VISIJET INC Form 10QSB August 15, 2003

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[X] Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003

VisiJet, Inc.
(formerly Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp.)
(Exact name of the Company as specified in its charter)

Delaware 0-256111 33-0838660 (State of Incorporation) (Commission (IRS Employer File Number) Identification No.)

192 Technology Drive, Suite Q Irvine, California 92618 (Address of principal executive offices)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: 949-450-1660

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common stock, \$.001 par value (Title of class)

As of August 11, 2003 there were 20,537,745 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Balance Sheet at June 30, 2003

Statements of Operations for the Three Months and Six Months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 and the period February 2, 1996 (inception) to June 30, 2003

Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 and the period February 2, 1996 (inception) to June 30, 2003

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Visijet, Inc.  (formerly Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp.)  (A development stage company)  Balance Sheet  June 30, 2003  (Unaudited)	
ASSETS	
Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents  Prepaid expenses	\$ 80,590 51,821
Total current assets	132,411
Property and equipment, net	104,882
Total assets	\$ 237,293 =======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S DEFICIT	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable Compensation settlement agreement - current portion Accrued interest Accrued expenses Royalty payable (see note 4) Notes payable to related parties (see note 4) Notes payable - current portion (see note 4)	\$ 171,461 135,418 50,448 130,469 90,000 570,790 79,237
Total current liabilities	1,227,823
Compensation settlement agreement, net of current portion Notes payable to related parties, net of current portion (see note 4) Notes payable, net of current portion	56,246 131,891 2,000
Total liabilities	1,417,960

Shareholders' deficit:

Common stock, 50,000,000 shares authorized, \$.001 par value, 20,075,245 shares issued and outstanding

20,075

Additional paid in capital Deficit accumulated during development stage	6,347,036 (7,547,778)
Shareholders' deficit	(1,180,667)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	\$ 237,293

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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Visijet, Inc.
(formerly Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp.)
(A development stage company)
Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

		Three months Three mended ended		ended	ended		:
	June	e 30 <b>,</b> 2003	June	e 30, 2002	June 30	, 2003	J
Interest income	\$	361	\$		\$	455 	
Operating expenses:							
General and administrative expenses Research & development expenses				177,700 175,644			
Total operating expenses		885 <b>,</b> 338	353,344		1,692,053		
Loss from operations		(884,977)		(353,344)	(1,6	91,598)	
Other expense:    Interest expense    Loss on judgment    Loss on disposal of assets		(17,037)		(22,944)	(	39,114)	
Total other expense				(22,944)			
Loss before provision for taxes Provision for Income taxes		(902,014)		(376,288)	(1,7	30,711)	
Net loss				(376,288)			
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted							
Basic and diluted weighted average	1	9,533,294	:	15,429,485	19,5	33,294	

number of common shares outstanding

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statement

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# Visijet, Inc. (formerly Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp.) (A development stage company) Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30, 2003	Six months ended June 30, 200
Cash flows from operating activities  Net loss Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net	\$(1,730,711)	\$ (536,050
cash used by operating activities: Depreciation Interest converted to equity	7,995 33,997	14,431
Loss from disposal of fixed assets Common stock issued for finders fees Changes in assets and liabilities:	75 <b>,</b> 000	9,813  
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and other accrued expenses Income taxes payable	(41,436) (85,910) 	 (6,869 
Notes payable Compensation settlement agreement Royalties payable	78,000 (56,336) 30,000	 (88,024 
Accrued judgment Accrued interest	39 <b>,</b> 114	The state of the s
Net cash used by operating activities		(713 <b>,</b> 364
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of property and equipment	(67,104)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(67,104)	
Cash flows from financing activities Advance from related party Repayment of advances from related parties Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net Proceeds from issuance and conversion of preferred stock, net	128,009 (71,988) 1,741,000	491 <b>,</b> 944 
Net cash provided by financing activities		748,290
Net increase in cash		34,926
Cash, beginning of period	960	
Cash, end of period	\$ 80,590	\$ 34,926

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Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information

Conversion of Debt to Equity

Conversion of Series A preferred stock to common stock

Conversion of Series B preferred stock to common stock

Conversion of accrued interest on debt to equity

Fair value of net liabilities assumed at date of reverse merger

189,458

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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VisiJet, Inc.
(A development stage company)
(formerly Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp.)
Notes to financial statements

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

#### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements that are based on our beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to us. When used in this report, the words "believe," "plan," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intends," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of those risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, or projected. We caution potential investors not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, all of which speak only as of the date made.

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements are unaudited and do not include certain information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments considered necessary to present fairly VisiJet, Inc.'s ("the Company") financial position and results of operations, have been included. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2003. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of trends or of results for a full year.

#### BACKGROUND

VisiJet, Inc. develops and markets surgical devices for the field of ophthalmology. Its initial products are based on the application of waterjet technology to LASIK and cataract surgery. Potential customers include physicians, surgical centers and hospitals.

VisiJet's predecessor ("Old VisiJet") was incorporated on February 2, 1996, to develop and distribute medical products.

In 1998, Old VisiJet, then a wholly owned subsidiary of SurgiJet, Inc. was spun off from SurgiJet, Inc. and SurgiJet, Inc. distributed the shares of Old Visijet common stock to its shareholders. Upon the completion of this distribution, SurgiJet, Inc. had no further ownership interest in Old Visijet.

Certain operating assets and liabilities were assumed by Old Visijet in connection with this spin-off.

In December 2002 Old VisiJet entered into a merger agreement with Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation that had been incorporated as a blank check company in 1997. The agreement called for the merger of the two companies into a single company through the merger of an acquisition

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subsidiary, VisiJet Acquisition Corporation, into Old VisiJet. The merger was consummated on February 11, 2003, and immediately thereafter, Old VisiJet was merged into Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp., and the surviving company's name was changed to "VisiJet, Inc."

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, 8,600,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock were issued to the shareholders of Old Visijet. Also, 3,528,481 shares of Common Stock, and warrants to purchase an additional 4,528,481 shares of Common Stock, were issued to certain investors for cash concurrently with the consummation of the merger. Since this transaction resulted in the shareholders of Old VisiJet acquiring a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company, for financial reporting purposes the business combination was accounted for as a reverse acquisition (i.e. a recapitalization in which Old VisiJet is treated as the acquiror for financial accounting purposes). As a result of the merger, the Company is continuing the business of Old Visijet. Reference is made to the Company's Report on Form 8-K dated February 11, 2003, as amended on April 23, 2003, and the Exhibits thereto.

The amounts reflected in the statement of operations and statement of cash flows for the period ended June 30, 2003 have been restated to account for the merger transactions between Ponte Nossa and VisiJet, Inc. that occurred on February 11, 2003, as a reverse acquisition. The restated amounts, accounting for the transaction as a reverse merger, reflect the operations and cash flows of Old VisiJet and those of Ponte Nossa as if the acquisition had occurred during the first business day of the operating period reported.

# GOING CONCERN

The Company has incurred net operating losses since inception, has generated no revenue, and has working capital and shareholders' equity deficits. The Company is likely to incur substantial operating losses as it continues its research and development efforts until such time, if ever, as product sales, royalties, license and other fees can generate sufficient revenue to fund its continuing operations. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on obtaining additional capital and financing until it is operating at a profitable level. The Company intends to seek additional capital through debt or equity offerings. There can be no assurance that any of these fundings will be consummated in the necessary time frames needed for continuing operations on terms favorable to the Company. If adequate funds are not available in the future, the Company will be required to significantly curtail its operating plans. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

# NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred. Certain corporate overhead expenses, such as professional fees, salaries, rent and travel are allocated to research and development based on estimates made by management.

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#### DEPRECIATION

Depreciation of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to five years.

#### USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and notes payable. The Company believes the fair value of financial instruments approximate book value as of June 30, 2003.

#### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2002, FASB issued SFAS No. 148 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148"). SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123") to require prominent disclosures in both interim and annual financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. SFAS 148 also amends SFAS 123 to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. The Company will commence quarterly footnote disclosure of the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation beginning at such time that a plan for such compensation is implemented. As the Company has decided not to voluntarily adopt the SFAS 123 fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation, the new transition alternatives of SFAS 148 will not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

# NOTE 3 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

At June 30, 2003, property and equipment consist of:

Computer and test equipment	\$	47,651
Furniture and fixtures		48,744
Trade show equipment		47,002
Assets under construction		6,938
		150,335
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(45,453)
	\$	104,882
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\$7,995 and amounted to \$213,316 between inception and June 30, 2003. Assets under construction are comprised of tooling equipment for Hydrokeratome production.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE

OTHER

Three individuals who performed services for the Company accepted promissory notes for those services. As of June 30, 2003, the aggregate principal amount outstanding for these notes was \$79,237\$ net of long term portion of \$2,000. Accrued interest on these notes totaled \$1,463\$ at June 30, 2003.

# ROYALTY PAYABLE

During October 1998, the Company entered into certain Trademark, Technology and Patent License Agreements with SurgiJet, Inc. for the exclusive rights to pursue development, regulatory approval, and manufacture of waterjet technologies in the ocular filed. These agreements require minimum payments of \$60,000 and royalties earned on Net Sales as follows: 7% of the Net Sales until such time as cumulative Net Sales have equaled \$400 million over the term of this Agreement and 5% of Net Sales thereafter, all for such period of time equal to the duration of the license contemplated under this Agreement. All Running Royalties shall be paid by the Company on or before 45 days after March 31st, June 30th, September 30th and December 31st of each calendar.

The Company incurred \$60,000 in royalty expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 and has accrued \$30,000 as of June 30, 2003.

### SHAREHOLDERS

During 2002, Old Visijet entered into a promissory note with Lance Doherty, a shareholder of Old Visijet, for a principal sum of \$19,000, plus interest to accrue at a rate of 10% per annum. Total accrued interest on the note is \$2,807 at June 30, 2003. Pursuant to the merger agreement, the loan is due and payable upon successful completion of an independent audit of Old Visijet's 2002 financial statements, verifying the amount due. The actual amount due to Mr. Doherty is currently the subject of negotiation with the involved parties.

# FINANCIAL ENTREPRENEURS, INC. ("FEI")

Pursuant to an agreement entered into in connection with the merger, the Company entered into a note agreement with FEI, a significant shareholder of the Company. The note is due on demand and bears no interest. The total amount due at December 31, 2002 was \$345,000. At the time of the merger, FEI converted the promissory note held by it into 378,997 shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of \$1.00 per share. There was no beneficial conversion feature on this note.

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FEI also funded certain expenditures of the Company during the acquisition period. The Company entered into a promissory note agreement with FEI on April 14, 2002 for such loan amounts, bearing an interest rate of 7.5% per annum. During the first quarter of 2003, additional funding of \$5,290 was received, offset by a payment of \$13,450. As of June 30, 2003, the aggregate loan amount was \$193,163 and accrued interest was \$19,393.

SURGIJET, INC.

On October 23, 1998, Old Visijet issued a demand promissory note in the amount of \$400,000 in favor of SurgiJet, Inc., a company then related through common shareholders. A replacement note was executed on February 11, 2003 to establish payment requirements and to increase the interest rate to 10% per annum. Under the new note, the first payment, in the amount of \$30,000 was payable on February 11, 2003, the date of merger with the Company. Thereafter, the note is payable in equal monthly installments of \$15,000, including interest on the first of each month until paid in full. At June 30, 2003 the principal on this note was \$355,000 as a result of payments made as described above. Interest accrues on the unpaid principal at a variable interest rate based on the prime rate. At June 30, 2003, accrued interest on the note was \$6,314.

The validity of the underlying note, as well as the replacement note, is disputed by VisiJet, which has commenced negotiations with SurgiJet, Inc. on the disposition of the matter.

DENTAJET, INC.

During 2002, Old Visijet entered into a promissory note for a principal sum of \$91,000, plus interest at the rate of 10% per annum with DentaJet Inc., a Nevada corporation ("DentaJet"), then related through common shareholders.

DentaJet continued to provide funding in 2003 and 2002 of \$2,000 and \$70,000, respectively, totaling an aggregate loan amount of \$163,000. Loan payments were made against this note in 2002 totaling \$27,482 leaving an outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2003 of \$135,518. Accrued interest on this note totaled \$16,869 at June 30, 2003. Pursuant to the merger agreement, the loan is due and payable upon successful completion of an independent audit of Old VisiJet's 2002 financial statements, verifying the amount due. The actual amount due to Dentajet is currently the subject of negotiation with the involved parties.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS

OPERATING LEASES

The Company's primary facility is leased through a property management group. Rent expense was \$36,786 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003.

On April 20, 2003, the Company expanded its facility to include an area in the proximity to the rear of the building, increasing the leased area to approximately 5,127 square feet. The Company moved its administrative staff

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to this area, freeing up space in its existing facility to house R&D and operations. Monthly rent increased by \$2,420, for a total of \$7,600 per month. Rent amounts include common area charges.

On May 12, 2003 the Company entered into a 5 year lease agreement for a copy machine with monthly payments of \$264.

NOTE 6 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

On February 11, 2003, as a result of the merger with Old Visijet, 12,128,481 shares of the Company's common stock were issued in exchange for all the shares of Old Visijet's common stock, including shares of Series A and B Preferred Stock that were converted into common stock immediately prior to the

merger. In addition, warrants to purchase an additional 4,528,481 shares of common stock were issued to certain investors concurrently with the consummation of the merger.

Pursuant to an agreement entered into in connection with the merger, FEI converted a promissory note held by it into 378,997 shares of common stock at a conversion rate of \$1.00 per share. Also, FEI agreed to cancel 7,957,000 shares of the Company's common stock owned by it, and the Company issued FEI a five year warrant to purchase 1,500,000 shares of common stock at an initial exercise price of \$5.00 per share, with the exercise price increasing by \$.50 per share each year. Also, pursuant to the same agreement, the Company issued to Laurence M. Schreiber, its Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Operating Officer, a five-year warrant to purchase 25,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share, and issued to Thomas F. DiMele, its former President, a five year warrant to purchase 25,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share.

In connection with the merger, 236,000 shares of common stock were issued to an individual in lieu of payment of a finder's fee.

In February 2003, the Company issued 211,267 shares of common stock to Randal A. Bailey, its President and Chief Executive Officer, and Larry L. Hood, its Chief Engineer, in satisfaction of unpaid salary. See Note 7 below for further details.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2003, and prior to the merger, the Company completed private placement offerings with several investors netting \$270,000 for 270,000 shares of common stock and five year warrants to purchase 270,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share. Post-merger, private placements by the Company raised \$1,016,000 net of offering expenses and the investors received 2,104,511 shares of common stock and five year warrants to purchase 2,104,511 shares of common stock at varying prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$3.25 per share depending upon date of issuance. The number of shares issuable and the exercise price of the warrants may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in the market price of the common stock during the offering period.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2003 the Company completed private placement offerings with several investors. The private placements raised \$725,000 net of offering expenses, and the investors received 758,333 shares of common stock and five year warrants to purchase 758,333 shares of common

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stock at varying prices ranging from \$2.25 to \$3.25 per share, depending upon date of issuance. The number of shares issuable and the exercise price of the warrants may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in the market price of the common stock during the offering period.

On June 1, 2003, the Company adjusted prior private placements that were placed at rates higher than \$1.00 per share for common stock and greater than \$2.25 per warrant based on the average market price preceding those placements. This adjustment affected seven investors, resulting in an additional 182,500 shares purchased through private placements during 2003 and an additional 182,500 warrants priced at \$2.25. If this change had occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2003, the basic and diluted weighted average shares would have increased to 14,236,714 from 14,171,631 or an increase of 65,083 shares. This change in stock ownership did not materially impact the earnings per share for first quarter 2003.

For the six months ended June 30, 2003, private placements raised

\$1,741,000 net of offering expenses which included \$564,000 provided by private venture capital investors. The investors received 2,858,987 shares of common stock and five year warrants to purchase 2,858,987 shares of common stock at varying prices ranging from \$2.25 to \$2.50 per share depending upon date of issuance. The number of shares issuable and the exercise price of the warrants may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in the market price of the common stock during the offering period.

#### NOTE 7 - COMPENSATION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS

On November 4, 2002, Old Visijet entered into agreements with Randal A. Bailey, its President and Chief Executive Officer, and Larry Hood, its Director of Engineering, to pay for consulting services previously rendered by them. The total amount due related to these agreements at November 4, 2002 was \$700,000, and is to be paid as follows: \$250,000 is payable over one to two years in installments, at a 3.5% annual interest rate, and the remaining \$450,000 was converted into 211,267 shares of common stock of the Company, effective on the date of the merger. At June 30, 2003, the balance on these notes was \$191,664, including \$3,602 of accrued interest. A portion of these notes, \$56,246, is classified as long-term debt.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

VisiJet, Inc., formerly known as Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp. (the "Company" or "VisiJet"), is a Delaware corporation originally incorporated as a blank check company on April 21, 1997. It is the result of a merger with VisiJet, Inc., a California corporation ("Old VisiJet"), which was consummated in 2003. Immediately following the merger, Old VisiJet was merged into Ponte Nossa Acquisition Corp., and the surviving company's name was changed to "VisiJet, Inc.". The Company resumed regular operations after the merger.

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

The Company had no sales revenues to report for the quarters ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. The net loss for the second quarter of 2003 was \$902,014, compared to \$376,288 in the second quarter of 2002. The significantly larger

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loss in 2003 resulted principally from higher than expected legal and consulting expenses incurred in completing the merger, increased general and administrative expense and salaries, and research and development expenses as the Company moved to commercialize its products following the merger.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$671,065 in the second quarter of 2003 from \$177,700 in the second quarter of 2002. The increase is due principally to administrative and salary expenses, legal and accounting fees, and other costs associated with the acquisition and merger with Old VisiJet.

Research and development expenses totaled \$214,272 in the second quarter of 2003, compared to \$175,644 in the second quarter of 2002. The increase is primarily due to additional research and development activity that had been deferred for lack of funding, but has resumed with the funding available immediately after the merger and associated financing.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

The Company had no sales revenues to report for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. The net loss for the first half of 2003 was \$1,730,711, compared to \$536,050 in the first half of 2002. The significantly larger loss in 2003 resulted principally from increased general and administrative and salary

expenses associated with operating the Company immediately after the merger, higher legal and consulting expenses incurred in completing the merger, and increased research and development expenses as the Company moves to commercialize its products following the merger.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$1,374,272 for the six months ending June 30, 2003 from \$265,478 for the same period in 2002. The increase is due principally to administrative and salary expenses, legal and accounting fees, and costs associated with the acquisition and merger with Old VisiJet.

Research and development expenses totaled \$317,780 in the second quarter of 2003, compared to \$229,874 for the same period last year. The increase is primarily due to additional research and development activity that had been deferred for lack of funding, but has resumed with the funding available immediately after the merger and associated financing.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of June 30, 2003, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$80,590. The principal source of liquidity has been sales of securities. Management anticipates that additional capital will be required to finance the Company's operations. The Company funded its operations during the first six months of 2003 through a series of private placements, which raised \$1,447,000, net of offering expenses. Additional funding was provided by private venture capital investors of \$564,000 completing their initial round of financing of \$1,125,000.

The Company funded its operations during the second quarter of 2003 through a series of private placements, raising \$725,000, net of offering expenses.

The Company believes that available proceeds from private placements, plus possible cash flow from the sale of products later in the year, will be

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sufficient to finance the Company's operations. However, the Company has no other commitments for financing, and there can be no assurance that such financing will be available or that the Company will not encounter unforeseen difficulties that may deplete its capital resources more rapidly than anticipated. Also, the Company may not be able to generate revenues from operations during the next quarter.

As of June 30, 2003, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$7,547,778. It can be expected that the future operating results will continue to be subject to many of the problems, expenses, delays and risks inherent in the establishment of a developmental business enterprise, many of which the Company cannot control.

# PLAN OF OPERATION

The Company plans to continue in the development and marketing of ophthalmic surgery products based on applications of the waterjet technology, designed to result in faster, safer and more efficacious surgery in the two largest surgical markets in the world, laser eye surgery and cataract surgery.

Over the next two years, the Company plans to conduct the following product research and development activities:

# 1). HydroKeratome

 a corneal cutting device that produces a bladeless flap cut for the LASIK procedure resulting in a safer more accuratecut.

#### 2). Pulsatome

- an emulsification device for the quick and safe removal of a full range of cataract hardnesses, with a lower cost per procedure and requiring minimal technical expertise.

#### 3). HydroRefractor

- a potential replacement for the excimer laser, to produce lamellar flaps and "power cuts" for vision correction using waterjet technology.
- 4). Continuing patent development and research on other companies that offer complements and extensions of ophthalmic surgery product line.

#### CAUTIONARY FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

#### Additional Financing

The Company will require additional financing to achieve growth in operations. The company is in the process of seeking additional capital through the private placement of common stock to accredited investors. The purpose of the offering is to fund continuing research and development, purchase new equipment, and provide working capital.

#### Technological Change

If the Company fails to keep pace with technological advances in our industry or if we pursue technologies that do not become commercially

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acceptable, it could result in the need to change the focus of our research and development and product strategies and could disrupt our business.

# Item 3. Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-14(c) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), within 90 days of the filing date of this report. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and the Principal Accounting Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports under the Exchange Act are processed and reported within the time periods specified by law. The design of any such system of controls is based in part on assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any such system of controls will succeed in all circumstances.

Other than as described above, there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On February 5, 2003, an action was filed against the Company by an individual claiming entitlement to a finder's fee arising out of the merger between the Company and Old Visijet. The complaint alleges that the plaintiff is entitled to 105,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company denies the material allegations of the complaint and plans to vigorously contest the action.

On May 13, 2003, the Company was named as a defendant in a breach of contract claim from an outside consultant for accounting services performed for the Company through February 2003 totaling \$43,500 plus interest. The Company denies the allegations of the complaint and plans to vigorously contest the action.

# Item 2. Changes in Securities

During the three months ended June 30, 2003 the Company completed private placement offerings with several investors. The private placements raised \$725,000, net of offering expenses, and the investors received 758,333 shares of common stock and five year warrants to purchase 758,333 shares of common stock at varying prices ranging from \$2.25 to \$3.25 per share, depending upon date of issuance. The number of shares issuable and the exercise price of the warrants may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in the market price of the common stock during the offering period.

On June 1, 2003, the Company adjusted prior private placements that were completed at rates higher than \$1.00 per share for Common Stock, and greater than \$2.25 per warrant, based on the average market price preceding those placements. This adjustment affected seven investors, causing the issuance of an additional 182,500 shares purchased through private placements during 2003

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and an additional 182,500 warrants priced at \$2.25. If this change had occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2003, the basic and diluted weighted average shares would have increased to 14,236,714 from 14,171,631 or an increase of 65,083 shares. This change in stock ownership did not materially impact the earnings per share for first quarter 2003.

The Company believes all of the issuances were exempt from the registration provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, by reason of section 4(2) thereof and Regulation D thereunder.

### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

# Exhibits

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant
- 10.2 Amendment to Patent License Agreement, dated November 6, 2002
- 10.4 Amendment to Technology License Agreement, dated November 6,
- 10.6 Amendment to Trademark License Agreement, dated November 6, 2002
- 31.1 Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302

of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- 31.2 Certificate of Treasurer (principal financial officer) pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certificate of Treasurer (principal financial officer) pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K
  - (i) Amendment No. 1 to Report on Form 8-K dated February 11, 2003, filed on April 28, 2003.

#### Signatures

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VisiJet, Inc.,
a Delaware corporation

By: /s/ Laurence Schreiber

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Laurence Schreiber, Secretary, Treasurer, Chief Operating Officer

Date: August 14 , 2003