose trust in the event that the municipal obligation held in the trust has declined in value. In an instance where a Fund has entered such a recourse agreement, such Fund may suffer a loss that exceeds the amount of its original investment in the inverse floating rate securities; such loss could be as great as that original investment amount plus the face amount of the floating rate securities issued by the trust.

Each Fund will segregate or earmark liquid assets with its custodian in accordance with the 1940 Act to cover its obligations with respect to its investments in special purpose trusts. See also *Segregation of Assets* below.

A Fund may invest in both inverse floating rate securities and floating rate securities (as discussed below) issued by the same special purpose trust.

Investments in inverse floating rate securities have the economic effect of leverage. The use of leverage creates special risks for common shareholders. See the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus under *Risk Factors* *Inverse Floating Rate Securities Risk*.

Floating Rate Securities. Each Fund may also invest in floating rate securities, as described above, issued by special purpose trusts. Floating rate securities may take the form of short-term floating rate securities or the option period may be substantially longer. Generally, the interest rate earned will be based upon the market rates for municipal securities with maturities or remarketing provisions that are comparable in duration to the periodic interval of the tender option, which may vary from weekly, to monthly, to extended periods of one year or multiple years. Since the option feature has a shorter term than the final maturity or first call date of the underlying bond deposited in the trust, a Fund, as the holder of the floating rate securities, relies upon the terms of the agreement with the financial institution furnishing the option as well as the credit strength of that institution. As further assurance of liquidity, the terms of the trust provide for a liquidation of the municipal bond deposited in the trust and the application of the proceeds to pay off the floating rate securities. The trusts that are organized to issue both short-term floating rate securities and inverse floaters generally include liquidation triggers to protect the investor in the floating rate securities.

Special Taxing Districts. Special taxing districts are organized to plan and finance infrastructure developments to induce residential, commercial and industrial growth and redevelopment. The bond financing methods such as tax increment finance, tax assessment, special services district and Mello-Roos bonds, are generally payable solely from taxes or other revenues attributable to the specific projects financed by the bonds without recourse to the credit or taxing power of related or overlapping municipalities. They often are exposed to real estate development-related risks and can have more taxpayer concentration risk than general tax-supported bonds, such as general obligation bonds. Further, the fees, special taxes, or tax allocations and other revenues that are established to secure such financings are generally limited as to the rate or amount that may be levied or assessed and are not subject to increase pursuant to rate covenants or municipal or corporate guarantees. The bonds could default if development failed to progress as anticipated or if larger taxpayers failed to pay the assessments, fees and taxes as provided in the financing plans of the districts.

The foregoing information constitutes only a brief summary of some of the general factors which may impact certain issuers of municipal bonds and does not purport to be a complete or

exhaustive description of all adverse conditions to which the issuers of municipal bonds held by the Funds are subject. Additionally, many factors including national economic, social and environmental policies and conditions, which are not within the control of the issuers of the municipal bonds, could affect or could have an adverse impact on the financial condition of the issuers. The Funds are unable to predict whether or to what extent such factors or other factors may affect the issuers of the municipal bonds, the market value or marketability of the municipal bonds or the ability of the respective issuers of the municipal bonds acquired by a Fund to pay interest on or principal of the municipal bonds. This information has not been independently verified.

Derivatives and Hedging Strategies

The Funds may periodically engage in hedging transactions, and otherwise use various types of derivative instruments, described below, to reduce risk, to effectively gain particular market exposures, to seek to enhance returns, and to reduce transaction costs, among other reasons. In addition to inverse floating rate securities and structured notes, each Fund may invest in certain other derivative instruments in pursuit of its investment objectives. Such instruments include financial futures contracts, swap contracts (including interest rate and credit default swaps), options on financial futures, options on swap contracts or other derivative instruments whose prices, in the Adviser's and/or the Sub-Adviser's opinion, correlate with the prices of the Fund's investments. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser uses derivatives to shorten or lengthen the effective duration of a Fund's portfolio securities, and therefore the interest rate risk, and to adjust other aspects of the portfolio's risk/return profile. Each Fund may use these instruments if the Fund deems it more efficient from a transaction cost, total return or income standpoint than investing in cash securities.

Hedging is a term used for various methods of seeking to preserve portfolio capital value by offsetting price changes in one investment through making another investment whose price should tend to move in the opposite direction.

A derivative is a financial contract whose value is based on (or derived from) a traditional security (such as a stock or a bond), an asset (such as a commodity like gold), or a market index (such as the Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index). Some forms of derivatives may trade on exchanges, while non-standardized derivatives, which tend to be more specialized and complex, trade in over-the-counter or a one-on-one basis. It may be desirable and possible in various market environments to partially hedge the portfolio against fluctuations in market value due to market interest rate or credit quality fluctuations, or instead to gain a desired investment exposure, by entering into various types of derivative transactions, including financial futures and index futures as well as related put and call options on such instruments, structured notes, or interest rate swaps on taxable or tax-exempt securities or indexes (which may be forward-starting), credit default swaps, and options on interest rate swaps, among others.

These transactions present certain risks. In particular, the imperfect correlation between price movements in the futures contract and price movements in the securities being hedged creates the possibility that losses on the hedge by the Funds may be greater than gains in the value of the securities in the Funds' portfolios. In addition, futures and options markets may not be liquid in all circumstances. As a result, in volatile markets, the Funds may not be able to close out the transaction without incurring losses substantially greater than the initial deposit. Finally, the potential deposit requirements in futures contracts create an ongoing greater potential financial risk than do options transactions, where the exposure is limited to the cost of the initial premium. Losses due to hedging

transactions will reduce yield. Net gains, if any, from hedging and other portfolio transactions will be distributed as taxable distributions to shareholders. These hedging strategies may generate taxable income.

The Fund will invest in these instruments only in markets believed by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser to be active and sufficiently liquid.

The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser may use derivative instruments to seek to enhance return, to hedge some of the risk of a Fund's investments in municipal securities or as a substitute for a position in the underlying asset. These types of strategies may generate taxable income.

There is no assurance that these derivative strategies will be available at any time or that the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will determine to use them for a Fund or, if used, that the strategies will be successful.

Swap Transactions. The Funds may enter into total return, interest rate and credit default swap agreements and interest rate caps, floors and collars. The Funds may also enter into options on the foregoing types of swap agreements (swap options).

Each Fund may enter into swap transactions for any purpose consistent with its investment objective, such as for the purpose of attempting to obtain or preserve a particular return or spread at a lower cost than obtaining a return or spread through purchases and/or sales of instruments in other markets, as a duration management technique, to reduce risk arising from the ownership of a particular instrument, or to gain exposure to certain sectors or markets in the most economical way possible.

Swap agreements are two party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified period of time. In a standard swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the returns (or differentials in rates of return) earned or realized on a particular predetermined asset, reference rate or index. The gross returns to be exchanged or swapped between the parties are generally calculated with respect to a notional amount, e.g., the return on or increase in value of a particular dollar amount invested at a particular interest rate or in a basket of securities representing a particular index. The notional amount of the swap agreement generally is only used as a basis upon which to calculate the obligations that the parties to the swap agreement have agreed to exchange. A Fund's current obligations under a net swap agreement will be accrued daily (offset against any amounts owed to the Fund) and any accrued but unpaid net amounts owed to a swap counterparty will be covered by assets determined to be liquid by the Sub-Adviser. See Segregation of Assets below.

Some, but not all, swaps may be cleared, in which case a central clearing counterparty stands between each buyer and seller and effectively guarantees performance of each contract, to the extent of its available resources for such purpose. Uncleared swaps have no such protection; each party bears the risk that its direct counterparty will default.

Interest Rate Swaps, Caps, Collars and Floors. Interest rate swaps are bilateral contracts in which each party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on different referenced interest rates (e.g., a fixed rate and a floating rate) applied to a specified notional amount. The purchase of an interest rate floor entitles the purchaser, to the extent that a specified index falls below a predetermined interest rate, to receive payments of interest on a notional principal amount from the party selling such interest rate floor. The purchase of an interest rate cap entitles the purchaser, to the

extent that a specified index rises above a predetermined interest rate, to receive payments of interest on a notional principal amount from the party selling such interest rate cap. Interest rate collars involve selling a cap and purchasing a floor or vice versa to protect a Fund against interest rate movements exceeding given minimum or maximum levels.

The use of interest rate transactions, such as interest rate swaps and caps, is a highly specialized activity that involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio security transactions. Depending on the state of interest rates in general, a Fund's use of interest rate swaps or caps could enhance or harm the overall performance of such Fund's common shares. To the extent there is a decline in interest rates, the value of the interest rate swap or cap could decline, and could result in a decline in the net asset value of the common shares. In addition, if short-term interest rates are lower than a Fund's fixed rate of payment on the interest rate swap, the swap will reduce common share net earnings. If, on the other hand, short-term interest rates are higher than the fixed rate of payment on the interest rate swap, the swap will enhance common share net earnings. Buying interest rate caps could enhance the performance of the common shares by providing a maximum leverage expense. Buying interest rate caps could also decrease the net earnings of the common shares in the event that the premium paid by a Fund to the counterparty exceeds the additional amount such Fund would have been required to pay had it not entered into the cap agreement.

Total Return Swaps. In a total return swap, one party agrees to pay the other the total return of a defined underlying asset during a specified period, in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the total return from other underlying assets. A total return swap may be applied to any underlying asset but is most commonly used with equity indices, single stocks, bonds and defined baskets of loans and mortgages. A Fund might enter into a total return swap involving an underlying index or basket of securities to create exposure to a potentially widely-diversified range of securities in a single trade. An index total return swap can be used by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser to assume risk, without the complications of buying the component securities from what may not always be the most liquid of markets.

In connection with a Fund's position in a swap contract, the Fund will segregate liquid assets or will otherwise cover its position in accordance with applicable SEC requirements. See *Segregation of Assets* below.

Credit Default Swaps. A credit default swap is a bilateral contract that enables an investor to buy or sell protection against a defined-issuer credit event. A Fund may enter into credit default swap agreements either as a buyer or a seller. A Fund may buy protection to attempt to mitigate the risk of default or credit quality deterioration in an individual security or a segment of the fixed income securities market to which it has exposure, or to take a short position in individual bonds or market segments which it does not own. A Fund may sell protection in an attempt to gain exposure to the credit quality characteristics of particular bonds or market segments without investing directly in those bonds or market segments.

As the buyer of protection in a credit default swap, a Fund would pay a premium (by means of an upfront payment or a periodic stream of payments over the term of the agreement) in return for the right to deliver a referenced bond or group of bonds to the protection seller and receive the full notional or par value (or other agreed upon value) upon a default (or similar event) by the issuer(s) of the underlying referenced obligation(s). If no default occurs, the protection seller would keep the stream of payments and would have no further obligation to the Fund. Thus, the cost to the Fund would be the

premium paid with respect to the agreement. If a credit event occurs, however, the Fund may elect to receive the full notional value of the swap in exchange for an equal face amount of deliverable obligations of the reference entity that may have little or no value. The Fund bears the risk that the protection seller may fail to satisfy its payment obligations.

If a Fund is a seller of protection in a credit default swap and no credit event occurs, the Fund would generally receive an up-front payment or a periodic stream of payments over the term of the swap. If a credit event occurs, however, generally the Fund would have to pay the buyer the full notional value of the swap in exchange for an equal face amount of deliverable obligations of the reference entity that may have little or no value. As the protection seller, the Fund effectively adds economic leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to being subject to investment exposure on its total net assets, the Fund is subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap. Thus, the Fund bears the same risk as it would by buying the reference obligations directly, plus the additional risks related to obtaining investment exposure through a derivative instrument discussed below under Risks Associated with Swap Transactions.

Swap Options. A swap option is a contract that gives a counterparty the right (but not the obligation), in return for payment of a premium, to enter into a new swap agreement or to shorten, extend, cancel, or otherwise modify an existing swap agreement at some designated future time on specified terms. A cash-settled option on a swap gives the purchaser the right, in return for the premium paid, to receive an amount of cash equal to the value of the underlying swap as of the exercise date. A Fund may write (sell) and purchase put and call swap options. Depending on the terms of the particular option agreement, a Fund generally would incur a greater degree of risk when it writes a swap option than when it purchases a swap option. When a Fund purchases a swap option, it risks losing only the amount of the premium it has paid should it decide to let the option expire unexercised. However, when a Fund writes a swap option, upon exercise of the option the Fund would become obligated according to the terms of the underlying agreement.

Risks Associated with Swap Transactions. The use of swap transactions is a highly specialized activity which involves strategies and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio security transactions. If the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser is incorrect in its forecasts of default risks, market spreads or other applicable factors or events, the investment performance of a Fund would diminish compared with what it would have been if these techniques were not used. As the protection seller in a credit default swap, a Fund effectively adds economic leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to being subject to investment exposure on its total net assets, the Fund is subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap. A Fund generally may only close out a swap, cap, floor, collar or other two-party contract with its particular counterparty, and generally may only transfer a position with the consent of that counterparty. In addition, the price at which a Fund may close out such a two party contract may not correlate with the price change in the underlying reference asset. If the counterparty defaults, the Fund will have contractual remedies, but there can be no assurance that the counterparty will be able to meet its contractual obligations or that the Fund will succeed in enforcing its rights. It also is possible that developments in the derivatives market, including changes in government regulation, could adversely affect a Fund's ability to terminate existing swap or other agreements or to realize amounts to be received under such agreements.

Futures and Options on Futures Generally. A futures contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a security, index or interest rate (each a financial instrument) for a set price on a future date. Certain futures contracts, such as futures contracts relating to individual securities, call

for making or taking delivery of the underlying financial instrument. However, these contracts generally are closed out before delivery by entering into an offsetting purchase or sale of a matching futures contract (same exchange, underlying financial instrument, and delivery month). Other futures contracts, such as futures contracts on interest rates and indices, do not call for making or taking delivery of the underlying financial instrument, but rather are agreements pursuant to which two parties agree to take or make delivery of an amount of cash equal to the difference between the value of the financial instrument at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the contract was originally written. These contracts also may be settled by entering into an offsetting futures contract.

Unlike when a Fund purchases or sells a security, no price is paid or received by a Fund upon the purchase or sale of a futures contract. Initially, a Fund will be required to deposit with the futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant (FCM), an amount of cash or securities equal to a varying specified percentage of the contract amount. This amount is known as initial margin. The margin deposit is intended to ensure completion of the contract. Minimum initial margin requirements are established by the futures exchanges and may be revised. In addition, FCMs may establish margin deposit requirements that are higher than the exchange minimums. Cash held in the margin account generally is not income producing. However, coupon-bearing securities, such as Treasury securities, held in margin accounts generally will earn income. Subsequent payments to and from the FCM, called variation margin, will be made on a daily basis as the price of the underlying financial instrument fluctuates, making the futures contract more or less valuable, a process known as marking the contract to market. Changes in variation margin are recorded by a Fund as unrealized gains or losses. At any time prior to expiration of the futures contract, a Fund may elect to close the position by taking an opposite position that will operate to terminate its position in the futures contract. A final determination of variation margin is then made, additional cash is required to be paid by or released to a Fund, and the Fund realizes a gain or loss. In the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of an FCM that holds margin on behalf of a Fund, the Fund may be entitled to the return of margin owed to it only in proportion to the amount received by the FCM's other customers, potentially resulting in losses to the Fund. Futures transactions also involve brokerage costs and a Fund may have to segregate additional liquid assets in accordance with applicable SEC requirements. See Segregation of Assets below.

A futures option gives the purchaser of such option the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a long position (call) or short position (put) in a futures contract at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of a call option, the purchaser acquires a long position in the futures contract and the writer is assigned the opposite short position. Upon the exercise of a put option, the opposite is true.

Bond Futures and Forward Contracts. Bond futures contracts are agreements in which one party agrees to deliver to the other an amount of cash equal to a specific dollar amount times the difference between the value of a specific bond at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the agreement is made. No physical delivery of securities is made. Forward contracts are agreements to purchase or sell a specified security or currency at a specified future date (or within a specified time period) and price set at the time of the contract. Forward contracts are usually entered into with banks, foreign exchange dealers or broker-dealers and are usually for less than one year, but may be renewed. Forward contracts are generally purchased or sold in over-the-counter transactions.

Under regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) currently in effect, which may change from time to time, with respect to futures contracts purchased by the Funds,

the Funds will set aside in a segregated account liquid securities with a value at least equal to the value of instruments underlying such futures contracts less the amount of initial margin on deposit for such contracts. The current view of the staff of the SEC is that the Funds' long and short positions in futures contracts must be collateralized with cash or certain liquid assets held in a segregated account or covered in order to counter the impact of any potential leveraging.

Parties to a futures contract must make initial margin deposits to secure performance of the contract. There are also requirements to make variation margin deposits from time to time as the value of the futures contract fluctuates.

Options on Currency Futures Contracts. Currency futures contracts are standardized agreements between two parties to buy and sell a specific amount of a currency at a set price on a future date. While similar to currency forward contracts, currency futures contracts are traded on commodities exchanges and are standardized as to contract size and delivery date. An option on a currency futures contract gives the holder of the option the right to buy or sell a position in a currency futures contract, at a set price and on or before a specified expiration date. Trading options on international (non-U.S.) currency futures contracts is relatively new. The ability to establish and close out positions on such options is subject to the maintenance of a liquid secondary market.

Index Futures. A tax-exempt bond index which assigns relative values to the tax-exempt bonds included in the index is traded on the Chicago Board of Trade. The index fluctuates with changes in the market values of all tax-exempt bonds included rather than a single bond. An index future is a bilateral agreement pursuant to which two parties agree to take or make delivery of an amount of cash rather than any security equal to a specified dollar amount times the difference between the index value at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the index future was originally written. Thus, an index future is similar to traditional financial futures except that settlement is made in cash.

Index Options. Each Fund may also purchase put or call options on U.S. government or tax-exempt bond index futures and enter into closing transactions with respect to such options to terminate an existing position. Options on index futures are similar to options on debt instruments except that an option on an index future gives the purchaser the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a position in an index contract rather than an underlying security at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of the option, the delivery of the futures position by the writer of the option to the holder of the option will be accompanied by delivery of the accumulated balance of the writer's futures margin account which represents the amount by which the market price of the index futures contract, at exercise, is less than the exercise price of the option on the index future.

Bond index futures and options transactions would be subject to risks similar to transactions in financial futures and options thereon as described above.

Limitations on the Use of Futures, Futures Options and Swaps. In February 2012, the CFTC announced substantial amendments to certain exemptions, and to the conditions for reliance on those exemptions, from registration as a commodity pool operator. Under amendments to the exemption provided under CFTC Regulation 4.5, if a Fund uses futures, options on futures, or swaps other than for bona fide hedging purposes (as defined by the CFTC), the aggregate initial margin and premiums on these positions (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such

positions and excluding the amount by which options that are in-the-money at the time of purchase are in-the-money) may not exceed 5% of the Fund's net asset value, or alternatively, the aggregate net notional value of those positions may not exceed 100% of the Fund's net asset value (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such positions). The CFTC amendments to Regulation 4.5 took effect on December 31, 2012, and each Fund intends to comply with amended Regulation 4.5's requirements such that the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will not be required to register with respect to the Fund as a commodity pool operator with the CFTC. Each Fund reserves the right to engage in transactions involving futures, options thereon and swaps to the extent allowed by CFTC regulations in effect from time to time and in accordance with the Fund's policies. However, the requirements for qualification as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may limit the extent to which a Fund may enter into futures transactions, engage in options transactions or engage in swap transactions.

Segregation of Assets

As a closed-end investment company registered with the SEC, each Fund is subject to the federal securities laws, including the 1940 Act, the rules thereunder, and various interpretive provisions of the SEC and its staff. In accordance with these laws, rules and positions, each Fund must set aside (often referred to as asset segregation) liquid assets, or engage in other SEC or staff-approved measures, to cover open positions with respect to certain kinds of derivatives instruments. In the case of forward currency contracts that are not contractually required to cash settle, for example, a Fund must set aside liquid assets equal to such contracts' full notional value while the positions are open. With respect to forward currency contracts that are contractually required to cash settle, however, a Fund is permitted to set aside liquid assets in an amount equal to the Fund's daily marked-to-market net obligations (i.e., the Fund's daily net liability) under the contracts, if any, rather than such contracts' full notional value. Each Fund reserves the right to modify its asset segregation policies in the future to comply with any changes in the positions from time to time articulated by the SEC or its staff regarding asset segregation.

To the extent that a Fund uses its assets to cover its obligations as required by the 1940 Act, the rules thereunder, and applicable positions of the SEC and its staff, such assets may not be used for other operational purposes. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will monitor the Funds' use of derivatives and will take action as necessary for the purpose of complying with the asset segregation policy stated above. Such actions may include the sale of a Fund's portfolio investments.

Each Fund may invest in inverse floating rate securities issued by special purpose trusts. With respect to such investments, each Fund will segregate or earmark assets in an amount equal to at least 100% of the face amount of the floating rate securities issued by such trusts.

Short-Term Investments

Short-Term Taxable Fixed Income Securities. For temporary defensive purposes or to keep cash on hand fully invested, each Fund may invest up to 100% of its net assets in cash equivalents and short-term taxable fixed-income securities, although each Fund intends to invest in taxable short-term investments only in the event that suitable tax-exempt short-term investments are not available at reasonable prices and yields. Investment in taxable short-term investments would result in a portion of the dividends paid being subject to regular federal income tax, the federal alternative minimum tax

applicable to individuals and New York State and New York City personal income taxes. Short-term taxable fixed income investments are defined to include, without limitation, the following:

- (a) U.S. government securities, including bills, notes and bonds differing as to maturity and rates of interest that are either issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities. U.S. government agency securities include securities issued by (a) the Federal Housing Administration, Farmers Home Administration, Export-Import Bank of the United States, Small Business Administration, and the Government National Mortgage Association, whose securities are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States; (b) the Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and the Tennessee Valley Authority, whose securities are supported by the right of the agency to borrow from the U.S. Treasury; (c) the Federal National Mortgage Association, whose securities are supported by the discretionary authority of the U.S. government to purchase certain obligations of the agency or instrumentality; and (d) the Student Loan Marketing Association, whose securities are supported only by its credit. While the U.S. government provides financial support to such U.S. government-sponsored agencies or instrumentalities, no assurance can be given that it always will do so since it is not so obligated by law. The U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities do not guarantee the market value of their securities. Consequently, the value of such securities may fluctuate.
- (b) Certificates of deposit issued against funds deposited in a bank or a savings and loan association. Such certificates are for a definite period of time, earn a specified rate of return, and are normally negotiable. The issuer of a certificate of deposit agrees to pay the amount deposited plus interest to the bearer of the certificate on the date specified thereon. Under current FDIC regulations, the maximum insurance payable as to any one certificate of deposit is \$100,000; therefore, certificates of deposit purchased by the Funds may not be fully insured.
- (c) Repurchase agreements, which involve purchases of debt securities. At the time a Fund purchases securities pursuant to a repurchase agreement, it simultaneously agrees to resell and redeliver such securities to the seller, who also simultaneously agrees to buy back the securities at a fixed price and time. This assures a predetermined yield for a Fund during its holding period, since the resale price is always greater than the purchase price and reflects an agreed-upon market rate. Such actions afford an opportunity for the Funds to invest temporarily available cash. The Funds may enter into repurchase agreements only with respect to obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; or bankers' acceptances in which the Funds may invest. Repurchase agreements may be considered loans to the seller, collateralized by the underlying securities. The risk to the Funds is limited to the ability of the seller to pay the agreed-upon sum on the repurchase date; in the event of default, the repurchase agreement provides that the Funds are entitled to sell the underlying collateral. If the seller defaults under a repurchase agreement when the value of the underlying collateral is less than the repurchase price, a Fund could incur a loss of both principal and interest. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser monitors the value of the collateral at the time the action is entered into and at all times during the term of the repurchase agreement. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser does so in an effort to determine that the value of the collateral always equals or exceeds the agreed-upon repurchase price to be paid to the Funds. If the seller were to be subject to a federal bankruptcy proceeding, the ability of the Funds to liquidate the collateral could be delayed or impaired because of certain provisions of the bankruptcy laws.
- (d) Commercial paper, which consists of short-term unsecured promissory notes, including variable rate master demand notes issued by corporations to finance their current operations. Master

demand notes are direct lending arrangements between the Funds and a corporation. There is no secondary market for such notes. However, they are redeemable by the Funds at any time. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will consider the financial condition of the corporation (e.g., earning power, cash flow, and other liquidity measures) and will continuously monitor the corporation's ability to meet all of its financial obligations, because a Fund's liquidity might be impaired if the corporation were unable to pay principal and interest on demand. Investments in commercial paper will be limited to commercial paper rated in the highest categories by a major rating agency and which mature within one year of the date of purchase or carry a variable or floating rate of interest.

Short-Term Tax-Exempt Fixed Income Securities. Short-term tax-exempt fixed income securities are securities that are exempt from regular federal income tax and mature within three years or less from the date of issuance. Short-term tax-exempt fixed income securities are defined to include, without limitation, the following:

1. Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) are usually general obligations of state and local governmental issuers which are sold to obtain interim financing for projects that will eventually be funded through the sale of long-term debt obligations or bonds. The ability of an issuer to meet its obligations on its BANs is primarily dependent on the issuer's access to the long-term municipal bond market and the likelihood that the proceeds of such bond sales will be used to pay the principal and interest on the BANs.
2. Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs) are issued by state and local governments to finance the current operations of such governments. Repayment is generally to be derived from specific future tax revenues. TANs are usually general obligations of the issuer. A weakness in an issuer's capacity to raise taxes due to, among other things, a decline in its tax base or a rise in delinquencies, could adversely affect the issuer's ability to meet its obligations on outstanding TANs.
3. Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) are issued by governments or governmental bodies with the expectation that future revenues from a designated source will be used to repay the notes. In general, they also constitute general obligations of the issuer. A decline in the receipt of projected revenues, such as anticipated revenues from another level of government, could adversely affect an issuer's ability to meet its obligations on outstanding RANs. In addition, the possibility that the revenues would, when received, be used to meet other obligations could affect the ability of the issuer to pay the principal and interest on RANs.
4. Construction Loan Notes are issued to provide construction financing for specific projects. Frequently, these notes are redeemed with funds obtained from the Federal Housing Administration.
5. Bank Notes are notes issued by local government bodies and agencies, such as those described above, to commercial banks as evidence of borrowings. The purposes for which the notes are issued are varied but they are frequently issued to meet short-term working capital or capital project needs. These notes may have risks similar to the risks associated with TANs and RANs.
6. Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper (Municipal Paper) represents very short-term unsecured, negotiable promissory notes issued by states, municipalities and their agencies. Payment of principal and interest on issues of municipal paper may be made from various sources to the extent the funds are available therefrom. Maturities of municipal paper generally will be shorter than the maturities of TANs, BANs or RANs. There is a limited secondary market for issues of Municipal Paper.

Certain municipal securities may carry variable or floating rates of interest whereby the rate of interest is not fixed but varies with changes in specified market rates or indices, such as a bank prime rate or a tax-exempt money market index.

While the various types of notes described above as a group represent the major portion of the short-term tax-exempt note market, other types of notes are available in the marketplace and the Funds may invest in such other types of notes to the extent permitted under their investment objectives, policies and limitations. Such notes may be issued for different purposes and may be secured differently from those mentioned above.

When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Transactions

Each Fund may buy and sell municipal securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis, making payment or taking delivery at a later date, normally within 15-45 days of the trade date. On such transactions, the payment obligation and the interest rate are fixed at the time the buyer enters into the commitment. Beginning on the date a Fund enters into a commitment to purchase securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis, the Fund is required under rules of the SEC to maintain in a separate account liquid assets, consisting of cash, cash equivalents or liquid securities having a market value, at all times, at least equal to the amount of the commitment. Income generated by any such assets which provide taxable income for federal income tax purposes is includable in the taxable income of a Fund. A Fund may enter into contracts to purchase municipal securities on a forward basis (i.e., where settlement will occur more than 60 days from the date of the transaction) only to the extent that the Fund specifically collateralizes such obligations with a security that is expected to be called or mature within 60 days before or after the settlement date of the forward transaction. The commitment to purchase securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward basis may involve an element of risk because no interest accrues on the bonds prior to settlement and, at the time of delivery, the market value may be less than cost.

Structured Notes

Each Fund may utilize structured notes and similar instruments for investment purposes and also for hedging purposes. Structured notes are privately negotiated debt obligations where the principal and/or interest is determined by reference to the performance of a benchmark asset, market or interest rate (an embedded index), such as selected securities, an index of securities or specified interest rates, or the differential performance of two assets or markets. The terms of such structured instruments normally provide that their principal and/or interest payments are to be adjusted upwards or downwards (but not ordinarily below zero) to reflect changes in the embedded index while the structured instruments are outstanding. As a result, the interest and/or principal payments that may be made on a structured product may vary widely, depending upon a variety of factors, including the volatility of the embedded index and the effect of changes in the embedded index on principal and/or interest payments. The rate of return on structured notes may be determined by applying a multiplier to the performance or differential performance of the referenced index or indices or other assets. Application of a multiplier involves leverage that will serve to magnify the potential for gain and the risk of loss.

Other Investment Companies

Each Fund may invest up to 10% of its Managed Assets in securities of other open or closed-end investment companies (including exchange-traded funds (ETFs)) that invest primarily in

municipal securities of the types in which the Fund may invest directly. In addition, a Fund may invest a portion of its Managed Assets in pooled investment vehicles (other than investment companies) that invest primarily in municipal securities of the types in which the Fund may invest directly. Each Fund generally expects that it may invest in other investment companies and/or other pooled investment vehicles either during periods when it has large amounts of uninvested cash or during periods when there is a shortage of attractive, high-yielding municipal securities available in the market. Each Fund may invest in investment companies that are advised by the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser or its affiliates to the extent permitted by applicable law and/or pursuant to exemptive relief from the SEC. The Funds have not applied for and currently do not intend to apply for such relief. As a shareholder in an investment company, a Fund will bear its ratable share of that investment company's expenses and would remain subject to payment of the Funds' management, advisory and administrative fees with respect to assets so invested. Common shareholders would therefore be subject to duplicative expenses to the extent a Fund invests in other investment companies.

The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will take expenses into account when evaluating the investment merits of an investment in an investment company relative to available municipal security investments. In addition, the securities of other investment companies may also be leveraged and will therefore be subject to the same leverage risks described herein. As described in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, the net asset value and market value of leveraged shares will be more volatile and the yield to common shareholders will tend to fluctuate more than the yield generated by unleveraged shares.

Other Investment Policies and Techniques

Illiquid Securities. Each Fund may invest in illiquid securities (i.e., securities that are not readily marketable), including, but not limited to, restricted securities (securities the disposition of which is restricted under the federal securities laws), securities that may be resold only pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act that are deemed to be illiquid, and certain repurchase agreements.

Restricted securities may be sold only in privately negotiated transactions or in a public offering with respect to which a registration statement is in effect under the Securities Act. Where registration is required, a Fund may be obligated to pay all or part of the registration expenses and a considerable period may elapse between the time of the decision to sell and the time the Fund may be permitted to sell a security under an effective registration statement. If, during such a period, adverse market conditions were to develop, a Fund might obtain a less favorable price than that which prevailed when it decided to sell. Illiquid securities will be priced at a fair value as determined in good faith by the Board or its delegatee.

Portfolio Trading and Turnover Rate. Portfolio trading may be undertaken to accomplish the investment objectives of a Fund in relation to actual and anticipated movements in interest rates. In addition, a security may be sold and another of comparable quality purchased at approximately the same time to take advantage of what the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser believes to be a temporary price disparity between the two securities. Temporary price disparities between two comparable securities may result from supply and demand imbalances where, for example, a temporary oversupply of certain bonds may cause a temporarily low price for such bonds, as compared with other bonds of like quality and characteristics. Each Fund may also engage to a limited extent in short-term trading consistent with its investment objectives. Securities may be sold in anticipation of a market decline (a rise in interest rates) or purchased in anticipation of a market rise (a decline in interest rates) and later sold.

Subject to the foregoing, each Fund will attempt to achieve its investment objectives by prudent selection of municipal securities with a view to holding them for investment. While there can be no assurance thereof, each Fund anticipates that its annual portfolio turnover rate will generally not exceed 100%. However, the rate of turnover will not be a limiting factor when a Fund deems it desirable to sell or purchase securities. Therefore, depending upon market conditions, the annual portfolio turnover rate of a Fund may exceed 100% in particular years. A higher portfolio turnover rate would result in correspondingly greater brokerage commissions and other transactional expenses that are borne by a Fund. Although these commissions and expenses are not reflected in the Funds' Total Annual Expenses in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus, they will be reflected in the Funds' total return. In addition, high portfolio turnover may result in the realization of net short-term capital gains by a Fund which, when distributed to shareholders, will be taxable as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes or may result in greater amounts of net capital gain distributions. See Tax Matters Federal Income Tax Matters.

Repurchase Agreements. As temporary investments, the Funds may invest in repurchase agreements. A repurchase agreement is a contractual agreement whereby the seller of securities (U.S. government securities or municipal securities) agrees to repurchase the same security at a specified price on a future date agreed upon by the parties. The agreed-upon repurchase price determines the yield during a Fund's holding period. Repurchase agreements are considered to be loans collateralized by the underlying security that is the subject of the repurchase contract. Income generated from transactions in repurchase agreements will be taxable. See Tax Matters Federal Income Tax Matters for information relating to the allocation of taxable income between common shares and preferred shares. A Fund will only enter into repurchase agreements with registered securities dealers or domestic banks that, in the opinion of the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser, present minimal credit risk. The risk to a Fund is limited to the ability of the issuer to pay the agreed-upon repurchase price on the delivery date; however, although the value of the underlying collateral at the time the transaction is entered into always equals or exceeds the agreed-upon repurchase price, if the value of the collateral declines there is a risk of loss of both principal and interest. In the event of default, the collateral may be sold but a Fund might incur a loss if the value of the collateral declines, and might incur disposition costs or experience delays in connection with liquidating the collateral. In addition, if bankruptcy proceedings are commenced with respect to the seller of the security, realization upon the collateral by a Fund may be delayed or limited. The Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will monitor the value of the collateral at the time the transaction is entered into and at all times subsequent during the term of the repurchase agreement in an effort to determine that such value always equals or exceeds the agreed-upon repurchase price. In the event the value of the collateral declines below the repurchase price, the Adviser and/or the Sub-Adviser will demand additional collateral from the issuer to increase the value of the collateral to at least that of the repurchase price, including interest.

Zero Coupon Bonds. A zero coupon bond is a bond that typically does not pay interest for its entire life. When held to its maturity, the holder receives the par value of the zero coupon bond, which generates a return equal to the difference between the purchase price and its maturity value. A zero coupon bond is normally issued and traded at a deep discount from face value. This original issue discount (OID) approximates the total amount of interest the security will accrue and compound prior to its maturity and reflects the payment deferral and credit risk associated with the instrument. Because zero coupon securities and other OID instruments do not pay cash interest at regular intervals, the instruments' ongoing accruals require ongoing judgments concerning the collectability of deferred payments and the value of any associated collateral. As a result, these securities may be subject to greater value fluctuations and less liquidity in the event of adverse market conditions than comparably

rated securities that pay cash on a current basis. Because zero coupon bonds, and OID instruments generally, allow an issuer to avoid or delay the need to generate cash to meet current interest payments, they may involve greater payment deferral and credit risk than coupon loans and bonds that pay interest currently or in cash. A Fund generally will be required to distribute dividends to shareholders representing the income of these instruments as it accrues, even though the Fund will not receive all of the income on a current basis or in cash. Thus, a Fund may have to sell other investments, including when it may not be advisable to do so, and use the cash proceeds to make income distributions to its shareholders. For accounting purposes, these cash distributions to shareholders will not be treated as a return of capital.

Further, the Adviser collects management fees on the value of a zero coupon bond or OID instrument attributable to the ongoing non-cash accrual of interest over the life of the bond or other instrument. As a result, the Adviser receives non-refundable cash payments based on such non-cash accruals while investors incur the risk that such non-cash accruals ultimately may not be realized.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

In addition to each Fund's investment objectives, the following investment restrictions are fundamental policies for the Funds and may not be changed without the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding common shares and preferred shares of such Fund, voting together as a single class, and of the holders of a majority of the outstanding preferred shares, voting separately as a single class. For this purpose, a majority of the outstanding shares means the vote of (1) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy; or (2) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities, whichever is less.

Except as described below, each Fund may not:*

Acquiring Fund

1) Issue senior securities, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than MuniPreferred Shares, except to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and except as otherwise described in the Prospectus.

Performance Plus

Issue senior securities, as defined in the 1940 Act, other than preferred stock, except to the extent such issuance might be involved with respect to borrowings described under subparagraph (2) below or with respect to transactions involving futures contracts or the writing of options within the limits described in Certain Trading Strategies of the Fund Financial Futures and Options Transactions.

Dividend Advantage 2

Issue senior securities, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than MuniPreferred Shares, except to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and except as otherwise described in the Prospectus.

Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2
<p>2) Borrow money, except from banks for temporary or emergency purposes or for repurchase of its shares, and then only in an amount not exceeding one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed) less the Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings).</p>	<p>Borrow money, except from banks for temporary or emergency purposes or for repurchase of its shares, and then only in an amount not exceeding one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets including the amount borrowed. While any such borrowings exceed 5% of the Fund's total assets, no additional purchases of investment securities will be made.</p>	<p>Borrow money, except from banks for temporary or emergency purposes or for repurchase of its shares, and then only in an amount not exceeding one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed) less the Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings).</p>
<p>3) Act as underwriter of another issuer's securities, except to the extent that the Fund may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio securities.</p>	<p>Underwrite any issue of securities, except to the extent that the purchase of municipal obligations in accordance with its investment objectives, policies and limitations may be deemed to be an underwriting.</p>	<p>Act as underwriter of another issuer's securities, except to the extent that the Fund may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio securities.</p>
<p>4) Invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry; provided, however, that such limitation shall not apply to municipal bonds other than those municipal bonds backed only by the assets and revenues of non-governmental users.</p>	<p>Invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry; provided, however, that such limitation shall not be applicable to municipal obligations other than those municipal obligations backed only by the assets and revenues of non-governmental users, nor shall it apply to municipal obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities.</p>	<p>Invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry; provided, however, that such limitation shall not apply to municipal bonds other than those municipal bonds backed only by the assets and revenues of non-governmental users.</p>
<p>5) Purchase or sell real estate, but this shall not prevent the Fund from investing in municipal bonds secured by real estate or interests therein or foreclosing upon and selling such security.</p>	<p>Purchase or sell real estate, but this shall not prevent the Fund from investing in municipal obligations secured by real estate or interests therein.</p>	<p>Purchase or sell real estate, but this shall not prevent the Fund from investing in municipal bonds secured by real estate or interests therein or foreclosing upon and selling such security.</p>
<p>6) Purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent the Fund from purchasing or selling options, futures contracts, derivative instruments or from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).</p>	<p>Purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent the Fund from purchasing or selling options, futures contracts or derivative instruments or from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).</p>	<p>Purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent the Fund from purchasing or selling options, futures contracts, derivative instruments or from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).</p>

Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2
7) Make loans, except as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and exemptive orders granted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.	Make loans, except as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and exemptive orders granted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.	Make loans, except as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and exemptive orders granted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
8) Invest more than 5% of its total assets in securities of any one issuer, except that this limitation shall not apply to bonds issued by the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities or to the investment of 25% of its total assets.	Invest more than 5% of its total assets in securities of any one issuer, except that this limitation shall not apply to securities of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities or to the investment of 25% of its total assets.	Purchase any securities (other than obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or by its agencies or instrumentalities), if as a result more than 5% of the Fund's total assets would then be invested in securities of a single issuer or if as a result the Fund would hold more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of any single issuer; provided that, with respect to 50% of the Fund's assets, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in the securities of any one issuer.
9)	Pledge, mortgage or hypothecate its assets, except that, to secure borrowings permitted by subparagraph (2) below, it may pledge securities having a market value at the time of pledge not exceeding 20% of the value of the Fund's total assets.	
10)	Invest more than 10% of its total assets in repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days.	
11)	Purchase or retain the securities of any issuer other than the securities of the Fund if, to the Fund's knowledge, those directors of the Fund, or those officers and directors of the Adviser, who individually own beneficially more than 1/2 of 1% of the outstanding securities of such issuer, together own beneficially more than 5% of such outstanding securities.	

* The table presents the fundamental investment restrictions of each Fund as they appear in the respective Fund's initial registration statement or, where applicable, as adopted or amended with shareholder approval. Accordingly, the use of certain defined terms in the table does not necessarily correspond with defined terms used elsewhere in this SAI. Additionally, Performance Plus has revised certain fundamental policies

relating to the purchase of financial futures and options, which has the effect of permitting the Fund to engage in derivative transactions for non-hedging purposes. As a result, the section referred to in restriction (1) has been superseded. See Portfolio Investments Derivatives in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and Portfolio Composition Derivatives and Hedging Strategies in this SAI.

For the purpose of applying the limitation set forth in subparagraph (8) above, an issuer shall be deemed the sole issuer of a security when its assets and revenues are separate from other governmental entities and its securities are backed only by its assets and revenues. Similarly, in the case of a non-governmental issuer, such as an industrial corporation or a privately owned or operated hospital, if the security is backed only by the assets and revenues of the non-governmental issuer, then such non-governmental issuer would be deemed to be the sole issuer. Where a security is also backed by the enforceable obligation of a superior or unrelated governmental or other entity (other than a bond insurer), it shall also be included in the computation of securities owned that are issued by such governmental or other entity. Where a security is guaranteed by a governmental entity or some other facility, such as a bank guarantee or letter of credit, such a guarantee or letter of credit would be considered a separate security and would be treated as an issue of such government, other entity or bank. When a municipal security is insured by bond insurance, it shall not be considered a security that is issued or guaranteed by the insurer; instead, the issuer of such municipal security will be determined in accordance with the principles set forth above. The foregoing restrictions do not limit the percentage of the Fund's assets that may be invested in municipal securities insured by any given insurer.

Each Fund is diversified for purposes of the 1940 Act. Consequently, as to 75% of each Fund's total assets, a Fund may not (i) purchase the securities of any one issuer (other than cash, securities of other investment companies and securities issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities) if immediately after such purchase, more than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets would be invested in securities of such issuer or (ii) purchase more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer.

Subject to certain exemptions under the 1940 Act, each Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in the aggregate in shares of other investment companies and up to 5% of its total assets in any one investment company, provided the investment does not represent more than 3% of the voting stock of the acquired investment company at the time such shares are purchased. As a shareholder in any investment company, each Fund will bear its ratable share of that investment company's expenses and will remain subject to payment of each Fund's management, advisory and administrative fees with respect to assets so invested. Holders of common shares of each Fund would therefore be subject to duplicative expenses to the extent a Fund invests in other investment companies. In addition, the securities of other investment companies may be leveraged and therefore will be subject to the same leverage risks described herein.

In addition to the foregoing fundamental investment policies, each Fund is also subject to the following non-fundamental restrictions and policies, which may be changed by the Board. Each Fund may not:

- (1) Sell securities short, unless the Fund owns or has the right to obtain securities equivalent in kind and amount to the securities sold at no added cost, and provided that transactions in options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, or other derivative instruments are not deemed to constitute selling securities short.

- (2) [Purchase securities of open-end or closed-end investment companies except in compliance with the 1940 Act or any exemptive relief obtained thereunder.]
- (3) Enter into futures contracts or related options or forward contracts, if more than 30% of the Fund's net assets would be represented by futures contracts or more than 5% of the Fund's net assets would be committed to initial margin deposits and premiums on futures contracts and related options.
- (4) Purchase securities when borrowings exceed 5% of its total assets if and so long as preferred shares are outstanding.
- (5) Purchase securities of companies for the purpose of exercising control, except that the Fund may invest up to 5% of its net assets in tax-exempt or taxable fixed-income securities or equity securities for the purpose of acquiring control of an issuer whose municipal bonds (a) the Fund already owns and (b) have deteriorated or are expected shortly to deteriorate significantly in credit quality, provided the Adviser determines that such investment should enable the Fund to better maximize the value of its existing investment in such issuer.

The restrictions and other limitations set forth above will apply only at the time of purchase of securities and will not be considered violated unless an excess or deficiency occurs or exists immediately after and as a result of an acquisition of securities.

Each Fund may be subject to certain restrictions imposed by either guidelines of one or more NRSROs that may issue ratings for preferred shares, or, if issued, commercial paper or notes, or, if a Fund borrows from a lender, by the lender. These guidelines may impose asset coverage or portfolio composition requirements that are more stringent than those imposed on a Fund by the 1940 Act. If these restrictions were to apply, it is not anticipated that these covenants or guidelines would impede the Adviser from managing a Fund's portfolio in accordance with the Fund's investment objectives and policies. A copy of the current Rating Agency Guidelines will be provided to any holder of preferred shares promptly upon request therefor made by such holder to the Fund by writing the Fund at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

Portfolio Turnover

Each Fund may buy and sell municipal securities to accomplish its investment objective(s) in relation to actual and anticipated changes in interest rates. Each Fund also may sell one municipal bond and buy another of comparable quality at about the same time to take advantage of what the Adviser believes to be a temporary price disparity between the two bonds that may result from imbalanced supply and demand. Each Fund also may engage to a limited extent in short-term trading consistent with its investment objectives. Securities may be sold in anticipation of a market decline (a rise in interest rates) or purchased in anticipation of a market rise (a decline in interest rates) and later sold. Each Fund will attempt to achieve its investment objectives by prudent selection of municipal securities with a view to holding them for investment. While there can be no assurance thereof, each Fund anticipates that its annual portfolio turnover rate will generally not exceed 100%.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, the portfolio turnover rates of the Funds were as follows:

Fund	2012	2011
Acquiring Fund	9%	10%
Performance Plus	11%	6%
Dividend Advantage 2	10%	14%

There are no limits on the rate of portfolio turnover, and investments may be sold without regard to length of time held when investment considerations warrant such action. A higher portfolio turnover rate results in correspondingly greater brokerage commissions and other transactional expenses that are borne by each Fund. In addition, high portfolio turnover may result in the realization of net short-term capital gains by a Fund which, when distributed to shareholders, will be taxable as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

Board Members and Officers

The management of the Funds, including general supervision of the duties performed for each Fund under its investment management agreement with Nuveen Fund Advisors (an Investment Management Agreement), is the responsibility of the Funds Board. (The same Board and officers oversee each Fund.) The number of Board Members is ten, one of whom is an interested person (as the term interested person is defined in the 1940 Act) and nine of whom are not interested persons (referred to herein as independent Board Members). None of the independent Board Members has ever been a trustee, director or employee of, or consultant to, Nuveen Investments, Inc. (Nuveen Investments), Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (Nuveen Fund Advisors or the Adviser), Nuveen Asset Management or their affiliates.

With respect to the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the Board is divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III, with the Class II Board Members serving until the 2014 annual meeting, the Class III Board Members serving until the 2015 annual meeting and the Class I Board Members serving until the 2016 annual meeting, in each case until their respective successors are elected and qualified. Currently, Judith M. Stockdale, Carole E. Stone and Virginia L. Stringer are slated in Class I, William Adams IV, David J. Kundert, John K. Nelson and Terence J. Toth are slated in Class II, and Robert P. Bremner, Jack B. Evans and Thomas S. Schreier, Jr. are slated in Class III. In addition, two Board Members are to be elected by holders of preferred shares annually. Currently, William C. Hunter and William J. Schneider serve as the Board Members elected by holders of preferred shares for a term of one year.

With respect to Performance Plus, Board Members serve annual terms until the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Board Members Adams, Bremner, Evans, Kundert, Nelson, Schreier, Stockdale, Stone, Stringer and Toth currently serve as the Board Members elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class, and Board Members Hunter and Schneider serve as the Board Members elected by holders of the preferred shares.

The officers of the Funds serve annual terms and are elected on an annual basis.

The names, business addresses and birthdates of the Board Members and officers of the Funds, their principal occupations and other affiliations during the past five years, the number of portfolios each oversees and other directorships they hold are set forth below. As of September 30, 2013, the independent Board Members of the Funds are directors or trustees, as the case may be, of 108 Nuveen-sponsored open-end funds (the Nuveen Mutual Funds) and 103 Nuveen-sponsored closed-end funds (together with the Nuveen Mutual Funds, the Nuveen Funds). The interested Board Members of the Funds are directors or trustees, as the case may be, of 35 Nuveen Mutual Funds and 103 Nuveen-sponsored closed-end funds.

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Board Members who are not interested persons of the Funds					
William J. Schneider ⁽²⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1944	Chairman of the Board Board Member	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1996, Chairman of the Board Since July 1, 2013	Chairman of Miller-Valentine Partners Ltd., a real estate investment company; Board Member of Mid-America Health System, of Tech Town, Inc., a not-for-profit community development company, and of WDPR Public Radio Station; formerly, Senior Partner and Chief Operating Officer (retired, 2004) of Miller-Valentine Group; formerly, Director, Dayton Development Coalition; formerly, Board Member, Business Advisory Council, Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank and University of Dayton Business School Advisory Council.	211	None

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Robert P. Bremner c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1940	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015 Length of Service: Since 1996; Chairman of the Board (2008-July 1, 2013); Lead Independent Director (2005-2008)	Private Investor and Management Consultant; Treasurer and Director, Humanities Council of Washington, D.C.; Board Member, Independent Directors Council affiliated with the Investment Company Institute.	211	None
Jack B. Evans c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1948	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015 Length of Service: Since 1999	President, The Hall-Perrine Foundation, a private philanthropic corporation (since 1996); Director, Source Media Group; Life Trustee of Coe College and Iowa College Foundation; formerly, Director, Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago; formerly, President and Chief Operating Officer, SCI Financial Group, Inc., a regional financial services firm; formerly, Member and President Pro Tem of the Board of Regents for the State of Iowa University System.	211	Director and Chairman, United Fire Group, a publicly held company; formerly, Director, Alliant Energy.

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
William C. Hunter c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1948	Board Member	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2004	Dean Emeritus (since June 30, 2012), formerly, Dean (2006-2012), Tippie College of Business, University of Iowa; Director (since 2005) and President (since July 2012), Beta Gamma Sigma, Inc., The International Business Honor Society; Director of Wellmark, Inc. (since 2009); formerly, Director (1997-2007), Credit Research Center at Georgetown University; formerly, Dean and Distinguished Professor of Finance, School of Business at the University of Connecticut (2003-2006); previously, Senior Vice President and Director of Research at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (1995-2003).	211	Director (since 2004) of Xerox Corporation.

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
David J. Kundert c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1942	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2005	Formerly, Director, Northwestern Mutual Wealth Management Company (2006-2013); retired (since 2004) as Chairman, JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, President and CEO, Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation, and President, One Group Mutual Funds; prior thereto, Executive Vice President, Bank One Corporation and Chairman and CEO, Banc One Investment Management Group; Regent Emeritus, Member of Investment Committee, Luther College; Member of the Wisconsin Bar Association; Member of Board of Directors, Friends of Boerner Botanical Gardens; Member of Board of Directors and Chair of Investment Committee, Greater Milwaukee Foundation; Member of the Board of Directors (Milwaukee), College Possible.	211	None

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
<p>John K. Nelson c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017</p>	<p>Senior external advisor to the financial services practice of Deloitte Consulting LLP (since 2012); Member of Board of Directors of Core12 LLC (since 2008), a private firm which develops branding, marketing and communications strategies for clients; Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Marian University (since 2010 as trustee, 2011 as Chairman); Director of The Curran Center for Catholic American Studies (since 2009) and The President's Council, Fordham University (since 2010); formerly, Chief Executive Officer of ABN AMRO N.V. North America, and Global Head of its Financial Markets Division (2007-2008); prior senior positions held at ABN AMRO include Corporate Executive Vice President and Head of Global Markets - the Americas (2006-2007), CEO of Wholesale Banking - North America and Global Head of Foreign Exchange and Futures Markets (2001-2006), and Regional Commercial Treasurer and Senior Vice President Trading - North America (1996-2001); formerly, Trustee at St. Edmund Preparatory School in New York City.</p>	<p>211</p>	<p>None</p>

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Judith M. Stockdale c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1947	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016	Formerly, Executive Director (1994-2012), Gaylord and Dorothy Donnelley Foundation; prior thereto, Executive Director, Great Lakes Protection Fund (1990-1994).	211	None
Carole E. Stone c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1947	Board Member	Length of Service: Since 1997 Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016	Director, Chicago Board Options Exchange, Inc. (since 2006); Director, C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated (since 2009); formerly, Commissioner, New York State Commission on Public Authority Reform (2005-2010); formerly, Chair, New York Racing Association Oversight Board (2005-2007).	211	Director, CBOE Holdings, Inc. (since 2010).
Virginia L. Stringer c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1944	Board Member	Length of Service: Since 2007 Term: Annual or Class I Board Member until 2016 Length of Service: Since 2011	Board Member, Mutual Fund Directors Forum; former Member, Governing Board, Investment Company Institute's Independent Directors Council; Governance consultant and non-profit board member; former Owner and President, Strategic Management Resources, Inc. a management consulting firm; previously, held several executive positions in general management, marketing and human resources at IBM and The Pillsbury Company.	211	Previously, Independent Director (1987-2010) and Chair (1997-2010), First American Fund Complex.

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
Terence J. Toth ⁽³⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1959	Board Member	Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017 Length of Service: Since 2008	Managing Partner, Promus Capital (since 2008); Director, Fulcrum IT Service LLC (since 2010), Quality Control Corporation (since 2012) and LogicMark LLC (since 2012); formerly, Director, Legal & General Investment Management America, Inc. (2008-2013); formerly, CEO and President, Northern Trust Global Investments (2004-2007); Executive Vice President, Quantitative Management & Securities Lending (2000-2004); prior thereto, various positions with Northern Trust Company (since 1994); Member, Chicago Fellowship Board (since 2005), Catalyst Schools of Chicago Board (since 2008) and Mather Foundation Board (since 2012) and a member of its investment committee; formerly, Member, Northern Trust Mutual Funds Board (2005-2007), Northern Trust Global Investments Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Japan Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Securities Inc. Board (2003-2007) and Northern Trust Hong Kong Board (1997-2004).	211	None

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member	Other Directorships Held by Board Member During the Past Five Years
<p>Nominees/Board Members who are interested persons of the Funds</p> <p>William Adams IV⁽⁴⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1955</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class II Board Member until 2017</p> <p>Length of Service: Since 2013</p>	<p>Senior Executive Vice President, Global Structured Products of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (since 2010); Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (since 2011); President (since 2011), formerly, Managing Director (2010-2011), of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; Board Member of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and of Gilda's Club Chicago; formerly, Executive Vice President, U.S. Structured Products, of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (1999-2010).</p>	<p>138</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.⁽⁴⁾ c/o Nuveen Investments, Inc. 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>Term: Annual or Class III Board Member until 2015</p> <p>Length of Service: Since 2013</p>	<p>Vice Chairman, Wealth Management of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (since 2011); Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Chairman of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); Co-Chief Executive Officer of Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2011); Member of the Board of Governors and Chairman's Council of the Investment Company Institute; formerly, Chief Executive Officer (2000-2010) and Chief Investment Officer (2007-2010) of FAF Advisors, Inc.; formerly, President of First American Funds (2001-2010).</p>	<p>138</p>	<p>None</p>

- (1) Length of Time Served indicates the year in which the individual became a Board Member of a fund in the Nuveen Fund complex.
- (2) Mr. Schneider is one of several owners and managing members in two limited liability companies and a general partner and one member of the governing body of a general partnership, each engaged in real estate ownership activities. In connection with their ordinary course of investment activities, court appointed receivers have been named for certain individual properties owned by such entities. The individual properties for which a receiver has been appointed represent an immaterial portion of the portfolio assets owned by these entities.
- (3) Mr. Toth serves as a director on the Board of Directors of the Mather Foundation (the Foundation) and is a member of its investment committee. The Foundation is the parent of the Mather LifeWays organization, a non-profit charitable organization. Prior to Mr. Toth joining the Board of the Foundation, the Foundation selected Gresham Investment Management (Gresham), an affiliate of Nuveen Fund Advisors, to manage a portion of the Foundation s investment portfolio, and pursuant to this selection, the Foundation has invested that portion of its investment portfolio in a private commodity pool managed by Gresham.
- (4) Interested person as defined in the 1940 Act, by reason of his positions with Nuveen Investments, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries.

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The following table sets forth information with respect to each officer of the Funds. Officers receive no compensation from the Funds. The officers are elected by the Board on an annual basis to serve until successors are elected and qualified.

Name, Address and	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer
Year of Birth Gifford R. Zimmerman 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1956	Chief Administrative Officer	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 1988	Managing Director (since 2002) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Managing Director (since 2002), Assistant Secretary (since 1997) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director (since 2004) and Assistant Secretary (since 1994) of Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); Vice President and Assistant Secretary of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC and Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc. (since 2002); Managing Director, Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of Symphony Asset Management LLC (since 2003); Vice President and Assistant Secretary of Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC (since 2006) and of Winslow Capital Management, LLC (since 2010); Vice President and Assistant Secretary (since 2013), formerly, Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Compliance Officer (2006-2013) of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; Chartered Financial Analyst.	211
Cedric H. Antosiewicz 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1962	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2007	Managing Director (since 2004) of Nuveen Securities LLC.	103

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer
Margo L. Cook 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1964	Vice President	Term: Annual	Executive Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investments, Inc., Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (since 2011) and Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2013); Managing Director Investment Services of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); previously, Head of Institutional Asset Management (2007-2008) of Bear Stearns Asset Management; Head of Institutional Asset Mgt. (1986-2007) of Bank of NY Mellon; Chartered Financial Analyst.	211
Lorna C. Ferguson 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1945	Vice President	Term: Annual	Managing Director of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211
Stephen D. Foy 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1954	Vice President and Controller	Term: Annual	Senior Vice President (since 2013), formerly, Vice President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Chief Financial Officer of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since 2010); formerly, Senior Vice President (2010-2011), formerly, Vice President (2005-2010) and Funds Controller of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Certified Public Accountant.	211

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer
Scott S. Grace 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1970	Vice President and Treasurer	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2009	Managing Director and Treasurer (since 2009) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC, Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc., Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc., Nuveen Securities, LLC and (since 2011) Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Vice President and Treasurer of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, Tradewinds Global Investors, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC and Winslow Capital Management, LLC; Vice President of Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC; formerly, Treasurer (2006-2009), Senior Vice President (2008-2009), previously, Vice President (2006-2008) of Janus Capital Group, Inc.; formerly, Senior Associate in Morgan Stanley's Global Financial Services Group (2000-2003); Chartered Accountant Designation.	211
Walter M. Kelly 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1970	Chief Compliance Officer and Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2003	Senior Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211
Tina M. Lazar 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1961	Vice President	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2002	Senior Vice President of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc.	211

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Served by Officer
Kevin J. McCarthy 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1966	Vice President and Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2007	Managing Director and Assistant Secretary (since 2008) of Nuveen Securities, LLC and Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Managing Director (since 2008), Assistant Secretary (since 2007) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Managing Director (since 2008) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Investments Holdings, Inc. and Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc.; Vice President (since 2007) and Assistant Secretary of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, NWQ Holdings, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC, Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC and (since 2010) Winslow Capital Management, LLC; Vice President (since 2010) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC.	211
Kathleen L. Prudhomme 901 Marquette Avenue Minneapolis, MN 55402 1953	Vice President and Assistant Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since 2011	Managing Director and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2011); Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; formerly, Deputy General Counsel, FAF Advisors, Inc. (2004-2010).	211
Joel T. Slager 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 1978	Vice President and Assistant Secretary	Term: Annual Length of Service: Since August 2013	Fund Tax Director for Nuveen Funds (since May 2013); previously, Vice President of Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc., Assistant Treasurer of the Morgan Stanley Funds (from 2010 to 2013); Tax Director at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (from 2008 to 2010).	211

(1) Length of Time Served indicates the year the individual became an officer of a fund in the Nuveen fund complex.

(2) Information as of September 30, 2013.

BOARD LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE AND RISK OVERSIGHT

The Board of each Fund oversees the operations and management of the Fund, including the duties performed for the Funds by the Adviser. The Board has adopted a unitary board structure. A unitary board consists of one group of directors who serve on the board of every fund in the complex. In adopting a unitary board structure, the Board Members seek to provide effective governance through establishing a board, the overall composition of which will, as a body, possess the appropriate skills, independence and experience to oversee the Funds' business. With this overall framework in mind, when the Board, through its Nominating and Governance Committee discussed below, seeks nominees for the Board, the Board Members consider, not only the candidate's particular background, skills and experience, among other things, but also whether such background, skills and experience enhance the Board's diversity and at the same time complement the Board given its current composition and the mix of skills and experiences of the incumbent Board Members. The Nominating and Governance Committee believes that the Board generally benefits from diversity of background, experience and views among its members, and considers this a factor in evaluating the composition of the Board, but has not adopted any specific policy on diversity or any particular definition of diversity.

The Board believes the unitary board structure enhances good and effective governance, particularly given the nature of the structure of the investment company complex. Funds in the same complex generally are served by the same service providers and personnel and are governed by the same regulatory scheme which raises common issues that must be addressed by the Board Members across the fund complex (such as compliance, valuation, liquidity, brokerage, trade allocation or risk management). The Board believes it is more efficient to have a single board review and oversee common policies and procedures which increases the Board's knowledge and expertise with respect to the many aspects of fund operations that are complex-wide in nature. The unitary structure also enhances the Board's influence and oversight over the Adviser and other service providers.

In an effort to enhance the independence of the Board, the Board also has a Chairman that is an Independent Board Member. The Board recognizes that a chairman can perform an important role in setting the agenda for the Board, establishing the boardroom culture, establishing a point person on behalf of the Board for Fund management, and reinforcing the Board's focus on the long-term interests of shareholders. The Board recognizes that a chairman may be able to better perform these functions without any conflicts of interests arising from a position with Fund management. Accordingly, the Board Members have elected William J. Schneider as the independent Chairman of the Board, effective July 1, 2013. Specific responsibilities of the Chairman include: (i) presiding at all meetings of the Board and of the shareholders; (ii) seeing that all orders and resolutions of the Board Members are carried into effect; and (iii) maintaining records of and, whenever necessary, certifying all proceedings of the Board Members and the shareholders.

Although the Board has direct responsibility over various matters (such as advisory contracts, underwriting contracts and Fund performance), the Board also exercises certain of its oversight responsibilities through several committees that it has established and which report back to the full Board. The Board believes that a committee structure is an effective means to permit Board Members to focus on particular operations or issues affecting the Funds, including risk oversight. More specifically, with respect to risk oversight, the Board has delegated matters relating to valuation and compliance to certain committees (as summarized below) as well as certain aspects of investment risk. In addition, the Board believes that the periodic rotation of Board Members among the different committees allows the Board Members to gain additional and different perspectives of a Fund's

operations. The Board has established six standing committees: the Executive Committee, the Dividend Committee, the Audit Committee, the Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee, the Nominating and Governance Committee and the Closed-End Funds Committee. The Board may also from time to time create ad hoc committees to focus on particular issues as the need arises. The membership and functions of the standing committees are summarized below.

The Executive Committee, which meets between regular meetings of the Board, is authorized to exercise all of the powers of the Board. The members of the Executive Committee are William J. Schneider, Chair, William Adams IV and Judith M. Stockdale. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Executive Committee [did not meet].

The Dividend Committee is authorized to declare distributions on each Fund's shares including, but not limited to, regular and special dividends, capital gains and ordinary income distributions. The members of the Dividend Committee are Jack B. Evans, Chair, Judith M. Stockdale and Terence J. Toth. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Dividend Committee met [] times.

The Closed-End Funds Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in the oversight and monitoring of the Nuveen Funds that are registered as closed-end management investment companies (Closed-End Funds). The committee may review and evaluate matters related to the formation and the initial presentation to the Board of any new Closed-End Fund and may review and evaluate any matters relating to any existing Closed-End Fund. The committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board. The members of the Closed-End Funds Committee are Carole E. Stone, Chair, Robert P. Bremner, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, John K. Nelson and William J. Schneider. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Closed-End Funds Committee met [] times.

The Board has an Audit Committee, in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the 1934 Act, that is composed of Independent Board Members who are also independent as that term is defined in the listing standards pertaining to closed-end funds of the NYSE or NYSE MKT, as applicable. The Audit Committee assists the Board in: the oversight and monitoring of the accounting and reporting policies, processes and practices of the Funds, and the audits of the financial statements of the Funds; the quality and integrity of the financial statements of the Funds; the Funds' compliance with legal and regulatory requirements relating to the Funds' financial statements; the independent auditors' qualifications, performance and independence; and the pricing procedures of the Funds and the internal valuation group of Nuveen. It is the responsibility of the Audit Committee to select, evaluate and replace any independent auditors (subject only to Board and, if applicable, shareholder ratification) and to determine their compensation. The Audit Committee is also responsible for, among other things, overseeing the valuation of securities comprising the Funds' portfolios. Subject to the Board's general supervision of such actions, the Audit Committee addresses any valuation issues, oversees the Funds' pricing procedures and actions taken by Nuveen's internal valuation group which provides regular reports to the committee, reviews any issues relating to the valuation of the Funds' securities brought to its attention, and considers the risks to the Funds in assessing the possible resolutions of these matters. The Audit Committee may also consider any financial risk exposures for the Funds in conjunction with performing its functions.

To fulfill its oversight duties, the Audit Committee receives annual and semi-annual reports and has regular meetings with the external auditors for the Funds and the internal audit group at Nuveen.

The Audit Committee also may review, in a general manner, the processes the Board or other Board committees have in place with respect to risk assessment and risk management as well as compliance with legal and regulatory matters relating to the Funds' financial statements. The Audit Committee operates under a written Audit Committee Charter (the "Charter") adopted and approved by the Board, which Charter conforms to the listing standards of the NYSE or NYSE MKT, as applicable. Members of the Audit Committee are independent (as set forth in the Charter) and free of any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board Members, would interfere with their exercise of independent judgment as an Audit Committee member. The members of the Audit Committee are David J. Kundert, Chair, Robert P. Bremner, William J. Schneider, Carole E. Stone and Terence J. Toth, each of whom is an Independent Board Member of the Funds. A copy of the Charter is attached as Appendix E to the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Audit Committee met [] times.

The Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee (the "Compliance Committee") is responsible for the oversight of compliance issues, risk management and other regulatory matters affecting the Funds that are not otherwise under or within the jurisdiction of the other committees. The Board has adopted and periodically reviews policies and procedures designed to address the Funds' compliance and risk matters. As part of its duties, the Compliance Committee: reviews the policies and procedures relating to compliance matters and recommends modifications thereto as necessary or appropriate to the full Board; develops new policies and procedures as new regulatory matters affecting the Funds arise from time to time; evaluates or considers any comments or reports from examinations from regulatory authorities and responses thereto; and performs any special reviews, investigations or other oversight responsibilities relating to risk management, compliance and/or regulatory matters as requested by the Board.

In addition, the Compliance Committee is responsible for risk oversight, including, but not limited to, the oversight of risks related to investments and operations. Such risks include, among other things, exposures to: particular issuers, market sectors, or types of securities; risks related to product structure elements, such as leverage; and techniques that may be used to address those risks, such as hedging and swaps. In assessing issues brought to the Compliance Committee's attention or in reviewing a particular policy, procedure, investment technique or strategy, the Compliance Committee evaluates the risks to the Funds in adopting a particular approach or resolution compared to the anticipated benefits to the Funds and their shareholders. In fulfilling its obligations, the Compliance Committee meets on a quarterly basis, and at least once a year in person. The Compliance Committee receives written and oral reports from the Funds' Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") and meets privately with the CCO at each of its quarterly meetings. The CCO also provides an annual report to the full Board regarding the operations of the Funds' and other service providers' compliance programs as well as any recommendations for modifications thereto. The Compliance Committee also receives reports from the investment services group of Nuveen regarding various investment risks. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the full Board also participates in discussions with management regarding certain matters relating to investment risk, such as the use of leverage and hedging. The investment services group therefore also reports to the full Board at its quarterly meetings regarding, among other things, Fund performance and the various drivers of such performance. Accordingly, the Board directly and/or in conjunction with the Compliance Committee oversees matters relating to investment risks. Matters not addressed at the committee level are addressed directly by the full Board. The Compliance Committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board. The members of the Compliance Committee are Judith M. Stockdale, Chair, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, John K. Nelson, William J. Schneider and Virginia L. Stringer. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Compliance Committee met [] times.

The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for seeking, identifying and recommending to the Board qualified candidates for election or appointment to the Board. In addition, the Nominating and Governance Committee oversees matters of corporate governance, including the evaluation of Board performance and processes, the assignment and rotation of committee members, and the establishment of corporate governance guidelines and procedures, to the extent necessary or desirable, and matters related thereto. Although the unitary and committee structure has been developed over the years and the Nominating and Governance Committee believes the structure has provided efficient and effective governance, the committee recognizes that, as demands on the Board evolve over time (such as through an increase in the number of funds overseen or an increase in the complexity of the issues raised), the committee must continue to evaluate the Board and committee structures and their processes and modify the foregoing as may be necessary or appropriate to continue to provide effective governance. Accordingly, the Nominating and Governance Committee has a separate meeting each year to, among other things, review the Board and committee structures, their performance and functions, and recommend any modifications thereto or alternative structures or processes that would enhance the Board's governance over the Funds' business.

In addition, the Nominating and Governance Committee, among other things: makes recommendations concerning the continuing education of Board Members; monitors performance of legal counsel and other service providers; establishes and monitors a process by which security holders are able to communicate in writing with Board Members; and periodically reviews and makes recommendations about any appropriate changes to Board Member compensation. In the event of a vacancy on the Board, the Nominating and Governance Committee receives suggestions from various sources, including shareholders, as to suitable candidates. Suggestions should be sent in writing to Lorna Ferguson, Manager of Fund Board Relations, Nuveen Investments, 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606. The Nominating and Governance Committee sets appropriate standards and requirements for nominations for new Board Members and each nominee is evaluated using the same standards. However, the Nominating and Governance Committee reserves the right to interview any and all candidates and to make the final selection of any new Board Members. In considering a candidate's qualifications, each candidate must meet certain basic requirements, including relevant skills and experience, time availability (including the time requirements for due diligence site visits to internal and external sub-advisers and service providers) and, if qualifying as an Independent Board Member candidate, independence from the Adviser, sub-advisers, underwriters or other service providers, including any affiliates of these entities. These skill and experience requirements may vary depending on the current composition of the Board, since the goal is to ensure an appropriate range of skills, diversity and experience, in the aggregate. Accordingly, the particular factors considered and weight given to these factors will depend on the composition of the Board and the skills and backgrounds of the incumbent Board Member at the time of consideration of the nominees. All candidates, however, must meet high expectations of personal integrity, independence, governance experience and professional competence. All candidates must be willing to be critical within the Board and with management and yet maintain a collegial and collaborative manner toward other Board Members. The Nominating and Governance Committee operates under a written charter adopted and approved by the Board, a copy of which is available on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com/CEF/Shareholder/FundGovernance.aspx, and is composed entirely of Independent Board Members, who are also independent as defined by NYSE or NYSE MKT listing standards, as applicable. Accordingly, the members of the Nominating and Governance Committee are Robert P. Bremner, Chair, Jack B. Evans, William C. Hunter, David J. Kundert, John K. Nelson, William J. Schneider, Judith M. Stockdale, Carole E. Stone, Virginia L. Stringer and Terence J. Toth. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Nominating and Governance Committee met [] times.

During the last fiscal year, each Board Member attended 75% or more of each Fund's Board meetings and the committee meetings (if a member thereof) held during the period for which such Board Member was a Board Member. The policy of the Board relating to attendance by Board Members at annual meetings of the Funds and the number of Board Members who attended the last annual meeting of shareholders of each Fund is posted on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com/CEF/Shareholder/FundGovernance.aspx.

Board Diversification and Board Member Qualifications

In determining that a particular Board Member was qualified to serve on the Board, the Board considers each Board Member's background, skills, experience and other attributes in light of the composition of the Board with no particular factor controlling. The Board believes that Board Members need to have the ability to critically review, evaluate, question and discuss information provided to them, and to interact effectively with Fund management, service providers and counsel, in order to exercise effective business judgment in the performance of their duties, and the Board believes each Board Member satisfies this standard. An effective Board Member may achieve this ability through his or her educational background; business, professional training or practice; public service or academic positions; experience from service as a board member or executive of investment funds, public companies or significant private or not-for-profit entities or other organizations; and/or other life experiences. Accordingly, set forth below is a summary of the experiences, qualifications, attributes, and skills that led to the conclusion, as of the date of this document, that each Board Member should serve in that capacity. References to the experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills of Board Members are pursuant to requirements of the SEC, do not constitute holding out the Board or any Board Member as having any special expertise or experience and shall not impose any greater responsibility or liability on any such person or on the Board by reason thereof.

William Adams IV

Mr. Adams, an interested Board Member of the Funds, has been Senior Executive Vice President, Global Structured Products of Nuveen Investments since November 2010. Mr. Adams has also served as Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC since January 2011. Prior to that, he was Executive Vice President, U.S. Structured Products from December 1999 until November 2010 and served as Managing Director of Structured Investments from September 1997 to December 1999 and Vice President and Manager, Corporate Marketing from August 1994 to September 1997. Mr. Adams earned his Bachelor degree from Yale University and his Masters of Business Administration (MBA) from the University of Chicago's Graduate School of Business. He is an Associate Fellow of Yale's Timothy Dwight College and is currently on the Board of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and of Gilda's Club Chicago.

Robert P. Bremner

Mr. Bremner is a private investor and management consultant in Washington, D.C. His biography of William McChesney Martin, Jr., a former chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, was published by Yale University Press in November 2004. From 1994 to 1997, he was a Senior Vice President at Samuels International Associates, an international consulting firm specializing in governmental policies, where he served in a part-time capacity. Previously, Mr. Bremner was a partner in the LBK Investors Partnership and was chairman and majority stockholder with ITC Investors Inc., both private investment firms. He currently serves on the Board and as Treasurer of the Humanities Council of Washington D.C. and is a Board Member of the Independent Directors Council affiliated

with the Investment Company Institute. From 1984 to 1996, Mr. Bremner was an independent trustee of the Flagship Funds, a group of municipal open-end funds. He began his career at the World Bank in Washington D.C. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from Yale University and received his MBA from Harvard University.

Jack B. Evans

President of the Hall-Perrine Foundation, a private philanthropic corporation, since 1996, Mr. Evans was formerly President and Chief Operating Officer of the SCI Financial Group, Inc., a regional financial services firm headquartered in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Formerly, he was a member of the Board of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, a Director of Alliant Energy and a Member and President Pro Tem of the Board of Regents for the State of Iowa University System. Mr. Evans is Chairman of the Board of United Fire Group, sits on the Board of the Source Media Group and is a Life Trustee of Coe College. He has a Bachelor of Arts degree from Coe College and an MBA from the University of Iowa.

William C. Hunter

Mr. Hunter became Dean Emeritus of the Henry B. Tippie College of Business at the University of Iowa on June 30, 2012. He was appointed Dean of the College on July 1, 2006. He was previously Dean and Distinguished Professor of Finance at the University of Connecticut School of Business from 2003 to 2006. From 1995 to 2003, he was the Senior Vice President and Director of Research at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. While there he served as the Bank's Chief Economist and was an Associate Economist on the Federal Reserve System's Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC). In addition to serving as a Vice President in charge of financial markets and basic research at the Federal Reserve Bank in Atlanta, he held faculty positions at Emory University, Atlanta University, the University of Georgia and Northwestern University. A past Director of the Credit Research Center at Georgetown University, SS&C Technologies, Inc. (2005) and past President of the Financial Management Association International, he has consulted with numerous foreign central banks and official agencies in Western, Central and Eastern Europe, Asia, Central America and South America. From 1990 to 1995, he was a U.S. Treasury Advisor to Central and Eastern Europe. He has been a Director of the Xerox Corporation since 2004 and Wellmark, Inc. since 2009. He is Director and President of Beta Gamma Sigma, Inc., The International Business Honor Society.

David J. Kundert

Mr. Kundert retired in 2004 as Chairman of JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, as President and CEO of Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation, and as President of One Group Mutual Funds. Prior to the merger between Bank One Corporation and JPMorgan Chase and Co., he was Executive Vice President, Bank One Corporation and, since 1995, the Chairman and CEO, Banc One Investment Management Group. From 1988 to 1992, he was President and CEO of Bank One Wisconsin Trust Company. Mr. Kundert recently retired as a Director of the Northwestern Mutual Wealth Management Company (2006-2013). He started his career as an attorney for Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company. Mr. Kundert has served on the Board of Governors of the Investment Company Institute and is currently a member of the Wisconsin Bar Association. He is on the Board of the Greater Milwaukee Foundation and chairs its Investment Committee. He is a Regent Emeritus and a Member of the Investment Committee of Luther College. He is also a Member of the Board of Directors (Milwaukee), College Possible. He received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Luther College and his Juris Doctor from Valparaiso University.

John K. Nelson

Mr. Nelson is currently a senior external advisor to the financial services practice of Deloitte Consulting LLP. He currently serves as the Chairman of The Board of Trustees of Marian University, and is on the Board of Directors of Core12 LLC, a private firm which develops branding, marketing, and communications strategies for clients. Mr. Nelson has served in several senior executive positions with ABN AMRO Holdings N.V. and its affiliated entities and predecessors, including LaSalle Bank Corporation from 1996 to 2008. From 2007 to 2008, Mr. Nelson was Chief Executive Officer of ABN AMRO N.V. North America, and Global Head of its Financial Markets Division. He was a member of the Foreign Exchange Committee of the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States, and during his tenure with ABN AMRO, served as the bank's representative on various committees of the Bank of Canada, European Central Bank, and the Bank of England. At Fordham University, he currently serves as a director of The Curran Center for Catholic American Studies, and The President's Council. He is also a member of The Economic Club of Chicago and The Hyde Park Angels, and was formerly a Trustee at St. Edmund Preparatory School in New York City. Mr. Nelson graduated and received his MBA from Fordham University.

William J. Schneider

Mr. Schneider, the Board's Independent Chairman, is currently Chairman, formerly Senior Partner and Chief Operating Officer (retired, December 2004) of Miller-Valentine Partners Ltd., a real estate investment company. He is an owner in several other Miller-Valentine entities. He is currently a member of the Boards of Tech Town, Inc., a not-for-profit community development company, of WDPR Public Radio Station and of Mid-America Health System. He was formerly a Director and Past Chair of the Dayton Development Coalition. He was formerly a member of the Community Advisory Board of the National City Bank in Dayton as well as a former member of the Business Advisory Council of the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank. Mr. Schneider was also a member of the Business Advisory Council for the University of Dayton College of Business. He also served as Chair of the Miami Valley Hospital and as Chair of the Finance Committee of its parent holding company. Mr. Schneider was an independent trustee of the Flagship Funds, a group of municipal open-end funds. Mr. Schneider has a Bachelor of Science in Community Planning from the University of Cincinnati and a Masters of Public Administration from the University of Dayton.

Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.

Mr. Schreier, an interested Board Member of the Funds, has been Vice Chairman, Wealth Management of Nuveen Investments since January 2011. Mr. Schreier has also served as Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC since January 2011. Until Nuveen Investments' acquisition of FAF Advisors on January 1, 2011, Mr. Schreier was Chief Executive Officer of FAF Advisors from November 2000, Chief Investment Officer of FAF Advisors from September 2007 and President of First American Funds from February 2001 to December 2010. From 1998 to November 2000, Mr. Schreier served as Senior Managing Director and Head of Equity Research for U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray, Inc. He received a Bachelor's degree from the University of Notre Dame and an MBA from Harvard University. Mr. Schreier is a member of the Board of Governors of the Investment Company Institute and is on its Chairman's Council. He has also served as director, chairman of the finance committee, and member of the audit committee for Pinnacle Airlines Corp. Mr. Schreier is former chairman of the Saint Thomas Academy Board of Trustees, a founding investor of Granite Global Ventures, and a member of the Applied Investment Management Advisory Board for the University of Notre Dame.

Judith M. Stockdale

Ms. Stockdale retired at the end of 2012 as Executive Director of the Gaylord and Dorothy Donnelley Foundation, a private foundation working in land conservation and artistic vitality in the Chicago region and the Lowcountry of South Carolina. Her previous positions include Executive Director of the Great Lakes Protection Fund, Executive Director of Openlands, and Senior Staff Associate at the Chicago Community Trust. She has served on the Boards of the Land Trust Alliance, the National Zoological Park, the Governor's Science Advisory Council (Illinois), the Nancy Ryerson Ranney Leadership Grants Program, Friends of Ryerson Woods and the Donors Forum. Ms. Stockdale, a native of the United Kingdom, has a Bachelor of Science degree in geography from the University of Durham (UK) and a Master of Forest Science degree from Yale University.

Carole E. Stone

Ms. Stone retired from the New York State Division of the Budget in 2004, having served as its Director for nearly five years and as Deputy Director from 1995 through 1999. Ms. Stone is currently on the Board of Directors of the Chicago Board Options Exchange, CBOE Holdings, Inc. and C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated. She has also served as the Chair of the New York Racing Association Oversight Board, as Chair of the Public Authorities Control Board, as a Commissioner on the New York State Commission on Public Authority Reform and as a member of the boards of directors of several New York State public authorities. Ms. Stone has a Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration from Skidmore College.

Virginia L. Stringer

Ms. Stringer served as the independent chair of the Board of the First American Fund Complex from 1997 to 2010, having joined such Board in 1987. Ms. Stringer serves on the Board of the Mutual Fund Directors Forum. She is a recipient of the Outstanding Corporate Director award from Twin Cities Business Monthly and the Minnesota Chapter of the National Association of Corporate Directors. Ms. Stringer is the past board chair of the Oak Leaf Trust, director emeritus and former Chair of the Saint Paul Riverfront Corporation and also served as President of the Minneapolis Club's Governing Board. She is a director and former board chair of the Minnesota Opera and a Life Trustee and former board member of the Voyageur Outward Bound School. She also served as a trustee of Outward Bound USA. She was appointed by the Governor of Minnesota to the Board on Judicial Standards and also served on a Minnesota Supreme Court Judicial Advisory Committee to reform the state's judicial disciplinary process. She is a member of the International Women's Forum and attended the London Business School as an International Business Fellow. Ms. Stringer recently served as board chair of the Human Resource Planning Society, the Minnesota Women's Campaign Fund and the Minnesota Women's Economic Roundtable. Ms. Stringer is the retired founder of Strategic Management Resources, a consulting practice focused on corporate governance, strategy and leadership. She has twenty-five years of corporate experience, having held executive positions in general management, marketing and human resources with IBM and the Pillsbury Company.

Terence J. Toth

Mr. Toth is a Managing Partner at Promus Capital (since 2008). From 2008 to 2013, he served as a Director of Legal & General Investment Management America, Inc. From 2004 to 2007, he was Chief Executive Officer and President of Northern Trust Global Investments, and Executive Vice President of Quantitative Management & Securities Lending from 2000 to 2004. He also formerly

served on the Board of the Northern Trust Mutual Funds. He joined Northern Trust in 1994 after serving as Managing Director and Head of Global Securities Lending at Bankers Trust (1986 to 1994) and Head of Government Trading and Cash Collateral Investment at Northern Trust from 1982 to 1986. He currently serves on the Boards of Chicago Fellowship, Fulcrum IT Service LLC (since 2010), Quality Control Corporation (since 2012) and LogicMark LLC (since 2012), and is Chairman of the Board of Catalyst Schools of Chicago. He is on the Mather Foundation Board (since 2012) and is a member of its investment committee. Mr. Toth graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Illinois, and received his MBA from New York University. In 2005, he graduated from the CEO Perspectives Program at Northwestern University.

Independent Chairman

William J. Schneider currently serves as the independent Chairman of the Board. Specific responsibilities of the Chairman include: (a) presiding at all meetings of the Board and of the shareholders; (b) seeing that all orders and resolutions of the Board Members are carried into effect; and (c) maintaining records of and, whenever necessary, certifying all proceedings of the Board Members and the shareholders.

Board Member Terms

Pursuant to the organizational documents of each of the Acquiring Fund and Dividend Advantage 2, the Board is divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III, to be elected by the holders of the outstanding common shares and any outstanding preferred shares, voting together as a single class, to serve until the third succeeding annual meeting subsequent to their election or thereafter, in each case until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. These provisions could delay for up to two years the replacement of a majority of the Board. Under normal circumstances, holders of preferred shares (including holders of VRDP Shares and MTP Shares), voting separately as a single class, are entitled to elect two (2) Board Members. The Board Members elected by holders of preferred shares will be elected to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Holders of preferred shares will be entitled to elect a majority of the Fund's Board Members under certain circumstances. See the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus under Certain Provisions in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws.

Pursuant to the organizational documents of Performance Plus, Board Members are to be elected to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Under normal circumstances, holders of preferred shares (including holders of VRDP Shares and MTP Shares), voting separately as a single class, are entitled to elect two (2) Board Members, and the remaining Board Members are to be elected by holders of common shares and preferred shares, voting together as a single class. Holders of preferred shares will be entitled to elect a majority of the Fund's Board Members under certain circumstances.

Share Ownership

The following table sets forth for each Board Member the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned in each Fund and in all Nuveen funds overseen by the Board Member as of September 30, 2013:

Dollar Range of Equity Securities

Name of Board Member	Acquiring Fund	Performance Plus	Dividend Advantage 2	Family of Investment Companies⁽¹⁾
William Adams IV	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Robert P. Bremner	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Jack B. Evans	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
William C. Hunter	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
David J. Kundert	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
John K. Nelson	0	0	0	\$0
William J. Schneider	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Judith M. Stockdale	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Carole E. Stone	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Virginia L. Stringer	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000
Terence J. Toth	0	0	0	over \$ 100,000

(1) The amounts reflect the aggregate dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by the Board Member in the Funds and in all Nuveen funds overseen by the Board Member.

No Board Member who is not an interested person of the Funds or his immediate family member owns beneficially or of record, any security of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Nuveen Asset Management, Nuveen Investments or any person (other than a registered investment company) directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with Nuveen Fund Advisors, Nuveen Asset Management or Nuveen Investments.

As of September 30, 2013, the Board Members and officers of each Fund as a group beneficially owned less than 1% of the total outstanding common shares and less than 1% of the total outstanding preferred shares of such Fund.

Information regarding shareholders or groups of shareholders who beneficially own more than 5% of a class of shares of a Fund is provided below. Information in the table below regarding the number and percentage of shares owned is based on a review of Schedule 13D and 13G filings and amendments made on or before November 11, 2013. The estimated pro forma information presented is calculated assuming that outstanding common and preferred shares were as of November 11, 2013.

Fund and Class	Shareholder Name and Address	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage Owned	Estimated Pro Forma	
				Corresponding Class of Combined Fund	All Preferred Shares of Combined Fund
Acquiring Fund Common Shares					
Acquiring Fund MTP Shares					
Performance Plus Common Shares					
Dividend Advantage 2 Common Shares					
Dividend Advantage 2 MTP Shares					

(a)

(b)

VRDP Shares are designed to be eligible for purchase by money market funds. Based on information provided by the remarketing agent for the VRDP Shares, money market funds within certain fund complexes may hold, in the aggregate, greater than 5% of the outstanding VRDP Shares of one or more Funds, and individual money market funds within such complexes may beneficially own an indeterminable amount of VRDP Shares exceeding 5% of the outstanding VRDP Shares of one or more Funds. Information with respect to aggregate holdings of VRDP Shares associated with fund complexes identified by the remarketing agents (number of VRDP Shares and percentage of total outstanding) is as follows: Performance Plus: []. Based on the preferred shares outstanding as of November 11, 2013, the estimated pro forma percentage owned of all preferred shares of the combined fund would be less than approximately []% for each holder of VRDP Shares listed in the foregoing sentence.

Compensation

Effective January 1, 2013, Independent Board Members receive a \$140,000 annual retainer plus: (a) a fee of \$4,500 per day for attendance in person or by telephone at regularly scheduled meetings of the Board; (b) a fee of \$3,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at special, non-regularly scheduled meetings of the Board where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (c) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Audit Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (d) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; (e) a fee of \$1,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Dividend Committee meetings; (f) a fee of \$500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at all other committee meetings (\$1,000 for shareholder meetings) where in-person attendance is required and \$250 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such committee meetings (excluding shareholder meetings) where in-person attendance is not required, and \$100 per meeting when the Executive Committee acts as pricing

committee for IPOs, plus, in each case, expenses incurred in attending such meetings, provided that no

fees are received for meetings held on days on which regularly scheduled Board meetings are held; and (g) a fee of \$2,500 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at Closed-End Funds Committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$2,000 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required; provided that no fees are received for meetings held on days on which regularly scheduled Board meetings are held. In addition to the payments described above, the Chairman of the Board receives \$75,000, the chairpersons of the Audit Committee, the Dividend Committee, the Compliance, Risk Management and Regulatory Oversight Committee and the Closed-End Funds Committee receive \$12,500 each and the chairperson of the Nominating and Governance Committee receives \$5,000 as additional retainers. Independent Board Members also receive a fee of \$3,000 per day for site visits to entities that provide services to the Nuveen funds on days on which no Board meeting is held. When ad hoc committees are organized, the Nominating and Governance Committee will at the time of formation determine compensation to be paid to the members of such committee; however, in general, such fees will be \$1,000 per meeting for attendance in person or by telephone at ad hoc committee meetings where in-person attendance is required and \$500 per meeting for attendance by telephone or in person at such meetings where in-person attendance is not required. The annual retainer, fees and expenses are allocated among the Nuveen funds on the basis of relative net assets, although management may, in its discretion, establish a minimum amount to be allocated to each fund.

The Funds do not have retirement or pension plans. Certain Nuveen funds (the Participating Funds) participate in a deferred compensation plan (the Deferred Compensation Plan) that permits an Independent Board Member to elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of his or her compensation as an Independent Board Member. The deferred compensation of a participating Independent Board Member is credited to a book reserve account of the Participating Fund when the compensation would otherwise have been paid to such Independent Board Member. The value of the Independent Board Member s deferral account at any time is equal to the value that the account would have had if contributions to the account had been invested and reinvested in shares of one or more of the eligible Nuveen funds. At the time for commencing distributions from an Independent Board Member s deferral account, the Independent Board Member may elect to receive distributions in a lump sum or over a period of five years. The Participating Fund will not be liable for any other fund s obligations to make distributions under the Deferred Compensation Plan.

The Funds have no employees. The officers of the Funds and the Board Member of each Fund who is not an Independent Board Member serve without any compensation from the Funds.

The table below shows, for each Independent Board Member, the aggregate compensation paid by each Fund to each Board Member nominee for its [last fiscal year for which such information is available]:

Fund	Aggregate Compensation from the Funds ⁽¹⁾									
	Robert P. Bremner	Jack B. Evans	William C. Hunter	David J. Kundert	John K. Nelson ⁽³⁾	William J. Schneider	Judith M. Stockdale	Carole E. Stone	Virginia L. Stringer	Terence J. Toth
Dividend Advantage	\$ 717	\$ 536	\$ 496	\$ 532	\$	\$ 588	\$ 536	\$ 548	\$ 496	\$ 577
Performance Plus	1,210	916	884	940		998	934	921	833	970
Dividend Advantage 2	497	371	344	369		408	371	380	344	400
Total Compensation from Nuveen Funds Paid to Board Members/Nominees⁽²⁾	\$ 343,204	\$ 262,670	\$ 240,509	\$ 267,712	\$	\$ 284,299	\$ 261,411	\$ 263,100	\$ 248,600	\$ 298,475

- (1) Includes deferred fees. Pursuant to a deferred compensation agreement with certain of the Funds, deferred amounts are treated as though an equivalent dollar amount has been invested in shares of one or more Participating Funds. Total deferred fees for the Funds (including the return from the assumed investment in the Participating Funds) payable are:

Fund	Robert P. Bremner	Jack B. Evans	William C. Hunter	David J. Kundert	John K. Nelson ⁽³⁾	William J. Schneider	Judith M. Stockdale	Carole E. Stone	Virginia L. Stringer	Terence J. Toth
Dividend Advantage	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Performance Plus	186	241	483	940		515	572			
Dividend Advantage 2										

- (2) Based on the total compensation paid, including deferred fees (including the return from the assumed investment in the eligible Nuveen funds), to the Board Members for the calendar year ended December 31, 2012 for services to the Nuveen open-end and closed-end funds advised by the Adviser.
- (3) Mr. Nelson was appointed as a Board Member of each Fund effective September 1, 2013 and was not a Board Member during [the fiscal year for which the information in the tables is provided.]

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND SUB-ADVISER

Investment Adviser

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC, is the investment adviser to each Fund and is responsible for overseeing each Fund's overall investment strategy, including the use of leverage, and its implementation. Nuveen Fund Advisors also is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of any sub-adviser to the Funds, managing each Fund's business affairs and providing certain clerical, bookkeeping and other administrative services to the Funds. Nuveen Fund Advisors is located at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606.

Nuveen Fund Advisors, a registered investment adviser, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nuveen Investments, Inc. Founded in 1898, Nuveen Investments and its affiliates had approximately \$216 billion in assets under management as of June 30, 2013. For additional information regarding the management services performed by Nuveen Fund Advisors, including the biography of the Funds' portfolio manager and further information about the investment management agreement between the Fund and Nuveen Fund Advisors, see Management of the Fund in the Fund's Prospectus.

Nuveen Investments provides high-quality investment services designed to help secure the long-term goals of institutions and high net-worth investors as well as the consultants and financial advisers who serve them. Nuveen Investments markets its specialized investment solutions under the high-quality brands of NWQ, Nuveen, Santa Barbara, Symphony, Tradewinds, Gresham and Winslow Capital.

The total dollar amounts paid to Nuveen Fund Advisors by each Fund under each Fund's management agreement for the last three fiscal years for which financial statements are available are as follows:

Acquiring Fund	9/30/2012	9/30/2011	9/30/2010
Gross Advisory Fees	\$ 1,339,980	\$ 1,282,683	\$ 1,300,964
Waiver	\$	\$	\$
Net Advisory Fees	\$ 1,339,980	\$ 1,282,683	\$ 1,300,964
Performance Plus	9/30/2012	9/30/2011	9/30/2010
Gross Advisory Fees	\$ 2,266,516	\$ 2,191,446	\$ 2,238,471
Waiver	\$	\$	\$
Net Advisory Fees	\$ 2,266,516	\$ 2,191,446	\$ 2,238,471

Dividend Advantage 2	9/30/2012	9/30/2011	9/30/2010
Gross Advisory Fees	\$ 937,405	\$ 903,606	\$ 913,257
Waiver	\$	\$ (35,683)	\$ (107,049)
Net Advisory Fees	\$ 937,405	\$ 867,923	\$ 806,208

Sub-Adviser

Effective as of January 1, 2011, Nuveen Fund Advisors has selected Nuveen Asset Management to serve as sub-adviser to each Fund. Nuveen Fund Advisors compensates Nuveen Asset Management for the portfolio management services it provides to the Funds from the management fees paid by the Funds. Nuveen Fund Advisors and Nuveen Asset Management retain the right to reallocate investment advisory responsibilities and fees between themselves in the future.

Nuveen Fund Advisors pays Nuveen Asset Management a portfolio management fee equal to 38.4615% of net advisory fees. The total dollar amounts paid to Nuveen Asset Management by Nuveen Fund Advisors for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 were \$515,377 for the Acquiring Fund, \$871,736 for Performance Plus and \$360,540 for Dividend Advantage 2.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Unless otherwise indicated, the information below is provided as of the date of this SAI.

Portfolio Management. Scott R. Romans, Ph.D., is the portfolio manager of each Fund.

In addition to managing the Funds, Scott R. Romans is also primarily responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the following accounts:

Type of Account Managed	Number of Accounts	Assets*
Registered Investment Company	27	\$ 6.9 billion
Other Pooled Investment Vehicles	0	\$ 0
Other Accounts	2	\$ 1.37 million

* Assets are as of March 31, 2013. None of the assets in these accounts is subject to an advisory fee based on performance.

Compensation

Portfolio manager compensation consists primarily of base pay, an annual cash bonus and long-term incentive payments.

Base pay. Base pay is determined based upon an analysis of the portfolio manager's general performance, experience, and market levels of base pay for such position.

Annual cash bonus. The Funds' portfolio manager is eligible for an annual cash bonus based on pre-tax investment performance, qualitative evaluation and financial performance of Nuveen Asset Management.

A portion of the portfolio manager's annual cash bonus is based on the Fund's investment performance, generally measured over the past one- and three or five-year periods unless the portfolio manager's tenure is shorter. Investment performance for the Fund generally is determined by evaluating the Fund's performance relative to its benchmark(s) and/or Lipper industry peer group.

A portion of the cash bonus is based on a qualitative evaluation made by the portfolio manager's supervisor taking into consideration a number of factors, including the portfolio manager's team collaboration, expense management, support of personnel responsible for asset growth, and his or her compliance with Nuveen Asset Management's policies and procedures.

The final factor influencing the portfolio manager's cash bonus is the financial performance of Nuveen Asset Management based on its operating earnings.

Long-term Incentive Compensation. Certain key employees of Nuveen Investments and its affiliates, including certain portfolio managers, have received equity interests in the parent company of Nuveen Investments. In addition, certain key employees of Nuveen Asset Management, including certain portfolio managers, have received profits interests in Nuveen Asset Management which entitle their holders to participate in the firm's growth over time.

Conflicts of Interest. Actual or apparent conflicts of interest may arise when a portfolio manager has day-to-day management responsibilities with respect to more than one account. More specifically, portfolio managers who manage multiple accounts are presented a number of potential conflicts, including, among others, those discussed below.

The management of multiple accounts may result in a portfolio manager devoting unequal time and attention to the management of each account. Nuveen Asset Management seeks to manage such competing interests for the time and attention of portfolio managers by having portfolio managers focus on a particular investment discipline. Most accounts managed by a portfolio manager in a particular investment strategy are managed using the same investment models.

If a portfolio manager identifies a limited investment opportunity which may be suitable for more than one account, an account may not be able to take full advantage of that opportunity due to an allocation of filled purchase or sale orders across all eligible accounts. To deal with these situations, Nuveen Asset Management has adopted procedures for allocating limited opportunities across multiple accounts.

With respect to many of its clients' accounts, Nuveen Asset Management determines which broker to use to execute transaction orders, consistent with its duty to seek best execution of the transaction. However, with respect to certain other accounts, Nuveen Asset Management may be limited by the client with respect to the selection of brokers or may be instructed to direct trades through a particular broker. In these cases, Nuveen Asset Management may place separate, non-simultaneous, transactions for a Fund and other accounts which may temporarily affect the market price of the security or the execution of the transaction, or both, to the detriment of the Fund or the other accounts.

Some clients are subject to different regulations. As a consequence of this difference in regulatory requirements, some clients may not be permitted to engage in all the investment techniques or transactions or to engage in these transactions to the same extent as the other accounts managed by

the portfolio manager. Finally, the appearance of a conflict of interest may arise where Nuveen Asset Management has an incentive, such as a performance-based management fee, which relates to the management of some accounts, with respect to which a portfolio manager has day-to-day management responsibilities.

Nuveen Asset Management has adopted certain compliance procedures which are designed to address these types of conflicts common among investment managers. However, there is no guarantee that such procedures will detect each and every situation in which a conflict arises.

Beneficial Ownership of Securities. The following table sets forth the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by Mr. Romans as of the date of this SAI:

Portfolio Manager	Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned in the Acquiring Fund	Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned in the Target Fund
Scott R. Romans	\$ 0	\$ 0

Unless earlier terminated as described below, each Fund's Investment Management Agreement with Nuveen Fund Advisors will remain in effect until August 1, 2014. Each Investment Management Agreement continues in effect from year to year so long as such continuation is approved at least annually by: (1) the Board or the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund; and (2) a majority of the Trustees or Directors, as applicable, who are not interested persons of any party to the Investment Management Agreement, cast in person at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on such approval. Each Investment Management Agreement may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by either the Fund or Nuveen Fund Advisors upon 60 days' written notice and is automatically terminated in the event of its assignment as defined in the 1940 Act.

The Funds, Nuveen Fund Advisors, Nuveen Asset Management, Nuveen Investments and other related entities have adopted codes of ethics under Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act, that essentially prohibit certain of their personnel, including the Funds' portfolio manager, from engaging in personal investments that compete or interfere with, or attempt to take advantage of a client's, including the Funds', anticipated or actual portfolio transactions, and are designed to assure that the interests of clients, including Fund shareholders, are placed before the interests of personnel in connection with personal investment transactions. The codes of ethics of the Funds, Nuveen Fund Advisors, Nuveen Asset Management and Nuveen Investments can be viewed online or downloaded from the EDGAR Database on the SEC's internet web site at www.sec.gov. You may also review and copy those documents by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 202-942-8090. In addition, copies of those codes of ethics may be obtained, after mailing the appropriate duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 or by e-mail request at publicinfo@sec.gov.

Each Fund invests its assets generally in municipal securities. On rare occasions the Funds may acquire, directly or through a special-purpose vehicle, equity securities of certain issuers whose securities the Funds already own when such securities have deteriorated or are expected shortly to deteriorate significantly in credit quality. The purpose of acquiring equity securities generally will be to acquire control of the issuer and to seek to prevent the credit deterioration or facilitate the

liquidation or other workout of the distressed issuer's credit problem. In the course of exercising control of a distressed issuer, Nuveen Asset Management may pursue the Funds' interests in a variety of ways, which may entail negotiating and executing consents, agreements and other arrangements, and otherwise influencing the management of the issuer. Nuveen Asset Management does not consider such activities proxy voting for purposes of Rule 206(4)-6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the Advisers Act), but nevertheless provides reports to the Fund's Board on its control activities on a quarterly basis.

In the rare event that an issuer were to issue a proxy or that the Funds were to receive a proxy issued by a cash management security, Nuveen Asset Management would either engage an independent third party to determine how the proxy should be voted or vote the proxy with the consent, or based on the instructions, of the Funds' Board or its representative. A member of Nuveen Asset Management's legal department would oversee the administration of the voting and ensure that records maintained in accordance with Rule 206(4)-6 of the Advisers Act were filed with the SEC on Form N-PX, provided to the Funds' Board and made available to shareholders as required by applicable rules.

In the event of a conflict of interest that might arise when voting proxies for the Funds, Nuveen Asset Management will defer to the recommendation of an independent third party engaged to determine how the proxy should be voted, or, alternatively, members of Nuveen Asset Management's legal and compliance departments, in consultation with the Board, will examine the conflict of interest and seek to resolve such conflict in the best interest of each Fund. If a member of Nuveen Asset Management's legal or compliance department or the Board has a personal conflict of interest, that member will refrain from participating in the consultation.

Information regarding how each Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30 will be available without charge by calling (800) 257-8787 or by accessing the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

Subject to the supervision of the Board, Nuveen Asset Management is responsible for decisions to purchase and sell securities for the Funds, the negotiation of the prices to be paid and the allocation of transactions among various dealer firms. Transactions on stock exchanges involve the payment by the Funds of brokerage commissions. There generally is no stated commission in the case of securities traded in the OTC market, but the prices paid by the Funds usually include an undisclosed dealer commission or mark-up. Transactions in the OTC market can also be placed with broker-dealers who act as agents and charge brokerage commissions for effecting OTC transactions. Each Fund may place its OTC transactions either directly with principal market makers, or with broker-dealers if that is consistent with Nuveen Asset Management's obligation to obtain best qualitative execution. In certain instances, the Funds may make purchases of underwritten issues at prices that include underwriting fees.

Portfolio securities may be purchased directly from an underwriter or in the OTC market from the principal dealers in such securities, unless it appears that a better price or execution may be obtained through other means. Portfolio securities will not be purchased from Nuveen Investments or its affiliates or affiliates of Nuveen Asset Management except in compliance with the 1940 Act.

It is Nuveen Asset Management’s policy to seek the best execution under the circumstances of each trade. Nuveen Asset Management will evaluate price as the primary consideration, with the financial condition, reputation and responsiveness of the dealer considered secondary in determining best execution. Given the best execution obtainable, it will be Nuveen Asset Management’s practice to select dealers that, in addition, furnish research information (primarily credit analyses of issuers and general economic reports) and statistical and other services to Nuveen Asset Management. It is not possible to place a dollar value on information and statistical and other services received from dealers. Since it is only supplementary to Nuveen Asset Management’s own research efforts, the receipt of research information is not expected to reduce significantly Nuveen Asset Management’s expenses. While Nuveen Asset Management will be primarily responsible for the placement of the business of the Funds, Nuveen Asset Management’s policies and practices in this regard must be consistent with the foregoing and will, at all times, be subject to review by the Board of the Funds.

Nuveen Asset Management may manage other investment accounts and investment companies for other clients that may invest in the same types of securities as the Funds and that may have investment objectives similar to those of the Funds. Nuveen Asset Management seeks to allocate portfolio transactions equitably whenever concurrent decisions are made to purchase or sell assets or securities by each Fund and another advisory account. If an aggregated order cannot be filled completely, allocations will generally be made on a pro rata basis. An order may not be allocated on a pro rata basis where, for example (i) consideration is given to portfolio managers who have been instrumental in developing or negotiating a particular investment; (ii) consideration is given to an account with specialized investment policies that coincide with the particulars of a specific investment; (iii) pro rata allocation would result in odd-lot or de minimis amounts being allocated to a portfolio or other client; or (iv) where Nuveen Asset Management reasonably determines that departure from a pro rata allocation is advisable. There may also be instances where a Fund will not participate at all in a transaction that is allocated among other accounts. While these allocation procedures could have a detrimental effect on the price or amount of the securities available to the Fund from time to time, it is the opinion of the Board that the benefits available from Nuveen Asset Management’s management outweigh any disadvantage that may arise from Nuveen Asset Management’s larger management activities and its need to allocate securities.

The following table sets forth the aggregate amount of brokerage commissions paid by the Funds for the last three fiscal years for which financial statements are available:

	9/30/2012	9/30/2011	9/30/2010
Acquiring Fund	\$	\$	\$
Performance Plus	\$	\$	\$
Dividend Advantage 2	\$	\$	\$

Substantially all of the Funds’ trades are effected on a principal basis.

REPURCHASE OF FUND SHARES; CONVERSION TO OPEN-END FUND

The Acquiring Fund is a closed-end investment company, and as such its shareholders will not have the right to cause the Fund to redeem their shares. Instead, the Fund’s common shares will trade in the open market at a price that will be a function of several factors, including dividend levels (which are in turn affected by expenses), net asset value, dividend stability, relative demand for and supply of

such shares in the market, general market and economic conditions and other factors. Because shares of a closed-end investment company may frequently trade at prices lower than net asset value, the Acquiring Fund's Board has currently determined that, at least annually, it will consider action that might be taken to reduce or eliminate any material discount from net asset value in respect of common shares, which may include the repurchase of such shares in the open market or in private transactions, the making of a tender offer for such shares at net asset value, or the conversion of the Fund to an open-end investment company. There can be no assurance, however, that the Board will decide to take any of these actions, or that share repurchases or tender offers, if undertaken, will reduce market discount.

Subject to its investment limitations, the Acquiring Fund may borrow to finance the repurchase of shares or to make a tender offer. Interest on any borrowings to finance share repurchase transactions or the accumulation of cash by the Fund in anticipation of share repurchases or tenders will reduce the Fund's net income. Any share repurchase, tender offer or borrowing that might be approved by the Board would have to comply with the Exchange Act and the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Although the decision to take action in response to a discount from net asset value will be made by the Board at the time it considers such issue, it is the Board's present policy, which may be changed by the Board, not to authorize repurchases of common shares or a tender offer for such shares if (1) such transactions, if consummated, would (a) result in the delisting of the common shares from the NYSE, the NYSE MKT or elsewhere, or (b) impair the Fund's status as a regulated investment company under the Code (which would make the Fund a taxable entity, causing the Fund's taxable income to be taxed at the corporate level in addition to the taxation of shareholders who receive dividends from the Fund) or as a registered closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act; (2) the Fund would not be able to liquidate portfolio securities in an orderly manner and consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and policies in order to repurchase shares; or (3) there is, in the Board's judgment, any (a) material legal action or proceeding instituted or threatened challenging such transactions or otherwise materially adversely affecting the Fund, (b) general suspension of or limitation on prices for trading securities on the NYSE, the NYSE MKT or elsewhere, (c) declaration of a banking moratorium by federal or state authorities or any suspension of payment by United States or state banks in which the Fund invests, (d) material limitation affecting the Fund or the issuers of its portfolio securities by federal or state authorities on the extension of credit by lending institutions or on the exchange of non-U.S. currency, (e) commencement of war, armed hostilities or other international or national calamity directly or indirectly involving the United States, or (f) other event or condition that would have a material adverse effect (including any adverse tax effect) on the Acquiring Fund or its shareholders if shares were repurchased. The Board may in the future modify these conditions in light of experience.

The repurchase by the Acquiring Fund of its shares at prices below net asset value will result in an increase in the net asset value of those shares that remain outstanding. However, there can be no assurance that share repurchases or tenders at or below net asset value will result in the Fund's shares trading at a price equal to their net asset value. Nevertheless, the fact that the Fund's shares may be the subject of repurchase or tender offers at net asset value from time to time, or that the Fund may be converted to an open-end investment company, may reduce any spread between market price and net asset value that might otherwise exist.

In addition, a purchase by the Acquiring Fund of its common shares will decrease the Fund's total assets, which would likely have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio.

Conversion to an open-end company would require the approval of the holders of at least two-thirds of the Acquiring Fund's common and preferred shares, voting as a single class, and approval of the holders of at least two-thirds of the Fund's preferred shares, voting together as a single class, unless the conversion has been approved by the requisite vote of the Board Members, in which case a majority vote of the requisite holders would be required. See the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus under Certain Provisions in the Acquiring Fund's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws for a discussion of voting requirements applicable to conversion of the Fund to an open-end investment company. If the Fund converted to an open-end investment company, the Fund's common shares would no longer be listed on the NYSE, the NYSE MKT or elsewhere, and the Fund's preferred shares would no longer be outstanding. In contrast to a closed-end investment company, shareholders of an open-end investment company may require the company to redeem their shares on any business day (except in certain circumstances as authorized by or under the 1940 Act or rules thereunder) at their net asset value, less such redemption charge, if any, as might be in effect at the time of redemption. In order to avoid maintaining large cash positions or liquidating favorable investments to meet redemptions, open-end investment companies typically engage in a continuous offering of their shares. Open-end investment companies are thus subject to periodic asset in-flows and out-flows that can complicate portfolio management. The Board may at any time propose conversion of the Fund to an open-end investment company depending upon its judgment as to the advisability of such action in light of circumstances then prevailing.

Before deciding whether to take any action if the Acquiring Fund's common shares trade below net asset value, the Board would consider all relevant factors, including the extent and duration of the discount, the liquidity of the Fund's portfolio, the impact of any action that might be taken on the Fund or its shareholders, and market considerations. Based on these considerations, even if the Fund's shares should trade at a discount, the Board may determine that, in the interest of the Fund and its shareholders, no action should be taken.

TAX MATTERS

Federal Income Tax Matters

The following is a general summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a shareholder that acquires, holds and/or disposes of shares of the Acquiring Fund. This discussion only addresses U.S. federal income tax consequences to U.S. shareholders who hold their shares as capital assets and does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to particular shareholders in light of their individual circumstances. This discussion also does not address the tax consequences to shareholders who are subject to special rules, including, without limitation, shareholders with large positions in the Acquiring Fund, financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, foreign holders, persons who hold their shares as or in a hedge against currency risk, a constructive sale, or conversion transaction, holders who are subject to the federal alternative minimum tax (except as discussed below), or tax-exempt or tax-deferred plans, accounts, or entities. In addition, the discussion does not address any state, local, or foreign tax consequences. The discussion reflects applicable tax laws of the United States as of the date of this SAI, which tax laws may be changed or subject to new interpretations by the courts or the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) retroactively or prospectively. No attempt is made to present a detailed explanation of all U.S. federal income tax concerns affecting the Acquiring Fund and its shareholders, and the discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice. INVESTORS

ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISERS TO DETERMINE THE SPECIFIC TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF INVESTING IN THE ACQUIRING FUND, INCLUDING THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM AND THE EFFECT OF POSSIBLE CHANGES IN TAX LAWS.

The Acquiring Fund has elected to be treated, and intends to continue to qualify each year, as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), and to satisfy conditions which enable its dividends that are attributable to interest on municipal securities to be exempt from federal income tax in the hands of owners of such stock, subject to the possible application of the federal alternative minimum tax.

To qualify for the favorable U.S. federal income tax treatment generally accorded to regulated investment companies, the Acquiring Fund must, among other things, (a) derive in each taxable year at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock, securities or non-U.S. currencies, other income derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies, and net income derived from interests in qualified publicly traded partnerships, as defined in the Code; (b) diversify its holdings so that, at the end of each quarter of each taxable year, (i) at least 50% of the value of the Acquiring Fund's assets is represented by cash and cash items (including receivables), U.S. Government securities, the securities of other regulated investment companies and other securities, with such other securities of any one issuer limited for the purposes of this calculation to an amount not greater than 5% of the value of the Acquiring Fund's total assets and not greater than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of its total assets is invested in the securities (other than U.S. Government securities or the securities of other regulated investment companies) of a single issuer, or two or more issuers that the Acquiring Fund controls and are engaged in the same, similar or related trades or businesses, or the securities of one or more qualified publicly traded partnerships; and (c) distribute each year an amount equal to or greater than the sum of 90% of its investment company taxable income (as that term is defined in the Code, but without regard to the deduction for dividends paid) and 90% of its net tax-exempt interest.

If the Acquiring Fund failed to qualify as a regulated investment company in any taxable year, the Acquiring Fund would be taxed in the same manner as a regular corporation on its taxable income (even if such income were distributed to its shareholders) and distributions to shareholders would not be deductible by the Acquiring Fund in computing its taxable income. Additionally, all distributions out of earnings and profits (including distributions from net capital gain and net tax-exempt interest) would be taxed to shareholders as ordinary dividend income. Such distributions generally would be eligible (i) to be treated as qualified dividend income, as discussed below in the case of noncorporate shareholders and (ii) for the dividends received deduction under Section 243 of the Code (the Dividends Received Deduction) in the case of corporate shareholders.

The Acquiring Fund intends to continue to qualify to pay exempt-interest dividends, as defined in the Code, by satisfying the requirement that, at the close of each quarter of its taxable year, at least 50% of the value of its total assets consist of tax-exempt state and local bonds. Exempt-interest dividends are dividends or any part thereof (other than a capital gain dividend) paid by the Acquiring Fund which are attributable to interest on state and local bonds that pay interest exempt from regular federal income tax and are so designated by the Acquiring Fund. Exempt-interest dividends will be exempt from U.S. federal income tax, subject to the possible application of the federal alternative minimum tax.

As a regulated investment company, the Acquiring Fund generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on its investment company taxable income and net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, that it distributes to shareholders. The Acquiring Fund may retain for investment its net capital gain. However, if the Acquiring Fund retains any net capital gain or any investment company taxable income, it will be subject to tax at regular corporate rates on the amount retained. If the Acquiring Fund retains any net capital gain, it may designate the retained amount as undistributed capital gains in a notice to its shareholders who, if subject to U.S. federal income tax on long-term capital gains, (i) will be required to include in income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as long-term capital gain, their share of such undistributed amount, and (ii) will be entitled to credit their proportionate shares of the federal income tax paid by the Acquiring Fund on such undistributed amount against their U.S. federal income tax liabilities, if any, and to claim refunds to the extent the credit exceeds such liabilities. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the basis of shares owned by a shareholder of the Acquiring Fund will be increased by an amount equal to the difference between the amount of undistributed capital gains included in the shareholder's gross income and the federal income tax deemed paid by the shareholder under clause (ii) of the preceding sentence. The Acquiring Fund intends to distribute to its shareholders, at least annually, substantially all of its investment company taxable income (determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid) and the net capital gain not otherwise retained by the Acquiring Fund.

Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% federal excise tax. To prevent imposition of the excise tax, the Acquiring Fund must distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of its ordinary taxable income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year, (2) 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of its capital losses (adjusted for certain ordinary losses) for the one-year period ending October 31 of the calendar year, and (3) any ordinary taxable income and capital gains for previous years that were not distributed during those years and on which the Acquiring Fund paid no U.S. federal income tax. To prevent application of the excise tax, the Acquiring Fund intends to make distributions in accordance with the calendar year distribution requirement.

The Acquiring Fund may acquire municipal obligations and other debt securities that are market discount bonds. A market discount bond is a security acquired in the secondary market at a price below its redemption value (or its adjusted issue price if it is also an original issue discount bond). If the Acquiring Fund invests in a market discount bond, it will be required to treat any gain recognized on the disposition of such market discount bond as ordinary taxable income to the extent of the accrued market discount unless the Acquiring Fund elects to include the market discount in taxable income as it accrues.

If the Acquiring Fund invests in certain taxable pay-in-kind securities, zero coupon securities, deferred interest securities or, in general, any other securities with original issue discount (or with market discount if the Acquiring Fund elects to include market discount in income currently), the Acquiring Fund must accrue income on such investments for each taxable year, which generally will be prior to the receipt of the corresponding cash payments. However, the Acquiring Fund must distribute to shareholders, at least annually, all or substantially all of its investment company taxable income (determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid) and net tax-exempt interest, including such accrued income, to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company and (with respect to taxable income) to avoid federal income and excise taxes. Therefore, the Acquiring Fund may have to dispose of its portfolio securities under disadvantageous circumstances to generate cash, or may have to leverage itself by borrowing the cash, to satisfy these distribution requirements.

A portion of the Acquiring Fund's expenditures that would otherwise be deductible may not be allowed as deductions by reason of the Acquiring Fund's investment in municipal securities (with such disallowed portion, in general, being the same percentage of the Acquiring Fund's aggregate expenses as the percentage of the Acquiring Fund's aggregate income (other than capital gain income) that constitutes exempt-interest income). A similar disallowance rule also applies to interest expense paid or incurred by the Acquiring Fund, if any. Such disallowed deductions, if any, will reduce the amount that the Acquiring Fund can designate as exempt-interest dividends by the disallowed amount. Income distributions by the Acquiring Fund in excess of the amount of the Acquiring Fund's exempt-interest dividends may be taxable as ordinary income.

Distributions to shareholders of net investment income received by the Acquiring Fund from taxable temporary investments, if any, and of net short-term capital gains realized by the Acquiring Fund, if any, will be taxable to its shareholders as ordinary income. Distributions by the Acquiring Fund of net capital gain (i.e., the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, are taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of the length of time the shareholder has owned the shares with respect to which such distributions are made. The amount of taxable income allocable to the Acquiring Fund's shares will depend upon the amount of such income realized by the Acquiring Fund, but is not generally expected to be significant.

Distributions, if any, in excess of the Acquiring Fund's earnings and profits will first reduce the adjusted tax basis of a shareholder's shares and, after that basis has been reduced to zero, will constitute capital gain to the shareholder (assuming the shares are held as a capital asset). Qualified dividend income received by noncorporate shareholders is taxed for federal income tax purpose at rates equivalent to long-term capital gain tax rates, which reach a maximum of 15% (or 20% for certain high income individuals). Qualified dividend income generally includes dividends from domestic corporations and dividends from non-U.S. corporations that meet certain specified criteria. As long as the Acquiring Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company under the Code, it is not expected that any part of its distributions to shareholders from its investments will qualify for the Dividends Received Deduction available to corporate shareholders or as qualified dividend income in the case of noncorporate shareholders.

Distributions are treated the same for federal income tax purposes whether reinvested in additional shares of the Acquiring Fund or paid in cash.

The IRS currently requires that the Acquiring Fund designate distributions paid with respect to its common shares and its preferred shares as consisting of a portion of each type of income distributed by the Acquiring Fund. The portion of each type of income deemed received by the holders of each class of shares will be equal to the portion of the total Acquiring Fund dividends received by such class. Thus, the Acquiring Fund will designate dividends paid as exempt-interest dividends in a manner that allocates such dividends between the holders of the common shares and the preferred shares in proportion to the total dividends paid to each such class during or with respect to the taxable year, or otherwise as required by applicable law. Net capital gain dividends and ordinary income dividends will similarly be allocated between the two classes.

Earnings and profits are generally treated, for federal income tax purposes, as first being used to pay distributions on preferred shares, and then to the extent remaining, if any, to pay distributions on the common shares.

If the Acquiring Fund utilizes leverage through borrowings, or otherwise, asset coverage limitations imposed by the 1940 Act as well as additional restrictions that may be imposed by certain lenders on the payment of dividends or distributions potentially could limit or eliminate the Acquiring Fund's ability to make distributions on its common shares and/or preferred shares until the asset coverage is restored. These limitations could prevent the Acquiring Fund from distributing at least 90% of its investment company taxable income and tax-exempt interest as is required under the Code and therefore might jeopardize the Acquiring Fund's qualification as a regulated investment company and/or might subject the Acquiring Fund to a nondeductible 4% federal excise tax. Upon any failure to meet the asset coverage requirements imposed by the 1940 Act, the Acquiring Fund may, in its sole discretion and to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, purchase or redeem preferred shares in order to maintain or restore the requisite asset coverage and avoid the adverse consequences to the Acquiring Fund and its shareholders of failing to meet the distribution requirements. There can be no assurance, however, that any such action would achieve these objectives. The Acquiring Fund endeavors to avoid restrictions on its ability to distribute dividends.

The Code provides that interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Acquiring Fund's shares to which exempt-interest dividends are allocated is not deductible. Under rules used by the IRS for determining when borrowed funds are considered used for the purpose of purchasing or carrying particular assets, the purchase or ownership of shares may be considered to have been made with borrowed funds even though such funds are not directly used for the purchase or ownership of such shares.

The interest on private activity bonds in most instances is not federally tax-exempt to a person who is a substantial user of a facility financed by such bonds or a related person of such substantial user. As a result, the Acquiring Fund may not be an appropriate investment for a shareholder who is considered either a substantial user or a related person within the meaning of the Code. In general, a substantial user of a facility includes a nonexempt person who regularly uses a part of such facility in his trade or business. Related persons are in general defined to include persons among whom there exists a relationship, either by family or business, which would result in a disallowance of losses in transactions among them under various provisions of the Code (or if they are members of the same controlled group of corporations under the Code), including a partnership and each of its partners (and certain members of their families), an S corporation and each of its shareholders (and certain members of their families) and various combinations of these and other relationships. The foregoing is not a complete description of all of the provisions of the Code covering the definitions of substantial user and related person.

Although dividends generally will be treated as distributed when paid, dividends declared in October, November or December, payable to shareholders of record on a specified date in one of those months and paid during the following January, will be treated as having been distributed by the Acquiring Fund (and received by the shareholders) on December 31 of the year declared.

Certain of the Acquiring Fund's investment practices are subject to special provisions of the Code that, among other things, may defer the use of certain deductions or losses of the Acquiring Fund, affect the holding period of securities held by the Acquiring Fund and alter the character of the gains or losses realized by the Acquiring Fund. These provisions may also require the Acquiring Fund to recognize income or gain without receiving cash with which to make distributions in the amounts necessary to satisfy the requirements for maintaining regulated investment company status and for avoiding federal income and excise taxes. The Acquiring Fund will monitor its transactions and may

make certain tax elections in order to mitigate the effect of these rules and prevent disqualification of the Acquiring Fund as a regulated investment company.

The sale or exchange of shares of the Acquiring Fund normally will result in capital gain or loss to shareholders who hold their shares as capital assets. Generally, a shareholder's gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year even though the increase in value in such shares is attributable to tax-exempt interest income. The gain or loss on shares held for one year or less will generally be treated as short-term capital gain or loss. Present law taxes both long-term and short-term capital gains of corporations at the same rates applicable to ordinary income. For noncorporate taxpayers, however, long-term capital gains are currently taxed at a maximum federal income tax rate of 15% (or 20% for certain high income individuals), while short-term capital gains and other ordinary income are currently taxed at ordinary income rates. Any loss on the sale of shares that have been held for six months or less will be disallowed to the extent of any distribution of exempt-interest dividends received with respect to such shares, unless the shares are of a regulated investment company that declares exempt-interest dividends on a daily basis in an amount equal to at least 90% of its net tax-exempt interest and distributes such dividends on a monthly or more frequent basis. If a shareholder sells or otherwise disposes of shares before holding them for more than six months, any loss on the sale or disposition will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any net capital gain dividends received by the shareholder with respect to such shares. Any loss realized on a sale or exchange of shares of the Acquiring Fund will be disallowed to the extent those shares of the Acquiring Fund are replaced by other substantially identical shares of the Acquiring Fund or other substantially identical stock or securities (including through reinvestment of dividends) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the date of disposition of the original shares. In that event, the basis of the replacement stock or securities will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.

Federal income tax law imposes an alternative minimum tax with respect to corporations, individuals, trusts and estates. Interest on certain private activity bonds is included as an item of tax preference in determining the amount of a taxpayer's alternative minimum taxable income. To the extent that the Acquiring Fund received income from municipal securities subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, a portion of the dividends paid by the Acquiring Fund, although otherwise exempt from U.S. federal income tax, would be taxable to its shareholders to the extent that their tax liability is determined under the federal alternative minimum tax. The Acquiring Fund will annually provide a report indicating the percentage of the Acquiring Fund's income attributable to municipal securities subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. In addition, for certain corporations, federal alternative minimum taxable income is increased by 75% of the difference between an alternative measure of income (adjusted current earnings) and the amount otherwise determined to be the alternative minimum taxable income. Interest on all municipal securities, and therefore a distribution by the Acquiring Fund that would otherwise be tax-exempt, is included in calculating a corporation's adjusted current earnings. Certain small corporations are not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, certain noncorporate shareholders are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on some or all of their net investment income, which will include items of gross income that are attributable to interest, original issue discount and market discount (but not including tax-exempt interest), as well as net gain from the disposition of other property. This tax generally applies to the extent net investment income, when added to other modified adjusted gross income, exceeds \$200,000 for an unmarried individual, \$250,000 for a married taxpayer filing a joint

return (or a surviving spouse), or \$125,000 for a married individual filing a separate return. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers regarding the applicability of this tax in respect of their shares.

Tax-exempt income, including exempt-interest dividends paid by the Acquiring Fund, is taken into account in calculating the amount of social security and railroad retirement benefits that may be subject to federal income tax.

The Acquiring Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 28% from all distributions (including exempt-interest dividends) and redemption proceeds payable to shareholders who fail to provide the Acquiring Fund with their correct taxpayer identification number or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the IRS that they are subject to backup withholding. Corporate shareholders and certain other shareholders specified in the Code generally are exempt from such backup withholding. This withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld may be credited against the shareholder's federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

The Code provides that every shareholder required to file a tax return must include for information purposes on such return the amount of tax-exempt interest received during the taxable year, including any exempt-interest dividends received from the Acquiring Fund.

With respect to the preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund issued in the Reorganizations, the Acquiring Fund will receive an opinion from special tax counsel that the preferred shares will constitute equity of the Fund, and the foregoing discussion and the tax opinion received by the Funds regarding certain aspects of the Reorganizations, including that the Reorganizations will qualify as tax-free reorganizations under the Code, assumes such treatment. Accordingly, distributions with respect to the preferred shares (other than distributions in redemption of preferred shares subject to Section 302(b) of the Code) will generally constitute dividends to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits, as calculated for federal income tax purposes. Because the treatment of a corporate security as debt or equity is determined on the basis of the facts and circumstances of each case, and no controlling precedent exists for the preferred shares issued in the Reorganizations, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not question special tax counsel's opinion and the Acquiring Fund's treatment of the preferred shares as equity. If the IRS were to succeed in such a challenge, holders of preferred shares could be characterized as receiving taxable interest income rather than exempt-interest or other dividends, possibly requiring them to file amended income tax returns and retroactively to recognize additional amounts of ordinary income or to pay additional tax, interest, and penalties.

New York Tax Matters

The following is based upon the advice of K&L Gates LLP, special counsel to the Acquiring Fund.

The following is a general, abbreviated summary of certain provisions of the applicable New York tax law as presently in effect as it directly governs the taxation of New York resident individual, corporate, and unincorporated business shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. This summary does not address the taxation of other shareholders nor does it discuss any local taxes, other than New York City taxes, that may be applicable. These provisions are subject to change by legislative or administrative action, and any such change may be retroactive with respect to Fund transactions.

The following is based on the assumptions that the Acquiring Fund will qualify under Subchapter M of the Code as a regulated investment company, that the Acquiring Fund will satisfy all the conditions which will cause the Acquiring Fund's distributions to qualify as exempt-interest dividends to shareholders for federal and New York purposes, and that the Acquiring Fund will make such distributions of income and gains as are necessary to qualify to be taxed as a regulated investment company for federal income tax purposes.

The Acquiring Fund will be subject to the New York Business Corporation Franchise Tax and the New York City General Corporation Tax only if it has a sufficient nexus with New York State or New York City. If it is subject to such taxes, it does not expect to pay a material amount of either tax.

Distributions paid by the Acquiring Fund will not be subject to the New York State personal income tax or the New York City personal income or unincorporated business taxes if the distributions are attributable to income earned by the Acquiring Fund as interest from obligations of the State of New York and its political subdivisions, or from obligations or securities of the United States, its territories and possessions, and any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent interest on such obligations is exempt from state taxation under federal law. Distributions excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes that are derived from interest on state and municipal securities other than New York issuers are generally subject to taxes in New York State and New York City. Additionally, other distributions from the Acquiring Fund, including distributions derived from taxable ordinary income and short-term gain, are generally not exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes. Distributions to a corporate shareholder will be subject to New York State corporate franchise tax and New York City general corporation tax.

Gain from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of shares will generally be subject to the New York State personal income and business corporation franchise taxes and the New York City personal income, unincorporated business, and general corporate taxes. Shares will not be subject to property taxes imposed by New York State or New York City. Interest on indebtedness incurred to purchase or carry shares generally is not deductible for New York State or New York City personal income tax purposes. Shares of the Acquiring Fund may be subject to New York estate tax if owned by a New York decedent at the time of death.

To the extent an investor is subject to state and local taxes outside of New York, distributions and dividends earned by an investment in the Acquiring Fund and gain from the sale of shares in the Acquiring Fund may represent taxable income.

Shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisors for more detailed information concerning New York State and local tax matters.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of the Acquiring Fund and the Target Funds appearing in the Funds' Annual Report for the year ended September 30, 2012 are incorporated herein. The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon and incorporated herein. Such financial statements are incorporated herein in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing. Ernst & Young LLP provides auditing services to the Acquiring Fund and each Target Fund. The principal business address of Ernst & Young LLP is 155 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AGENT, DIVIDEND DISBURSING AGENT

AND REDEMPTION AND PAYING AGENT

The custodian of the assets of each Fund is State Street Bank and Trust Company, One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. The custodian performs custodial, fund accounting and portfolio accounting services. Each Fund's transfer, shareholder services and dividend paying agent is also State Street Bank and Trust Company, 250 Royall Street, Canton, Massachusetts 02021.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A Registration Statement on Form N-14, including amendments thereto, relating to the common shares of the Acquiring Fund offered hereby, has been filed by the Acquiring Fund with the SEC. The Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and this SAI do not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement, including any exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to the Acquiring Fund and the common shares offered hereby, reference is made to the Acquiring Fund's Registration Statement. Statements contained in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus and this SAI as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete, and in each instance reference is made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, each such statement being qualified in all respects by such reference. Copies of the Registration Statement may be inspected without charge at the SEC's principal office in Washington, D.C., and copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained from the SEC upon the payment of certain fees prescribed by the SEC.

PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

The unaudited pro forma financial information set forth below is for informational purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of the financial condition that actually would have resulted if the Reorganizations had been consummated. The closing of the Reorganizations is contingent upon certain conditions being satisfied or waived, including that shareholders of each Fund, voting separately, must approve the Reorganization(s) for their Fund and that shareholders of the Acquiring Fund must approve the issuance of additional common shares of the Acquiring Fund in connection with the Reorganizations. If one Fund does not obtain the requisite approvals, the closing will not occur for any Fund. These pro forma numbers have been estimated in good faith based on information regarding the Target Funds and Acquiring Fund as of March 31, 2013. The unaudited pro forma financial information should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund, which are available in their respective annual shareholder reports.

Narrative Description of the Pro Forma Effects of the Reorganizations

Note 1 Reorganization

The unaudited pro forma information has been prepared to give effect to the proposed reorganizations of the Target Funds into the Acquiring Fund pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the Plan) as of the beginning of the period indicated in the table below.

Target Funds	Acquiring Fund	12 Month Period Ended
Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc.		March 31, 2013
(Performance Plus)	Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (Acquiring Fund)	
Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2		
(Dividend Advantage 2)		

Note 2 Basis of Pro Forma

Each Reorganization will be accounted for as a tax-free reorganization of investment companies; therefore, no gain or loss will be recognized by the Acquiring Fund or its shareholders as a result of a Reorganization. The Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund are registered closed-end management investment companies. The Reorganizations will be accomplished by the acquisition of substantially all of the assets and the assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of the Target Funds by the Acquiring Fund in exchange for shares of the Acquiring Fund and the distribution of such shares to Target Funds shareholders in complete liquidation of the Target Funds. The pro forma financial information has been adjusted to reflect the Reorganization costs discussed in Note 4 and the assumption that Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 will make net investment income distributions of \$2,162,639 and \$112,378, respectively, and Performance Plus and Dividend Advantage 2 will make accumulated net realized gain distributions of \$54,007 and \$5,640, respectively, to their shareholders prior to the Reorganizations. The table below shows the common shares that Target Funds shareholders would have received if the Reorganizations were to have taken place on the period end date in Note 1.

Target Fund	Shares Exchanged
Performance Plus	15,594,443
Dividend Advantage 2	6,398,956

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, each Reorganization will be accounted for as a tax-free reorganization for federal income tax purposes. For financial reporting purposes, the historical cost basis of the investments received from each Target Fund will be carried forward to align ongoing reporting of the realized and unrealized gains and losses of the surviving fund (which will be the Acquiring Fund) with amounts distributable to shareholders for tax purposes.

Fund	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	As-of Date
Acquiring Fund	\$ 146,560,319	March 31, 2013
Performance Plus	\$ 248,462,306	March 31, 2013
Dividend Advantage 2	\$ 101,481,128	March 31, 2013
Combined Fund Pro Forma	\$ 493,544,089	March 31, 2013

Note 3 Pro Forma Expense Adjustments

The table below reflects adjustments to annual expenses made to the Combined Fund Pro Forma financial information as if the Reorganizations had taken place on the first day of the period as disclosed in Note 1. The pro forma information has been derived from the books and records used in calculating daily net asset values of the Target Funds and the Acquiring Fund and has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect this information. Pro forma expenses do not include the expenses to be charged to the Funds in connection with the Reorganizations. Percentages presented below are the increase (decrease) in expenses divided by the Combined Fund Pro Forma Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares presented in Note 2. Actual results could differ from those estimates. No other significant pro forma effects are expected to result from the Reorganizations.

Net Expense Category	Fee and Expense Increase (Decrease)	
	Dollar Amount	Percentage
Management fees ¹	\$ (104,911)	(0.02)%
Professional fees ²	(47,231)	(0.01)%
Custodian fees and expenses ²	(17,927)	(0.00)% ⁽³⁾
Shareholder servicing agent fees and expenses ²	(12,000)	(0.00)% ⁽³⁾
Stock exchange listing fees ²	(9,298)	(0.00)% ⁽³⁾
Shareholder reporting expenses ²	(4,196)	(0.00)% ⁽³⁾
Total Pro Forma Net Expense Adjustment	\$ (195,563)	(0.04)%

- (1) Reflects the impact of applying the Acquiring Fund's fund-level management fee rates following the Reorganizations to the combined fund's average managed assets.
- (2) Reflects the anticipated reduction of certain duplicative expenses eliminated as a result of the Reorganizations.
- (3) Rounds to less than (0.01)%.

No significant accounting policies will change as a result of the Reorganizations, specifically policies regarding security valuation or compliance with Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. No significant changes to any existing contracts of the Acquiring Fund are expected as a result of the Reorganizations.

Note 4 Reorganization Costs

The Reorganization costs (whether or not the Reorganizations are consummated) will be allocated among the Funds. The costs of the Reorganizations are estimated to be \$25,000 for Performance Plus and \$330,000 for Dividend Advantage 2. These costs represent the estimated nonrecurring expenses of the Target Funds in carrying out their obligations under the Plan and consist of management's estimate of professional service fees, printing costs and mailing charges related to the proposed Reorganizations to be borne by the Target Funds. The Acquiring Fund is expected to be charged approximately \$270,000 of expenses in connection with the Reorganizations. The Combined Fund Pro Forma financial information included in Note 2 has been adjusted for any costs related to the Reorganizations to be borne by the Funds. Reorganization costs do not include any commissions that would be incurred due to portfolio realignment.

If the Reorganizations had occurred as of March 31, 2013, the Acquiring Fund would not have been required to dispose of securities of the Target Funds in order to comply with its investment policies and restrictions, and would have not sold any material portion (i.e., more than 5% of a Target Fund's assets) of the securities in the Target Funds' portfolios solely as a result of the Reorganizations.

Note 5 Accounting Survivor

The Acquiring Fund will be the accounting survivor. The surviving fund will have the portfolio management team, portfolio composition, strategies, investment objectives, expense structure and policies/restrictions of the Acquiring Fund.

Note 6 Capital Loss Carryforward

As of March 31, 2013, the Funds had no capital loss carryforwards.

APPENDIX A

RATINGS OF INVESTMENTS

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services A brief description of the applicable Standard & Poor's Ratings Services LLC, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC business (Standard & Poor's or S&P), rating symbols and their meanings (as published by S&P) follows:

A Standard & Poor's issue credit rating is a current opinion of the creditworthiness of an obligor with respect to a specific financial obligation, a specific class of financial obligations, or a specific financial program (including ratings on medium term note programs and commercial paper programs). It takes into consideration the creditworthiness of guarantors, insurers, or other forms of credit enhancement on the obligation and takes into account the currency in which the obligation is denominated. The issue credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, sell, or hold a financial obligation, inasmuch as it does not comment as to market price or suitability for a particular investor.

Issue credit ratings are based on current information furnished by the obligors or obtained by Standard & Poor's from other sources it considers reliable. Standard & Poor's does not perform an audit in connection with any credit rating and may, on occasion, rely on unaudited financial information. Credit ratings may be changed, suspended, or withdrawn as a result of changes in, or unavailability of, such information, or based on other circumstances.

Issue credit ratings can be either long-term or short-term. Short-term ratings are generally assigned to those obligations considered short-term in the relevant market. In the U.S., for example, that means obligations with an original maturity of no more than 365 days including commercial paper.

Short-term ratings are also used to indicate the creditworthiness of an obligor with respect to put features on long-term obligations. The result is a dual rating, in which the short-term rating addresses the put feature, in addition to the usual long-term rating. Medium-term notes are assigned long-term ratings.

Long-Term Issue Credit Ratings

Issue credit ratings are based in varying degrees, on the following considerations:

1. Likelihood of payment capacity and willingness of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on an obligation in accordance with the terms of the obligation;
2. Nature of and provisions of the obligation; and
3. Protection afforded by, and relative position of, the obligation in the event of bankruptcy, reorganization, or other arrangement under the laws of bankruptcy and other laws affecting creditors' rights.

The issue ratings definitions are expressed in terms of default risk. As such, they pertain to senior obligations of an entity. Junior obligations are typically rated lower than senior obligations, to reflect the lower priority in bankruptcy, as noted above. (Such differentiation applies when an entity has both senior and subordinated obligations, secured and unsecured obligations, or operating company

and holding company obligations.) Accordingly, in the case of junior debt, the rating may not conform exactly with the category definition.

AAA

An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

AA

An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only in small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is very strong.

A

An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is still strong.

BBB

An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

BB, B, CCC, CC, and C

Obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

BB

An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

B

An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CCC

An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitment

on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

CC

An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment.

C

A Subordinated debt or preferred stock obligation rated C is CURRENTLY HIGHLY VULNERABLE to nonpayment. The C rating may be used to cover a situation where a bankruptcy petition has been filed or similar action has been taken, but payments on this obligation are being continued. A C also will be assigned to a preferred stock issue in arrears on dividends or sinking fund payments, but that is currently paying.

D

An obligation rated D is in payment default. The D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due even if the applicable grace period has not expired, unless Standard & Poor's believes that such payments will be made during such grace period. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of a similar action if payments on an obligation are jeopardized.

Plus (+) or minus (-). The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

r

This symbol is attached to the ratings of instruments with significant noncredit risks. It highlights risks to principal or volatility of expected returns which are not addressed in the credit rating.

N.R.

This indicates that no rating has been requested, that there is insufficient information on which to base a rating, or that Standard & Poor's does not rate a particular obligation as a matter of policy.

Short-Term Issue Credit Ratings

A-1

A short-term obligation rated A-1 is rated in the highest category by Standard & Poor's. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on these obligations is extremely strong.

A-2

A short-term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is satisfactory.

A-3

A-3

A short-term obligation rated A-3 exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

B

A short-term obligation rated B is regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. The obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation; however, it faces major ongoing uncertainties which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

C

A short-term obligation rated C is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitment on the obligation.

D

A short-term obligation rated D is in payment default. The D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due even if the applicable grace period has not expired, unless Standard & Poor's believes that such payments will be made during such grace period. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of a similar action if payments on an obligation are jeopardized.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. A brief description of the applicable Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) rating symbols and their meanings (as published by Moody's) follows:

Municipal Bonds

Aaa

Bonds that are rated Aaa are judged to be of the best quality. They carry the smallest degree of investment risk and are generally referred to as gilt edged. Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is secure. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues.

Aa

Bonds that are rated Aa are judged to be of high quality by all standards. Together with the Aaa group they comprise what are generally known as high grade bonds. They are rated lower than the best bonds because margins of protection may not be as large as in Aaa securities or fluctuation of protective elements may be of greater amplitude or there may be other elements present that make the long-term risks appear somewhat larger than in Aaa securities.

A

Bonds that are rated A possess many favorable investment attributes and are to be considered as upper medium grade obligations. Factors giving security to principal and interest are considered adequate, but elements may be present that suggest a susceptibility to impairment sometime in the future.

Baa

Bonds that are rated Baa are considered as medium grade obligations, i.e., they are neither highly protected nor poorly secured. Interest payments and principal security appear adequate for the present but certain protective elements may be lacking or may be characteristically unreliable over any great length of time. Such bonds lack outstanding investment characteristics and in fact have speculative characteristics as well.

Ba

Bonds that are rated Ba are judged to have speculative elements; their future cannot be considered as well assured. Often the protection of interest and principal payments may be very moderate and thereby not well safeguarded during both good and bad times over the future. Uncertainty of position characterizes bonds in this class.

B

Bonds that are rated B generally lack characteristics of the desirable investment. Assurance of interest and principal payments or of maintenance of other terms of the contract over any long period of time may be small.

Caa

Bonds that are rated Caa are of poor standing. Such issues may be in default or there may be present elements of danger with respect to principal or interest.

Ca

Bonds that are rated Ca represent obligations that are speculative in a high degree. Such issues are often in default or have other marked shortcomings.

C

Bonds that are rated C are the lowest rated class of bonds, and issues so rated can be regarded as having extremely poor prospects of ever attaining any real investment standing.

#(hatchmark): Represents issues that are secured by escrowed funds held in cash, held in trust, invested and reinvested in direct, non-callable, non-prepayable United States government obligations or non-callable, non-prepayable obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, Resolution Funding Corporation debt obligations.

Con. (...): Bonds for which the security depends upon the completion of some act or the fulfillment of some condition are rated conditionally. These are bonds secured by (a) earnings of

projects under construction, (b) earnings of projects unseasoned in operation experience, (c) rentals that begin when facilities are completed, or (d) payments to which some other limiting condition attaches. The parenthetical rating denotes probable credit stature upon completion of construction or elimination of the basis of the condition.

(P): When applied to forward delivery bonds, indicates the rating is provisional pending delivery of the bonds. The rating may be revised prior to delivery if changes occur in the legal documents or the underlying credit quality of the bonds.

Note: Moody's applies numerical modifiers 1, 2 and 3 in each generic rating classification from Aa through Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the issue ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates that the issue ranks in the lower end of its generic rating category.

Short-Term Loans

MIG 1/VMIG 1

This designation denotes superior credit quality. Excellent protection is afforded by established cash flows, highly reliable liquidity support, or demonstrated broad-based access to the market for refinancing.

MIG 2/VMIG 2

This designation denotes strong credit quality. Margins of protection are ample, although not as large as in the preceding group.

MIG 3/VMIG 3

This designation denotes acceptable credit quality. Liquidity and cash-flow protection may be narrow, and market access for refinancing is likely to be less well-established.

SG

This designation denotes speculative-grade credit quality. Debt instruments in this category may lack sufficient margins of protection.

Commercial Paper

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-1 have a superior ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. Prime-1 repayment ability will normally be evidenced by the following characteristics:

Leading market positions in well-established industries.

High rates of return on funds employed.

Conservative capitalization structures with moderate reliance on debt and ample asset protection.

Broad margins in earnings coverage of fixed financial charges and high internal cash generation.

Well-established access to a range of financial markets and assured sources of alternate liquidity.

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-2 have a strong ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. This will normally be evidenced by many of the characteristics cited above but to a lesser degree. Earnings trends and coverage ratios, while sound, may be more subject to variation than is the case for Prime-2 securities. Capitalization characteristics, while still appropriate, may be more affected by external conditions. Ample alternate liquidity is maintained.

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-3 have an acceptable ability for repayment of senior short-term debt obligations. The effect of industry characteristics and market composition may be more pronounced. Variability in earnings and profitability may result in changes in the level of debt protection measurements and the requirement for relatively high financial leverage. Adequate alternate liquidity is maintained.

Issuers rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

Fitch Ratings, Inc. A brief description of the applicable Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Fitch) ratings symbols and meanings (as published by Fitch) follows:

Long-Term Credit Ratings

Investment Grade

AAA

Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of credit risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

AA

Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote a very low expectation of credit risk. They indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

A

High credit quality. A ratings denote a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

BBB

Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that there is currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity. This is the lowest investment-grade category.

Speculative Grade

BB

Speculative. BB ratings indicate that there is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as the result of adverse economic change over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met. Securities rated in this category are not investment grade.

B

Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that significant credit risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

CCC, CC, C

High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. A CC rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. C ratings signal imminent default.

DDD, DD, and D Default

The ratings of obligations in this category are based on their prospects for achieving partial or full recovery in a reorganization or liquidation of the obligor. While expected recovery values are highly speculative and cannot be estimated with any precision, the following serve as general guidelines. DDD obligations have the highest potential for recovery, around 90%-100% of outstanding amounts and accrued interest. DD indicates potential recoveries in the range of 50%-90%, and D the lowest recovery potential, i.e., below 50%. Entities rated in this category have defaulted on some or all of their obligations. Entities rated DDD have the highest prospect for resumption of performance or continued operation with or without a formal reorganization process. Entities rated DD and D are generally undergoing a formal reorganization or liquidation process; those rated DD are likely to satisfy a higher portion of their outstanding obligations, while entities rated D have a poor prospect for repaying all obligations.

Short-Term Credit Ratings

A short-term rating has a time horizon of less than 12 months for most obligations, or up to three years for U.S. public finance securities, and thus places greater emphasis on the liquidity necessary to meet financial commitments in a timely manner.

F1

Highest credit quality. Indicates the strongest capacity for timely payment of financial commitments; may have an added + to denote any exceptionally strong credit feature.

F2

Good credit quality. A satisfactory capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, but the margin of safety is not as great as in the case of the higher ratings.

F3

Fair credit quality. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is adequate; however, near-term adverse changes could result in a reduction to non-investment grade.

B

Speculative Minimal capacity for timely payment of financial commitments, plus vulnerability to near-term adverse changes in financial and economic conditions.

C

High default risk. Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.

D

Default. Denotes actual or imminent payment default.

Notes to Long-term and Short-term ratings:

+ or - may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA Long-term rating category, to categories below CCC, or to Short-term ratings other than F1.

NR indicates that Fitch does not rate the issuer or issue in question.

Withdrawn : A rating is withdrawn when Fitch deems the amount of information available to be inadequate for rating purposes, or when an obligation matures, is called, or refinanced.

Rating Watch: Ratings are placed on Rating Watch to notify investors that there is a reasonable probability of a rating change and the likely direction of such change. These are designated as Positive, indicating a potential upgrade, Negative, for a potential downgrade, or Evolving, if ratings may be raised, lowered or maintained. Rating Watch is typically resolved over a relatively short period.

A Rating Outlook indicates the direction a rating is likely to move over a one to two year period. Outlooks may be positive, stable, or negative. A positive or negative Rating Outlook does not imply a rating change is inevitable. Similarly, ratings for which outlooks are stable could be downgraded before an outlook moves to positive or negative if circumstances warrant such an action. Occasionally, Fitch may be unable to identify the fundamental trend. In these cases, the Rating Outlook may be described as evolving.

APPENDIX B

TAXABLE EQUIVALENT YIELD TABLE

The taxable equivalent yield is the current yield you would need to earn on a taxable investment in order to equal a stated tax-free yield on a municipal investment. To assist you to more easily compare municipal investments like the Fund with taxable alternative investments, the table below presents the approximate taxable equivalent yields for individuals for a range of hypothetical tax-free yields assuming the stated marginal federal income tax rates for 2013 listed below. This table should not be considered a representation or guarantee of future results.

TAXABLE EQUIVALENT OF TAX-FREE YIELDS*

Single-Return Bracket	Joint-Return Bracket	Federal Tax Rate	Federal Tax Rate							
			4.00%	4.50%	5.00%	5.50%	6.00%	6.50%	7.00%	7.50%
0-\$8,925	0-\$17,850	10.0%	4.44%	5.00%	5.56%	6.11%	6.67%	7.22%	7.78%	8.33%
\$8,925-\$36,250	\$17,850-\$72,500	15.0%	4.71%	5.29%	5.88%	6.47%	7.06%	7.65%	8.24%	8.82%
\$36,250-\$87,850	\$72,500-\$146,400	25.0%	5.33%	6.00%	6.67%	7.33%	8.00%	8.67%	9.33%	10.00%
\$87,850-\$183,250	\$146,400-\$223,050	28.0%	5.56%	6.25%	6.94%	7.64%	8.33%	9.03%	9.72%	10.42%
\$183,250-\$398,350	\$223,050-\$398,350	33.0%	5.97%	6.72%	7.46%	8.21%	8.96%	9.70%	10.45%	11.19%
\$398,350-\$400,000	\$398,350-\$450,000	35.0%	6.15%	6.92%	7.69%	8.46%	9.23%	10.00%	10.77%	11.54%
Over \$400,000	Over \$450,000	39.6%	6.62%	7.45%	8.28%	9.11%	9.93%	10.76%	11.59%	12.42%

* Please note that the table does not reflect (i) any federal limitations on the amounts of allowable itemized deductions, phase-outs of personal or dependent exemption credits or other allowable credits, (ii) any state or local taxes imposed, or (iii) any alternative minimum taxes or any taxes other than federal personal income taxes.

APPENDIX C

**FORM OF STATEMENT ESTABLISHING THE RIGHTS AND
PREFERENCES
OF MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES**

C-1

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND
STATEMENT ESTABLISHING AND FIXING THE RIGHTS AND
PREFERENCES
OF MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES

C-2

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND
STATEMENT ESTABLISHING AND FIXING THE RIGHTS AND
PREFERENCES
OF MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES

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NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

STATEMENT ESTABLISHING AND FIXING THE RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES OF MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (the Fund), a Massachusetts business trust, certifies that:

RECITALS

FIRST: The Fund is authorized under Article IV of the Fund's Declaration of Trust, as amended (which, as hereafter restated or amended from time to time, is herein called the Declaration), to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares, par value \$.01 per share.

SECOND: Pursuant to the authority expressly vested in the Board of Trustees of the Fund by Article IV of the Declaration, the Board of Trustees has, by resolution, authorized the issuance of Three Million Twenty-Five Thousand (3,025,000) preferred shares, \$.01 par value per share, such shares to be classified as MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (MuniFund Term Preferred), and such shares of MuniFund Term Preferred to be issued in one or more series (each such series, a Series).

THIRD: The preferences, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications, and terms and conditions of redemption, of each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are set forth in this Statement, as modified, amended or supplemented in the Appendix (each an Appendix and collectively the Appendices) to this Statement specifically relating to such Series (each such Series being referred to herein as a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, and shares of all such Series being referred to herein individually as a MuniFund Term Preferred Share and collectively as the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares).

DEFINITIONS

1.1 Definitions. Unless the context or use indicates another or different meaning or intent and except with respect to any Series as specifically provided in the Appendix applicable to such Series, each of the following terms when used in this Statement shall have the meaning ascribed to it below, whether such term is used in the singular or plural and regardless of tense:

1940 Act means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or any successor statute.

1940 Act Asset Coverage means asset coverage, as defined for purposes of Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act, of at least 200% with respect to all outstanding senior securities of the Fund which are shares of stock for purposes of the 1940 Act, including all outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares (or such other asset coverage as may in the future be specified in or under the 1940 Act or by rule, regulation or order of United States Securities and Exchange Commission as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities which are shares of stock of a closed-end investment company).

Additional Amount Payment means a payment to a Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of an amount which, when taken together with the aggregate amount of Taxable Allocations made to such Holder to which such Additional Amount Payment relates, would cause such Holder's dividends in dollars (after federal income tax consequences) from the aggregate of such Taxable Allocations and the related Additional Amount Payment to be equal to the dollar amount of the dividends that would have been received by such Holder if the amount of such aggregate Taxable Allocations would have been excludable (for federal income tax purposes) from the gross income of such Holder. Such Additional Amount Payment shall be calculated (i) without consideration being given to the time value of money; (ii) assuming that no Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares is subject to the federal alternative minimum tax with respect to dividends received from the Fund; and (iii) assuming that each Taxable Allocation and each Additional Amount Payment (except to the extent such Additional Amount Payment is designated as an exempt-interest dividend under Section 852(b)(5) of the Code) would be taxable in the hands of each Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares at the maximum marginal regular federal individual income tax rate applicable to ordinary income or net capital gains, as applicable, or the maximum marginal regular federal corporate income tax rate applicable to ordinary income or net capital gains, as applicable, whichever is greater, in effect at the time such Additional Amount Payment is paid.

Adviser means Nuveen Asset Management, a Delaware corporation, or such other entity as shall be then serving as the investment adviser of the Fund, and shall include, as appropriate, any sub-adviser duly appointed by the Adviser.

Appendices and Appendix shall have the respective meanings as set forth in the Recitals of this Statement.

Asset Coverage means asset coverage of a class of senior security which is a stock, as defined for purposes of Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act as in effect on the date hereof, determined on the basis of values calculated as of a time within 48 hours (only including Business Days) next preceding the time of such determination.

Asset Coverage Cure Date means, with respect to the failure by the Fund to maintain Asset Coverage as of the close of business on a Business Day (as required by Section 2.4(a)), the date that is thirty (30) calendar days following such Business Day.

Board of Trustees means the Board of Trustees of the Fund or any duly authorized committee thereof as permitted by applicable law.

Business Day means any calendar day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading.

By-Laws means the By-Laws of the Fund as amended from time to time.

Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Common Shares means the common shares of beneficial interest, par value \$.01 per share, of the Fund.

Custodian means a bank, as defined in Section 2(a)(5) of the 1940 Act, that has the qualifications prescribed in paragraph 1 of Section 26(a) of the 1940 Act, or such other entity as shall

be providing custodian services to the Fund as permitted by the 1940 Act or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder, and shall include, as appropriate, any similarly qualified sub-custodian duly appointed by the Custodian.

Custodian Agreement means, with respect to any Series, the Custodian Agreement by and among the Custodian and the Fund with respect to such Series.

Date of Original Issue means, with respect to any Series, the date specified as the Date of Original Issue for such Series in the Appendix for such Series.

Declaration shall have the meaning as set forth in the Recitals of this Statement.

Default shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.2(h)(i).

Default Period shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.2(h)(i).

Default Rate shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.2(h)(i).

Deposit Securities means, as of any date, any United States dollar-denominated security or other investment of a type described below that either (i) is a demand obligation payable to the holder thereof on any Business Day or (ii) has a maturity date, mandatory redemption date or mandatory payment date, on its face or at the option of the holder, preceding the relevant Redemption Date, Dividend Payment Date or other payment date in respect of which such security or other investment has been deposited or set aside as a Deposit Security:

- (1) cash or any cash equivalent;
- (2) any U.S. Government Obligation;
- (3) any Municipal Obligation that has a credit rating from at least one NRSRO that is the highest applicable rating generally ascribed by such NRSRO to Municipal Obligations with substantially similar terms as of the date of this Statement (or such rating's future equivalent), including (A) any such Municipal Obligation that has been pre-refunded by the issuer thereof with the proceeds of such refunding having been irrevocably deposited in trust or escrow for the repayment thereof and (B) any such fixed or variable rate Municipal Obligation that qualifies as an eligible security under Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act;
- (4) any investment in any money market fund registered under the 1940 Act that qualifies under Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, or similar investment vehicle described in Rule 12d1-1(b)(2) under the 1940 Act, that invests principally in Municipal Obligations or U.S. Government Obligations or any combination thereof; or
- (5) any letter of credit from a bank or other financial institution that has a credit rating from at least one NRSRO that is the highest applicable rating generally ascribed by such NRSRO to bank deposits or short-term debt of similar banks or other financial institutions as of the date of this Statement (or such rating's future equivalent).

Dividend Default shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.2(h)(i).

Dividend Payment Date means, with respect to any Series, each of the Dividend Payment Dates for such Series set forth in the Appendix for such Series.

Dividend Period means, with respect to any Series, the Dividend Period for such Series set forth in the Appendix for such Series.

Dividend Rate means, with respect to any Series and as of any date, the Fixed Dividend Rate for that Series as adjusted (if applicable) on such date in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.2(c) and Section 2.2(h).

Effective Leverage Ratio shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.4(d).

Effective Leverage Ratio Cure Date shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A).

Electronic Means means email transmission, facsimile transmission or other similar electronic means of communication providing evidence of transmission (but excluding online communications systems covered by a separate agreement) acceptable to the sending party and the receiving party, in any case if operative as between any two parties, or, if not operative, by telephone (promptly confirmed by any other method set forth in this definition), which, in the case of notices to the Redemption and Paying Agent and the Custodian, shall be sent by such means to each of its representatives set forth in the Redemption and Paying Agent Agreement and the Custodian Agreement, respectively.

Exchange Act means the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Fitch means Fitch Ratings, Inc. and any successor or successors thereto.

Fixed Dividend Rate means, with respect to any Series, the rate per annum specified as the Fixed Dividend Rate for such Series in the Appendix for such Series.

Fund shall have the meaning as set forth in the Preamble to this Statement.

Holder means, with respect to the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series or any other security issued by the Fund, a Person in whose name such security is registered in the registration books of the Fund maintained by the Redemption and Paying Agent or otherwise.

Liquidation Preference means, with respect to any Series, the amount specified as the liquidation preference per share for that Series in the Appendix for such Series.

Liquidity Account Initial Date means, with respect to any Series, the date designated as the Liquidity Account Initial Date in the Appendix for such Series.

Liquidity Account Investments means Deposit Securities or any other security or investment owned by the Fund that is rated not less than A3 by Moody's, A- by Standard & Poor's, A- by Fitch or an equivalent rating by any other NRSRO (or any such rating's future equivalent).

Liquidity Requirement shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.11(b).

Mandatory Redemption Price shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(b)(i)(A).

Market Value of any asset of the Fund means, for securities for which market quotations are readily available, the market value thereof determined by an independent third-party pricing service designated from time to time by the Board of Trustees. Market Value of any asset shall include any interest accrued thereon. The pricing service values portfolio securities at the mean between the quoted bid and asked price or the yield equivalent when quotations are readily available. Securities for which quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined by the pricing service using methods that include consideration of: yields or prices of Municipal Obligations of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating; indications as to value from dealers; and general market conditions. The pricing service may employ electronic data processing techniques or a matrix system, or both, to determine recommended valuations.

Moody's means Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and any successor or successors thereto.

Municipal Obligation means municipal securities as described in the prospectus or other offering document for a Series.

MuniFund Term Preferred shall have the meaning as set forth in the Recitals of this Statement.

MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall have the meaning as set forth in the Recitals of this Statement.

Non-Call Period means, with respect to any Series, the period (if any) during which such Series shall not be subject to redemption at the option of the Fund, as set forth in the Appendix for such Series.

Notice of Redemption shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(d).

Notice of Taxable Allocation shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.10(a).

NRSRO means any nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act.

Optional Redemption Date shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(c)(i).

Optional Redemption Premium means, with respect to any Series, the premium (expressed as a percentage of the Liquidation Preference of the shares of such Series) payable by the Fund upon the redemption of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series at the option of the Fund, as set forth in the Appendix for such Series.

Optional Redemption Price shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(c)(i).

Outstanding means, as of any date with respect to MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series, the number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series theretofore issued by the Fund except (without duplication):

(a) any shares of such Series theretofore cancelled or redeemed or delivered to the Redemption and Paying Agent for cancellation or redemption in accordance with the terms hereof;

- (b) any shares of such Series as to which the Fund shall have given a Notice of Redemption and irrevocably deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent sufficient Deposit Securities to redeem such shares in accordance with Section 2.5 hereof;
- (c) any shares of such Series as to which the Fund shall be the Holder or the beneficial owner; and
- (d) any shares of such Series represented by any certificate in lieu of which any new certificate has been executed and delivered by the Fund.

Person means and includes an individual, a partnership, the Fund, a trust, a corporation, a limited liability company, an unincorporated association, a joint venture or other entity or a government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

Preferred Shares means the authorized preferred shares of beneficial interest, par value \$.01 per share, of the Fund, including shares of each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, shares of any other series of such preferred shares now or hereafter issued by the Fund, and any other shares of beneficial interest hereafter authorized and issued by the Fund of a class having priority over any other class as to distribution of assets or payments of dividends.

Rating Agencies means any of Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch, as designated by the Board of Trustees from time to time as contemplated by Section 2.7 to be a Rating Agency for purposes of this Statement. The Board of Trustees has initially designated Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch to be Rating Agencies hereunder. In the event that at any time any Rating Agency (i) ceases to be a Rating Agency for purposes of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, any references to any credit rating of such Rating Agency in this Statement or any Appendix shall be deemed instead to be references to the equivalent credit rating of the Rating Agency designated by the Board of Trustees to replace such Rating Agency (if any such replacement is made) as of the most recent date on which such other Rating Agency published credit ratings for such Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares or (ii) replaces any credit rating of such Rating Agency with a replacement credit rating, any references to such replaced credit rating of such Rating Agency contained in this Statement or any Appendix shall instead be deemed to be references to such replacement credit rating. In the event that at any time the designation of any Rating Agency as a Rating Agency for purposes of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares is terminated by the Board of Trustees, any rating of such terminated Rating Agency, to the extent it would have been taken into account in any of the provisions of this Statement or the Appendix for such Series, shall be disregarded, and only the ratings of the then-designated Rating Agencies for such Series shall be taken into account for purposes of this Statement and such Appendix.

Rating Agency Guidelines means the guidelines of any Rating Agency, as they may be amended or modified from time to time, compliance with which is required to cause such Rating Agency to continue to issue a rating with respect to a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for so long as such Series is Outstanding (which credit rating may consist of a credit rating on the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares generally or the Preferred Shares generally).

Rating Downgrade Period means, with respect to any Series, any period during which the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series are rated A+ or lower by Standard & Poor's, A1 or lower by Moody's and A+ or lower by Fitch (or an equivalent of such ratings, as permitted or contemplated by the definition of Rating Agency).

Redemption and Paying Agent means, with respect to any Series, State Street Bank and Trust Company and its successors or any other redemption and paying agent appointed by the Fund with respect to such Series.

Redemption and Paying Agent Agreement means, with respect to any Series, the Redemption and Paying Agent Agreement or other similarly titled agreement by and among the Redemption and Paying Agent for such Series and the Fund with respect to such Series.

Redemption Date shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(d).

Redemption Default shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.2(h)(i).

Redemption Price shall mean the Term Redemption Price, the Mandatory Redemption Price or the Optional Redemption Price, as applicable.

Securities Depository shall mean The Depository Trust Company and its successors and assigns or any other securities depository selected by the Fund that agrees to follow the procedures required to be followed by such securities depository as set forth in this Statement with respect to the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares.

Series shall have the meaning as set forth in the Recitals of this Statement.

Standard and Poor s means Standard and Poor s Financial Services LLC, a subsidiary of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., and any successor or successors thereto.

Statement means this Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, as it may be amended from time to time in accordance with its terms.

Taxable Allocation means, with respect to any Series, the allocation of any net capital gains or other income taxable for federal income tax purposes to a dividend paid in respect of such Series.

Term Redemption Amount shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.11(a).

Term Redemption Date means, with respect to any Series, the date specified as the Term Redemption Date in the Appendix for such Series.

Term Redemption Liquidity Account shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.11(a).

Term Redemption Price shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.5(a).

U.S. Government Obligations means direct obligations of the United States or of its agencies or instrumentalities that are entitled to the full faith and credit of the United States and that, other than United States Treasury Bills, provide for the periodic payment of interest and the full payment of principal at maturity or call for redemption.

Voting Period shall have the meaning as set forth in Section 2.6(b)(i).

With respect to any Series, any additional definitions specifically set forth in the Appendix relating to such Series and any amendments to any definitions specifically set forth in the Appendix

relating to such Series, as such Appendix may be amended from time to time, shall be incorporated herein and made part hereof by reference thereto, but only with respect to such Series.

1.2 **Interpretation.** The headings preceding the text of Articles and Sections included in this Statement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed part of this Statement or be given any effect in interpreting this Statement. The use of the masculine, feminine or neuter gender or the singular or plural form of words herein shall not limit any provision of this Statement. The use of the terms including or include shall in all cases herein mean including, without limitation or include, without limitation, respectively. Reference to any Person includes such Person's successors and assigns to the extent such successors and assigns are permitted by the terms of any applicable agreement, and reference to a Person in a particular capacity excludes such Person in any other capacity or individually. Reference to any agreement (including this Statement), document or instrument means such agreement, document or instrument as amended or modified and in effect from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof and, if applicable, the terms hereof. Except as otherwise expressly set forth herein, reference to any law means such law as amended, modified, codified, replaced or re-enacted, in whole or in part, including rules, regulations, enforcement procedures and any interpretations promulgated thereunder. Underscored references to Articles or Sections shall refer to those portions of this Statement. The use of the terms hereunder, hereof, hereto and words of similar import shall refer to this Statement as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or clause of this Statement.

TERMS APPLICABLE TO ALL SERIES

OF MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES

Except for such changes and amendments hereto with respect to a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares that are specifically contemplated by the Appendix relating to such Series, each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall have the following terms:

2.1 **Number of Shares: Ranking.**

(a) The number of authorized shares constituting any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be as set forth with respect to such Series in the Appendix hereto relating to such Series. No fractional MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be issued.

(b) The MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of each Series shall rank on a parity with shares of each other Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and with shares of any other series of Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolutions, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund. The MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of each Series shall have preference with respect to the payment of dividends and as to distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Fund over the Common Shares as set forth herein.

(c) No Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall have, solely by reason of being such a Holder, any preemptive or other right to acquire, purchase or subscribe for any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares or Common Shares or other securities of the Fund which it may hereafter issue or sell.

2.2 Dividends and Distributions.

(a) The Holders of any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by, or under authority granted by, the Board of Trustees, out of funds legally available therefor and in preference to dividends and distributions on Common Shares, cumulative cash dividends and distributions on each share of such Series, calculated separately for each Dividend Period for such Series at the Dividend Rate in effect from time to time for such Series during such Dividend Period, computed on the basis of a 360- day year consisting of twelve 30-day months, on an amount equal to the Liquidation Preference for a share of such Series, and no more. Dividends and distributions on the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series shall accumulate from the Date of Original Issue with respect to such Series. Dividends payable on any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series for any period of less than a full monthly Dividend Period, including in connection with the first Dividend Period for such shares or upon any redemption of such shares on any Redemption Date other than on a Dividend Payment Date, shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months and the actual number of days elapsed for any period of less than one month.

(b) Dividends on shares of each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares with respect to any Dividend Period shall be declared to the Holders of record of such shares as their names shall appear on the registration books of the Fund at the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day of the Dividend Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day) and shall be paid as provided in Section 2.2(g) hereof.

(c) So long as Municipal Term Shares of a Series are rated on any date AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's or AAA by Fitch (or an equivalent of such ratings, as permitted or contemplated by the definition of "Rating Agency"), the Dividend Rate applicable to MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series for such date shall be equal to the Fixed Dividend Rate for such Series. If the highest credit rating assigned on any date to an Outstanding Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares by any Rating Agency is equal to one of the ratings set forth in the table below (or its equivalent, as permitted or contemplated by the definition of "Rating Agency"), the Dividend Rate applicable to the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series for such date shall be adjusted by multiplying the Fixed Dividend Rate for such Series by the applicable percentage (expressed as a decimal) set forth opposite the applicable highest credit rating so assigned on such date to such Series by such Rating Agency in the table below.

CREDIT RATINGS

Standard & Poor's	Moody's	Fitch	Applicable Percentage
AA+ to AA-	Aa1 to Aa3	AA+ to AA-	110%
A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-	125%
BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-	150%
BB+ and lower	Ba1 and lower	BB+ and lower	200%

If no Rating Agency is rating an Outstanding Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Dividend Rate applicable to the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series for such date shall be adjusted by multiplying the Fixed Dividend Rate for such Series by 200%.

(d) (i) No full dividends and distributions shall be declared or paid on shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for any Dividend Period or part thereof unless full cumulative dividends and distributions due through the most recent dividend payment dates therefor for all outstanding Preferred Shares (including shares of other Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares) have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid through the most recent dividend payment dates therefor. If full cumulative dividends and distributions due have not been declared and paid on all outstanding Preferred Shares of any series, any dividends and distributions being declared and paid on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares will be declared and paid as nearly pro rata as possible in proportion to the respective amounts of dividends and distributions accumulated but unpaid on each such series of Preferred Shares on the relevant dividend payment date for such series. No Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be entitled to any dividends and distributions, whether payable in cash, property or shares, in excess of full cumulative dividends and distributions as provided in this Section 2.2(d)(i) on such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares.

(ii) For so long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Fund shall not: (x) declare any dividend or other distribution (other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Shares) in respect of the Common Shares, (y) call for redemption, redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any Common Shares, or (z) pay any proceeds of the liquidation of the Fund in respect of the Common Shares, unless, in each case, (A) immediately thereafter, the Fund shall have 1940 Act Asset Coverage after deducting the amount of such dividend or distribution or redemption or purchase price or liquidation proceeds, (B) all cumulative dividends and distributions on all MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and all other Preferred Shares ranking on a parity with the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares due on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition shall have been declared and paid (or shall have been declared and Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such Preferred Shares) for the payment thereof shall have been deposited irrevocably with the paying agent for such Preferred Shares) and (C) the Fund shall have deposited Deposit Securities pursuant to and in accordance with the requirements of Section 2.5(d)(ii) hereof with respect to Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series to be redeemed pursuant to Section 2.5(a) or Section 2.5(b) hereof for which a Notice of Redemption shall have been given or shall have been required to be given in accordance with the terms hereof on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition.

(iii) Any dividend payment made on shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall first be credited against the dividends and distributions accumulated with respect to the earliest Dividend Period for such Series for which dividends and distributions have not been paid.

(e) Not later than 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the Dividend Payment Date for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Fund shall deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent Deposit Securities having an aggregate Market Value on such date sufficient to pay the dividends and distributions that are payable on such Dividend Payment Date in respect of such Series. The Fund may direct the Redemption and Paying Agent with respect to the investment or reinvestment of any such Deposit Securities prior to the Dividend Payment Date, provided that such investment consists exclusively of Deposit Securities and provided further that the proceeds of any such investment will be available as same day funds at the opening of business on such Dividend Payment Date.

(f) All Deposit Securities paid to the Redemption and Paying Agent for the payment of dividends payable on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be held in trust for the payment of such dividends by the Redemption and Paying Agent for the benefit of the Holders of such Series entitled to the payment of such dividends pursuant to Section 2.2(g). Any moneys paid to the Redemption and Paying Agent in accordance with the foregoing but not applied by the Redemption and Paying Agent to the payment of dividends, including interest earned on such moneys while so held, will, to the extent permitted by law, be repaid to the Fund as soon as possible after the date on which such moneys were to have been so applied, upon request of the Fund.

(g) Dividends on shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be paid on each Dividend Payment Date for such Series to the Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund at the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day of the Dividend Period to which such Dividend Payment Date relates (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day). Dividends in arrears on shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for any past Dividend Period may be declared and paid at any time, without reference to any regular Dividend Payment Date, to the Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund on such date, not exceeding fifteen (15) calendar days preceding the payment date thereof, as may be fixed by the Board of Trustees. No interest or sum of money in lieu of interest will be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on shares of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares which may be in arrears.

(h) (i) The Dividend Rate on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be adjusted to the Default Rate (as defined below) in the following circumstances. Subject to the cure provisions below, a Default Period with respect to a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall commence on any date the Fund fails to deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent by 12:00 noon, New York City time, on (A) a Dividend Payment Date for such Series, Deposit Securities that will provide funds available to the Redemption and Paying Agent on such Dividend Payment Date sufficient to pay the full amount of any dividend on such Series payable on such Dividend Payment Date (a Dividend Default) or (B) an applicable Redemption Date for such Series, Deposit Securities that will provide funds available to the Redemption and Paying Agent on such Redemption Date sufficient to pay the full amount of the Redemption Price payable in respect of such Series on such Redemption Date (a Redemption Default and together with a Dividend Default, hereinafter referred to as Default). Subject to the cure provisions of Section 2.2(h)(ii) below, a Default Period with respect to a Dividend Default or a Redemption Default on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall end on the Business Day on which, by 12:00 noon, New York City time, an amount equal to all unpaid dividends on such Series and any unpaid Redemption Price on such Series shall have been deposited irrevocably in trust in same-day funds with the Redemption and Paying Agent. In the case of any Default on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Dividend Rate for such Series for each calendar day during the Default Period will be equal to the Default Rate. The Default Rate on a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for any calendar day shall be equal to the Dividend Rate in effect on such day for such Series plus five percent (5%) per annum.

(ii) No Default Period for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares with respect to any Default on such Series shall be deemed to commence if the amount of any dividend or any Redemption Price due in respect of such Series (if such Default is not solely due to the willful failure of the Fund) is deposited irrevocably in trust, in same-day funds, with the Redemption and Paying Agent by 12:00 noon, New York City time, on a Business Day that is not later than three (3) Business Days after the applicable Dividend Payment Date or Redemption Date for such Series

with respect to which such Default occurred, together with an amount equal to the Default Rate on such Series applied to the amount and period of such nonpayment on such Series, based on the actual number of calendar days comprising such period divided by 360.

2.3 Liquidation Rights.

(a) In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Fund available for distribution to shareholders, after satisfying claims of creditors but before any distribution or payment shall be made in respect of the Common Shares, a liquidation distribution equal to the Liquidation Preference for such shares, plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such shares accumulated to (but excluding) the date fixed for such distribution or payment on such shares (whether or not earned or declared by the Fund, but excluding interest thereon), and such Holders shall be entitled to no further participation in any distribution or payment in connection with any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

(b) If, upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, the assets of the Fund available for distribution among the Holders of all Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and any other outstanding Preferred Shares shall be insufficient to permit the payment in full to such Holders of the Liquidation Preference of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares plus accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions on such shares as provided in Section 2.3(a) above and the amounts due upon liquidation with respect to such other Preferred Shares, then such available assets shall be distributed among the Holders of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and such other Preferred Shares ratably in proportion to the respective preferential liquidation amounts to which they are entitled. In connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Fund, whether voluntary or involuntary, unless and until the Liquidation Preference on each Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Share plus accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions on such shares as provided in Section 2.3(a) above have been paid in full to the Holders of such shares, no dividends, distributions or other payments will be made on, and no redemption, purchase or other acquisition by the Fund will be made by the Fund in respect of, the Common Shares.

(c) Neither the sale of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Fund, nor the merger, consolidation or reorganization of the Fund into or with any other business or statutory trust, corporation or other entity, nor the merger, consolidation or reorganization of any other business or statutory trust, corporation or other entity into or with the Fund shall be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up, whether voluntary or involuntary, for the purpose of this Section 2.3.

2.4 Coverage & Leverage Tests.

(a) Asset Coverage Requirement. For so long as any shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Fund shall have Asset Coverage of at least 225% as of the close of business on each Business Day. If the Fund shall fail to maintain such Asset Coverage as of any time as of which such compliance is required to be determined as aforesaid, the provisions of Section 2.5(b)(i) shall be applicable, which provisions shall constitute the sole remedy for the Fund's failure to comply with the provisions of this Section 2.4(a).

(b) Calculation of Asset Coverage. For purposes of determining whether the requirements of Section 2.4(a) are satisfied, (i) no MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series or

other Preferred Shares shall be deemed to be Outstanding for purposes of any computation required by Section 2.4(a) if, prior to or concurrently with such determination, either (x) sufficient Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such Series or other Preferred Shares) to pay the full redemption price for such Series or other Preferred Shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been deposited in trust with the paying agent for such Series or other Preferred Shares and the requisite notice of redemption for such Series or other Preferred Shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been given or (y) sufficient Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such Series or other Preferred Shares) to pay the full redemption price for such Series or other Preferred Shares (or the portion thereof to be redeemed) shall have been segregated by the Custodian and the Fund from the assets of the Fund in the same manner and to the same extent as is contemplated by Section 2.11 with respect to the Liquidity Requirement, and (ii) the Deposit Securities or other sufficient funds that shall have been deposited with the applicable paying agent and/or segregated by the Custodian, as applicable, as provided in clause (i) of this sentence shall not be included as assets of the Fund for purposes of such computation.

(c) Effective Leverage Ratio Requirement. For so long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series are Outstanding, the Effective Leverage Ratio shall not exceed 50% as of the close of business on any Business Day. If the Effective Leverage Ratio shall exceed such percentage as of any time as of which such compliance is required to be determined as aforesaid, the provisions of Section 2.5(b)(ii) shall be applicable, which provisions shall constitute the sole remedy for the Fund's failure to comply with the provisions of this Section 2.4(c).

(d) Calculation of Effective Leverage Ratio. For purposes of determining whether the requirements of Section 2.4(c) are satisfied, the Effective Leverage Ratio on any date shall mean the quotient of:

(i) The sum of (A) the aggregate liquidation preference of the Fund's senior securities (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act) that are stock for purposes of the 1940 Act, excluding, without duplication, (1) any such senior securities for which the Fund has issued a notice of redemption and either has delivered Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such senior securities) to the paying agent for such senior securities or otherwise has adequate Deposit Securities or sufficient funds on hand for the purpose of such redemption and (2) any such senior securities that are to be redeemed with net proceeds from the sale of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, for which the Fund has delivered Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such senior securities) to the paying agent for such senior securities or otherwise has adequate Deposit Securities or sufficient funds on hand for the purpose of such redemption; (B) the aggregate principal amount of the Fund's senior securities representing indebtedness (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act); and (C) the aggregate principal amount of floating rate securities not owned by the Fund that correspond to the associated inverse floating rate securities owned by the Fund; divided by

(ii) The sum of (A) the market value (determined in accordance with the Fund's valuation procedures) of the Fund's total assets (including amounts attributable to senior securities), less the amount of the Fund's accrued liabilities (other than liabilities for the aggregate principal amount of senior securities representing indebtedness, including floating rate securities), and (B) the aggregate principal amount of floating rate securities not owned by the Fund that correspond to the associated inverse floating rate securities owned by the Fund.

2.5 Redemption. Each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be subject to redemption by the Fund as provided below:

(a) Term Redemption. The Fund shall redeem all shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares on the Term Redemption Date for such Series, at a price per share equal to the Liquidation Preference per share of such Series plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such share of such Series accumulated to (but excluding) the Term Redemption Date for such Series (whether or not earned or declared by the Fund, but excluding interest thereon) (the Term Redemption Price).

(b) Asset Coverage and Effective Leverage Ratio Mandatory Redemption.

(i) Asset Coverage Mandatory Redemption. (A) If the Fund fails to comply with the Asset Coverage requirement as provided in Section 2.4(a) as of any time as of which such compliance is required to be determined in accordance with Section 2.4(a) and such failure is not cured as of the Asset Coverage Cure Date, the Fund shall, to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law, by the close of business on such Asset Coverage Cure Date, fix a redemption date and proceed to redeem in accordance with the terms of such Preferred Shares, a sufficient number of Preferred Shares, which at the Fund's sole option (to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law) may include any number or proportion of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series, to enable it to meet the requirements of Section 2.5(b)(i)(B). In the event that any shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares then Outstanding are to be redeemed pursuant to this Section 2.5(b)(i), the Fund shall redeem such shares at a price per share equal to the Liquidation Preference per share of such Series plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such share of such Series accumulated to (but excluding) the date fixed for such redemption by the Board of Trustees (whether or not earned or declared by the Fund, but excluding interest thereon) (the Mandatory Redemption Price).

(B) On the Redemption Date for a redemption contemplated by Section 2.5(b)(i)(A), the Fund shall redeem, out of funds legally available therefor, such number of Preferred Shares (which may include at the sole option of the Fund any number or proportion of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series) as shall be equal to the lesser of (x) the minimum number of Preferred Shares, the redemption of which, if deemed to have occurred immediately prior to the opening of business on the Asset Coverage Cure Date, would result in the Fund having Asset Coverage on such Asset Coverage Cure Date of at least 230% (provided, however, that if there is no such minimum number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other Preferred Shares then outstanding shall be redeemed), and (y) the maximum number of Preferred Shares that can be redeemed out of funds expected to be legally available therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that Preferred Shares are redeemed pursuant to this Section 2.5(b)(i), the Fund may at its sole option, but is not required to, redeem a sufficient number of shares of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares pursuant to this Section 2.5(b)(i) that, when aggregated with other Preferred Shares redeemed by the Fund, would result, if deemed to have occurred immediately prior to the opening of business on the Asset Coverage Cure Date, in the Fund having Asset Coverage on such Asset Coverage Cure Date of up to and including

285%. The Fund shall effect such redemption on the date fixed by the Fund therefor, which date shall not be later than thirty (30) calendar days after such Asset Coverage Cure Date, except that if the Fund does not have funds legally available for the redemption of all of the required number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other Preferred Shares which have been designated to be redeemed or the Fund otherwise is unable to effect such redemption on or prior to thirty (30) calendar days after such Asset Coverage Cure Date, the Fund shall redeem those MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other Preferred Shares which it was unable to redeem on the earliest practicable date on which it is able to effect such redemption. If fewer than all of the Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series are to be redeemed pursuant to this Section 2.5(b)(i), the number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series to be redeemed shall be redeemed (A) pro rata among the Outstanding shares of such Series, (B) by lot or (C) in such other manner as the Board of Trustees may determine to be fair and equitable.

(ii) Effective Leverage Ratio Mandatory Redemption. (A) If the Fund fails to comply with the Effective Leverage Ratio requirement as provided in Section 2.4(c) as of any time as of which such compliance is required to be determined in accordance with Section 2.4(c) and such failure is not cured as of the close of business on the date that is thirty (30) calendar days following such Business Day (the Effective Leverage Ratio Cure Date), the Fund shall within thirty (30) calendar days following the Effective Leverage Ratio Cure Date cause the Effective Leverage Ratio to not exceed 50% by (x) engaging in transactions involving or relating to the floating rate securities not owned by the Fund and/or the inverse floating rate securities owned by the Fund, including the purchase, sale or retirement thereof, (y) to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law, redeeming in accordance with the Declaration a sufficient number of Preferred Shares, which at the Fund's sole option (to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Massachusetts law) may include any number or proportion of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series, or (z) engaging in any combination of the actions contemplated by clauses (x) and (y) of this Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A). In the event that any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series are to be redeemed pursuant to clause (y) of this Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A), the Fund shall redeem such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares at a price per MuniFund Term Preferred Share equal to the Mandatory Redemption Price.

(B) On the Redemption Date for a redemption contemplated by clause (y) of Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A), the Fund shall not redeem more than the maximum number of Preferred Shares that can be redeemed out of funds expected to be legally available therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law. If the Fund is unable to redeem the required number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other Preferred Shares which have been designated to be redeemed in accordance with clause (y) of Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A) due to the unavailability of legally available funds, the Fund shall redeem those MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other Preferred Shares which it was unable to redeem on the earliest practicable date on which it is able to effect such redemption. If fewer than all of the Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series are to be redeemed pursuant to clause (y) of Section 2.5(b)(ii)(A), the number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series to be redeemed shall be redeemed (A) pro rata among the Outstanding shares of such Series, (B) by lot or (C) in such other manner as the Board of Trustees may determine to be fair and equitable.

(c) Optional Redemption.

(i) Subject to the provisions of Section 2.5(c)(ii), (A) on any Business Day following the expiration of the Non-Call Period for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares or (B) on any Business Day during a Rating Downgrade Period for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, including a Business Day during the Non-Call Period for such Series (any Business Day referred to in clause (A) or (B) of this sentence, an Optional Redemption Date), the Fund may redeem in whole or from time to time in part the Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series, at a redemption price per MuniFund Term Preferred Share (the Optional Redemption Price) equal to (x) the Liquidation Preference per MuniFund Term Preferred Share of such Series plus (y) an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such MuniFund Term Preferred Share of such Series accumulated to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date (whether or not earned or declared by the Fund, but excluding interest thereon) plus (z) the Optional Redemption Premium per share (if any) with respect to an optional redemption of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series that is effected on such Optional Redemption Date.

(ii) If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are to be redeemed pursuant to Section 2.5(c)(i), the shares of such Series to be redeemed shall be selected either (A) pro rata among such Series, (B) by lot or (C) in such other manner as the Board of Trustees may determine to be fair and equitable. Subject to the provisions of this Statement and applicable law, the Board of Trustees will have the full power and authority to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which MuniFund Term Preferred Shares will be redeemed pursuant to this Section 2.5(c) from time to time.

(iii) The Fund may not on any date deliver a Notice of Redemption pursuant to Section 2.5(d) in respect of a redemption contemplated to be effected pursuant to this Section 2.5(c) unless on such date the Fund has available Deposit Securities for the Optional Redemption Date contemplated by such Notice of Redemption having a Market Value not less than the amount (including any applicable premium) due to Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares by reason of the redemption of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares on such Optional Redemption Date.

(d) Procedures for Redemption.

(i) If the Fund shall determine or be required to redeem, in whole or in part, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series pursuant to Section 2.5(a), (b) or (c), the Fund shall deliver a notice of redemption (the Notice of Redemption), by overnight delivery, by first class mail, postage prepaid or by Electronic Means to Holders thereof, or request the Redemption and Paying Agent, on behalf of the Fund, to promptly do so by overnight delivery, by first class mail, postage prepaid or by Electronic Means. A Notice of Redemption shall be provided not more than forty-five (45) calendar days prior to the date fixed for redemption in such Notice of Redemption (the Redemption Date). Each such Notice of Redemption shall state: (A) the Redemption Date; (B) the Series and number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to be redeemed; (C) the CUSIP number for MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series; (D) the applicable Redemption Price on a per share basis; (E) if applicable, the place or places where the certificate(s) for such shares (properly endorsed or assigned for transfer, if the Board of Trustees requires and the Notice of Redemption states) are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price; (F) that dividends on the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to be redeemed will cease to accumulate from and after such Redemption Date; and (G) the provisions of this Statement under which such redemption is made. If fewer than all MuniFund Term Preferred Shares held by any Holder are to be redeemed, the Notice of Redemption delivered to

such Holder shall also specify the number of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to be redeemed from such Holder or the method of determining such number. The Fund may provide in any Notice of Redemption relating to a redemption contemplated to be effected pursuant to this Statement that such redemption is subject to one or more conditions precedent and that the Fund shall not be required to effect such redemption unless each such condition has been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption. No defect in the Notice of Redemption or delivery thereof shall affect the validity of redemption proceedings, except as required by applicable law.

(ii) If the Fund shall give a Notice of Redemption, then at any time from and after the giving of such Notice of Redemption and prior to 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the Redemption Date (so long as any conditions precedent to such redemption have been met or waived by the Fund), the Fund shall (A) deposit with the Redemption and Paying Agent Deposit Securities having an aggregate Market Value on the date thereof no less than the Redemption Price of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to be redeemed on the Redemption Date and (B) give the Redemption and Paying Agent irrevocable instructions and authority to pay the applicable Redemption Price to the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares called for redemption on the Redemption Date. The Fund may direct the Redemption and Paying Agent with respect to the investment of any Deposit Securities consisting of cash so deposited prior to the Redemption Date, provided that the proceeds of any such investment shall be available at the opening of business on the Redemption Date as same day funds. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (A) of the preceding sentence, if the Redemption Date is the Term Redemption Date, then such deposit of Deposit Securities (which may come in whole or in part from the Term Redemption Liquidity Account) shall be made no later than fifteen (15) calendar days prior to the Term Redemption Date.

(iii) Upon the date of the deposit of such Deposit Securities, all rights of the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares so called for redemption shall cease and terminate except the right of the Holders thereof to receive the Redemption Price thereof and such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall no longer be deemed Outstanding for any purpose whatsoever (other than (A) the transfer thereof prior to the applicable Redemption Date and (B) the accumulation of dividends thereon in accordance with the terms hereof up to (but excluding) the applicable Redemption Date, which accumulated dividends, unless previously declared and paid as contemplated by the last sentence of Section 2.5(d)(vi) below, shall be payable only as part of the applicable Redemption Price on the Redemption Date). The Fund shall be entitled to receive, promptly after the Redemption Date, any Deposit Securities in excess of the aggregate Redemption Price of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares called for redemption on the Redemption Date. Any Deposit Securities so deposited that are unclaimed at the end of ninety (90) calendar days from the Redemption Date shall, to the extent permitted by law, be repaid to the Fund, after which the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares so called for redemption shall look only to the Fund for payment of the Redemption Price thereof. The Fund shall be entitled to receive, from time to time after the Redemption Date, any interest on the Deposit Securities so deposited.

(iv) On or after the Redemption Date, each Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in certificated form (if any) that are subject to redemption shall surrender the certificate(s) evidencing such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to the Fund at the place designated in the Notice of Redemption and shall then be entitled to receive the Redemption Price for such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, without interest, and in the case of a redemption of fewer than all the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares represented by such certificate(s), a new certificate representing the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares that were not redeemed.

(v) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 2.5, except as otherwise required by law, the Fund shall not redeem any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares unless all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions on all Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and other series of Preferred Shares ranking on a parity with the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares with respect to dividends and distributions for all applicable past dividend periods (whether or not earned or declared by the Fund) (x) shall have been or are contemporaneously paid or (y) shall have been or are contemporaneously declared and Deposit Securities or sufficient funds (in accordance with the terms of such Preferred Shares) for the payment of such dividends and distributions shall have been or are contemporaneously deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent or other applicable paying agent for such Preferred Shares in accordance with the terms of such Preferred Shares, provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares pursuant to an otherwise lawful purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to Holders of all Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and any other series of Preferred Shares for which all accumulated and unpaid dividends and distributions have not been paid.

(vi) To the extent that any redemption for which Notice of Redemption has been provided is not made by reason of the absence of legally available funds therefor in accordance with the Declaration and applicable law, such redemption shall be made as soon as practicable to the extent such funds become available. No Redemption Default shall be deemed to have occurred if the Fund shall fail to deposit in trust with the Redemption and Paying Agent the Redemption Price with respect to any shares where (1) the Notice of Redemption relating to such redemption provided that such redemption was subject to one or more conditions precedent and (2) any such condition precedent shall not have been satisfied at the time or times and in the manner specified in such Notice of Redemption. Notwithstanding the fact that a Notice of Redemption has been provided with respect to any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, dividends may be declared and paid on such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in accordance with their terms if Deposit Securities for the payment of the Redemption Price of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall not have been deposited in trust with the Redemption and Paying Agent for that purpose.

(e) Redemption and Paying Agent as Trustee of Redemption Payments by Fund. All Deposit Securities transferred to the Redemption and Paying Agent for payment of the Redemption Price of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares called for redemption shall be held in trust by the Redemption and Paying Agent for the benefit of Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares so to be redeemed until paid to such Holders in accordance with the terms hereof or returned to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.5(d)(iii) above.

(f) Compliance With Applicable Law. In effecting any redemption pursuant to this Section 2.5, the Fund shall use its best efforts to comply with all applicable conditions precedent to effecting such redemption under the 1940 Act and any applicable Massachusetts law, but shall effect no redemption except in accordance with the 1940 Act and any applicable Massachusetts law.

(g) Modification of Redemption Procedures. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.5, the Fund may, in its sole discretion and without a shareholder vote, modify the procedures set forth above with respect to notification of redemption for the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, provided that such modification does not materially and adversely affect the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares or cause the Fund to violate any applicable law, rule or regulation; and provided further that no such modification shall in any way alter the rights or obligations of the Redemption and Paying Agent without its prior consent.

2.6 Voting Rights.

(a) One Vote Per MuniFund Term Preferred Share. Except as otherwise provided in the Declaration or as otherwise required by law, (i) each Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be entitled to one vote for each MuniFund Term Preferred Share held by such Holder on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders of the Fund, and (ii) the holders of outstanding Preferred Shares, including Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, and of Common Shares shall vote together as a single class; provided, however, that the holders of outstanding Preferred Shares, including Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, shall be entitled, as a class, to the exclusion of the Holders of all other securities and Common Shares of the Fund, to elect two trustees of the Fund at all times. Subject to Section 2.6(b), the Holders of outstanding Common Shares and Preferred Shares, including MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, voting together as a single class, shall elect the balance of the trustees.

(b) Voting For Additional Trustees.

(i) Voting Period. During any period in which any one or more of the conditions described in clauses (A) or (B) of this Section 2.6(b)(i) shall exist (such period being referred to herein as a Voting Period), the number of trustees constituting the Board of Trustees shall be automatically increased by the smallest number that, when added to the two trustees elected exclusively by the Holders of Preferred Shares, including MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, would constitute a majority of the Board of Trustees as so increased by such smallest number; and the Holders of Preferred Shares, including MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, shall be entitled, voting as a class on a one-vote-per-share basis (to the exclusion of the Holders of all other securities and classes of capital stock of the Fund), to elect such smallest number of additional trustees, together with the two trustees that such Holders are in any event entitled to elect. A Voting Period shall commence:

(A) if, at the close of business on any dividend payment date for any outstanding Preferred Share including any Outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred Share, accumulated dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on such outstanding share of Preferred Shares equal to at least two (2) full years' dividends shall be due and unpaid and sufficient cash or specified securities shall not have been deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent or other applicable paying agent for the payment of such accumulated dividends; or

(B) if at any time Holders of Preferred Shares are otherwise entitled under the 1940 Act to elect a majority of the Board of Trustees.

Upon the termination of a Voting Period, the voting rights described in this Section 2.6(b)(i) shall cease, subject always, however, to the revesting of such voting rights in the Holders of Preferred Shares upon the further occurrence of any of the events described in this Section 2.6(b)(i).

(ii) Notice of Special Meeting. As soon as practicable after the accrual of any right of the Holders of Preferred Shares to elect additional trustees as described in Section 2.6(b)(i), the Fund shall call a special meeting of such Holders and notify the Redemption and Paying Agent and/or such other Person as is specified in the terms of such Preferred Shares to receive notice (i) by mailing or delivery by Electronic Means or (ii) in such other manner and by such other means as are specified in the terms of such Preferred Shares, a notice of such special meeting to such Holders, such meeting to be held not less than ten (10) nor more than thirty (30) calendar days after the date of the delivery by Electronic Means or mailing of such notice. If the Fund fails to call such a

special meeting, it may be called at the expense of the Fund by any such Holder on like notice. The record date for determining the Holders of Preferred Shares entitled to notice of and to vote at such special meeting shall be the close of business on the fifth (5th) Business Day preceding the calendar day on which such notice is mailed. At any such special meeting and at each meeting of Holders of Preferred Shares held during a Voting Period at which trustees are to be elected, such Holders, voting together as a class (to the exclusion of the Holders of all other securities and classes of capital stock of the Fund), shall be entitled to elect the number of trustees prescribed in Section 2.6(b)(i) on a one-vote-per-share basis.

(iii) Terms of Office of Existing Trustees. The terms of office of the incumbent trustees of the Fund at the time of a special meeting of Holders of the Preferred Shares to elect additional trustees in accordance with Section 2.6(b)(i) shall not be affected by the election at such meeting by the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and such other Holders of Preferred Shares of the number of trustees that they are entitled to elect, and the trustees so elected by the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and such other Holders of Preferred Shares, together with the two (2) trustees elected by the Holders of Preferred Shares in accordance with Section 2.6(a) hereof and the remaining trustees elected by the holders of the Common Shares and Preferred Shares, shall constitute the duly elected trustees of the Fund.

(iv) Terms of Office of Certain Trustees to Terminate Upon Termination of Voting Period. Simultaneously with the termination of a Voting Period, the terms of office of the additional trustees elected by the Holders of the Preferred Shares pursuant to Section 2.6(b)(i) shall terminate, the remaining trustees shall constitute the trustees of the Fund and the voting rights of the Holders of Preferred Shares to elect additional trustees pursuant to Section 2.6(b)(i) shall cease, subject to the provisions of the last sentence of Section 2.6(b)(i).

(c) Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to Vote on Certain Matters.

(i) Certain Amendments Requiring Approval of Municipal Term Shares. Except as otherwise permitted by the terms of this Statement, so long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the Holders of at least a majority of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of all Series Outstanding at the time, voting together as a separate class, amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Declaration, or this Statement, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any preference, right or power of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares or the Holders thereof; provided, however, that (i) an change in the capitalization of the Fund in accordance with Section 2.8 hereof shall not be considered to materially and adversely affect the rights and preferences of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, and (ii) a division of a MuniFund Term Preferred Share shall be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division materially and adversely affect the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares. For purposes of the foregoing, no matter shall be deemed to adversely affect any preference, right or power of a MuniFund Term Preferred Share of such Series or the Holder thereof unless such matter (i) alters or abolishes any preferential right of such MuniFund Term Preferred Share, or (ii) creates, alters or abolishes any right in respect of redemption of such MuniFund Term Preferred Share (other than as a result of a division of a MuniFund Term Preferred Share). So long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of at least 66 2/3% of the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, file a voluntary application for relief under Federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as the Fund is solvent and does not foresee becoming insolvent.

(ii) 1940 Act Matters. Unless a higher percentage is provided for in the Declaration, the affirmative vote of the Holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, including MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, shall be required (A) to approve any conversion of the Fund from a closed-end to an open-end investment company, (B) to approve any plan of reorganization (as such term is used in the 1940 Act) adversely affecting such shares, or (C) to approve any other action requiring a vote of security holders of the Fund under Section 13(a) of the 1940 Act. For purposes of the foregoing, the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock means the vote at an annual or special meeting duly called of (i) sixty-seven (67%) or more of such shares present at a meeting, if the Holders of more than fifty percent (50%) of such shares are present or represented by proxy at such meeting, or (ii) more than fifty percent (50%) of such shares, whichever is less.

(iii) Certain Amendments Requiring Approval of Specific Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares. Except as otherwise permitted by the terms of this Statement, so long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series are Outstanding, the Fund shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the Holders of at least a majority of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series, Outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Appendix relating to such Series, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any preference, right or power set forth in such Appendix of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series or the Holders thereof; provided, however, that (i) an change in the capitalization of the Fund in accordance with Section 2.8 hereof shall not be considered to materially and adversely affect the rights and preferences of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series, and (ii) a division of a MuniFund Term Preferred Share shall be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division materially and adversely affect the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series; and provided, further, that no amendment, alteration or repeal of the obligation of the Fund to (x) pay the Term Redemption Price on the Term Redemption Date for a Series, or (y) accumulate dividends at the Dividend Rate (as set forth in this Statement and the applicable Appendix hereto) for a Series shall be effected without, in each case, the prior unanimous vote or consent of the Holders of such Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares. For purposes of the foregoing, no matter shall be deemed to adversely affect any preference, right or power of a MuniFund Term Preferred Share of a Series or the Holder thereof unless such matter (i) alters or abolishes any preferential right of such MuniFund Term Preferred Share, or (ii) creates, alters or abolishes any right in respect of redemption of such MuniFund Term Preferred Share.

(d) Voting Rights Set Forth Herein Are Sole Voting Rights. Unless otherwise required by law or the Declaration, the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall not have any relative rights or preferences or other special rights with respect to voting other than those specifically set forth in this Section 2.6.

(e) No Cumulative Voting. The Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall have no rights to cumulative voting.

(f) Voting for Trustees Sole Remedy for Fund's Failure to Declare or Pay Dividends. In the event that the Fund fails to declare or pay any dividends on any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares on the Dividend Payment Date therefor, the exclusive remedy of the Holders of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be the right to vote for trustees pursuant to the provisions of this Section 2.6. Nothing in this Section 2.6(f) shall be deemed to affect the obligation of the Fund to

accumulate and, if permitted by applicable law, the Declaration and this Statement, pay dividends at the Default Rate in the circumstances contemplated by Section 2.2(h) hereof.

(g) Holder Entitled to Vote. For purposes of determining any rights of the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares to vote on any matter, whether such right is created by this Statement, by the Declaration, by statute or otherwise, no Holder of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be entitled to vote any MuniFund Term Preferred Share and no MuniFund Term Preferred Share shall be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of voting or determining the number of shares required to constitute a quorum if, prior to or concurrently with the time of determination of shares entitled to vote or the time of the actual vote on the matter, as the case may be, the requisite Notice of Redemption with respect to such MuniFund Term Preferred Share shall have been given in accordance with this Statement and Deposit Securities for the payment of the Redemption Price of such MuniFund Term Preferred Share shall have been deposited in trust with the Redemption and Paying Agent for that purpose. No MuniFund Term Preferred Share held by the Fund shall have any voting rights or be deemed to be outstanding for voting or for calculating the voting percentage required on any other matter or other purposes.

2.7 Rating Agency. The Fund shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause at least one Rating Agency to issue a credit rating with respect to each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for so long as such Series is Outstanding (which credit rating may consist of a credit rating on the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares generally or the Preferred Shares generally). The Fund shall use commercially reasonable efforts to comply with any applicable Rating Agency Guidelines. The Board of Trustees may elect to terminate the designation as a Rating Agency of any Rating Agency previously designated by the Board of Trustees to act as a Rating Agency for purposes hereof (provided that at least one Rating Agency continues to maintain a rating with respect to the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares), and may elect to replace any Rating Agency previously designated as a Rating Agency by the Board of Trustees with any other NRSRO permitted to act as Rating Agency as contemplated by the definition of Rating Agency and not so designated as a Rating Agency at such time, provided that such replacement shall not occur unless such replacement Rating Agency shall have at the time of such replacement (i) published a rating for the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of such Series and (ii) entered into an agreement with the Fund to continue to publish such rating subject to the Rating Agency's customary conditions. The Rating Agency Guidelines of any Rating Agency may be amended by such Rating Agency without the vote, consent or approval of the Fund, the Board of Trustees or any Holder of Preferred Shares, including any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, or Common Shares.

2.8 Issuance of Additional Preferred Shares. So long as any MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, the Fund may, without the vote or consent of the Holders thereof, authorize, establish and create and issue and sell shares of one or more series of a class of senior securities of the Fund representing stock under Section 18 of the 1940 Act, ranking on a parity with MuniFund Term Preferred Shares as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or the winding up of the affairs of the Fund, in addition to then Outstanding Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, including additional Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, and authorize, issue and sell additional shares of any such series of Preferred Shares then outstanding or so established and created, including additional MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of any Series, in each case in accordance with applicable law, provided that the Fund shall, immediately after giving effect to the issuance of such additional Preferred Shares and to its receipt and application of the proceeds thereof, including to the redemption of Preferred Shares with such proceeds, have Asset Coverage (calculated in the same manner as is contemplated by Section 2.4(b) hereof) of at least 225%.

2.9 Status of Redeemed or Repurchased MuniFund Term Preferred Shares. MuniFund Term Preferred Shares that at any time have been redeemed or purchased by the Fund shall, after such redemption or purchase, have the status of authorized but unissued Preferred Shares.

2.10 Distributions with respect to Taxable Allocations. Holders of shares of each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Trustees, out of funds legally available therefor, additional distributions payable with respect to Taxable Allocations that are paid with respect to shares of such Series in accordance with one of the procedures set forth in clauses (a) through (c) of this Section 2.10:

(a) The Fund may provide notice to the Redemption and Paying Agent prior to the commencement of any Dividend Period for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of the amount of a Taxable Allocation that will be made in respect of shares of such Series for such Dividend Period (a Notice of Taxable Allocation). Such Notice of Taxable Allocation will state the amount of the dividends payable in respect of each share of the applicable Series for such Dividend Period that will be treated as a Taxable Allocation and the amount of any Additional Amount Payments to be paid in respect of such Taxable Allocation. If the Fund provides a Notice of Taxable Allocation with respect to dividends payable on shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares for a Dividend Period, the Fund shall, in addition to and in conjunction with the payment of such dividends, make a supplemental distribution in respect of each share of such Series for such Dividend Period of an additional amount equal to the Additional Amount Payment payable in respect of the Taxable Allocation paid on such share for such Dividend Period.

(b) If the Fund does not provide a Notice of Taxable Allocation as provided in Section 2.10(a) with respect to a Taxable Allocation that is made in respect of shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Fund may make one or more supplemental distributions on shares of such Series equal to the amount of such Taxable Allocation. Any such supplemental distribution in respect of shares of a Series may be declared and paid on any date, without reference to any regular Dividend Payment Date, to the Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund on such date, not exceeding fifteen (15) calendar days preceding the payment date of such supplemental distribution, as may be fixed by the Board of Trustees.

(c) If in connection with a redemption of MTP Shares, the Fund makes a Taxable Allocation without having either given advance notice thereof pursuant to Section 2.10(a) or made one or more supplemental distributions pursuant to Section 2.10(b), the Fund shall direct the Redemption and Paying Agent to send an Additional Amount Payment in respect of such Taxable Allocation to each Holder of such shares at such Holder's address as the same appears or last appeared on the record books of the Fund.

(d) The Fund shall not be required to pay Additional Amount Payments with respect to shares of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares with respect to any net capital gains or other taxable income determined by the Internal Revenue Service to be allocable in a manner different from the manner used by the Fund.

2.11 Term Redemption Liquidity Account and Liquidity Requirement.

(a) On or prior to the Liquidity Account Initial Date with respect to any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Fund shall cause the Custodian to segregate, by means of appropriate identification on its books and records or otherwise in accordance with the Custodian's

normal procedures, from the other assets of the Fund (the Term Redemption Liquidity Account) Liquidity Account Investments with a Market Value equal to at least One Hundred and Ten Percent (110%) of the Term Redemption Amount with respect to such Series. The Term Redemption Amount for any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be equal to the Redemption Price to be paid on the Term Redemption Date for such Series, based on the number of shares of such Series then Outstanding, assuming for this purpose that the Dividend Rate for such Series in effect at the time of the creation of the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for such Series will be the Dividend Rate in effect for such Series until the Term Redemption Date for such Series. If, on any date after the Liquidity Account Initial Date, the aggregate Market Value of the Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares as of the close of business on any Business Day is less than One Hundred and Ten Percent (110%) of the Term Redemption Amount with respect to such Series, then the Fund shall cause the Custodian and the Adviser to take all such necessary actions, including segregating additional assets of the Fund as Liquidity Account Investments, so that the aggregate Market Value of the Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for such Series is at least equal to One Hundred and Ten Percent (110%) of the Term Redemption Amount with respect to such Series not later than the close of business on the next succeeding Business Day. With respect to assets of the Fund segregated as Liquidity Account Investments with respect to a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, the Adviser, on behalf of the Fund, shall be entitled to instruct the Custodian on any date to release any Liquidity Account Investments from such segregation and to substitute therefor other Liquidity Account Investments, so long as (i) the assets of the Fund segregated as Liquidity Account Investments at the close of business on such date have a Market Value equal to One Hundred and Ten Percent (110%) of the Term Redemption Amount with respect to such Series and (ii) the assets of the Fund designated and segregated as Deposit Securities at the close of business on such date have a Market Value equal to the Liquidity Requirement (if any) determined in accordance with Section 2.11(b) below with respect to such Series for such date. The Fund shall cause the Custodian not to permit any lien, security interest or encumbrance to be created or permitted to exist on or in respect of any Liquidity Account Investments included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, other than liens, security interests or encumbrances arising by operation of law and any lien of the Custodian with respect to the payment of its fees or repayment for its advances.

(b) The Market Value of the Deposit Securities held in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, from and after the 15th day of the calendar month that is the number of months preceding the month of the Term Redemption Date for such Series specified in the table set forth below, shall not be less than the percentage of the Term Redemption Amount for such Series set forth below opposite such number of months (the Liquidity Requirement), but in all cases subject to the cure provisions of Section 2.11(c) below:

Number of Months Preceding:	Value of Deposit Securities as Percentage of Term Redemption Amount
5	20%
4	40%
3	60%
2	80%
1	100%

(c) If the aggregate Market Value of the Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares as of the close of business on any Business Day is less than the Liquidity Requirement in respect of such Series for such Business Day, then the Fund shall cause the segregation of additional or substitute Deposit Securities in respect of the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for such Series, so that the aggregate Market Value of the Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for such Series is at least equal to the Liquidity Requirement for such Series not later than the close of business on the next succeeding Business Day.

(d) The Deposit Securities included in the Term Redemption Liquidity Account for a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares may be applied by the Fund, in its discretion, towards payment of the Term Redemption Price for such Series as contemplated by Section 2.5(d). Upon the deposit by the Fund with the Redemption and Paying Agent of Deposit Securities having an initial combined Market Value sufficient to effect the redemption of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of a Series on the Term Redemption Date for such Series in accordance with Section 2.5(d)(ii), the requirement of the Fund to maintain the Term Redemption Liquidity Account as contemplated by this Section 2.11 shall lapse and be of no further force and effect.

2.12 Global Certificate. Prior to the commencement of a Voting Period, (i) all shares of any Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Outstanding from time to time shall be represented by one global certificate for such Series registered in the name of the Securities Depository or its nominee and (ii) no registration of transfer of shares of such Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be made on the books of the Fund to any Person other than the Securities Depository or its nominee. The foregoing restriction on registration of transfer shall be conspicuously noted on the face or back of the global certificates.

2.13 Notice. All notices or communications hereunder, unless otherwise specified in this Statement, shall be sufficiently given if in writing and delivered in person, by telecopier, by Electronic Means or by overnight mail or delivery or mailed by first-class mail, postage prepaid. Notices delivered pursuant to this Section 2.13 shall be deemed given on the date received or, if mailed by first class mail, the date five (5) calendar days after which such notice is mailed.

2.14 Termination. In the event that no shares of a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares are Outstanding, all rights and preferences of the shares of such Series established and designated hereunder shall cease and terminate, and all obligations of the Fund under this Statement with respect to such Series shall terminate.

2.15 Appendices. The designation of each Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall be set forth in an Appendix to this Statement. The Board of Trustees may, by resolution duly adopted, without shareholder approval (except as otherwise provided by this Statement or required by applicable law) (1) amend the Appendix to this Statement relating to a Series so as to reflect any amendments to the terms applicable to such Series including an increase in the number of authorized shares of such Series and (2) add additional Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares by including a new Appendix to this Statement relating to such Series.

2.16 Actions on Other than Business Days. Unless otherwise provided herein, if the date for making any payment, performing any act or exercising any right, in each case as provided for in this Statement, is not a Business Day, such payment shall be made, act performed or right exercised on

the next succeeding Business Day, with the same force and effect as if made or done on the nominal date provided therefor, and, with respect to any payment so made, no dividends, interest or other amount shall accrue for the period between such nominal date and the date of payment.

2.17 Modification. The Board of Trustees, without the vote of the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, may interpret, supplement or amend the provisions of this Statement or any Appendix hereto to supply any omission, resolve any inconsistency or ambiguity or to cure, correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent provision, including any provision that becomes defective after the date hereof because of impossibility of performance or any provision that is inconsistent with any provision of any other Preferred Shares of the Fund.

2.18 No Additional Rights. Unless otherwise required by law or the Declaration, the Holders of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares shall not have any relative rights or preferences or other special rights other than those specifically set forth in this Statement.

[Signature Page Begins on the Following Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund has caused this Statement to be signed on December 16, 2009 in its name and on its behalf by a duly authorized officer. The Declaration is on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the said officer of the Fund has executed this Statement as an officer and not individually, and the obligations and rights set forth in this Statement are not binding upon any such officer, or the trustees of the Fund or shareholders of the Fund, individually, but are binding only upon the assets and property of the Fund.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE
MUNICIPAL FUND**

By: /s/ Kevin J. McCarthy
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

[Signature Page to the Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares]

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES, 2.70% SERIES 2015

Preliminary Statement and Incorporation By Reference

This Appendix establishes a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Except as set forth below, this Appendix incorporates by reference the terms set forth with respect to all Series of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in that Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares dated December 16, 2009 (the MTP Statement). This Appendix has been adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein have the respective meanings therefor set forth in the MTP Statement.

Section 1. Designation as to Series. MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.70% Series 2015: A series of Three Million Twenty-Five Thousand (3,025,000) Preferred Shares classified as MuniFund Term Preferred Shares is hereby designated as the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.70% Series 2015 (the Series 2015 MTP Shares). Each share of such Series shall have such preferences, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and distributions, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption, in addition to those required by applicable law and those that are expressly set forth in the Declaration and the MTP Statement (except as the MTP Statement may be expressly modified by this Appendix), as are set forth in this Appendix A. The Series 2015 MTP Shares shall constitute a separate series of Preferred Shares and of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and each Series 2015 MTP Share shall be identical. The following terms and conditions shall apply solely to the Series 2015 MTP Shares:

Section 2. Number of Authorized Shares of Series. The number of authorized shares is Three Million Twenty-Five Thousand (3,025,000).

Section 3. Date of Original Issue with respect to Series. The Date of Original Issue is December 21, 2009.

Section 4. Fixed Dividend Rate Applicable to Series. The Fixed Dividend Rate is 2.70%.

Section 5. Liquidation Preference Applicable to Series. The Liquidation Preference is \$10.00 per share.

Section 6. Term Redemption Date Applicable to Series. The Term Redemption Date is January 1, 2015.

Section 7. Dividend Payment Dates Applicable to Series. The Dividend Payment Dates are the first Business Day of the month next following each Dividend Period except that any dividend paid with respect to any Dividend Period consisting of the month of December in any year shall be paid on the last Business Day of such December.

Appendix A

Page 1

Section 8. Non-Call Period Applicable to Series. The Non-Call Period is the period beginning on the Date of Original of Issue and ending at the close of business on December 31, 2010.

Section 9. Liquidity Account Initial Date Applicable to Series. The Liquidity Account Initial Date is July 1, 2014.

Section 10. Exceptions to Certain Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following definitions contained under the heading Definitions in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 11. Additional Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following terms shall have the following meanings (with terms defined in the singular having comparable meanings when used in the plural and vice versa), unless the context otherwise requires:

Dividend Period means, with respect to each Series 2015 MTP Share, in the case of the first Dividend Period, the period beginning on the Date of Original Issue for such Series and ending on and including January 31, 2010 and for each subsequent Dividend Period, the period beginning on and including the first calendar day of the month following the month in which the previous Dividend Period ended and ending on and including the last calendar day of such month.

Optional Redemption Premium means with respect to each Series 2015 MTP Share an amount equal to:

(A) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2015 MTP Share does not occur during a Rating Downgrade Period but occurs on or after January 1, 2011 and prior to July 1, 2011, 1.00% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2015 MTP Share;

(B) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2015 MTP Share does not occur during a Rating Downgrade Period but occurs on a date that is on or after July 1, 2011, and prior to January 1, 2012, 0.5% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2015 MTP Share; or

(C) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2015 MTP Share either occurs during a Rating Downgrade Period or occurs on a date that is on or after January 1, 2012, 0.00% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2015 MTP Share.

Section 12. Amendments to Terms of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Applicable to the Series. The following provisions contained under the heading Terms of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 13. Additional Terms and Provisions Applicable to the Series. The following provisions shall be incorporated into and be deemed part of the MTP Statement:

Notwithstanding anything in Section 2.2(g) of the MTP Statement to the contrary, dividends on the Series 2015 MTP Shares for the first Dividend Period for such Series shall be paid to Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund at the close of business on January 15, 2010.

Appendix A

Page 2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund has caused this Appendix to be signed on December 16, 2009 in its name and on its behalf by a duly authorized officer. The Declaration and the MTP Statement are on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the said officer of the Fund has executed this Appendix as an officer and not individually, and the obligations and rights set forth in this Appendix are not binding upon any such officer, or the trustees of the Fund or shareholders of the Fund, individually, but are binding only upon the assets and property of the Fund.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE
MUNICIPAL FUND**

By: /s/ Kevin J. McCarthy
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

[Signature Page to the Appendix Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares]

Appendix A

Page 3

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES, 2.50% SERIES 2016

Preliminary Statement and Incorporation By Reference

This Appendix establishes a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Except as set forth below, this Appendix incorporates by reference the terms set forth with respect to all Series of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in that Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares dated December 16, 2009 (the MTP Statement). This Appendix has been adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein have the respective meanings therefor set forth in the MTP Statement.

Section 1. Designation as to Series. MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.50% Series 2016: A series of 2,594,400 Preferred Shares classified as MuniFund Term Preferred Shares is hereby designated as the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.50% Series 2016 (the Series 2016 MTP Shares). Each share of such Series shall have such preferences, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and distributions, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption, in addition to those required by applicable law and those that are expressly set forth in the Declaration and the MTP Statement (except as the MTP Statement may be expressly modified by this Appendix), as are set forth in this Appendix B. The Series 2016 MTP Shares shall constitute a separate series of Preferred Shares and of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and each Series 2016 MTP Share shall be identical. The following terms and conditions shall apply solely to the Series 2016 MTP Shares:

Section 2. Number of Authorized Shares of Series. The number of authorized shares is 2,594,400.

Section 3. Date of Original Issue with respect to Series. The Date of Original Issue is December 13, 2010.

Section 4. Fixed Dividend Rate Applicable to Series. The Fixed Dividend Rate is 2.50%.

Section 5. Liquidation Preference Applicable to Series. The Liquidation Preference is \$10.00 per share.

Section 6. Term Redemption Date Applicable to Series. The Term Redemption Date is January 1, 2016.

Section 7. Dividend Payment Dates Applicable to Series. The Dividend Payment Dates are the first Business Day of the month next following each Dividend Period except that any dividend paid with respect to any Dividend Period consisting of the month of December in any year shall be paid on the last Business Day of such December.

Section 8. Non-Call Period Applicable to Series. The Non-Call Period is the period beginning on the Date of Original of Issue and ending at the close of business on December 31, 2011.

Appendix B

Page 1

Section 9. Liquidity Account Initial Date Applicable to Series. The Liquidity Account Initial Date is July 1, 2015.

Section 10. Exceptions to Certain Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following definitions contained under the heading Definitions in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 11. Additional Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following terms shall have the following meanings (with terms defined in the singular having comparable meanings when used in the plural and vice versa), unless the context otherwise requires:

Dividend Period means, with respect to each Series 2016 MTP Share, in the case of the first Dividend Period, the period beginning on the Date of Original Issue for such Series and ending on and including January 31, 2011 and for each subsequent Dividend Period, the period beginning on and including the first calendar day of the month following the month in which the previous Dividend Period ended and ending on and including the last calendar day of such month.

Optional Redemption Premium means with respect to each Series 2016 MTP Share an amount equal to:

(A) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2016 MTP Share does not occur during a Rating Downgrade Period but occurs on or after January 1, 2012 and prior to July 1, 2012, 1.00% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2016 MTP Share;

(B) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2016 MTP Share does not occur during a Rating Downgrade Period but occurs on a date that is on or after July 1, 2012, and prior to January 1, 2013, 0.5% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2016 MTP Share; or

(C) if the Optional Redemption Date for the Series 2016 MTP Share either occurs during a Rating Downgrade Period or occurs on a date that is on or after January 1, 2013, 0.00% of the Liquidation Preference for such Series 2016 MTP Share.

Section 12. Amendments to Terms of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Applicable to the Series. The following provisions contained under the heading Terms of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 13. Additional Terms and Provisions Applicable to the Series. The following provisions shall be incorporated into and be deemed part of the MTP Statement:

Notwithstanding anything in Section 2.2(b) or 2.2(g) of the MTP Statement to the contrary, dividends on the Series 2016 MTP Shares for the first Dividend Period for such Series shall be paid to Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund at the close of business on January 28, 2011.

Appendix B

Page 2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund has caused this Appendix B to be signed on December 8, 2010 in its name and on its behalf by a duly authorized officer. The Declaration and the MTP Statement are on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the said officer of the Fund has executed this Appendix B as an officer and not individually, and the obligations and rights set forth in this Appendix B are not binding upon any such officer, or the trustees of the Fund or shareholders of the Fund, individually, but are binding only upon the assets and property of the Fund.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE
MUNICIPAL FUND**

By: /s/ Kevin J. McCarthy
Name: Kevin J. McCarthy
Title: Vice President and Secretary

[Signature Page to the Appendix B Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares]

Appendix B

Page 3

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

MUNIFUND TERM PREFERRED SHARES, 2.55% SERIES 2015

Preliminary Statement and Incorporation By Reference

This Appendix establishes a Series of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Except as set forth below, this Appendix incorporates by reference the terms set forth with respect to all Series of such MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in that Statement Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares dated December 16, 2009 (the MTP Statement). This Appendix has been adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees of Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein have the respective meanings therefor set forth in the MTP Statement.

Section 1. Designation as to Series. MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.55% Series 2015: A series of 3,789,000 Preferred Shares classified as MuniFund Term Preferred Shares is hereby designated as the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, 2.55% Series 2015 (the 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Shares). Each share of such Series shall have such preferences, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and distributions, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption, in addition to those required by applicable law and those that are expressly set forth in the Declaration and the MTP Statement (except as the MTP Statement may be expressly modified by this Appendix), as are set forth in this Appendix C. The 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Shares shall constitute a separate series of Preferred Shares and of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and each 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Share shall be identical. The following terms and conditions shall apply solely to the 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Shares:

Section 2. Number of Authorized Shares of Series. The number of authorized shares is 3,789,000.

Section 3. Date of Original Issue with respect to Series. The Date of Original Issue is , 20 .

Section 4. Fixed Dividend Rate Applicable to Series. The Fixed Dividend Rate is 2.55%.

Section 5. Liquidation Preference Applicable to Series. The Liquidation Preference is \$10.00 per share.

Section 6. Term Redemption Date Applicable to Series. The Term Redemption Date is May 1, 2015.

Section 7. Dividend Payment Dates Applicable to Series. The Dividend Payment Dates are the first Business Day of the month next following each Dividend Period except that any dividend paid with respect to any Dividend Period consisting of the month of December in any year shall be paid on the last Business Day of such December.

Appendix C

Page 1

Section 8. Non-Call Period Applicable to Series.

Not applicable.

Section 9. Liquidity Account Initial Date Applicable to Series. The Liquidity Account Initial Date is November 1, 2014.

Section 10. Exceptions to Certain Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following definitions contained under the heading Definitions in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 11. Additional Definitions Applicable to the Series. The following terms shall have the following meanings (with terms defined in the singular having comparable meanings when used in the plural and vice versa), unless the context otherwise requires:

Dividend Period means, with respect to each 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Share, in the case of the first Dividend Period, the period beginning on the Date of Original Issue for such Series and ending on and including the last day of the month in which the Date of Original Issue occurred and for each subsequent Dividend Period, the period beginning on and including the first calendar day of the month following the month in which the previous Dividend Period ended and ending on and including the last calendar day of such month.

Optional Redemption Premium means with respect to each 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Share an amount equal to 0.00% of the Liquidation Preference for such 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Share.

Section 12. Amendments to Terms of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares Applicable to the Series. The following provisions contained under the heading Terms of the MuniFund Term Preferred Shares in the MTP Statement are hereby amended as follows:

Not applicable.

Section 13. Additional Terms and Provisions Applicable to the Series. The following provisions shall be incorporated into and be deemed part of the MTP Statement:

Notwithstanding anything in Section 2.2(b) or 2.2(g) of the MTP Statement to the contrary, dividends on the 2.55% Series 2015 MTP Shares for the first Dividend Period for such Series shall be paid to Holders of shares of such Series as their names appear on the registration books of the Fund at the close of business on [, 20 .]

[Signature Page Begins on the Following Page]

Appendix C

Page 2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund has caused this Appendix to be signed on _____, 20____ in its name and on its behalf by a duly authorized officer. The Declaration and the MTP Statement are on file with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the said officer of the Fund has executed this Appendix as an officer and not individually, and the obligations and rights set forth in this Appendix are not binding upon any such officer, or the trustees of the Fund or shareholders of the Fund, individually, but are binding only upon the assets and property of the Fund.

**NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND ADVANTAGE
MUNICIPAL FUND**

By:

Name: Kevin J. McCarthy

Title: Vice President and Secretary

[Signature Page to the Appendix Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of MuniFund Term Preferred Shares]

Appendix C

Page 3

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Chairman s

Letter to Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

Investors have many reasons to remain cautious. The challenges in the Euro area continue to cast a shadow over global economies and financial markets. The political support for addressing fiscal issues is eroding as the economic and social impacts become more visible. Despite strong action by the European Central Bank, member nations appear unwilling to surrender sufficient sovereignty to unify the Euro area financial system or strengthen its banks. The gains made in reducing deficits, and the hard-won progress on winning popular acceptance of the need for economic austerity, are at risk. To their credit, European political leaders press on to find compromise solutions, but there is increasing concern that time is running out.

In the U.S., the extended period of increasing corporate earnings that enabled the equity markets to withstand the downward pressures coming from weakening job creation and slower economic growth appears to be coming to an end. The Fed remains committed to low interest rates and announced a third phase of quantitative easing (QE3) scheduled to continue until mid-2015. The recent election results have removed a major element of uncertainty in the U.S. political picture, but it remains to be seen whether the outcome will reduce the highly partisan atmosphere in Congress and enable progress on the many pressing fiscal and budgetary issues that must be resolved in the coming months.

During the last twelve months, U.S. investors have experienced a solid recovery in the domestic equity markets with increasing volatility as the fiscal cliff approaches. The experienced investment teams at Nuveen keep their eye on a longer time horizon and use their practiced investment disciplines to negotiate through market peaks and valleys to achieve long-term goals for investors. Experienced professionals pursue investments that will weather short-term volatility and at the same time, seek opportunities that are created by markets that overreact to negative developments. Monitoring this process is an important consideration for the Fund Board as it oversees your Nuveen Fund on your behalf.

As always, I encourage you to contact your financial consultant if you have any questions about your investment in a Nuveen Fund. On behalf of the other members of your Fund Board, we look forward to continuing to earn your trust in the months and years ahead.

Sincerely,

Robert P. Bremner

Chairman of the Board

November 21, 2012

4 Nuveen Investments

Portfolio Manager's Comments

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY)

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV)

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNP)

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN)

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (NXK)

Portfolio manager Scott Romans reviews economic and municipal market conditions at both the national and state levels, key investment strategies and the twelve-month performance of these Nuveen New York Funds. Scott assumed portfolio management responsibility for these five Funds in January 2011.

What factors affected the U.S. economy and municipal market during the twelve-month reporting period ended September 30, 2012?

During this period, the U.S. economy's progress toward recovery from recession continued at a moderate pace. The Federal Reserve (Fed) maintained its efforts to improve the overall economic environment by holding the benchmark fed funds rate at the record low level of zero to 0.25% that it established in December 2008. At its October 2012 meeting (following the end of this reporting period), the central bank affirmed its opinion that economic conditions would likely warrant keeping the fed funds rate at exceptionally low levels through at least mid-2015. The Fed also affirmed its decision, announced at the September 2012 meeting, to purchase \$40 billion of mortgage-backed securities each month in an effort to stimulate the housing market. In addition to this new, open-ended stimulus plan, the Fed will continue its program to extend the average maturity of its holdings of U.S. Treasury securities through the end of December 2012. The goals of these actions, which together will increase the Fed's holdings of longer term securities by approximately \$85 billion a month through the end of the year, are to put downward pressure on longer term interest rates, make broader financial conditions more accommodative, and support a stronger economic recovery as well as continued progress toward the Fed's mandates of maximum employment and price stability.

In the third quarter of 2012, the U.S. economy, as measured by the U.S. gross domestic product (GDP), grew at an annualized rate of 2.0%, up from 1.3% in the second quarter, marking 13 consecutive quarters of positive growth. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 2.0% year-over-year as of September 2012, while the core CPI (which excludes food and energy) also increased 2.0% during the period, staying just within the Fed's unofficial objective of 2.0% or lower for this inflation measure. Although job growth

Certain statements in this report are forward-looking statements. Discussions of specific investments are for illustration only and are not intended as recommendations of individual investments. The forward-looking statements and other views expressed herein are those of the portfolio manager as of the date of this report. Actual future results or occurrences may differ significantly from those anticipated in any forward-looking statements, and the views expressed herein are subject to change at any time, due to numerous market and other factors. The Funds disclaim any obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or views expressed herein.

Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating

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of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.

Nuveen Investments 5

remained sluggish, the national unemployment rate fell below 8% for the first time in 44 months, registering 7.8% in September 2012, down from 9.0% in September 2011. The housing market, long a major weak spot in the economic recovery, showed some signs of improvement, as the average home price in the S&P/Case-Shiller Index of 20 major metropolitan areas rose 2.0% for the twelve months ended August 2012 (most recent data available at the time this report was prepared). This marked the largest gain for the index since July 2010, although housing prices continued to be off approximately 33% from their mid-2006 peak. The outlook for the U.S. economy remained clouded by concerns about strains in global financial markets as well as the level of the U.S. federal deficit.

Municipal bond prices generally rallied during this period, as strong demand and tight supply combined to create favorable market conditions for municipal bonds. Although the total volume of tax-exempt supply improved over that of the same period a year earlier, the issuance pattern remained light compared with long-term historical trends and new money issuance was relatively flat. This supply/demand dynamic served as a key driver of performance. Concurrent with rising prices, yields continued to decline across most maturities, especially at the longer end of the municipal yield curve, and the curve flattened. In addition to the lingering effects of the Build America Bonds (BAB) program, which expired at the end of 2010 but impacted issuance well into 2012, the low level of municipal issuance reflected the current political distaste for additional borrowing by state and local governments facing fiscal constraints and the prevalent atmosphere of municipal budget austerity. During this period, we saw an increased number of borrowers come to market seeking to take advantage of the low rate environment through refunding activity, with approximately 60% of municipal paper issued by borrowers that were calling existing debt and refinancing at lower rates.

Over the twelve months ended September 30, 2012, municipal bond issuance nationwide totaled \$380 billion, an increase of 15% over the issuance for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2011. As previously discussed, the majority of this increase was attributable to refunding issues, rather than new money issuance. During this period, demand for municipal bonds remained consistently strong, especially from individual investors, but also from mutual funds, banks and crossover buyers such as hedge funds.

How were the economic and market environments in New York during this period?

After emerging as an early leader in the recovery from recession, New York's pace of economic progress has slowed. In September 2012, New York's unemployment rate registered 8.9%, up from 8.3% in September 2011 and well above the national rate of 7.8%. The recent rise in the state's unemployment numbers was due in part to continued layoffs in its manufacturing, government and financial services sectors as well as to a

significant increase in the number of job seekers returning to the market. Unemployment also remained high in New York City, at 8.8% as of September 2012. The strongest employment gains statewide during this period were posted by professional and business services, tourism and education and health services, which represented more than 40% of jobs in the state. The outlook for the New York economy also has been tempered by concerns about the global financial situation and its potential impact on the state's exports of manufactured goods as well as on the many global financial companies headquartered in New York City. For the twelve months ended August 2012 (most recent data available at the time this report was prepared), New York City's housing market was one of only three metropolitan areas in the U.S. (along with Atlanta and Chicago) to post a loss, as the average home price fell 2.3%, compared with a gain of 2.0% nationally, according to the S&P/Case-Shiller Index. Despite the recent slowdown, New York's overall economy remained well diversified across a broad range of industry sectors, and the state's growth continued to outpace most of the other states in the Northeast.

On the fiscal front, New York's financial picture has shown improvement, while still reflecting the effects of the recent economic downturn. The state's \$132.6 billion budget for fiscal 2013, which was adopted in March 2012, held total spending to fiscal 2012 levels, closing a \$3.5 billion shortfall through \$2.0 billion in spending cuts and \$1.5 billion in revenues from tax changes enacted in late 2011. The fiscal 2013 budget also increased school aid linked to improved academic performance and management efficiency and implementation of an enhanced teacher evaluation process and set forth a plan to cap counties' and New York City's share of Medicaid costs, to be phased in over three years. As of September 30, 2012, New York's general obligation (GO) debt was rated Aa2 with a stable outlook by Moody's and AA with a positive outlook by S&P. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2012, New York municipal bond issuance totaled \$53.8 billion, a 40% increase over the twelve months ended September 30, 2011, making New York the largest state issuer in the country. Much of this increase in issuance was attributable to refunding activity. According to Moody's, New York has the second highest level of tax supported debt in the nation, trailing only California.

What key strategies were used to manage the New York Funds during this reporting period?

In an environment characterized by tight supply, strong demand and lower yields, we continued to take a bottom-up approach to discovering sectors that appeared undervalued as well as individual credits that had the potential to perform well over the long-term. In general, issuance in New York tends to be concentrated in a few major issuers. During this period, we actively sought to diversify our holdings by purchasing bonds with more unusual structures from additional strong issuers, for example, bonds with higher coupons and shorter calls. We also took advantage of short-term

opportunities created by the supply/demand dynamics in the municipal market. While demand for tax-exempt paper remained consistently strong throughout the period, supply fluctuated widely. We found that periods of substantial supply provided good short-term buying opportunities not only because of the increased number of issues available, but also because some investors became more hesitant in their buying as supply grew, causing spreads to widen temporarily. At times when supply was more plentiful, we focused on anticipating cash flows from bond calls and maturing bonds and closely monitored opportunities for reinvestment. Among our purchases during this period were New York City GO bonds.

During this reporting period, we emphasized bonds with longer maturities. This enabled us to take advantage of more attractive yields at the longer end of the municipal yield curve and also provided some protection for the Funds duration and yield curve positioning. We also purchased lower rated bonds when we found attractive opportunities, as we believed these bonds continued to offer relative value. Our opportunities in lower rated bonds were somewhat constrained by the structure of bonds typically issued as part of refinancing deals, which tend to be characterized by higher quality and shorter maturities.

Cash for new purchases during this period was generated primarily by the proceeds from an increased number of bond calls resulting from the growth in refinancings. During this period, we worked to redeploy these proceeds as well as those from maturing bonds to keep the Funds as fully invested as possible. Overall, selling was relatively limited because the bonds in our portfolios generally offered higher yields than those available in the current marketplace.

As of September 30, 2012, all five of these Funds continued to use inverse floating rate securities. We employ inverse floaters for a variety of reasons, including duration management, income enhancement and total return enhancement. As part of our duration management strategies, NYV also used forward interest rate swaps to reduce its price volatility risk to movements in U.S. interest rates relative to the Fund's benchmark. During this period, these swaps modestly detracted from performance as interest rates declined.

How did the Funds perform?

Individual results for these Nuveen New York Funds, as well as relevant index and peer group information, are presented in the accompanying table.

Average Annual Total Returns on Common Share Net Asset Value For periods ended 9/30/12

Fund	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year
NNY*	9.23%	5.73%	4.85%
NYV*	11.12%	N/A	N/A
NNP	12.05%	7.54%	6.24%
NAN	13.05%	7.38%	6.28%
NXK	12.47%	7.34%	6.39%
S&P New York Municipal Bond Index**	7.88%	5.83%	5.08%
S&P Municipal Bond Index**	8.83%	5.84%	5.13%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average**	13.18%	6.22%	5.80%

For the twelve months ended September 30, 2012, the total returns on common share net asset value (NAV) for all five of these New York Funds exceeded the returns for the S&P New York Municipal Bond Index and the S&P Municipal Bond Index. For this same period, NAN performed in line with the average return for the Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification, while the remaining four Funds lagged the Lipper average.

Key management factors that influenced the Funds' returns during this period included duration and yield curve positioning, credit exposure and sector allocation. In addition, the use of regulatory leverage was an important positive factor in the performance of NNP, NAN and NXK. The primary reason that the returns of NNY and NYV trailed those of the three leveraged Funds for the twelve-month period was that these two Funds do not use regulatory leverage, however, they may use effective leverage. Leverage is discussed in more detail later in this report.

In an environment of declining rates and flattening yield curve, municipal bonds with longer maturities generally outperformed those with shorter maturities during this period. Overall, credits at the longest end of the municipal yield curve posted the strongest returns, while bonds at the shortest end produced the weakest results. For this period, duration and yield curve positioning was a positive contributor to the performance of these Funds, with the net impact varying according to each Fund's individual weightings along the yield curve. All five Funds, especially NAN, had durations that exceeded their target durations, which benefited their performance during this period. NYV also benefited from an overweighting in zero coupon bonds, which generally outperformed the market during this period due to their longer durations.

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares.

For additional information, see the Performance Overview page for your Fund in this report.

* NNY and NYV do not use regulatory leverage; the remaining three Funds in this report use regulatory leverage.

** Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for definitions. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Credit exposure was another important factor in the Funds' performance during these twelve months, as lower quality bonds generally outperformed higher quality bonds. This outperformance was due in part to the greater demand for lower rated bonds as investors looked for investment vehicles offering higher yields. As investors became more comfortable taking on additional investment risk, credit spreads, or the difference in yield spreads between U.S. Treasury securities and comparable investments such as municipal bonds, narrowed through a variety of rating categories. As a result of this spread compression, these Funds benefited from their credit allocations. All of the Funds, especially NXX, tended to be overweight in bonds rated BBB and lower and underweight in bonds rated AAA. Overall, NYV and NXX had the smallest exposures to the higher rated categories that underperformed.

During this period, revenue bonds as a whole outperformed the general municipal market. Holdings that generally made positive contributions to the Funds' returns included health care (together with hospitals), transportation and education bonds. In general, all of these Funds had good exposure to these three sectors, especially NYV's strong weighting in health care. Tobacco credits backed by the 1998 master tobacco settlement agreement also performed extremely well, helped in part by their longer effective durations. These bonds also benefited from market developments, including increased demand for higher yielding investments by investors who had become less risk averse. In addition, based on recent data showing that cigarette sales had fallen less steeply than anticipated, the 46 states participating in the agreement, including New York, stand to receive increased payments from the tobacco companies. As of September 30, 2012, all of these Funds held tobacco credits, which benefited their performance as tobacco bonds rallied.

In contrast, pre-refunded bonds, which are often backed by U.S. Treasury securities, were the poorest performing market segment during this period. The underperformance of these bonds can be attributed primarily to their shorter effective maturities and higher credit quality. Overall, these Funds held relatively small amounts of pre-refunded bonds, which lessened the negative impact of these holdings. As of September 30, 2012, NNP held the most pre-refunded bonds among these five Funds, while NAN did not hold any of these bonds. GO bonds, water and sewer and housing credits also lagged the performance of the general municipal market for this period.

Fund Leverage and**Other Information****IMPACT OF THE FUNDS' LEVERAGE STRATEGIES ON PERFORMANCE**

One important factor impacting the returns of NNP, NAN and NKX relative to their benchmarks was these Funds' use of leverage. As mentioned previously, NNY and NYV do not use regulatory leverage. The Funds use leverage because their managers believe that, over time, leveraging provides opportunities for additional income and total return for common shareholders. However, use of leverage also can expose common shareholders to additional volatility. For example, as the prices of securities held by a Fund decline, the negative impact of these valuation changes on common share net asset value and common shareholder total return is magnified by the use of leverage. Conversely, leverage may enhance common share returns during periods when the prices of securities held by a Fund generally are rising. Leverage made a positive contribution to the performance of these Funds over this reporting period.

THE FUNDS' REGULATORY LEVERAGE

As of September 30, 2012, the Funds have issued and outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares and Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares as shown in the accompanying tables. As mentioned previously, NNY and NYV do not use regulatory leverage.

MTP Shares

Fund	Series	MTP Shares Issued at Liquidation Value	Annual Interest Rate	NYSE Ticker
NAN	2015	\$ 30,000,000	2.70%	NAN PrC
NAN	2016	\$ 25,360,000	2.50%	NAN PrD
NXK	2015	\$ 37,890,000	2.55%	NXK PrC

VRDP Shares

Fund	VRDP Shares Issued at Liquidation Value
NNP	\$ 89,000,000

(Refer to Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies for further details on MTP and VRDP Shares.)

RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Fund shares are not guaranteed or endorsed by any bank or other insured depository institution, and are not federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Fund common shares are subject to a variety of risks, including:

Investment and Market Risk. An investment in common shares is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in common shares represents an indirect investment in the municipal securities owned by the Fund, which generally trade in the over-the-counter markets. Your common shares at any point in time may be worth less than your original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions.

Price Risk. Shares of closed-end investment companies like these Funds frequently trade at a discount to their NAV. Your common shares at any point in time may be worth less than your original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions.

Leverage Risk. Each Fund's use of leverage creates the possibility of higher volatility for the Fund's per share NAV, market price, distributions and returns. There is no assurance that a Fund's leveraging strategy will be successful.

Tax Risk. The tax treatment of Fund distributions may be affected by new IRS interpretations of the Internal Revenue Code and future changes in tax laws and regulations.

Issuer Credit Risk. This is the risk that a security in a Fund's portfolio will fail to make dividend or interest payments when due.

Interest Rate Risk. Fixed-income securities such as bonds, preferred, convertible and other debt securities will decline in value if market interest rates rise.

Reinvestment Risk. If market interest rates decline, income earned from a Fund's portfolio may be reinvested at rates below that of the original bond that generated the income.

Call Risk or Prepayment Risk. Issuers may exercise their option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing a Fund to reinvest in lower-yielding securities.

Inverse Floater Risk. The Funds may invest in inverse floaters. Due to their leveraged nature, these investments can greatly increase a Fund's exposure to interest rate risk and credit risk. In addition, investments in inverse floaters involve the risk that the Fund could lose more than its original principal investment.

Derivatives Strategy Risk: Derivatives are financial instruments whose value changes in response to the changes in underlying investment variables. Derivative securities include, but are not limited to, calls, puts, warrants, swaps and forwards. The Funds' use of derivatives involves risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with the underlying investments. The derivatives market is largely unregulated. It is possible that developments in the derivatives market, including potential government regulation, could adversely affect the Funds' ability to terminate existing contracts or to realize amounts to be received under such contracts.

Common Share Dividend**and Price Information****DIVIDEND INFORMATION**

The monthly dividends of NYV, NNP, NAN and NXX remained stable throughout the twelve-month reporting period ended September 30, 2012, while NNY had one monthly dividend reduction.

Due to normal portfolio activity, common shareholders of NAN received a long-term capital gains distribution of \$0.0059 per share in December 2011.

All of the Funds in this report seek to pay stable dividends at rates that reflect each Fund's past results and projected future performance. During certain periods, each Fund may pay dividends at a rate that may be more or less than the amount of net investment income actually earned by the Fund during the period. If a Fund has cumulatively earned more than it has paid in dividends, it holds the excess in reserve as undistributed net investment income (UNII) as part of the Fund's NAV. Conversely, if a Fund has cumulatively paid dividends in excess of its earnings, the excess constitutes negative UNII that is likewise reflected in the Fund's NAV. Each Fund will, over time, pay all of its net investment income as dividends to shareholders. As of September 30, 2012, all of the Funds in this report had positive UNII balances for both tax and financial reporting purposes.

COMMON SHARE REPURCHASES AND PRICE INFORMATION

As of September 30, 2012, and since the inception of the Funds' repurchase programs, the Funds have cumulatively repurchased and retired their common shares as shown in the accompanying table. NNY, NYV and NAN have not repurchased any of their common shares since the inception of their repurchase programs.

Fund	Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	% of Outstanding Common Shares
NNY		
NYV		
NNP	27,800	0.2%
NAN		
NXX	7,200	0.1%

During the twelve-month reporting period, the Funds did not repurchase any of their outstanding common shares.

As of September 30, 2012, and during the twelve-month reporting period, the Funds' common share prices were trading at (+) premiums and/or (-) discounts to their common share NAVs as shown in the accompanying table.

Fund	9/30/12 (+) Premium/(-) Discount	Twelve-Month Average (-) Discount
NNY	(+) 1.34%	(-)1.19%
NYV	(-) 0.18%	(-)3.83%
NNP	(+) 2.02%	(-)2.71%
NAN	(-) 0.81%	(-)5.59%
NXK	(-) 2.82%	(-)5.43%

NNY
Performance
OVERVIEW

**Nuveen New York
Municipal Value
Fund, Inc.**

as of September 30, 2012

Fund Snapshot

Common Share Price	\$ 10.55
Common Share Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$ 10.41
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	1.34%
Market Yield	3.92%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield ¹	5.83%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 157,979

Leverage

Regulatory Leverage	N/A
Effective Leverage	2.61%

Average Annual Total Returns(Inception 10/07/87)

	On Share Price	On NAV
1-Year	16.11%	9.23%
5-Year	7.09%	5.73%
10-Year	6.00%	4.85%

Portfolio Composition³(as a % of total investments)

Tax Obligation/Limited	26.1%
Education and Civic Organizations	15.1%
Health Care	11.6%
Tax Obligation/General	10.1%
Transportation	9.4%
U.S. Guaranteed	5.5%
Utilities	5.0%
Housing/Multifamily	4.0%
Water and Sewer	4.0%
Other	9.2%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview page.

- 1 Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%. When comparing this Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield

is lower.

2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.

3 Holdings are subject to change.

N/A The Fund does not use regulatory leverage.

16 Nuveen Investments

NYV **Nuveen New York**
Performance **Municipal Value**
OVERVIEW **Fund 2**

as of September 30, 2012

Fund Snapshot

Common Share Price	\$ 16.33
Common Share Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$ 16.36
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	-0.18%
Market Yield	4.12%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield ¹	6.13%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 38,434

Leverage

Regulatory Leverage	N/A
Effective Leverage	4.95%

Average Annual Total Returns(Inception 4/28/09)

	On Share Price	On NAV
1-Year	20.74%	11.12%
Since Inception	7.60%	8.86%

Portfolio Composition^{3,4}(as a % of total investments)

Tax Obligation/Limited	30.2%
Health Care	21.1%
Housing/Multifamily	13.1%
Transportation	11.0%
Education and Civic Organizations	10.7%
Tax Obligation/General	5.7%
Consumer Staples	4.1%
Water and Sewer	2.7%
U.S. Guaranteed	1.4%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview page.

- 1 Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%. When comparing this Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield is lower.
- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds

backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.

3 Holdings are subject to change.

4 Excluding investments in derivatives.

5 Rounds to less than 1%.

N/A The Fund does not use regulatory leverage.

NNP
Performance
OVERVIEW

Nuveen New York
Performance Plus
Municipal Fund, Inc.

as of September 30, 2012

Fund Snapshot

Common Share Price	\$ 17.18
Common Share Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$ 16.84
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	2.02%
Market Yield	5.13%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield ¹	7.63%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 253,426

Leverage

Regulatory Leverage	25.99%
Effective Leverage	34.33%

Average Annual Total Returns(Inception 11/15/89)

	On Share Price	On NAV
1-Year	21.58%	12.05%
5-Year	10.19%	7.54%
10-Year	7.09%	6.24%

Portfolio Composition³(as a % of total investments)

Tax Obligation/Limited	23.9%
Education and Civic Organizations	13.3%
Health Care	11.1%
Tax Obligation/General	9.7%
Transportation	8.8%
U.S. Guaranteed	8.7%
Water and Sewer	8.0%
Utilities	5.9%
Housing/Multifamily	3.5%
Other	7.1%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview page.

- 1 Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%. When comparing this Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield is lower.

Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.

3 Holdings are subject to change.

18 Nuveen Investments

NAN
Performance
OVERVIEW

**Nuveen New York
Dividend Advantage
Municipal Fund**

as of September 30, 2012

Fund Snapshot

Common Share Price	\$ 16.00
Common Share Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$ 16.13
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	-0.81%
Market Yield	4.91%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield ¹	7.31%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 149,417

Leverage

Regulatory Leverage	27.03%
Effective Leverage	34.32%

Average Annual Total Returns(Inception 5/26/99)

	On Share Price	On NAV
1-Year	23.20%	13.05%
5-Year	8.69%	7.38%
10-Year	6.74%	6.28%

Portfolio Composition³(as a % of total investments)

Tax Obligation/Limited	25.2%
Health Care	13.2%
Transportation	12.2%
Education and Civic Organizations	11.5%
Tax Obligation/General	10.9%
Utilities	4.5%
Housing/Multifamily	4.4%
Water and Sewer	4.3%
Long-Term Care	3.3%
U.S. Guaranteed	3.0%
Other	7.5%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview page.

Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%. When comparing this Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield is lower.

- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Holdings are subject to change.
- 4 The Fund paid shareholders a capital gains distribution in December 2011 of \$0.0059 per share.

NXX
Performance
OVERVIEW

**Nuveen New York
Dividend Advantage
Municipal Fund 2**

as of September 30, 2012

Fund Snapshot

Common Share Price	\$ 15.51
Common Share Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$ 15.96
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	-2.82%
Market Yield	5.15%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield ¹	7.66%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 103,527

Leverage

Regulatory Leverage	26.79%
Effective Leverage	33.32%

Average Annual Total Returns(Inception 3/27/01)

	On Share Price	On NAV
1-Year	20.38%	12.47%
5-Year	8.26%	7.34%
10-Year	7.04%	6.39%

Portfolio Composition³(as a % of total investments)

Tax Obligation/Limited	26.4%
Education and Civic Organizations	16.7%
Transportation	13.7%
Tax Obligation/General	9.1%
Health Care	8.3%
Utilities	5.7%
U.S. Guaranteed	5.6%
Water and Sewer	4.4%
Long-Term Care	3.6%
Other	6.5%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview page.

- 1 Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%.

When comparing this Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield is lower.

- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Holdings are subject to change.

20 Nuveen Investments

NNY **Shareholder Meeting Report**
NNP

The annual meeting of shareholders was held in the offices of Nuveen Investments on March 30, 2012; at this meeting the shareholders were asked to vote on the election of Board Members, the elimination of Fundamental Investment Policies and the approval of new Fundamental Investment Policies. The meeting for NNY, NNP, NAN and NXK was subsequently adjourned to May 8, 2012. The meeting for NAN was additionally adjourned to June 15, 2012.

	NNY	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	NNP Preferred shares
	Common shares		Preferred shares
To approve the elimination of the fundamental policies relating to the Fund's ability to make loans.			
For	6,380,677	6,696,386	890
Against	430,953	429,817	
Abstain	221,967	295,365	
Broker Non-Votes	1,875,628	1,856,772	
Total	8,909,225	9,278,340	890
To approve the new fundamental policy relating to the Fund's ability to make loans.			
For	6,333,519	6,688,319	890
Against	464,169	430,629	
Abstain	235,909	302,620	
Broker Non-Votes	1,875,628	1,856,772	
Total	8,909,225	9,278,340	890
Approval of the Board Members was reached as follows:			
John P. Amboian			
For		8,837,365	
Withhold		440,975	
Total		9,278,340	
Robert P. Bremner			
For	8,469,324	8,822,578	
Withhold	439,901	455,762	
Total	8,909,225	9,278,340	
Jack B. Evans			
For	8,495,015	8,826,538	
Withhold	414,210	451,802	

Total	8,909,225	9,278,340
William C. Hunter		
For		890
Withhold		
Total		890
David J. Kundert		
For		8,828,445
Withhold		449,895
Total		9,278,340
William J. Schneider		
For	8,473,138	890
Withhold	436,087	
Total	8,909,225	890
Judith M. Stockdale		
For		8,856,367
Withhold		421,973
Total		9,278,340
Carole E. Stone		
For		8,867,418
Withhold		410,922
Total		9,278,340
Virginia L. Stringer		
For		8,862,966
Withhold		415,374
Total		9,278,340
Terence J. Toth		
For		8,837,554
Withhold		440,786
Total		9,278,340

NAN Shareholder Meeting Report (continued)
NXX

	NAN		NXX	
	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares voting together as a class	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares
To approve the elimination of the fundamental policies relating to the Fund's ability to make loans.				
For	6,128,472	2,014,856	4,398,821	1,526,210
Against	422,626	141,650	268,226	16,135
Abstain	233,526	47,400	109,907	15,200
Broker Non-Votes	2,152,508	748,142	1,474,474	524,859
Total	8,937,132	2,952,048	6,251,428	2,082,404
To approve the new fundamental policy relating to the Fund's ability to make loans.				
For	6,133,280	2,021,306	4,391,811	1,524,710
Against	445,763	145,150	273,826	16,135
Abstain	205,581	37,450	111,317	16,700
Broker Non-Votes	2,152,508	748,142	1,474,474	524,859
Total	8,937,132	2,952,048	6,251,428	2,082,404
Approval of the Board Members was reached as follows:				
John P. Amboian				
For				
Withhold				
Total				
Robert P. Bremner				
For	8,334,687		6,084,549	
Withhold	357,746		166,879	
Total	8,692,433		6,251,428	
Jack B. Evans				
For	8,338,501		6,082,296	
Withhold	353,932		169,132	
Total	8,692,433		6,251,428	
William C. Hunter				
For		2,723,163		2,071,904
Withhold		93,033		10,500

Total	2,816,196	2,082,404
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David J. Kundert

For

Withhold

Total

William J. Schneider

For	2,719,663	2,071,904
-----	-----------	-----------

Withhold	96,533	10,500
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Total	2,816,196	2,082,404
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Judith M. Stockdale

For

Withhold

Total

Carole E. Stone

For

Withhold

Total

Virginia L. Stringer

For

Withhold

Total

Terence J. Toth

For

Withhold

Total

Report of Independent

Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors/Trustees and Shareholders

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc.

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc.

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets and liabilities, including the portfolios of investments, of Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2, Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund, and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (the Funds), as of September 30, 2012, and the related statements of operations and cash flows (Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund, and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 only) for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Funds' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of September 30, 2012, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial positions of Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2, Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund, and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 at September 30, 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows (Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc., Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund, and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 only) for the year then ended, the changes in their net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Chicago, Illinois

November 26, 2012

Nuveen Investments 23

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc.

NNY

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 1.4% (1.4% of Total Investments)				
\$ 275	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 280,668
1,950	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	1,985,471
2,225	Total Consumer Discretionary			2,266,139
Consumer Staples 2.0% (2.0% of Total Investments)				
150	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	145,997
1,375	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	1,375,055
365	Puerto Rico, The Children's Trust Fund, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, 5.375%, 5/15/33	11/12 at 100.00	BBB+	364,971
95	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	91,660
810	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006: 4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	811,709
345	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	327,716
3,140	Total Consumer Staples			3,117,108
Education and Civic Organizations 15.0% (15.1% of Total Investments)				
275	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	286,066

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415	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BBB	404,696
1,350	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,574,883
750	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	887,753
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,713
1,175	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,202,354
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/34 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	BBB	1,195,890
505	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NCFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	551,066
525	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	598,978
280	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	312,724
2,170	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	2,282,601
265	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	277,219
880	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,004,731
1,000	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John Fisher College, Series 2011: 6.000%, 6/01/30	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,130,450
1,000	6.000%, 6/01/34	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,124,250
3,000	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, University of Rochester Project, Series 2011B,	7/21 at 100.00	Aa3	3,378,958

5.000%, 7/01/41

24 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Education and Civic Organizations (continued)				
\$ 245	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	\$ 253,102
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/39 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,531,005
1,175	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,179,418
1,610	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,634,424
800	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPFQ Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	819,064
170	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	179,382
1,345	Tompkins County Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Ithaca College, Series 2011, 5.375%, 7/01/41 AGM Insured	1/21 at 100.00	Aa3	1,542,621
300	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	333,588
21,825	Total Education and Civic Organizations			23,778,936
Financials 1.3% (1.3% of Total Investments)				
400	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	469,744
1,305	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37	No Opt. Call	A	1,592,609
1,705	Total Financials			2,062,353
Health Care 11.6% (11.6% of Total Investments)				
990	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Saint Peter's Hospital, Series 2008D, 5.750%, 11/15/27	11/17 at 100.00	A3	1,108,335
1,005	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,077,792

995	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, New York Hospital Medical Center of Queens, Series 2007, 4.650%, 8/15/27	2/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,055,804
700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB	758,198
1,825	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,934,610
350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26	7/20 at 100.00	A2	388,017
380	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	416,336
2,350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006-1, 5.000%, 7/01/35	7/16 at 100.00	Aa2	2,603,871
1,455	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,588,162
2,100	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	2,484,405
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	507,995
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	506,245
290	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series 2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30	1/13 at 100.00	BB	290,191
280	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	286,342
260	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	267,602

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
	New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York, Health System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A:			
\$ 1,175	5.250%, 2/15/21 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	\$ 1,193,671
1,000	5.250%, 2/15/22 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	1,017,990
295	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	339,032
500	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John s Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	1/13 at 100.00	B+	500,755
16,950	Total Health Care			18,325,353
	Housing/Multifamily 4.0% (4.0% of Total Investments)			
330	East Syracuse Housing Authority, New York, FHA-Insured Section 8 Assisted Revenue Refunding Bonds, Bennet Project, Series 2001A, 6.700%, 4/01/21	4/13 at 100.00	AA+	330,997
1,690	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25 FGIC Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	1,803,974
1,000	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1, 5.500%, 11/01/34	5/19 at 100.00	AA	1,104,090
1,250	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009M, 5.150%, 11/01/45	5/19 at 100.00	AA	1,343,013
405	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Secured Mortgage Program Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2001E, 5.600%, 8/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	2/13 at 100.00	Aa1	405,838

1,275	Westchester County Industrial Development Agency, New York, GNMA Collateralized Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds, Living Independently for the Elderly Inc., Series 2001A, 5.375%, 8/20/21	2/13 at 101.00	Aaa	1,291,231
5,950	Total Housing/Multifamily			6,279,143
	Housing/Single Family 1.4% (1.4% of Total Investments)			
950	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	972,411
360	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	381,694
840	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 101.00	Aaa	854,498
2,150	Total Housing/Single Family			2,208,603
	Long-Term Care 2.9% (2.9% of Total Investments)			
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, W.K. Nursing Home Corporation, Series 1996, 6.125%, 2/01/36	2/13 at 100.00	AAA	2,004,660
435	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	477,391
270	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	260,647
135	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005, 5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	121,279
135	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	135,304
315	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	1/13 at 100.50	N/R	318,011
820	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1, 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	806,609

235	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008-B1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	230,850
225	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facilities Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2008-C1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	221,027
4,570	Total Long-Term Care			4,575,778

26 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
\$ 240	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 249,439
	Tax Obligation/General 10.0% (10.1% of Total Investments)			
4,760	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2008 Series D, 5.125%, 12/01/25	12/17 at 100.00	AA	5,685,389
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2010 Series C, 5.000%, 8/01/23	8/19 at 100.00	AA	2,367,500
20	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.250%, 8/15/16	8/14 at 100.00	AA	21,820
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004E, 5.000%, 11/01/19 AGM Insured	11/14 at 100.00	AA	1,095,210
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured	9/15 at 100.00	AA	2,253,020
2,795	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007A, 5.000%, 8/01/25	8/16 at 100.00	AA	3,205,025
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012, 5.000%, 4/01/26	No Opt. Call	AA	1,219,860
13,575	Total Tax Obligation/General			15,847,824
	Tax Obligation/Limited 26.0% (26.1% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,053,940
395	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Department of Health Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.250%, 7/01/24 CIFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	439,639
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Second General Resolution Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993A: 5.750%, 7/01/18	No Opt. Call	AA	1,172,960
1,400	6.000%, 7/01/20	No Opt. Call	AA	1,762,684
15	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AAA	16,579
	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series			

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	2002A:				
2,000	5.250%, 11/15/25	AGM Insured	11/12 at 100.00	AA	2,012,700
1,000	5.000%, 11/15/30		11/12 at 100.00	AA	1,005,450
	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series				
1,500	2009B, 5.000%, 11/15/34		11/19 at 100.00	AA	1,702,065
	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003,				
560	5.500%, 1/01/34		1/13 at 102.00	BBB	567,140
	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A:				
740	5.000%, 10/15/25	NPFG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	805,830
550	5.000%, 10/15/26	NPFG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	596,167
1,890	5.000%, 10/15/29	AMBAC Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,051,066
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28				
1,200	FGIC Insured		1/17 at 100.00	AA	1,369,560
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2009-S5, 5.250%, 1/15/39				
1,500			1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,697,340
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1, 5.000%, 2/01/42				
4,075			2/22 at 100.00	AAA	4,704,015
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23				
25	FGIC Insured		2/13 at 100.00	AAA	25,386
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27				
1,530			11/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,800,994
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21				
1,000			3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,057,090
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)				
2,100			12/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,489,844
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36				
840			9/15 at 100.00	AAA	930,208

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,132,520
1,175	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	1,357,348
2,450	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	3,139,038
1,800	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1: 5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,859,958
2,000	5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,066,620
1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,034,990
600	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Special Project Revenue Bonds, University Facilities Grants, Series 1995, 5.875%, 1/01/21	No Opt. Call	AA	778,278
2,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	3/21 at 100.00	AAA	2,381,800
36,345	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			41,011,209
	Transportation 9.3% (9.4% of Total Investments)			
2,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33	11/17 at 100.00	A	2,744,150
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project,	10/17 at 102.00	N/R	803,895

	Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46			
1,100	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/12 at 100.00	BB	1,089,792
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	C	1,019,400
700	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	740,061
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006, 5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	B	973,900
660	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	727,822
165	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	178,367
400	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	440,364
500	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPFPG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 100.00	BBB	505,700
1,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/28 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,106,470
435	5.000%, 12/01/31 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	477,678
325	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.214%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	499,239
225	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	246,843
1,160	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,362,037
780	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E: 5.500%, 11/15/20 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	A+	993,572
800	5.250%, 11/15/22 NPFPG Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A+	804,912

14,250	Total Transportation	14,714,202
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28 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
U.S. Guaranteed 5.5% (5.5% of Total Investments) (5)				
\$ 1,625	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Judicial Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds, Suffolk County Issue, Series 1986, 7.375%, 7/01/16 (ETM)	No Opt. Call	Aaa	\$ 1,854,856
260	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (5)	289,955
25	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Suffolk County, Lease Revenue Bonds, Judicial Facilities, Series 1991A, 9.500%, 4/15/14 (ETM)	10/12 at 102.34	Baa1 (5)	27,123
350	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District, Series 2004, 5.750%, 5/01/26 (Pre-refunded 5/01/14) AGM Insured	5/14 at 100.00	AA (5)	380,587
960	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Commuter Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B, 5.000%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured (ETM)	1/13 at 100.00	N/R (5)	1,003,008
500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.500%, 11/15/19 (Pre-refunded 11/15/12) AMBAC Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A(5)	503,475
1,305	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 (Pre-refunded 2/01/13) FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aaa	1,326,546
730	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (Pre-refunded 8/15/14)	8/14 at 100.00	Aa2 (5)	797,489
2,500	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002B, 5.000%, 11/15/21 (Pre-refunded 11/15/12)	11/12 at 100.00	AA (5)	2,515,775
8,255	Total U.S. Guaranteed			8,698,814
Utilities 5.0% (5.0% of Total Investments)				
1,000	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	1,129,670
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds,			

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Series 2006A:							
1,500	5.000%, 12/01/23	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,684,890		
1,500	5.000%, 12/01/24	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,679,175		
250	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 12/01/35		CIFG Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	265,430	
400	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38			5/21 at 100.00	A	446,220	
1,000	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			6/13 at 100.00	A	1,027,110	
500	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001A, 5.450%, 11/15/26 (Mandatory put 11/15/12) (Alternative Minimum Tax)			11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	502,390	
250	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001C, 5.625%, 11/15/24 (Mandatory put 11/15/14) (Alternative Minimum Tax)			11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	251,680	
25	Power Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 11/15/19		FGIC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	Aa2	28,374	
270	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequoque Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998:			5.300%, 1/01/13 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R	270,081
575	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequoque Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998:			5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	575,052
7,270	Total Utilities					7,860,072	

Nuveen Investments 29

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer 3.9% (4.0% of Total Investments)			
\$ 4,440	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44	12/21 at 100.00	AA+	\$ 5,075,096
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2012B, 5.000%, 2/15/42	No Opt. Call	AAA	1,161,990
5,440	Total Water and Sewer			6,237,086
\$ 143,890	Total Investments (cost \$144,817,928) 99.5%			157,232,059
	Floating Rate Obligations (2.1)%			(3,255,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 2.6%			4,001,467
	Net Assets Applicable to Common shares 100%			\$ 157,978,526

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or

agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.

N/R Not rated.

(ETM) Escrowed to maturity.

(IF) Inverse floating rate investment.

(UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

30 Nuveen Investments

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2

NYV

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Consumer Staples 4.0% (4.1% of Total Investments)			
\$ 1,350	District of Columbia Tobacco Settlement Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001, 6.500%, 5/15/33	No Opt. Call	Baa1	\$ 1,536,746
	Education and Civic Organizations 10.6% (10.7% of Total Investments)			
1,200	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BBB	1,170,204
380	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 12/01/19	No Opt. Call	BBB	432,049
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2007, 5.000%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	Aa2	1,123,550
4,895	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project PILOT, Series 2009A, 0.000%, 3/01/40 AGC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,347,251
7,475	Total Education and Civic Organizations			4,073,054
	Health Care 20.8% (21.1% of Total Investments)			
290	Albany Capital Resource Corporation, New York, St. Peter's Hospital Project, Series 2011, 6.000%, 11/15/25	11/20 at 100.00	A3	348,357
700	Delaware County Hospital Authority, Indiana, Hospital Revenue Bonds, Cardinal Health System, Series 2006, 5.000%, 8/01/24	8/16 at 100.00	Baa2	752,045
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	530,030
50		7/20 at 100.00	A2	55,431

	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26			
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997, 5.500%, 7/01/27 RAAI Insured	1/13 at 100.00	A3	1,001,210
85	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	93,128
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3	1,595,925
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2009A, 5.500%, 5/01/37	5/19 at 100.00	A	1,716,465
1,010	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A	1,106,748
725	Illinois Finance Authority, Revenue Bonds, OSF Healthcare System, Series 2007A, 5.750%, 11/15/37	11/17 at 100.00	A	794,368
7,360	Total Health Care			7,993,707
Housing/Multifamily 12.9% (13.1% of Total Investments)				
1,500	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, FNMA Backed Progress of Peoples Development Multifamily Rental Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 4.950%, 5/15/36 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/15 at 100.00	AA+	1,551,825
1,800	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004-H2, 5.125%, 11/01/34 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/14 at 100.00	AA	1,844,982
1,000	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, 5.250%, 11/01/41	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	1,074,760
450	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, 4.500%, 11/01/29	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	484,785
4,750	Total Housing/Multifamily			4,956,352

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (continued)

NYV

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/General 5.6% (5.7% of Total Investments)			
\$ 1,500	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series J1, 5.000%, 5/15/36	5/19 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,701,780
400	Yonkers, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 10/01/24 AGM Insured	10/21 at 100.00	AA	452,184
1,900	Total Tax Obligation/General			2,153,964
	Tax Obligation/Limited 29.8% (30.2% of Total Investments)			
1,200	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Education Series 2009A, 5.000%, 3/15/38	3/19 at 100.00	AAA	1,384,056
1,200	Guam Government, Limited Obligation Section 30 Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, 5.750%, 12/01/34	12/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,351,692
1,710	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	1,813,199
1,000	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/26 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,083,300
1,000	5.000%, 10/15/32 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,082,870
1,500	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2009-S5, 5.250%, 1/15/39	1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,697,340
1,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 09-6W, 13.496%, 3/15/37 (IF) (4)	3/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,388,050
1,500	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2009A, 6.000%, 8/01/42	8/19 at 100.00	A+	1,666,080
10,110	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			11,466,587

Transportation 10.8% (11.0% of Total Investments)

	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005:			
500	7.500%, 8/01/16 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R	525,670
500	7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	527,350
	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.750%, 10/01/37			
2,000		10/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,073,140
	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44			
155		11/21 at 100.00	A+	170,928
	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010:			
180	6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	197,474
140	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	164,384
	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2008A, 5.000%, 11/15/33			
1,325		5/18 at 100.00	AA	1,502,775
4,800	Total Transportation			4,161,721

U.S. Guaranteed 1.4% (1.4% of Total Investments) (5)

500	Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Bonds, ProHealth Care, Inc. Obligated Group, Series 2009, 6.625%, 2/15/32 (Pre-refunded 2/18/14)			2/14 at 100.00	A+(5)	543,535
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Water and Sewer 2.7% (2.7% of Total Investments)

900	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44			12/21 at 100.00	AA+	1,028,734
\$ 39,145	Total Investments (cost \$32,351,418)			98.6%		37,914,400

Other Assets Less Liabilities 1.4% (6) 519,622

Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares 100% \$ 38,434,022

Investments in Derivatives at September 30, 2012

Forward Swaps outstanding:

Counterparty	Notional Amount	Fund Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Fixed Rate (Annualized)	Fixed Rate Payment Frequency	Effective Date (7)	Termination Date (6)	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Barclays Bank PLC	\$ 2,750,000	Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	3.190%	Semi-Annually	4/30/14	4/30/34	\$ (226,157)

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
 - (2) Optional Call Provisions (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
 - (3) Ratings (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
 - (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in derivatives and/or inverse floating rate transactions.
 - (5) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
 - (6) Other Assets Less Liabilities includes the Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of derivative instruments as noted within Investments in Derivatives at September 30, 2012.
 - (7) Effective date represents the date on which both the Fund and Counterparty commence interest payment accruals on each forward swap contract.
- N/R Not rated.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- USD-LIBOR United States Dollar-London Inter-Bank Offered Rate.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc.

NNP

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 0.3% (0.2% of Total Investments)				
\$ 685	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 699,118
Consumer Staples 1.8% (1.2% of Total Investments)				
310	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	301,726
915	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	915,037
235	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	226,737
2,145	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006:			
	4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	2,149,526
930	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	883,407
4,535	Total Consumer Staples			4,476,433
Education and Civic Organizations 19.2% (13.3% of Total Investments)				
655	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	681,357
925	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BBB	902,032
1,000	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.375%, 7/15/43	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,172,430
1,630		12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,929,382

	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40				
1,285	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 1998B, 5.000%, 9/15/13	3/13 at 100.00	BBB	1,287,519	
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,713	
2,815	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	2,880,533	
2,120	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2001-1, 5.500%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,701,410	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/29 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	BBB	1,192,930	
1,215	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NCFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	1,325,832	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 7/01/41	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,137,720	
2,100	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Marymount Manhattan College, Series 2009, 5.250%, 7/01/29	7/19 at 100.00	Baa2	2,257,185	
875	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	998,296	
5,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2007, 5.000%, 7/01/32 AMBAC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	AA	5,537,200	
640	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	714,797	
925	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Project, Series 2007-A2, 4.500%, 8/01/36	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	947,385	
3,880	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	4,081,333	
635		10/15 at 100.00	A	664,280	

Hempstead Town Industrial Development
Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi
University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005,
5.000%, 10/01/35

34 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 1,885	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	\$ 2,152,180
1,260	Madison County Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Colgate University Project, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	AA	1,437,433
580	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	599,181
2,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/39	AMBAC Insured 1/17 at 100.00	BB+	2,041,340
2,300	4.750%, 1/01/42	AMBAC Insured 1/17 at 100.00	BB+	2,308,648
3,855	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39	FGIC Insured 9/16 at 100.00	BBB	3,913,480
1,000	4.750%, 3/01/46	NPFG Insured 9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,023,830
420	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	443,180
1,750	St. Lawrence County Industrial Development Agency Civic Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Clarkson University Project, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 9/01/41	3/22 at 100.00	A3	1,974,893
1,425	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	1,584,543
660	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Sarah Lawrence College Project, Series 2001A Remarketed, 6.000%, 6/01/41	6/19 at 100.00	BBB+	747,556
44,925	Total Education and Civic Organizations			48,731,598
	Financials 1.3% (0.9% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	1,174,360
1,740	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37	No Opt. Call	A	2,123,479
2,740	Total Financials			3,297,839

Health Care 16.0% (11.1% of Total Investments)

1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York , Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Refunding Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/36	7/17 at 100.00	A	1,064,950
1,235	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,324,451
1,700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,841,338
8,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	9,010,509
350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26	7/20 at 100.00	A2	388,017
805	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	881,974
5,590	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	Aa2	6,193,888
2,665	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	2,908,901
1,800	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3	1,910,862
3,750	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	4,436,438
1,250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	1,269,988

Nuveen Investments 35

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
\$ 900	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	\$ 911,241
500	Dutchess County Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Health Quest System Inc, Series 2010A, 5.750%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	591,670
710	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	726,082
625	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	643,275
1,000	New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York, Health System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A: 5.250%, 2/15/21 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	1,015,890
1,250	5.250%, 2/15/22 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	1,272,488
2,730	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	3,137,480
1,100	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John s Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	1/13 at 100.00	B+	1,101,661
37,460	Total Health Care			40,631,103
	Housing/Multifamily 5.1% (3.5% of Total Investments)			
4,530	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25 NPF (UB) (4)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	4,835,503

5	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.500%, 11/01/34 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	AA	5,035
1,500	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 11/01/30	5/14 at 100.00	AA	1,544,715
345	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	377,064
2,000	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.300%, 11/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	2,113,440
2,000	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	Aa2	2,161,020
690	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	723,941
1,100	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Secured Mortgage Program Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 1999I, 6.200%, 2/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	2/13 at 100.00	Aa1	1,102,409
12,170	Total Housing/Multifamily			12,863,127
Housing/Single Family 3.4% (2.4% of Total Investments)				
2,295	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	2,349,139
755	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%, 10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1	785,766
850	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	901,221
2,855	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 97, 5.500%, 4/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/12 at 100.00	Aa1	2,858,426
1,660	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 101.00	Aaa	1,688,652
8,415	Total Housing/Single Family			8,583,204
Long-Term Care 3.2% (2.2% of Total Investments)				

1,070	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	1,174,272
645	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	622,657

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Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Long-Term Care (continued)				
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005:				
\$ 50	5.125%, 7/01/30 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	\$ 47,778
425	5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	381,803
1,615	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York, Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,614,871
355	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	355,799
795	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	1/13 at 100.50	N/R	802,600
1,965	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1: 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,932,912
755	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	741,667
340	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008-B1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	333,996
8,015	Total Long-Term Care			8,008,355
Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)				
575	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	597,615
Tax Obligation/General 14.0% (9.7% of Total Investments)				
10,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%, 12/01/26 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AA	11,883,300
400	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series E, 5.000%, 8/01/28	8/19 at 100.00	AA	470,072
3,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured	9/15 at 100.00	AA	3,379,530
6,400	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2006J-1, 5.000%, 6/01/25	6/16 at 100.00	AA	7,302,208

	(UB)				
1,800	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,963,818	
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012:				
4,365	5.000%, 4/01/26	No Opt. Call	AA	5,324,689	
1,915	5.000%, 4/01/29	No Opt. Call	AA	2,309,816	
2,500	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004E, 5.000%, 11/01/19 AGM Insured (UB)	11/14 at 100.00	AA	2,738,025	
30,380	Total Tax Obligation/General			35,371,458	
	Tax Obligation/Limited 34.5% (23.9% of Total Investments)				
2,400	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/01/23	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	2,517,240	
345	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993B, 6.000%, 7/01/14 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	365,427	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvements, Series 2005D-1, 5.000%, 8/15/23 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	AA	1,094,080	
2,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, State University Educational Facilities, Series 1993A, 5.875%, 5/15/17 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,921,275	
35	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AAA	38,683	
2,700	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Senior Fiscal 2012 Series 2011A, 5.750%, 2/15/47	2/21 at 100.00	A	3,193,560	
500	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	530,175	
5,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 2002A: 5.250%, 11/15/25 AGM Insured	11/12 at 100.00	AA	5,031,750	
2,500	5.000%, 11/15/30	11/12 at 100.00	AA	2,513,625	
2,175	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, State Service Contract Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.750%, 7/01/18	No Opt. Call	AA	2,713,682	
1,680	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/13 at 102.00	BBB	1,701,420	

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value	
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)				
	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A:				
\$ 2,670	5.000%, 10/15/25	NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	\$ 2,907,523
2,125	5.000%, 10/15/26	NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,303,373
2,475	5.000%, 10/15/29	AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,685,920
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28				
3,100	FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	3,538,030	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1:				
1,570	5.000%, 2/01/35	No Opt. Call	AAA	1,837,355	
1,915	5.000%, 2/01/37	No Opt. Call	AAA	2,224,081	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23				
45	FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	AAA	45,695	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27				
3,640		11/17 at 100.00	AAA	4,284,717	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 3545, 13.662%, 5/01/32 (IF)				
2,400		5/19 at 100.00	AAA	3,353,592	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C, 5.500%, 11/01/35				
2,500		11/20 at 100.00	AAA	3,072,000	
	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41				
1,000		4/21 at 100.00	AA	1,196,440	
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21				
1,000		3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,057,090	
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)				
5,000		12/17 at 100.00	AAA	5,928,200	

2,030	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36	9/15 at 100.00	AAA	2,248,002
1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	1,132,520
2,800	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	3,234,532
5,600	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	7,174,944
1,600	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	1,917,232
6,700	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1, 5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	6,923,176
3,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	3,104,970
1,045	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	1,102,297
1,950	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A, 5.500%, 8/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	A+	2,082,581
10,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, 0.000%, 8/01/45 NCFG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,548,000
86,000	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			87,523,187
	Transportation 12.7% (8.8% of Total Investments)			
340	Albany Parking Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B, 5.250%, 10/15/12	No Opt. Call	N/R	340,466
1,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/15/15 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	A	1,701,525
2,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34	11/20 at 100.00	A	2,252,040
2,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46	11/20 at 100.00	N/R	1,071,860

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Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Transportation (continued)				
\$ 1,900	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/12 at 100.00	BB	\$ 1,882,368
1,550	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	1,638,707
1,420	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	1,565,919
215	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	232,417
1,100	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	1,211,001
3,380	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, 5.000%, 1/01/42	1/22 at 100.00	A+	3,822,070
1,000	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPMFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 100.00	BBB	1,011,400
2,300	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/28 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	2,544,881
1,080	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/31 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,185,959
770	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.214%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	1,182,812
1,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41	1/21 at 100.00	AA	1,138,410
520	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	570,482
2,500	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	2,935,425
2,040	Puerto Rico Ports Authority, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, American Airlines Inc., Series 1996A, 6.250%, 6/01/26 (Alternative Minimum Tax) (5)	12/12 at 100.00	N/R	1,330,386
2,400	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E, 5.250%, 11/15/22 NPMFG Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A+	2,414,736
1,750	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.081%, 5/15/16 (IF)	No Opt. Call	AA	2,258,305

30,765 Total Transportation 32,291,169

U.S. Guaranteed 12.5% (8.7% of Total Investments) (6)					
1,520	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Nursing Home Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Shorefront Jewish Geriatric Center Inc., Series 2002, 5.200%, 2/01/32 (Pre-refunded 2/01/13)	2/13 at 102.00	Aaa		1,576,514
655	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)		730,463
5,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 1998A, 4.500%, 4/01/18 (Pre-refunded 10/01/15) FGIC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA+ (6)		5,623,600
2,620	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 (Pre-refunded 2/01/13) FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aaa		2,663,256
2,950	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2003B, 5.000%, 3/15/22 (Pre-refunded 3/15/13)	3/13 at 100.00	AA+ (6)		3,016,257
255	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)		284,379
1,600	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Series 1993B, 5.000%, 1/01/20 (ETM)	No Opt. Call	AA+ (6)		1,980,624
7,500	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B, 5.500%, 1/01/30 (Pre-refunded 1/01/22)	1/22 at 100.00	AA+ (6)		9,965,774
5,750	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002B, 5.000%, 11/15/21 (Pre-refunded 11/15/12)	11/12 at 100.00	AA (6)		5,786,282
27,850	Total U.S. Guaranteed				31,627,149

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Utilities 8.4% (5.9% of Total Investments)			
\$ 2,200	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	\$ 2,485,274
3,100	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A: 5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	3,482,106
3,100	5.000%, 12/01/24 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	3,470,295
2,380	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	2,655,009
2,300	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	A	2,362,353
2,000	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001D, 5.550%, 11/15/24 (Mandatory put 11/15/15)	11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	2,013,360
820	Power Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 11/15/19 FGIC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	Aa2	930,659
4,000	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequoque Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998, 5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	4,000,360
19,900	Total Utilities			21,399,416
	Water and Sewer 11.6% (8.0% of Total Investments)			
1,995	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	2,108,336
3,000		6/19 at 100.00	AA+	3,623,010

	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2010 Series 2009BB, 5.000%, 6/15/27				
12,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44		12/21 at 100.00	AA+	13,716,476
3,840	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2010C, 5.000%, 10/15/35		4/20 at 100.00	AAA	4,480,704
1,345	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds Revenue Bonds, Pooled Loan Issue, Series 2002F: 5.250%, 11/15/19		11/12 at 100.00	AAA	1,353,864
4,060	5.250%, 11/15/20		11/12 at 100.00	AAA	4,086,756
26,240	Total Water and Sewer				29,369,146
\$ 340,655	Total Investments (cost \$335,148,220)		144.2%		365,469,917
	Floating Rate Obligations (13.7)%				(34,645,000)
	Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value (35.1)% (7)				(89,000,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 4.6%				11,601,229
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares 100%				\$ 253,426,146

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a bond, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issue is not likely to meet its future interest payment obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.

- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (7) Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 24.4%.
N/R Not rated.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

40 Nuveen Investments

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund

NAN

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 2.9% (2.0% of Total Investments)				
\$ 950	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 969,580
3,350	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	3,410,937
4,300	Total Consumer Discretionary			4,380,517
Consumer Staples 2.9% (2.0% of Total Investments)				
205	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	199,529
730	Puerto Rico, The Children's Trust Fund, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, 5.375%, 5/15/33	11/12 at 100.00	BBB+	729,942
135	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	130,253
720	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006: 4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	721,519
2,625	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	2,493,488
4,415	Total Consumer Staples			4,274,731
Education and Civic Organizations 16.7% (11.5% of Total Investments)				
380	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	395,291
550	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BBB	536,344

1,725	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	2,012,351
965	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,142,242
120	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	124,951
1,635	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,673,063
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2003B, 5.250%, 7/01/32 (Mandatory put 7/01/13) SYNCORA GTY Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,036,950
705	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NCFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	769,310
700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	798,637
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	1,144,540
680	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	759,472
1,630	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Project, Series 2007-A2, 4.500%, 8/01/36	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	1,669,446
1,300	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	1,367,457
370	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	387,061
250	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University Project, Series 2009B, 5.250%, 2/01/39	2/19 at 100.00	A	278,208
1,085		7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,238,788

Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39

330	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	340,913
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Nuveen Investments 41

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006:			
\$ 160	5.000%, 1/01/36 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	\$ 163,555
1,000	5.000%, 1/01/39 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,020,670
1,630	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,636,129
	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006:			
2,240	4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	2,273,981
1,000	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPF Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,023,830
	New York City Trust for Cultural Resources, New York, Revenue Bonds, Whitney Museum of American Art, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/31	1/21 at 100.00	A	1,135,500
	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	258,522
	St. Lawrence County Industrial Development Agency Civic Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Clarkson University Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 9/01/33	3/22 at 100.00	A3	1,224,384
	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	594,899
23,285	Total Education and Civic Organizations			25,006,494
	Financials 2.3% (1.6% of Total Investments)			
	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	1,291,796
1,740	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37	No Opt. Call	A	2,123,479

2,840	Total Financials				3,415,275
	Health Care 19.2% (13.2% of Total Investments)				
1,185	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Hospital Revenue Bonds, Memorial Hospital of William F. and Gertrude F. Jones Inc., Series 1999, 5.250%, 8/01/19 NPMFG Insured	2/13 at 100.00	BBB		1,188,034
625	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB		670,269
3,600	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R		3,816,216
200	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.200%, 7/01/32	7/20 at 100.00	A2		222,700
1,505	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997: 5.500%, 7/01/17 RAAI Insured	1/13 at 100.00	A3		1,508,446
2,000	5.500%, 7/01/27 RAAI Insured	1/13 at 100.00	A3		2,002,420
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/41	5/21 at 100.00	A		1,106,140
3,160	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	Aa2		3,501,375
1,290	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA		1,408,061
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3		1,061,590
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A		2,191,580
750	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A		887,288
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1		507,995

Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23

Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,
Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau

University Hospital Association, Series 2003A,

600	5.500%, 7/01/32	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	607,494
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42 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
\$ 420	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series 2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30	1/13 at 100.00	BB	\$ 420,277
410	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	419,287
360	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	370,526
715	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, FHA Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Unity Hospital of Rochester Project, Series 2010, 5.750%, 8/15/35	2/21 at 100.00	Aa2	876,054
1,750	New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York, Health System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.250%, 2/15/22 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	1,781,483
470	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	540,152
2,570	Yates County Industrial Development Agency, New York, FHA-Insured Civic Facility Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Hospital, Series 1999A, 5.650%, 2/01/39	2/13 at 100.00	N/R	2,673,648
950	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John's Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	1/13 at 100.00	B+	951,435
27,060	Total Health Care			28,712,470
	Housing/Multifamily 6.4% (4.4% of Total Investments)			
400	Canton Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Student Housing Facility Revenue Bonds, Grasse River LLC at SUNY Canton Project Series 2010A, 5.000%, 5/01/40	5/20 at 100.00	AA	427,708
2,585	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25 NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	2,759,332
750	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%,	5/14 at 100.00	AA	772,358

	11/01/30				
4,000	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009J, 4.800%, 5/01/36	5/19 at 100.00	AA		4,257,558
290	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA		316,953
600	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, 4.500%, 11/01/29	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2		646,380
405	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2		424,922
9,030	Total Housing/Multifamily				9,605,211
Housing/Single Family 2.7% (1.8% of Total Investments)					
645	Guam Housing Corporation, Mortgage-Backed Securities Program Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A, 5.750%, 9/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R		810,114
1,350	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1		1,381,847
440	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%, 10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1		457,930
495	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1		524,829
840	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 101.00	Aaa		854,498
3,770	Total Housing/Single Family				4,029,218
Long-Term Care 4.8% (3.3% of Total Investments)					
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Nursing Home Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Gurwin Jewish Geriatric Center of Long Island, Series 2005A, 4.900%, 2/15/41	2/15 at 100.00	AA		2,074,900
585	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+		642,008
375	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3		362,010

2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31

Nuveen Investments 43

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Long-Term Care (continued)			
\$ 250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005, 5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	\$ 224,590
960	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York, Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	959,923
175	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	175,394
440	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	1/13 at 100.50	N/R	444,206
1,140	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1: 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,121,384
635	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	623,786
505	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Michael Malotz Skilled Nursing Pavilion, Series 1999, 5.450%, 2/01/29 NPFPG Insured	2/13 at 100.00	BBB	506,131
7,065	Total Long-Term Care			7,134,332
	Materials 0.2% (0.1% of Total Investments)			
330	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	342,979
	Tax Obligation/General 15.9% (10.9% of Total Investments)			
6,590	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%,	12/17 at 100.00	AA	7,871,162

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	12/01/25 (UB)				
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2010 Series C, 5.000%, 8/01/23	8/19 at 100.00	AA	2,367,500	
980	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series I, 5.000%, 8/01/32	No Opt. Call	AA	1,166,631	
3,700	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007A, 5.000%, 8/01/25	8/16 at 100.00	AA	4,242,788	
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,091,010	
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012:				
3,300	5.000%, 4/01/26	No Opt. Call	AA	4,025,538	
1,025	5.000%, 4/01/29	No Opt. Call	AA	1,236,324	
	Rochester, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999:				
720	5.250%, 10/01/18 NPMFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	886,435	
720	5.250%, 10/01/19 NPMFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	898,985	
20,035	Total Tax Obligation/General			23,786,373	
	Tax Obligation/Limited 36.7% (25.2% of Total Investments)				
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,053,940	
590	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Department of Health Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.250%, 7/01/24 CIFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	656,676	
1,850	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Secured Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds, Wyckoff Heights Medical Center, Series 1998H, 5.300%, 8/15/21 NPMFG Insured	2/13 at 100.00	AA	1,857,326	
10	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AAA	11,052	
	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 2002A:				
2,000	5.250%, 11/15/25 AGM Insured	11/12 at 100.00	AA	2,012,700	
2,000	5.000%, 11/15/30	11/12 at 100.00	AA	2,010,900	
1,130	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/13 at 102.00	BBB	1,144,408	
	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A:				
1,100	5.000%, 10/15/25 NPMFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,197,856	
810	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPMFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	877,991	
2,375	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,577,398	

New York City Transitional Finance Authority,
New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal
Series 2007S-2,

2,100	5.000%, 1/15/28	FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	2,396,730
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44 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1:			
\$ 840	5.000%, 2/01/35	No Opt. Call	AAA	\$ 983,044
1,025	5.000%, 2/01/37	No Opt. Call	AAA	1,190,435
30	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	AAA	30,463
2,115	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27	11/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,489,609
2,500	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C: 5.500%, 11/01/35	11/20 at 100.00	AAA	3,072,000
2,000	5.000%, 11/01/39	11/20 at 100.00	AAA	2,318,920
1,000	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, SubSeries 2011D-1, 5.250%, 2/01/30	No Opt. Call	AAA	1,202,110
4,000	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AA	4,785,758
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21	3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,057,090
2,920	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/26 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AAA	3,468,551
1,190	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36	9/15 at 100.00	AAA	1,317,794
1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	1,132,520
1,625	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	1,877,184
3,400	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	4,356,216
510	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	611,118

	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1:					
4,000	5.250%, 6/01/20	AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	4,133,238	
2,000	5.250%, 6/01/22	AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,066,620	
1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21		6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,034,990	
1,330	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 09-6W, 13.496%, 3/15/37 (IF) (4)		3/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,846,107	
48,450	Total Tax Obligation/Limited				54,770,744	
Transportation 17.7% (12.2% of Total Investments)						
2,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/15/25		AGM Insured	11/13 at 100.00	AA	2,089,940
3,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33			11/17 at 100.00	A	3,292,980
1,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34			11/20 at 100.00	A	1,126,020
1,560	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2012C, 5.000%, 11/15/41			11/22 at 100.00	A	1,751,708
1,750	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			8/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,845,725
200	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007:			10/17 at 100.00	N/R	107,314
2,000	5.750%, 10/01/37			10/17 at 102.00	N/R	1,071,860

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Transportation (continued)			
\$ 105	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/12 at 100.00	BB	\$ 104,026
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	C	1,019,400
900	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	951,507
410	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 5/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	B	406,007
1,000	5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	B	973,900
845	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	931,832
160	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	172,962
700	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	770,637
845	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, 5.000%, 1/01/42	1/22 at 100.00	A+	955,518
500	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPMFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 100.00	BBB	505,700

Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005:					
1,300	5.000%, 12/01/28	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,438,411
615	5.000%, 12/01/31	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	675,338
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920,					
440	17.214%, 8/15/32	AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	675,893
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41					
2,000			1/21 at 100.00	AA	2,276,820
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010:					
290	6.500%, 12/01/28		12/15 at 100.00	BBB	318,153
1,470	6.000%, 12/01/36		12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,726,030
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.081%, 5/15/16 (IF)					
1,000			No Opt. Call	AA	1,290,460
25,090	Total Transportation				26,478,141
U.S. Guaranteed 4.4% (3.0% of Total Investments) (5)					
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21					
175	(Pre-refunded 3/15/15)	AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (5)	195,162
Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District, Series 2004, 5.750%, 5/01/26 (Pre-refunded 5/01/14)					
550		AGM Insured (UB)	5/14 at 100.00	AA (5)	598,065
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Commuter Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B, 5.000%, 7/01/20					
535		AMBAC Insured (ETM)	1/13 at 100.00	N/R (5)	558,968
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.125%, 11/15/22					
1,000	(Pre-refunded 11/15/12)	FGIC Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A(5)	1,006,460
New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23					
1,640	(Pre-refunded 2/01/13)	FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aaa	1,667,076
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002B, 5.000%, 11/15/21					
2,500	(Pre-refunded 11/15/12)		11/12 at 100.00	AA (5)	2,515,775

6,400 Total U.S. Guaranteed 6,541,506

Utilities 6.6% (4.5% of Total Investments)

Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series

1,300 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42 2/20 at 100.00 Baa3 1,468,571

Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:

2,500 5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured 6/16 at 100.00 A 2,808,150

500 5.000%, 12/01/24 FGIC Insured 6/16 at 100.00 A 559,725

46 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Utilities (continued)			
\$ 2,380	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	\$ 2,655,009
1,400	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	A	1,437,954
250	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001C, 5.625%, 11/15/24 (Mandatory put 11/15/14) (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	251,680
600	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001B, 5.550%, 11/15/24 (Mandatory put 11/15/13) (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	601,992
8,930	Total Utilities			9,783,081
	Water and Sewer 6.3% (4.3% of Total Investments)			
1,185	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	1,252,320
2,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2010 Series 2009BB, 5.000%, 6/15/27	6/19 at 100.00	AA+	2,415,340
4,875	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds Revenue Bonds, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority Projects, Second Resolution Series 2011B, 5.000%, 6/15/41	6/21 at 100.00	AAA	5,725,781
8,060	Total Water and Sewer			9,393,441
\$ 199,060	Total Investments (cost \$200,986,397) 145.7%			217,654,513
	Floating Rate Obligations (11.9)%			(17,735,000)
	MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value (37.1)% (6)			(55,360,000)

Other Assets Less Liabilities	3.3%	4,857,713
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	100%	\$ 149,417,226

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (6) MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 25.4%.
- N/R Not rated.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2

NXK

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 2.6% (1.8% of Total Investments)				
\$ 700	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 714,427
1,950	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	1,985,471
2,650	Total Consumer Discretionary			2,699,898
Consumer Staples 2.0% (1.4% of Total Investments)				
205	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	199,529
455	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	455,018
85	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	12/12 at 100.00	A3	82,011
540	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006: 4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	541,139
835	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	793,167
2,120	Total Consumer Staples			2,070,864
Education and Civic Organizations 24.1% (16.7% of Total Investments)				
260	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	270,462
380	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BBB	370,565

1,225	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,429,061
670	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	793,059
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,713
1,125	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,151,190
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/29 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	BBB	1,192,930
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, New York Medical College, Series 1998, 5.000%, 7/01/21 NPF Insured	1/13 at 100.00	BBB	2,006,400
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2003B, 5.250%, 7/01/32 (Mandatory put 7/01/13) SYNCORA GTY Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,036,950
485	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NPF Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	529,242
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 7/01/41	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,706,580
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 7/01/42	7/22 at 100.00	Aa2	1,151,160
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Canisius College, Series 2000, 5.250%, 7/01/30 NPF Insured	1/13 at 100.00	BBB	1,001,340
175	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	199,659
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	2,289,080
280		7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	312,724

Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,
 Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010,
 5.250%, 7/01/35

1,835	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	1,930,218
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48 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 265	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	\$ 277,219
1,475	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,684,067
890	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John Fisher College, Series 2011, 6.000%, 6/01/30	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,006,101
245	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	253,102
1,120	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006, 4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,124,211
1,460	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,482,148
750	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPMFG Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	767,873
170	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	179,382
300	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	333,588
340	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Sarah Lawrence College Project, Series 2001A Remarketed, 6.000%, 6/01/41	6/19 at 100.00	BBB+	385,104
23,040	Total Education and Civic Organizations			24,957,128
	Financials 2.1% (1.4% of Total Investments)			
500	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	587,180
1,305	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds	No Opt. Call	A	1,592,609

Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37

1,805	Total Financials			2,179,789
	Health Care 12.0% (8.3% of Total Investments)			
1,620	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,754,687
1,700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,802,102
150	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.200%, 7/01/32	7/20 at 100.00	A2	167,025
375	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997, 5.500%, 7/01/17 RAAI Insured	1/13 at 100.00	A3	375,859
340	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	372,511
2,300	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	Aa2	2,548,469
480	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	523,930
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A	1,643,685
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	1,183,050
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1	506,245
290	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series 2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30	1/13 at 100.00	BB	290,191

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

NXK

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Health Care (continued)				
	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A:			
\$ 275	5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 281,229
250	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	257,310
500	New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York, Health System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.250%, 2/15/22 AMBAC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aa3	508,995
215	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John s Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	1/13 at 100.00	B+	215,325
11,495	Total Health Care			12,430,613
Housing/Multifamily 0.9% (0.6% of Total Investments)				
500	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 11/01/30	5/14 at 100.00	AA	514,905
70	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	76,506
290	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	304,265
860	Total Housing/Multifamily			895,676
Housing/Single Family 1.6% (1.1% of Total Investments)				
950	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	972,411
300	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%,	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1	312,225

	10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner			
	Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%,			
340	10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	360,488
1,590	Total Housing/Single Family			1,645,124
	Long-Term Care 5.2% (3.6% of Total Investments)			
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,			
	GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini			
	of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%,			
440	2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	482,878
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,			
	Insured Revenue Bonds, Rehabilitation			
	Association Pooled Loan Program 1, Series			
2,120	2001A, 5.000%, 7/01/23	7/13 at 100.00	A2	2,148,323
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,			
	Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of			
	Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series			
255	2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	246,167
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,			
	Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005:			
50	5.125%, 7/01/30	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	47,778
175	5.000%, 7/01/35	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	157,213
	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York,			
	Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland			
665	Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	664,947
	New York City Industrial Development Agency,			
	New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds,			
	Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
310	2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	1/13 at 100.50	N/R	312,964
	New York City Industrial Development Agency,			
	New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds,			
	Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
	2008A-1:			
355	5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	349,203
440	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	432,230
	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency,			
	New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds,			
	Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
430	2008-B1, 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 100.00	N/R	422,978
	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New			
	York, Civic Facilities Revenue Bonds, Special			
	Needs Facilities Pooled Program Bonds, Series			
170	2008-C1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	166,998
5,410	Total Long-Term Care			5,431,679
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
230		12/13 at 100.00	BBB	239,046

Jefferson County Industrial Development
Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal
Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company
Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20
(Alternative Minimum Tax)

50 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/General Investments 13.2% (9.1% of Total Investments)			
\$ 4,540	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%, 12/01/25 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AA	\$ 5,422,621
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series F, 5.000%, 8/01/31	2/22 at 100.00	AA	1,189,200
45	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 1998H, 5.375%, 8/01/27 NPMG Insured	2/13 at 100.00	AA	45,181
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured	9/15 at 100.00	AA	2,253,020
2,600	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2006J-1, 5.000%, 6/01/25 (UB)	6/16 at 100.00	AA	2,966,522
750	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)	8/14 at 100.00	AA	818,258
835	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012, 5.000%, 4/01/29	No Opt. Call	AA	1,007,152
11,770	Total Tax Obligation/General			13,701,954
	Tax Obligation/Limited Investments 38.1% (26.4% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,053,940
5	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AAA	5,526
2,000	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Senior Fiscal 2012 Series 2011A, 5.750%, 2/15/47	2/21 at 100.00	A	2,365,600
5,000	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	5,301,750
1,750	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.250%, 11/15/25 AGM Insured	11/12 at 100.00	AA	1,761,113
560	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/13 at 102.00	BBB	567,140
1,425	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 10/15/26	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,543,703

AGM Insured				
	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A:			
1,140	5.000%, 10/15/25- NPF	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,241,414
835	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPF	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	905,090
750	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	813,915
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28 FGIC Insured			
1,300		1/17 at 100.00	AA	1,483,690
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1:			
680	5.000%, 2/01/35	No Opt. Call	AAA	795,797
835	5.000%, 2/01/37	No Opt. Call	AAA	969,769
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 FGIC Insured			
15		2/13 at 100.00	AAA	15,232
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/01/30			
1,200		5/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,387,344
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27			
1,460		11/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,718,595
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Refunding Subordinate Lien Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/01/25			
3,775		5/20 at 100.00	AAA	4,505,274
	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41			
1,000		4/21 at 100.00	AA	1,196,440
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21			
1,000		3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,057,090
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)			
2,020		12/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,394,993
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36			
840		9/15 at 100.00	AAA	930,208

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

NXK

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 1,125	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,299,589
2,300	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	2,946,852
2,100	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1, 5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,169,951
1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,034,990
35,115	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			39,465,005
	Transportation 19.8% (13.7% of Total Investments)			
2,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33	11/17 at 100.00	A	2,744,150
1,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34	11/20 at 100.00	A	1,126,020
1,250	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,318,375
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46	10/17 at 102.00	N/R	803,895
50	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%,	12/12 at 100.00	BB	49,536

	12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	C	1,019,400
650	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	687,200
45	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 5/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	B	44,562
750	5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/12 at 100.00	B	730,425
585	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	645,115
300	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	330,273
3,400	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPFPG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/13 at 100.00	BBB	3,438,760
1,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/28 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,106,470
280	5.000%, 12/01/31 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	307,471
310	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.214%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	476,197
2,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41	1/21 at 100.00	AA	2,276,820
210	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	230,387
1,030	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,209,395
780	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E, 5.500%, 11/15/20 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	A+	993,572
750	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.081%, 5/15/16 (IF)	No Opt. Call	AA	967,845

19,390	Total Transportation	20,505,868
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52 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	U.S. Guaranteed Investments (5) 8.1% (5.6% of Total)			
\$ 120	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (5)	\$ 133,825
460	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.000%, 11/15/25 (Pre-refunded 11/15/12) FGIC Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A(5)	462,898
985	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 (Pre-refunded 2/01/13) FGIC Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aaa	1,001,262
1,000	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Refunding Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003D, 5.000%, 2/01/22 (Pre-refunded 2/01/13) NPMG Insured	2/13 at 100.00	Aaa	1,016,510
1,070	New York State Municipal Bond Bank Agency, Buffalo, Special Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A: 5.250%, 5/15/23 (Pre-refunded 11/05/12) AMBAC Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A1(5)	1,075,532
1,125	5.250%, 5/15/24 (Pre-refunded 11/05/12) AMBAC Insured	11/12 at 100.00	A1(5)	1,130,816
425	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Huntington Hospital, Series 2002C: 6.000%, 11/01/22 (Pre-refunded 11/01/12)	11/12 at 100.00	N/R (5)	427,274
610	5.875%, 11/01/32 (Pre-refunded 11/01/12)	11/12 at 100.00	N/R (5)	613,196
2,500	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002B, 5.000%, 11/15/21 (Pre-refunded 11/15/12)	11/12 at 100.00	AA (5)	2,515,775
8,295	Total U.S. Guaranteed			8,377,088
	Utilities 8.3% (5.7% of Total Investments)			
1,700	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A: 5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,909,542
1,700	5.000%, 12/01/24 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,903,065
250	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 12/01/35 CIFG Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	265,430
900	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood	6/13 at 100.00	A	924,399

	Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue	11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	452,151
450				
	Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001A, 5.450%, 11/15/26 (Mandatory put 11/15/12) (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
	Niagara County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, American Ref-Fuel Company of Niagara LP, Series 2001D, 5.550%, 11/15/24 (Mandatory put 11/15/15)	11/12 at 100.00	Baa2	2,013,360
2,000				
	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequogue Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998:			
330	5.300%, 1/01/13 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R	330,098
750	5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/13 at 100.00	N/R	750,067
8,080	Total Utilities			8,548,112

Nuveen Investments 53

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

NXK

Portfolio of Investments

September 30, 2012

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer 6.4% (4.4% of Total Investments)			
\$ 820	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	\$ 866,582
4,875	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds Revenue Bonds, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority Projects, Second Resolution Series 2011B, 5.000%, 6/15/41	6/21 at 100.00	AAA	5,725,783
5,695	Total Water and Sewer			6,592,365
\$ 137,545	Total Investments (cost \$138,837,008) 144.6%			149,740,209
	Floating Rate Obligations (11.7)%			(12,150,000)
	MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value (36.6)% (6)			(37,890,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 3.7%			3,826,773
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares 100%			\$ 103,526,982

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings (not covered by the report of independent registered public accounting firm): Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5)

Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.

(6) MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 25.3%.

N/R Not rated.

(IF) Inverse floating rate investment.

(UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

54 Nuveen Investments

Statement of

Assets & Liabilities

September 30, 2012

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)
Assets					
Investments, at value (cost \$144,817,928, \$32,351,418, \$335,148,220, \$200,986,397 and \$138,837,008, respectively)	\$ 157,232,059	\$ 37,914,400	\$ 365,469,917	\$ 217,654,513	\$ 149,740,209
Cash	2,401,444	298,482	4,628,700	1,920,989	2,974,806
Receivables:					
Interest	2,175,705	612,546	5,142,560	3,154,238	2,166,887
Investments sold	15,000		1,842,196		
Deferred offering costs			1,121,481	775,378	442,406
Other assets	3,186	822	124,935	15,590	8,228
Total assets	161,827,394	38,826,250	378,329,789	223,520,708	155,332,536
Liabilities					
Floating rate obligations	3,255,000		34,645,000	17,735,000	12,150,000
Unrealized depreciation on forward swaps		226,157			
Payables:					
Common share dividends	459,504	117,241	931,115	576,773	412,822
Interest				120,335	80,517
Investments purchased					1,139,787
Offering costs				134,692	
MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, at liquidation value				55,360,000	37,890,000
Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, at liquidation value			89,000,000		
Accrued expenses:					
Management fees	65,848	18,766	187,733	111,363	77,704
Directors/Trustees fees	922	223	42,445	1,282	887
Other	67,594	29,841	97,350	64,037	53,837
Total liabilities	3,848,868	392,228	124,903,643	74,103,482	51,805,554

Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 157,978,526	\$ 38,434,022	\$ 253,426,146	\$ 149,417,226	\$ 103,526,982
Common shares outstanding	15,176,332	2,348,763	15,045,625	9,265,330	6,488,516
Net asset value per Common share outstanding (net assets applicable to Common shares, divided by Common shares outstanding)	\$ 10.41	\$ 16.36	\$ 16.84	\$ 16.13	\$ 15.96

Net assets applicable to Common shares consist of:

Common shares, \$.01 par value per share	\$ 151,763	\$ 23,488	\$ 150,456	\$ 92,653	\$ 64,885
Paid-in surplus	144,824,831	33,578,131	219,747,356	131,206,225	92,014,309
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income	391,069	98,959	3,052,887	1,399,104	476,312
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	196,732	(603,381)	153,750	51,128	68,275
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	12,414,131	5,336,825	30,321,697	16,668,116	10,903,201

Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 157,978,526	\$ 38,434,022	\$ 253,426,146	\$ 149,417,226	\$ 103,526,982
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Authorized shares:					
Common	250,000,000	Unlimited	200,000,000	Unlimited	Unlimited
Preferred	N/A	N/A	950,000	Unlimited	Unlimited

N/A Fund is not authorized to issue Preferred shares.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Operations

Year Ended September 30, 2012

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
Investment Income	\$ 7,377,587	\$ 1,961,854	\$ 16,945,912	\$ 10,178,702	\$ 6,971,249
Expenses					
Management fees	801,107	223,872	2,266,516	1,339,980	937,405
Shareholder servicing agent fees and expenses	26,126	649	25,184	23,751	18,048
Interest expense and amortization of offering costs	14,487		490,037	1,821,210	1,194,589
Liquidity fees			921,573		
Remarketing fees			90,483		
Custodian's fees and expenses	32,453	11,717	58,616	39,545	29,932
Directors/Trustees fees and expenses	4,590	1,230	10,301	5,685	3,991
Professional fees	22,216	17,647	24,231	30,167	26,965
Shareholder reporting expenses	57,557	14,083	59,217	61,476	43,249
Stock exchange listing fees	8,593	311	8,575	38,597	15,871
Investor relations expense	17,835	4,087	28,048	19,135	13,129
Other expenses	10,895	5,104	43,865	29,254	32,230
Total expenses before custodian fee credit	995,859	278,700	4,026,646	3,408,800	2,315,409
Custodian fee credit	(1,630)	(385)	(4,289)	(2,860)	(1,688)
Net expenses	994,229	278,315	4,022,357	3,405,940	2,313,721
Net investment income (loss)	6,383,358	1,683,539	12,923,555	6,772,762	4,657,528
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)					
Net realized gain (loss) from:					
Investments	176,773	107,680	715,122	263,666	173,499
Forward swaps		(496,286)			
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:					
Investments	7,141,141	2,341,526	14,379,139	10,658,485	6,934,212
Forward swaps		306,743			

Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	7,317,914	2,259,663	15,094,261	10,922,151	7,107,711
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	\$ 13,701,272	\$ 3,943,202	\$ 28,017,816	\$ 17,694,913	\$ 11,765,239

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Changes in Net Assets

	New York Value (NNY)		New York Value 2 (NYV)		New York Performance Plus (NNP)	
	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	9/30/12	9/30/11	9/30/12	9/30/11	9/30/12	9/30/11
Operations						
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 6,383,358	\$ 6,458,693	\$ 1,683,539	\$ 1,764,275	\$ 12,923,555	\$ 13,224,530
Net realized gain (loss) from:						
Investments	176,773	(46,596)	107,680	(163,774)	715,122	(206,266)
Forward swaps			(496,286)	(55,000)		
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:						
Investments	7,141,141	(1,332,570)	2,341,526	(1,009,351)	14,379,139	(2,438,462)
Forward swaps			306,743	(532,900)		
Distributions to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders from net investment income	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	13,701,272	5,079,527	3,943,202	3,250	28,017,816	10,579,802
Distributions to Common Shareholders						
From net investment income	(6,356,338)	(6,461,857)	(1,577,484)	(1,759,077)	(13,265,348)	(13,264,903)
From accumulated net realized gains		(94,046)				(192,507)
Decrease in net assets applicable to Common shares from distributions	(6,356,338)	(6,555,903)	(1,577,484)	(1,759,077)	(13,265,348)	(13,457,410)

to Common
shareholders

Capital Share Transactions

Net proceeds from Common shares issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions	79,085		28,388		101,538	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from capital share transactions	79,085		28,388		101,538	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares	7,424,019	(1,476,376)	2,394,106	(1,755,827)	14,854,006	(2,877,608)
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the beginning of period	150,554,507	152,030,883	36,039,916	37,795,743	238,572,140	241,449,748
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the end of period	\$ 157,978,526	\$ 150,554,507	\$ 38,434,022	\$ 36,039,916	\$ 253,426,146	\$ 238,572,140
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income at the end of period	\$ 391,069	\$ 425,507	\$ 98,959	\$ (7,096)	\$ 3,052,887	\$ 3,376,314

N/A Fund is not authorized to issue Preferred Shares.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Changes in Net Assets (continued)

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)		New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NKK)	
	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11
Operations				
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 6,772,762	\$ 7,007,064	\$ 4,657,528	\$ 4,806,285
Net realized gain (loss) from:				
Investments	263,666	30,513	173,499	(30,343)
Forward swaps				
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:				
Investments	10,658,485	(878,173)	6,934,212	(814,228)
Forward swaps				
Distributions to Auction Rate Preferred Shareholders from net investment income		(23,288)		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	17,694,913	6,136,116	11,765,239	3,961,714
Distributions to Common Shareholders				
From net investment income	(7,282,550)	(7,282,550)	(5,177,836)	(5,177,836)
From accumulated net realized gains	(54,665)	(318,727)		
Decrease in net assets applicable to Common shares from distributions to Common shareholders	(7,337,215)	(7,601,277)	(5,177,836)	(5,177,836)
Capital Share Transactions				
Net proceeds from Common shares issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions				
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from capital share transactions				
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares	10,357,698	(1,465,161)	6,587,403	(1,216,122)
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the beginning of period	139,059,528	140,524,689	96,939,579	98,155,701
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the end of period	\$ 149,417,226	\$ 139,059,528	\$ 103,526,982	\$ 96,939,579

Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income at the end of period	\$ 1,399,104	\$ 1,635,871	\$ 476,312	\$ 844,685
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Cash Flows

Year Ended September 30, 2012

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares from Operations	\$ 28,017,816	\$ 17,694,913	\$ 11,765,239
Adjustments to reconcile the net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Purchases of investments	(41,079,757)	(19,962,308)	(14,249,637)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	46,179,771	21,239,049	14,538,178
Amortization (Accretion) of premiums and discounts, net	711,980	478,326	363,995
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Receivable for interest	174,037	12,836	73,143
Receivable for investments sold	325,075	1,709,186	1,242,164
Other assets	(67)	16,204	35,664
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Payable for interest		1	
Payable for investments purchased			1,139,787
Accrued management fees	3,826	3,222	1,924
Accrued Directors/Trustees fees	359	194	132
Accrued other expenses	8,721	4,468	12,541
Net realized (gain) loss from investments	(715,122)	(263,666)	(173,499)
Change in net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	(14,379,139)	(10,658,485)	(6,934,212)
Taxes paid on undistributed capital gains	(447)	(2,860)	(4,924)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	19,247,053	10,271,080	7,810,495
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
(Increase) Decrease in deferred offering costs	132,211	283,235	145,615
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Cash overdraft balance	(1,264,441)	(1,139,699)	
Payable for offering costs	(336,759)	(157,485)	(118,393)
Cash distributions paid to Common shareholders	(13,149,364)	(7,336,142)	(5,175,625)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(14,618,353)	(8,350,091)	(5,148,403)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	4,628,700	1,920,989	2,662,092

Cash at the beginning of period	312,714
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Cash at the End of Period	\$ 4,628,700	\$ 1,920,989	\$ 2,974,806
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Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Non-cash financing activities not included herein consists of reinvestments of Common share distributions as follows:

New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
\$101,538	\$	\$

Cash paid for interest (excluding amortization of offering costs) was as follows:

New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
\$446,129	\$1,537,974	\$1,030,117

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

	Investment Operations				Less Distributions			Discount	Ending		
	Beginning	Net	Net	Net	Investmen	Capital	from	Common	Common	Ending	
	Common	Investmen	Realized/	Income	to	Gains	Common	Shares	Share	Market	
	Share	Income	Unrealized/	to	to	to	Repur-	and	Net	Value	
	Net	(Loss	Gain	Common	Share-	Share-	chased	Offering	Asset	Ending	
	Asset	)	(Loss)	Share-	holders	holders	and	Costs	Value	Value
	Value			holders	Total	Total	Retired				
				Total	Total	Total	Costs				
<u>New York Value (NNY)</u>											
Year Ended											
9/30:											
2012	\$ 9.93	\$.42	\$.48	\$.90	\$ (.42)	\$	\$ (.42)	\$	\$	\$ 10.41	\$ 10.55
2011	10.02	.43	(.08)	.35	(.43)	(.01)	(.44)			9.93	9.47
2010	9.91	.42	.14	.56	(.43)	(.02)	(.45)			10.02	9.88
2009	9.28	.43	.73	1.16	(.43)	(.10)	(.53)			9.91	9.51
2008	9.94	.43	(.65)	(.22)	(.43)	(.01)	(.44)			9.28	9.01
<u>New York Value 2 (NYV)</u>											
Year Ended											
9/30:											
2012	15.36	.72	.95	1.67	(.67)		(.67)			16.36	16.33
2011	16.10	.75	(.74)	.01	(.75)		(.75)			15.36	14.13
2010	15.91	.79	.17	.96	(.77)		(.77)			16.10	15.38
2009(d)	14.33	.23	1.64	1.87	(.26)		(.26)	(.03)		15.91	14.84

Total Returns		Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Based		Ratios to Average Net Assets			
on		Applicable to Common Shares(b)			
Market	Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(a)	Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	Expenses (c)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Portfolio Turnover Rate
16.11%	9.23%	\$ 157,979	.65%	4.14%	10%
.39	3.62	150,555	.65	4.40	10
8.78	5.82	152,031	.67	4.30	5
11.78	13.00	150,063	.71	4.58	3
(.62)	(2.38)	140,285	.71	4.39	16
20.74	11.12	38,434	.75	4.55	10
(3.15)	.27	36,040	.77	4.99	18
9.12	6.26	37,796	.74	5.04	2
.73	12.99	37,347	.84*	3.66*	4

(a) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

- (b) Ratios do not reflect the effect of custodian fee credits earned on the Fund's net cash on deposit with the custodian bank, where applicable.
- (c) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities, as follows:

New York Value (NNY)

Year Ended 9/30:

2012	.01%
2011	.01
2010	.01
2009	.03

2008	.03
<u>New York Value 2 (NYV)</u>	
Year Ended 9/30:	
2012	%
2011	
2010	
2009(d)	

(d) For the period April 28, 2009 (commencement of operations) through September 30, 2009.

* Annualized.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (continued)

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Investment Operations Distributions from Net Investment Income				Retention Rate Preferred Share- holders(a)	Less Distributions Net Investment Income to Common Share- holders			Discount from Common Shares Repur- chased and Retired	Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	Ending Market Value
		Realized Capital Gains to holders(a)	Unrealized Capital Gains to holders(a)	Preferred Share- holders(a)	Preferred Share- holders(a)		Common Share- holders	Common Share- holders	Total			
<u>New York Performance Plus (NNP)</u>												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2012	\$ 15.86	\$.86	\$ 1.00	\$	\$	\$ 1.86	\$(.88)	\$	\$(.88)	\$	\$ 16.84	\$ 17.18
2011	16.05	.88	(.18)			.70	(.88)	(.01)	(.89)		15.86	14.93
2010	15.63	.91	.38	(.01)	*	1.28	(.84)	(.02)	(.86)		16.05	15.52
2009	13.74	.96	1.89	(.05)	(.04)	2.76	(.74)	(.13)	(.87)	*	15.63	14.77
2008	15.48	.98	(1.69)	(.27)	(.01)	(.99)	(.72)	(.03)	(.75)		13.74	11.16
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2012	15.01	.73	1.19			1.92	(.79)	(.01)	(.80)		16.13	16.00
2011	15.17	.76	(.10)		*	.66	(.79)	(.03)	(.82)		15.01	13.70
2010	14.82	.84	.34	(.01)	*	1.17	(.78)	(.04)	(.82)		15.17	14.43
2009	13.12	.93	1.68	(.06)	(.03)	2.52	(.73)	(.09)	(.82)		14.82	13.38
2008	14.95	.96	(1.76)	(.24)	(.02)	(1.06)	(.70)	(.07)	(.77)		13.12	11.36

(a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.

(b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is

assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

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Total Returns Based on Market Value(b)		Ratios/Supplemental Data						
		Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Before Reimbursement(c)(d)			Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares After Reimbursement(c)(d)(e)			
Based on Market Value(b)	Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	Expenses(f)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Expenses(f)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Portfolio Turnover Rate	
21.58%	12.05%	\$ 253,426	1.64%	5.27%	N/A	N/A	11%	
2.30	4.78	238,572	1.77	5.77	N/A	N/A	6	
11.39	8.46	241,450	1.53	5.84	N/A	N/A	9	
42.29	21.05	235,108	1.39	6.91	N/A	N/A	1	
(17.61)	(6.71)	206,976	1.42	6.48	N/A	N/A	16	
23.20	13.05	149,417	2.37	4.71	N/A	N/A	9	
0.98	4.75	139,060	2.42	5.26	N/A	N/A	10	
14.63	8.28	140,525	1.74	5.74	N/A	N/A	10	
26.58	20.29	137,268	1.37	7.07	1.31%	7.13%	4	
(16.02)	(7.45)	121,533	1.36	6.45	1.22	6.59	17	

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to Auction Rate Preferred Shares (ARPS), MTP Shares and/or VRDP Shares, where applicable.
- (d) Ratios do not reflect the effect of custodian fee credits earned on the Fund's net cash on deposit with the custodian bank, where applicable.
- (e) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of August 1, 2009, the Adviser is no longer reimbursing New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) for any fees and expenses.
- (f) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MTP Shares, VRDP Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, each as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, as follows:

New York Performance Plus (NNP)

Year Ended 9/30:

2012	.61%
2011	.70
2010	.40
2009	.22
2008	.15

New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)

Year Ended 9/30:

2012	1.27%
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2011	1.27
2010	.63
2009	.20
2008	.13

* Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.

N/A Fund did not have, or no longer has, a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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Financial

Highlights (continued)

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	Investment Operations Distributions from Net Investment Income to Realized Unrealized Gain (Loss)					Less Distributions Net Investment Income to Common Share- holders					Discount from Common Shares Repur- chased and Retired		Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	Ending Market Value	
	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Net Realized Gain (Loss)	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Capital Gains to Preferred Share- holders (a)	Capital Gains to Preferred Share- holders (a)	Net Investment Income to Common Share- holders	Capital Gains to Common Share- holders	Capital Gains to Common Share- holders	Total	Retired					
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)															
Year Ended 9/30:															
2012	\$ 14.94	\$.72	\$ 1.10	\$	\$	\$ 1.82	\$ (.80)	\$	\$ (.80)	\$	\$ 15.96	\$ 15.51			
2011	15.13	.74	(.13)			.61	(.80)		(.80)		14.94	13.60			
2010	14.76	.83	.36	(.01)	*	1.18	(.80)	(.01)	(.81)		15.13	14.37			
2009	13.14	.92	1.66	(.05)	(.04)	2.49	(.73)	(.14)	(.87)	*	14.76	13.41			
2008	14.80	.95	(1.64)	(.23)	(.01)	(.93)	(.69)	(.04)	(.73)		13.14	11.15			

(a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.

(b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Ratios/Supplemental Data							
			Ratios to Average Net Assets		Ratios to Average Net Assets		
			Applicable to Common Shares		Applicable to Common Shares		
			Before		After		
Total Returns			Reimbursement(c)(d)		Reimbursement(c)(d)(e)		
Based							
on	Based	Ending					
Market	on	Net					
Value(b)	Common	Assets					
	Share Net	Applicable	Net		Net		Portfolio
	Asset	to Common	Expenses (f)	Investment	Expenses (f)	Investment	Turnover
	Value (b)	Shares (000)		Income (Loss)		Income (Loss)	Rate
20.38%	12.47%	\$ 103,527	2.32%	4.66%	N/A	N/A	10%
.49	4.38	96,940	2.44	5.12	2.41%	5.16%	14
13.65	8.27	98,156	1.74	5.54	1.63	5.65	6
29.95	20.06	95,751	1.36	6.83	1.18	7.01	0
(16.79)	(6.63)	85,340	1.37	6.25	1.11	6.51	17

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to ARPS and/or MTP Shares, where applicable.
- (d) Ratios do not reflect the effect of custodian fee credits earned on the Fund's net cash on deposit with the custodian bank, where applicable.
- (e) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of March 31, 2011, the Adviser is no longer reimbursing New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) for any fees or expenses.
- (f) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MTP Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, each as described in Footnote 1 – General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, as follows:

New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)

Year Ended 9/30:

2012	1.20%
2011	1.29
2010	.63
2009	.20
2008	.14

* Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.

N/A Fund no longer has a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (continued)

	ARPS at the End of Period		MTP Shares at the End of Period		ARPS at the End of Period		ARPS and MTP Shares at the End of Period
	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$100,000 Share	Asset Coverage Per \$1 Liquidation Preference
<u>New York Performance Plus (NNP)</u>							
Year Ended 9/30:							
2012	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 89,000	\$ 384,748	\$
2011					89,000	368,059	
2010					89,000	371,292	
2009	87,650	92,059					
2008	87,650	84,035					
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>							
Year Ended 9/30:							
2012			55,360	36.99			
2011			55,360	35.12			
2010	21,900	92,690	30,000	37.08			3.71
2009	51,400	91,765					
2008	51,400	84,112					

(h) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows:

	Series	Ending Market Value Per Share	Average Market Value Per Share	Series	Ending Market Value Per Share	Average Market Value Per Share
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>						
Year Ended 9/30:						
2012	2015	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.11	2016	\$ 10.09	\$ 10.11
2011	2015	10.09	10.08	2016	10.06	9.95^^
2010	2015	10.16	10.09^			
2009						
2008						

^ For the period December 21, 2009 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.

^^ For the period December 13, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2011.

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	ARPS at the End of Period		MTP Shares at the End of Period (h)	
	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)				
Year Ended 9/30:				
2012	\$	\$	\$ 37,890	\$ 37.32
2011			37,890	35.58
2010			37,890	35.91
2009	34,100	95,198		
2008	34,100	87,566		

(h) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows:

	Series	Ending	Average
		Market Value Per Share	Market Value Per Share
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)			
Year Ended 9/30:			
2012	2015	\$ 10.07	\$ 10.09
2011	2015	10.11	10.05
2010	2015	10.14	10.05^^^
2009			
2008			

^^^ For the period April 14, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to

Financial Statements

1. General Information and Significant Accounting Policies

General Information

The funds covered in this report and their corresponding Common share stock exchange symbols are Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY), Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV), Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNP), Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN) and Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (NXX) (each a Fund and collectively, the Funds). Common shares of New York Value (NNY), New York Performance Plus (NNP) and New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) while Common shares of New York Value 2 (NYV) and New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX) are traded on the NYSE MKT (formerly known as NYSE Amex). The Funds are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as closed-end registered investment companies.

Each Fund seeks to provide current income exempt from both regular federal and New York state income taxes by investing primarily in a portfolio of municipal obligations issued by state and local government authorities within the state of New York or certain U.S. territories.

Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds in the preparation of their financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP).

Investment Valuation

Prices of municipal bonds and forward interest rate swap contracts are provided by a pricing service approved by the Funds Board of Directors/Trustees. These securities are generally classified as Level 2 for fair value measurement purposes. The pricing service establishes a security's fair value using methods that may include consideration of the following: yields or prices of investments of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating, market quotes or indications of value from security dealers, evaluations of anticipated cash flows or collateral, general market conditions and other information and analysis, including the obligor's credit characteristics considered relevant. In pricing certain securities, particularly less liquid and lower quality securities, the pricing service may consider information about a security, its issuer, or market activity provided by Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. (the Adviser), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (Nuveen). These securities are generally classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the priority of the significant inputs.

Certain securities may not be able to be priced by the pre-established pricing methods as described above. Such securities may be valued by the Funds Board of Directors/Trustees or its designee at fair value. These securities generally include, but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) for which a pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading has been formally suspended; debt securities that have gone into default and for which there is no current market quotation; a security whose market price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the

security after the market has closed but before the calculation of a Fund's net asset value (as may be the case in non-U.S. markets on which the security is primarily traded) or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the pricing service, is not deemed to reflect the security's fair value. As a general principle, the fair value of a security would appear to be the amount that the owner might reasonably expect to receive for it in a current sale. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities, which may include consideration of the following: yields or prices of investments of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating, market quotes or indications of value from security dealers, evaluations of anticipated cash flows or collateral, general market conditions and other information and analysis, including the obligor's credit characteristics considered relevant. These securities are generally classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the priority of the significant inputs. Regardless of the method employed to value a particular security, all valuations are subject to review by the Funds' Board of Directors/Trustees or its designee.

Refer to Footnote 2 – Fair Value Measurements for further details on the leveling of securities held by the Funds as of the end of the reporting period.

Investment Transactions

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains and losses from transactions are determined on the specific identification method, which is the same basis used for federal income tax purposes. Investments purchased on a when-issued/delayed delivery basis may have extended settlement periods. Any investments so purchased are subject to market fluctuation during this period. The Funds have instructed the

custodian to earmark securities in the Funds' portfolios with a current value at least equal to the amount of the when-issued/delayed delivery purchase commitments. At September 30, 2012, there were no such outstanding purchase commitments in any of the Funds.

Investment Income

Investment income, which reflects the amortization of premiums and includes accretion of discounts for financial reporting purposes, is recorded on an accrual basis. Investment income also includes paydown gains and losses, if any.

Professional Fees

Professional fees presented on the Statement of Operations consist of legal fees incurred in the normal course of operations, audit fees, tax consulting fees and, in some cases, workout expenditures. Workout expenditures are incurred in an attempt to protect or enhance an investment, or to pursue other claims or legal actions on behalf of Fund shareholders.

Income Taxes

Each Fund is a separate taxpayer for federal income tax purposes. Each Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains to shareholders and to otherwise comply with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies (RICs). Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required. Furthermore, each Fund intends to satisfy conditions that will enable interest from municipal securities, which is exempt from regular federal and New York state income taxes, to retain such tax-exempt status when distributed to shareholders of the Funds. Net realized capital gains and ordinary income distributions paid by the Funds are subject to federal taxation.

For all open tax years and all major taxing jurisdictions, management of the Funds has concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. Open tax years are those that are open for examination by taxing authorities (i.e., generally the last four tax year ends and the interim tax period since then). Furthermore, management of the Funds is also not aware of any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change in the next twelve months.

Dividends and Distributions to Common Shareholders

Dividends from net investment income are declared monthly. Net realized capital gains and/or market discount from investment transactions, if any, are distributed to shareholders at least annually. Furthermore, capital gains are distributed only to the extent they exceed available capital loss carryforwards. Distributions to Common shareholders of net investment income, net realized capital gains and/or market discount, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount and timing of distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. GAAP.

Auction Rate Preferred Shares

Each Fund except New York Value (NNY) and New York Value 2 (NYV) is authorized to issue Auction Rate Preferred Shares (ARPS). As of September 30, 2011, the Funds redeemed all of their outstanding ARPS at liquidation value.

MuniFund Term Preferred Shares

The following Funds have issued and outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, with a \$10 stated (par) value per share. Proceeds from the issuance of MTP Shares, net of offering expenses, were used to redeem all, or a portion of, each Fund s outstanding ARPS. Each Fund s MTP Shares are issued in one or more Series. Dividends on MTP Shares, which are recognized as interest expense for financial reporting purposes, are paid monthly at a fixed annual rate, subject to adjustments in certain circumstances. The MTP Shares trade on the NYSE. As of September 30, 2012, the number of MTP Shares outstanding, annual interest rate and the NYSE ticker symbol for each Fund s series of MTP Shares are as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)			New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)		
	Shares	Annual	NYSE	Shares	Annual	NYSE
Series:	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Ticker	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Ticker
2015	3,000,000	2.70%	NAN Pr C	3,789,000	2.55%	NXX Pr C
2016	2,536,000	2.50%	NAN Pr D			

Each Fund is obligated to redeem its MTP Shares by the date as specified in its offering document (Term Redemption Date), unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Fund. MTP Shares are subject to optional and mandatory redemption in certain circumstances. MTP Shares will be subject to redemption at the option of each Fund (Optional Redemption Date), subject to a payment of premium for one year following the Optional Redemption Date (Premium Expiration Date), and at par thereafter. MTP Shares also will be subject to redemption, at the option of each Fund, at par in the event of certain changes in the credit rating of the MTP Shares. Each Fund may be obligated to redeem certain of the MTP Shares if the Fund fails to maintain certain asset coverage and leverage ratio requirements and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. The

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redemption price per share is equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends. The Term Redemption Date, Optional Redemption Date and Premium Expiration Date for each Fund's series of MTP Shares are as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) Series 2015	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) Series 2016	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) Series 2015
Term Redemption Date	January 1, 2015	January 1, 2016	May 1, 2015
Optional Redemption Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2012	May 1, 2011
Premium Expiration Date	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2012	April 30, 2012

The average liquidation value for all series of MTP Shares outstanding for each Fund during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)
Average liquidation value of MTP Shares outstanding	\$ 55,360,000	\$ 37,890,000

For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of MTP Shares is recorded as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Unpaid dividends on MTP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Dividends paid on MTP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

Nuveen has agreed that net amounts earned by Nuveen as underwriter of each Fund's MTP Share offering would be credited to the Funds, and would be recorded as reductions of offering costs recognized by the Funds. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, Nuveen earned no net underwriting amounts on the Funds' MTP Shares.

Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares

New York Performance Plus (NNP) has issued and outstanding 890 Series 1 Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, with a maturity date of March 1, 2040 and a \$100,000 liquidation value per share. The Fund issued its VRDP Shares in a privately negotiated offering in March 2010. Proceeds of the Fund's offering were used to redeem all of the Fund's outstanding ARPS. The VRDP Shares were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933.

VRDP Shares include a liquidity feature that allows VRDP shareholders to have their shares purchased by a liquidity provider with whom the Fund has contracted in the event that purchase orders for VRDP Shares in a remarketing are not sufficient in number to be matched with the sale orders in that remarketing. The Fund is required to redeem any VRDP Shares that are still owned by the liquidity provider after six months of continuous, unsuccessful remarketing. The Fund pays an annual remarketing fee of .10% of the aggregate principal amount of all VRDP Shares outstanding. The Fund's VRDP Shares have successfully remarketed since issuance.

Dividends on the VRDP Shares (which are treated as interest payments for financial reporting purposes) are set weekly at a rate established by a remarketing agent; therefore, the market value of the VRDP Shares is expected to approximate its liquidation value. If remarketings for VRDP Shares are continuously unsuccessful for six months, the maximum rate is designed to escalate according to a specified schedule in order to enhance the remarketing agent's ability to successfully remarket the VRDP Shares.

Subject to certain conditions, VRDP Shares may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at any time at the option of the Fund. The Fund may also redeem certain of the VRDP Shares if the Fund fails to maintain certain asset coverage requirements and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. The redemption price per share is equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends.

New York Performance Plus (NNP) had all \$89,000,000 of its VRDP Shares outstanding during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, with an annualized dividend rate of .29%.

For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of VRDP Shares is recognized as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Unpaid dividends on VRDP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, when applicable. Dividends paid on the VRDP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations. In addition to interest expense, the Fund also pays a per annum liquidity fee to the liquidity provider, as well as a remarketing fee, which are recognized as Liquidity fees and Remarketing fees, respectively, on the Statement of Operations.

Inverse Floating Rate Securities

Each Fund is authorized to invest in inverse floating rate securities. An inverse floating rate security is created by depositing a municipal bond, typically with a fixed interest rate, into a special purpose trust created by a broker-dealer. In turn, this trust (a) issues floating rate certificates, in face amounts equal to some fraction of the deposited bond's par amount or market value, that typically pay short-term tax-exempt interest rates to third parties, and (b) issues to a long-term investor (such as one of the Funds) an inverse floating rate certificate (sometimes referred to as an "inverse floater") that represents all remaining or residual interest in the trust. The income received by the inverse floater holder varies inversely with the short-term rate paid to the floating rate certificates' holders, and in most circumstances the inverse floater holder bears substantially all of the underlying bond's downside investment risk and also benefits disproportionately from any potential appreciation of the underlying bond's value. The price of an inverse floating rate security will be more volatile than that of the underlying bond because the interest rate is dependent on not only the fixed coupon rate of the underlying bond but also on the short-term interest paid on the floating rate certificates, and because the inverse floating rate security essentially bears the risk of loss of the greater face value of the underlying bond.

A Fund may purchase an inverse floating rate security in a secondary market transaction without first owning the underlying bond (referred to as an "externally-deposited inverse floater"), or instead by first selling a fixed-rate bond to a broker-dealer for deposit into the special purpose trust and receiving in turn the residual interest in the trust (referred to as a "self-deposited inverse floater"). The inverse floater held by a Fund gives the Fund the right (a) to cause the holders of the floating rate certificates to tender their notes at par, and (b) to have the broker transfer the fixed-rate bond held by the trust to the Fund, thereby collapsing the trust. An investment in an externally-deposited inverse floater is identified in the Portfolio of Investments as (IF) Inverse floating rate investment. An investment in a self-deposited inverse floater is accounted for as a financing transaction. In such instances, a fixed-rate bond deposited into a special purpose trust is identified in the Portfolio of Investments as (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction, with the Fund accounting for the short-term floating rate certificates issued by the trust as Floating rate obligations on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Fund reflects in Investment Income the entire earnings of the underlying bond and the related interest paid to the holders of the short-term floating rate certificates as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, each Fund invested in externally-deposited inverse floaters and/or self-deposited inverse floaters.

Each Fund may also enter into shortfall and forbearance agreements (sometimes referred to as a "recourse trust" or "credit recovery swap") (such agreements referred to herein as "Recourse Trusts") with a broker-dealer by which a Fund agrees to reimburse the broker-dealer, in certain circumstances, for the difference between the liquidation value of the fixed-rate bond held by the trust and the liquidation value of the floating rate certificates issued by the trust plus any shortfalls in interest cash flows. Under these agreements, a Fund's potential exposure to losses related to or on inverse floaters may increase beyond the value of a Fund's inverse floater investments as a Fund may potentially be liable to fulfill all amounts owed to holders of the floating rate certificates. At period end, any such shortfall is recognized as Unrealized depreciation on Recourse Trusts on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

At September 30, 2012, each Fund's maximum exposure to externally-deposited Recourse Trusts, was as follows:

New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance	New York Dividend Advantage	New York Dividend
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			Plus (NNP)	(NAN)	Advantage 2 (NXK)
Maximum exposure to Recourse Trusts	\$	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$ 2,670,000	\$

The average floating rate obligations outstanding and average annual interest rate and fees related to self-deposited inverse floaters during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)
Average floating rate obligations outstanding	\$ 3,255,000	\$	\$ 34,645,000	\$ 17,735,000	\$ 12,150,000
Average annual interest rate and fees	.45%	%	.54%	.53%	.53%
<i>Forward Swap Contracts</i>					

Each Fund is authorized to enter into forward interest rate swap contracts consistent with their investment objectives and policies to reduce, increase or otherwise alter its risk profile or to alter its portfolio characteristics (i.e. duration, yield curve positioning and credit quality).

Each Fund is subject to interest rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. Each Fund's use of forward interest rate swap transactions is intended to help the Fund manage its overall interest rate sensitivity, either shorter or longer, generally to more closely align the Fund's interest rate sensitivity with that of the broader market. Forward interest rate swap transactions involve the Fund's agreement with a counterparty to pay, in the future, a fixed or variable rate payment in exchange for the counterparty paying the Fund a variable or fixed rate payment, the accruals for which would begin at a specified date in the future (the effective date). The amount of the payment obligation is based

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on the notional amount of the swap contract and the termination date of the swap (which is akin to a bond's maturity). The value of a Fund's swap commitment would increase or decrease based primarily on the extent to which long-term interest rates for bonds having a maturity of the swap's termination date increase or decrease. Forward interest rate swap contracts are valued daily. The net amount recorded on these transactions for each counterparty is recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a component of Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on forward swaps with the change during the reporting period recognized on the Statement of Operations as a component of Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of forward swaps.

Each Fund may terminate a swap contract prior to the effective date, at which point a realized gain or loss is recognized. When a forward swap is terminated, it ordinarily does not involve the delivery of securities or other underlying assets or principal, but rather is settled in cash on a net basis. Net realized gains and losses during the reporting period are recognized on the Statement of Operations as a component of Net realized gain (loss) from forward swaps. Each Fund intends, but is not obligated, to terminate its forward swaps before the effective date. Accordingly, the risk of loss with respect to the swap counterparty on such transactions is limited to the credit risk associated with a counterparty failing to honor its commitment to pay any realized gain to the Fund upon termination.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, New York Value 2 (NYV) entered into forward interest rate swap transactions to reduce the duration of the Fund's portfolio. The average notional amount of forward interest rate swap contracts outstanding during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Average notional amount of forward interest rate swap contracts outstanding*	\$ 2,450,000

* The average notional amount is calculated based on the outstanding notional at the beginning of the fiscal year and at the end of each fiscal quarter within the current fiscal year.

Refer to Footnote 3 Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities for further details on forward interest rate swap contract activity.

Market and Counterparty Credit Risk

In the normal course of business each Fund may invest in financial instruments and enter into financial transactions where risk of potential loss exists due to changes in the market (market risk) or failure of the other party to the transaction to perform (counterparty credit risk). The potential loss could exceed the value of the financial assets recorded on the financial statements. Financial assets, which potentially expose each Fund to counterparty credit risk, consist principally of cash due from counterparties on forward, option and swap transactions, when applicable. The extent of each Fund's exposure to counterparty credit risk in respect to these financial assets approximates their

carrying value as recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Futures contracts, when applicable, expose a Fund to minimal counterparty credit risk as they are exchange traded and the exchange's clearinghouse, which is counterparty to all exchange traded futures, guarantees the futures contracts against default.

Each Fund helps manage counterparty credit risk by entering into agreements only with counterparties the Adviser believes have the financial resources to honor their obligations and by having the Adviser monitor the financial stability of the counterparties. Additionally, counterparties may be required to pledge collateral daily (based on the daily valuation of the financial asset) on behalf of each Fund with a value approximately equal to the amount of any unrealized gain above a pre-determined threshold. Reciprocally, when each Fund has an unrealized loss, the Funds have instructed the custodian to pledge assets of the Funds as collateral with a value approximately equal to the amount of the unrealized loss above a pre-determined threshold. Collateral pledges are monitored and subsequently adjusted if and when the valuations fluctuate, either up or down, by at least the pre-determined threshold amount.

Zero Coupon Securities

Each Fund is authorized to invest in zero coupon securities. A zero coupon security does not pay a regular interest coupon to its holders during the life of the security. Income to the holder of the security comes from accretion of the difference between the original purchase price of the security at issuance and the par value of the security at maturity and is effectively paid at maturity. The market prices of zero coupon securities generally are more volatile than the market prices of securities that pay interest periodically.

Offering Costs

Costs incurred by New York Performance Plus (NNP) in connection with its offering of VRDP Shares and costs incurred by New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) and New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) in connection with their offering of MTP Shares were recorded as deferred charges, which are being amortized over the life of the shares. Each Fund's amortized deferred charges are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

Custodian Fee Credit

Each Fund has an arrangement with the custodian bank whereby certain custodian fees and expenses are reduced by net credits earned on each Fund's cash on deposit with the bank. Such deposit arrangements are an alternative to overnight investments. Credits for cash balances may be offset by charges for any days on which a Fund overdraws its account at the custodian bank.

Indemnifications

Under the Funds' organizational documents, their officers and directors/trustees are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Funds. In addition, in the normal course of business, the Funds enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications to other parties. The Funds' maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Funds that have not yet occurred. However, the Funds have not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expect the risk of loss to be remote.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that the Funds would receive upon selling an investment or transferring a liability in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market for the investment. A three-tier hierarchy is used to maximize the use of observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs are based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are based on the best information available in the circumstances. The following is a summary of the three-tiered hierarchy of valuation input levels.

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted and prices are determined using quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2 Prices are determined using other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).
- Level 3 Prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs (including management's assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. The following is a summary of each Fund's fair value measurements as of the end of the reporting period:

New York Value (NNY)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 157,232,059	\$	\$ 157,232,059
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
New York Value 2 (NYV)	1	2	3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 37,914,400	\$	\$ 37,914,400

Derivatives:				
Forward Swaps**			(226,157)	(226,157)
Total	\$	\$ 37,688,243	\$	\$ 37,688,243

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
New York Performance Plus (NNP)				
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 365,469,917	\$	\$ 365,469,917

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)				
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 217,654,513	\$	\$ 217,654,513

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)				
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 149,740,209	\$	\$ 149,740,209

* Refer to the Fund's Portfolio of Investments for industry classifications.

** Represents net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) as reported in the Fund's Portfolio of Investments.

The Nuveen funds' Board of Directors/Trustees is responsible for the valuation process and has delegated the oversight of the daily valuation process to the Adviser's Valuation Committee. The Valuation Committee, pursuant to the valuation policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors/Trustees, is responsible for making fair value determinations, evaluating the effectiveness of the funds' pricing policies, and reporting to the Board of Directors/Trustees. The Valuation Committee is aided in its efforts by the Adviser's dedicated Securities Valuation Team, which is responsible for administering the daily valuation process and applying fair value methodologies as approved by the Valuation Committee. When determining the reliability of independent pricing services for investments owned by the funds, the Valuation Committee, among other things, conducts due diligence

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reviews of the pricing services and monitors the quality of security prices received through various testing reports conducted by the Securities Valuation Team.

The Valuation Committee will consider pricing methodologies it deems relevant and appropriate when making fair value determinations. Examples of possible methodologies include, but are not limited to, multiple of earnings; discount from market of a similar freely traded security; discounted cash-flow analysis; book value or a multiple thereof; risk premium/yield analysis; yield to maturity; and/or fundamental investment analysis. The Valuation Committee will also consider factors it deems relevant and appropriate in light of the facts and circumstances. Examples of possible factors include, but are not limited to, the type of security; the issuer's financial statements; the purchase price of the security; the discount from market value of unrestricted securities of the same class at the time of purchase; analysts' research and observations from financial institutions; information regarding any transactions or offers with respect to the security; the existence of merger proposals or tender offers affecting the security; the price and extent of public trading in similar securities of the issuer or comparable companies; and the existence of a shelf registration for restricted securities.

For each portfolio security that has been fair valued pursuant to the policies adopted by the Board of Directors/Trustees, the fair value price is compared against the last available and next available market quotations. The Valuation Committee reviews the results of such testing and fair valuation occurrences are reported to the Board of Directors/Trustees.

3. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Funds record derivative instruments at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized on the Statement of Operations, when applicable. Even though the Funds' investments in derivatives may represent economic hedges, they are not considered to be hedge transactions for financial reporting purposes. For additional information on the derivative instruments in which each Fund was invested during and at the end of the reporting period, refer to the Portfolios of Investments, Financial Statements and Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies.

The following table presents the fair value of all derivative instruments held by the Funds as of September 30, 2012, the location of these instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the primary underlying risk exposure. New York Value 2 (NYV) invested in derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

New York Value 2 (NYV)

Underlying Risk Exposure	Derivative Instrument	Location on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	
		Asset Derivatives Location	Liability Derivatives Location
		Value	Value

Interest Rate	Forward Swaps	\$	Unrealized depreciation on forward swaps	\$(226,157)
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The following tables present the amount of net realized gain (loss) and change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, on derivative instruments, as well as the primary risk exposure associated with each.

Net Realized Gain (Loss) from Forward Swaps	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Risk Exposure	
Interest Rate	\$ (496,286)

Change in Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Forward Swaps	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Risk Exposure	
Interest Rate	\$ 306,743

4. Fund Shares

Common Shares

Transactions in Common shares were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)		New York Value 2 (NYV)		New York Performance Plus (NNP)	
	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11
Common shares:						
Issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions	7,655		1,763		6,054	

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)		New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)	
	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11	Year Ended 9/30/12	Year Ended 9/30/11

Common shares:

Issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions

Preferred Shares

New York Value (NNY) and New York Value 2 (NYV) are not authorized to issue ARPS. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, New York Performance Plus (NNP) and New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) redeemed all of their outstanding ARPS at liquidation value. Transactions in ARPS were as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)			
	Year Ended 9/30/12		Year Ended 9/30/11	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
ARPS redeemed:				
Series M	N/A	N/A		\$
Series T	N/A	N/A		
Series W	N/A	N/A		
Series F	N/A	N/A	876	21,900,000
Total	N/A	N/A	876	\$ 21,900,000

N/A As of September 30, 2011, New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) redeemed all of its ARPS at liquidation value.

Transactions in MTP Shares were as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)			
	Year Ended 9/30/12		Year Ended 9/30/11	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
MTP Shares issued:				
Series 2016		\$	2,536,000	\$ 25,360,000

5. Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales (including maturities but excluding short-term investments and derivative transactions, where applicable) during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)
Purchases	\$ 15,895,542	\$ 3,783,413	\$ 41,079,757	\$ 19,962,308	\$ 14,249,637
Sales and maturities	16,322,823	3,673,502	46,179,771	21,239,049	14,538,178

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6. Income Tax Information

The following information is presented on an income tax basis. Differences between amounts for financial statement and federal income tax purposes are primarily due to the timing differences in recognizing taxable market discount, timing differences in recognizing certain gains and losses on investment transactions and the treatment of investments in inverse floating rate securities reflected as financing transactions, if any. To the extent that differences arise that are permanent in nature, such amounts are reclassified within the capital accounts as detailed below. Temporary differences do not require reclassification. Temporary and permanent differences do not impact the net asset values of the Funds.

At September 30, 2012, the cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments (excluding investments in derivatives, where applicable), as determined on a federal income tax basis, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
Cost of investments	\$ 141,209,341	\$ 32,220,459	\$ 299,916,378	\$ 183,059,152	\$ 126,521,555
Gross unrealized:					
Appreciation	\$ 13,282,690	\$ 5,747,202	\$ 32,889,205	\$ 17,880,192	\$ 11,762,656
Depreciation	(517,863)	(53,261)	(1,981,346)	(1,018,455)	(691,790)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$ 12,764,827	\$ 5,693,941	\$ 30,907,859	\$ 16,861,737	\$ 11,070,866

Permanent differences, primarily due to federal taxes paid, taxable market discount and nondeductible offering costs, resulted in reclassifications among the Funds' components of Common share net assets at September 30, 2012, the Funds' tax year end, as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
Paid-in-surplus	\$ 19,553	\$	\$ (41,377)	\$ (276,142)	\$ (148,166)
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income		(61,458)	18,366	273,021	151,935

Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	41,905	23,011	3,121	(3,769)
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The tax components of undistributed net tax-exempt income, net ordinary income and net long-term capital gains at September 30, 2012, the Funds' tax year end, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
Undistributed net tax-exempt income *	\$ 549,502	\$ 90,759	\$ 3,559,391	\$ 1,926,043	\$ 862,932
Undistributed net ordinary income **	23,450	8,772	41,172	12,137	14,520
Undistributed net long-term capital gains	187,735		535,351	247,222	158,461

* Undistributed net tax-exempt income (on a tax basis) has not been reduced for the dividend declared on September 4, 2012, and paid on October 1, 2012.

** Net ordinary income consists of taxable market discount income and net short-term capital gains, if any.

The tax character of distributions paid during the Funds' tax years ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, was designated for purposes of the dividends paid deduction as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
2012					
Distributions from net tax-exempt income****	\$ 6,371,242	\$ 1,577,385	\$ 13,524,780	\$ 8,726,540	\$ 6,144,031
Distributions from net ordinary income **					
Distributions from net long-term capital gains*****				54,665	

2011	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NKK)
Distributions from net tax-exempt income	\$ 6,461,857	\$ 1,777,853	\$ 13,612,296	\$ 8,550,666	\$ 6,144,031
Distributions from net ordinary income **	572		186		
Distributions from net long-term capital gains	93,474		192,321	349,903	

** Net ordinary income consists of taxable market discount income and net short-term capital gains, if any.

*** The Funds hereby designate these amounts paid during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, as Exempt Interest Dividends.

**** The Funds designated as a long-term capital gain dividend, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code Section 852 (b)(3), the amount necessary to reduce earnings and profits of the Funds related to net capital gain to zero for the tax year ended September 30, 2012.

During the Funds tax year ended September 30, 2012, the following Funds utilized capital loss carryforwards as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)
Utilized capital loss carryforwards	\$ 21,947	\$ 51,614

On December 22, 2010, the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the Act) was enacted, which changed various technical rules governing the tax treatment of RICs. The changes are generally effective for taxable years beginning after the date of enactment. One of the more prominent changes addresses capital loss carryforwards. Under the Act, each Fund will be permitted to carry forward capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after the date of enactment for an unlimited period. However, any losses incurred during those future taxable years will be required to be utilized prior to the losses incurred in pre-enactment taxable years, which carry an expiration date. As a result of this ordering rule, pre-enactment capital loss carryforwards may be more likely to expire unused. Additionally, post-enactment capital loss carryforwards will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered all short-term as permitted under previous regulation.

The Act also contains several provisions aimed at preserving the character of distributions made by a fiscal year RIC during the portion of its taxable year ending after October 31 or December 31, reducing the circumstances under which a RIC might be required to file amended Forms 1099 to restate previously reported distributions.

Capital losses that will be carried forward under the provisions of the Act are as follows:

New York Value 2 (NYV)

Post-enactment losses:	
Short-term	\$ 66,389
Long-term	141,465

The Funds have elected to defer net realized losses from investments incurred from November 1, 2011 through September 30, 2012, the Funds' tax year end, in accordance with federal income tax rules. Post-October losses are treated as having arisen on the first day of the following fiscal year. The following Fund has elected to defer post-October losses as follows:

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Post-October capital losses	\$ 395,527
Late-year ordinary losses	

7. Management Fees and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Each Fund's management fee consists of two components—a fund-level fee, based only on the amount of assets within the Fund, and a complex-level fee, based on the aggregate amount of all eligible fund assets managed by the Adviser. This pricing structure enables Fund shareholders to benefit from growth in the assets within their respective Fund as well as from growth in the amount of complex-wide assets managed by the Adviser.

New York Value (NNY) pays an annual fund-level fee, payable monthly, of .15% of the average daily net assets* of the Fund, as well as 4.125% of the gross interest income (excluding interest on bonds underlying a self-deposited inverse floater trust that is attributed to the Fund over and above the net interest earned on the inverse floater itself) of the Fund.

Notes to

Financial Statements (continued)

The annual fund-level fee for the following Funds, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedules:

Average Daily Managed Assets*	New York Performance Plus (NNP) Fund-Level Fee Rate
For the first \$125 million	.4500%
For the next \$125 million	.4375
For the next \$250 million	.4250
For the next \$500 million	.4125
For the next \$1 billion	.4000
For the next \$3 billion	.3875
For managed assets over \$5 billion	.3750

Average Daily Managed Assets*	New York Value 2 (NYV) Fund-Level Fee Rate
For the first \$125 million	.4000%
For the next \$125 million	.3875
For the next \$250 million	.3750
For the next \$500 million	.3625
For the next \$1 billion	.3500
For managed assets over \$2 billion	.3375

Average Daily Managed Assets*	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX) Fund-Level Fee Rate
For the first \$125 million	.4500%
For the next \$125 million	.4375
For the next \$250 million	.4250
For the next \$500 million	.4125
For the next \$1 billion	.4000
For managed assets over \$2 billion	.3750

The annual complex-level fee for each fund, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedule:

Complex-Level Managed Asset Breakpoint Level*	Effective Rate at Breakpoint Level
\$55 billion	.2000%
\$56 billion	.1996
\$57 billion	.1989
\$60 billion	.1961
\$63 billion	.1931
\$66 billion	.1900
\$71 billion	.1851
\$76 billion	.1806
\$80 billion	.1773
\$91 billion	.1691
\$125 billion	.1599
\$200 billion	.1505
\$250 billion	.1469
\$300 billion	.1445

* For the fund-level and complex-level fees, managed assets include closed-end fund assets managed by the Adviser that are attributable to financial leverage. For these purposes, financial leverage includes the funds use of preferred stock and borrowings and certain investments in the residual interest certificates (also called inverse floating rate securities) in tender option bond (TOB) trusts, including the portion of assets held by a TOB trust that has been effectively financed by the trust's issuance of floating rate securities, subject to an agreement by the Adviser as to certain funds to limit the amount of such assets for determining managed assets in certain circumstances. The complex-level fee is calculated based upon the aggregate daily managed assets of all Nuveen Funds that constitute eligible assets. Eligible assets do not include assets attributable to investments in other Nuveen Funds or assets in excess of \$2 billion added to the Nuveen Fund complex in connection with the Adviser's assumption of the management of the former First American Funds effective January 1, 2011. As of September 30, 2012, the complex-level fee rate for these Funds was .1695%.

The management fee compensates the Adviser for overall investment advisory and administrative services and general office facilities. The Adviser is responsible for each Fund's overall strategy and asset allocation decisions. The Adviser has entered into sub-advisory agreements with Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (the Sub-Adviser), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser, under which the Sub-Adviser manages the investment portfolios of the Funds. The Sub-Adviser is compensated for its services to the Funds from the management fees paid to the Adviser.

The Funds pay no compensation directly to those of its directors/trustees who are affiliated with the Adviser or to its officers, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the Funds from the Adviser or its affiliates. The Board of Directors/Trustees has adopted a deferred compensation plan for independent directors/trustees that enables directors/trustees to elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of the annual compensation they are entitled to receive from certain Nuveen-advised funds. Under the plan, deferred amounts are treated as though equal dollar amounts had been invested in shares of select Nuveen-advised funds.

8. New Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

In December 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-11 (ASU No. 2011-11) to enhance disclosures about financial instruments and derivative instruments that are subject to offsetting (netting) on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. This information will enable users of the entity's financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on the entity's financial position. ASU No. 2011-11 is effective prospectively during interim or annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. ³At this time, management is evaluating the implications of this guidance and the impact it will have to the financial statements amounts and footnote disclosures, if any.

Annual Investment Management

Agreement Approval Process (Unaudited)

The Board of Trustees or Directors (as the case may be) (each, a *Board* and each Trustee or Director, a *Board Member*) of the Funds, including the Board Members who are not parties to the Funds' advisory or sub-advisory agreements or interested persons of any such parties (the *Independent Board Members*), is responsible for approving the advisory agreements (each, an *Investment Management Agreement*) between each Fund and Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. (the *Advisor*) and the sub-advisory agreements (each, a *Sub-Advisory Agreement*) between the Advisor and Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (the *Sub-Advisor*) (the Investment Management Agreements and the Sub-Advisory Agreements are referred to collectively as the *Advisory Agreements*) and their periodic continuation. Pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the *1940 Act*), the Board is required to consider the continuation of the Advisory Agreements on an annual basis. Accordingly, at an in-person meeting held on May 21-23, 2012 (the *May Meeting*), the Board, including a majority of the Independent Board Members, considered and approved the continuation of the Advisory Agreements for the Funds for an additional one-year period.

In preparation for its considerations at the May Meeting, the Board requested and received extensive materials prepared in connection with the review of the Advisory Agreements. The materials provided a broad range of information regarding the Funds, the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor (the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor are collectively, the *Fund Advisers* and each, a *Fund Adviser*). As described in more detail below, the information provided included, among other things, a review of Fund performance, including Fund investment performance assessments against peer groups and appropriate benchmarks, a comparison of Fund fees and expenses relative to peers, a description and assessment of shareholder service levels for the Funds, a summary of the performance of certain service providers, a review of product initiatives and shareholder communications and an analysis of the Advisor's profitability with comparisons to comparable peers in the managed fund business. As part of its annual review, the Board also held a separate meeting on April 18-19, 2012, to review the Funds' investment performance and consider an analysis provided by the Advisor of the Sub-Advisor which generally evaluated the Sub-Advisor's investment team, investment mandate, organizational structure and history, investment philosophy and process, performance of the applicable Fund, and significant changes to the foregoing. As a result of its review of the materials and discussions, the Board presented the Advisor with questions and the Advisor responded.

The materials and information prepared in connection with the annual review of the Advisory Agreements supplement the information and analysis provided to the Board

during the year. In this regard, throughout the year, the Board, acting directly or through its committees, regularly reviews the performance and various services provided by the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor. The Board meets at least quarterly as well as at other times as the need arises. At its quarterly meetings, the Board reviews reports by the Advisor which include, among other things, Fund performance, a review of the investment teams and reports on compliance, regulatory matters and risk management. The Board also meets with key investment personnel managing the Fund portfolios during the year. In October 2011, the Board also created two new standing committees (the Open-end Fund Committee and the Closed-end Fund Committee) to assist the full Board in monitoring and gaining a deeper insight into the distinctive issues and business practices of open-end and closed-end funds.

In addition, the Board continues its program of seeking to have the Board Members or a subset thereof visit each sub-advisor to the Nuveen funds at least once over a multiple year rotation, meeting with key investment and business personnel. In this regard, the Board visited with the Sub-Advisor's municipal team in Minneapolis in September 2011, and with the Sub-Advisor's municipal team in Chicago in November 2011. Further, an ad hoc committee of the Board visited the then-current transfer agents of the Nuveen funds in 2011 and the audit committee of the Board visited the various pricing agents for the Nuveen funds in January 2012. The Board considers factors and information that are relevant to its annual consideration of the renewal of the Advisory Agreements at the meetings held throughout the year. Accordingly, the Board considers the information provided and knowledge gained at these meetings when performing its annual review of the Advisory Agreements. The Independent Board Members are assisted throughout the process by independent legal counsel who provided materials describing applicable law and the duties of directors or trustees in reviewing advisory contracts and met with the Independent Board Members in executive sessions without management present. In addition, it is important to recognize that the management arrangements for the Nuveen funds are the result of many years of review and discussion between the Independent Board Members and fund management and that the Board Members' conclusions may be based, in part, on their consideration of fee arrangements and other factors developed in previous years.

The Board considered all factors it believed relevant with respect to each Fund, including among other factors: (a) the nature, extent and quality of the services provided by the Fund Advisers, (b) the investment performance of the Fund and Fund Advisers, (c) the advisory fees and costs of the services to be provided to the Fund and the profitability of the Fund Advisers, (d) the extent of any economies of scale, (e) any benefits derived by the Fund Advisers from the relationship with the Fund and (f) other factors. Each Board Member may have accorded different weight to the various factors in reaching his or her conclusions with respect to a Fund's Advisory Agreements. The Independent Board Members did not identify any single factor as all important or controlling. The Independent Board Members' considerations were instead based on a

Annual Investment Management Agreement

Approval Process (Unaudited) (continued)

comprehensive consideration of all the information presented. The principal factors considered by the Board and its conclusions are described below.

A. Nature, Extent and Quality of Services

In considering renewal of the Advisory Agreements, the Independent Board Members considered the nature, extent and quality of the Fund Adviser's services, including advisory services and the resulting Fund performance and administrative services. The Independent Board Members further considered the overall reputation and capabilities of the Advisor and its affiliates, the commitment of the Advisor to provide high quality service to the Funds, their overall confidence in the Advisor's integrity and the Advisor's responsiveness to questions and concerns raised by them. The Independent Board Members reviewed materials outlining, among other things, the Fund Adviser's organization and business; the types of services that the Fund Adviser or its affiliates provide to the Funds; the performance record of the applicable Fund (as described in further detail below); and any initiatives Nuveen had taken for the applicable fund product line.

In considering advisory services, the Board recognized that the Advisor provides various oversight, administrative, compliance and other services for the Funds and the Sub-Advisor generally provides the portfolio investment management services to the Funds. In reviewing the portfolio management services provided to each Fund, the Board reviewed the materials provided by the Nuveen Investment Services Oversight Team analyzing, among other things, the Sub-Advisor's investment team and changes thereto, organization and history, assets under management, Fund objectives and mandate, the investment team's philosophy and strategies in managing the Fund, developments affecting the Sub-Advisor or Fund and Fund performance. The Independent Board Members also reviewed portfolio manager compensation arrangements to evaluate each Fund Adviser's ability to attract and retain high quality investment personnel, preserve stability, and reward performance but not provide an inappropriate incentive to take undue risks. In addition, the Board considered the Advisor's execution of its oversight responsibilities over the Sub-Advisor. Given the importance of compliance, the Independent Board Members also considered Nuveen's compliance program, including the report of the chief compliance officer regarding the Funds' compliance policies and procedures; the resources dedicated to compliance; and the record of compliance with the policies and procedures.

In addition to advisory services, the Board considered the quality and extent of administrative and other non-investment advisory services the Advisor and its affiliates provide to the Funds, including product management, investment services (such as oversight of investment policies and procedures, risk management, and pricing), fund administration, oversight of service providers, shareholder services and communications, administration of Board relations, regulatory and portfolio compliance, legal support, managing leverage and promoting an orderly secondary market for common shares. The Board further recognized Nuveen's additional investments in personnel, including in compliance and risk management.

In reviewing the services provided, the Board also reviewed materials describing various notable initiatives and projects the Advisor performed in connection with the closed-end fund product line. These initiatives included completion of the refinancing of auction rate preferred securities; efforts to eliminate product overlap with fund mergers; elimination of the insurance mandate on several funds; ongoing services to manage leverage that has become increasingly complex; continued secondary market offerings, share repurchases and other support initiatives for certain funds; and continued communications efforts with shareholders, fund analysts and financial advisers. With respect to the latter, the Independent Board Members noted Nuveen's continued commitment to supporting the secondary market for the common shares of its closed-end funds through a comprehensive secondary market communication program designed to raise investor and analyst awareness and understanding of closed-end funds. Nuveen's support services included, among other things: continuing communications concerning the refinancing efforts related to auction rate preferred securities; supporting and promoting munifund term preferred shares (MTP) including by launching a microsite dedicated to MTP shares; sponsoring and participating in conferences; communicating with closed-end fund analysts covering the Nuveen funds throughout the year; providing marketing and product updates for the closed-end funds; and maintaining and enhancing a closed-end fund website.

Based on their review, the Independent Board Members found that, overall, the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the respective Funds under each applicable Advisory Agreement were satisfactory.

B. The Investment Performance of the Funds and Fund Advisers

The Board, including the Independent Board Members, reviewed and considered the performance history of each Fund over various time periods. The Board reviewed, among other things, each Fund's historic investment performance as well as information comparing the Fund's performance information with that of other funds (the *Performance Peer Group*) based on data compiled by Nuveen that was provided by an independent provider of mutual fund data and with recognized and/or customized benchmarks (*i.e.*, benchmarks derived from multiple recognized benchmarks).

The Board reviewed reports, including a comprehensive analysis of the Funds' performance and the applicable investment team. In this regard, the Board reviewed each Fund's total return information compared to its Performance Peer Group for the quarter, one-, three- and five-year periods ending December 31, 2011, as well as performance information reflecting the first quarter of 2012 (or for the periods available for the Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (the *Municipal Value Fund 2*), which did not exist for part of the foregoing time frame). In addition, the Board reviewed each Fund's total return information compared to recognized and/or customized benchmarks for the quarter, one- and three-year periods ending December 31, 2011, as well as performance information reflecting the first quarter of 2012 (or for the periods available for the Municipal Value Fund 2, which did not exist for part of the foregoing time frame).

Annual Investment Management Agreement

Approval Process (Unaudited) (continued)

The Independent Board Members also reviewed historic premium and discount levels, including a summary of actions taken to address or discuss other developments affecting the secondary market discounts of various funds. This information supplemented the fund performance information provided to the Board at each of its quarterly meetings.

In reviewing performance comparison information, the Independent Board Members recognized that the usefulness of the comparisons of the performance of certain funds with the performance of their respective Performance Peer Group may be limited because the Performance Peer Group may not adequately represent the objectives and strategies of the applicable funds or may be limited in size or number. In this regard, the Independent Board Members noted that the Performance Peer Groups of the Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (the *Municipal Value Fund*) and the Municipal Value Fund 2 were classified as having significant differences from such Funds based on various considerations such as special fund objectives, potential investable universe and the composition of the peer set (e.g., the number and size of competing funds and number of competing managers). The Independent Board Members also noted that the investment experience of a particular shareholder in the Nuveen funds will vary depending on when such shareholder invests in the applicable fund, the class held (if multiple classes are offered in a fund) and the performance of the fund (or respective class) during that shareholder's investment period. In addition, although the performance below reflects the performance results for the time periods ending as of the most recent calendar year end (unless otherwise indicated), the Board also recognized that selecting a different ending time period may derive different results. Furthermore, while the Board is cognizant of the relevant performance of a fund's peer set and/or benchmark(s), the Board evaluated fund performance in light of the respective fund's investment objectives, investment parameters and guidelines and recognized that the objectives, investment parameters and guidelines of peers and/or benchmarks may differ to some extent, thereby resulting in differences in performance results. Nevertheless, with respect to any Nuveen funds that the Board considers to have underperformed their peers and/or benchmarks from time to time, the Board monitors such funds closely and considers any steps necessary or appropriate to address such issues.

In considering the results of the comparisons, the Independent Board Members observed, among other things, that the Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (the *Dividend Advantage Fund*), the Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (the *Performance Plus Fund*) and the Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (the *Dividend Advantage Fund 2*) lagged their respective peers somewhat in the shorter one- and three-year periods, but demonstrated more favorable performance in the longer five-year period. As noted above, the Municipal Value Fund and the Municipal Value Fund 2 had significant differences from their respective Performance Peer Groups. Therefore, the Independent Board Members considered each such Fund's performance compared to its benchmark and noted that the Municipal Value Fund outperformed its benchmark in the one- and three-year periods, while the Municipal Value Fund 2 was relatively new with a shorter performance

history available, thereby limiting the ability to make a meaningful assessment of performance.

Based on their review, the Independent Board Members determined that each Fund's investment performance had been satisfactory.

C. Fees, Expenses and Profitability

1. Fees and Expenses

The Board evaluated the management fees and expenses of each Fund reviewing, among other things, such Fund's gross management fees, net management fees and net expense ratios in absolute terms as well as compared to the fee and expenses of a comparable universe of funds provided by an independent fund data provider (the *Peer Universe*) and any expense limitations.

The Independent Board Members further reviewed the methodology regarding the construction of the applicable Peer Universe. In reviewing the comparisons of fee and expense information, the Independent Board Members took into account that in certain instances various factors such as: the limited size and particular composition of the Peer Universe (including the inclusion of other Nuveen funds in the peer set); expense anomalies; changes in the funds comprising the Peer Universe from year to year; levels of reimbursement or fee waivers; the timing of information used; the differences in the type and use of leverage; and differences in the states reflected in the Peer Universe may impact the comparative data, thereby limiting somewhat the ability to make a meaningful comparison with peers.

In reviewing the fee schedule for a Fund, the Independent Board Members also considered the fund-level and complex-wide breakpoint schedules (described in further detail below) and any fee waivers and reimbursements provided by Nuveen (applicable, in particular, for certain closed-end funds launched since 1999). In reviewing fees and expenses (excluding leverage costs and leveraged assets), the Board considered the expenses and fees to be higher if they were over 10 basis points higher, slightly higher if they were approximately 6 to 10 basis points higher, in line if they were within approximately 5 basis points higher than the peer average and below if they were below the peer average of the Peer Universe. In reviewing the reports, the Board noted that the overwhelming majority of the Nuveen funds were at, close to or below their peer set average based on the net total expense ratio.

The Independent Board Members noted that the Dividend Advantage Fund, the Performance Plus Fund and the Dividend Advantage Fund 2 had net management fees slightly higher than their respective peer averages, but a net expense ratio below or in line with their respective peer averages. In addition, the Independent Board Members noted that the Municipal Value Fund and the Municipal Value Fund 2 had net management fees and net expense ratios (including fee waivers and expense reimbursements) below their respective peer averages.

Annual Investment Management Agreement

Approval Process (Unaudited) (continued)

Based on their review of the fee and expense information provided, the Independent Board Members determined that each Fund's management fees were reasonable in light of the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Fund.

2. Comparisons with the Fees of Other Clients

The Independent Board Members further reviewed information regarding the nature of services and range of fees offered by the Advisor to other clients, including municipal separately managed accounts and passively managed exchange traded funds (ETFs) sub-advised by the Advisor. In evaluating the comparisons of fees, the Independent Board Members noted that the fee rates charged to the Funds and other clients vary, among other things, because of the different services involved and the additional regulatory and compliance requirements associated with registered investment companies, such as the Funds. Accordingly, the Independent Board Members considered the differences in the product types, including, but not limited to, the services provided, the structure and operations, product distribution and costs thereof, portfolio investment policies, investor profiles, account sizes and regulatory requirements. The Independent Board Members noted, in particular, that the range of services provided to the Funds (as discussed above) is much more extensive than that provided to separately managed accounts. Given the inherent differences in the various products, particularly the extensive services provided to the Funds, the Independent Board Members believe such facts justify the different levels of fees.

In considering the fees of the Sub-Advisor, the Independent Board Members also considered the pricing schedule or fees that the Sub-Advisor charges for similar investment management services for other Nuveen funds, funds of other sponsors (if any), and other clients (such as retail and/or institutional managed accounts).

3. Profitability of Fund Advisers

In conjunction with their review of fees, the Independent Board Members also considered the profitability of Nuveen for its advisory activities and its financial condition. The Independent Board Members reviewed the revenues and expenses of Nuveen's advisory activities for the last two calendar years, the allocation methodology used in preparing the profitability data and an analysis of the key drivers behind the changes in revenues and expenses that impacted profitability in 2011. The Independent Board Members noted this information supplemented the profitability information requested and received during the year to help keep them apprised of developments affecting profitability (such as changes in fee waivers and expense reimbursement commitments). In this regard, the Independent Board Members noted that they have an Independent Board Member serve as a point person to review and keep them apprised of changes to the profitability analysis and/or methodologies during the year. The Independent Board Members also considered Nuveen's revenues for advisory activities, expenses, and profit margin compared to that of various unaffiliated management firms with comparable assets under management (based on asset size and asset composition).

In reviewing profitability, the Independent Board Members recognized the Advisor's continued investment in its business to enhance its services, including capital improvements to investment technology, updated compliance systems, and additional personnel in compliance, risk management, and product development as well as its ability to allocate resources to various areas of the Advisor as the need arises. In addition, in evaluating profitability, the Independent Board Members also recognized the subjective nature of determining profitability which may be affected by numerous factors including the allocation of expenses. Further, the Independent Board Members recognized the difficulties in making comparisons as the profitability of other advisers generally is not publicly available and the profitability information that is available for certain advisers or management firms may not be representative of the industry and may be affected by, among other things, the adviser's particular business mix, capital costs, types of funds managed and expense allocations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Independent Board Members reviewed Nuveen's methodology and assumptions for allocating expenses across product lines to determine profitability. In reviewing profitability, the Independent Board Members recognized Nuveen's investment in its fund business. Based on their review, the Independent Board Members concluded that the Advisor's level of profitability for its advisory activities was reasonable in light of the services provided.

With respect to sub-advisers affiliated with Nuveen, including the Sub-Advisor, the Independent Board Members reviewed the sub-adviser's revenues, expenses and profitability margins (pre- and post-tax) for its advisory activities and the methodology used for allocating expenses among the internal sub-advisers. Based on their review, the Independent Board Members were satisfied that the Sub-Advisor's level of profitability was reasonable in light of the services provided.

In evaluating the reasonableness of the compensation, the Independent Board Members also considered other amounts paid to a Fund Adviser by the Funds as well as any indirect benefits (such as soft dollar arrangements, if any) the Fund Adviser and its affiliates receive, or are expected to receive, that are directly attributable to the management of the Funds, if any. See Section E below for additional information on indirect benefits a Fund Adviser may receive as a result of its relationship with the Funds. Based on their review of the overall fee arrangements of each Fund, the Independent Board Members determined that the advisory fees and expenses of the respective Fund were reasonable.

D. Economies of Scale and Whether Fee Levels Reflect These Economies of Scale

With respect to economies of scale, the Independent Board Members have recognized the potential benefits resulting from the costs of a fund being spread over a larger asset base, although economies of scale are difficult to measure and predict with precision, particularly on a fund-by-fund basis. One method to help ensure the shareholders share in these benefits is to include breakpoints in the advisory fee schedule. Generally, management fees for funds in the Nuveen complex are comprised of a fund-level

Annual Investment Management Agreement**Approval Process (Unaudited) (continued)**

component and a complex-level component, subject to certain exceptions. Accordingly, the Independent Board Members reviewed and considered the applicable fund-level breakpoints in the advisory fee schedules that reduce advisory fees as asset levels increase. Further, the Independent Board Members noted that although closed-end funds may from time-to-time make additional share offerings, the growth of their assets will occur primarily through the appreciation of such funds' investment portfolio.

In addition to fund-level advisory fee breakpoints, the Board also considered the Funds' complex-wide fee arrangement. Pursuant to the complex-wide fee arrangement, the fees of the funds in the Nuveen complex are generally reduced as the assets in the fund complex reach certain levels. The complex-wide fee arrangement seeks to provide the benefits of economies of scale to fund shareholders when total fund complex assets increase, even if assets of a particular fund are unchanged or have decreased. The approach reflects the notion that some of Nuveen's costs are attributable to services provided to all its funds in the complex and therefore all funds benefit if these costs are spread over a larger asset base. In addition, with the acquisition of the funds previously advised by FAF Advisors, Inc., the Board noted that a portion of such funds' assets at the time of acquisition were deemed eligible to be included in the complex-wide fee calculation in order to deliver fee savings to shareholders in the combined complex and such funds were subject to differing complex-level fee rates.

Based on their review, the Independent Board Members concluded that the breakpoint schedules and complex-wide fee arrangement were acceptable and reflect economies of scale to be shared with shareholders when assets under management increase.

E. Indirect Benefits

In evaluating fees, the Independent Board Members received and considered information regarding potential fall out or ancillary benefits the respective Fund Adviser or its affiliates may receive as a result of its relationship with each Fund. In this regard, the Independent Board Members considered any revenues received by affiliates of the Advisor for serving as co-manager in initial public offerings of new closed-end funds as well as revenues received in connection with secondary offerings.

In addition to the above, the Independent Board Members considered whether the Fund Advisers received any benefits from soft dollar arrangements whereby a portion of the commissions paid by a Fund for brokerage may be used to acquire research that may be useful to the Fund Adviser in managing the assets of the Funds and other clients. The Independent Board Members recognized that each Fund Adviser has the authority to pay a higher commission in return for brokerage and research services if it determines in good faith that the commission paid is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided and may benefit from such soft dollar arrangements. Similarly, the Board recognized that the research received pursuant to soft dollar arrangements by a Fund Adviser may also benefit a Fund and shareholders to the extent the research enhances the ability of the Fund Adviser to manage the Fund. The Independent Board Members noted that the Fund Advisers' profitability may be

somewhat lower if they did not receive the research services pursuant to the soft dollar arrangements and had to acquire such services directly.

Based on their review, the Independent Board Members concluded that any indirect benefits received by a Fund Adviser as a result of its relationship with the Funds were reasonable and within acceptable parameters.

F. Other Considerations

The Independent Board Members did not identify any single factor discussed previously as all-important or controlling. The Board Members, including the Independent Board Members, unanimously concluded that the terms of each Advisory Agreement are fair and reasonable, that the respective Fund Adviser's fees are reasonable in light of the services provided to each Fund and that the Advisory Agreements be renewed.

Board Members & Officers (Unaudited)

The management of the Funds, including general supervision of the duties performed for the Funds by the Adviser, is the responsibility of the board members of the Funds. The number of board members of the Funds is currently set at ten. None of the board members who are not interested persons of the Funds (referred to herein as independent board members) has ever been a director or employee of, or consultant to, Nuveen or its affiliates. The names and business addresses of the board members and officers of the Funds, their principal occupations and other affiliations during the past five years, the number of portfolios each oversees and other directorships they hold are set forth below.

Name, Birthdate & Address	Position(s) Held with the Funds	Year First Elected or Appointed and Term ⁽¹⁾	Principal	Number
			Occupation(s) including other Directorships During Past 5 Years	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member
Independent Board Members:				
i ROBERT P. BREMNER 8/22/40 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Chairman of the Board and Board Member	1996 Class III	Private Investor and Management Consultant; Treasurer and Director, Humanities Council of Washington, D.C.; Board Member, Independent Directors Council affiliated with the Investment Company Institute.	216
i JACK B. EVANS 10/22/48 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	1999 Class III	President, The Hall-Perrine Foundation, a private philanthropic corporation (since 1996); Director and Chairman, United Fire Group, a publicly held company; member of the Board of Regents for the State of Iowa University System; Director, Source Media Group; Life Trustee of Coe College and the Iowa College Foundation; formerly, Director, Alliant Energy; formerly, Director, Federal Reserve Bank of	216

Chicago; formerly, President and Chief Operating Officer, SCI Financial Group, Inc., a regional financial services firm.

i	<p>WILLIAM C. HUNTER</p> <p>3/6/48</p> <p>333 W. Wacker Drive</p> <p>Chicago, IL 60606</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>2004</p> <p>Class I</p>	<p>Dean Emeritus (since June 30, 2012), formerly, Dean, Tippie College of Business, University of Iowa (2006-2012); Director (since 2004) of Xerox Corporation; Director (since 2005), and President (since July 2012) Beta Gamma Sigma, Inc., The International Honor Society; Director of Wellmark, Inc. (since 2009); formerly, Dean and Distinguished Professor of Finance, School of Business at the University of Connecticut (2003-2006); previously, Senior Vice President and Director of Research at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (1995-2003); formerly, Director (1997-2007), Credit Research Center at Georgetown University.</p>	<p>216</p>
i	<p>DAVID J. KUNDERT</p> <p>10/28/42</p> <p>333 W. Wacker Drive</p> <p>Chicago, IL 60606</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>2005</p> <p>Class II</p>	<p>Director, Northwestern Mutual Wealth Management Company; retired (since 2004) as Chairman, JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, President and CEO, Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation, and President, One Group Mutual Funds; prior thereto, Executive Vice President, Banc One Corporation and Chairman and CEO, Banc One Investment Management Group; Member, Board of Regents, Luther College; member of the Wisconsin Bar Association; member of Board of Directors, Friends of Boerner Botanical Gardens; member of Board of Directors</p>	<p>216</p>

and Chair of Investment
Committee, Greater
Milwaukee Foundation.

<p>j WILLIAM J. SCHNEIDER</p> <p>9/24/44</p> <p>333 W. Wacker Drive</p> <p>Chicago, IL 60606</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>1996</p> <p>Class III</p>	<p>Chairman of Miller-Valentine Partners Ltd., a real estate investment company; formerly, Senior Partner and Chief Operating Officer (retired 2004) of Miller-Valentine Group; member, University of Dayton Business School Advisory Council; member, Mid-America Health System Board; formerly, member and chair, Dayton Philharmonic Orchestra Association; formerly, member, Business Advisory Council, Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank.</p>	<p>216</p>
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Name, Birthdate & Address	Position(s) Held with the Funds	Year First Elected or Appointed and Term ⁽¹⁾	Principal	Number
			Occupation(s) including other Directorships During Past 5 Years	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member
Independent Board Members:				
j JUDITH M. STOCKDALE 12/29/47 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	1997 Class I	Executive Director, Gaylord and Dorothy Donnelley Foundation (since 1994); prior thereto, Executive Director, Great Lakes Protection Fund (1990-1994).	216
j CAROLE E. STONE 6/28/47 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	2007 Class I	Director, Chicago Board Options Exchange (since 2006); Director, C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated (since 2009); formerly, Commissioner, New York State Commission on Public Authority Reform (2005-2010); formerly, Chair, New York Racing Association Oversight Board (2005-2007).	216
j VIRGINIA L. STRINGER 8/16/44 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Board Member	2011 Class I	Board Member, Mutual Fund Directors Forum; former governance consultant and non-profit board member; former Owner and President, Strategic Management Resources, Inc. a management consulting firm; former Member, Governing Board, Investment Company Institute's Independent Directors Council; previously, held several executive positions in general management, marketing and human resources at IBM and The Pillsbury Company; Independent Director, First	216

American Fund Complex
(1987-2010) and Chair
(1997-2010).

<p>i TERENCE J. TOTH</p> <p>9/29/59</p> <p>333 W. Wacker Drive</p> <p>Chicago, IL 60606</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>2008</p> <p>Class II</p>	<p>Director, Legal & General Investment Management America, Inc. (since 2008); Managing Partner, Promus Capital (since 2008); formerly, CEO and President, Northern Trust Global Investments (2004-2007); Executive Vice President, Quantitative Management & Securities Lending (2000-2004); prior thereto, various positions with Northern Trust Company (since 1994); member: Chicago Fellowship Board (since 2005), Catalyst Schools of Chicago Board (since 2008) and Mather Foundation Board (since 2012), and a member of its investment committee; formerly, Member, Northern Trust Mutual Funds Board (2005-2007), Northern Trust Global Investments Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Japan Board (2004-2007), Northern Trust Securities Inc. Board (2003-2007) and Northern Trust Hong Kong Board (1997-2004).</p>	<p>216</p>
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**Interested Board
Member:**

<p>i JOHN P. AMBOIAN⁽²⁾</p> <p>6/14/61</p> <p>333 W. Wacker Drive</p> <p>Chicago, IL 60606</p>	<p>Board Member</p>	<p>2008</p> <p>Class II</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer and Chairman (since 2007) and Director (since 1999) of Nuveen Investments, Inc., formerly, President (1999-2007); Chief Executive Officer (since 2007) of Nuveen Investments Advisers, Inc.; Director (since 1998) formerly, Chief Executive Officer (2007-2010) of Nuveen Fund</p>	<p>216</p>
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Advisors, Inc.

Nuveen Investments 91

Board Members & Officers (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, Birthdate and Address	Position(s) Held with the Funds	Year First	Principal	Number
		Elected or Appointed ⁽³⁾	Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Officer
Officers of the Funds:				
i GIFFORD R. ZIMMERMAN 9/9/56 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606	Chief Administrative Officer	1988	Managing Director (since 2002), and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Managing Director (since 2004) and Assistant Secretary (since 1994) of Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Managing Director (since 2002), Assistant Secretary (since 1997) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (since 2011); Managing Director, Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary, of Symphony Asset Management LLC (since 2003); Vice President and Assistant Secretary of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC (since 2002), Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc. (since 2002), Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC (since 2006), and of Winslow Capital Management, LLC, (since 2010); Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Compliance Officer	216

			(since 2006) of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; Chartered Financial Analyst.		
j	WILLIAM ADAMS IV	Vice President	2007	Senior Executive Vice President, Global Structured Products (since 2010), formerly, Executive Vice President (1999-2010) of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Co-President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. (since 2011); President (since 2011), formerly, Managing Director (2010-2011) of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC.	117
	6/9/55				
	333 W. Wacker Drive				
	Chicago, IL 60606				
j	CEDRIC H. ANTOSIEWICZ	Vice President	2007	Managing Director of Nuveen Securities, LLC.	117
	1/11/62				
	333 W. Wacker Drive				
	Chicago, IL 60606				
j	MARGO L. COOK	Vice President	2009	Executive Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investments, Inc. and of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. (since 2011); Managing Director-Investment Services of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since August 2011), previously, Head of Institutional Asset Management (2007-2008) of Bear Stearns Asset Management; Head of Institutional Asset Management (1986-2007) of Bank of NY Mellon; Chartered Financial Analyst.	216
	4/11/64				
	333 W. Wacker Drive				
	Chicago, IL 60606				
j	LORNA C. FERGUSON	Vice President	1998	Managing Director (since 2005) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. and Nuveen Securities, LLC (since 2004).	216
	10/24/45				
	333 W. Wacker Drive				

Chicago, IL 60606

i	STEPHEN D. FOY	Vice President	1998	Senior Vice President (since 2010), formerly, Vice President (2005-2010) and Funds Controller of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Vice President of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.; Chief Financial Officer of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC (since 2010); Certified Public Accountant.	216
	5/31/54	and Controller			
	333 W. Wacker Drive				
	Chicago, IL 60606				

92 Nuveen Investments

Name, Birthdate and Address	Position(s) Held with the Funds	Year First	Principal	Number
		Elected or Appointed ⁽³⁾	Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Officer
Officers of the Funds:				
<p> SCOTT S. GRACE 8/20/70 333 W. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 </p>	<p> Vice President and Treasurer </p>	<p> 2009 </p>	<p> Managing Director, Corporate Finance & Development, Treasurer (since 2009) of Nuveen Securities, LLC; Managing Director and Treasurer (since 2009) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc., Nuveen Investments Advisers, Inc., Nuveen Investments Holdings Inc. and (since 2011) Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Vice President and Treasurer of NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, Tradewinds Global Investors, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC and Winslow Capital Management, LLC.; Vice President of Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC; formerly, Treasurer (2006-2009), Senior Vice President (2008-2009), previously, Vice President (2006-2008) of Janus Capital Group, Inc.; formerly, Senior Associate in Morgan Stanley's Global Financial Services Group (2000-2003); Chartered Accountant Designation. </p>	<p> 216 </p>
<p> WALTER M. KELLY 2/24/70 </p>	<p> Chief Compliance Officer and </p>	<p> 2003 </p>	<p> Senior Vice President (since 2008) and Assistant Secretary (since 2003) of </p>	<p> 216 </p>

333 W. Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60606

Vice President

Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.; Senior Vice President (since 2008) of Nuveen Investment Holdings, Inc.; formerly, Senior Vice President (2008-2011) of Nuveen Securities, LLC.

i **TINA M. LAZAR** Vice President **2002**
8/27/61

Senior Vice President (since 2010), formerly, Vice President (2005-2010) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc. **216**

333 W. Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60606

i **KEVIN J. MCCARTHY** Vice President **2007**
and Secretary
3/26/66

Managing Director and Assistant Secretary (since 2008), formerly, Vice President (2007-2008), Nuveen Securities, LLC; Managing Director (since 2008), Assistant Secretary (since 2007) and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Managing Director (since 2008), and Assistant Secretary, Nuveen Investment Holdings, Inc.; Vice President (since 2007) and Assistant Secretary of Nuveen Investments Advisers Inc., NWQ Investment Management Company, LLC, NWQ Holdings, LLC, Symphony Asset Management LLC, Santa Barbara Asset Management, LLC, and of Winslow Capital Management, Inc. (since 2010); Vice President and Secretary (since 2010) of Nuveen Commodities Asset Management, LLC; prior **216**

333 W. Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60606

thereto, Partner, Bell, Boyd
& Lloyd LLP (1997-2007).

Board Members & Officers (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, Birthdate and Address	Position(s) Held with the Funds	Year First Elected or Appointed ⁽³⁾	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Officer
Officers of the Funds:				
i KATHLEEN L. PRUDHOMME 3/30/53 901 Marquette Avenue Minneapolis, MN 55402	Vice President and Assistant Secretary	2011	Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Co-General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.; Managing Director, Assistant Secretary and Associate General Counsel (since 2011) of Nuveen Asset Management, LLC; Managing Director and Assistant Secretary (since 2011) of Nuveen Securities, LLC; formerly, Deputy General Counsel, FAF Advisors, Inc. (2004-2010).	216

- (1) For New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY), New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV), New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN) and New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX), the Board of Trustees is divided into three classes, Class I, Class II, and Class III, with each being elected to serve until the third succeeding annual shareholders meeting subsequent to its election or thereafter in each case when its respective successors are duly elected or appointed, except two board members are elected by the holders of Preferred Shares to serve until the next annual shareholders meeting subsequent to its election or thereafter in each case when its respective successors are duly elected or appointed. For New York Performance Plus Fund (NNP), the Board Members serve a one year term to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified. The year first elected or appointed represents the year in which the board member was first elected or appointed to any fund in the Nuveen Complex.
- (2) Mr. Amboian is an interested trustee because of his position with Nuveen Investments, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, which are affiliates of the Nuveen Funds.
- (3) Officers serve one year terms through August of each year. The year first elected or appointed represents the year in which the Officer was first elected or appointed to any fund in the Nuveen Complex.

Reinvest Automatically,

Easily and Conveniently

Nuveen makes reinvesting easy. A phone call is all it takes to set up your reinvestment account.

Nuveen Closed-End Funds Automatic Reinvestment Plan

Your Nuveen Closed-End Fund allows you to conveniently reinvest distributions in additional Fund shares.

By choosing to reinvest, you'll be able to invest money regularly and automatically, and watch your investment grow through the power of compounding. Just like distributions in cash, there may be times when income or capital gains taxes may be payable on distributions that are reinvested.

It is important to note that an automatic reinvestment plan does not ensure a profit, nor does it protect you against loss in a declining market.

Easy and convenient

To make recordkeeping easy and convenient, each month you'll receive a statement showing your total distributions, the date of investment, the shares acquired and the price per share, and the total number of shares you own.

How shares are purchased

The shares you acquire by reinvesting will either be purchased on the open market or newly issued by the Fund. If the shares are trading at or above net asset value at the time of valuation, the Fund will issue new shares at the greater of the net asset value or 95% of the then-current market price. If the shares are trading at less than net asset value, shares for your account will be purchased on the open market. If the Plan Agent begins purchasing Fund shares on the open market while shares are trading below net asset value, but the Fund's shares subsequently trade at or above their net asset value before the Plan Agent is able to complete its purchases, the Plan Agent may cease open-market purchases and may invest the uninvested portion of the distribution in newly-issued Fund shares at a price equal to the greater of the shares' net asset value or 95% of the shares' market value on the last business day immediately prior to the purchase date. Distributions received to purchase shares in the open market will normally be invested shortly after the distribution payment date. No interest will be paid on distributions awaiting reinvestment. Because the market price of the shares may increase before purchases are completed, the average purchase price per share may

Reinvest Automatically,

Easily and Conveniently (continued)

exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the acquisition of fewer shares than if the distribution had been paid in shares issued by the Fund. A pro rata portion of any applicable brokerage commissions on open market purchases will be paid by Plan participants. These commissions usually will be lower than those charged on individual transactions.

Flexible

You may change your distribution option or withdraw from the Plan at any time, should your needs or situation change.

You can reinvest whether your shares are registered in your name, or in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee. Ask your investment advisor if his or her firm will participate on your behalf. Participants whose shares are registered in the name of one firm may not be able to transfer the shares to another firm and continue to participate in the Plan.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan at any time. Although the Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants, there is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan at this time.

Call today to start reinvesting distributions

For more information on the Nuveen Automatic Reinvestment Plan or to enroll in or withdraw from the Plan, speak with your financial advisor or call us at (800) 257-8787.

Glossary of Terms

Used in this Report

Auction Rate Bond: An auction rate bond is a security whose interest payments are adjusted periodically through an auction process, which process typically also serves as a means for buying and selling the bond. Auctions that fail to attract enough buyers for all the shares offered for sale are deemed to have failed, with current holders receiving a formula-based interest rate until the next scheduled auction.

Average Annual Total Return: This is a commonly used method to express an investment's performance over a particular, usually multi-year time period. It expresses the return that would have been necessary each year to equal the investment's actual cumulative performance (including change in NAV or market price and reinvested dividends and capital gains distributions, if any) over the time period being considered.

Average Effective Maturity: The market-value-weighted average of the effective maturity dates of the individual securities including cash. In the case of a bond that has been advance-refunded to a call date, the effective maturity is the date on which the bond is scheduled to be redeemed using the proceeds of an escrow account. In most other cases the effective maturity is the stated maturity date of the security.

Effective Leverage: Effective leverage is a Fund's effective economic leverage, and includes both regulatory leverage (see below) and the leverage effects of certain derivative investments in the Fund's portfolio. Currently, the leverage effects of Tender Option Bond (TOB) inverse floater holdings are included in effective leverage values, in addition to any regulatory leverage.

Forward Interest Rate Swap: A contractual agreement between two counterparties under which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other for an agreed period of time based on a fixed rate, while the other party agrees to make periodic payments based on a floating rate of interest based on an underlying index. Alternatively, both series of cash flows to be exchanged could be calculated using floating rates of interest but floating rates that are based upon different underlying indexes.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total market value of all final goods and services produced in a country/region in a given year, equal to total consumer, investment and government spending, plus the value of exports, minus the value of imports.

Inverse Floating Rate Securities: Inverse floating rate securities, also known as inverse floaters or tender option bonds (TOBs), are created by depositing a municipal bond, typically with a fixed interest rate, into a special purpose trust created by a broker-dealer. This trust, in turn, (a) issues floating rate certificates typically paying short-term tax-exempt interest rates to third parties in amounts equal to some fraction of the deposited bond's par amount or market value, and (b) issues an inverse

Glossary of Terms

Used in this Report (continued)

floating rate certificate (sometimes referred to as an inverse floater) to an investor (such as a Fund) interested in gaining investment exposure to a long-term municipal bond. The income received by the holder of the inverse floater varies inversely with the short-term rate paid to the floating rate certificates holders, and in most circumstances the holder of the inverse floater bears substantially all of the underlying bond's downside investment risk. The holder of the inverse floater typically also benefits disproportionately from any potential appreciation of the underlying bond's value. Hence, an inverse floater essentially represents an investment in the underlying bond on a leveraged basis.

Leverage: Using borrowed money to invest in securities or other assets, seeking to increase the return of an investment or portfolio.

Leverage-Adjusted Duration: Duration is a measure of the expected period over which a bond's principal and interest will be paid, and consequently is a measure of the sensitivity of a bond's or bond Fund's value to changes when market interest rates change. Generally, the longer a bond's or Fund's duration, the more the price of the bond or Fund will change as interest rates change. Leverage-adjusted duration takes into account the leveraging process for a Fund and therefore is longer than the duration of the Fund's portfolio of bonds.

Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average: Calculated using the returns of all closed-end funds in this category. Lipper returns account for the effects of management fees and assume reinvestment of distributions, but do not reflect any applicable sales charges.

Market Yield (also known as Dividend Yield or Current Yield): An investment's current annualized dividend divided by its current market price.

Net Asset Value (NAV): The net market value of all securities held in a portfolio.

Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share: The market value of one share of a mutual fund or closed-end fund. For a Fund, the NAV is calculated daily by taking the Fund's total assets (securities, cash, and accrued earnings), subtracting the Fund's liabilities, and dividing by the number of shares outstanding.

Pre-Refunding: Pre-Refunding, also known as advanced refundings or refinancings, is a procedure used by state and local governments to refinance municipal bonds to lower interest expenses. The issuer sells new bonds with a lower yield and uses the proceeds to buy U.S. Treasury securities, the interest from which is used to make payments on the higher-yielding bonds. Because of this collateral, pre-refunding generally raises a bond's credit rating and thus its value.

Regulatory Leverage: Regulatory Leverage consists of preferred shares issued by or borrowings of a Fund. Both of these are part of a Fund's capital structure. Regulatory leverage is sometimes referred to as 40 Act Leverage and is subject to asset coverage limits set in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

S&P Municipal Bond Index: An unleveraged, market value-weighted index designed to measure the performance of the tax-exempt, investment grade U.S. municipal bond market. Index returns assume reinvestment of distributions but do not reflect any applicable sales charges or management fees.

S&P New York Municipal Bond Index: An unleveraged, market value-weighted index designed to measure the performance of the tax-exempt, investment grade New York municipal bond market. Index returns assume reinvestment of distributions but do not reflect any applicable sales charges or management fees.

Taxable-Equivalent Yield: The yield necessary from a fully taxable investment to equal, on an after-tax basis, the yield of a municipal bond investment.

Zero Coupon Bond: A zero coupon bond does not pay a regular interest coupon to its holders during the life of the bond. Tax-exempt income to the holder of the bond comes from accretion of the difference between the original purchase price of the bond at issuance and the par value of the bond at maturity and is effectively paid at maturity. The market prices of zero coupon bonds generally are more volatile than the market prices of bonds that pay interest periodically.

Notes

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Additional Fund Information

Board of

Directors/Trustees

John P. Amboian

Robert P. Bremner

Jack B. Evans

William C. Hunter

David J. Kundert

William J. Schneider

Judith M. Stockdale

Carole E. Stone

Virginia L. Stringer

Terence J. Toth

Fund Manager

Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc.

333 West Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60606

Custodian

State Street Bank

& Trust Company

Boston, MA

Transfer Agent and

Shareholder Services

State Street Bank

& Trust Company

Nuveen Funds

P.O. Box 43071

Providence, RI 02940-3071

(800) 257-8787

Legal Counsel

Chapman and Cutler LLP

Chicago, IL

Independent Registered

Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP

Chicago, IL

Quarterly Portfolio of Investments and Proxy Voting Information

You may obtain (i) each Fund's quarterly portfolio of investments, (ii) information regarding how each Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities held during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30, and (iii) a description of the policies and procedures that each Fund used to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities without charge, upon request, by calling Nuveen Investments toll-free at (800) 257-8787 or on Nuveen's website at www.nuveen.com.

You may also obtain this and other Fund information directly from the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The SEC may charge a copying fee for this information. Visit the SEC on-line at <http://www.sec.gov> or in person at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Call the SEC at (202) 942-8090 for room hours and operation. You may also request Fund information by sending an e-mail request to publicinfo@sec.gov or by writing to the SEC's Public References Section at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549.

CEO Certification Disclosure

Each Fund's Chief Executive Officer has submitted to the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) the annual CEO certification as required by Section 303A.12(a) of the NYSE Listed Company Manual.

Each Fund has filed with the SEC the certification of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Common Share Information

Each Fund intends to repurchase shares of its own common stock in the future at such times and in such amounts as is deemed advisable. During the period covered by this report, the Funds repurchased shares of their common stock as shown in the accompanying table.

Fund	Common Shares Repurchased
NNY	
NYV	
NNP	
NAN	
NXX	

Any future repurchases will be reported to shareholders in the next annual or semiannual report.

Nuveen Investments 103

Nuveen Investments:

Serving Investors for Generations

Since 1898, financial advisors and their clients have relied on Nuveen Investments to provide dependable investment solutions through continued adherence to proven, long-term investing principles. Today, we offer a range of high quality equity and fixed-income solutions designed to be integral components of a well-diversified core portfolio.

Focused on meeting investor needs.

Nuveen Investments provides high-quality investment services designed to help secure the long-term goals of institutional and individual investors as well as the consultants and financial advisors who serve them. Nuveen Investments markets a wide range of specialized investment solutions which provide investors access to capabilities of its high-quality boutique investment affiliates Nuveen Asset Management, Symphony Asset Management, NWQ Investment Management Company, Santa Barbara Asset Management, Tradewinds Global Investors, Winslow Capital Management and Gresham Investment Management. In total, Nuveen Investments managed \$220 billion as of September 30, 2012.

Find out how we can help you.

To learn more about how the products and services of Nuveen Investments may be able to help you meet your financial goals, talk to your financial advisor, or call us at **(800) 257-8787**. Please read the information provided carefully before you invest. Investors should consider the investment objective and policies, risk considerations, charges and expenses of any investment carefully. Where applicable, be sure to obtain a prospectus, which contains this and other relevant information. To obtain a prospectus, please contact your securities representative or **Nuveen Investments, 333 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, IL 60606**. Please read the prospectus carefully before you invest or send money.

Learn more about Nuveen Funds at: www.nuveen.com/cef

Distributed by

Nuveen Securities, LLC

333 West Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60606

www.nuveen.com

EAN-A-0912D

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Chairman s

Letter to Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

The global economy continues to struggle with low growth rates. The European Central Bank's commitment to do what it takes to support sovereign debt markets has stabilized the broader euro area financial markets. The larger member states of the European Union (EU) are working diligently on a tighter financial and banking union and meaningful progress is being made. However, economic conditions in the southern tier members are not improving and their political leaders are becoming more forceful in their demands for loosening the current EU fiscal targets and timetables. Economic growth in emerging market countries continues to be buffeted by lower overseas demand for their manufactured products and raw materials.

In the U.S., the Fed's commitment to low interest rates through Quantitative Easing is the subject of increasing debate in its policy making deliberations and many independent economists are expressing concern about the economic distortions resulting from negative real interest rates. There are encouraging signs in Congress that both political parties are working toward compromises on previously irreconcilable issues such as reforming immigration laws and the tax code. It is too early to tell whether those efforts will produce meaningful results or pave the way for cooperation on the major fiscal issues that loom ahead. Over the longer term, there are some positive trends for the U.S. economy: house prices are clearly recovering, banks and corporations continue to strengthen their financial positions and incentives for capital investment in the U.S. by domestic and foreign corporations are increasing due to more competitive energy and labor costs.

During the last eighteen months, U.S. investors have benefited from strong returns in the domestic equity markets and steady total returns in many fixed income markets. However, many macroeconomic risks remain unresolved, including negotiating through the many U.S. fiscal issues, achieving a better balance between fiscal discipline and encouraging economic growth in the euro area and reducing the potential economic impact of geopolitical issues, particularly in the Middle East and East Asia. In the face of these uncertainties, the experienced investment professionals at Nuveen Investments seek out investments that are enjoying positive and sustainable returns. At the same time they are always on the alert for risks in markets that are subject to the excessive optimism that can accompany an extended period of abnormally low interest rates. Monitoring this process is a critical function for the Fund Board as it oversees your Nuveen Fund on your behalf.

As always, I encourage you to communicate with your financial consultant if you have any questions about your investment in a Nuveen Fund. On behalf of the other members of your Fund Board, we look forward to continuing to earn your trust in the months and years ahead.

Sincerely,

Robert P. Bremner

Chairman of the Board

May 24, 2013

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Portfolio Manager's Comments

Certain statements in this report are forward-looking statements. Discussions of specific investments are for illustration only and are not intended as recommendations of individual investments. The forward-looking statements and other views expressed herein are those of the portfolio manager as of the date of this report. Actual future results or occurrences may differ significantly from those anticipated in any forward-looking statements, and the views expressed herein are subject to change at any time, due to numerous market and other factors. The Funds disclaim any obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or views expressed herein.

Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A, and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY)

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV)

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNP)

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN)

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (NXK)

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (NRK)

Portfolio manager Scott Romans discusses key investment strategies and the six-month performance of these Nuveen New York Funds. Scott assumed portfolio management responsibility for these six Funds in 2011.

FUND REORGANIZATIONS

Effective before the opening of business on March 11, 2013, certain New York Funds (the Acquired Funds) were reorganized into one, larger-state New York Fund included in this report (the Acquiring Fund) as follows:

Acquired Funds	Symbol	Acquiring Fund	Symbol
Nuveen New York Quality Income Municipal Fund, Inc.	NUN	Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund	NRK
Nuveen New York Premium Income Municipal Fund, Inc.	NNF		
Nuveen New York Investment Quality Municipal Fund, Inc.	NQN		
Nuveen New York Select Quality Municipal Fund, Inc.	NVN		
	NKO		

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage
Municipal Income Fund

Upon the closing of the reorganizations, the Acquired Funds transferred their assets to the Acquiring Fund in exchange for common and preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of the liabilities of the Acquired Funds. The Acquired Funds were then liquidated, dissolved and terminated in accordance with their Declaration of Trust. Shareholders of the Acquired Funds became shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. Holders of common shares of the Acquired Funds received newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, the aggregate net asset value of which was equal to the aggregate net asset value of the common shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the reorganizations (including for this purpose fractional Acquiring Fund shares to which shareholders would be entitled). Fractional shares were sold on the open market and shareholders received cash in lieu of such fractional shares. Holders of

preferred shares of the Acquired Funds received on a one-for-one basis newly issued preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, in exchange for their preferred shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the reorganizations.

What key strategies were used to manage these Nuveen New York Funds during the six-month reporting period ended March 31, 2013?

During this reporting period, municipal bonds generally continued to perform well, driven by solid demand and the tight supply of new municipal paper. However, the municipal market also encountered some additional volatility generated by the political environment, particularly the fiscal cliff at the end of 2012 and the approach of federal tax season. The total volume of tax-exempt supply declined from the same six-month period a year earlier, both nationally and in New York. At the same time, yields remained relatively low. We continued to see borrowers come to market seeking to take advantage of the low rate environment through refunding activity, with approximately two-thirds of municipal paper issued by borrowers that were calling existing debt and refinancing at lower rates. In this environment, we continued to take a bottom-up approach to discovering sectors that appeared undervalued as well as individual credits that had the potential to perform well over the long term and helped us keep our Funds fully invested.

Much of our investment activity during this period was opportunistic, with purchases driven by the timing of cash flows from refunding activity as well as called or maturing bonds. Because the issuance of new municipal supply in the primary market continued to be limited, especially in New York, we looked to the secondary market as an additional source of attractive opportunities. In particular, we focused on bonds with call dates between 2019 and 2021, a structure that we believed offered value, specifically, attractive pricing and yields relative to the bonds' call dates. In addition, if these bonds are not called in 2019 to 2021, we potentially stand to receive a higher yield by holding the bonds until they mature or are called. This type of bond is sometimes referred to as a kicker bond because of the additional yield, or kick to maturity, once the bond passes its initial call date.

In general, our purchase activity emphasized higher grade bonds with good structures, particularly attractive call provisions. We also added some lower rated bonds, especially in NRK, which was managed under an insured mandate until January 2012. Since the change in NRK's investment policy, we have made incremental increases to its holdings of bonds rated BBB and lower in order to build the Fund's exposure to this quality sector.

Cash for new purchases during this reporting period was generated primarily by the proceeds from bond calls resulting from the increase in refinancings. These bond calls provided a good source of liquidity, which drove much of our activity during this period as we worked to redeploy these proceeds, as well as those from maturing bonds, to

keep the Funds fully invested and support their income streams. Overall, selling was minimal because the bonds in our portfolios generally offered higher yields than those available in the current marketplace.

As of March 31, 2013, all six of these Funds continued to use inverse floating rate securities. We employ inverse floaters for a variety of reasons, including duration management, income enhancement and total return enhancement. As part of our duration management strategies, NYV also used forward interest rate swaps to reduce its price volatility risk to movements in U.S. interest rates relative to the Fund's benchmark. During this period, these derivatives functioned as intended, while contributing modestly to NYV's performance, as interest rates increased.

How did the Funds perform during the six-month reporting period ended March 31, 2013?

The tables in each Fund's Performance Overview and Holding Summaries section of this report provide total returns for the Funds for the one-year, five-year, ten-year and since inception periods ended March 31, 2013. Each Fund's total returns are compared with the performance of a corresponding market index and Lipper classification average.

For the six months ended March 31, 2013, the cumulative return on common share net asset value (NAV) for NYV exceeded the returns for the S&P Municipal Bond New York Index and the S&P Municipal Bond Index, while the remaining five Funds underperformed these Indexes. For the same period, NYV also outperformed the average return for the Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average, NNY performed in line with this return and the other four Funds lagged the classification average.

Key management factors that influenced the Funds' returns during this period included duration and yield curve positioning, credit exposure and sector allocation. The use of leverage also was an important factor in performance during this period. Leverage is discussed in more detail later in this report.

During this six-month period, municipal bonds with maturities of ten years and longer generally outperformed those with shorter maturities. Duration and yield curve positioning remained an important factor in the Funds' performances. In general, the Funds were helped by their allocations of long duration bonds, many of which had zero percent coupons, which outperformed the market as a whole for the period.

Credit exposure was another major factor in the Funds' performance during these six months, as lower quality bonds generally outperformed higher quality bonds. This outperformance was due in part to the greater demand for lower rated bonds as investors looked for investment vehicles offering higher yields. As investors became more comfortable taking on additional investment risk, credit spreads, or the difference in yield spreads between U.S. Treasury securities and comparable investments such as

municipal bonds, narrowed through a variety of rating categories. As a result of this spread compression, the Funds generally benefited from their holdings of lower rated credits, especially sub-investment grade bonds. As previously discussed, NRK, which was managed under an insured mandate until January 2012, continued to build exposure to lower rated bonds during this period and thus had a more modest overweight in this market segment than the other New York Funds in this report.

During this period, revenue bonds as a whole outperformed the general municipal market. Holdings that generally made positive contributions to the Funds' returns included industrial development revenue (IDR) credits, health care (together with hospitals) and housing bonds. NYV, in particular, benefited from its overweighting in the health care sector. Tobacco credits backed by the 1998 master tobacco settlement agreement also were among the top performing market sectors for this period, helped by their longer effective durations and the increased demand for higher yielding investments by investors who had become less risk-averse. In addition, based on recent data showing that cigarette sales had fallen less steeply than anticipated, the 46 states participating in the agreement, including New York, stand to receive increased payments from the tobacco companies. During this period, as the tobacco sector rallied, these Funds benefited from their holdings of tobacco credits, with NYV having the heaviest weighting of tobacco bonds. However, the Funds' participation in the rally in this sector was limited by the shorter duration of their tobacco holdings.

In contrast, pre-refunded bonds, which are often backed by U.S. Treasury securities, were the poorest performing market segment during this period. The underperformance of these bonds can be attributed primarily to their shorter effective maturities and higher credit quality. As of March 31, 2013, NRK and NNP had the heaviest weightings in pre-refunded bonds, which hampered their performance, while NYV and NXK held negligible amount of pre-refunded bonds, which lessened the negative impact of these bonds. We continued to hold pre-refunded bonds in our portfolios due to the higher yields they provided. Also lagging the performance of the general municipal market for this period were general obligation (GO) bonds, utilities, and water and sewer credits. In addition, NRK was underweighted in the other revenue sector (i.e., bonds other than GOs and appropriation debt that are backed by tax revenues), which outperformed during this period. This detracted from NRK's performance.

Shareholders also should be aware of an issue involving some of the Funds' holdings, i.e., the downgrades of bonds issued by Puerto Rico. In December 2012, Moody's downgraded Puerto Rico GO bonds to Baa3 from Baa1 based on Puerto Rico's ongoing economic problems, unfunded pension liabilities, elevated debt levels and structural budget gaps. Prior to this reporting period, bonds issued by the Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation (COFINA) also were downgraded by Moody's to Aa3 from Aa2 in July 2012. The downgrade of the COFINA bonds was due mainly to the performance of Puerto Rico's economy and its impact on the projected growth of sales tax revenues, and

not to any sector or structural issues. In addition, the COFINA bonds were able to maintain a higher rating than the GOs because, unlike the revenue streams supporting some Puerto Rican issues, the sales taxes supporting the COFINA bonds cannot be diverted and used to support the commonwealth's GO bonds. All of these Funds have exposure to Puerto Rico bonds, the majority of which are the dedicated sales tax bonds issued by COFINA, but no exposure to Puerto Rico GOs. During this period, we also added to our COFINA holdings in all of the Funds (except NYV) based on the credit strength of these bonds. In addition, NNY, NAN, and NRK hold Puerto Rico tobacco bonds and NRK also has a position in Puerto Rico highway revenue credits insured by AGM. These holdings were generally purchased as part of our efforts to keep the Funds fully invested and to provide higher yields, added diversification, and triple exemption (i.e., exemption from federal, state, and local taxes). For the reporting period ended March 31, 2013, Puerto Rico paper generally underperformed the market as whole. Because most of our holdings were the COFINA bonds, the overall impact on performance was minimal, differing from Fund to Fund in line with the type and amount of its holdings. As we continue to emphasize Puerto Rico's stronger credits, we view the COFINA bonds as long-term holdings and note that the commonwealth's recent enforcement of sales tax collections has improved significantly.

Fund Leverage

IMPACT OF THE FUNDS' LEVERAGE STRATEGIES ON PERFORMANCE

One important factor impacting the return of NNP, NAN, NXX and NRK relative to their benchmarks was the Funds' use of leverage. The Funds use leverage because their manager believes that, over time, leveraging provides opportunities for additional income and total return for common shareholders. However, use of leverage also can expose common shareholders to additional volatility. For example, as the prices of securities held by a Fund decline, the negative impact of these valuation changes on common share net asset value and common shareholder total return is magnified by the use of leverage. Conversely, leverage may enhance common share returns during periods when the prices of securities held by a Fund generally are rising. Leverage had a positive impact on the performance of the Funds over this reporting period.

As of March 31, 2013, the Funds' percentages of effective and regulatory leverage are shown in the accompanying table.

Fund	Effective Leverage*	Regulatory Leverage*
NNY	2.64%	0.00%
NYV	4.96%	0.00%
NNP	34.78%	26.37%
NAN	34.69%	27.42%
NXX	33.77%	27.19%
NRK	36.80%	30.28%

* Effective Leverage is a Fund's effective economic leverage, and includes both regulatory leverage and the leverage effects of certain derivative and other investments in a Fund's portfolio that increase the Fund's investment exposure. Currently, the leverage effects of Tender Option Bond (TOB) inverse floater holdings are included in effective leverage values, in addition to any regulatory leverage. Regulatory leverage consists of preferred shares issued or borrowings of a Fund. Both of these are part of a Fund's capital structure. Regulatory leverage is sometimes referred to as "40 Act Leverage" and is subject to asset coverage limits set forth in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

THE FUNDS REGULATORY LEVERAGE

As of March 31, 2013, the Funds have issued and outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred (VMTP) Shares and Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares as shown in the accompanying tables.

MTP Shares

Fund	Series	MTP Shares Issued at Liquidation Value	Annual Interest Rate	NYSE Ticker
NAN	2015	\$ 30,000,000	2.70%	NAN PrC
NAN	2016	\$ 25,360,000	2.50%	NAN PrD
NXK	2015	\$ 37,890,000	2.55%	NXK PrC
NRK	2015	\$ 27,680,000	2.55%	NRK PrC

VMTP Shares

Fund	Series	VMTP Shares Issued at Liquidation Value
NRK*	2014	\$ 50,700,000

* VMTP Shares issued in connection with the reorganization.

VRDP Shares

Fund	VRDP Shares Issued at Liquidation Value
NNP	\$ 89,000,000
NRK**	\$ 488,800,000

** VRDP Shares issued in connection with the reorganization.

Refer to Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies for further details on MTP, VMTP and VRDP Shares.

Common Share Information

COMMON SHARE DIVIDEND INFORMATION

During the six-month reporting period ended March 31, 2013, the Funds' monthly dividends to common shareholders were as shown in the accompanying table.

	Per Common Share Amounts					
	NNY	NYV	NNP	NAN	NXK	NRK
October	\$ 0.0345	\$ 0.0560	\$ 0.0735	\$ 0.0655	\$ 0.0665	\$ 0.0585
November	0.0345	0.0560	0.0735	0.0655	0.0665	0.0585
December	0.0330	0.0560	0.0710	0.0630	0.0630	0.0570
January	0.0330	0.0560	0.0710	0.0630	0.0630	0.0570
February	0.0330	0.0560	0.0710	0.0630	0.0630	0.0570
March	0.0330	0.0560	0.0710	0.0630	0.0590	0.1080
Long-Term Capital Gain***	\$ 0.0145		\$ 0.0390	\$ 0.0308	\$ 0.0229	\$ 0.0213
Short-Term Capital Gain***	\$ 0.0006					
Ordinary Income Distribution***	\$ 0.0010		\$ 0.0027	\$ 0.0011	\$ 0.0019	
Market Yield****	3.91%	4.32%	5.16%	5.01%	4.81%	4.49%
Taxable-Equivalent Yield****	5.82%	6.43%	7.68%	7.46%	7.16%	6.68%

*** Distribution paid in December 2012.

**** Market Yield is based on the Fund's current annualized monthly dividend divided by the Fund's current market price as of the end of the reporting period. Taxable-Equivalent Yield represents the yield that must be earned on a fully taxable investment in order to equal the yield of the Fund on an after-tax basis. It is based on a combined federal and state income tax rate of 32.8%. When comparing a Fund to investments that generate qualified dividend income, the Taxable-Equivalent Yield is lower.

All of the Funds in this report seek to pay stable dividends at rates that reflect each Fund's past results and projected future performance. During certain periods, each Fund may pay dividends at a rate that may be more or less than the amount of net investment income actually earned by the Fund during the period. If a Fund has cumulatively earned more than it has paid in dividends, it holds the excess in reserve as undistributed net investment income (UNII) as part of the Fund's NAV. Conversely, if a Fund has cumulatively paid dividends in excess of its earnings, the excess constitutes negative UNII that is likewise reflected in the Fund's NAV. Each Fund will, over time, pay all of its net investment income as dividends to shareholders. As of March 31, 2013, all of the Funds in this report had positive UNII balances for tax and financial reporting purposes.

COMMON SHARE REPURCHASES

During November 2012, the Nuveen Funds Board of Directors/Trustees reauthorized the Funds open-market share repurchase program, allowing each Fund to repurchase an aggregate of up to approximately 10% of its outstanding common shares.

As of March 31, 2013, and since the inception of the Funds repurchase programs, the Funds have cumulatively repurchased and retired common shares as shown in the accompanying table. Since the inception of the Funds repurchase programs, NNY, NYV and NAN have not repurchased any of their outstanding common shares.

Fund	Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	% of Common Shares Authorized for Repurchase
NNY		
NYV		
NNP	27,800	3.0%
NAN		
NXK	7,200	0.5%
NRK	6,800	0.5%

During the six-month reporting period, the Funds did not repurchase any of their outstanding common shares.

COMMON SHARE OTHER INFORMATION

As of March 31, 2013, and during the six-month reporting period, the Funds share prices were trading at a premium/(discount) to their common share NAV as shown in the accompanying table.

	NNY	NYV	NNP	NAN	NXK	NRK
Common Share NAV	\$ 10.28	\$ 16.30	\$ 16.49	\$ 15.82	\$ 15.64	\$ 14.91
Common Share Price	\$ 10.12	\$ 15.56	\$ 16.50	\$ 15.09	\$ 14.73	\$ 14.43
Premium/(Discount) to NAV	(1.56)%	(4.54)%	0.06%	(4.61)%	(5.82)%	(3.22)%
12-Month Average Premium/(Discount) to NAV	(0.03)%	(1.78)%	0.31%	(2.67)%	(3.76)%	(0.72)%

Risk Considerations

Fund shares are not guaranteed or endorsed by any bank or other insured depository institution, and are not federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Fund common shares are subject to a variety of risks, including:

Investment, Market and Price Risk. An investment in common shares is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in common shares represents an indirect investment in the municipal securities owned by the Fund, which generally trade in the over-the-counter markets. Shares of closed-end investment companies like these Funds frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value (NAV). Your common shares at any point in time may be worth less than your original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions.

Leverage Risk. Each Fund's use of leverage creates the possibility of higher volatility for the Fund's per share NAV, market price, distributions and returns. There is no assurance that a Fund's leveraging strategy will be successful.

Tax Risk. The tax treatment of Fund distributions may be affected by new IRS interpretations of the Internal Revenue Code and future changes in tax laws and regulations.

Issuer Credit Risk. This is the risk that a security in a Fund's portfolio will fail to make dividend or interest payments when due.

Interest Rate Risk. Fixed-income securities such as bonds, preferred, convertible and other debt securities will decline in value if market interest rates rise.

Reinvestment Risk. If market interest rates decline, income earned from a Fund's portfolio may be reinvested at rates below that of the original bond that generated the income.

Call Risk or Prepayment Risk. Issuers may exercise their option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing a Fund to reinvest in lower-yielding securities.

Inverse Floater Risk. The Funds invest in inverse floaters. Due to their leveraged nature, these investments can greatly increase a Fund's exposure to interest rate risk and credit risk. In addition, investments in inverse floaters involve the risk that the Fund could lose more than its original principal investment.

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	1-Year	Average Annual	
			5-Year	10-Year
NNY at Common Share NAV	0.83%	5.72%	5.92%	4.91%
NNY at Common Share Price	(2.04)%	6.62%	6.28%	5.54%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	5.90%	5.07%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	6.11%	5.15%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	7.01%	5.77%

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares. Comparative index and Lipper return information is provided for the Fund's shares at NAV only. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition¹****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	26.7%
Education and Civic Organizations	15.4%
Tax Obligation/General	9.8%
Health Care	9.6%
Transportation	9.1%
Utilities	7.3%
Water and Sewer	5.4%
Housing/Multifamily	4.0%
Other	12.7%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S.Guaranteed	18%
AA	37%
A	18%
BBB	11%
BB or Lower	7%
N/R	7%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview and Holding Summaries page.

- 1 Holdings are subject to change.
- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	Average Annual 1-Year	Average Annual Since Inception⁵
NYV at Common Share NAV	1.69%	7.57%	8.15%
NYV at Common Share Price	(2.70)%	6.05%	5.86%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	6.60%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	7.12%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	8.18%

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Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition^{1,4}****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	29.3%
Health Care	21.1%
Housing/Multifamily	13.1%
Education and Civic Organizations	11.0%
Transportation	10.5%
Tax Obligation/General	5.7%
Other	9.3%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S.Guaranteed	17%
AA	34%
A	26%
BBB	11%
BB or Lower	4%
N/R	6%

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- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.
- 4 Excluding investments in derivatives.
- 5 Since inception returns are from 4/28/09.

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Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNP)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	Average Annual 1-Year	5-Year	10-Year
NNP at Common Share NAV	0.72%	7.30%	8.03%	6.25%
NNP at Common Share Price	(1.21)%	12.41%	9.98%	7.15%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	5.90%	5.07%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	6.11%	5.15%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	7.01%	5.77%

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares. Comparative index and Lipper return information is provided for the Fund's shares at NAV only. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition¹****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	27.5%
Education and Civic Organizations	15.2%
Health Care	9.9%
Tax Obligation/General	9.5%
Transportation	8.6%
Water and Sewer	6.4%
Utilities	6.4%
U.S. Guaranteed	5.6%
Other	10.9%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S. Guaranteed	21%
AA	39%
A	16%
BBB	9%
BB or Lower	5%
N/R	8%

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- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	1-Year	Average Annual	
			5-Year	10-Year
NAN at Common Share NAV	0.58%	7.63%	7.89%	6.28%
NAN at Common Share Price	(3.14)%	10.19%	8.92%	6.50%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	5.90%	5.07%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	6.11%	5.15%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	7.01%	5.77%

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares. Comparative index and Lipper return information is provided for the Fund's shares at NAV only. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition¹****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	26.0%
Health Care	12.5%
Transportation	12.1%
Education and Civic Organizations	11.6%
Tax Obligation/General	10.8%
Utilities	6.3%
Housing/Multifamily	4.4%
Water and Sewer	4.3%
Other	12.0%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S. Guaranteed	17%
AA	38%
A	18%
BBB	10%
BB or Lower	7%
N/R	8%

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- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.

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Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (NXX)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	1-Year	Average Annual	
			5-Year	10-Year
NXX at Common Share NAV	0.52%	6.98%	7.75%	6.40%
NXX at Common Share Price	(2.47)%	7.11%	8.89%	6.78%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	5.90%	5.07%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	6.11%	5.15%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	7.01%	5.77%

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares. Comparative index and Lipper return information is provided for the Fund's shares at NAV only. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition¹****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	30.4%
Education and Civic Organizations	17.7%
Transportation	13.8%
Tax Obligation/General	9.0%
Health Care	7.6%
Utilities	6.1%
Water and Sewer	4.3%
Other	11.1%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S.Guaranteed	20%
AA	31%
A	21%
BBB	13%
BB or Lower	6%
N/R	8%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview and Holding Summaries page.

- 1 Holdings are subject to change.
- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (NRK)**Performance Overview and Holding Summaries as of March 31, 2013****Average Annual Total Returns as of March 31, 2013**

	Cumulative 6-Month	1-Year	Average Annual	
			5-Year	10-Year
NRK at Common Share NAV	(0.76)%	3.19%	5.99%	5.58%
NRK at Common Share Price	(2.98)%	5.44%	7.36%	5.32%
S&P Municipal Bond New York Index	1.00%	5.30%	5.90%	5.07%
S&P Municipal Bond Index	1.26%	5.80%	6.11%	5.15%
Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average	0.89%	7.96%	7.01%	5.77%

Past performance is not predictive of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than the data shown. Returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that shareholders may have to pay on Fund distributions or upon the sale of Fund shares. Comparative index and Lipper return information is provided for the Fund's shares at NAV only. Indexes and Lipper averages are not available for direct investment.

Common Share Price Performance Weekly Closing Price**Portfolio Composition¹****(as a % of total investments)**

Tax Obligation/Limited	39.6%
Education and Civic Organizations	17.5%
Tax Obligation/General	7.9%
Utilities	7.3%
Transportation	7.1%
U.S. Guaranteed	5.9%
Water and Sewer	5.7%
Other	9.0%

Credit Quality^{1,2,3}**(as a % of total investment exposure)**

AAA/U.S. Guaranteed	24%
AA	47%
A	17%
BBB	15%
BB or Lower	3%
N/R	2%

Refer to the Glossary of Terms Used in this Report for further definition of the terms used within this Fund's Performance Overview and Holding Summaries page.

- 1 Holdings are subject to change.
- 2 Ratings shown are the highest rating given by one of the following national rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Group, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Fitch, Inc. Credit ratings are subject to change. AAA, AA, A and BBB are investment grade ratings; BB, B, CCC, CC, C and D are below-investment grade ratings. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by these national rating agencies.
- 3 Percentages may not add to 100% due to the exclusion of Other Assets Less Liabilities from the table.

20 Nuveen Investments

NRK

Shareholder Meeting Report

NQN**NVN**

A special meeting of shareholders was held in the offices of Nuveen Investments on November 27, 2012; at this meeting the shareholders were asked to vote on the approval of an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization and the approval of the issuance of additional common shares. The meeting was subsequently adjourned to December 14, 2012. The meeting for NUN, NNF, NQN, NVN and NKO was subsequently adjourned to January 24, 2013. The meeting for NNF was additionally adjourned to January 28, 2013.

	NRK		NQN		NVN	
	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares
To approve an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.						
For		1,449,371	8,917,011	1,107	11,981,830	1,590
Against		143,073	683,759		938,838	
Abstain		13,528	449,512	16	798,325	58
Total		1,605,972	10,050,282	1,123	13,718,993	1,648

To approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each Reorganization.

For	3,127,701	1,680,330
Against	249,515	104,442
Abstain	124,193	110,665
Total	3,501,409	1,895,437

NUN Shareholder Meeting Report (continued)

NNF

NKO

	NUN		NNF		NKO	
	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares	Common and Preferred shares voting together as a class	Preferred shares
To approve an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization.						
For	12,092,242	1,558	4,293,918	507	4,008,141	348
Against	1,026,258		236,888		323,632	
Abstain	970,194	59	169,575		160,538	42
Total	14,088,694	1,617	4,700,381	507	4,492,311	390

To approve the issuance of additional common shares in connection with each Reorganization.

For	
Against	
Abstain	

Total

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc.

NNY

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 1.5% (1.5% of Total Investments)				
\$ 275	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 286,979
1,950	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	2,054,852
2,225	Total Consumer Discretionary			2,341,831
Consumer Staples 2.0% (2.0% of Total Investments)				
150	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	146,496
1,375	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	1,377,420
365	Puerto Rico, The Children's Trust Fund, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, 5.375%, 5/15/33	5/13 at 100.00	BBB+	369,110
95	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	5/13 at 100.00	A3	94,064
810	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006: 4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	815,403
345	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	341,043
3,140	Total Consumer Staples			3,143,536
Education and Civic Organizations 15.3% (15.4% of Total Investments)				
275	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School,	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	287,295

	Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31			
415	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BB+	406,476
1,350	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,617,449
750	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	879,705
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,253
1,175	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,206,619
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/34 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	N/R	1,136,710
505	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NCFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	543,683
525	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	587,160
280	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	309,358
2,170	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	2,260,164
265	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	283,017
880	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	993,793
1,000	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John Fisher College, Series 2011: 6.000%, 6/01/30	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,151,780
1,000	6.000%, 6/01/34	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,133,600
3,000	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds,	7/21 at 100.00	AA	3,323,580

University of Rochester Project, Series 2011B,
5.000%, 7/01/41

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 245	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	\$ 250,696
260	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	271,957
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/39 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,527,120
1,175	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,175,717
1,610	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,625,875
800	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPFGB Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	814,488
170	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	180,404
1,345	Tompkins County Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Ithaca College, Series 2011, 5.375%, 7/01/41 AGM Insured	1/21 at 100.00	A2	1,516,434
300	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	328,443
22,085	Total Education and Civic Organizations			23,904,776
	Financials 1.3% (1.3% of Total Investments)			
400	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	468,816
1,305	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds	No Opt. Call	A	1,582,365

Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37

1,705	Total Financials			2,051,181
	Health Care 9.6% (9.6% of Total Investments)			
990	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Saint Peter's Hospital, Series 2008D, 5.750%, 11/15/27	11/17 at 100.00	A3	1,122,789
1,005	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,065,260
995	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, New York Hospital Medical Center of Queens, Series 2007, 4.650%, 8/15/27	2/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,077,685
700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	750,666
1,825	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,950,086
350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26	7/20 at 100.00	A2	386,799
380	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	420,561
2,350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006-1, 5.000%, 7/01/35	7/16 at 100.00	AA	2,575,154
1,405	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,502,395
2,100	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	2,453,598
290	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series 2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30	5/13 at 100.00	BB	290,305
280	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	285,662
260	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	266,344

24 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Health Care (continued)				
\$ 295	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	\$ 334,055
500	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John s Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	7/13 at 100.00	B+	500,805
13,725	Total Health Care			14,982,164
Housing/Multifamily 4.0% (4.0% of Total Investments)				
315	East Syracuse Housing Authority, New York, FHA-Insured Section 8 Assisted Revenue Refunding Bonds, Bennet Project, Series 2001A, 6.700%, 4/01/21	10/13 at 100.00	AA+	315,958
1,690	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25 FGIC Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	1,830,456
1,000	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1, 5.500%, 11/01/34	5/19 at 100.00	AA	1,102,780
1,250	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009M, 5.150%, 11/01/45	5/19 at 100.00	AA	1,339,550
405	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Secured Mortgage Program Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2001E, 5.600%, 8/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.00	Aa1	405,879
1,225	Westchester County Industrial Development Agency, New York, GNMA Collateralized Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds, Living Independently for the Elderly Inc., Series 2001A, 5.375%, 8/20/21	8/13 at 100.00	Aaa	1,240,692
5,885	Total Housing/Multifamily			6,235,315
Housing/Single Family 1.4% (1.4% of Total Investments)				
950	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	969,912

360	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	380,779
750	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aaa	758,310
2,060	Total Housing/Single Family			2,109,001
Long-Term Care 2.9% (3.0% of Total Investments)				
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, W.K. Nursing Home Corporation, Series 1996, 6.125%, 2/01/36	8/13 at 100.00	AAA	2,008,400
435	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	471,758
270	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	264,074
135	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005, 5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	125,811
135	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	135,284
315	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	316,421
820	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1, 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	805,962
235	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008-B1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	230,199
225	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facilities Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2008-C1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	220,403
4,570	Total Long-Term Care			4,578,312

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
\$ 240	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 246,398
	Tax Obligation/General 9.8% (9.8% of Total Investments)			
4,760	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2008 Series D, 5.125%, 12/01/25	12/17 at 100.00	AA	5,572,532
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2010 Series C, 5.000%, 8/01/23	8/19 at 100.00	AA	2,427,180
20	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.250%, 8/15/16	8/14 at 100.00	AA	21,361
625	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004E, 5.000%, 11/01/19 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	670,569
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured	9/15 at 100.00	AA	2,217,280
2,795	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007A, 5.000%, 8/01/25	8/16 at 100.00	AA	3,160,307
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012, 5.000%, 4/01/26	4/22 at 100.00	AA	1,184,850
13,200	Total Tax Obligation/General			15,254,079
	Tax Obligation/Limited 26.6% (26.7% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,030,200
395	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Department of Health Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.250%, 7/01/24 CIFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	434,117
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Second General Resolution Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993A:			

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1,000	5.750%, 7/01/18		No Opt. Call	AA	1,151,230
1,400	6.000%, 7/01/20		No Opt. Call	AA	1,743,448
15	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21	AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	16,339
1,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 2009B, 5.000%, 11/15/34		11/19 at 100.00	AA	1,674,810
560	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34		1/15 at 100.00	BBB	565,852
740	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/25	NPFG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	791,474
550	5.000%, 10/15/26	NPFG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	587,901
1,890	5.000%, 10/15/29	AMBAC Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,011,811
1,200	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28	FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	1,344,612
1,500	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2009-S5, 5.250%, 1/15/39		1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,722,585
4,075	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1, 5.000%, 2/01/42		2/22 at 100.00	AAA	4,557,550
25	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23	FGIC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AAA	25,099
1,530	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27		11/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,762,178
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21		3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,042,450
2,100	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)		12/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,434,194
840	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36		9/15 at 100.00	AAA	914,138
1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21	AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	1,107,920

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 1,175	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,342,214
2,450	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	3,086,265
	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1:			
1,800	5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,815,534
2,000	5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,017,040
1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,009,250
600	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Special Project Revenue Bonds, University Facilities Grants, Series 1995, 5.875%, 1/01/21	No Opt. Call	AA	767,586
2,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	3/21 at 100.00	AAA	2,299,040
5,500	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A, 0.000%, 8/01/33	8/29 at 100.00	A+	4,328,665
38,845	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			41,583,502
	Transportation 9.1% (9.1% of Total Investments)			
2,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33	11/17 at 100.00	A	2,769,650
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46 (5)	10/17 at 102.00	N/R	632,400
1,100	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	BB	1,099,934
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	N/R	1,105,000
700	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds,	1/16 at 100.00	A3	771,862

	Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)				
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006, 5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	B	991,500	
660	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	726,198	
165	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	175,560	
400	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	431,856	
500	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/13 at 100.00	Baa2	505,640	
1,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/28 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,091,730	
435	5.000%, 12/01/31 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	470,605	
325	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.812%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	497,874	
225	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	248,384	
1,160	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,358,754	
780	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E: 5.500%, 11/15/20 NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	A+	989,914	
335	5.250%, 11/15/22 NPFG Insured	11/22 at 100.00	A+	336,394	
13,785	Total Transportation			14,203,255	

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNY

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	U.S. Guaranteed Investments (6)			
\$ 1,625	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Judicial Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds, Suffolk County Issue, Series 1986, 7.375%, 7/01/16 (ETM)	No Opt. Call	Aaa	\$ 1,812,574
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	506,790
260	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)	283,819
25	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Suffolk County, Lease Revenue Bonds, Judicial Facilities, Series 1991A, 9.500%, 4/15/14 FGIC Insured (ETM)	10/13 at 100.81	Baa1 (6)	26,452
350	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District, Series 2004, 5.750%, 5/01/26 (Pre-refunded 5/01/14) AGM Insured	5/14 at 100.00	AA (6)	371,021
960	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Commuter Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B, 5.000%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured (ETM)	5/13 at 100.00	N/R (6)	1,002,653
730	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (Pre-refunded 8/15/14)	8/14 at 100.00	Aa2 (6)	780,428
375	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004E, 5.000%, 11/01/19 (Pre-refunded 11/01/14) AGM Insured	11/14 at 100.00	Aa2 (6)	403,264
4,825	Total U.S. Guaranteed			5,187,001
	Utilities (7.3% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	1,115,000

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90	Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/22 at 100.00	BBB	99,132
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:			
1,500	5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,662,840
1,500	5.000%, 12/01/24 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,658,910
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 12/01/35 CIFG Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	269,693
1,510	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2009A, 5.700%, 4/01/30	4/19 at 100.00	A	1,789,773
1,650	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	1,790,943
1,000	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	A	1,007,020
1,320	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 11/01/42	No Opt. Call	BB+	1,360,603
25	Power Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 11/15/19 FGIC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	Aa2	27,975
575	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequoque Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998, 5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	574,977
10,420	Total Utilities			11,356,866

28 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer Investments 5.4% (5.4% of Total)			
\$ 2,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series 2008A, 5.750%, 6/15/40	No Opt. Call	AAA	\$ 2,364,080
4,440	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44	12/21 at 100.00	AA+	4,899,407
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2012B, 5.000%, 2/15/42	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	1,136,080
7,440	Total Water and Sewer			8,399,567
\$ 144,150	Total Investments (cost \$145,046,470) 99.7%			155,576,784
	Floating Rate Obligations (2.1)%			(3,255,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 2.4%			3,775,759
	Net Assets 100%			\$ 156,097,543

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a fixed-income security, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issue is not likely to meet its future interest payment obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.
- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- N/R Not rated.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB)

Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 – General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2

NYV

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Consumer Staples 4.2% (4.2% of Total Investments)			
\$ 1,350	District of Columbia Tobacco Settlement Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001, 6.500%, 5/15/33	No Opt. Call	Baa1	\$ 1,599,291
	Education and Civic Organizations 10.8% (11.0% of Total Investments)			
1,200	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BB+	1,175,352
380	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 12/01/19	No Opt. Call	BBB	415,272
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2007, 5.000%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	Aa2	1,110,610
65	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	67,989
4,895	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project PILOT, Series 2009A, 0.000%, 3/01/40 AGC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,387,684
7,540	Total Education and Civic Organizations			4,156,907
	Financials 0.9% (0.9% of Total Investments)			
300	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	351,612
	Health Care 20.8% (21.1% of Total Investments)			
290	Albany Capital Resource Corporation, New York, St. Peter's Hospital Project, Series 2011, 6.000%,	11/20 at 100.00	A3	349,766

	11/15/25			
700	Delaware County Hospital Authority, Indiana, Hospital Revenue Bonds, Cardinal Health System, Series 2006, 5.000%, 8/01/24	8/16 at 100.00	Baa2	750,162
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	534,270
50	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26	7/20 at 100.00	A2	55,257
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997, 5.500%, 7/01/27 RAAI Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A3	1,001,280
85	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	94,073
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3	1,580,190
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2009A, 5.500%, 5/01/37	5/19 at 100.00	A	1,699,725
1,010	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A	1,098,961
725	Illinois Finance Authority, Revenue Bonds, OSF Healthcare System, Series 2007A, 5.750%, 11/15/37	11/17 at 100.00	A	794,955
7,360	Total Health Care			7,958,639

Housing/Multifamily 12.9% (13.1% of Total Investments)

1,500	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, FNMA Backed Progress of Peoples Development Multifamily Rental Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 4.950%, 5/15/36 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/15 at 100.00	AA+	1,546,215
1,800	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004-H2, 5.125%, 11/01/34 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/14 at 100.00	AA	1,835,928

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Housing/Multifamily (continued)				
\$ 1,000	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, 5.250%, 11/01/41	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	\$ 1,073,100
450	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, 4.500%, 11/01/29	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	488,619
4,750	Total Housing/Multifamily			4,943,862
Tax Obligation/General 5.7% (5.7% of Total Investments)				
1,500	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series J1, 5.000%, 5/15/36	5/19 at 100.00	AA	1,707,585
400	Yonkers, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 10/01/24 AGM Insured	10/21 at 100.00	AA	459,908
1,900	Total Tax Obligation/General			2,167,493
Tax Obligation/Limited 28.9% (29.3% of Total Investments)				
1,200	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Education Series 2009A, 5.000%, 3/15/38	3/19 at 100.00	AAA	1,359,348
1,200	Guam Government, Limited Obligation Section 30 Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, 5.750%, 12/01/34	12/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,327,440
1,710	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	1,819,437
750	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/26 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	801,683
1,000	5.000%, 10/15/32 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,062,530
1,500	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2009-S5, 5.250%, 1/15/39	1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,722,585
25	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C, 5.500%, 11/01/35	11/20 at 100.00	AAA	29,578
1,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 09-6W, 13.825%, 3/15/37 (IF) (4)	3/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,349,280
1,500	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate	8/19 at 100.00	A+	1,612,995

Series 2009A, 6.000%, 8/01/42					
9,885	Total Tax Obligation/Limited				11,084,876
Transportation 10.4% (10.5% of Total Investments)					
New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005:					
500	7.500%, 8/01/16 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R	531,850	
500	7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	573,755	
New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.750%, 10/01/37 (5)					
2,000		10/17 at 100.00	N/R	843,340	
New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44					
155		11/21 at 100.00	A+	170,547	
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010:					
180	6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	198,707	
140	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	163,988	
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2008A, 5.000%, 11/15/33					
1,325		5/18 at 100.00	AA	1,497,568	
4,800	Total Transportation				3,979,755
U.S. Guaranteed 0.6% (0.6% of Total Investments) (6)					
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Bonds, ProHealth Care, Inc. Obligated Group, Series 2009, 6.625%, 2/15/32 (Pre-refunded 2/18/14)					
225		2/14 at 100.00	A+(6)	237,623	

Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (continued)

NYV

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Utilities 1.0% (1.0% of Total Investments)			
\$ 25	Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/22 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 27,537
330	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 11/01/42	No Opt. Call	BB+	340,151
355	Total Utilities			367,688
	Water and Sewer 2.6% (2.6% of Total Investments)			
900	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44	12/21 at 100.00	AA+	993,123
\$ 39,365	Total Investments (cost \$32,705,238) 98.8%			37,840,869
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 1.2% (7)			467,070
	Net Assets 100%			\$ 38,307,939

Investments in Derivatives as of March 31, 2013

Swaps outstanding:

Counterparty	Fund Notional Amount	Pay/Receive	Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Fixed Rate (Annualized)	Fixed Rate Payment Frequency	Effective Date (8)	Termination Date (7)	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) (7)
Barclays Bank PLC	\$ 2,750,000	Receive	3-Month	USD-LIBOR	3.190%	Semi-Annually	4/30/14	4/30/34	\$(81,419)

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.

- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in derivatives and/or inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a fixed-income security, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issue is not likely to meet its future interest payment obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.
- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (7) Other Assets Less Liabilities includes the Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of derivative instruments as listed within Investments in Derivatives as of the end of the reporting period.
- (8) Effective date represents the date on which both the Fund and Counterparty commence interest payment accruals on each forward swap contract.
- N/R Not rated.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- USD-LIBOR United States Dollar-London Inter-Bank Offered Rate.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc.

NNP

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 0.3% (0.2% of Total Investments)				
\$ 685	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 714,839
Consumer Staples 2.4% (1.6% of Total Investments)				
310	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	302,758
915	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	916,610
235	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	5/13 at 100.00	A3	232,685
2,140	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006:			
930	4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	2,154,274
500	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	919,333
1,050	5.000%, 6/01/34	6/16 at 100.00	B+	453,240
	5.125%, 6/01/42	6/16 at 100.00	B+	928,001
6,080	Total Consumer Staples			5,906,901
Education and Civic Organizations 22.2% (15.2% of Total Investments)				
655	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	684,285
925	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BB+	906,001
1,000	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,198,940

	Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.375%, 7/15/43				
1,630	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,911,892	
1,285	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 1998B, 5.000%, 9/15/13	5/13 at 100.00	BBB	1,287,531	
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,253	
2,815	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	2,890,752	
2,120	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2001-1, 5.500%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,681,079	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/29 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	N/R	1,152,850	
1,215	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NPMG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	1,308,069	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 7/01/41	7/21 at 100.00	Aa2	1,113,930	
2,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Columbia University, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 10/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AAA	2,879,525	
2,100	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Marymount Manhattan College, Series 2009, 5.250%, 7/01/29	7/19 at 100.00	Baa2	2,226,630	
875	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	978,600	
5,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2007, 5.000%, 7/01/32 AMBAC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	AA	5,575,650	
290	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2009A, 5.000%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	AA	328,123	

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	\$ 2,270,940
640	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	707,104
925	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Project, Series 2007-A2, 4.500%, 8/01/36	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	943,408
3,880	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	4,041,214
635	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	678,174
1,885	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	2,128,749
1,260	Madison County Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Colgate University Project, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	AA	1,405,366
580	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	593,485
560	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	585,754
2,515	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/39 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	2,560,471
2,300	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	2,301,403

	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006:				
3,855	4.500%, 3/01/39	FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	3,893,010
1,000	4.750%, 3/01/46	NPFG Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,018,110
	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%,				
420	10/01/27		10/17 at 100.00	BBB	445,704
	St. Lawrence County Industrial Development Agency Civic Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Clarkson University				
1,750	Project, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 9/01/41		3/22 at 100.00	A3	1,940,488
	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40				
1,425			9/20 at 100.00	A	1,560,104
	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Sarah Lawrence College Project, Series 2001A				
660	Remarketed, 6.000%, 6/01/41		6/19 at 100.00	BBB+	740,560
50,790	Total Education and Civic Organizations				55,031,154

Financials 1.3% (0.9% of Total Investments)

	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35				
1,000			No Opt. Call	A	1,172,040
	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37				
1,740			No Opt. Call	A	2,109,820
2,740	Total Financials				3,281,860

Health Care 14.4% (9.9% of Total Investments)

	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York , Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Refunding Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/36				
1,000			7/17 at 100.00	A	1,055,370
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29				
1,235		FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,309,051
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22				
1,700		FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,823,046
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes				
8,500	Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31		8/15 at 100.00	N/R	9,082,590

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
\$ 350	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.000%, 7/01/26	7/20 at 100.00	A2	\$ 386,799
805	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	890,926
5,590	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	AA	6,125,578
2,575	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	2,753,499
1,800	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3	1,892,502
3,750	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	4,381,425
500	Dutchess County Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Health Quest System Inc, Series 2010A, 5.750%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	589,595
710	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	724,356
625	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A: 5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	640,250
2,730	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	3,091,425
1,100	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John's Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	7/13 at 100.00	B+	1,101,771
32,970	Total Health Care			35,848,183
	Housing/Multifamily 5.2% (3.6% of Total Investments)			
4,530	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program	7/15 at 100.00	AA	4,906,488

Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25
NPF (UB) (4)

	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.500%, 11/01/34 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	AA	5,029
5				
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 11/01/30	5/14 at 100.00	AA	1,530,900
1,500				
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	371,848
345				
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.300%, 11/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	2,110,320
2,000				
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	Aa2	2,159,520
2,000				
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	723,258
690				
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Secured Mortgage Program Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 1999I, 6.200%, 2/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.00	Aa1	1,102,508
1,100				
12,170	Total Housing/Multifamily			12,909,871

Housing/Single Family 3.2% (2.2% of Total Investments)

	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	2,343,103
2,295				
	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%, 10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1	763,628
735				
	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	899,062
850				

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Housing/Single Family (continued)			
\$ 2,475	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 97, 5.500%, 4/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	Aa1	\$ 2,478,119
1,490	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aaa	1,506,509
7,845	Total Housing/Single Family			7,990,421
	Long-Term Care 3.2% (2.2% of Total Investments)			
1,070	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	1,160,415
645	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	630,842
50	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005: 5.125%, 7/01/30 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	49,320
425	5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	396,070
1,615	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York, Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,631,231
355	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	355,746
795	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	798,585
1,965	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1: 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,931,359
755	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	739,575
340	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	333,054

	Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008-B1, 5.800%, 7/01/23			
8,015	Total Long-Term Care			8,026,197
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
575		12/13 at 100.00	BBB	590,330
	Tax Obligation/General 14.0% (9.5% of Total Investments)			
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%, 12/01/26 (UB)			
10,000		12/17 at 100.00	AA	11,662,500
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series E, 5.000%, 8/01/28			
400		8/19 at 100.00	AA	475,060
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured			
3,000		9/15 at 100.00	AA	3,325,920
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2006J-1, 5.000%, 6/01/25 (UB)			
6,400		6/16 at 100.00	AA	7,198,848
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)			
1,800		8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,921,266
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012: 5.000%, 4/01/26			
4,365		4/22 at 100.00	AA	5,171,870
	5.000%, 4/01/29			
1,915		4/22 at 100.00	AA	2,217,819
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004E, 5.000%, 11/01/19 AGM Insured (UB)			
2,500		11/14 at 100.00	AA	2,682,275
30,380	Total Tax Obligation/General			34,655,558

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited Investments) 40.2% (27.5% of Total)			
\$ 2,400	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/01/23	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	\$ 2,467,200
345	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993B, 6.000%, 7/01/14 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	357,520
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvements, Series 2005D-1, 5.000%, 8/15/23 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	AA	1,080,090
2,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, State University Educational Facilities, Series 1993A, 5.875%, 5/15/17 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,916,975
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, General Purpose Series 2011C: 5.000%, 3/15/34	No Opt. Call	AAA	1,128,270
4,500	5.000%, 3/15/41	3/21 at 100.00	AAA	5,026,856
35	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	38,124
2,700	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Senior Fiscal 2012 Series 2011A, 5.750%, 2/15/47	2/21 at 100.00	A	3,166,263
500	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	532,000
2,175	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, State Service Contract Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, 5.750%, 7/01/18	No Opt. Call	AA	2,688,431
1,680	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,697,556
2,670	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/25 NPMFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,855,725
2,125	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPMFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,271,434
2,475	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,634,514
3,100	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28 FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	3,473,581

	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1:				
1,570	5.000%, 2/01/35	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	1,793,207	
1,915	5.000%, 2/01/37	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	2,177,757	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23				
45		5/13 at 100.00	AAA	45,178	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27				
3,640		11/17 at 100.00	AAA	4,192,370	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 3545, 13.763%, 5/01/32 (IF)				
2,400		5/19 at 100.00	AAA	3,395,256	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C, 5.500%, 11/01/35				
2,500		11/20 at 100.00	AAA	2,957,750	
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, SubSeries 2011D-1, 5.000%, 2/01/28				
2,800		No Opt. Call	AAA	3,257,660	
	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41				
1,000		4/21 at 100.00	AA	1,203,480	
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21				
1,000		3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,042,450	
	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)				
5,000		12/17 at 100.00	AAA	5,795,700	
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36				
2,030		9/15 at 100.00	AAA	2,209,168	

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,107,920
2,800	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	3,198,468
5,600	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	7,054,320
1,600	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	1,877,456
6,700	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1, 5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	6,757,821
3,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	3,027,750
1,045	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	1,085,671
9,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A: 0.000%, 8/01/33	8/29 at 100.00	A+	7,083,270
1,950	5.500%, 8/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	A+	2,004,054
21,400	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Senior Series 2011C, 0.000%, 8/01/39	No Opt. Call	AA	4,862,936
10,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, 0.000%, 8/01/45 NPMF Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,516,000
117,200	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			99,980,181

Transportation 12.5% (8.6% of Total Investments)					
1,500	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/15/15	FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	A	1,673,160
2,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34		11/20 at 100.00	A	2,219,800
2,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46 (5)		10/17 at 102.00	N/R	843,200
1,985	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)		6/13 at 100.00	BB	1,984,881
1,550	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)		1/16 at 100.00	A3	1,709,123
1,420	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44		11/21 at 100.00	A+	1,562,426
215	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30	AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	228,760
1,100	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30	AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	1,187,604
3,380	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, 5.000%, 1/01/42		1/22 at 100.00	A+	3,715,262
1,000	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29	NPFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/13 at 100.00	Baa2	1,011,280
2,300	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005:				
	5.000%, 12/01/28	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	2,510,979
1,080	5.000%, 12/01/31	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,168,398
770	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.812%, 8/15/32	AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	1,179,578

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Transportation (continued)			
\$ 1,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41	1/21 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,113,440
520	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	574,044
2,500	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	2,928,350
2,040	Puerto Rico Ports Authority, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, American Airlines Inc., Series 1996A, 6.250%, 6/01/26 (Alternative Minimum Tax) (5)	6/13 at 100.00	N/R	2,228,700
995	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E, 5.250%, 11/15/22 NPFQ Insured	5/13 at 100.00	A+	999,139
1,750	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.325%, 5/15/16 (IF)	No Opt. Call	AA	2,206,225
29,105	Total Transportation			31,044,349
	U.S. Guaranteed 8.2% (5.6% of Total Investments) (6)			
1,250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	1,266,975
900	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	912,105
655	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)	715,005
5,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 1998A, 4.500%, 4/01/18 (Pre-refunded 10/01/15) FGIC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA+ (6)	5,511,150
255	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)	278,361
1,600	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Series	No Opt. Call	AA+ (6)	1,954,576

	1993B, 5.000%, 1/01/20 (ETM)			
	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, General Purpose Revenue Bonds, Series			
7,500	1999B, 5.500%, 1/01/30 (Pre-refunded 1/01/22)	1/22 at 100.00	AA+ (6)	9,735,525
17,160	Total U.S. Guaranteed			20,373,697
Utilities 9.4% (6.4% of Total Investments)				
	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series			
2,200	2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	2,453,000
185	Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/22 at 100.00	BBB	203,772
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:			
3,100	5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	3,436,536
3,100	5.000%, 12/01/24 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	3,428,414
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A,			
3,380	5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	3,668,720
	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	A	2,316,146
	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 11/01/42	No Opt. Call	BB+	2,829,436
	Power Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 11/15/19 FGIC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	Aa2	917,572
	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequogue Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998, 5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	3,999,840
21,830	Total Utilities			23,253,436

Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (continued)

NNP

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer 9.4% (6.4% of Total Investments)			
\$ 1,995	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	\$ 2,117,673
3,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2010 Series 2009BB, 5.000%, 6/15/27	6/19 at 100.00	AA+	3,575,910
12,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44	12/21 at 100.00	AA+	13,241,640
3,840	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2010C, 5.000%, 10/15/35	4/20 at 100.00	AAA	4,383,437
20,835	Total Water and Sewer			23,318,660
\$ 358,380	Total Investments (cost \$337,110,589)	146.1%		362,925,637
	Floating Rate Obligations	(13.9)%		(34,645,000)
	Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value	(35.8)% (7)		(89,000,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities	3.6%		9,181,669
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	100%		\$ 248,462,306

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.

- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a fixed-income security, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issue is not likely to meet its future interest payment obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.
- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (7) Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 24.5%.
- N/R Not rated.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund

NAN

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Consumer Discretionary 3.1% (2.1% of Total Investments)				
\$ 950	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 991,382
3,350	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	3,530,130
4,300	Total Consumer Discretionary			4,521,512
Consumer Staples 3.0% (2.0% of Total Investments)				
205	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	200,211
725	Puerto Rico, The Children's Trust Fund, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, 5.375%, 5/15/33	5/13 at 100.00	BBB+	733,164
135	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	5/13 at 100.00	A3	133,670
720	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006:	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	724,802
2,625	4.750%, 6/01/22 5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	2,594,891
4,410	Total Consumer Staples			4,386,738
Education and Civic Organizations 17.2% (11.6% of Total Investments)				
380	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	396,990
550	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter	4/17 at 100.00	BB+	538,703

	Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37 Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	2,066,740
1,725				
	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,131,887
965				
	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	124,337
120				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,678,998
1,635				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2003B, 5.250%, 7/01/32 (Mandatory put 7/01/13) SYNCORA GTY Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,012,990
1,000				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NPFPG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	759,003
705				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	782,880
700				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	1,135,470
1,000				
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph s College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	751,298
680				
	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Project, Series 2007-A2, 4.500%, 8/01/36	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	1,662,437
1,630				
	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	1,354,015
1,300				
	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	395,156
370				
	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University Project, Series 2009B, 5.250%, 2/01/39	2/19 at 100.00	A	274,375
250				

1,085	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,225,301
330	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	337,673
			Nuveen Investments	41

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 335	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	\$ 350,407
160	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/36 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	163,670
1,000	5.000%, 1/01/39 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,018,080
1,630	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,630,994
2,240	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	2,262,086
1,000	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPFG Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,018,110
1,000	New York City Trust for Cultural Resources, New York, Revenue Bonds, Whitney Museum of American Art, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/31	1/21 at 100.00	A	1,110,780
245	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	259,994
1,050	St. Lawrence County Industrial Development Agency Civic Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Clarkson University Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 9/01/33	3/22 at 100.00	A3	1,197,998
535	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	585,723
23,620	Total Education and Civic Organizations			25,226,095
	Financials 2.3% (1.6% of Total Investments)			
1,100	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	1,289,244
1,740	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37	No Opt. Call	A	2,109,820

2,840 Total Financials 3,399,064

Health Care 18.4% (12.5% of Total Investments)					
995	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Hospital Revenue Bonds, Memorial Hospital of William F. and Gertrude F. Jones Inc., Series 1999, 5.250%, 8/01/19 NPFG Insured	8/13 at 100.00	Baa2	999,080	
625	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/01/29 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	662,475	
3,600	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	3,846,744	
200	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.200%, 7/01/32	7/20 at 100.00	A2	219,692	
1,505	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997: 5.500%, 7/01/17 RAAI Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A3	1,508,958	
2,000	5.500%, 7/01/27 RAAI Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A3	2,002,560	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/41	5/21 at 100.00	A	1,115,700	
3,160	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	AA	3,462,760	
1,245	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,331,303	
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 11/01/34	11/16 at 100.00	A3	1,051,390	
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A	2,176,160	
750	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	876,285	
420	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue	5/13 at 100.00	BB	420,441	

Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series
2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30

42 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A:			
\$ 410	5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 418,290
360	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	368,784
	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, FHA Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Unity Hospital of Rochester Project, Series 2010, 5.750%, 8/15/35			
715		2/21 at 100.00	Aa2	858,450
	New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York, Health System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.250%, 2/15/22			
1,750	AMBAC Insured	4/13 at 100.00	A+	1,755,950
	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28			
470		7/21 at 100.00	A	532,223
	Yates County Industrial Development Agency, New York, FHA-Insured Civic Facility Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Hospital, Series 1999A, 5.650%, 2/01/39			
2,460		8/13 at 100.00	N/R	2,485,855
	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John s Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31			
950		7/13 at 100.00	B+	951,530
25,615	Total Health Care			27,044,630
	Housing/Multifamily 6.6% (4.4% of Total Investments)			
	Canton Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Student Housing Facility Revenue Bonds, Grasse River LLC at SUNY Canton Project Series 2010A, 5.000%, 5/01/40			
400		5/20 at 100.00	AA	435,152
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25			
2,585	NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	2,799,839
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 11/01/30			
750		5/14 at 100.00	AA	765,450
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009J, 4.800%, 5/01/36			
4,000		5/19 at 100.00	AA	4,264,840

290	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	312,568
600	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, 4.500%, 11/01/29	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	651,492
405	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	424,521
9,030	Total Housing/Multifamily			9,653,862
Housing/Single Family 2.6% (1.8% of Total Investments)				
645	Guam Housing Corporation, Mortgage-Backed Securities Program Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A, 5.750%, 9/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	No Opt. Call	N/R	692,911
1,350	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%, 4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	1,378,296
430	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%, 10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1	446,749
495	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%, 10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	523,571
755	New York State Mortgage Agency, Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Thirty-Third Series A, 4.750%, 4/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aaa	763,365
3,675	Total Housing/Single Family			3,804,892
Long-Term Care 4.8% (3.2% of Total Investments)				
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Nursing Home Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Gurwin Jewish Geriatric Center of Long Island, Series 2005A, 4.900%, 2/15/41	2/15 at 100.00	AA	2,109,520
585	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	634,433
375	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	366,769
250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005, 5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	232,983

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Long-Term Care (continued)			
\$ 960	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York, Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	\$ 969,648
175	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2000, 8.125%, 7/01/19	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	175,368
440	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	441,984
1,140	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series 2008A-1: 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,120,483
635	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	622,027
325	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Michael Malotz Skilled Nursing Pavilion, Series 1999, 5.450%, 2/01/29 NPF Insured	8/13 at 100.00	Baa2	325,611
6,885	Total Long-Term Care			6,998,826
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
330	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	338,798
	Tax Obligation/General 15.9% (10.8% of Total Investments)			
6,590	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%, 12/01/25 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AA	7,714,913
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2010 Series C, 5.000%, 8/01/23	8/19 at 100.00	AA	2,427,180
980	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series I, 5.000%, 8/01/32	8/22 at 100.00	AA	1,127,833

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3,700	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007A, 5.000%, 8/01/25	8/16 at 100.00	AA	4,183,590
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)	8/14 at 100.00	AA	1,067,370
3,300	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012: 5.000%, 4/01/26	4/22 at 100.00	AA	3,910,005
1,025	5.000%, 4/01/29	4/22 at 100.00	AA	1,187,083
720	Rochester, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999: 5.250%, 10/01/18 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	870,070
720	5.250%, 10/01/19 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	882,418
20,035	Total Tax Obligation/General			23,370,462
Tax Obligation/Limited 38.5% (26.0% of Total Investments)				
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,030,200
590	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Department of Health Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.250%, 7/01/24 CIFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	648,428
1,850	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Secured Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds, Wyckoff Heights Medical Center, Series 1998H, 5.300%, 8/15/21 NPFPG Insured	8/13 at 100.00	AA	1,857,585
3,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, General Purpose Series 2011C, 5.000%, 3/15/41	3/21 at 100.00	AAA	3,351,240
10	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	10,893
1,130	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/15 at 100.00	BBB	1,141,809
1,100	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/25 NPFPG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,176,516
810	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPFPG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	865,817
2,375	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	2,528,069
2,100	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28 FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	2,353,071
840	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1: 5.000%, 2/01/35	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	959,423
1,025	5.000%, 2/01/37	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	1,165,640

44 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 30	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23 FGIC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AAA	\$ 30,119
2,115	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27	11/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,435,951
2,500	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C: 5.500%, 11/01/35	11/20 at 100.00	AAA	2,957,750
2,000	5.000%, 11/01/39	11/20 at 100.00	AAA	2,234,440
1,000	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, SubSeries 2011D-1, 5.250%, 2/01/30	2/21 at 100.00	AAA	1,177,160
4,000	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AA	4,813,915
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21	3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,042,450
2,920	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/26 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AAA	3,391,317
1,190	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36	9/15 at 100.00	AAA	1,295,029
1,000	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	1,107,920
1,625	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	1,856,254
3,400	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	4,282,980
510	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 3/15/29	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	598,439
4,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1: 5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	4,034,520
2,000	5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,017,040

1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,009,250
1,330	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 09-6W, 13.825%, 3/15/37 (IF) (4)	3/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,794,542
3,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A, 0.000%, 8/01/33	8/29 at 100.00	A+	2,361,090
4,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Senior Series 2011C, 0.000%, 8/01/39	No Opt. Call	AA	908,960
54,450	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			56,437,817

Transportation 18.0% (12.1% of Total Investments)

2,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/15/25 AGM Insured	11/13 at 100.00	AA	2,054,740
3,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33	11/17 at 100.00	A	3,323,580
1,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34	11/20 at 100.00	A	1,109,900
1,560	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2012C, 5.000%, 11/15/41	11/22 at 100.00	A	1,722,318
1,750	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	2,008,143
200	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007: 5.750%, 10/01/37 (5)	10/17 at 100.00	N/R	84,334
2,000	5.875%, 10/01/46 (5)	10/17 at 102.00	N/R	843,200

Nuveen Investments 45

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (continued)

NAN

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Transportation (continued)			
\$ 105	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	BB	\$ 104,994
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	N/R	1,105,000
900	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	992,394
410	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 5/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	B	409,975
1,000	5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	B	991,500
845	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	929,754
160	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	170,240
700	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	755,748
845	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, 5.000%, 1/01/42	1/22 at 100.00	A+	928,816
500	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPMFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/13 at 100.00	Baa2	505,640
1,300	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005: 5.000%, 12/01/28 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	1,419,249
615	5.000%, 12/01/31 SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	665,338

440	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.812%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	674,045
2,000	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41	1/21 at 100.00	AA	2,226,880
290	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010: 6.500%, 12/01/28	12/15 at 100.00	BBB	320,140
1,470	6.000%, 12/01/36	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,721,870
1,000	Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.325%, 5/15/16 (IF)	No Opt. Call	AA	1,260,700
25,090	Total Transportation			26,328,498
U.S. Guaranteed 1.7% (1.1% of Total Investments) (6)				
500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	506,790
600	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	608,070
175	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)	191,032
550	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District, Series 2004, 5.750%, 5/01/26 (Pre-refunded 5/01/14) AGM Insured	5/14 at 100.00	AA (6)	583,033
535	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Commuter Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B, 5.000%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured (ETM)	5/13 at 100.00	N/R (6)	558,770
2,360	Total U.S. Guaranteed			2,447,695
Utilities 9.3% (6.3% of Total Investments)				
1,300	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	1,449,500
110		10/22 at 100.00	BBB	121,162

Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series
2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34

Long Island Power Authority, New York,
Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series
2006A:

2,500	5.000%, 12/01/23	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	2,771,400
500	5.000%, 12/01/24	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	552,970

46 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Utilities (continued)			
\$ 5,135	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	\$ 5,573,632
1,400	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	A	1,409,828
1,665	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 11/01/42	No Opt. Call	BB+	1,716,215
12,610	Total Utilities			13,594,707
	Water and Sewer 6.3% (4.3% of Total Investments)			
1,185	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	1,257,866
2,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2010 Series 2009BB, 5.000%, 6/15/27	6/19 at 100.00	AA+	2,383,940
4,875	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds Revenue Bonds, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority Projects, Second Resolution Series 2011B, 5.000%, 6/15/41	6/21 at 100.00	AAA	5,581,826
8,060	Total Water and Sewer			9,223,632
\$ 203,310	Total Investments (cost \$202,438,639) 147.9%			216,777,228
	Floating Rate Obligations (11.9)%			(17,465,000)
	MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value (37.8)% (7)			(55,360,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 1.8%			2,608,091
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares 100%			\$ 146,560,319

(1)

All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.

- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a fixed-income security, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issuer is not likely to meet its future interest payment obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.
- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (7) MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 25.5%.
- N/R Not rated.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2

NXX

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Consumer Discretionary 2.7% (1.9% of Total Investments)			
\$ 700	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Liberty Revenue Bonds, IAC/InterActiveCorp, Series 2005, 5.000%, 9/01/35	9/15 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 730,492
1,950	Seneca Nation of Indians Capital Improvements Authority, New York, Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 12/01/23	6/17 at 100.00	BB	2,054,852
2,650	Total Consumer Discretionary			2,785,344
	Consumer Staples 2.5% (1.7% of Total Investments)			
205	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	200,211
455	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	455,801
85	Rensselaer Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, New York, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2001A, 5.200%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	84,163
540	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006: 4.750%, 6/01/22	6/16 at 100.00	BBB	543,602
835	5.000%, 6/01/26	6/16 at 100.00	BB	825,423
500	5.000%, 6/01/34	6/16 at 100.00	B+	453,240
2,620	Total Consumer Staples			2,562,440
	Education and Civic Organizations 26.0% (17.7% of Total Investments)			
260	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Albany Law School,	7/17 at 100.00	BBB	271,625

	Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/31			
380	Albany Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Brighter Choice Charter Schools, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 4/01/37	4/17 at 100.00	BB+	372,195
1,225	Brooklyn Arena Local Development Corporation, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Barclays Center Project, Series 2009, 6.250%, 7/15/40	1/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,467,685
670	Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, New York, Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Enterprise Charter School Project, Series 2011A, 7.500%, 12/01/40	12/20 at 100.00	BBB	785,870
90	Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Bonaventure University, Series 2006, 5.000%, 5/01/23	5/16 at 100.00	BBB	93,253
1,125	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Manhattan College, Series 2007A, 5.000%, 7/01/41 RAAI Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	1,155,274
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/29 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	N/R	1,152,850
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, New York Medical College, Series 1998, 5.000%, 7/01/21 NPFG Insured	7/13 at 100.00	Baa2	2,006,920
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2003B, 5.250%, 7/01/32 (Mandatory put 7/01/13) SYNCORA GTY Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,012,990
485	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NPFG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	522,151
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 7/01/41	7/21 at 100.00	Aa2	1,670,895
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 7/01/42	7/22 at 100.00	Aa2	1,135,900
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Columbia University, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 10/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AAA	2,303,620
175	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	195,720
2,000		7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	2,270,940

Dormitory Authority of the State of New York,
 Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt,
 Cornell University, Series 2010A, 5.000%,
 7/01/40

280	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, St. Joseph's College, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Baa1	309,358
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48 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 1,835	Dutchess County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bard College Refunding, Series 2007-A1, 5.000%, 8/01/46	8/17 at 100.00	Baa1	\$ 1,911,244
265	Hempstead Town Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Adelphi University, Civic Facility Project, Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/35	10/15 at 100.00	A	283,017
1,475	Hempstead Town Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Molloy College Project, Series 2009, 5.750%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	BBB+	1,665,732
890	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John Fisher College, Series 2011, 6.000%, 6/01/30	6/21 at 100.00	BBB+	1,025,084
245	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, St. Francis College, Series 2004, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/14 at 100.00	A	250,696
230	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	240,578
1,120	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006, 4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,120,683
1,460	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	1,474,396
750	4.750%, 3/01/46 NPMG Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	763,583
170	Seneca County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Revenue Bonds, New York Chiropractic College, Series 2007, 5.000%, 10/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	BBB	180,404
300	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	328,443
340	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Sarah Lawrence College Project, Series 2001A Remarketed, 6.000%, 6/01/41	6/19 at 100.00	BBB+	381,500
24,270	Total Education and Civic Organizations			26,352,606
	Financials 2.1% (1.5% of Total Investments)			
500		No Opt. Call	A	586,020

	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35			
1,305	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarters Revenue Bonds Series 2007, 5.500%, 10/01/37	No Opt. Call	A	1,582,365
1,805	Total Financials			2,168,385
Health Care 11.2% (7.6% of Total Investments)				
1,620	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22 FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,737,256
1,700	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31	8/15 at 100.00	N/R	1,816,518
150	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Highland Hospital of Rochester Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.200%, 7/01/32	7/20 at 100.00	A2	164,769
375	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Franciscan Health Partnership Obligated Group Frances Shervier Home and Hospital, Series 1997, 5.500%, 7/01/17 - RAAI Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A3	375,986
340	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37	12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	376,292
2,300	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2006, 5.000%, 7/01/35 (UB)	7/16 at 100.00	AA	2,520,363
465	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	497,234
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2007B, 5.625%, 7/01/37	7/17 at 100.00	A	1,632,120
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, NYU Hospitals Center, Series 2011A, 6.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	A	1,168,380

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

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Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
\$ 290	Livingston County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Nicholas H. Noyes Hospital, Series 2005, 6.000%, 7/01/30	5/13 at 100.00	BB	\$ 290,305
	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Oneida Health System, Series 2007A:			
275	5.250%, 2/01/27	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	280,561
250	5.500%, 2/01/32	2/17 at 100.00	BBB	256,100
	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, St. John's Riverside Hospital, Series 2001A, 7.125%, 7/01/31	7/13 at 100.00	B+	215,346
10,480	Total Health Care			11,331,230
	Housing/Multifamily 0.9% (0.6% of Total Investments)			
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.250%,			
500	11/01/30	5/14 at 100.00	AA	510,300
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%,			
70	11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	75,447
	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue, Series 2007A,			
290	5.250%, 11/01/38 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	11/17 at 100.00	Aa2	303,978
860	Total Housing/Multifamily			889,725
	Housing/Single Family 1.6% (1.1% of Total Investments)			
	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 130, 4.650%,			
950	4/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	4/15 at 100.00	Aa1	969,912
295	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 145, 5.125%,	4/17 at 100.00	Aa1	306,490

	10/01/37 (Alternative Minimum Tax)			
	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 148, 5.200%,			
340	10/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/17 at 100.00	Aa1	359,625
1,585	Total Housing/Single Family			1,636,027
	Long-Term Care 5.4% (3.7% of Total Investments)			
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%,			
440	2/15/41	2/17 at 103.00	AA+	477,180
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Rehabilitation Association Pooled Loan Program 1, Series			
2,120	2001A, 5.000%, 7/01/23 AMBAC Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A2	2,143,850
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Non-State Supported Debt, Ozanam Hall of Queens Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series			
255	2006, 5.000%, 11/01/31	11/16 at 100.00	Ba3	249,403
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Providence Rest, Series 2005:			
50	5.125%, 7/01/30 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	49,320
175	5.000%, 7/01/35 ACA Insured	7/15 at 100.00	N/R	163,088
	East Rochester Housing Authority, New York, Senior Living Revenue Bonds, Woodland Village Project, Series 2006, 5.500%, 8/01/33			
665		8/16 at 101.00	N/R	671,683
	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
310	2001A-1, 7.250%, 7/01/16	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	311,398
	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
355	2008A-1: 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	348,922
440	5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	431,011
	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program, Series			
430	2008-B1, 5.500%, 7/01/18	7/16 at 100.00	N/R	422,638
	Yonkers Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facilities Revenue Bonds, Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program Bonds, Series			
170	2008-C1, 5.800%, 7/01/23	7/16 at 101.00	N/R	166,527
5,410	Total Long-Term Care			5,435,020

50 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Materials 0.2% (0.2% of Total Investments)			
\$ 230	Jefferson County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds, International Paper Company Project, Series 2003A, 5.200%, 12/01/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	12/13 at 100.00	BBB	\$ 236,132
	Tax Obligation/General 13.2% (9.0% of Total Investments)			
4,540	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2007 Series D-1, 5.125%, 12/01/25 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AA	5,314,978
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series F, 5.000%, 8/01/31	2/22 at 100.00	AA	1,147,160
45	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 1998H, 5.375%, 8/01/27 NPMG Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	45,173
2,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005F-1, 5.000%, 9/01/19 SYNCORA GTY Insured	9/15 at 100.00	AA	2,217,280
2,600	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2006J-1, 5.000%, 6/01/25 (UB)	6/16 at 100.00	AA	2,924,532
750	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004C-1, 5.250%, 8/15/16 (UB)	8/14 at 100.00	AA	800,528
835	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012, 5.000%, 4/01/29	4/22 at 100.00	AA	967,039
11,770	Total Tax Obligation/General			13,416,690
	Tax Obligation/Limited 44.6% (30.4% of Total Investments)			
1,000	Battery Park City Authority, New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Senior Lien Series 2003A, 5.250%, 11/01/21	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,030,200
3,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, General Purpose Series 2012D, 5.000%, 2/15/31	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	3,460,830
5	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	5,446
2,000	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Senior Fiscal 2012 Series 2011A, 5.750%, 2/15/47	2/21 at 100.00	A	2,345,380
5,000	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 2/15/47	2/17 at 100.00	A	5,320,000

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560	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34	1/15 at 100.00	BBB	565,852
1,425	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 10/15/26 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,523,197
1,140	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A: 5.000%, 10/15/25- NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,219,298
835	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	892,540
750	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	798,338
1,300	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28 FGIC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	AA	1,456,663
680	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1: 5.000%, 2/01/35	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	776,676
835	5.000%, 2/01/37	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	949,570
15	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 2/01/23	5/13 at 100.00	AAA	15,059
1,200	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/01/30	5/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,357,488
1,460	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007C-1, 5.000%, 11/01/27	11/17 at 100.00	AAA	1,681,555
3,775	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Refunding Subordinate Lien Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/01/25	5/20 at 100.00	AAA	4,518,029

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

NXK

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
\$ 1,000	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.750%, 4/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AA	\$ 1,203,480
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 3/15/21	3/14 at 100.00	AA	1,042,450
2,020	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.000%, 12/15/27 (UB)	12/17 at 100.00	AAA	2,341,463
840	New York State Housing Finance Agency, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Economic Development and Housing, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 3/15/36	9/15 at 100.00	AAA	914,138
1,125	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2007, 5.000%, 4/01/27	10/17 at 100.00	AA	1,285,099
2,300	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	No Opt. Call	AA	2,897,310
2,100	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1, 5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,117,892
1,000	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,009,250
3,500	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A, 0.000%, 8/01/33	8/29 at 100.00	A+	2,754,605
8,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Senior Series 2011C, 0.000%, 8/01/39	No Opt. Call	AA	1,817,920
47,865	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			45,299,728
2,500	Transportation (20.3% (13.8% of Total Investments))	11/17 at 100.00	A	2,769,650

	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/15/33			
1,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D, 5.000%, 11/15/34	11/20 at 100.00	A	1,109,900
1,250	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, American Airlines-JFK International Airport Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 7.750%, 8/01/31 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/16 at 101.00	N/R	1,434,388
1,500	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Bronx Parking Development Company, LLC Project, Series 2007, 5.875%, 10/01/46 (5)	10/17 at 102.00	N/R	632,400
125	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, British Airways PLC, Series 1998, 5.250%, 12/01/32 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	6/13 at 100.00	BB	124,993
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, JFK Airport American Airlines Inc., Series 2002B, 8.500%, 8/01/28 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	8/13 at 100.50	N/R	1,105,000
650	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Terminal One Group JFK Project, Series 2005, 5.500%, 1/01/24 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	1/16 at 100.00	A3	716,729
45	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 5/15/20 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	B	44,997
750	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, JetBlue Airways Corporation Project, Series 2006: 5.125%, 5/15/30 (Alternative Minimum Tax)	5/13 at 100.00	B	743,625
585	New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44	11/21 at 100.00	A+	643,676
300	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G, 5.000%, 1/01/30 AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	323,892
3,400	Niagara Frontier Airport Authority, New York, Airport Revenue Bonds, Buffalo Niagara International Airport, Series 1999A, 5.625%, 4/01/29 NPFG Insured (Alternative Minimum Tax)	10/13 at 100.00	Baa2	3,438,352

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value	
Transportation (continued)					
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005:					
\$ 1,000	5.000%, 12/01/28	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	\$ 1,091,730
280	5.000%, 12/01/31	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	302,918
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.812%, 8/15/32 AGM Insured (IF)					
310			8/17 at 100.00	AA	474,895
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Sixty Sixth Series 2011, 5.000%, 1/15/41					
2,000			1/21 at 100.00	AA	2,226,880
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Special Project Bonds, JFK International Air Terminal LLC Project, Eighth Series 2010:					
210	6.500%, 12/01/28		12/15 at 100.00	BBB	231,825
1,030	6.000%, 12/01/36		12/20 at 100.00	BBB	1,206,480
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E, 5.500%, 11/15/20 NPFQ Insured					
780			No Opt. Call	A+	989,914
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Tender Option Bond Trust 1184, 9.325%, 5/15/16 (IF)					
750			No Opt. Call	AA	945,525
19,465	Total Transportation				20,557,769
U.S. Guaranteed 0.6% (0.4% of Total Investments) (6)					
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Winthrop-South Nassau University Hospital Association, Series 2003A, 5.500%, 7/01/32 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)					
500			7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (6)	506,725
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured					
120			3/15 at 100.00	AA (6)	130,993
620	Total U.S. Guaranteed				637,718
Utilities 9.0% (6.1% of Total Investments)					
Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34					
75			10/22 at 100.00	BBB	82,610
Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:					

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1,700	5.000%, 12/01/23	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,884,552
1,700	5.000%, 12/01/24	FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	1,880,098
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series				
250	2006B, 5.000%, 12/01/35	CIFG Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	269,693
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A:				
1,000	5.000%, 5/01/36	AGM Insured	5/21 at 100.00	AA	1,104,510
1,000	5.000%, 5/01/38		5/21 at 100.00	A	1,085,420
	Nassau County Industrial Development Authority, New York, Keyspan Glenwood Energy Project, Series 2003, 5.250%, 6/01/27 (Alternative Minimum Tax)				
900			6/13 at 100.00	A	906,318
	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012A, 5.250%, 11/01/42				
1,125			No Opt. Call	BB+	1,159,605
	Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Nissequogue Cogeneration Partners Facility, Series 1998, 5.500%, 1/01/23 (Alternative Minimum Tax)				
750			7/13 at 100.00	N/R	749,970
8,500	Total Utilities				9,122,776

Nuveen Investments 53

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (continued)

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Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer 6.4% (4.3% of Total Investments)			
\$ 820	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, 5.625%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Ba2	\$ 870,422
4,875	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds Revenue Bonds, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority Projects, Second Resolution Series 2011B, 5.000%, 6/15/41	6/21 at 100.00	AAA	5,581,826
5,695	Total Water and Sewer			6,452,248
\$ 143,825	Total Investments (cost \$139,560,284)	146.7%		148,883,838
	Floating Rate Obligations (12.0)%			(12,150,000)
	MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value (37.3)% (7)			(37,890,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities 2.6%			2,637,290
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	100%		\$ 101,481,128

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) At or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, this security is non-income producing. Non-income producing security, in the case of a fixed-income security, generally denotes that the issuer has (1) defaulted on the payment of principal or interest, (2) is under the protection of the Federal Bankruptcy Court or (3) the Fund's Adviser has concluded that the issue is not likely to meet its future interest payment

- obligations and has directed the Fund's custodian to cease accruing additional income on the Fund's records.
- (6) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.
- (7) MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 25.4%.
- N/R Not rated.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund

NRK

Portfolio of Investments

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Consumer Staples 2.6% (1.7% of Total Investments)			
\$ 1,210	New York Counties Tobacco Trust II, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2001, 5.250%, 6/01/25	6/13 at 100.00	A3	\$ 1,181,734
2,290	New York Counties Tobacco Trust III, Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds, Series 2003, 5.750%, 6/01/33	6/13 at 100.00	A1	2,294,030
975	Puerto Rico, The Children's Trust Fund, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, 5.375%, 5/15/33	5/13 at 100.00	BBB+	985,979
32,925	TSASC Inc., New York, Tobacco Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006, 5.125%, 6/01/42	6/16 at 100.00	B+	29,099,444
37,400	Total Consumer Staples			33,561,187
	Education and Civic Organizations 26.6% (17.5% of Total Investments)			
1,475	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, 853 Schools Program Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Anne Institute, Issue 2, Series 1998E, 5.000%, 7/01/18 AMBAC Insured	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	1,480,236
1,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2001-1: 5.500%, 7/01/24 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,950,270
4,000	5.500%, 7/01/40 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	5,245,040
9,400	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Saint Johns University, Series 2007A, 5.250%, 7/01/32 NPFQ Insured	7/17 at 100.00	A	10,528,564
4,265	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Housing Revenue Bonds, Fashion Institute of Technology, Series 2007, 5.250%, 7/01/34 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	N/R	4,848,068
6,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Mount Sinai School of	No Opt. Call	A	6,913,140

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	Medicine, Series 1994A, 5.150%, 7/01/24 NPGF Insured			
7,780	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, New York Medical College, Series 1998, 5.000%, 7/01/21 NPGF Insured	7/13 at 100.00	Baa2	7,806,919
10,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2003B, 5.250%, 7/01/32 (Mandatory put 7/01/13) SYNCORA GTY Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	10,129,900
6,660	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/29 NPGF Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Aa2	7,170,156
10,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 7/01/31 NPGF Insured	7/16 at 100.00	Aa2	10,951,400
6,215	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2009A, 5.000%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	Aa2	6,872,485
7,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 7/01/41	7/21 at 100.00	Aa2	8,354,475
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, State University Dormitory Facilities, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 7/01/42	7/22 at 100.00	Aa2	1,135,900
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Barnard College, Series 2007A: 5.000%, 7/01/25 FGIC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	2,243,860
2,525	5.000%, 7/01/37 FGIC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	N/R	2,716,572
1,150	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Canisius College, Series 2005, 5.000%, 7/01/21 NPGF Insured	7/15 at 100.00	Baa2	1,195,713
19,180	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Columbia University, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 10/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AAA	22,091,716
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Convent of the Sacred Heart, Series 2011: 5.625%, 11/01/35 AGM Insured	5/21 at 100.00	AA	1,155,830
5,980	5.750%, 11/01/40 AGM Insured	5/21 at 100.00	AA	6,959,703
3,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Fordham University, Series 2008B, 5.000%, 7/01/38 AGC Insured	7/18 at 100.00	A2	3,286,050
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Marymount Manhattan College, Series 2009, 5.250%, 7/01/29	7/19 at 100.00	Baa2	1,060,300

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

NRK

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Education and Civic Organizations (continued)			
\$ 875	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New School University, Series 2010, 5.250%, 7/01/30	7/20 at 100.00	A	\$ 978,600
3,250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 1998A, 6.000%, 7/01/18 NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	4,074,623
3,415	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2007, 5.000%, 7/01/32 AMBAC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	AA	3,808,169
10,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2009A: 5.250%, 7/01/34	7/19 at 100.00	AA	11,757,800
3,890	5.000%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	AA	4,401,379
13,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2009B, 5.000%, 7/01/39	7/19 at 100.00	AA	15,274,710
3,115	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York University, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 7/01/32	7/22 at 100.00	AA	3,611,126
2,800	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2008C, 5.000%, 7/01/37	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	3,197,012
5,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Non State Supported Debt, Cornell University, Series 2010A: 5.000%, 7/01/35	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	5,726,600
14,795	5.000%, 7/01/40	7/20 at 100.00	Aa1	16,799,279
2,500	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Rochester Institute of Technology, Series 2006A: 5.250%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	A1	3,059,550
2,000	5.250%, 7/01/21 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	A1	2,466,780
1,250	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, University of Rochester, Refunding Series 2009A, 5.125%, 7/01/39	No Opt. Call	AA	1,413,200
6,435	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State and Local Appropriation Lease Bonds,	7/15 at 100.00	AA	7,012,026

	Upstate Community Colleges, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/19 FGIC Insured			
1,000	Dutchess County Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Marist College Project, Series 2013A, 5.000%, 7/01/39	7/23 at 100.00	A2	1,110,530
5,520	Madison County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Colgate University, Tender Option Bond Trust 3127, 13.261%, 1/01/14 AMBAC Insured (IF)	No Opt. Call	AA+	6,102,139
7,250	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Horace Mann School, Series 1998, 5.000%, 7/01/28 NPMFG Insured	7/13 at 100.00	Baa2	7,274,433
4,775	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Trinity Episcopal School, Series 1997, 5.250%, 6/15/27 NPMFG Insured	6/13 at 100.00	Baa2	4,790,567
3,155	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds, Vaughn College of Aeronautics, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 12/01/28	12/16 at 100.00	BB+	3,300,098
1,000	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Payment in Lieu of Taxes Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2009: 6.125%, 1/01/29 AGC Insured	1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,156,410
1,000	6.375%, 1/01/39 AGC Insured	1/19 at 100.00	AA	1,159,550
6,815	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Queens Baseball Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 1/01/31 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	7,021,426
5,000	5.000%, 1/01/36 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	5,114,700
1,030	4.750%, 1/01/42 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	1,030,628
11,000	5.000%, 1/01/46 AMBAC Insured	1/17 at 100.00	Ba1	11,179,850
4,730	New York City Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project PILOT, Series 2009A, 7.000%, 3/01/49 AGC Insured	3/19 at 100.00	AA	5,829,347
4,280	New York City Industrial Development Authority, New York, PILOT Revenue Bonds, Yankee Stadium Project, Series 2006: 5.000%, 3/01/31 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	4,463,612
31,650	5.000%, 3/01/36 NPMFG Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	32,801,427
20,210	4.500%, 3/01/39 FGIC Insured	9/16 at 100.00	BBB	20,409,271

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Education and Civic Organizations (continued)				
\$ 6,560	New York City Trust for Cultural Resources, New York, Revenue Bonds, American Museum of Natural History, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 7/01/36 NPPG Insured	7/14 at 100.00	AA	\$ 6,846,278
3,400	New York City Trust for Cultural Resources, New York, Revenue Bonds, Whitney Museum of American Art, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/31	1/21 at 100.00	A	3,776,652
600	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Niagara University Project, Series 2012A: 5.000%, 5/01/35	5/22 at 100.00	BBB+	653,688
1,000	5.000%, 5/01/42	5/22 at 100.00	BBB+	1,086,280
1,750	Onondaga Civic Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Le Moyne College Project, Series 2012, 5.000%, 7/01/42	7/22 at 100.00	Baa2	1,877,890
1,000	Onongada County Trust For Cultural Resources, New York, Revenue Bonds, Syracuse University Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 12/01/36	12/21 at 100.00	Aa3	1,143,100
1,390	Tompkins County Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Ithaca College, Series 2011: 5.500%, 7/01/33 AGM Insured	1/21 at 100.00	A2	1,598,250
1,000	5.250%, 7/01/36 AGM Insured	1/21 at 100.00	A2	1,124,810
4,000	5.375%, 7/01/41 AGM Insured	1/21 at 100.00	A2	4,509,840
3,700	Troy Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Series 2010A, 5.125%, 9/01/40	9/20 at 100.00	A	4,050,797
317,270	Total Education and Civic Organizations			347,088,724
Financials 1.6% (1.1% of Total Investments)				
18,400	Liberty Development Corporation, New York, Goldman Sachs Headquarter Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 5.250%, 10/01/35	No Opt. Call	A	21,565,536
Health Care 6.8% (4.5% of Total Investments)				
5,315	Albany Capital Resource Corporation, New York, St. Peter's Hospital Project, Series 2011, 6.125%, 11/15/30	11/20 at 100.00	A3	6,373,854
2,495	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Hospital Revenue Bonds, Hospital for Special Surgery, Series 2009, 6.250%, 8/15/34	8/19 at 100.00	AA+	3,031,250

	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Hospital Revenue Bonds, St. Barnabas Hospital, Series 2002A:				
2,800	5.125%, 2/01/22	AMBAC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	2,809,744
3,000	5.000%, 2/01/31	AMBAC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	3,009,540
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Hudson Valley Hospital Center, Series 2007,				
8,230	5.000%, 8/15/27	AGM Insured	8/17 at 100.00	AA	9,296,197
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Hospital, Series 2004:				
9,330	5.000%, 8/01/29	FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	9,889,427
425	5.000%, 8/01/33	FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	449,344
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, Montefiore Medical Center, Series 2005, 5.000%, 2/01/22				
8,035		FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	N/R	8,616,573
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, FHA-Insured Revenue Bonds, St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital, Series 2005, 4.900%, 8/15/31				
2,250			8/15 at 100.00	N/R	2,404,215
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, North Shore Long Island Jewish Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/41				
5,000			5/21 at 100.00	A	5,578,500
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Orange Regional Medical Center Obligated Group Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, 6.250%, 12/01/37				
2,000			12/18 at 100.00	Ba1	2,213,480
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Health Quest System Inc., Series 2007B:				
3,865	5.250%, 7/01/27	AGC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	AA	4,408,264
3,500	5.125%, 7/01/37	AGC Insured	7/17 at 100.00	AA	3,868,375
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, New York and Presbyterian Hospital, Series 2004A, 5.250%, 8/15/15				
9,825		AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	10,506,069
	Dutchess County Local Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Health Quest System Inc, Series 2010A, 5.750%, 7/01/40				
900		AGM Insured	7/20 at 100.00	A	1,042,812

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

NRK

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Health Care (continued)			
\$ 1,875	Monroe County Industrial Development Corporation, New York, FHA Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Unity Hospital of Rochester Project, Series 2010, 5.750%, 8/15/35	2/21 at 100.00	Aa2	\$ 2,251,181
6,540	Suffolk County Economic Development Corp / Nassau County Local Economic Assistance & Financing Corp., New York, Revenue Bonds, Catholic Health Services of Long Island Obligated Group Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 7/01/28	7/21 at 100.00	A	7,405,831
4,850	Westchester County Health Care Corporation, New York, Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2010-C2, 6.125%, 11/01/37	11/20 at 100.00	A3	5,729,354
80,235	Total Health Care			88,884,010
	Housing/Multifamily 2.6% (1.7% of Total Investments)			
	Canton Capital Resource Corporation, New York, Student Housing Facility Revenue Bonds, Grasse River LLC at SUNY Canton Project Series 2010A:			
1,000	5.000%, 5/01/40	5/20 at 100.00	AA	1,087,880
1,000	5.000%, 5/01/45 AGM Insured	5/20 at 100.00	AA	1,088,540
	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A:			
4,600	5.000%, 7/01/14 FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	4,855,990
4,600	5.000%, 7/01/16 FGIC Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	5,058,206
18,865	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 7/01/25 NPFG Insured (UB) (4)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	20,432,870
1,040	New York City Housing Development Corporation, New York, Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D-1A, 5.000%, 11/01/42	5/20 at 100.00	AA	1,120,933
450	New York State Housing Finance Agency, Affordable Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, 4.500%, 11/01/29	5/19 at 100.00	Aa2	488,619

New York State Housing Finance Agency,
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Housing
Project, Series 1996A:

70	6.100%, 11/01/15	AGM Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	70,339
390	6.125%, 11/01/20	AGM Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	390,987
32,015	Total Housing/Multifamily				34,594,364

**Long-Term Care 0.1% (0.0% of Total
Investments)**

800	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, GNMA Collateralized Revenue Bonds, Cabrini of Westchester Project, Series 2006, 5.200%, 2/15/41		2/17 at 103.00	AA+	867,600
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**Tax Obligation/General 12.0% (7.9% of Total
Investments)**

3,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, School Districts Revenue Bond Financing Program, Peekskill City School District, Series 2005D, 5.000%, 10/01/33		NPFG Insured	10/15 at 100.00	Aa3	3,236,340
2,500	Erie County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004B, 5.250%, 4/01/13		NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	A2	2,500,947
2,000	Erie County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.000%, 12/01/18		NPFG Insured	12/15 at 100.00	A2	2,183,500
1,000	Nassau County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, General Improvement Series 2009C, 5.000%, 10/01/29		AGC Insured	10/19 at 100.00	AA	1,122,160
210	Nassau County, New York, General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 1993H, 5.500%, 6/15/16		NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	A+	240,710
1,200	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series E, 5.000%, 8/01/28			8/19 at 100.00	AA	1,425,180
3,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2010 Series C, 5.000%, 8/01/23			8/19 at 100.00	AA	3,640,770
7,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series F, 5.000%, 8/01/31			2/22 at 100.00	AA	8,030,120
1,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series I: 5.000%, 8/01/30			8/22 at 100.00	AA	1,157,870
2,000	5.000%, 8/01/31			8/22 at 100.00	AA	2,308,720
5,000	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2013 Series A-1: 5.000%, 10/01/28			10/22 at 100.00	AA	5,860,300
2,000	5.000%, 10/01/32			No Opt. Call	AA	2,306,420
3,300	5.000%, 10/01/33			10/22 at 100.00	AA	3,790,941

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/General (continued)			
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2013 Series C:			
\$ 4,610	5.000%, 8/01/25	8/22 at 100.00	AA	\$ 5,520,521
7,190	5.000%, 8/01/28	8/22 at 100.00	AA	8,407,986
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal 2013 Series F-1:			
3,600	5.000%, 3/01/33	3/23 at 100.00	AA	4,155,480
3,400	5.000%, 3/01/31 (WI/DD, Settling 4/04/13)	3/23 at 100.00	AA	3,944,238
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 1998H:			
135	5.125%, 8/01/25 NPMG Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	135,548
70	5.375%, 8/01/27 NPMG Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	70,270
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2001D:			
5	5.250%, 8/01/15 AGM Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	5,021
5	5.000%, 8/01/16 FGIC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	5,020
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005J, 5.000%, 3/01/19			
10,330	FGIC Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA	11,230,260
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Fiscal Series 2006C, 5.000%, 8/01/16			
750	AGM Insured	8/15 at 100.00	AA	828,968
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011D-I, 5.000%, 10/01/29			
9,885		10/21 at 100.00	AA	11,387,915
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Subseries G-1 Fiscal Series 2012:			
8,700	5.000%, 4/01/26	4/22 at 100.00	AA	10,308,195
6,225	5.000%, 4/01/29	4/22 at 100.00	AA	7,209,359
	New York City, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004E:			
12,550	5.000%, 11/01/19 AGM Insured (UB)	11/14 at 100.00	AA	13,465,022
7,850	5.000%, 11/01/20 AGM Insured (UB)	11/14 at 100.00	AA	8,422,344
	Pavilion Central School District, Genesee County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005:			
1,650	5.000%, 6/15/16 AGM Insured	6/15 at 100.00	AA	1,791,669
1,815	5.000%, 6/15/18 AGM Insured	6/15 at 100.00	AA	1,992,434
	Rensselaer County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 1991:			
960	6.700%, 2/15/16 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,121,318
960	6.700%, 2/15/17 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,170,950
960	6.700%, 2/15/18 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,210,483
960	6.700%, 2/15/19 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,248,442
960	6.700%, 2/15/20 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,280,794
747	6.700%, 2/15/21 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,016,757
	Rochester, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999:			

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735	5.250%, 10/01/20	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	909,842
735	5.250%, 10/01/21	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	917,648
730	5.250%, 10/01/22	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	914,960
730	5.250%, 10/01/23	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	905,740
730	5.250%, 10/01/24	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	916,376
730	5.250%, 10/01/25	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	917,902
725	5.250%, 10/01/26	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	911,985
	Three Village Central School District, Brookhaven and Smithtown, Suffolk County, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series				
1,145	2005, 5.000%, 6/01/18	FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa2	1,371,321
	West Islip Union Free School District, Suffolk County, New York, General Obligation Bonds,				
1,620	Series 2005, 5.000%, 10/01/16	AGM Insured	10/15 at 100.00	Aa3	1,800,711
	Yonkers, New York, General Obligation Bonds,				
7,635	Series 2005A, 5.000%, 8/01/16	NPFG Insured	8/15 at 100.00	BBB+	8,261,681
	Yonkers, New York, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005B:				
2,190	5.000%, 8/01/19	NPFG Insured	8/15 at 100.00	BBB+	2,329,919
2,305	5.000%, 8/01/20	NPFG Insured	8/15 at 100.00	BBB+	2,443,692
137,537	Total Tax Obligation/General				156,334,749

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

NRK

Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited 60.2% (39.6% of Total Investments)			
\$ 2,330	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, 853 Schools Program Insured Revenue Bonds, Harmony Heights School, Issue 1, Series 1999C, 5.500%, 7/01/18 AMBAC Insured	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	\$ 2,339,273
165	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, 853 Schools Program Insured Revenue Bonds, Vanderheyden Hall Inc., Issue 2, Series 1998F, 5.250%, 7/01/18 AMBAC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	N/R	165,619
1,645	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993A, 5.750%, 7/01/13 NPMFG Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	1,668,326
2,265	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Department of Health Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, 5.250%, 7/01/24 CFIG Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	2,489,303
1,095	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, 853 Schools Program Anderson School, Series 1999E, Issue 2, 5.750%, 7/01/19 AMBAC Insured	7/13 at 100.00	N/R	1,099,588
9,145	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Insured Revenue Bonds, Special Act School District Program, Series 1999, 5.750%, 7/01/19 NPMFG Insured	7/13 at 100.00	Baa2	9,182,495
1,045	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Madison-Oneida Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Series 2002: 5.250%, 8/15/20 AGM Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	1,049,211
1,100	5.250%, 8/15/21 AGM Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	1,104,389
365	5.250%, 8/15/22 AGM Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AA	366,445
2,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Lease Revenue Bonds, Wayne-Finger Lakes Board of Cooperative Education Services, Series 2004, 5.000%, 8/15/23 AGM Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA	2,123,580
1,000	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Master Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Nassau County Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Series 2009A, 5.000%, 8/15/28 AGC Insured	8/19 at 100.00	AA	1,130,510
10,840	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Department of Health, Series	7/14 at 100.00	AA	11,480,752

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	2004-2, 5.000%, 7/01/20	FGIC Insured			
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvements, Series 2005D-1:				
5,315	5.000%, 2/15/15	FGIC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	5,768,688
4,715	5.000%, 8/15/23	FGIC Insured	2/15 at 100.00	AA	5,092,624
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, School Districts Financing Program, Series 2002D, 5.250%, 10/01/23				
65		NPFG Insured	5/13 at 100.00	A+	65,262
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, School Districts Financing Program, Series 2009A, 5.625%, 10/01/29				
1,000		AGC Insured	10/19 at 100.00	AA	1,166,370
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, State University Educational Facilities, 1989 Resolution, Series 2000C, 5.750%, 5/15/16				
4,000		AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	4,634,360
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, State University Educational Facilities, Series 1993A, 5.500%, 5/15/19				
1,000		AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	Aa3	1,183,730
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Second General Resolution Consolidated Revenue Bonds, City University System, Series 1993A, 5.750%, 7/01/18				
4,115		AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	4,737,311
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, General Purpose Series 2011C:				
8,545	5.000%, 3/15/34		No Opt. Call	AAA	9,641,067
50,170	5.000%, 3/15/41		3/21 at 100.00	AAA	56,043,905
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, General Purpose Series 2012D, 5.000%, 2/15/31				
18,385			2/22 at 100.00	AAA	21,209,120
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21				
155		AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	168,834
	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District Project, Series 2008A, 5.750%, 5/01/27				
3,540		AGM Insured (UB)	5/18 at 100.00	AA	4,198,192
	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District Project, Series 2009A, 5.000%, 5/01/31				
10,125			5/19 at 100.00	AA	11,406,623
	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District Project, Series 2008A, 5.750%, 5/01/28				
5,000		AGM Insured (UB)	5/18 at 100.00	AA	5,897,701
	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds, Buffalo City School District, Series 2007A:				
5,980	5.750%, 5/01/27	AGM Insured (UB)	5/17 at 100.00	AA	6,925,318

21,030	5.750%, 5/01/28	AGM Insured (UB)	5/17 at 100.00	AA	24,354,423
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60 Nuveen Investments

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Senior Fiscal 2012 Series 2011A:			
\$ 19,730	5.750%, 2/15/47	2/21 at 100.00	A	\$ 23,137,174
1,850	5.000%, 2/15/47 AGM Insured	2/21 at 100.00	AA	2,029,191
	Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:			
51,590	5.000%, 2/15/47 FGIC Insured	2/17 at 100.00	A	54,891,760
4,200	5.000%, 2/15/47 AGM Insured	2/17 at 100.00	AA	4,475,562
	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Refunding Series 2012A, 5.000%, 11/15/29			
4,830		11/22 at 100.00	AA	5,701,284
	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, State Service Contract Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A:			
1,000	5.750%, 7/01/18 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,236,060
9,000	5.750%, 7/01/18 AGM Insured (UB)	No Opt. Call	AA	11,124,540
	Monroe Newpower Corporation, New York, Power Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 5.500%, 1/01/34			
560		1/15 at 100.00	BBB	565,852
	Nassau County Interim Finance Authority, New York, Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2004H, 5.250%, 11/15/13 AMBAC Insured			
4,820		No Opt. Call	AAA	4,976,505
	New York City Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation, New York, Dedicated Revenue Bonds, Local Government Assistance Corporation, Series 2004A:			
3,400	5.000%, 10/15/25 NPFPG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	3,636,504
10,090	5.000%, 10/15/25 NPFPG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	10,791,860
1,040	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPFPG Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	1,111,666
6,785	5.000%, 10/15/26 NPFPG Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	7,252,555
300	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	319,335
21,610	5.000%, 10/15/29 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	23,002,765
5,155	5.000%, 10/15/32 AMBAC Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	5,477,342
4,500	5.000%, 10/15/32 AMBAC Insured (UB) (4)	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	4,781,385
9,000	5.000%, 10/15/32 AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AAA	9,562,770
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Building Aid Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2007S-2, 5.000%, 1/15/28 FGIC Insured			
10,440		1/17 at 100.00	AA	11,698,124
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal 2012 Series E-1:			
5,100	5.000%, 2/01/35	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	5,825,067
6,225	5.000%, 2/01/37	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	7,079,132
16,655	5.000%, 2/01/42	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	18,627,285
40,000	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal	5/22 at 100.00	AAA	44,951,600

	2012 Series F-1, 5.000%, 5/01/39				
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal				
5	Series 2001B, 5.250%, 5/01/16	NPFG Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AAA	5,021
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal				
155	Series 2003E, 5.250%, 2/01/22	NPFG Insured	5/13 at 100.00	AAA	155,648
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal				
5	Series 2004C, 5.000%, 2/01/19	SYNCORA GTY Insured	2/14 at 100.00	AAA	5,201
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal				
3,800	Series 2007B, 5.000%, 11/01/30		5/17 at 100.00	AAA	4,298,712
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Series				
5,000	2009A-1, 5.000%, 5/01/36		5/19 at 100.00	AAA	5,674,900
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Series 2011C:				
10,000	5.500%, 11/01/35		11/20 at 100.00	AAA	11,831,000
8,000	5.000%, 11/01/39		11/20 at 100.00	AAA	8,937,760
	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, SubSeries 2011D-1:				
2,000	5.250%, 2/01/30		2/21 at 100.00	AAA	2,354,320
1,480	5.000%, 2/01/35		2/21 at 100.00	AAA	1,669,425

Nuveen Investments 61

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

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Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)			
	New York City, New York, Educational Construction Fund, Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A:			
\$ 18,575	5.750%, 4/01/33 AGM Insured	4/21 at 100.00	AA+	\$ 22,539,648
4,000	5.750%, 4/01/41	4/21 at 100.00	AA	4,813,920
	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, Hotel Fee Revenue Bonds, Tender Option Bonds Trust 3095:			
2,890	13.619%, 11/15/30 AMBAC Insured (IF) (4)	11/15 at 100.00	AA+	3,358,209
12,940	13.605%, 11/15/44 AMBAC Insured (IF) (4)	11/15 at 100.00	AA+	14,543,395
	New York State Local Government Assistance Corporation, Revenue Bonds, Series 1993E,			
8,250	5.250%, 4/01/16 AGM Insured (UB)	No Opt. Call	AAA	9,137,123
	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2004A:			
2,000	5.000%, 4/01/22 NPMG Insured	4/14 at 100.00	AA	2,095,560
1,000	5.000%, 4/01/23 NPMG Insured	4/14 at 100.00	AA	1,047,580
	New York State Thruway Authority, Highway and Bridge Trust Fund Bonds, Second General, Series 2005B:			
30,795	5.500%, 4/01/20 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	38,792,462
6,600	5.000%, 4/01/21 AMBAC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA	7,312,272
	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 5.000%, 3/15/24 AMBAC Insured	9/14 at 100.00	AAA	4,796,820
	New York State Thruway Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A:			
1,600	5.000%, 3/15/29	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	1,877,456
1,195	5.000%, 3/15/30	9/20 at 100.00	AAA	1,408,212
	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003A-1:			
35,000	5.250%, 6/01/20 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	35,302,050
2,000	5.250%, 6/01/21 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	2,017,200
14,865	5.250%, 6/01/22 AMBAC Insured	6/13 at 100.00	AA	14,991,650
1,500	New York State Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed	6/13 at 100.00	AA	1,513,875

	and State Contingency Contract-Backed Bonds, Series 2003B-1C, 5.500%, 6/01/21				
665	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Revenue Bonds, Correctional Facilities, Series 1994A, 5.250%, 1/01/14 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	690,616	
2,175	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Revenue Refunding Bonds, State Facilities, Series 1995, 5.600%, 4/01/15 NPMG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,278,530	
8,600	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Revenue Refunding Bonds, State Facilities, Series 1995, 5.700%, 4/01/20 AGM Insured (UB)	No Opt. Call	AA	10,332,212	
2,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AAA	2,077,840	
3,325	Niagara Falls City School District, Niagara County, New York, Certificates of Participation, High School Facility, Series 2005, 5.000%, 6/15/28 AGM Insured	6/15 at 100.00	AA	3,467,343	
3,000	Puerto Rico Highway and Transportation Authority, Highway Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E: 5.500%, 7/01/14 AGM Insured				
11,000	5.500%, 7/01/18 AGM Insured				
7,500	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2009A, 0.000%, 8/01/32	8/26 at 100.00	A+	7,764,525	
2,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010A: 0.000%, 8/01/33				
7,000	5.000%, 8/01/40 AGM Insured				
6,765	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, First Subordinate Series 2010C, 5.125%, 8/01/42 AGM Insured	8/20 at 100.00	AA	7,011,449	
22,000	Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Senior Series 2011C: 0.000%, 8/01/37				
46,150	0.000%, 8/01/39				

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
Tax Obligation/Limited (continued)				
Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A:				
\$ 11,000	0.000%, 8/01/41 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	\$ 2,162,160
13,520	0.000%, 8/01/42 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	2,483,624
25,395	0.000%, 8/01/44 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	4,104,848
9,250	0.000%, 8/01/45 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	1,402,300
201,690	0.000%, 8/01/46 NPFPG Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	28,583,507
99,130	0.000%, 8/01/47 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	13,125,803
Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Revenue Bonds, Hampton Bays Public Library, Series 1999A, 6.000%, 10/01/19				
1,090	NPFPG Insured	10/13 at 100.00	Baa2	1,094,022
1,075,425	Total Tax Obligation/Limited			786,405,131
Transportation 10.8% (7.1% of Total Investments)				
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2012H, 5.000%, 11/15/29				
500		No Opt. Call	A	573,400
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, 5.000%, 11/15/25 AGM Insured				
4,000		11/13 at 100.00	AA	4,109,480
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A:				
4,500	4.750%, 11/15/27 NPFPG Insured	11/15 at 100.00	AA	4,889,790
10,000	4.750%, 11/15/30 AMBAC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	A	10,709,000
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 4.500%, 11/15/36 AGM Insured				
7,575		11/16 at 100.00	AA	7,906,861
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 11/15/41				
1,000		11/21 at 100.00	A	1,100,300
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2012C, 5.000%, 11/15/41				
5,195		11/22 at 100.00	A	5,735,540
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B, 5.000%, 11/15/30 (WI/DD, Settling 4/02/13)				
16,090		5/23 at 100.00	A	18,361,586
New York Liberty Development Corporation, Liberty Revenue Bonds, 4 World Trade Center Project, Series 2011, 5.000%, 11/15/44				
8,055		11/21 at 100.00	A+	8,862,917
New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2007H, 5.000%, 1/01/25 FGIC Insured				
3,420		1/18 at 100.00	A+	3,924,416

New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F:						
10,910	5.000%, 1/01/20	AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	11,749,306	
12,100	5.000%, 1/01/30	AMBAC Insured	1/15 at 100.00	A+	12,874,400	
New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2005G:						
5,800	5.000%, 1/01/30	AGM Insured (UB)	7/15 at 100.00	AA	6,261,912	
3,000	5.000%, 1/01/32	AGM Insured	7/15 at 100.00	AA	3,238,920	
7,615	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, 5.000%, 1/01/42		1/22 at 100.00	A+	8,370,332	
Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Fortieth Series 2005:						
2,580	5.000%, 12/01/19	AGM Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	2,857,660	
4,625	5.000%, 12/01/28	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	5,049,251	
5,760	5.000%, 12/01/31	SYNCORA GTY Insured	6/15 at 101.00	AA	6,231,456	
4,185	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, One Hundred Forty Eighth Series 2008, Trust 2920, 17.812%, 8/15/32		AGM Insured (IF)	8/17 at 100.00	AA	6,411,085
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority, New York, Subordinate Lien General Purpose Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002E:						
5,480	5.500%, 11/15/20	NPFG Insured	No Opt. Call	A+	6,954,778	
5,070	5.250%, 11/15/22	NPFG Insured	5/13 at 100.00	A+	5,091,091	
127,460	Total Transportation				141,263,481	

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

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Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	U.S. Guaranteed 9.0% (5.9% of Total Investments) (5)			
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Judicial Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds, Suffolk County Issue, Series 1986:			
\$ 1,520	7.375%, 7/01/16 (ETM)	No Opt. Call	Aaa	\$ 1,695,454
485	7.375%, 7/01/16 BIGI Insured (ETM)	No Opt. Call	Aaa	540,984
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, Series 2003-1:			
	5.000%, 7/01/21 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)			
2,765	NPFG Insured	7/13 at 100.00	AA (5)	2,798,982
	5.000%, 7/01/22 (Pre-refunded 7/01/13)			
5,760	NPFG Insured	7/13 at 100.00	AA (5)	5,830,790
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, Mount St. Mary College, Series 2003, 5.000%, 7/01/32 (Pre-refunded			
1,000	7/01/13) RAAI Insured	7/13 at 100.00	A (5)	1,012,160
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, North Shore Long Island Jewish Group, Series 2003, 5.375%, 5/01/23			
500	(Pre-refunded 5/01/13)	5/13 at 100.00	Aaa	502,360
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, South Nassau Communities Hospital, Series 2003B, 5.500%, 7/01/23			
750	(Pre-refunded 7/01/13)	7/13 at 100.00	Baa1 (5)	760,185
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Revenue Bonds, The New York and Presbyterian Hospital Project, Series 2007, 5.000%, 8/15/36 (Pre-refunded 8/15/14) AGM			
7,480	Insured	8/14 at 100.00	AA (5)	7,958,047
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005F, 5.000%, 3/15/21 (Pre-refunded			
2,885	3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (5)	3,149,295
	Dormitory Authority of the State of New York, Suffolk County, Lease Revenue Bonds, Judicial Facilities, Series 1991A, 9.500%,			
505	4/15/14 FGIC Insured (ETM)	10/13 at 100.81	Baa1 (5)	534,320
5,200	Erie County Industrial Development Agency, New York, School Facility Revenue Bonds,	5/14 at 100.00	AA (5)	5,512,312

	Buffalo City School District, Series 2004, 5.750%, 5/01/26 (Pre-refunded 5/01/14) AGM Insured				
35	Erie County Water Authority, New York, Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1990B, 6.750%, 12/01/14 AMBAC Insured (ETM)	No Opt. Call	AA (5)	37,472	
2,620	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2003C, 5.000%, 9/01/16 (Pre-refunded 9/01/13) CIFG Insured	9/13 at 100.00	A (5)	2,673,815	
945	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Commuter Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B, 5.000%, 7/01/20 AMBAC Insured (ETM)	5/13 at 100.00	N/R (5)	986,986	
5,090	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 1998A: 5.000%, 4/01/23 (Pre-refunded 10/01/15) FGIC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	5,681,916	
11,000	4.750%, 4/01/28 (Pre-refunded 10/01/15) FGIC Insured	10/15 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	12,193,060	
8,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, Series 1999A: 5.000%, 4/01/17 (Pre-refunded 10/01/14) AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	8,573,600	
5,750	5.000%, 4/01/29 (Pre-refunded 10/01/14) AGM Insured	10/14 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	6,162,275	
10,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Transit Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1998B: 4.875%, 7/01/18 FGIC Insured (ETM)	5/13 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	10,157,600	
4,500	4.750%, 7/01/26 FGIC Insured (ETM)	5/13 at 100.00	AA+ (5)	4,609,350	
3,000	Nassau County Interim Finance Authority, New York, Sales Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A: 5.000%, 11/15/18 (Pre-refunded 11/15/13) AMBAC Insured	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	3,090,690	
1,500	4.750%, 11/15/21 (Pre-refunded 11/15/13) AMBAC Insured	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,542,990	
1,500	4.750%, 11/15/22 (Pre-refunded 11/15/13) AMBAC Insured	11/13 at 100.00	AAA	1,542,990	
850	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.000%, 6/15/35 (Pre-refunded 6/15/14) AMBAC Insured	6/14 at 100.00	Aa1 (5)	899,190	
10,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewerage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Fiscal Series 2003E, 5.000%, 6/15/34 (Pre-refunded	6/13 at 100.00	AAA	10,103,400	

	6/15/13)				
7,340	New York City Transitional Finance Authority, New York, Future Tax Secured Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.000%, 2/01/19 (Pre-refunded 2/01/14) SYNCORA GTY Insured	2/14 at 100.00	AAA		7,636,903
500	New York State Urban Development Corporation, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, 5.000%, 3/15/30 (Pre-refunded 3/15/15) AGM Insured	3/15 at 100.00	AA (5)		545,805
9,395	Suffolk County Water Authority, New York, Waterworks Revenue Bonds, Series 2005C, 5.000%, 6/01/28 (Pre-refunded 6/01/15) NPFPG Insured	6/15 at 100.00	AAA		10,314,771
110,875	Total U.S. Guaranteed				117,047,702

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Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Utilities 11.1% (7.3% of Total Investments)			
\$ 2,450	Chautauqua County Industrial Development Agency, New York, Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, NRG Dunkirk Power Project, Series 2009, 5.875%, 4/01/42	2/20 at 100.00	Baa3	\$ 2,731,750
3,000	Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, 5.000%, 10/01/37 AGM Insured	10/20 at 100.00	AA	3,195,900
1,045	Guam Power Authority, Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, 5.000%, 10/01/34	10/22 at 100.00	BBB	1,151,036
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A:			
8,000	0.000%, 6/01/24 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	5,826,560
8,000	0.000%, 6/01/25 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	5,549,280
20,000	0.000%, 6/01/26 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	13,138,200
10,000	0.000%, 6/01/27 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	6,196,500
15,000	0.000%, 6/01/28 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	8,826,750
10,000	0.000%, 6/01/29 AGM Insured	No Opt. Call	AA	5,592,900
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A:			
21,830	5.000%, 12/01/23 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	24,199,865
27,015	5.000%, 12/01/25 FGIC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	29,876,969
11,000	5.000%, 12/01/26 AGC Insured	6/16 at 100.00	AA+	12,165,340
	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 12/01/35 CIFG Insured	6/16 at 100.00	A	2,966,618
3,310	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, 5.500%, 5/01/33 BHAC Insured	5/19 at 100.00	AA+	3,896,036
5,000	Long Island Power Authority, New York, Electric System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, 5.000%, 5/01/38	5/21 at 100.00	A	5,427,100
5,000	New York State Energy Research and Development Authority, Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, Series 1998A, 5.150%, 11/01/25 AMBAC Insured	5/13 at 100.00	A	5,009,050
6,500	Niagara Area Development Corporation, New York, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Covanta Energy Project, Series 2012B, 4.000%, 11/01/24	No Opt. Call	BB+	6,706,245
2,635	Power Authority of the State of New York, General Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, 5.000%, 11/15/19 FGIC Insured	11/15 at 100.00	Aa2	2,948,539
162,535	Total Utilities			145,404,638

Water and Sewer 8.6% (5.7% of Total Investments)				
800	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Fiscal 2009 Series 2008A, 5.750%, 6/15/40	No Opt. Call	AAA	945,632
10,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2010 Series 2009BB, 5.000%, 6/15/27	6/19 at 100.00	AA+	11,919,700
19,660	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Fiscal 2012 Series BB, 5.000%, 6/15/44	12/21 at 100.00	AA+	21,694,220
5,000	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Second Generation Resolution, Series 2007AA, 5.000%, 6/15/37	6/17 at 100.00	AA+	5,552,450
12,365	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, 5.000%, 6/15/36 NPMFG Insured (UB)	6/16 at 100.00	AAA	13,648,735
19,455	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2005C, 5.000%, 6/15/27 NPMFG Insured (UB)	6/15 at 100.00	AAA	21,195,639
11,455	New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority, New York, Water and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Fiscal Series 2004C, 5.000%, 6/15/35 AMBAC Insured	6/14 at 100.00	AAA	12,009,307
3,845	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2010C, 5.000%, 10/15/35	4/20 at 100.00	AAA	4,389,144
3,095	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Revenue Bonds, State Revolving Funds Master Financing, Series 2012B, 5.000%, 2/15/42	2/22 at 100.00	AAA	3,516,168
14,700	Suffolk County Water Authority, New York, Waterworks Revenue Bonds, Series 2005C, 5.000%, 6/01/28 NPMFG Insured (UB)	6/15 at 100.00	AAA	16,139,130

Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (continued)

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Portfolio of Investments March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount (000)	Description (1)	Optional Call Provisions (2)	Ratings (3)	Value
	Water and Sewer (continued)			
\$ 2,230	Upper Mohawk Valley Regional Water Finance Authority, New York, Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, 0.000%, 4/01/23 AMBAC Insured	No Opt. Call	A1	\$ 1,659,053
102,605	Total Water and Sewer			112,669,178
\$ 2,202,557	Total Investments (cost \$1,863,602,104)		152.0%	1,985,686,300
	Floating Rate Obligations		(10.6)%	(138,905,000)
	MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value		(2.1)% (6)	(27,680,000)
	Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value		(3.9)% (7)	(50,700,000)
	Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value		(37.4)% (8)	(488,800,000)
	Other Assets Less Liabilities		2.0%	26,579,777
	Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares		100%	\$ 1,306,181,077

- (1) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets applicable to Common shares unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Optional Call Provisions: Dates (month and year) and prices of the earliest optional call or redemption. There may be other call provisions at varying prices at later dates. Certain mortgage-backed securities may be subject to periodic principal paydowns.
- (3) Ratings: Using the highest of Standard & Poor's Group (Standard & Poor's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) or Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) rating. Ratings below BBB by Standard & Poor's, Baa by Moody's or BBB by Fitch are considered to be below investment grade. Holdings designated N/R are not rated by any of these national rating agencies.
- (4) Investment, or portion of investment, has been pledged to collateralize the net payment obligations for investments in inverse floating rate transactions.
- (5) Backed by an escrow or trust containing sufficient U.S. Government or U.S. Government agency securities, which ensure the timely payment of principal and interest. Certain bonds backed by U.S. Government or agency securities are regarded as having an implied rating equal to the rating of such securities.

- (6) MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 1.4%.
- (7) Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 2.6%.
- (8) Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares, at Liquidation Value as a percentage of Total Investments is 24.6%.
- N/R Not rated.
- WI/DD Investment, or portion of investment, purchased on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis.
- (ETM) Escrowed to maturity.
- (IF) Inverse floating rate investment.
- (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction. See Notes to Financial Statements, Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities for more information.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Assets & Liabilities

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)
Assets			
Investments, at value (cost \$145,046,470, \$32,705,238 and \$337,110,589, respectively)	\$ 155,576,784	\$ 37,840,869	\$ 362,925,637
Cash		94,783	1,824,684
Receivables:			
Interest	2,108,387	612,505	4,900,439
Investments sold	2,301,252		2,441,984
Deferred offering costs			1,101,098
Other assets	7,068	496	137,294
Total assets	159,993,491	38,548,653	373,331,136
Liabilities			
Cash overdraft	69,330		
Floating rate obligations	3,255,000		34,645,000
Unrealized depreciation on swaps		81,419	
Payables:			
Common share dividends	443,644	118,595	908,234
Interest			
Investments purchased			
Offering costs			
MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, at liquidation value			
Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred (VMTP) Shares, at liquidation value			
Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, at liquidation value			89,000,000
Accrued expenses:			
Management fees	65,525	19,465	192,573
Directors/Trustees fees	924	226	44,391
Reorganization			
Other	61,525	21,009	78,632
Total liabilities	3,895,948	240,714	124,868,830
Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 156,097,543	\$ 38,307,939	\$ 248,462,306

Common shares outstanding	15,191,165	2,349,612	15,063,511
Net asset value per Common share outstanding (net assets applicable to Common shares, divided by Common shares outstanding)	\$ 10.28	\$ 16.30	\$ 16.49
<u>Net assets applicable to Common shares consist of:</u>			
Common shares, \$.01 par value per share	\$ 151,912	\$ 23,496	\$ 150,635
Paid-in surplus	144,979,430	33,590,704	220,047,207
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income	401,026	223,888	2,769,468
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	34,861	(584,361)	(320,052)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	10,530,314	5,054,212	25,815,048
Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 156,097,543	\$ 38,307,939	\$ 248,462,306
Authorized shares:			
Common	250,000,000	Unlimited	200,000,000
Preferred	N/A	N/A	950,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Assets & Liabilities (continued)

March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Assets			
Investments, at value (cost \$202,438,639, \$139,560,284 and \$1,863,602,104, respectively)	\$ 216,777,228	\$ 148,883,838	\$ 1,985,686,300
Cash		203,295	1,431,252
Receivables:			
Interest	3,076,294	2,117,519	25,609,378
Investments sold	85,000	504,885	26,011,779
Deferred offering costs	634,531	357,019	3,393,554
Other assets	29,689	12,483	556,551
Total assets	220,602,742	152,079,039	2,042,688,814
Liabilities			
Cash overdraft	252,640		
Floating rate obligations	17,465,000	12,150,000	138,905,000
Unrealized depreciation on swaps			
Payables:			
Common share dividends	554,773	366,728	371,474
Interest	120,334	80,517	92,866
Investments purchased			26,423,140
Offering costs	129,791		3,789
MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, at liquidation value	55,360,000	37,890,000	27,680,000
Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred (VMTP) Shares, at liquidation value			50,700,000
Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, at liquidation value			488,800,000
Accrued expenses:			
Management fees	114,164	79,580	998,434
Directors/Trustees fees	1,196	826	189,344
Reorganization			1,928,359
Other	44,525	30,260	415,331
Total liabilities	74,042,423	50,597,911	736,507,737

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Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 146,560,319	\$ 101,481,128	\$ 1,306,181,077
Common shares outstanding	9,265,330	6,488,516	87,618,504

Net asset value per Common share outstanding (net assets applicable to Common shares, divided by Common shares outstanding)	\$ 15.82	\$ 15.64	\$ 14.91
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Net assets applicable to Common shares consist of:

Common shares, \$.01 par value per share	\$ 92,653	\$ 64,885	\$ 876,185
Paid-in surplus	131,191,709	92,005,588	1,168,243,120
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income	1,065,957	147,671	3,445,415
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	(128,589)	(60,570)	11,532,161
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	14,338,589	9,323,554	122,084,196

Net assets applicable to Common shares	\$ 146,560,319	\$ 101,481,128	\$ 1,306,181,077
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Authorized shares:

Common	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Preferred	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Operations

Six Months Ended March 31, 2013

(Unaudited)

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXXK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Investment Income	\$ 3,561,898	\$ 1,055,325	\$ 8,250,836	\$ 4,934,241	\$ 3,317,308	\$ 7,272,504
Expenses						
Management fees	395,899	114,932	1,141,735	677,088	472,242	887,228
Shareholder servicing agent fees and expenses	12,563	94	12,270	11,523	8,714	15,092
Interest expense and amortization of offering costs	6,997		221,688	908,181	599,625	916,849
Liquidity fees			458,268			225,233
Remarketing fees			44,995			28,513
Custodian fees and expenses	17,179	5,660	33,091	21,409	18,253	31,543
Directors/Trustees fees and expenses	2,285	698	4,594	2,812	2,000	3,904
Professional fees	12,596	10,424	21,917	18,701	16,338	19,483
Shareholder reporting expenses	18,594	4,816	22,939	19,231	12,882	58,790
Stock exchange listing fees	4,260	159	4,243	19,179	7,907	7,706
Investor relations expenses	8,469	1,945	13,486	9,232	7,196	5,770
Reorganization expenses						391,638
Other expenses	5,359	2,198	23,283	21,219	16,339	20,329
Total expenses	484,201	140,926	2,002,509	1,708,575	1,161,496	2,612,078
Net investment income (loss)	3,077,697	914,399	6,248,327	3,225,666	2,155,812	4,660,426
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	67,461	17,704	110,656	91,139	11,021	12,025,716

Net realized gain (loss) from investments						
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:						
Investments	(1,883,817)	(427,351)	(4,506,649)	(2,329,527)	(1,579,647)	(21,561,388)
Swaps		144,738				
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(1,816,356)	(264,909)	(4,395,993)	(2,238,388)	(1,568,626)	(9,535,672)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	\$ 1,261,341	\$ 649,490	\$ 1,852,334	\$ 987,278	\$ 587,186	\$ (4,875,246)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited)

	New York Value (NNY)		New York Value 2 (NYV)		New York Performance Plus (NPP)	
	Six Months Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Six Months Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Six Months Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12
Operations						
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 3,077,697	\$ 6,383,358	\$ 914,399	\$ 1,683,539	\$ 6,248,327	\$ 12,923,555
Net realized gain (loss) from:						
Investments	67,461	176,773	17,704	107,680	110,656	715,122
Swaps				(496,286)		
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:						
Investments	(1,883,817)	7,141,141	(427,351)	2,341,526	(4,506,649)	14,379,139
Swaps			144,738	306,743		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	1,261,341	13,701,272	649,490	3,943,202	1,852,334	28,017,816
Distributions to Common Shareholders						
From net investment income	(3,067,740)	(6,356,338)	(789,470)	(1,577,484)	(6,531,746)	(13,265,348)
From accumulated net realized gains	(229,332)				(587,477)	
Decrease in net assets applicable to Common shares from distributions to Common shareholders	(3,297,072)	(6,356,338)	(789,470)	(1,577,484)	(7,119,223)	(13,265,348)
Capital Share Transactions						
Common shares:						

Issued in the Reorganizations ⁽¹⁾						
Net proceeds from shares issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions	154,748	79,085	13,897	28,388	303,049	101,538
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from capital share transactions	154,748	79,085	13,897	28,388	303,049	101,538
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares	(1,880,983)	7,424,019	(126,083)	2,394,106	(4,963,840)	14,854,006
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the beginning of period	157,978,526	150,554,507	38,434,022	36,039,916	253,426,146	238,572,140
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the end of period	\$ 156,097,543	\$ 157,978,526	\$ 38,307,939	\$ 38,434,022	\$ 248,462,306	\$ 253,426,146
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income at the end of period	\$ 401,026	\$ 391,069	\$ 223,888	\$ 98,959	\$ 2,769,468	\$ 3,052,887

(1) Refer to Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations for further details.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) Six Months		New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) Six Months		New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) Six Months	
	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12
	Operations					
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 3,225,666	\$ 6,772,762	\$ 2,155,812	\$ 4,657,528	\$ 4,660,426	\$ 2,325,727
Net realized gain (loss) from:						
Investments	91,139	263,666	11,021	173,499	12,025,716	59,743
Swaps						
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of:						
Investments	(2,329,527)	10,658,485	(1,579,647)	6,934,212	(21,561,388)	1,557,950
Swaps						
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations	987,278	17,694,913	587,186	11,765,239	(4,875,246)	3,943,420
Distributions to Common Shareholders						
From net investment income	(3,558,813)	(7,282,550)	(2,484,453)	(5,177,836)	(1,388,749)	(2,461,605)
From accumulated net realized gains	(285,372)	(54,665)	(148,587)		(74,697)	(36,118)
Decrease in net assets applicable to Common shares from distributions to Common shareholders	(3,844,185)	(7,337,215)	(2,633,040)	(5,177,836)	(1,463,446)	(2,497,723)
Capital Share Transactions						
Common shares:						
Issued in the Reorganizations ⁽¹⁾					1,258,369,560	
Net proceeds from shares issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions					10,707	

Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from capital share transactions						1,258,380,267	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares	(2,856,907)	10,357,698	(2,045,854)	6,587,403	1,252,041,575	1,445,697	
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the beginning of period	149,417,226	139,059,528	103,526,982	96,939,579	54,139,502	52,693,805	
Net assets applicable to Common shares at the end of period	\$ 146,560,319	\$ 149,417,226	\$ 101,481,128	\$ 103,526,982	\$ 1,306,181,077	\$ 54,139,502	
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income at the end of period	\$ 1,065,957	\$ 1,399,104	\$ 147,671	\$ 476,312	\$ 3,445,415	\$ 173,738	

(1) Refer to Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations for further details.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of

Cash Flows

Six Months Ended March 31, 2013

(Unaudited)

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares from Operations	\$ 1,852,334	\$ 987,278
Adjustments to reconcile the net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Purchases of investments	(34,586,383)	(12,852,745)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	32,456,565	11,280,416
Assets and (Liabilities) acquired in the Reorganization, net		
Amortization (Accretion) of premiums and discounts, net	281,124	225,742
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Receivable for interest	242,121	77,944
Receivable for investments sold	(599,788)	(85,000)
Other assets	(12,359)	(14,099)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Payable for interest		(1)
Payable for investments purchased		
Accrued management fees	4,840	2,801
Accrued Directors/Trustees fees	1,946	(86)
Accrued reorganization expenses		
Accrued other expenses	(18,718)	(19,512)
Net realized (gain) loss from:		
Investments	(110,656)	(91,139)
Paydowns		
Change in net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	4,506,649	2,329,527
Taxes paid on undistributed capital gains	(3,019)	(14,516)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,014,656	1,826,610
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in deferred offering costs	20,383	140,847
Increase (Decrease) in:		

Cash overdraft balance		252,640
Floating rate obligations		(270,000)
Payable for offering costs		(4,901)
VMTP Shares, at liquidation value		
VRDP Shares, at liquidation value		
Cash distributions paid to Common shareholders	(6,839,055)	(3,866,185)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(6,818,672)	(3,747,599)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(2,804,016)	(1,920,989)
Cash at the beginning of period	4,628,700	1,920,989
Cash at the End of Period	\$ 1,824,684	\$

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Non-cash financing activities not included herein consists of reinvestments of Common share distributions as follows:

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)
	\$ 303,049	\$

Cash paid for interest (excluding amortization of offering costs) was as follows:

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)
	\$ 201,306	\$ 767,334

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NKK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares from Operations	\$ 587,186	\$ (4,875,246)
Adjustments to reconcile the net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Purchases of investments	(15,145,047)	(55,950,208)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	14,233,535	40,599,450
Assets and (Liabilities) acquired in the Reorganization, net		(502,179,068)
Amortization (Accretion) of premiums and discounts, net	207,978	(294,235)
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Receivable for interest	49,368	(24,634,557)
Receivable for investments sold	(504,885)	(26,011,779)
Other assets	(4,255)	(549,758)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Payable for interest		34,046
Payable for investments purchased	(1,139,787)	26,423,140
Accrued management fees	1,876	956,989
Accrued Directors/Trustees fees	(61)	188,826
Accrued reorganization expenses		1,928,359
Accrued other expenses	(23,577)	366,878
Net realized (gain) loss from:		
Investments	(11,021)	(12,025,716)
Paydowns		(658)
Change in net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	1,579,647	21,561,388
Taxes paid on undistributed capital gains	(8,721)	(4,917)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(177,764)	(534,467,066)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in deferred offering costs	85,387	(3,050,822)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Cash overdraft balance		
Floating rate obligations		
Payable for offering costs		(2,036)
VMTP Shares, at liquidation value		50,700,000
VRDP Shares, at liquidation value		488,800,000
Cash distributions paid to Common shareholders	(2,679,134)	(1,278,844)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,593,747)	535,168,298
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(2,771,511)	701,232
Cash at the beginning of period	2,974,806	730,020
Cash at the End of Period	\$ 203,295	\$ 1,431,252

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Non-cash financing activities not included herein consists of reinvestments of Common share distributions as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
	\$	\$ 10,707

Cash paid for interest (excluding amortization of offering costs) was as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
	\$ 514,238	\$ 803,459

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (Unaudited)

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

	Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	Investment Operations Net Investment Income (Loss)	Investment Operations Net Realized/ Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Total Shareholder Income	Less Distributions From Accumulated Net Realized Gains to Common Shareholder	Discount from Common Shares Repurchased and Offering Costs	Ending Common Share Net Asset Value	Ending Market Value	
<u>New York Value (NNY)</u>									
Year Ended 9/30:									
2013(d)	\$ 10.41	\$.20	\$ (.11)	\$.09	\$ (.20)	\$ (.02)	\$ (.22)	\$ 10.28	\$ 10.12
2012	9.93	.42	.48	.90	(.42)		(.42)	10.41	10.55
2011	10.02	.43	(.08)	.35	(.43)	(.01)	(.44)	9.93	9.47
2010	9.91	.42	.14	.56	(.43)	(.02)	(.45)	10.02	9.88
2009	9.28	.43	.73	1.16	(.43)	(.10)	(.53)	9.91	9.51
2008	9.94	.43	(.65)	(.22)	(.43)	(.01)	(.44)	9.28	9.01
<u>New York Value 2 (NYV)</u>									
Year Ended 9/30:									
2013(d)	16.36	.39	(.11)	.28	(.34)		(.34)	16.30	15.56
2012	15.36	.72	.95	1.67	(.67)		(.67)	16.36	16.33
2011	16.10	.75	(.74)	.01	(.75)		(.75)	15.36	14.13
2010	15.91	.79	.17	.96	(.77)		(.77)	16.10	15.38
2009(c)	14.33	.23	1.64	1.87	(.26)		(.26)	15.91	14.84

Total Returns		Ratios/Supplemental Data Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares			
Based on Market Value(a)	Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(a)	Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	Expenses(b)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Portfolio Turnover Rate
(2.04)%	.83%	\$ 156,098	.62%*	3.91%*	7%
16.11	9.23	157,979	.65	4.14	10
.39	3.62	150,555	.65	4.40	10
8.78	5.82	152,031	.67	4.30	5
11.78	13.00	150,063	.71	4.58	3
(.62)	(2.38)	140,285	.71	4.39	16
(2.70)	1.69	38,308	.73*	4.75*	1
20.74	11.12	38,434	.75	4.55	10
(3.15)	.27	36,040	.77	4.99	18
9.12	6.26	37,796	.74	5.04	2
.73	12.99	37,347	.84*	3.66*	4

- (a) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

- (b) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, Inverse Floating Rate Securities, as follows:

New York Value (NNY)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(d)	.01%
2012	.01
2011	.01
2010	.01
2009	.03
2008	.03

New York Value 2 (NYV)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(d)	%
2012	
2011	
2010	
2009(c)	

(c) For the period April 28, 2009 (commencement of operations) through September 30, 2009.

(d) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.

* Annualized.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (Unaudited) (continued)

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

	Investment Operations					Less Distributions					Ending Common Share Value	Ending Market Value
	Beginning Common Share Value	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Realized Gain (Loss)	Distributions from Accumulated Net Investment Income to Shareholders (a)	Net Realized Gains to Preferred Shareholders (a)	From Accumulated Net Investment Income to Common Shareholders	From Realized Gains to Common Shareholders	Discount from Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	Total Retired Value			
<u>New York Performance Plus (NNP)</u>												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2013(f)	\$ 16.84	\$.41	\$ (.29)	\$	\$	\$.12	\$ (.43)	\$ (.04)	\$ (.47)	\$	\$ 16.49	\$ 16.50
2012	15.86	.86	1.00			1.86	(.88)		(.88)		16.84	17.18
2011	16.05	.88	(.18)			.70	(.88)	(.01)	(.89)		15.86	14.93
2010	15.63	.91	.38	(.01)	*	1.28	(.84)	(.02)	(.86)		16.05	15.52
2009	13.74	.96	1.89	(.05)	(.04)	2.76	(.74)	(.13)	(.87)	*	15.63	14.77
2008	15.48	.98	(1.69)	(.27)	(.01)	(.99)	(.72)	(.03)	(.75)		13.74	11.16
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2013(f)	16.13	.35	(.25)			.10	(.38)	(.03)	(.41)		15.82	15.09
2012	15.01	.73	1.19			1.92	(.79)	(.01)	(.80)		16.13	16.00
2011	15.17	.76	(.10)		*	.66	(.79)	(.03)	(.82)		15.01	13.70
2010	14.82	.84	.34	(.01)	*	1.17	(.78)	(.04)	(.82)		15.17	14.43
2009	13.12	.93	1.68	(.06)	(.03)	2.52	(.73)	(.09)	(.82)		14.82	13.38
2008	14.95	.96	(1.76)	(.24)	(.02)	(1.06)	(.70)	(.07)	(.77)		13.12	11.36

(a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.

(b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Returns		Ratios/Supplemental Data						Portfolio Turnover Rate
		Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Before Reimbursement(c)			Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares After Reimbursement(c)(d)			
Based on Market Value(b)	Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	Expenses(e)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Expenses(e)	Net Investment Income (Loss)		
(1.21)%	.72%	\$248,462	1.59%**	4.96%**	N/A	N/A	9%	
21.58	12.05	253,426	1.64	5.27	N/A	N/A	11	
2.30	4.78	238,572	1.77	5.77	N/A	N/A	6	
11.39	8.46	241,450	1.53	5.84	N/A	N/A	9	
42.29	21.05	235,108	1.39	6.91	N/A	N/A	1	
(17.61)	(6.71)	206,976	1.42	6.48	N/A	N/A	16	
(3.14)	.58	146,560	2.30**	4.35**	N/A	N/A	5	
23.20	13.05	149,417	2.37	4.71	N/A	N/A	9	
0.98	4.75	139,060	2.42	5.26	N/A	N/A	10	
14.63	8.28	140,525	1.74	5.74	N/A	N/A	10	
26.58	20.29	137,268	1.37	7.07	1.31%	7.13%	4	
(16.02)	(7.45)	121,533	1.36	6.45	1.22	6.59	17	

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to Auction Rate Preferred Shares (ARPS), MTP Shares and/or VRDP Shares, where applicable.
- (d) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of August 1, 2009, the Adviser is no longer reimbursing New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) for any fees and expenses.
- (e) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MTP Shares, VRDP Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, each as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, as follows:

New York Performance Plus (NNP)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(f)	.58%
2012	.61
2011	.70
2010	.40
2009	.22
2008	.15

New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(f)	1.22%
2012	1.27
2011	1.27
2010	.63
2009	.20
2008	.13

(f) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.

* Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.

** Annualized.

N/A Fund did not have, or no longer has, a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (Unaudited) (continued)

Selected data for a Common share outstanding throughout each period:

	Investment Operations						Less Distributions				Ending Common Share Net Asset Market Value	
	Beginning Common Share Net Asset Value	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Realized Gain (Loss)	Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Distributions from Accumulated Investment Net Income to Shareholders (Total)	Realized Gains to Preferred Shareholders (Total)	From Accumulated Net Investment Income to Common Shareholders	Net Realized Gains to Common Shareholders	Discount from Common Shares Repurchased and Retired	Ending Common Share Net Asset Market Value		
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NKK)												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2013(f)	\$ 15.96	\$.33	\$ (.25)	\$	\$	\$.08	\$ (.38)	\$ (.02)	\$ (.40)	\$	\$ 15.64	\$ 14.73
2012	14.94	.72	1.10			1.82	(.80)		(.80)		15.96	15.51
2011	15.13	.74	(.13)			.61	(.80)		(.80)		14.94	13.60
2010	14.76	.83	.36	(.01)	*	1.18	(.80)	(.01)	(.81)		15.13	14.37
2009	13.14	.92	1.66	(.05)	(.04)	2.49	(.73)	(.14)	(.87)	*	14.76	13.41
2008	14.80	.95	(1.64)	(.23)	(.01)	(.93)	(.69)	(.04)	(.73)		13.14	11.15
New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)												
Year Ended 9/30:												
2013(f)	15.44	.33	(.44)			(.11)	(.40)	(.02)	(.42)		14.91	14.43
2012	15.03	.66	.46			1.12	(.70)	(.01)	(.71)		15.44	15.29
2011	15.36	.65	(.24)			.41	(.74)		(.74)		15.03	13.86
2010	15.18	.77	.23	(.01)	(.01)	.98	(.73)	(.07)	(.80)		15.36	14.75
2009	13.31	.83	1.81	(.10)	*	2.54	(.66)	(.01)	(.67)	*	15.18	13.70
2008	14.65	.88	(1.32)	(.25)	*	(.69)	(.65)		(.65)	*	13.31	11.52

(a) The amounts shown are based on Common share equivalents.

(b) Total Return Based on Market Value is the combination of changes in the market price per share and the effect of reinvested dividend income and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at the average price paid per share at the time of reinvestment. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending market price. The actual reinvestment for the last dividend declared in the period may take place over several days, and in some instances may not be based on the market price, so the actual reinvestment price may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Return Based on Common Share Net Asset Value is the combination of changes in Common share net asset value, reinvested dividend income at net asset value and reinvested capital gains distributions at net asset value, if any. The last dividend declared in the period, which is typically paid on the first business day of the following month, is assumed to be reinvested at the ending net asset value. The actual reinvest price for the last dividend declared in the period may often be based on the Fund's market price (and not its net asset value), and therefore may be different from the price used in the calculation. Total returns are not annualized.

Total Returns			Ratios/Supplemental Data					Portfolio Turnover Rate
			Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Before Reimbursement(c)			Ratios to Average Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares After Reimbursement(c)(d)		
Based on Market Value(b)	Based on Common Share Net Asset Value(b)	Ending Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (000)	Expenses(e)	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Expenses(e)	Net Investment Income (Loss)		
(2.47)%	.52%	\$ 101,481	2.26%**	4.19%**	N/A	N/A	9%	
20.38	12.47	103,527	2.32	4.66	N/A	N/A	10	
.49	4.38	96,940	2.44	5.12	2.41%	5.16%	14	
13.65	8.27	98,156	1.74	5.54	1.63	5.65	6	
29.95	20.06	95,751	1.36	6.83	1.18	7.01	0	
(16.79)	(6.63)	85,340	1.37	6.25	1.11	6.51	17	
(2.98)	(.76)	1,306,181	2.53**	4.88**	N/A	N/A	9	
15.78	7.63	54,140	2.82	4.35	N/A	N/A	15	
(.81)	2.91	52,694	2.91	4.44	2.89	4.47	6	
13.97	6.70**	53,866	1.95	5.01	1.81	5.15	4	
25.65	19.67	53,223	1.40	5.77	1.13	6.04	4	
(11.94)	(4.91)	46,769	1.41	5.68	1.02	6.07	8	

- (c) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Auction Rate Preferred shareholders, where applicable; Net Investment Income (Loss) ratios reflect income earned and expenses incurred on assets attributable to ARPS, MTP, VMTP and/or VRDP Shares, where applicable.
- (d) After expense reimbursement from the Adviser, where applicable. As of March 31, 2011 and November 30, 2010, the Adviser is no longer reimbursing New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK) and New York AMT-Free Income (NRK), respectively, for any fees or expenses.
- (e) The expense ratios reflect, among other things, all interest expense and other costs related to MTP Shares, VMTP Shares and/or VRDP Shares and/or the interest expense deemed to have been paid by the Fund on the floating rate certificates issued by the special purpose trusts for the self-deposited inverse floaters held by the Fund, where applicable, each as described in Footnote 1 General Information and Significant Accounting Policies, MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred Shares, Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares and Inverse Floating Rate Securities, respectively, as follows:

New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(f)	1.17%
2012	1.20
2011	1.29
2010	.63

2009	.20
2008	.14
<u>New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)</u>	
Year Ended 9/30:	
2013(f)	1.23%
2012	1.59
2011	1.66
2010	.77
2009	.09
2008	.15

(f) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.

* Rounds to less than \$.01 per share.

** Annualized.

N/A Fund no longer has a contractual reimbursement agreement with the Adviser.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial

Highlights (Unaudited) (continued)

	ARPS at the End of Period		MTP Shares at the End of Period		ARPS at the End of Period		MTP Shares at the End of Period	
	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$100,000 Share	Asset Coverage Per \$1 Liquidation Preference	
<u>New York Performance Plus (NNP)</u>								
Year Ended 9/30:								
2013(f)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 89,000	\$ 379,171	\$	
2012					89,000	384,748		
2011					89,000	368,059		
2010					89,000	371,292		
2009	87,650	92,059						
2008	87,650	84,035						
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>								
Year Ended 9/30:								
2013(f)			55,360	36.47				
2012			55,360	36.99				
2011			55,360	35.12				
2010	21,900	92,690	30,000	37.08				3.71
2009	51,400	91,765						
2008	51,400	84,112						

(f) For the six months ended March 31, 2013.

(g) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows:

	Series	Ending Market Value Per Share	Average Market Value Per Share	Series	Ending Market Value Per Share	Average Market Value Per Share
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>						
Year Ended 9/30:						
2013(f)	2015	\$ 10.12	\$ 10.11	2016	\$ 10.16	\$ 10.12
2012	2015	10.08	10.11	2016	10.09	10.11
2011	2015	10.09	10.08	2016	10.06	9.95^^
2010	2015	10.16	10.09^			
2009						

2008

^ For the period December 21, 2009 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.

^^ For the period December 13, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2011.

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ARPS at the End of Period	MTP Shares at the End of Period (g)		VMTP Shares at the End of Period		VRDP Shares at the End of Period		MTP, VMTP and VRDP Shares at the End of Period	Asset Coverage Per \$1 Liquidation Preference
	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$25,000 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$10 Share	Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000)	Asset Coverage Per \$100,000 Share		

New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)

Year Ended 9/30:								
2013(f)	\$	\$	\$ 37,890	\$ 36.78	\$	\$	\$	\$
2012			37,890	37.32				
2011			37,890	35.58				
2010			37,890	35.91				
2009	34,100	95,198						
2008	34,100	87,566						

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)

Year Ended 9/30:								
2013(f)			27,680	33.03	50,700	330,294	488,800	330,294 3.30
2012			27,680	29.56				
2011			27,680	29.04				
2010			27,680	29.46				
2009	27,000	74,281						
2008	27,000	68,304						

(g) The Ending and Average Market Value Per Share for each Series of the Fund's MTP Shares were as follows:

Series	Ending Market Value Per Share	Average Market Value Per Share
<u>New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)</u>		
Year Ended 9/30:		
2013(f)	2015 \$ 10.06	\$ 10.08
2012	2015 10.07	10.09
2011	2015 10.11	10.05
2010	2015 10.14	10.05^^
2009		
2008		

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)

Year Ended 9/30:

2013(f)	2015	10.10	10.09
2012	2015	10.14	10.10
2011	2015	10.10	10.06
2010	2015	10.33	10.09^^^
2009			
2008			

^^^ For the period April 14, 2010 (first issuance date of shares) through September 30, 2010.
See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to

Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. General Information and Significant Accounting Policies**General Information**

The funds covered in this report and their corresponding Common share stock exchange symbols are Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund, Inc. (NNY), Nuveen New York Municipal Value Fund 2 (NYV), Nuveen New York Performance Plus Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNP), Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund (NAN), Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Fund 2 (NXX) and Nuveen New York AMT-Free Municipal Income Fund (NRK) (each a Fund and collectively, the Funds). Common shares of New York Value (NNY), New York Performance Plus (NNP) and New York Dividend Advantage (NAN) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) while Common shares of New York Value 2 (NYV), New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX) and New York AMT-Free Income Fund (NRK) are traded on the NYSE MKT. The Funds are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as diversified (non-diversified for New York Municipal Value 2 (NYV), closed-end registered investment companies.

On December 31, 2012, the Funds' investment adviser converted from a Delaware corporation to a Delaware limited liability company. As a result, Nuveen Fund Advisers, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nuveen Investments, Inc. (Nuveen), changed its name to Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (the Adviser). There were no changes to the identities or roles of any personnel as a result of the change.

Each Fund seeks to provide current income exempt from both regular federal and New York state income taxes, and in the case of New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) the alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, by investing primarily in a portfolio of municipal obligations issued by state and local government authorities within the state of New York or certain U.S. territories.

Fund Reorganizations

Effective before the opening of business on March 11, 2013, certain New York funds (the Acquired Funds) were reorganized into one, larger-state fund (the Acquiring Fund) included in this report (each a Reorganization and collectively the Reorganizations) as follows:

Acquired Funds

Nuveen New York Investment Quality Municipal Fund, Inc. (NQN)
 (New York Investment Quality)
 Nuveen New York Select Quality Municipal Fund, Inc. (NVN)
 (New York Select Quality)
 Nuveen New York Quality Income Municipal Fund, Inc. (NUN)
 (New York Quality Income)
 Nuveen New York Premium Income Municipal Fund, Inc. (NNF)
 (New York Premium Income)

Acquiring Fund

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)

Nuveen New York Dividend Advantage Municipal Income Fund
(NKO)
(New York Dividend Advantage Income)

The Reorganizations of the Funds were approved by the shareholders of the Acquired Funds at a special meeting on January 28, 2013.

Upon the closing of each Fund's Reorganization, the Acquired Funds transferred their assets to the Acquiring Fund in exchange for common and preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund and the assumption by the Acquiring Fund of the liabilities of the Acquired Funds. The Acquired Funds were then liquidated, dissolved and terminated in accordance with their Declaration of Trust. Shareholders of the Acquired Funds became shareholders of the Acquiring Fund. Holders of common shares of the Acquired Funds received newly issued common shares of the Acquiring Fund, the aggregate net asset value of which was equal to the aggregate net asset value of the common shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the Reorganizations (including for this purpose fractional Acquiring Fund shares to which shareholders would be entitled). Fractional shares were sold on the open market and shareholders received cash in lieu of such fractional shares. Holders of preferred shares of the Acquired Funds received on a one-for-one basis newly issued preferred shares of the Acquiring Fund, in exchange for preferred shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the Reorganizations. Details of the Funds' Reorganizations are further described in the Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred Shares and Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares sections of this footnote and Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations.

Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds in the preparation of their financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP).

Investment Valuation

Prices of municipal bonds and swap contracts are provided by a pricing service approved by the Funds' Board of Directors/Trustees. These securities are generally classified as Level 2 for fair value measurement purposes. The pricing service establishes a security's fair value using methods that may include consideration of the following: yields or prices of investments of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating, market quotes or indications of value from security dealers, evaluations of anticipated cash flows or collateral, general market conditions and other information and analysis, including the obligor's credit characteristics considered relevant. In pricing certain securities, particularly less liquid and lower quality securities, the pricing service may consider information about a security, its issuer, or market activity provided by the Adviser. These securities are generally classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the priority of the significant inputs.

Certain securities may not be able to be priced by the pre-established pricing methods as described above. Such securities may be valued by the Funds' Board of Directors/Trustees or its designee at fair value. These securities generally include, but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) for which a pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading has been formally suspended; debt securities that have gone into default and for which there is no current market quotation; a security whose market price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the security after the market has closed but before the calculation of a Fund's net asset value (as may be the case in non-U.S. markets on which the security is primarily traded) or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the pricing service, is not deemed to reflect the security's fair value. As a general principle, the fair value of a security would appear to be the amount that the owner might reasonably expect to receive for it in a current sale. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of those securities, which may include consideration of the following: yields or prices of investments of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity and rating, market quotes or indications of value from security dealers, evaluations of anticipated cash flows or collateral, general market conditions and other information and analysis, including the obligor's credit characteristics considered relevant. These securities are generally classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the priority of the significant inputs. Regardless of the method employed to value a particular security, all valuations are subject to review by the Funds' Board of Directors/Trustees or its designee.

Refer to Footnote 2 – Fair Value Measurements for further details on the leveling of securities held by the Funds as of the end of the reporting period.

Investment Transactions

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains and losses from transactions are determined on the specific identification method, which is the same basis used for federal income tax purposes. Investments purchased on a when-issued/delayed delivery basis may have extended settlement periods. Any investments so purchased are subject to market fluctuation during this period. The Funds have instructed the custodian to earmark securities in the Funds' portfolios with a current value at least equal to the amount of the when-issued/delayed delivery purchase commitments. As of March 31, 2013, New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) had outstanding when-issued/delayed delivery purchase commitments of \$22,273,648. There were no such outstanding purchase commitments in any of the other Funds.

Investment Income

Investment income, which reflects the amortization of premiums and includes accretion of discounts for financial reporting purposes, is recorded on an accrual basis. Investment income also reflects paydown gains and losses, if any.

Professional Fees

Professional fees presented on the Statement of Operations consist of legal fees incurred in the normal course of operations, audit fees, tax consulting fees and, in some cases, workout expenditures. Workout expenditures are incurred in an attempt to protect or enhance an investment, or to pursue other claims or legal actions on behalf of Fund shareholders. Legal fee refund presented on the Statement of Operations reflects a refund of workout expenditures paid in a prior reporting period, when applicable.

Income Taxes

Each Fund is a separate taxpayer for federal income tax purposes. Each Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains to shareholders and to otherwise comply with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required. Furthermore, each Fund intends to satisfy conditions that will enable interest from municipal securities, which is exempt from regular federal and New York state income taxes, and in the case of New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) the alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, to retain such tax-exempt status when distributed to shareholders of the Funds. Net realized capital gains and ordinary income distributions paid by the Funds are subject to federal taxation.

Notes to

Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

For all open tax years and all major taxing jurisdictions, management of the Funds has concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. Open tax years are those that are open for examination by taxing authorities (i.e., generally the last four tax year ends and the interim tax period since then). Furthermore, management of the Funds is also not aware of any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change in the next twelve months.

Dividends and Distributions to Common Shareholders

Dividends from net investment income are declared monthly. Net realized capital gains and/or market discount from investment transactions, if any, are distributed to shareholders at least annually. Furthermore, capital gains are distributed only to the extent they exceed available capital loss carryforwards.

Distributions to Common shareholders of net investment income, net realized capital gains and/or market discount, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount and timing of distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. GAAP.

Auction Rate Preferred Shares

Each Fund except New York Value (NNY) and New York Value 2 (NYV) is authorized to issue Auction Rate Preferred Shares (ARPS). As of September 30, 2011, the Funds redeemed all of their outstanding ARPS at liquidation value.

MuniFund Term Preferred Shares

The following Funds have issued and outstanding MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, with a \$10 stated (par) value per share. Each Fund 's MTP Shares are issued in one or more Series and trade on NYSE. Dividends on MTP Shares, which are recognized as interest expense for financial reporting purposes, are paid monthly at a fixed annual rate, subject to adjustments in certain circumstances.

	Series	NYSE Ticker	Shares Outstanding	Shares Outstanding at \$10 Per Share Liquidation Value	Annual Interest Rate
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>					
	2015	NAN Pr C	3,000,000	\$ 30,000,000	2.70%
	2016	NAN Pr D	2,536,000	25,360,000	2.50
<u>New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)</u>					
	2015	NXX Pr C	3,789,000	\$ 37,890,000	2.55%

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)

2015	NRK Pr C	2,768,000	\$	27,680,000	2.55%
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Each Fund is obligated to redeem its MTP Shares by the date as specified in its offering document (Term Redemption Date), unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Fund. MTP Shares are subject to optional and mandatory redemption in certain circumstances. MTP Shares will be subject to redemption at the option of each Fund (Optional Redemption Date), subject to a payment of premium for one year following the Optional Redemption Date (Premium Expiration Date), and at par thereafter. MTP Shares also will be subject to redemption, at the option of each Fund, at par in the event of certain changes in the credit rating of the MTP Shares. Each Fund may be obligated to redeem certain of the MTP Shares if the Fund fails to maintain certain asset coverage and leverage ratio requirements and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. The redemption price per share is equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends. The Term Redemption Date, Optional Redemption Date and Premium Expiration Date for each Fund s series of MTP Shares by NYSE ticker symbol are as follows:

	Series	NYSE Ticker	Term Redemption Date	Optional Redemption Date	Premium Expiration Date
<u>New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)</u>					
	2015	NAN Pr C	January 1, 2015	January 1, 2011	December 31, 2011
	2016	NAN Pr D	January 1, 2016	January 1, 2012	December 31, 2012
<u>New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)</u>					
	2015	NXX Pr C	May 1, 2015	May 1, 2011	April 30, 2012
<u>New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)</u>					
	2015	NRK Pr C	May 1, 2015	May 1, 2011	April 30, 2012

The average liquidation value for all series of each Fund's MTP Shares outstanding during the six months ended March 31, 2013, was as follows:

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Average liquidation value of MTP Shares outstanding	\$ 55,360,000	\$ 37,890,000	\$ 27,680,000

For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of MTP Shares is recorded as a liability and recognized as MuniFund Term Preferred (MTP) Shares, at liquidation value on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Unpaid dividends on MTP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Costs incurred by the Funds in connection with their offerings of MTP Shares were recorded as a deferred charge, which are amortized over the life of the shares and are recognized as components of Deferred offering costs on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations. Dividends paid on MTP Shares and each Fund's amortized deferred charges are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred Shares

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) has issued and outstanding Variable Rate MuniFund Term Preferred (VMTP) Shares, with a \$100,000 liquidation value per share. The Fund issued its VMTP Shares in a privately negotiated offering. The Fund's VMTP Shares were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933.

In connection with New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) Reorganizations, holders of VMTP Shares of the Acquired Funds received on a one-for-one basis newly issued VMTP Shares of the Acquiring Funds, in exchange for VMTP Shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the Reorganizations. New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) Series 2014 VMTP Shares were issued in conjunction with the Reorganization of New York Premium Income (NNF).

As of March 31, 2013, the number of VMTP Shares outstanding, at liquidation value, for the Fund is as follows:

	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Series 2014 *	\$ 50,700,000

* VMTP Shares issued in connection with the Reorganizations.

The Fund is obligated to redeem its VMTP Shares by the date as specified in its offering document (Term Redemption Date), unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Fund. VMTP Shares are subject to optional and mandatory redemption in certain circumstances. The VMTP Shares are subject to redemption at the option of each Fund (Optional Redemption Date), subject to payment of premium for one year following the Optional Redemption Date (Premium Expiration Date), and at par thereafter. The Fund may be obligated to redeem certain of the VMTP Shares if

the Fund fails to maintain certain asset coverage and leverage ratio requirements and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. The redemption price per share is equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends. The Term Redemption Date, Optional Redemption Date and Premium Expiration Date for the Fund's VMTP Shares are as follows:

Series	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Term Redemption Date	2014*
Optional Redemption Date	October 1, 2014
Premium Expiration Date	October 1, 2012
	September 30, 2012

* VMTP Shares issued in connection with the Reorganizations.

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Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

The average liquidation value of VMTP Shares outstanding and annualized dividend rate of VMTP Shares for the Fund during the six months ended March 31, 2013, were as follows:

	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)*
Average liquidation value of VMTP Shares outstanding	\$ 50,700,000
Annualized dividend rate	1.17%

* For the period March 11, 2013 (effective date of the Reorganizations) through March 31, 2013.

Dividends on VMTP shares (which are treated as interest payments for financial reporting purposes) are set weekly.

For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of VMTP Shares is recorded as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Unpaid dividends on VMTP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Costs incurred by the Fund in connection with its offering of VMTP Shares were recorded as a deferred charge, which are amortized over the life of the shares and are recognized as components of Deferred offering costs on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations. Dividends paid on VMTP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

Variable Rate Demand Preferred Shares

The following Funds have issued and outstanding Variable Rate Demand Preferred (VRDP) Shares, with a \$100,000 liquidation value per share. New York Performance Plus (NNP) and New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) issued their VRDP Shares in a privately negotiated offering. The VRDP Shares were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933.

In connection with New York AMT-Free Income s (NRK) Reorganizations, holders of VRDP Shares of the Acquired Funds received on a one-for-one basis newly issued VRDP Shares of the Acquiring Funds, in exchange for VRDP Shares of the Acquired Funds held immediately prior to the Reorganizations. New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) Series 1, Series 2, Series 3 and Series 4 VRDP Shares were issued in conjunction with the Reorganizations of New York Investment Quality (NQN), New York Select Quality (NVN), New York Quality Income (NUN) and New York Dividend Advantage Income (NKO), respectively.

As of March 31, 2013, the number of VRDP Shares outstanding and maturity date for each Fund are as follows:

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Series	1	1	2	3	4
VRDP Shares outstanding	890	1,123	1,648	1,617	500
Maturity	March 1, 2040	August 1, 2040	August 1, 2040	December 1, 2040	June 1, 2040

VRDP Shares include a liquidity feature that allows VRDP shareholders to have their shares purchased by a liquidity provider with whom each Fund has contracted in the event that purchase orders for VRDP Shares in a remarketing are not sufficient in number to be matched with the sale orders in that remarketing. Each Fund is required to redeem any VRDP Shares that are still owned by the liquidity provider after six months of continuous, unsuccessful remarketing. Each Fund pays an annual remarketing fee of .10% of the aggregate principal amount of all VRDP Shares outstanding. Each Fund's VRDP Shares have successfully remarketed since issuance.

Dividends on the VRDP Shares (which are treated as interest payments for financial reporting purposes) are set weekly at a rate established by a remarketing agent; therefore, the market value of the VRDP Shares is expected to approximate its liquidation value. If remarketings for VRDP Shares are continuously unsuccessful for six months, the maximum rate is designed to escalate according to a specified schedule in order to enhance the remarketing agent's ability to successfully remarket the VRDP Shares.

Subject to certain conditions, VRDP Shares may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at any time at the option of each Fund. Each Fund may also redeem certain of the VRDP Shares if the Fund fails to maintain certain asset coverage requirements and such failures are not cured by the applicable cure date. The redemption price per share is equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends.

The average liquidation value of VRDP Shares outstanding and annualized dividend rate of VRDP Shares for each Fund during the six months ended March 31, 2013, were as follows:

	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)*
Average liquidation value of VRDP Shares outstanding	\$ 89,000,000	\$ 488,800,000
Annualized dividend rate	0.25%	0.20%

* For the period March 11, 2013 (effective date of the Reorganization) through March 31, 2013.

For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of VRDP Shares is recognized as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Unpaid dividends on VRDP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, when applicable. Costs incurred by the Funds in connection with their offerings of VRDP Shares were recorded as a deferred charge, which are amortized over the life of the shares and are recognized as a component of Deferred offering costs on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Interest expense and amortization of offerings costs on the Statement of Operations. Dividends paid on the VRDP Shares are recognized as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations. In addition to interest expense, each Fund also pays a per annum liquidity fee to the liquidity provider, as well as a remarketing fee, which are recognized as Liquidity fees and Remarketing fees, respectively, on the Statement of Operations.

Inverse Floating Rate Securities

Each Fund is authorized to invest in inverse floating rate securities. An inverse floating rate security is created by depositing a municipal bond, typically with a fixed interest rate, into a special purpose trust created by a broker-dealer. In turn, this trust (a) issues floating rate certificates, in face amounts equal to some fraction of the deposited bond's par amount or market value, that typically pay short-term tax-exempt interest rates to third parties, and (b) issues to a long-term investor (such as one of the Funds) an inverse floating rate certificate (sometimes referred to as an inverse floater) that represents all remaining or residual interest in the trust. The income received by the inverse floater holder varies inversely with the short-term rate paid to the floating rate certificates holders, and in most circumstances the inverse floater holder bears substantially all of the underlying bond's downside investment risk and also benefits disproportionately from any potential appreciation of the underlying bond's value. The price of an inverse floating rate security will be more volatile than that of the underlying bond because the interest rate is dependent on not only the fixed coupon rate of the underlying bond but also on the short-term interest paid on the floating rate certificates, and because the inverse floating rate security essentially bears the risk of loss of the greater face value of the underlying bond.

A Fund may purchase an inverse floating rate security in a secondary market transaction without first owning the underlying bond (referred to as an externally-deposited inverse floater), or instead by first selling a fixed-rate bond to a broker-dealer for deposit into the special purpose trust and receiving in turn the residual interest in the trust (referred to as a self-deposited inverse floater). The inverse floater held by a Fund gives the Fund the right (a) to cause the holders of the floating rate certificates to tender their notes at par, and (b) to have the broker transfer the fixed-rate bond held by the trust to the Fund, thereby collapsing the trust. An investment in an externally-deposited inverse floater is identified in the Portfolio of Investments as (IF) Inverse floating rate investment. An investment in a self-deposited inverse floater is accounted for as a financing transaction. In such instances, a fixed-rate bond deposited

into a special purpose trust is identified in the Portfolio of Investments as (UB) Underlying bond of an inverse floating rate trust reflected as a financing transaction, with the Fund accounting for the short-term floating rate certificates issued by the trust as Floating rate obligations on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Fund reflects in Investment Income the entire earnings of the underlying bond and the related interest paid to the holders of the short-term floating rate certificates as a component of Interest expense and amortization of offering costs on the Statement of Operations.

During the six months ended March 31, 2013, each Fund invested in externally-deposited inverse floaters and/or self-deposited inverse floaters.

Each Fund may also enter into shortfall and forbearance agreements (sometimes referred to as a recourse trust or credit recovery swap) (such agreements referred to herein as Recourse Trusts) with a broker-dealer by which a Fund agrees to reimburse the broker-dealer, in certain circumstances, for the difference between the liquidation value of the fixed-rate bond held by the trust and the liquidation value of the floating rate certificates issued by the trust plus any shortfalls in interest cash flows. Under these agreements, a Fund's potential exposure to losses related to or on inverse floaters may increase beyond the value of a Fund's inverse floater investments as a Fund may potentially be liable to fulfill all amounts owed to holders of the floating rate certificates. At period end, any such shortfall is recognized as Unrealized depreciation on Recourse Trusts on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

As of March 31, 2013, each Fund's maximum exposure to the floating rate obligations issued by externally-deposited Recourse Trusts, was as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Maximum exposure to Recourse Trusts	\$	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$ 2,670,000	\$	\$ 31,665,000

Notes to

Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

The average floating rate obligations outstanding and average annual interest rate and fees related to self-deposited inverse floaters during the six months ended March 31, 2013, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Average floating rate obligations outstanding	\$ 3,255,000	\$	\$ 34,645,000	\$ 17,512,473	\$ 12,150,000	\$ 138,905,000
Average annual interest rate and fees	.43%	%	.53%	.52%	.51%	.57%
<i>Swap Contracts</i>						

Each Fund is authorized to enter into interest rate swap and forward interest rate swap contracts (swap contracts) consistent with their investment objectives and policies to reduce, increase or otherwise alter its risk profile or to alter its portfolio characteristics (i.e. duration, yield curve positioning and credit quality). Each Fund is subject to interest rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment. Each Fund s use of swap contracts is intended to help the Fund manage its overall interest rate sensitivity, either shorter or longer, generally to more closely align the Fund s interest rate sensitivity with that of the broader market.

Interest rate swap contracts involve each Fund s agreement with the counterparty to pay or receive a fixed rate payment in exchange for the counterparty receiving or paying a variable rate payment. Forward interest rate swap transactions involve a Fund s agreement with a counterparty to pay, in the future, a fixed or variable rate payment in exchange for the counterparty paying a Fund a variable or fixed rate payment, the accruals for which would begin at a specified date in the future (the effective date). Accordingly, the risk of loss with respect to the swap counterparty on such transactions is limited to the net amount of interest payments that each Fund is to receive. The payment obligation is based on the notional amount of the swap contract and the termination date of the swap (which is akin to a bond s maturity). The value of a Fund s swap contract would increase or decrease based primarily on the extent to which long-term interest rates for bonds having a maturity of the swap contract s termination date increase or decrease. Swap contracts are valued daily. Upon entering into an interest rate swap (and beginning on the effective date for a forward interest rate swap), each Fund accrues the fixed rate payment expected to be paid or received and the variable rate payment expected to be received or paid on a daily basis, and recognizes the daily change in the market value of the Fund s contractual rights and obligations under the contracts. The net amount recorded for these transactions for each counterparty is recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a component of Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on swaps (,net) with the change during the fiscal period recognized on the Statement of Operations as a component of Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of swaps. Income received or paid by each Fund is recognized as a component of Net realized gain (loss) from swaps on the Statement of Operations, in addition to the net realized gains or losses recognized upon the termination of an interest rate swap contract, and are equal to the difference between the Fund s basis in the interest rate swap and the proceeds from (or cost of) the closing transaction. Payments received or made at the beginning of the measurement period are recognized as a component of Swap

premiums paid and/or received on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, when applicable. For tax purposes, periodic payments are treated as ordinary income or expense.

Each Fund may terminate a swap contract prior to the effective date, at which point a realized gain or loss is recognized. When a swap contract is terminated, it ordinarily does not involve the delivery of securities or other underlying assets or principal, but rather is settled in cash on a net basis. Once periodic payments are settled in cash, they are combined with the net realized gain or loss recorded upon the termination of the swap contracts.

During the six months ended March 31, 2013, New York Value 2 (NYV) entered into swap transactions to manage the duration of the Fund's portfolio and to reduce its price volatility risk to movements in U.S. interest rates relative to the Fund's benchmark. The average notional amount of swap contracts outstanding during the six months ended March 31, 2013 was as follows:

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Average notional amount of swap contracts outstanding*	\$ 2,750,000

* The average notional amount is calculated based on the outstanding notional at the beginning of the fiscal year and at the end of each fiscal quarter within the current fiscal year.

Refer to Footnote 3 Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities for further details on swap contract activity.

Market and Counterparty Credit Risk

In the normal course of business each Fund may invest in financial instruments and enter into financial transactions where risk of potential loss exists due to changes in the market (market risk) or failure of the other party to the transaction to perform (counterparty credit risk). The potential loss could exceed the value of the financial assets recorded on the financial statements. Financial assets, which potentially expose each Fund to counterparty credit risk, consist principally of cash due from counterparties on forward, option and swap transactions, when applicable. The extent of each Fund's exposure to counterparty credit risk in respect to these financial assets approximates their carrying value as recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Futures contracts, when applicable, expose a Fund to minimal counterparty credit risk as they are exchange traded and the exchange's clearinghouse, which is counterparty to all exchange traded futures, guarantees the futures contracts against default.

Each Fund helps manage counterparty credit risk by entering into agreements only with counterparties the Adviser believes have the financial resources to honor their obligations and by having the Adviser monitor the financial stability of the counterparties. Additionally, counterparties may be required to pledge collateral daily (based on the daily valuation of the financial asset) on behalf of each Fund with a value approximately equal to the amount of any unrealized gain above a pre-determined threshold. Reciprocally, when each Fund has an unrealized loss, the Funds have instructed the custodian to pledge assets of the Funds as collateral with a value approximately equal to the amount of the unrealized loss above a pre-determined threshold. Collateral pledges are monitored and subsequently adjusted if and when the valuations fluctuate, either up or down, by at least the predetermined threshold amount.

Zero Coupon Securities

Each Fund is authorized to invest in zero coupon securities. A zero coupon security does not pay a regular interest coupon to its holders during the life of the security. Income to the holder of the security comes from accretion of the difference between the original purchase price of the security at issuance and the par value of the security at maturity and is effectively paid at maturity. The market prices of zero coupon securities generally are more volatile than the market prices of securities that pay interest periodically.

Indemnifications

Under the Funds' organizational documents, their officers and directors/trustees are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Funds. In addition, in the normal course of business, the Funds enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications to other parties. The Funds' maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Funds that have not yet occurred. However, the Funds have not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expect the risk of loss to be remote.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets applicable to Common shares from operations during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that the Funds would receive upon selling an investment or transferring a liability in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market for the investment. A three-tier hierarchy is used to maximize the use of observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs are based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are based on the best information available in the circumstances. The following is a summary of the three-tiered hierarchy of valuation input levels.

Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted and prices are determined using quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

- Level 2 Prices are determined using other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).
- Level 3 Prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs (including management's assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

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Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. The following is a summary of each Fund's fair value measurements as of the end of the reporting period:

New York Value (NNY)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 155,576,784	\$	\$ 155,576,784
New York Value 2 (NYV)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 37,840,869	\$	\$ 37,840,869
Derivatives:				
Swaps**		(81,419)		(81,419)
Total	\$	\$ 37,759,450	\$	\$ 37,759,450

New York Performance Plus (NNP)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 362,925,637	\$	\$ 362,925,637

New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 216,777,228	\$	\$ 216,777,228

New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXK)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 148,883,838	\$	\$ 148,883,838

New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Investments*:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$ 1,985,686,300	\$	\$ 1,985,686,300

* Refer to the Fund's Portfolio of Investments for industry classifications.

** Represents net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) as reported in the Fund's Portfolio of Investments.

The Nuveen funds' Board of Directors/Trustees is responsible for the valuation process and has delegated the oversight of the daily valuation process to the Adviser's Valuation Committee. The Valuation Committee, pursuant to the valuation policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors/Trustees, is responsible for making fair value determinations, evaluating the effectiveness of the funds' pricing policies, and reporting to the Board of Directors/Trustees. The Valuation Committee is aided in its efforts by the Adviser's dedicated Securities Valuation Team, which is responsible for administering the daily valuation process and applying fair value methodologies as approved by the Valuation Committee. When determining the reliability of independent pricing services for investments owned by the funds, the Valuation Committee, among other things, conducts due diligence reviews of the pricing services and monitors the quality of security prices received through various testing reports conducted by the Securities Valuation Team.

The Valuation Committee will consider pricing methodologies it deems relevant and appropriate when making fair value determinations. Examples of possible methodologies include, but are not limited to, multiple of earnings; discount from market of a similar freely traded security; discounted cash-flow analysis; book value or a multiple thereof; risk premium/yield analysis; yield to maturity; and/or fundamental investment analysis. The Valuation Committee will also consider factors it deems relevant and appropriate in light of the facts and circumstances. Examples of possible factors include, but are not limited to, the type of security; the issuer's financial statements; the purchase price of the security; the discount from market value of unrestricted securities of the same class at the time of purchase; analysts' research and observations from financial institutions; information regarding any transactions or offers with respect to the security; the existence of merger proposals or tender offers affecting the security; the price and extent of public trading in similar securities of the issuer or comparable companies; and the existence of a shelf registration for restricted securities.

For each portfolio security that has been fair valued pursuant to the policies adopted by the Board of Directors/Trustees, the fair value price is compared against the last available and next available market quotations. The Valuation Committee reviews the results of such testing and fair valuation occurrences are reported to the Board of Directors/Trustees.

3. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Funds record derivative instruments at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized on the Statement of Operations, when applicable. Even though the Funds' investments in derivatives may represent economic hedges, they are not considered to be hedge transactions for financial reporting purposes. For additional information on the derivative instruments in which each Fund was invested during and at the end of the reporting period, refer to the Portfolios of Investments, Financial Statements and Footnote 1 - General Information and Significant Accounting Policies.

The following table presents the fair value of all derivative instruments held by the Funds as of March 31, 2013, the location of these instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the primary underlying risk exposure.

New York Value 2 (NYV)

Underlying	Derivative	Location on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities			
		Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
Risk Exposure	Instrument	Location	Value	Location	Value
Interest Rate	Swaps		\$	Unrealized depreciation on swaps	\$(81,419)

The following tables present the amount of net realized gain (loss) and change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) recognized for the six months ended March 31, 2013, on derivative instruments, as well as the primary risk exposure associated with each.

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Net Realized Gain (Loss) from Swaps	
Risk Exposure	
Interest Rate	\$
	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Change in Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Swaps	
Risk Exposure	
Interest Rate	\$ 144,738

4. Fund Shares

Common Shares

The Funds have not repurchased any of their outstanding common shares during the six months ended March 31, 2013 or fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Transactions in Common shares were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)		New York Value 2 (NYV)		New York Performance Plus (NNP)	
	Six Months		Six Months		Six Months	
	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12

Common shares:						
Issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions	14,833	7,655	849	1,763	17,886	6,054

	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)		New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)		New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)	
	Six Months		Six Months		Six Months	
	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12	Ended 3/31/13	Year Ended 9/30/12

Common shares:						
Issued in the Reorganizations ⁽¹⁾					84,111,257	
Issued to shareholders due to reinvestment of distributions					687	

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations for further details.

Preferred Shares

New York Dividend Advantage (NAN), New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX) and New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) did not have any transactions in MTP Shares during the six months ended March 31, 2013 and fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

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Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

Transactions in VMTP Shares for New York AMT-Free Income (NRK) was as follows:

	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)			
	Six Months Ended 3/31/13		Year Ended 9/30/12	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
VMTP Shares issued in the Reorganizations ⁽¹⁾ :				
Series 2014	507	\$ 50,700,000		\$

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations for further details.

New York Performance Plus (NNP) did not have any transactions in VRDP Shares during the six months ended March 31, 2013 and fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Transactions in VRDP Shares were as follows:

	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)			
	Six Months Ended 3/31/13		Year Ended 9/30/12	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
VRDP Shares issued in the Reorganizations ⁽¹⁾ :				
Series 1	1,123	\$ 112,300,000		\$
Series 2	1,648	164,800,000		
Series 3	1,617	161,700,000		
Series 4	500	50,000,000		
Total	4,888	\$ 488,800,000		\$

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Footnote 8 Fund Reorganizations for further details.

5. Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales (including maturities but excluding short-term investments and derivative transactions, where applicable) during the six months ended March 31, 2013, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Purchases	\$ 12,033,928	\$ 814,791	\$ 34,586,383	\$ 12,852,745	\$ 15,145,047	\$ 55,950,208
Sales and maturities	11,697,656	561,208	32,456,565	11,280,416	14,233,535	40,599,450

6. Income Tax Information

The following information is presented on an income tax basis. Differences between amounts for financial statement and federal income tax purposes are primarily due to the timing differences in recognizing taxable market discount, timing differences in recognizing certain gains and losses on investment transactions and the treatment of investments in inverse floating rate securities reflected as financing transactions, if any. To the extent that differences arise that are permanent in nature, such amounts are reclassified within the capital accounts as detailed below. Temporary differences do not require reclassification. Temporary and permanent differences do not impact the net asset values of the Funds.

At March 31, 2013, the cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments (excluding investments in derivatives, where applicable), as determined on a federal income tax basis, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT- Free Income (NRK)
Cost of investments	\$ 141,417,014	\$ 32,481,857	\$ 301,812,084	\$ 184,734,340	\$ 127,237,095	\$ 1,712,067,589
Gross unrealized:						
Appreciation	\$ 12,020,774	\$ 5,648,028	\$ 29,156,762	\$ 16,174,021	\$ 10,948,242	\$ 145,517,268
Depreciation	(1,118,666)	(289,016)	(2,687,970)	(1,595,764)	(1,449,403)	(10,805,428)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$ 10,902,108	\$ 5,359,012	\$ 26,468,792	\$ 14,578,257	\$ 9,498,839	\$ 134,711,840

Permanent differences, primarily due to federal taxes paid, taxable market discount and nondeductible offering costs, resulted in reclassifications among the Funds' components of Common share net assets at September 30, 2012, the Funds' last tax year end, as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Paid-in-surplus	\$ 19,553	\$	\$ (41,377)	\$ (276,142)	\$ (148,166)	\$ (125,652)
Undistributed (Over-distribution of) net investment income	(61,458)		18,366	273,021	151,935	133,022
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)	41,905		23,011	3,121	(3,769)	(7,370)

The tax components of undistributed net tax-exempt income, net ordinary income and net long-term capital gains at September 30, 2012, the Funds' last tax year end, were as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Undistributed net tax-exempt income *	\$ 549,502	\$ 90,759	\$ 3,559,391	\$ 1,926,043	\$ 862,932	\$ 394,040
Undistributed net ordinary income **	23,450	8,772	41,172	12,137	14,520	
Undistributed net long-term capital gains	187,735		535,351	247,222	158,461	63,711

The tax character of distributions paid during the Funds' last tax year ended September 30, 2012, was designated for purposes of the dividends paid deduction as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Value 2 (NYV)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)	New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)	New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)	New York AMT-Free Income (NRK)
Distributions from net tax-exempt income	\$ 6,371,242	\$ 1,577,385	\$ 13,524,780	\$ 8,726,540	\$ 6,144,031	\$ 3,167,445
Distributions from net ordinary income **						
Distributions from net long-term capital gains				54,665		36,118

* Undistributed net tax-exempt income (on a tax basis) has not been reduced for the dividend declared on September 4, 2012, and paid on October 1, 2012.

** Net ordinary income consists of taxable market discount income and net short-term capital gains, if any. During the Funds last tax year ended September 30, 2012, the following Funds utilized capital loss carryforwards as follows:

	New York Value (NNY)	New York Performance Plus (NNP)
Utilized capital loss carryforwards	\$ 21,947	\$ 51,614

Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, capital losses incurred by the Fund after December 31, 2010, will not be subject to expiration. During the Funds last tax year ended September 30, 2012, the following Fund generated post-enactment capital losses as follows:

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Post-enactment losses:	
Short-term	\$ 66,389
Long-term	141,465

Notes to

Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

The Funds have elected to defer net realized losses from investments incurred from November 1, 2011 through September 30, 2012, the Funds' last tax year end, in accordance with federal income tax rules. These losses are treated as having arisen on the first day of the current fiscal year. The following Fund has elected to defer losses as follows:

	New York Value 2 (NYV)
Post-October capital losses	\$ 395,527
Late-year ordinary losses	

7. Management Fees and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Each Fund's management fee consists of two components—a fund-level fee, based only on the amount of assets within the Fund, and a complex-level fee, based on the aggregate amount of all eligible fund assets managed by the Adviser and for New York Value (NNY) a gross interest income component. This pricing structure enables Fund shareholders to benefit from growth in the assets within their respective Fund as well as from growth in the amount of complex-wide assets managed by the Adviser.

New York Value (NNY) pays an annual fund-level fee, payable monthly, of .15% of the average daily net assets* of the Fund, as well as 4.125% of the gross interest income (excluding interest on bonds underlying a self-deposited inverse floater trust that is attributed to the Fund over and above the net interest earned on the inverse floater itself) of the Fund.

The annual fund-level fee for the following Funds, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedules:

Average Daily Managed Assets*	New York Performance Plus (NNP Fund-Level Fee Rate)
For the first \$125 million	.4500%
For the next \$125 million	.4375
For the next \$250 million	.4250
For the next \$500 million	.4125
For the next \$1 billion	.4000
For the next \$3 billion	.3875
For managed assets over \$5 billion	.3750

Average Daily Managed Assets*	New York Value 2 (NYV Fund-Level Fee Rate)
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For the first \$125 million	.4000%
For the next \$125 million	.3875
For the next \$250 million	.3750
For the next \$500 million	.3625
For the next \$1 billion	.3500
For managed assets over \$2 billion	.3375

New York Dividend Advantage (NAN)
New York Dividend Advantage 2 (NXX)
New York AMT-Free
Income (NRK)
Fund-Level Fee Rate

Average Daily Managed Assets*	
For the first \$125 million	.4500%
For the next \$125 million	.4375
For the next \$250 million	.4250
For the next \$500 million	.4125
For the next \$1 billion	.4000
For managed assets over \$2 billion	.3750

The annual complex-level fee for each fund, payable monthly, is calculated according to the following schedule:

Complex-Level Managed Asset Breakpoint Level*	Effective Rate at Breakpoint Level
\$55 billion	.2000%
\$56 billion	.1996
\$57 billion	.1989
\$60 billion	.1961
\$63 billion	.1931
\$66 billion	.1900
\$71 billion	.1851
\$76 billion	.1806
\$80 billion	.1773
\$91 billion	.1691
\$125 billion	.1599
\$200 billion	.1505
\$250 billion	.1469
\$300 billion	.1445

* For the fund-level and complex-level fees, managed assets include closed-end fund assets managed by the Adviser that are attributable to financial leverage. For these purposes, financial leverage includes the funds' use of preferred stock and borrowings and certain investments in the residual interest certificates (also called inverse floating rate securities) in tender option bond (TOB) trusts, including the portion of assets held by a TOB trust that has been effectively financed by the trust's issuance of floating rate securities, subject to an agreement by the Adviser as to certain funds to limit the amount of such assets for determining managed assets in certain circumstances. The complex-level fee is calculated based upon the aggregate daily managed assets of all Nuveen Funds that constitute eligible assets. Eligible assets do not include assets attributable to investments in other Nuveen Funds or assets in excess of \$2 billion added to the Nuveen Fund complex in connection with the Adviser's assumption of the management of the former First American Funds effective January 1, 2011. As of March 31, 2013, the complex-level fee rate for each of these Funds was .1668%.

The management fee compensates the Adviser for overall investment advisory and administrative services and general office facilities. The Adviser is responsible for each Fund's overall strategy and asset allocation decisions. The Adviser has entered into sub-advisory agreements with Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (the Sub-Adviser), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser, under which the Sub-Adviser manages the investment portfolios of the Funds. The Sub-Adviser is compensated for its services to the Funds from the management fees paid to the Adviser.

The Funds pay no compensation directly to those of its directors/trustees who are affiliated with the Adviser or to its officers, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the Funds from the Adviser or its affiliates. The Board of Directors/Trustees has adopted a deferred compensation plan for independent directors/trustees that enables directors/trustees to elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of the annual compensation they are entitled to receive from certain Nuveen-advised funds. Under the plan, deferred amounts are treated as though equal dollar amounts had been invested in shares of select Nuveen-advised funds.

8. Fund Reorganizations

The Reorganizations were structured to qualify as tax-free reorganizations under the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes, and the Acquired Funds' shareholders will recognize no gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of the Reorganizations. Prior to the closing of each of the Reorganizations, the Acquired

Funds distributed all of their net investment income and capital gains, if any. Such a distribution may be taxable to the Acquired Funds' shareholders for federal income tax purposes.

The cost, fair value and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of the investments of the Acquired Funds as of the date of their respective Reorganization, were as follows:

	New York Investment Quality (NQN)	New York Select Quality (NVN)	New York Quality Income (NUN)	New York Premium Income (NNF)	New York Dividend Advantage Income (NKO)
Cost of investments	\$ 348,182,862	\$ 476,216,543	\$ 478,297,401	\$ 163,394,915	\$ 155,567,322
Fair value of investments	376,348,298	521,396,683	519,126,736	176,673,173	167,003,737
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	28,165,436	45,180,140	40,829,335	13,278,258	11,436,415

For financial reporting purposes, assets received and shares issued by the Acquiring Fund were recorded at fair value; however, the cost basis of the investments received from the Acquired Funds were carried forward to align ongoing reporting of the Acquiring Fund's realized and unrealized gains and losses with amounts distributable to shareholders for tax purposes.

Notes to

Financial Statements (Unaudited) (continued)

For accounting and performance reporting purposes, the Acquiring Fund is the survivor. The shares outstanding, net assets and net asset value (NAV) per Common share immediately before and after the Reorganizations are as follows:

Acquired Funds	Prior to Reorganizations	New York Investment Quality Quality (NQN)	New York Select Quality Quality (NVN)	New York Quality Income Income (NUN)	New York Premium Income Income (NNF)	New York Dividend Advantage Income Income (NKO)
Common shares outstanding		17,542,953	23,230,215	23,782,336	8,264,230	7,937,601
Net assets applicable to Common shares		\$ 271,545,473	\$ 366,948,175	\$ 367,935,364	\$ 129,402,295	\$ 122,538,253
NAV per Common share outstanding		\$ 15.48	\$ 15.80	\$ 15.47	\$ 15.66	\$ 15.44

Acquiring Fund	Prior to Reorganizations	New York AMT-Free Income Income (NRK)
Common shares outstanding		3,507,247
Net assets applicable to Common shares		\$ 52,471,137
NAV per Common share outstanding		\$ 14.96

Acquiring Fund	Post Reorganizations	New York AMT-Free Income Income (NRK)
Common shares outstanding		87,618,504
Net assets applicable to Common shares		\$ 1,310,840,698
NAV per Common share outstanding		\$ 14.96

The beginning of the Acquired Funds current fiscal period was October 1, 2012.

Assuming the Reorganizations had been completed on October 1, 2012, the beginning of the Acquiring Funds current fiscal period, the pro forma results of operations for the six months ended March 31, 2013, are as follows:

	New York AMT-Free Income Income (NRK)
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 31,162,232

Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(12,216,339)
Change in net assets resulting from operations	18,945,893

Because the combined investment portfolios for each Reorganization have been managed as a single integrated portfolio since each Reorganization was completed, it is not practicable to separate the amounts of revenue and earnings of the Acquired Funds that have been included in the Statement of Operations since the Reorganizations were consummated.

In connection with the Reorganizations, the Acquiring Fund has accrued for certain associated costs and expenses. Such amounts are included as components of Accrued Reorganization expenses on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Reorganization expenses on the Statement of Operations.

9. New Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

In January 2013, Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2013-01, *Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*, replaced ASU 2011-11, *Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*. ASU 2013-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. ASU 2011-11 was intended to enhance disclosure requirements on the offsetting of financial assets and liabilities. ASU 2013-01 limits the scope of the new balance sheet offsetting disclosures to derivatives, repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions to the extent that they are (1) offset in the financial statements or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. Management is currently evaluating the application of ASU 2013-01 and its impact to the financial statements and footnote disclosures, if any.

Reinvest Automatically,

Easily and Conveniently

Nuveen makes reinvesting easy. A phone call is all it takes to set up your reinvestment account.

Nuveen Closed-End Funds Automatic Reinvestment Plan

Your Nuveen Closed-End Fund allows you to conveniently reinvest distributions in additional Fund shares.

By choosing to reinvest, you'll be able to invest money regularly and automatically, and watch your investment grow through the power of compounding. Just like distributions in cash, there may be times when income or capital gains taxes may be payable on distributions that are reinvested.

It is important to note that an automatic reinvestment plan does not ensure a profit, nor does it protect you against loss in a declining market.

Easy and convenient

To make recordkeeping easy and convenient, each month you'll receive a statement showing your total distributions, the date of investment, the shares acquired and the price per share, and the total number of shares you own.

How shares are purchased

The shares you acquire by reinvesting will either be purchased on the open market or newly issued by the Fund. If the shares are trading at or above net asset value at the time of valuation, the Fund will issue new shares at the greater of the net asset value or 95% of the then-current market price. If the shares are trading at less than net asset value, shares for your account will be purchased on the open market. If the Plan Agent begins purchasing Fund shares on the open market while shares are trading below net asset value, but the Fund's shares subsequently trade at or above their net asset value before the Plan Agent is able to complete its purchases, the Plan Agent may cease open-market purchases and may invest the uninvested portion of the distribution in newly-issued Fund shares at a price equal to the greater of the shares' net asset value or 95% of the shares' market value on the last business day immediately prior to the purchase date. Distributions received to purchase shares in the open market will normally be invested shortly after the distribution payment date. No interest will be paid on distributions awaiting reinvestment. Because the market price of the shares may increase before purchases are completed, the average purchase price per share may

Reinvest Automatically,

Easily and Conveniently (continued)

exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the acquisition of fewer shares than if the distribution had been paid in shares issued by the Fund. A pro rata portion of any applicable brokerage commissions on open market purchases will be paid by Plan participants. These commissions usually will be lower than those charged on individual transactions.

Flexible

You may change your distribution option or withdraw from the Plan at any time, should your needs or situation change.

You can reinvest whether your shares are registered in your name, or in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee. Ask your investment advisor if his or her firm will participate on your behalf. Participants whose shares are registered in the name of one firm may not be able to transfer the shares to another firm and continue to participate in the Plan.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan at any time. Although the Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants, there is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan at this time.

Call today to start reinvesting distributions

For more information on the Nuveen Automatic Reinvestment Plan or to enroll in or withdraw from the Plan, speak with your financial advisor or call us at (800) 257-8787.

Glossary of Terms

Used in this Report

- i **Auction Rate Bond:** An auction rate bond is a security whose interest payments are adjusted periodically through an auction process, which process typically also serves as a means for buying and selling the bond. Auctions that fail to attract enough buyers for all the shares offered for sale are deemed to have failed, with current holders receiving a formula-based interest rate until the next scheduled auction.

- i **Average Annual Total Return:** This is a commonly used method to express an investment's performance over a particular, usually multi-year time period. It expresses the return that would have been necessary each year to equal the investment's actual cumulative performance (including change in NAV or market price and reinvested dividends and capital gains distributions, if any) over the time period being considered.

- i **Duration:** Duration is a measure of the expected period over which a bond's principal and interest will be paid, and consequently is a measure of the sensitivity of a bond's or bond Fund's value to changes when market interest rates change. Generally, the longer a bond's or Fund's duration, the more the price of the bond or Fund will change as interest rates change.

- i **Effective Leverage:** Effective leverage is a Fund's effective economic leverage, and includes both regulatory leverage (see leverage) and the leverage effects of certain derivative investments in the Fund's portfolio. Currently, the leverage effects of Tender Option Bond (TOB) inverse floater holdings are included in effective leverage values, in addition to any regulatory leverage.

- i **Forward Interest Rate Swap:** A contractual agreement between two counterparties under which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other for an agreed period of time based on a fixed rate, while the other party agrees to make periodic payments based on a floating rate of interest based on an underlying index. Alternatively, both series of cash flows to be exchanged could be calculated using floating rates of interest but floating rates that are based upon different underlying indexes.

- i **Gross Domestic Product (GDP):** The total market value of all final goods and services produced in a country/region in a given year, equal to total consumer, investment and government spending, plus the value of exports, minus the value of imports.

- i **Inverse Floating Rate Securities:** Inverse floating rate securities, also known as inverse floaters or tender option bonds (TOBs), are created by depositing a municipal bond, typically with a fixed interest rate, into a special purpose trust created by a broker-dealer. This trust, in turn, (a) issues floating rate certificates typically paying short-term tax-exempt interest rates to third parties in amounts equal to some fraction of the deposited bond's par amount or market value, and (b) issues an inverse floating rate certificate (sometimes referred to as an inverse floater) to an investor

Glossary of Terms

Used in this Report (continued)

(such as a Fund) interested in gaining investment exposure to a long-term municipal bond. The income received by the holder of the inverse floater varies inversely with the short-term rate paid to the floating rate certificates holders, and in most circumstances the holder of the inverse floater bears substantially all of the underlying bond's downside investment risk. The holder of the inverse floater typically also benefits disproportionately from any potential appreciation of the underlying bond's value. Hence, an inverse floater essentially represents an investment in the underlying bond on a leveraged basis.

- i **Leverage:** Using borrowed money to invest in securities or other assets, seeking to increase the return of an investment or portfolio.

- i **Lipper New York Municipal Debt Funds Classification Average:** Calculated using the returns of all closed-end funds in this category. Lipper returns account for the effects of management fees and assume reinvestment of distributions, but do not reflect any applicable sales charges.

- i **Net Asset Value (NAV):** The net market value of all securities held in a portfolio.

- i **Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share:** The market value of one share of a mutual fund or closed-end fund. For a Fund, the NAV is calculated daily by taking the Fund's total assets (securities, cash, and accrued earnings), subtracting the Fund's liabilities, and dividing by the number of shares outstanding.

- i **Pre-Refunding:** Pre-Refunding, also known as advanced refundings or refinancings, is a procedure used by state and local governments to refinance municipal bonds to lower interest expenses. The issuer sells new bonds with a lower yield and uses the proceeds to buy U.S. Treasury securities, the interest from which is used to make payments on the higher-yielding bonds. Because of this collateral, pre-refunding generally raises a bond's credit rating and thus its value.

- i **Regulatory Leverage:** Regulatory Leverage consists of preferred shares issued by or borrowings of a Fund. Both of these are part of a Fund's capital structure. Regulatory leverage is sometimes referred to as 40 Act Leverage and is subject to asset coverage limits set in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

- i **S&P Municipal Bond Index:** An unleveraged, market value-weighted index designed to measure the performance of the tax-exempt, investment grade U.S. municipal bond market. Index returns assume reinvestment of distributions but do not reflect any applicable sales charges or management fees.

- i **S&P Municipal Bond New York Index:** An unleveraged, market value-weighted index designed to measure the performance of the tax-exempt, investment grade New York municipal bond market. Index returns assume

reinvestment of distributions but do not reflect any applicable sales charges or management fees.

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- i **Total Investment Exposure:** Total investment exposure is a Fund's assets managed by the Adviser that are attributable to financial leverage. For these purposes, financial leverage includes a Fund's use of preferred stock and borrowings and investments in the residual interest certificates (also called inverse floating rate securities) in tender option bond (TOB) trusts, including the portion of assets held by a TOB trust that has been effectively financed by the trust's issuance of floating rate securities.

- i **Zero Coupon Bond:** A zero coupon bond does not pay a regular interest coupon to its holders during the life of the bond. Tax-exempt income to the holder of the bond comes from accretion of the difference between the original purchase price of the bond at issuance and the par value of the bond at maturity and is effectively paid at maturity. The market prices of zero coupon bonds generally are more volatile than the market prices of bonds that pay interest periodically.

Notes

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Additional Fund Information

Board of

Directors/Trustees

John P. Amboian

Robert P. Bremner

Jack B. Evans

William C. Hunter

David J. Kundert

William J. Schneider

Judith M. Stockdale

Carole E. Stone

Virginia L. Stringer

Terence J. Toth

Fund Manager

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC

333 West Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60606

Custodian

State Street Bank

& Trust Company

Boston, MA

Transfer Agent and

Shareholder Services

State Street Bank

& Trust Company

Nuveen Funds

P.O. Box 43071

Providence, RI 02940-3071

(800) 257-8787

Legal Counsel

Chapman and Cutler LLP

Chicago, IL

Independent Registered

Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP

Chicago, IL

Quarterly Form N-Q Portfolio of Investments Information

Each Fund is required to file its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. You may obtain this information directly from the SEC. Visit the SEC on-line at <http://www.sec.gov> or in person at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Call the SEC toll-free at (800) SEC -0330 for room hours and operation.

Nuveen Funds Proxy Voting Information

You may obtain (i) information regarding how each Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities held during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30, and (ii) a description of the policies and procedures that each Fund used to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities without charge, upon request, by calling Nuveen Investments toll-free at (800) 257-8787 or on Nuveen's website at www.nuveen.com. You may also obtain this information directly from the SEC. Visit the SEC on-line at <http://www.sec.gov>.

CEO Certification Disclosure

Each Fund's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) has submitted to the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) the annual CEO certification as required by Section 303A.12(a) of the NYSE Listed Company Manual.

Each Fund has filed with the SEC the certification of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Common Share Information

Each Fund intends to repurchase shares of its own common stock at such times and in such amounts as is deemed advisable. During the period covered by this report, the Funds repurchased shares of their common stock as shown in

the accompanying table.

Fund	Common Shares Repurchased
NNY	
NYV	
NNP	
NAN	
NXX	
NRK	

Any future repurchases will be reported to shareholders in the next annual or semi-annual report.

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Since 1898, financial advisors and their clients have relied on Nuveen Investments to provide dependable investment solutions through continued adherence to proven, long-term investing principles. Today, we offer a range of high quality equity and fixed-income solutions designed to be integral components of a well-diversified core portfolio.

Focused on meeting investor needs.

Nuveen Investments provides high-quality investment services designed to help secure the long-term goals of institutional and individual investors as well as the consultants and financial advisors who serve them. Nuveen Investments markets a wide range of specialized investment solutions which provide investors access to capabilities of its high-quality boutique investment affiliates Nuveen Asset Management, Symphony Asset Management, NWQ Investment Management Company, Santa Barbara Asset Management, Tradewinds Global Investors, Winslow Capital Management and Gresham Investment Management. In total, Nuveen Investments managed \$224 billion as of March 31, 2013.

Find out how we can help you.

To learn more about how the products and services of Nuveen Investments may be able to help you meet your financial goals, talk to your financial advisor, or call us at **(800) 257-8787**. Please read the information provided carefully before you invest. Investors should consider the investment objective and policies, risk considerations, charges and expenses of any investment carefully. Where applicable, be sure to obtain a prospectus, which contains this and other relevant information. To obtain a prospectus, please contact your securities representative or **Nuveen Investments, 333 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, IL 60606**. Please read the prospectus carefully before you invest or send money.

Learn more about Nuveen Funds at: www.nuveen.com/cef

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PART C**OTHER INFORMATION****Item 15. Indemnification**

Section 4 of Article XII of the Registrant's Declaration of Trust provides as follows: Subject to the exceptions and limitations contained in this Section 4, every person who is, or has been, a Trustee, officer, employee or agent of the Trust, including persons who serve at the request of the Trust as directors, trustees, officers, employees or agents of another organization in which the Trust has an interest as a shareholder, creditor or otherwise (hereinafter referred to as a Covered Person), shall be indemnified by the Trust to the fullest extent permitted by law against liability and against all expenses reasonably incurred or paid by him in connection with any claim, action, suit or proceeding in which he becomes involved as a party or otherwise by virtue of his being or having been such a Trustee, director, officer, employee or agent and against amounts paid or incurred by him in settlement thereof. No indemnification shall be provided hereunder to a Covered Person: (a) against any liability to the Trust or its Shareholders by reason of a final adjudication by the court or other body before which the proceeding was brought that he engaged in willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his office; (b) with respect to any matter as to which he shall have been finally adjudicated not to have acted in good faith in the reasonable belief that his action was in the best interests of the Trust; or (c) in the event of a settlement or other disposition not involving a final adjudication (as provided in paragraph (a) or (b)) and resulting in a payment by a Covered Person, unless there has been either a determination that such Covered Person did not engage in willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his office by the court or other body approving the settlement or other disposition or a reasonable determination, based on a review of readily available facts (as opposed to a full trial-type inquiry), that he did not engage in such conduct: (i) by a vote of a majority of the Disinterested Trustees acting on the matter (provided that a majority of the Disinterested Trustees then in office act on the matter); or (ii) by written opinion of independent legal counsel. The rights of indemnification herein provided may be insured against by policies maintained by the Trust, shall be severable, shall not affect any other rights to which any Covered Person may now or hereafter be entitled, shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be such a Covered Person and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person. Nothing contained herein shall affect any rights to indemnification to which Trust personnel other than Covered Persons may be entitled by contract or otherwise under law. Expenses of preparation and presentation of a defense to any claim, action, suit or proceeding subject to a claim for indemnification under this Section 4 shall be advanced by the Trust prior to final disposition thereof upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the recipient to repay such amount if it is ultimately determined that he is not entitled to indemnification under this Section 4, provided that either: (a) such undertaking is secured by a surety bond or some other appropriate security or the Trust shall be insured against losses arising out of any such advances; or (b) a majority of the Disinterested Trustees acting on the matter (provided that a majority of the Disinterested Trustees then in office act on the matter) or independent legal counsel in a written opinion shall determine, based upon a review of the readily available facts (as opposed to a full trial-type inquiry), that there is reason to believe that the recipient ultimately will be found entitled to indemnification. As used in this Section 4, a Disinterested Trustee is one (x) who is not an Interested Person of the Trust (including anyone, as such Disinterested Trustee, who has been exempted from being an Interested Person by any rule, regulation or order of the Commission), and (y) against whom none of such actions, suits or other proceedings or another action, suit or other proceeding on the same or similar grounds is then or has been pending. As used in this Section 4, the words claim, action, suit or proceeding shall apply to all claims, actions, suits, proceedings (civil, criminal, administrative or other, including appeals), actual or threatened; and the words liability and expenses shall include without limitation, attorneys' fees, costs, judgments, amounts paid in settlement, fines, penalties and other liabilities.

The trustees and officers of the Registrant are covered by the Mutual Fund Professional Liability policy in the aggregate amount of \$70,000,000 against liability and expenses of claims of wrongful acts arising out of their position

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with the Registrant and other Nuveen funds, except for matters that involve willful acts, bad faith, gross

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negligence and willful disregard of duty (i.e., where the insured did not act in good faith for a purpose he or she reasonably believed to be in the best interest of the Registrant or where he or she had reasonable cause to believe this conduct was unlawful). The policy has a \$2,000,000 deductible for operational failures (after the deductible is satisfied, the insurer would cover 90% of any operational failure claims and the Fund would be liable for 10% of any such claims) and \$1,000,000 deductible for all other claims.

Insofar as indemnification for liability arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), may be permitted to trustees, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that, in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a trustee, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such trustee, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

Item 16. Exhibits.

- (1)(a) Declaration of Trust of Registrant, dated December 1, 1998.⁽¹⁾
- (1)(b) Certificate of Amendment to Declaration of Trust of Registrant, dated April 9, 1999.⁽¹⁾
- (1)(c) Certificate of Amendment to Declaration of Trust of Registrant, dated November 18, 2009.⁽²⁾
- (2) By-Laws of Registrant, Amended and Restated as of November 18, 2009.⁽²⁾
- (3) Not applicable.
- (4) Form of Agreement and Plan of Reorganization is filed herewith as Appendix A to Part A of this Registration Statement.
- (5) Not applicable.
- (6)(a) Investment Management Agreement, dated November 13, 2007.⁽¹⁾
- (6)(b) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated July 31, 2008.⁽¹⁾
- (6)(c) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 28, 2009.⁽¹⁾
- (6)(d) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 26, 2010.⁽³⁾
- (6)(e) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 25, 2011, is filed herewith.
- (6)(f) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 23, 2012, is filed herewith.
- (6)(g) Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated July 29, 2013, is filed herewith.
- (6)(h) Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated December 31, 2010, is filed herewith.
- (6)(i) Notice of Continuance of Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated August 1, 2012, is filed herewith.
- (6)(j) Notice of Continuance of Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated August 1, 2013, is filed herewith.
- (8) Not applicable.
- (9)(a)

Amended and Restated Master Custodian Agreement between the Nuveen Investment Companies and State Street Bank and Trust Company, dated February 25, 2005.⁽¹⁾

(9)(b) Appendix A to Custodian Agreement, updated as of May 9, 2013, is filed herewith.

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- (10) Not applicable.
- (11) Opinion and Consent of Counsel.⁽⁴⁾
- (12)(a) Form of Opinion and Consent of Vedder Price P.C. supporting the tax matters and consequences to shareholders discussed in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.⁽⁴⁾
- (12)(b) Form of Opinion and Consent of K&L Gates LLP supporting the tax matters discussed in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.⁽⁴⁾
- (12)(c) Form of Opinion and Consent of Sidley Austin LLP supporting the tax matters discussed in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus.⁽⁴⁾
- (13)(a) Transfer Agency and Service Agreement, dated October 7, 2002.⁽¹⁾
- (13)(b) Amendment and Schedule A to Transfer Agency and Service Agreement, dated June 10, 2013 is filed herewith.
- (14) Consent of Independent Auditor is filed herewith.
- (15) Not applicable.
- (16) Powers of Attorney are filed herewith.
- (17) Form of Proxy.⁽⁴⁾

- (1) Filed on November 12, 2009 with Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-163055) and incorporated by reference herein.
- (2) Filed on December 15, 2009 with Registrant's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-163055) and incorporated by reference herein.
- (3) Filed on October 25, 2010 with Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-170120) and incorporated by reference herein.
- (4) To be filed by amendment.

Item 17. Undertakings.

- (1) The undersigned Registrant agrees that prior to any public reoffering of the securities registered through the use of a prospectus which is a part of this registration statement by any person or party who is deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of Rule 145(c) of the 1933 Act, the reoffering prospectus will contain the information called for by the applicable registration form for reofferings by persons who may be deemed underwriters, in addition to the information called for by the other items of the applicable form.
- (2) The undersigned Registrant agrees that every prospectus that is filed under paragraph (1) above will be filed as a part of an amendment to the registration statement and will not be used until the amendment is effective, and that, in determining any liability under the 1933 Act, each post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement for the securities offered therein, and the offering of the securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering of them.
- (3) The undersigned Registrant agrees that executed opinions of counsel supporting the tax matters discussed in the Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus will be filed with the SEC following the closing of the Reorganizations.

SIGNATURES

As required by the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed on behalf of the registrant, in the City of Chicago and the State of Illinois, on the 8th day of October, 2013.

NUVEEN NEW YORK DIVIDEND
ADVANTAGE MUNICIPAL FUND

By: /s/ Kevin J. McCarthy
Kevin J. McCarthy
Vice President and Secretary

As required by the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ Stephen D. Foy Stephen D. Foy	Vice President and Controller (principal financial and accounting officer)	October 8, 2013
/s/ Gifford R. Zimmerman Gifford R. Zimmerman	Chief Administrative Officer (principal executive officer)	October 8, 2013
	Chairman of the Board and Trustee)
William J. Schneider*)
	Trustee)
William Adams IV*)
	Trustee)
Robert P. Bremner*)
	Trustee	) By: /s/ Mark L. Winget
Jack B. Evans*		Mark L. Winget Attorney-in-Fact
	Trustee	) October 8, 2013
)
William C. Hunter*)
	Trustee)

David J. Kundert*

Trustee

)
)

John K. Nelson*

Trustee

)
)

Thomas S. Schreier, Jr.*

Trustee

)
)

Judith M. Stockdale*

Trustee

)
)

Carole E. Stone*

Trustee

)
)

Virginia L. Stringer*

Trustee

)
)

Terence J. Toth*

* An original power of attorney authorizing, among others, Mark L. Winget, Kevin J. McCarthy and Gifford R. Zimmerman, to execute this registration statement, and amendments thereto, for each of the trustees of the Registrant on whose behalf this registration statement is filed, has been executed and is filed herewith as Exhibit 16.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Name of Exhibit
6(e)	Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 25, 2011.
6(f)	Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated May 23, 2012.
6(g)	Renewal of Investment Management Agreement, dated July 29, 2013.
6(h)	Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated December 31, 2010.
6(i)	Notice of Continuance of Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated August 1, 2012.
6(j)	Notice of Continuance of Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, dated August 1, 2013.
9(b)	Appendix A to Custodian Agreement updated as of May 9, 2013.
13(b)	Amendment and Schedule A to Transfer Agency and Service Agreement, dated June 10, 2013.
14	Consent of Independent Auditor.
16	Powers of Attorney.